

W. H. FINAL ARRESTED ON CHARGE OF SEDITION

WAR RELIEF BOARD DISCUSSES METHODS FOR DELINQUENTS

Chamber of Commerce Luncheon Thrown Open for
Discussion of Subject.— History of Measure
is Fully Reviewed

CITIZENS HEAVILY SCORE THOSE WHO REFUSE TO PAY UP ARREARS LIST TO BE PUBLISHED

At the Business Men's Luncheon Monday, Chairman George J. Nicholson of the War Relief board announced that the firm of Goodwillie Brothers had refused to contribute the twenty-five per cent which all industries in the county had been asked to pay and who, with the exception of the above mentioned firm, had been paying since the fund was started. He reviewed the case from the beginning and showed that every effort had been made to bring this firm into line. He told that the local manager, R. W. Goodwillie had been active in the formation of the plan and had suggested improvements at its inception, but later the members of the firm had refused to abide by the board and by the example of the other firms of the county.

Mr. Nicholson said that inasmuch as the War Board had been appointed by the business men at a former luncheon the members of the board felt that at a crisis of this kind the organization should receive further advice and instruction. Information was desired as to whether the board should abandon or continue its efforts to get the Goodwillies in line.

He continued that an offer of settlement had been made of \$300 but that in justice to the other firms who were paying one hundred cents on the dollar the board did not feel justified in settling with those people for fifty cents on the dollar.

Major Gero at the request of the chairman read the correspondence subject to this matter between the board and the manager and members of this firm in which the Goodwillies appeared to have shown a disposition to dodge the issue. It appeared that the board had used every effort to obtain a peaceable settlement even going so far as to publish an apology for some real or imaginary aspersions made concerning the patriotism of the firm, that the wording of the apology had been objected to on account of its phrasing and that the board had then invited the Goodwillies to write their own apology which they had failed to do.

The chairman then briefly reviewed the situation and showed the admirable method of collecting funds for war relief. That \$20,000 had already been raised without effort or privation and that the success of failure of the whole plan was now trembling in the balance. He asked for open discussion and requested Mr. Goodwillie to speak in defense of his firm.

Goodwillie replied: "It is none of your business where I have my money," and asked "What are you going to do about it?" He said that the members of his firm were doing their war relief work in Chicago and refused to be dictated to in matters of this kind. He further intimated that his firm was not compelled to do business in Manistique and that further action on the part of the board might result in the removal of the plant.

C. C. Bingham of the Charcoal Iron Co., who was present at the meeting, was asked to make a statement regarding the attitude of his company in the matter of war relief. He stated that he considered the plan entirely equitable and just; that his company was carrying on eight different operations and that at some of them the company's quota was 100 per cent of what the employees paid instead of 25 per cent as asked for in Manistique. He added that in addition to this, the stockholders of his company had voted to base the contributions to the Red Cross and other charitable organizations on a percentage of bank deposits. Their Detroit donations last year had amounted to \$32,000 and would probably exceed \$50,000 this year. He concluded by saying that the policy of his company was to encourage and aid all local patriotic efforts for the prosecution of the war.

C. W. Dunton reminded the Goodwillies that since they made their money here, there was an evident obligation to support the local movement. Bruce Odell was very much of the opinion that the Goodwillies should pay their share and reminded the meeting that the member of this firm were noted for their tendency to array themselves on the wrong side of public questions.

A. S. Putnam characterized the Goodwillie attitude as one of "The Public Be Damned" and stated that in his mind there was no doubt that the community as a whole strongly condemned the refusal of this firm to pay a fair share of its expenses of the war at the local plant.

Rev. Leach asserted that if the manufacturers and wealthy men of the community were to be exempted from the payment of such debts, the common man should not be compelled to pay without recourse or protest. In times like these, personal matters should be forgotten and the winning of the war become the only issue. He was of the opinion that the will of the majority should be binding.

WILL GO TO GREAT LAKES

Allen Burch has returned to Manistique to visit friends and relatives, while awaiting his call to the colors. Mr. Burch was formerly an accountant with the Consolidated Lumber Co. He resigned his position some months ago in order to accept the position of cost accountant with the Searns Sals & Lumber Co. He has many friends who wish him the best of fortune in his new work for Uncle Sam. He expects to be called to the Great Lakes training camp next week.

GARDEN CLUB PICNIC WILL BE HELD AUG. 21

Many Interesting Features in Sports and Games—Full Attendance of Members Requested.

The Garden Club picnic is to be held Wednesday, Aug. 21. If your leader has not been able to see you to tell you about the picnic, go to see her and she will tell you what you are to do and what you are to bring. Automobiles will be at three places and you are to go to the nearest place designated: Swedish Lutheran church, Central school, Middlebrook's store.

Cars are to start at 9 a. m. and return at 4:30. There will be all sorts of games for you to enter. Potato races, sack races, running races, jumping races, etc. Also many new games for girls.

Mothers need not be afraid to permit their children to attend for there will be a large number of leaders present to look after the children.

Whether you have kept up your garden work or not, this year you may come to the picnic, for we want you all to have a good play time.

Following is a list of games to count in the contest: Volley ball—All clubs competing. 100-yard dash for boys under 12 years.

100-yard dash for boys over 12. 100-yard dash for girls under 12. 100-yard dash for girls over 12. Club scratch.

Standing broad jump for boys under 12. Standing broad jump for girls under 12. Standing broad jump for girls over 12.

Throwing basketball for distance. All up relay. Chariot relay. Potato race.

Each club is to have an opportunity to enter an equal number of contestants for the prizes and the club winning the greatest number of points is to receive a first prize banner, the one winning the net place is to get the second prize banner.

G. DECKWITH
Emergency Garden Club Supervisor.

COUNCIL PROCEEDING

Manistique, Aug. 12, 1918. A regular meeting of the City Council of the City of Manistique was held in the council chambers of said city on above date, Mayor Middlebrook presiding, and the following aldermen being present: Ald. Stroom, Anderson, Lundstrom, Gage, Cookson, Neveaux and Erickson. Absent, Ald. McCaulley.

Minutes of last meeting read and approved.

Petition signed by Charles Gould, Joe Bendschattel, Lois Floria and Oliver Hart for permit to construct cement sidewalk on the North side of Elm street, between Maple avenue and Cedar street.

Motion of Ald. Neveaux, seconded by Ald. Lundstrom, that the petition be granted and that the White Marble Lime Co. be ordered to build of cement, sidewalk adjoining part of Lot 3, Section 12-41 16 on the North side of Elm street being on the corner of Maple avenue and Elk street. Motion carried.

Petition of Fridolf Danielsen to construct cement sidewalk on Terrace avenue, Terrace Addition, was on motion of Ald. Erickson, seconded by Ald. Lundstrom, granted.

Application and Bond of Fred Ekberg with N. S. Johnson and Charles Ekberg as sureties was upon motion of Ald. Neveaux, seconded by Ald. Neveaux, approved.

The Arbitration Board in the case of Jennie Arneson vs. the City of Manistique for compensations submitted their report and found that the said Jennie Arneson was not entitled to compensation on account of her father, Ole Arneson was an officer and not an employee. Upon motion seconded and carried, the report was accepted and ordered placed on file.

John Haggblom petitioned for permit to construct curbing in front of his residence property on Arbutus avenue, the same was upon motion of Ald. Erickson, seconded by Ald. Stroom, referred to the Street Committee.

The following places were upon motion, seconded and carried, designated as polling places for the Primary Election to be held in the City of Manistique on Tuesday, the 27th day of August A. D. 1918:

First Ward—Ward's raintshop on Mackinac avenue.
Second Ward—Langlois Building on Deer street.
Third Ward—K. P. Hall on Cedar street.

Fourth Ward—Park Hotel on Arbutus avenue.

The following electors were upon motion, seconded and carried, appointed as election inspectors for their respective wards for the Primary Election to be held on Tuesday, the 27th day of August A. D. 1918:

First Ward—George Benson, Sr.
Second Ward—W. T. S. Cornell.
Third Ward—Clayton Allen.
Fourth Ward—Charles Adkins.
Mrs. Nettie Thorborg was upon

FAIR MEMBERSHIPS REQUESTED

Mrs. C. W. Dunton, chairman of the Schoolcraft County Fair association membership committee, is endeavoring to effect the sale of memberships by personal letters through the mails. She is communicating with nearly every farmer in the county, reminding him of the patriotic duty he owes in increasing the effectiveness of the county fair at this time. The committee earnestly request the careful attention of the farmers to this matter.

FORMER FACULTY MEMBERS IN FRANCE

Roberts, McNaughton, Brown and Krammin Are Now Reported on French Soil.

Word has been received that Clyde M. Roberts, former instructor of manual training in the local schools, had arrived safely overseas. Mr. Roberts is in the Three Hundred and Tenth Engineers and writes that three other men who taught here last year, Floyd D. McNaughton, Dale Brown and J. J. Krammin are also in the grounds, although they entered the service at widely different dates.

FAIR GROUNDS ARE BEING IMPROVED

Work of Grading and Filling Pushed Energetically—Grounds Will Present Attractive Appearance.

Edward Kaye, secretary of the Schoolcraft County Fair association, is making great improvements at the fair grounds. Excavations that interfere with the view of the track from the grandstand are being removed and the soil used to fill hollows and depressions elsewhere on the grounds. Extra buildings will be erected and other changes made. The Fair association is using every effort to make the local fair the best of the circuit and to get the organization on a paying basis. Every effort should be made by the citizens of the county to cooperate in this respect as a successful county fair is the best index of the material prosperity and progressiveness of any community.

WEIGHING OF BABIES NEARLY COMPLETED

Present Week Practically All Babies in County Will Be Weighed and Measured.

The babies of Riverdale are being weighed and measured this week, and it is estimated that one more week will complete the work in this city.

Miss Jennie Williams, who is also in charge of the canning clubs and like activities, kindly offered to supervise the work throughout the county, and Mrs. Wm. B. Thomas of the Farm Bureau generously allowed the Child Welfare committee two weeks of her time. So this month will see the work entirely finished in Schoolcraft.

Finished? No, the real work is only begun for the purpose of the government in asking the women to undertake this task were twofold:

1. To procure an estimate of the percentage of its citizens now under school age who might, with some degree of accuracy, be counted on as effective at the time of their majority.

2. To assure a higher percentage of effective (either civilian or soldier) for the future demands than the last draft has indicated is now available.

The draft has been an eye opener to the nation. So many of the men called were not available as soldiers, because of some defect which might easily have been remedied in their childhood. So many of them were suffering from the results of poor living conditions, bad air, or improper food in their youth. They were neither material for most effective civilians, nor for good soldiers, very many of them.

This condition of affairs the government is today trying to remedy. The first step is the weighing and measuring and examining of every child in the country. (The schools take care of those over 5 years of age.) The second step is to offer help to the mothers whereby they may improve the condition of their children wherever necessary.

This opportunity is offered to the mothers in this county at the Baby Clinic held every Friday afternoon at the Court House, when mothers may ask questions and receive advice in regard to their children.

A prize of \$5 is being offered to the baby which improves most up to Fair time.

DEPUTY U. S. MARSHAL MAKES ARREST PRISONER TAKEN TO MARQUETTE

Accused of Discouraging Enlistments in Army and of Disseminating Russelite Propaganda— Denies Guilt but Evidence Seems Conclusive

WORK OF LOCAL BRANCH OF THE AMERICAN PROTECTIVE LEAGUE COUNTY AND CITY OFFICIALS AID

Warren H. Final of N. Fifth street, this city, was taken into custody charged with violating the Espionage law, at 7 o'clock last night.

The arrest was made by a United States deputy marshal who arrived from Marquette at 6:30 and left with his prisoner on the 9:00 train. He was met by the agent of the department of justice, Prosecutor Johnson and Sheriff Orr, who were present when the arrest was made.

The arrest was the result of investigations conducted by the local branch of American Protective league which gathered the evidence necessary to bring an official from the Department of Justice at Grand Rapids. This agent, with the assistance of Prosecutor G. S. Johnson and other members of the league, secured further testimony which resulted in Final's arrest.

Final took the arrest quietly and professed entire innocence of any attempt to spread the Russelite propaganda. A large amount of this literature was found, however, in his possession and taken by the marshal.

Final is a resident of the United States and of American parentage. He has lived for a number of years at Lansing, but has been a convert of the Russelites for only three years. His sight is very defective and walks with a cane. A glib talker, he has the unsettled manner and expression of the fanatic and proselytic. Several weeks ago the local branch of the American Protective League conducted an investigation with a view of convicting Final of treasonable practices. It was shown by the evidence of witnesses that he was opposed to allwars—held America equally guilty with Germany in the present war and told his hearers that if they wished to evade the draft they might do so by engaging in farm work. It was shown that a number of youths who were in the habit of congregating at his home and listening to the propaganda had since shown a marked inclination to enter the service. Under the Espionage Act, Section 3, the offense of discouraging enlistments in the army or navy of the United States is a crime punishable by a term of imprisonment of from one to twenty years.

Final denied being implicated in the distribution of Russelite literature in Manistique although this literature which is under the ban of the government, was found in his possession. When asked by a Record reporter if he regretted his action he replied that he was entirely guiltless of any desire to interfere with the policy of this government in its prosecution of the war. He claimed that Germany must be beaten and that America was the chosen instrument. The prisoner became very serious during his examination at the sheriff's office and showed consternation when he was informed that he would be taken to Marquette for examination.

This examination may be waived by the prisoner but if demanded the dispositions taken here will be used as evidence and if of a strong enough character, Final will be bound over for the Federal grand jury at Grand Rapids under a charge of Sedition.

The agent of the League complimented the local officials for their active co-operation in son has been carrying on an active correspondence with the League headquarters at Grand Rapids and it is largely due to him and to the local chief that under the new law may be obtained.

Before his departure Final

DRAFT CONTINGENT TO LEAVE THIS MONTH

Thirty-five Men Will Go to Camp Custer Latter Part of Month— Many of New Draft Included.

John Forshar, secretary of the local draft board, announces that thirty-five selected men will leave this county for Camp Custer some time between the 24th and 30th of this month. This contingent will be made up of the remaining men of Class I and enough from the new registrants to make up the quota. Camp Custer is again becoming crowded, 30,000 men are now in training in Michigan's great preparatory camp. The names of the selected men and the details of their entertainment preceding departure will be published in next week's Courier-Record.

NOTICE OF PRIMARY ELECTION

Notice is hereby given that a General Primary Election will be in the city of Manistique, County of Schoolcraft and State of Michigan, on Tuesday the 27th day of August A. D. 1918, for the purpose of nominating by direct vote of all political parties pursuant to Act No. 281 of the Public Acts of 1909 as amended, candidates for the following offices (to-wit): United States Senator, Governor, Lieutenant Governor, Representative in Congress, State Senator and Representative in the State Legislature, also for nominating candidates for county offices as follows: Sheriff, County Clerk and Register of Deeds, County Treasurer, Prosecuting Attorney, Circuit Court Commissioner, County Road Commissioner, Coroners and County Surveyor.

The said primary election will be held at the following places in the various wards of the city as follows: First Ward, Ward's Paintshop on Mackinac avenue.

Second Ward, Langlois Building on Deer street.

Third Ward, K. P. Hall on Cedar street.

Fourth Ward, Park Hotel on Arbutus avenue.

The Polls at the several voting places aforesaid will be open 7 days of August A. D. 1918, as soon thereafter as may be, and will be closed at 5 o'clock in the afternoon of said day.

J. CHRISTENSEN,
City Clerk.
Dated Manistique, Aug. 13, 1918.
Aug. 15—Aug. 22.

RESTRICTIONS REMOVED FROM BEEF

To Managers of Public Eating Places.

You are hereby advised that the restrictions on the serving of beef are discontinued, but in order to safeguard the future the general policy of conservation of all meat should be encouraged and every possible step taken to eliminate waste. Very respectfully,

FEDERAL FOOD ADMINISTRATOR.

Benjamin Gero, Jr., accompanied by Mrs. Gero, Jr., Mrs. Benjamin Gero, Sr., and Mrs. Virginia Gero and brother, Paul, left on an extended auto trip last week. The party were bound for Duluth but will take in many points of interest through the Virginia country, stopping at Minneapolis and other cities.

Motion of Ald. Cookson, seconded by Ald. Lundstrom, ordered to build of cement sidewalk adjoining part of Lot seven (7) section 12-41-16.

Motion of Ald. Anderson, seconded by Ald. Stroom, that the City Officials be granted their annual vacation of ten days. Motion carried.

The matter of the construction of steps in front of the Park hotel was upon motion seconded and carried, referred to the street committee.

The following accounts being duly audited, were upon motion of Ald. Neveaux, seconded by Ald. Erickson, allowed and ordered paid:

Water and Sewer Fund.....\$ 903.54
Contingent Fund..... 836.19
Street Fund..... 2,519.39
Fire Fund..... 289.38
Police Fund..... 3,000
Park Fund..... 63.00

Total.....\$4,613.50
Upon motion seconded and carried, the council adjourned.
W. L. MIDDLEBROOK,
Mayor.
J. CHRISTENSEN,
City Clerk.

COOKS NOTES

Mrs. B. Mannerling and sister of Fort Worth, Tex., are visiting friends in this vicinity.

Mrs. J. Nogard spent Tuesday at Manistique.

Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Griffin and little son returned to their home here Monday after spending a month with relatives in Iowa.

Miss Lillian Beaudreau of Garden was the guest of Mrs. B. Robare Monday and Tuesday.

Father Savageau and Irene Truckey spent last week in Escanaba.

Mr. and Mrs. George Gray, Jr., spent last week in Detroit where George, Jr., purchased a new car.

The O'Brien family motored to Newberry Sunday, returning Monday.

Mrs. L. Thurston of Nahma and Mrs. V. Esteson of Gladstone are visiting at the Roberts home this week.

Thyra Rapin of Escanaba spent last week at the Deloria home.

Mr. McCafferty spent the week-end at his home in Escanaba.

Private Frank Choppo, who has been stationed at Camp Dewey, Tex., has been granted a 2 months' furlough to work on the farm.

Mr. and Mrs. Morley Bryce of Manistique visited at the home of John Robare on Sunday.

OUR CHURCHES
PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH
There will be no services of any kind in this church on next Sabbath. The regular Sabbath school and church picnic will be announced in next week's paper.

METHODIST-EPISCOPAL
T. H. Williamson, Pastor.
Morning Service, 10.
Sunday School, 11:15.
Evening Service, 7:30.
Thursday Prayer Meeting, 7:30.
Thompson—
Sunday School, 10:30.
Service, 3 p.
Come to Church Sunday.

ASTHMADOR AVERTS-RELIEVES HAY FEVER ASTHMA Begin Treatment NOW

Every Woman Wants Partine ANTISEPTIC POWDER FOR PERSONAL HYGIENE

Kill All Flies! THEY SPREAD DISEASE Daisy Fly Killer

PARKER'S HAIR BALM A toilet preparation of merit

WANTED MEN AND WOMEN to Learn the Barber Trade

Read to the Children. When children read a book to themselves the words do not leave the same impression upon their minds as when they hear them read aloud.

Watch Your Skin Improve. On rising and retiring gently smear the face with Cuticura Ointment.

PHTHISIS AS DEADLY AS WAR Expert Says That in Four Years it Has Killed as Many as Have Died in Battle.

The war has served effectually to disclose that during the four years of hostilities mortality from tuberculosis in the civilian population and in the armies of all the countries engaged has at least approximated the total number of soldiers killed in battle.

Queered Himself Right There. She was about to marry Mr. Moneybags, and it was a case of May and December.

Corn Flour Output. It is estimated that during the last 18 months the output of corn flour has increased 500 per cent.

A Cool Breakfast for warm weather No fussing round a hot stove if you eat POST TOASTIES

The man who jumps at conclusions is apt to meet with a surprise when he lands.

POST TOASTIES (MADE OF CORN) - Libby's

MICHIGAN BREVITIES

Hudson—The Rev. L. R. Gryce has been granted leave of absence and will enlist in the navy.

Aigonac—Dr. W. E. Bostwick, a physician here for 20 years, has been commissioned a captain in the Medical Reserve Corps.

Muskegon—Fred S. Tuxbury, local druggist, was arrested, charged with selling Jamaica ginger in violation of the state prohibition laws.

Olivet—Among the war courses to be offered by Olivet College next year will be instruction in methods of training wounded men to do useful work.

Petoskey—Vice-president Thomas R. Marshall, who with Mrs. Marshall, is spending the summer here, has gone to deliver addresses in Dayton, O., and Dixon, Ill.

Grand Rapids—Voters at the primaries here August 27 will wear tags as they leave the polls.

P.O. Huron—John Gillesby has been awarded a free ticket and expenses to the state fair as the result of his winning the highest standing in school work last year.

Manistee—John Anderson, son of Charles Anderson, Western Michigan contractor, is the first Manistee soldier to receive the coveted Croix de Guerre for bravery under fire.

Grand Rapids—The city commission will not allow Mormons to preach their doctrines on the streets of Grand Rapids nor their missionaries to visit homes here and pray with families.

Saginaw—All but three members of the city fire department have joined the American Fire Fighters' association, affiliated with the American Federation of Labor.

Muskegon—Sheriff Stauffer's force is investigating the drowning of Arnold Siedentz, aged 14 years, in Bear lake recently.

Hillsdale—The closing of contracts with Miss Mildred Reed, of Chicago university, as teacher of English and Miss Marion Struble, of Boston, as teacher of violin completes the faculty of Hillsdale college for next year.

Hillsdale—Deibert Baker and wife were bruised but not seriously hurt, when the brakes on their automobile failed to work on the steep Jonesville hill three miles from here.

Muskegon—Richard Block, alias Joseph Smith, wanted at Manitowish, Wis., on train wrecking charge, is held at the local jail.

Muskegon—S. O. Hartwell, superintendent of Muskegon schools for three years, has resigned to become head of St. Paul schools, succeeding A. H. Hartwell, former Petoskey school superintendent, who goes to Buffalo.

Ann Arbor—Wounded American soldiers in hospitals in England do not lack entertainment, according to Major Udo White, who has returned to Ann Arbor on a six months' furlough after 14 months work in establishing and directing a general military base hospital for Americans, near Liverpool.

Lansing—Michigan veterinarians have petitioned the State Board of Agriculture for the removal of Dr. R. P. Lyman, dean of veterinary medicine at the Michigan Agricultural College.

Harrisonville—Frank Barton was seriously injured, Mrs. Barton's leg was broken and face badly cut, and two others were hurt Saturday when a new Ford automobile they were driving was struck by a locomotive.

East Lansing—Barberry bushes of the high-purple-leaved variety have been pulled up by the thousands and destroyed within the past few weeks, field men of the Michigan Agricultural college report.

Ann Arbor—Three hundred picked men will arrive at the University of Michigan campus about August 15 for training as a signal corps unit.

Grand Rapids—E. L. Ewing, traffic manager of the Grand Rapids Association of Commerce, Wednesday announced the interstate commerce commission has decided the case of the Macey, Kindel and Wilmarth Furniture companies against the Pere Marquette Railway company.

Grand Rapids—The commission ruled the railway could not charge more than 33 per cent, and ordered that all sums collected in excess of 33 be returned to the shippers.

Muskegon—The Holland Home Association will open a home here soon for aged Hollanders.

Coldwater—The Rev. B. Lamont, of this place, is substituting this summer for the Rev. Dr. Graham pastor of the First Baptist church of Toronto, Ont.

Muskegon—This city will have a deficit of \$120,000 by December, officials say.

Eaton Rapids—The pedestal lighting system being installed here will be in operation Thursday, August 8, the day the community service flag is to be dedicated.

Grand Rapids—Only two slaughterhouses in Kent and Ottawa counties were found sanitary during a vigorous clean-up campaign begun by William Remus, food and drug inspector.

Standish—Albert Hagley, Jr., son of a prominent farmer near this city, was pinned between a barn and a traction engine and killed.

Lansing—Governor Sleeper has appointed John H. Flanagan, of Sandusky, as a member of the board of control of the Michigan Farm Colony for Epileptics at Wahjamega, to succeed Elmer Rice, deceased.

Holland—The deputy fire marshal, Fred Armstrong, has ordered 60 wooden buildings in the business section to be torn down within 90 days.

Hillsdale—The Hillsdale fair announces that all baked goods must conform with the rules and regulations, as issued by the national food administrator, or the same will not be received for entry.

Port Huron—A monster sturgeon, weighing 185 pounds and containing 48 1-2 pounds of caviar, was caught in the river near Sarnia.

Hillsdale—The Junior department of the Presbyterian Sunday school turned over for shipment to France 75 pairs of children's shoes donated by Hillsdale citizens.

Hillsdale—When the steering gear of his automobile went wrong, the machine turned a complete somersault and landed right side up in a ditch.

Lansing—Unless Michigan stores discontinue burning advertising lights most of the night on the nonlighting nights it is possible further restrictions on the use of lights may be ordered.

Lansing—Governor Sleeper has been advised by the United States employment service that Michigan's first quota of common labor is 12,330 men.

Bay City—Nine army men who have been doing work as chemists at the Dow plant in Midland, and who have been gassed, passed through Bay City recently on their way to the base hospital at Camp Custer.

Hillsdale—By a temporary injunction issued in circuit court, the First National bank here is restrained from the collection of an attachment for \$3,700 against the Hillsdale Hardware company.

Corunna—Stanley, 14-year-old son of L. G. Cudney, a Corunna farmer, accidentally hung himself Sunday morning.

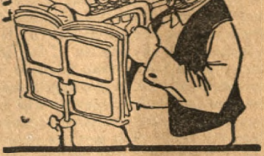
Lansing—Saloon-keepers and wholesale liquor dealers in Toledo are advising their customers not to attempt to smuggle liquor into Michigan.

Kalamazoo—Harry Freeman, secretary of the Kalamazoo Chamber of Commerce has been named city manager by the city commission.

Grand Rapids—E. L. Ewing, traffic manager of the Grand Rapids Association of Commerce, Wednesday announced the interstate commerce commission has decided the case of the Macey, Kindel and Wilmarth Furniture companies against the Pere Marquette Railway company.

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IN ANOTHER KEY



BADLY MIXED.

"And so, Mr. Pills," the elderly woman remarked to the country druggist, "poor old Joe is dead."

"Yes," replied Mr. Pills, "Joe died very early this morning. He was in the store here only last night."

"I don't mean to say, Mr. Pills," she explained hurriedly, "as how your medicine killed him, now?"

"Well, you see, ma'am, since women's rights have been established, I couldn't stand the ladies coming up to the soda fountain and winking at me."

"Patience—She's not satisfied with her new photographs at all."

"I know that, but she expected to have 'em look even younger than she says she is."



WORN OUT.

"Dinks—What was the matter with the wedding party? The bride tottered, the best man looked groggy, and one of the ushers collapsed at the door."

"Overconfidence. That optimist, however polite, should go on his way unheeded. Who says that everything's all right and hard work isn't needed."

"Too Early. 'Can you quote 'The Rhyme of the Ancient Mariner?'"

"Nursing a Luxury. 'Have you any idea of the amount of money you waste every year on tobacco?'"

"A Serious One. 'Yesterday was the turning point in Jigg'sby's career?'"

"A Danger. 'Sometimes we vainly seek to boast of service in the fray, and when we're bent on helpin' most we're gettin' in the way!'"

"Art. 'Have you ever seen an Italian sunset?'"

"The Reason. 'So the bride eloped with the groomsmen. Why do you suppose she did that?'"

"ANGER DOESN'T PAY. Anger is a weakness that many people mistake for strength."

"A HELPFUL HINT OR TWO. Those who despise common things lack common sense."

"WELL, OUTSIDE OF THAT—The way of the trenchgasser is hard. Our idea of no sort of job is that of husband to a lady cop."

It will be rather difficult to organize a secret service among the lady policemen.

The impression is growing that the Kaiser's military party is Hunsophisticated.

Opportunity is no burglar. It doesn't knock down your door and pull you out of bed.

When they make men's clothes without pockets a lot of women can get to bed early nights.

There is a bumper strawberry crop this season. We know it, because they are 38 cents a quart.

When they raise the draft age and get the old married men, there will be some real fighting.

Let it be hoped the war industries board doesn't eliminate one piece of the two-piece bathing suit.

On account of the war the street piano operators have raised the usual donation from a nickel to six cents.

Photograph disks can be used as pie plates. This is the most satisfactory use to which many of them can be put.

Needles is imperishable in the world except a love letter that a first shouldn't have written in the first place—Chicago Examiner.

SHOTS FROM THE MAGAZINE. To mediocrity genius is an offense.

Good listeners are always reputed intelligent.

Kultur develops a race with heart of bronze and cheek of brass.

The junkers are slowly waking to a realization that the resources of democracy are inexhaustible.

In democracies the orbits of business and politics never join; perhaps that is why no merchant or banker has ever become president.

While the recent German offensive did not feaze the allies it succeeded in crushing the life of the pacifist sentiment in Great Britain.

PERTINENT FACTS. United States banana supply is restricted by ship shortage.

Philadelphia must economize on ice. Didn't put up enough last winter.

More than 100 eggs have been found in the West Indian islands.

Moss plays an important part in some places of retaining the moisture in the ground and in other places in preventing sudden floods.

FROM THE BACK COUNTRY. The only difference between drinkin' at a bar an' in a cafe is that you git tired sooner standin' up.

If you are a tightwad, a half-pint o' dry coffee grounds in th' pocket will keep your money from rustin'.

If it wuzn't for an occasional homemade sign t' laugh at, some roads would be mighty hard to travel.

The hardest thing about gardenin' is t' keep from raisin' too much lettuce.—Kin Hubbard of the Indianapolis News.

Libby's Tempting veal loaf. WHAT is more tempting for a summer luncheon than Libby's savory Veal Loaf?

Help Save the Harvest. When Our Own Harvest Requirements Are Completed United States Help Badly Needed Harvest Hands Wanted

WEAK KIDNEYS MEAN A WEAK BODY. When you're fifty, your body begins to creak a little at the hinges.

Do This After You Eat. Hot Weather "Out of Fix" Stomachs Easily Put Right. When hot weather comes, stomach and bowel miseries begin.

POST TOASTIES (MADE OF CORN) - Libby's. A Cool Breakfast for warm weather No fussing round a hot stove if you eat POST TOASTIES

The Courier-Record
H. B. WILLIAMS, Editor
Published Every Thursday at
Manistique, Michigan
By
Gero Publishing Company
Incorporated

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THURSDAY, AUG. 15, 1918.

WHAT WILL YOU DO ABOUT IT?

If there is a single movement connected with the prosecution of the war upon which the citizens of Schoolcraft are unanimous in thought and action, that movement is the Hour-a-Week plan and when R. W. Goodwillie at the luncheon, Monday, refused, in the name of his firm to pay its share of the contribution and asked the meeting what they were going to do about it, an issue was raised of the gravest concern to the citizens of Schoolcraft county. While the amount of this firm's subscription will not be a vital factor in the war relief work, of the county, such an attitude is a challenge to every loyal citizen. Employees of this concern have been discharged for taking a similar stand. It has been their boast that Goodwillies were 100 per cent in war relief work but we know now that the description may be applied only to the employees, that the firm itself proposes to settle matters of loyal financial support on the basis of a Yankee horse trader. They offer fifty cents on the dollar while their cashier sees to it that the employees settle one hundred cents on the dollar.

Such a condition is intolerable. The few slackers or pro-Germans who opposed the movement in the early days of organization were overwhelmed by the weight of public opinion and have not yet succeeded in living down the stigma attached to their action. How then shall we view the course of these wealthy men who are willing to let others do their war relief work and hide behind the vague assertion that their contributions are made in other places. No matter what the obligations of the Goodwillies in Chicago or elsewhere, the fact remains that they are exploiting the resources of this county, removing hundreds of thousands of dollars worth of products yearly and should therefore recognize the priority of the claims of this section.

It has been the practice for many years to exploit this country and spend the money elsewhere. Hundreds of millions have been taken out of northern Michigan and the proceeds banked in the cities of the South and East and Manistique is today without a single memorial of the wealth she has helped to create or the fortunes she has made. She has no park, public edifice or improvement in recognition of the part she has played in the forest drama of the North. As she expands under the influence of her geographical position, it is over an expanse of treeless plain that once held the priceless treasure of the forest primeval, while the taxpayers hold the bag.

Fortunately the attitude of the Goodwillies are not reflected by the other concerns, or the county would be in a bad way indeed. We do not want any fifty per cent settlement. We can dispense with their money and still better can we get along in the community without the spirit that sets the dollar above its patriotism and then insolently demands, "What will you do about it?"

POLITICAL ISSUES

An exchange remarks upon the necessity of keeping the tariff in mind in order to avoid the flooding of the country by foreign imports after the war. There is little to be gained by a discussion of that kind at the present time. What the country will need then, what it needs now and has been needed in the past is a scientific application of the principles of protection. The principles are not to be found in the present tariff laws nor in those of the McKinley or Payne-Aldrich bill but should be the result of scientific research along the lines advocated by Roosevelt, and endorsed by Taft and accepted by Wilson.

The fallacy of free trade is apparent but the wisdom of reciprocity is not recognized at its true value. A tariff wall between this country and Canada is as much out of place as would be free and unrestricted trade with Germany wherein we exchanged copper and wool for dyes and fertilizers. A discriminatory tariff with special attention to immigration and the further protection of labor by government commissions will probably be the answer to the tariff question when that question is taken up after the war.

THE DEMAGOGUE

At the socialists' convention at Chicago this week, many of the delegates made special efforts to increase the reputation of that body for pacifism and pro-Germanism. Eugene V. Debs who has enjoyed a doubtful popularity as a national labor leader, has characterized the present war as a war of capitalists from which the laboring man can expect no benefits. Continuing, he stated that he would shed the last drop of his blood in defense of the interests of the workers of the world but not a drop in a struggle between different classes of capitalists.

There is little reason to believe that Debs and his ilk will shed their blood anywhere or for any cause unless the practice of unbridled speech results in the rupture of blood vessels. For a generation Debs has been fomenting and creating discord between capital and labor, and his chief claim to recognition from the workers of the country is that he has probably cost them more in unsuccessful and ill-advised strikes than any man in America.

It is painful to reflect that in a world crisis like the present, the parsimony and selfishness of one class of people and the rabid ignorance of the L. W. W. must alike be borne with patience and a certain amount of forbearance. So far as Debs is concerned, the department of justice is watching him closely and we would not be surprised any morning to read that his internment during the war had been decided upon. As for those gentlemen who would rather lose the war than to pay for it, we hope to see them sooner or later in a position where neither their money nor words will save them from being handled as slackers and pacifists.

THE WAR CHEST

That the war chest method of taking care of war relief work is not increasing in popularity among the higher officials of the Red Cross, is evident. We are told that the spirit of patriotism and the gospel of charity is not disseminated among the masses in a manner best calculated to engender the spirit of giving and that, therefore the system by its very efficiency loses much of its value. It will be hard to convince those who come in contact with the public during the course of the drives, that the lesson of patriotism thus inculcated, outweighs the deficit which keeps the community out of the 100 per cent class.

Luce and Schoolcraft counties are very good examples of the two systems. Both are 100 per cent in war work and have achieved wonderful results along the lines of patriotic endeavor.

In the first mentioned county, when a drive is put on and the quota announced, committees canvass the district and the shortage is made up by the public spirited citizens. When Red Cross memberships are sold, the financially able and patriotically inclined help the cause by buying memberships by dozens or by hundreds. In other words, the real patriots carry the burden for the slacker and the delinquent.

By contrast the admirable working of the Hour-a-Week plan in Schoolcraft appears at a great advantage. The fund is ample to take care of every demand made upon it at an instant's notice. Each does his full share and the slacker and the delinquent are kept constantly on record.

SUGAR SHORTAGE

What the country is doing now in the consumption of sugar may be called real conservation. Many of the local merchants have not yet received their August allotment and the shortage promises to become more acute during the coming month. Throughout the country the home canning business is suffering because of the lack of sugar. This condition was foretold months ago by the food administration and measures were advised that would fully have met the exigencies of the case but these advices were ignored or met with so feeble a response that the evil day has been merely postponed. We have now got to pay in a way that will carry its embarrassments into the coming season. The only recourse of the American housewife is to can without sugar and later make her jellies and jams from the juices of the fruits prepared in this way. Early in October the new crop will begin to move and if ordinary prudence is used we may avoid a similar experience another year.

It is gratifying to note in this connection that our boys at the front are not compelled to suffer any restrictions in the matter of sugar or other foodstuffs. The commissary is maintained in the face of threatened shortage at home and as Napoleon said, an army "marches on its stomach," our boys are ready for the long "hike" at any time.

THE SPICE OF LIFE

A CULINARY HINT—In making a sugarless gooseberry pie, it is advisable to leave out the gooseberries, too.—Kansas City Star.

OR A NURSE—Uncle Chess Nutt says it's getting to the point where when a fellow's sick he has to join the army to get a doctor.—St. Louis Republic.

MATRIMONIAL ALTERATIONS—"Agnes married a self-made man, didn't she?" "Yes, but she has compelled him to make extensive alterations."—Boston Transcript.

CONSERVATION—"I wish I had a baby brother to wheel in my go-cart, mama," said small Elsie. "My dolls are always getting broke when it tips over."—Chicago Daily News.

A VICIOUS MEASURE

Along the hateful reminders of our political past the spoils system continues to live. If there is any more suggestive symbol of the inefficiency of democracy, we do not know where it is. The system lives because the congress of the United States lets it live and congress lets it live because congressmen derive political profit from it. The psychology of it is the appeal to selfish instincts. Political support must be bought even at the price of the debauching of the public service. Every man has his price and it is not so cynical a saying as it seems when you think of politics, as the game is played even in this day of conscientious self-teaching.

On July 8 the house of representatives passed a bill providing for the taking of the census in 1920. That bill provides for the appointment of 6,000 employees without any safeguards as to their qualifications, except the say so of the director of the census, which means that, whoever the director of the census may be, in the appointment of local supervisors and enumerators he will have to follow the recommendations of the congressman concerned. When this spoils grab measure comes to the president, as it probably will, we hope that he will seize the opportunity to deliver a crushing blow to the spoils system.—Minneapolis Journal.

THE PEOPLE WILL DECIDE

The most serious consequence to Germany of a peace without victory will be the overwhelming load of debt which will paralyze her industries and grind the faces of her people for years after the war. Her financing of the war has been designedly reckless and imprudent because she reckoned on collecting the cost from her enemies, and because a war which laid no financial burden upon her people would evoke no opposition from them. As the chances of victory recede into the dim distance, the black specter of a crushing debt will haunt the mind of the German people. Once they see what an awful retribution their rulers' crimes will exact from them, what will they do? Will they continue to be the tame subjects of an autocratic regime which has led them into the very valley of the shadow of death?

The hope of the world in the future undisturbed by the lust of conquest rests in large part upon their decision; for monarchies, however much they may assert their irresponsibility to none save God alone, in the last analysis must stand or fall by the judgement of the people. The logic of history points that way, and William II, is indeed a colossal egotist if he imagines that the Nemesis of history which has stricken all pretenders to absolutism will make an exception of him.—Minneapolis Journal.

GENERAL FOCH'S LATEST

The Franco-British offensive in the Amiens sector, which has already met with so large a measure of success, appears as answer to the question whether General Foch would follow up the stroke in the one-time Soissons-Rheims salient with another attack, thus taking to himself the initiative on the whole of the great battle front.

For if the great allied counter-stroke, when the Germans had been practically brought to bay in their fifth drive, sadly upset the foe's calculations by requiring calls on their reserves for the extraction of the crown prince, the new Franco-British drive should it appear definitely settle in the negative the possibility that the Germans will again this year launch a formidable drive against the allies.

While the extent to which the German dispositions will be affected is yet to be shown, it can be, and is, assumed that again there will have to be massing of the hoarded reserves to withstand the foe in the new area of attack. The reserves already whittled down will hardly accord a nucleus for new undertakings, when the present attack has run its course.

The course of events the past two weeks have effected a much greater reversal in the positions of the two combatant forces than there was reason to hope for. The allies have definitely become "top dog" and there is now little reason for assuming that the Germans will, even measurably, be able to regain the initiative, except as they exert it in receding their lines by withdrawals. The course of events shows that General Foch now feels the security of numbers exceeding those the Germans are able to employ against him, and that his supplies of munitions are ample to warrant prodigal expenditures in projects of attack.

The Germans began the campaign of 1918 and for a time carried it on with a high hand. The allies promise to finish it gloriously, and, in its closing week to have the Teuton foe for using agile footwork in an effort to avoid a knockout.—Mining Journal.

THE PIKER.

Now since we've joined the army
Do you think you're doing right
When you treat the slacker better,
Than the man who has to fight,
If he won't defend his country
He is hardly worth a d—
And nothing but a nuisance
In the eyes of Uncle Sam.

From eighteen years to forty
He's supposed to volunteer,
And buckle on his armor
With but little sign of fear.
But you'll find him chasing dollars
Playing games and at the dance,
For he'd rather go to h—l
Than take a trip to France.

We're not disposed to grumble
But we think it's mighty queer,
That the soldier drinks the water
While the slacker drinks the beer.
We must always be in quarters
Rather early in the night,
And show up in the morning
With our faces clean and bright.

But the slacker is the piker
And with no one else to please,
Save the one and forty pounder
That he arms around with ease.
He is all for gain and pleasure
For his country takes no chance,
But he ought to go to blazes
If he doesn't go to France.

PROMOTION

Promotion comes to him who sticks
Unto his work and never kicks,
Who watches neither clock nor gun
To tell him when his task is done;
Who toils not by a stated chart
Defining to a jot his part,
But gladly does a little more
Than he's remunerated for,
The man in factory or shop
Who rises quickly to the top
Is he who gives what can't be bought;
Intelligent and careful thought.

VIEW OF OUR REAERS

EDITOR COURIER-RECORD—We believe that the warm session at the Monday luncheon was a lot of ammunition wasted. The giving proposition is an individual matter and is very much out of balance. Some give who are not able, others who are well able to give, that have accumulated wealth and well being in our proud and resourceful America; yet they give as lightly as possible to get by the visiting committee. Hence why haggie over the fact that a firm not operating their war relief fund as we wish and shutting our eyes to the war for the allies. This share in the relief fund as well as many who have taken simply an immunity dose. There are more ways than one of being a slacker. A man who refuses to do his part is more of an enemy to our country than the most alert soldier in the German army fighting for world domination and against the freedom of democracy.

This takes us to the point of being very thoughtful and prudent in our selection of officials in our law-making departments. Choosing men for their experience and ability on all duties essential to the winning of the war for the allies. This brings us to our opinion of Henry Ford's candidacy for the senate. Hats off to Mr. Ford as Auto King but as to his national legislative ability he is entirely out of his sphere and is a schoolboy in the art of political science.

We can be a slacker in voting as well as in giving hence if you want to stand clear of any taint of being a slacker, Ford will be scratched from your ticket. A man who connives to keep his boy at home to enjoy the luxuries of wealth, while your boy and my boy faces the horrors of war. VOTER.

LETTERS FROM SOME OF OUR BOYS

FROM CAMP CUSTER

Walter Hessel has received an interesting letter from Joseph A. Sturgeon, formerly of The Record office, in which Joe expresses himself vigorously over his disappointment in not being able to leave with the Eighty-fifth Division:

Camp Custer, July 16, 1918.
Dear Friend Walt:
Well, the Eighty-fifth is gone and I'm still here. But I come within a few hours of being with them in the headquarters detachment of field artillery. Was in with a fine bunch and killed a few Germans in the process, but after I had everything packed and loaded on the cars, an order came transferring me to a development battalion because of a slight rupture.

For the first time in months I lost my temper, especially after I found that they stuck me back in "pup" tents. I cussed at everybody even the top sergeant. You ought to see the bunch. They are always hollering at somebody. No permits were given to leave the place but within an hour I ducked out. Went over to headquarters for the battalion and put in a kick with the result that I go on special duty this morning as printer. Also got a promise of being moved tomorrow. Special duty exempts me from all detail work such as guarding an kitchen.

Don't know exactly what they'll do with me but imagine they'll want to send me to the hospital to get "fixed" up. That isn't so bad as it will likely mean 30 days leave as soon as I get out. But one really never knows what they'll do with you in the army. I've found out that much.

Saw Bill O. R. some time ago and called at his barracks last week but was told that he'd been sent to the hospital because of measles. Don't know if that was liable but you likely know by now. Some of the artillery is still here and I'm going there tonight to be with the boys. Justus Drevdahl, Ernest Carstrom and a few other Manistique and Escanaba fellows, Bill Petrie and Roy Todd being among them.

JOSEPH STURGEON.

SOMEWHERE IN FRANCE

T. R. Fydel permits us to publish a letter from Harry Ahlstrom who is in a sector at the French front:
Somewhere, July 9, 1918.

Dear Friend:—
Just a few lines to let you know everything is fine with one of the Manistique boys and I am sure the rest of the Manistique bunch are all O. K. and happy. I do not know where the rest of them are from dear old Mich., and I am sure they are well able to take care of themselves. I am enjoying the best of health and have nothing to kick about. The only thing I could kick about is that we don't lick the Germans fast enough to suit me. I would like to get it over with in a hurry and go back to dear old Manistique, but not before we have finished and done a good job even if it took five years. I surely will appreciate my home when I get back again, which I believe won't be so far away. We are holding a sector which is very quiet at the present time. There is artillery bombardment once in a while but we always send out ten shells over to their one. We have no amusements here and about the only way to pass away our spare time is by writing letters. I am writing you not only for the reason though, if people at home knew how good it feels to receive mail from home, how seldom we get it, how it cheers us up and puts new spirit in us, and makes us fight better, you would write often. The better we fight the sooner it's over and that is what we all want. I am enclosing a folder which I think might interest you. It may not go through but I am taking a chance on it. Best regards to you and all my friends. Please write me soon. Your friends,

HARRY AHLSTROM.

The Workingman for NEWBERRY

The Michigan Workingman will support Truman H. Newberry for United States Senator

- BECAUSE—
First— He is splendidly qualified. His Americanism, his ability, his experience, his high character, his good judgment and his knowledge of the war make him the strong man for senator.
Second— His Relations Have Always Been Most Friendly With Labor. While Secretary of the Navy he came into daily contact with labor and labor leaders and his course at that time met with their unqualified approval. He made it possible for men to hold meetings and participate in the making of wage scales.
The business institutions with which he is connected are noted for what they have done to improve working conditions.
He is a friend of labor.
Third— He favors an eight-hour day, with extra pay for over-time.
Fourth— He stands and will continue to stand for the protection of the workingman's wage. He believes in and fights for the great principle of Protection.
Fifth— The laboring man will vote for Truman H. Newberry because he can be elected, will be elected, and when elected will stand as the champion of labor.



NEWBERRY for SENATOR

Published by Newberry Senatorial Committee, A. A. Tompkins, General Chairman Paul H. King, Executive Chairman



Packers' Costs and Profits

How much do you think it costs—

- 1. To dress beef, cure hides, and prepare all the numerous by-products?
2. To cool the meat for two or three days before shipment?
3. To freight it to all parts of the country in special refrigerator cars, iced daily?
4. To carry it in hundreds of branch houses, each with its refrigerating plant?
5. And to deliver it to the retailer—sweet and fresh—in less than two weeks after dressing?

Swift & Company did all this for you in 1917 at an expense of less than 2 1/2 cents per pound of beef sold, including an average profit of 1/4 of a cent a pound.

Figure for yourself how little effect this cost and profit had on prices you paid for beefsteak.

Swift & Company, U.S.A.

FINAL NOTIFICATION

The War Relief Board has decided to make a last appeal to the Hour-a-Week delinquents before publishing the entire list. Cards to this effect are being sent out over the county with the expectation that the majority will pay their arrears rather than be exposed.

UNLUCKY WITH HORSES

John Shampine of the "Forty," was severely injured by a horse Wednesday morning. He had led them to the side of the road to allow an automobile to pass when they kicked, striking him on the knee. Mr. Shampine only recently recovered from an injury which he received from a horse.

Our Business Directory

LIVE WIRES WHO WILL SERVE YOU RIGHT

Ossawinamakee
L. Mallett, Prop.
MANISTIQUE MICHIGAN

American House
S. Larsen, Prop.
Oak Street Manistique, Mich.

Keystone Hotel
C. Johnson, Prop.
Oak Street, Manistique, Michigan

BARNES HOTEL
Rates Reasonable
JOHN SMITH, Prop.

Olympia Cafe
OPEN DAY AND NIGHT
OAK STREET

Miss Jane Moffat
Table Board a Specialty
234 LAKE STREET.

Manistique Light and Power Company
Cedar Street

TO THE PUBLIC
If you don't know, ask us.
If we don't know, we'll find out.
Information Bureau
Chamber of Commerce

C. T. Allen
Representing
The Equitable Life Assurance Society
of the United States
MANISTIQUE MICHIGAN

G. S. Johnson
Attorney at Law
Offices First National Bank Building

Dan I. Call
The Service Barber Shop
CEDAR STREET

J. Peterson & Son
Clothes, Shoes, Men's Furnishings
Custom Tailoring

Metropolitan 5c to 50c Store, Inc.
One of a chain of successfully operated stores everywhere.
F. J. CLASSON, Manager.

SWEET SHOP
George Graphos, Prop.
Candies and Ice Cream

Cookson-LeRoy Hardware Co.
Hardware and Implements

FRED MILLER
Representing
Reliance Life Ins. Co.
Pittsburg, Pa.
Office: 223 Oak Street

One Acre Farms
IN CITY LIMITS
\$5 Down, \$5 per Month
R. H. TEEPLE

City Billiard Parlor
CIGARS AND TOBACCO
Francis Zimmerman

Thomas Brothers
Cigars Tobacco Light Lunches
321 Deer Street

Wm. Mueller
Licensed Baker

Braut's Studio
Artistic Photos

F. Greenwood & Son
Florists
SPECIAL ATTENTION TO FUNERALS

J. A. McPhail, V. S.
PHONE 220

C. J. Merkel
The Xklusiv Jeweler
CEDAR STREET

Manistique Wall Paper Store
W. J. CHARTIER, Gen. Con.
Phone 326. 103 River Street

Ekstrom's Shoe Store
Perfect Fit Guaranteed
Ekstrom Block Cedar Street

E. N. Johnson, Florist
Plants and Cut Flowers
Corner of Maple and Walnut

H. Voisine & Son
Wagons and Farm Implements

Manistique Power Laundry
Joseph Pattinson, Prop.
We Solicit Your Patronage

Central Meat Market
Meats and Groceries
LEVINE BROS. River Street

CHANCERY SALE.
In pursuance and by virtue of an order and decree of the Circuit Court for the County of Schoolcraft, in Chancery, in the State of Michigan, made and dated on the 24th day of January, 1918, in a certain cause therein pending, wherein Dayton Clark Land Company is plaintiff and Edw. N. Mayer, Annetta B. Mayer, The Upper Michigan Land Company and Herbert H. Hamilton are defendants, notice is hereby given that I shall sell at public auction, to the highest bidder, at the front door of the Court House in the City of Manistique, in the County of Schoolcraft, and State of Michigan, said Court House being the place for holding the Circuit Court for said County, on Tuesday the 3rd day of September, A. D. 1918, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, all or so much thereof as may be necessary to raise the amount due to the said plaintiff for principal, interest and costs, in said cause, of the following described parcels of land, situated in said County of Schoolcraft, and State of Michigan, to-wit:
Lot two (2) or fractional Northeast Quarter of Northeast Quarter (NE 1/4 of NE 1/4), Southwest Quarter of Northeast Quarter (SW 1/4 of NE 1/4), West Half of Northeast Quarter (W 1/2 of NE 1/4), Southeast Quarter of Northeast Quarter (SE 1/4 of NE 1/4), Southwest Quarter (SW 1/4) and Northwest Quarter of Southeast Quarter (NW 1/4 of SE 1/4) of Section Two (2), North Half (N 1/2) of Southeast Quarter (W 1/2 of SE 1/4), Southeast Quarter of Southeast Quarter (SE 1/4 of SE 1/4) of Section Three (3), and entire Section Four (4); the Southwest Quarter (SW 1/4) of the Southwest Quarter (SW 1/4) of the Northwest Quarter (NW 1/4) of the Northeast Quarter (NE 1/4) of Section Five (5); the Northeast Quarter (NE 1/4) of Section Six (6), all in Township Forty-

three (43) North, Range Fourteen (14) West, Dated, Manistique, Michigan, July 16th, A. D. 1918.
C. W. DUNTON,
Circuit Court Commissioner in and for said County.
C. F. BUTTON,
Attorney for Plaintiff.

PROBATE NOTICE
State of Michigan, The Probate Court for the County of Schoolcraft.
In the matter of the estate of Edward Lefevre, deceased.
Notice is hereby given that four months from the twenty-third day of July, A. D. 1918, have been allowed for creditors to present their claims against said deceased to said court for examination and adjustment, and that all creditors of said deceased are required to present their claims to said court, at the Probate office in the City of Manistique in said county, on or before the twenty-fifth day of November, A. D. 1918, and that said claims will be heard by said court on Monday, the twenty-fifth day of November, A. D. 1918, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon.
EDMUND ASHFORD,
Judge of Probate.
Dated July 23, A. D. 1918. 7-25-4

MORTGAGE SALE

DEFAULT having been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage made by Sylvester Smith and Henrietta Smith, husband and wife, of Thompson, Michigan to Grace Haynes of Manistique, Michigan dated the 24th day of November, A. D. 1916, and recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds for the county of Schoolcraft and State of Michigan on the twentieth day of November, 1917, being still unpaid the mortgagee elects to declare the whole amount due, on which mortgage there is claimed to be due at the date of this notice, for principal and interest, the sum of Four Hundred Seventy Five Dollars, and an attorney's fee of Twenty Five Dollars, as provided for in said mortgage, and no suit or proceedings at law having been instituted to recover the moneys secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and the statute in such case made and provided, on Monday the Fourteenth day of October, A. D. 1918 at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, the undersigned, south from the front door of the Court House in the City of Manistique in said county, that being the place where the Circuit Court for the County of Schoolcraft is held, will sell at public auction, to the highest bidder, the premises described in said mortgage, or so much thereof as may be necessary to pay the amount so as aforesaid due on said mortgage, with seven per cent interest, and all legal costs together with said attorney's fee, to-wit:

All that certain piece or parcel of land situated and being in the township of Thompson in the County of Schoolcraft and State of Michigan known and described as follows, to-wit: The West Half of the South East Quarter of Section Thirty Two (32) in Town Forty One (41) North, Range Sixteen (16) West, except a piece of land containing about two acres described as commencing at the North East Corner of said West Half of the South East Quarter, thence running South ten (10) rods, thence West thirty two (32) rods, thence North ten (10) rods, thence East Thirty two (32) rods to place of beginning.

GRACE HAYNES, Mortgagee.
VIRGIL I. HIXSON, Attorney for Mortgagee, Manistique, Michigan.
July 18-October 10.

Notice For Publication

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR, U. S. LAND OFFICE at Marquette, Michigan, July 1, 1918.

NOTICE is hereby given that Fred Miller whose postoffice address is Manistique, Mich., did on the 24th day of July 1917, file in this office Sworn Statement and Application, No. 04183, to purchase the N. W. 1/4 of S. W. 1/4 Section 8 and N. E. 1/4 of S. E. 1/4 and S. E. 1/4 of N. E. 1/4 Section 7, Township 42 N., Range 16 W., Michigan, Meridian, and the timber thereon, under the provisions of the act of June 3, 1878, and acts amendatory, known as the "Timber and Stone Law," at such value as might be fixed by appraisement, and that, pursuant to such application, the land and timber thereon have been appraised, by applicant at \$330.00 the timber estimated 125 cds. spruce at \$2.00 per M. and the land \$80.00; that said applicant will offer final proof in support of his application and sworn statement on the 14th day of Sept. 1918, before the clerk of the Circuit Court of Schoolcraft county at his office in Manistique, Mich. Any person is at liberty to protest this purchase by his entry, or in case a contest at any time before patent issues, by filing a corroborated affidavit in this office, alleging facts which would defeat the entry.

Applicant names as witnesses: Michael White and William Salder of Manistique, Mich., and James B. Fitch and Edward Fitzgerald of Thompson, Mich.
JOHN L. HEFFEMAN, Register.
July 11-Sept. 12.

NOTICE TO THE REPUBLICAN ELECTORS OF THE COUNTY OF SCHOOLCRAFT, MICHIGAN.

A Republican County convention for the County of Schoolcraft will be held at the Court House in Manistique, Michigan, on Tuesday, Sept. 10, 1918, at 2 o'clock P. M. for the purpose of electing four delegates to represent said county in the state convention to be held at the Armory in the City of Grand Rapids on Thursday, Sept. 13, 1918, for the purpose of nominating candidates for the state offices and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the convention. Each township and ward will be entitled to one delegate for each fifty votes, or a moiety thereof, cast for Republican candidates at the general election held in November, 1916. Any township and ward shall be entitled to at least one delegate, making the representation in said county as follows:

Township	Delegate
Dorset	2
Hiram	1
Hiawatha	1
Inwood	1
Manistique	1
Mueller	1
Seney	1
Thompson	1
CITY OF MANISTIQUE	
First Ward	2
Second Ward	2
Third Ward	2
Fourth Ward	2
Total	22

Dated at Manistique, this 10th day of Aug. 1918.

BENJAMIN GERO, Chairman.
JAMES C. WOOD, Secretary.

Probably Got Pie

"Will you give me a crust of bread and a cup of water, mum?"
"Certainly, I'll give you a nice lunch. But why didn't you ask for something substantial?"
"I'm a student of human nature. It's mighty seldom I strike anybody what's mean enough to give me just a crust and a cup of water."

WHO IS WHO

HARRY H. ALBIN.

Harry H. Albin, yard switch foreman at the Soo line, is a native of Keokuk county, Ia. Born on a farm in 1870, he learned the rudiments of agriculture along with his common school education and while it has been many years since he left the farm, he has never lost his love for the country and spends a large part of the summer season at his cottage at Harrison Beach, Indian lake.

Young Albin finished his education at LaCade, Mo., whether his people had removed when he was still quite young. LaCade was at that time the residence of John Pershing, present commander of the American Expeditionary forces in France. While considerably older than Albin, the boys were very friendly and were together considerably until Pershing left for West Point.

Farm work occupied the time of Master Harry until his seventeenth year, when becoming convinced that hard work and little money was the farmer's main portion in this world, he left the farm for the railroad.

Already a veteran in railroad work, Mr. Albin came to Manistique in 1911 and secured a position with the Soo line which he has since held with the exception of a term of five months spent with M. & L. S. at this point. In 1899 he married Miss Kitty Mandel, an English lady whom he met in Chicago. Two children have resulted from the union, Raymond, aged 8, and Joseph, aged 7. Mr. Albin has been too busy to take an active part in politics but was induced by his friends last fall to make the race for supervisor. Since his election, he has constantly thrown the weight of his influence on the side of good government. He is an enthusiastic supporter of the war relief plan in this county and considers no sacrifice too great for winning the war. The Albins live on the State road but are at present staying at their cottage at Harrison Beach, from where Mr. Albin motors in daily.



Mallory Hats

are as good as their manufacturers represent them. to be, and as they guarantee every hat and stand back of that guaranty, you can know before you buy that your "Mallory" will afford complete satisfaction—and that's a lot to say in these times.

So we urge you to buy your new Spring hat early, and buy it now while the assortment of styles and colors is complete. You'll be surprised at the moderate prices.

J. Petersen & Son

122 CEDAR ST.

NOTICE TO TAXPAYERS

City taxes are due and payable without interest until Sept. 14, 1918. The deputy city treasurer will be at the First National bank for the collection of said taxes from 9 a. m. to 3 p. m. except Saturdays from 9 a. m. to 12 m. and 6 p. m. to 8 p. m. Please bring description of your property.

R. H. TEEPLE,
Deputy City Treasurer.
Aug. 1-Sept. 12.



C. J. Merkel

The XKLUSIV Jeweler

POLITICAL ANNOUNCEMENT

To the Voters of Schoolcraft county: I am addressing this open letter: "I have decided to place my name before you as a candidate for the office of County Clerk and Registrar of Deeds, not because the majority of my friends insisted on my running, nor because they have figuratively fallen on my neck and inquired me to do so, but because I believe I am able to do the work, and that my personal effort in the office would make me worthy of the support of the voters."

I am conscious of the fact that the present incumbent has already had nearly ten years of county service and pay, and also conscious of the fact that my loyalty cannot be questioned, so in order to help the boys "over there," I propose the following new procedure in campaigning:

"I shall make a canvas of the county and shall try to see you all. We shall be friends even though you do not support me at the primaries or election, and I am not going to offer you a cigar either before or after election, but in place of an unnecessary expenditure of that kind will make a liberal donation to the Red Cross, estimated on the basis of the general cost of a campaign."

I thank you now for your support, and if nominated shall feel grateful to you and endeavor to fill the office in a fair and unbiased manner that will make me worthy of your support. Yours very respectfully,
JOSEPH F. HUTT.

Aug. 8-Aug. 22.

POLITICAL ANNOUNCEMENT

To the Voters of Schoolcraft County: I am a candidate for nomination as the Republican candidate for the office of prosecuting attorney.

For more than twenty-six years I have been engaged in the active practice of law in Schoolcraft county and during a portion of that time I have held the office of prosecutor. I refer you to the record of those years to show my qualifications for the office.

If nominated and elected, I promise to faithfully perform the duties of the office to the best of my ability.
VIRGIL I. HIXSON.

POLITICAL ANNOUNCEMENT

To the Voters of Schoolcraft County: I hereby announce my candidacy for re-election to the office of County Clerk and Registrar of Deeds of Schoolcraft county, subject to the action of the Republican primaries, Aug. 27. Your support will be appreciated.

JOHN N. FORSHAR.

POLITICAL ANNOUNCEMENT

To the Voters of Schoolcraft County: I hereby announce my candidacy for re-election to the office of County Treasurer of Schoolcraft county, subject to the action of the Republican primaries, Aug. 27. Your vote and your support is solicited.
C. L. SMITH.

POLITICAL ANNOUNCEMENT

To the Voters of Schoolcraft County: I hereby announce my candidacy for the office of Sheriff of Schoolcraft County subject to the action of the Republican primaries August 27. Your support is respectfully solicited.
FRED R. GRIFFIN.

POLITICAL ANNOUNCEMENT

To the Voters of Schoolcraft County: I hereby announce my candidacy for the office of Sheriff of Schoolcraft County subject to the action of the Republican primaries August 27. Your support is respectfully solicited.
DAN I. CALL.

POLITICAL ANNOUNCEMENT

To the voters of Schoolcraft County: I hereby announce my candidacy for the office of Sheriff of Schoolcraft County subject to the action of the Republican primaries, August 27. Your support is respectfully solicited.
ALBERT GAGE

POLITICAL ANNOUNCEMENT

To the voters of Schoolcraft County: I hereby announce my candidacy for the office of Sheriff of Schoolcraft County subject to the action of the Republican primaries August 27. Your support is respectfully solicited.
J. B. FITCH.

POLITICAL ANNOUNCEMENT

To the voters of Schoolcraft county: I hereby announce my candidacy for Sheriff of Schoolcraft county, subject to the action of the Republican primaries August 27. Your support is respectfully solicited.
WILLIAM H. ROWE.

POLITICAL ANNOUNCEMENT

To the Voters of Schoolcraft County: I hereby announce my candidacy for the office of Sheriff of Schoolcraft County subject to the action of the Republican primaries August 27. Your support is respectfully solicited.
GEORGE BOUSCHOR.

POLITICAL ANNOUNCEMENT

To the voters of Schoolcraft County: I hereby announce my candidacy for the office of Sheriff of Schoolcraft County subject to the action of the Republican primaries August 27. Your support is respectfully solicited.
ROBERT G. CASEMORE.

Don't worry!
You'll soon be well if we furnish your Drugs and Medicines.

If your system is "all run down" and you are despondent, screw up enough courage to go to your doctor or come to us and get something to tone up your system.
The longer you put this off the worse off you will be.
Our medicines are full strength and pure.
Buy your medicines and drug store things from us and KNOW they are right.

E. N. Orr & Co.

Cleanliness Pays

Our store is neat and bright. It is kept spotlessly clean. No goods are thoughtlessly exposed to dust and germs. Everything is properly protected.

Does this mean anything to you?
Our service is prompt; our goods are the best; our prices are right.

Oliver Hart

Staple and Fancy Groceries
Phone 144

TAILORING

MEN as well as women desire clothes that fit. This cannot be obtained in the ready-made clothing. For PERFECT SATISFACTION you want YOUR clothes tailor-made. While deciding on which tailor, you had better pick best and most up-to-date. We guarantee you perfect satisfaction.

G.W. REINWAND

Walnut Street, Manistique, Michigan

Hessel's Sales Stable

Reliable Horse Dealers

Can supply you with anything in our line at the best possible price.

Our Guarantee will Protect You
Special Orders Filled on 24 Hours' Notice

DAIRY FACTS

BUTTER PRODUCED ON FARMS

First Thing Necessary is to Begin With Good, Clean-Flavored Milk—How to Separate.

Approved by the United States Department of Agriculture.

Although creamery butter has almost entirely displaced home-made butter in the markets of the United States, more than half the butter produced is still made on farms. The fact that this butter cannot successfully compete with the creamery product is that most of it brings a lower price and is consumed in village and town, or is shipped to packing factories for treatment and sale as a relatively low-grade product. It is possible, however, greatly to improve the quality of farm butter by applying to its production special practices and greater care than is usually expended.

To produce good butter it is necessary to begin with a good, clean, sweet milk. In some sections of the country it is customary to skim the cream from the whole milk instead of cream. That practice, however, is



Comparison of Pound Print and Rotary Separator—Superiority of Rotary Separator Obvious.

advisable, because it requires a high churning temperature, which injures the quality of the butter and causes considerable loss of butterfat in the buttermilk. It is also liable to result in too much water in the butter. In these respects only the churning cream will be considered. It is essential to obtain cream of such conditions that it will yield good quality as the milk.

Cream may be separated from milk by gravity or by a separator. Gravity separation is accomplished by the shallow, deep-setting, or the wash method. The first two have been extensively used and are still where very few cows are the first method the milk is allowed to stand in shallow pans and set in for about 24 hours, usually in a spring house, and cold water is permitted to rise. During that time a rule is exposed to the cream and the cream is skimmed off. The objectionable flavors resulting from the cream by this method are 4.5 to 1.5 per cent of fat, one-eighth to one-fourth of butterfat in the cream, and one-half to one-third of household butter.

By the deep setting method the milk is placed in shallow pans and set in for about 24 hours, usually in a spring house, and cold water is permitted to rise. During that time a rule is exposed to the cream and the cream is skimmed off. The objectionable flavors resulting from the cream by this method are 4.5 to 1.5 per cent of fat, one-eighth to one-fourth of butterfat in the cream, and one-half to one-third of household butter.

War-time economy suggests that as many as possible of these garments be made from material that is indispensable.

OUR FARM-HOME PAGE

THE COURIER-RECORD MANISTIQUE, MICHIGAN

POULTRY



OF STANDARDS

New Styles Out of Old Fabrics

New York.—Paris is never handicapped in creating fashions by the whims of other designers. That is why she is powerful. America has always suffered under this handicap because she has followed Paris, accepts a prominent fashion authority. She has never been inclined to risk the experimentation of fabrics, fashions and colorings that were not sanctioned by the mother of fashions.

It is said of one of the designers that she is in every nation and brings to her shores. We know her best in every inch of the material at a price that brought her unmeasured profit on the transaction.



One of the new black taffeta gowns that is far from commonplace. The skirt is a series of small ruffles edged with white silk cord and set in a zig-zag fashion. The slim bodice is mounted on a yoke of white cord, the short sleeves extend in one with the yoke. There is a pink cord with green leaves at the waist, and here are green sheer stockings.

every department of art, science and literature. If we are to put our knowledge in practical use we at least have the best to go on. We are not ignorant.

The time has come for the department, as we all know, and the farmer thinks that a few models, home should be distributed to the people who have "over the top" in their closets in this country. It is a great commercial success and it is a sound knowledge of the modern public.

What France Did America Does.

Here are two examples which exemplify the point. The "dresses" of some years ago were made of several bolts of cloth in a long, narrow band. With the passing of the fashion, the design was in fashion, to quote an old phrase. The manufacturer thought that he had no call for this style of material and that he would sell it for about a franc and a half yard.

Miss Parson took it all over her sales on the New York City, turned the cheap cloth into something from her own design and then wore it at Tronville-by-the-Sea. She made the fabric, the design, the color and the fabric fashionable. Everyone wanted to wear what she wore. She said

KITO CAL

of standards

of poultry

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of standards

GIRLS' AND BOYS' CLOTHING

For "dress-up" occasions the girls will require two-piece sets of lingerie underwear and a corresponding top. This should be made in a simple, smart, and comfortable style. Trimmings may be of ribbon, lace, or one of the new synthetic fabrics or of any other material that will be of white and may be of any color or of any style.

The "dresses" of some years ago were made of several bolts of cloth in a long, narrow band. With the passing of the fashion, the design was in fashion, to quote an old phrase. The manufacturer thought that he had no call for this style of material and that he would sell it for about a franc and a half yard.

Fashioned from a discarded green-up one by retying and cutting it over. Boys' shirt waists may be made from the best parts of men's discarded shirts, which are usually of excellent material. A woman's cloth skirt will make knickerbockers for the small boy or blouses or skirts for the girl.

In buying new materials avoid loose colors. Lavenders, greens and blues cannot be relied upon.

War-time economy suggests that as many as possible of these garments be made from material that is indispensable.

Ribbon and Cording.

Half-inch navy ribbon stitched to the material between rows of cording is the only trimming on navy and white. Navy, favoring, does the work. There are three rows of the ribbon and cord, a about the round neck and the cuffs, a cording controlling the neck of the garment; except the cording is plain.

Nellie May

DAIRY FACTS

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(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

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To produce good butter it is necessary to begin with a good, clean-flavored milk.



Comparison of Pound Print and Country Roll - Superiority of Former is Obvious.

advisable, because it requires a high churning temperature, which injures the quality of the butter and causes a considerable loss of butterfat in the buttermilk.

Cream may be separated from milk by gravity or by a centrifugal separator.

By the deep-setting method the cream is soon as drawn from the cow as placed in a "shotgun" can, which is placed in cold water, preferably ice water, for 12 hours.

The dilution of milk with water has been used to some extent, in the belief that it adds creaming, but investigations have shown that the loss of butterfat is as great as, or greater than, in the shallow-pan method.

A centrifugal separator gives the best results, because the separation is accomplished in a few minutes while the milk is still warm.

Tags should be kept on the grow-

OUR FARM-HOME PAGE

A special service of articles on scientific agriculture, dairying, poultry raising and domestic science, written by recognized authorities.

THE COURIER-RECORD MANISTIQUE MICHIGAN

We desire to make this department of greatest possible interest and value to our readers in the rural districts. Your suggestions are invited.

H. B. WILLIAMS Editor

FIND BORDEAUX IS POTATO INSURANCE

Use of Spray Is Recommended to Growers by Plant Pathologists of M. A. C.

DISEASE IS SPREAD BY RAIN

Investigations by Experiment Station Disclose That July Rains Bring August Blight.

By DR. G. H. COONS, Plant Pathologist Michigan Agricultural College.

East Lansing, Mich.—The late potato crop in Michigan is in many sections the important money crop.

The weather holds the answer to this question. Late blight of potatoes is a fungous disease and as such is markedly influenced by the weather conditions.

Significant as is the relation to rainy weather, yet it must not be thought that the coming of blight is a chance affair dependent on this heavy rain or that.

Several hundred other boys in the state were among the contenders for pig-raising honors, for under the stimulus of boys' and girls' club leaders of M. A. C., a small army of farmers' sons and daughters have been interested in live stock projects.

Rae's financial account was as follows: Value of pig at time the feeding started, \$10; value of feed purchased or provided by farm, \$25.05; cost of labor in caring for hog, \$2.00.

Barrels show amounts of milk for large acreages.

If the grower watches the crop during this period he has the information which tells him whether blight has started or not.

Treatment for late blight consists in spraying the tops frequently with Bordeaux mixture.

Look for Plant Diseases. A squad of five men in the employ of the federal department of agriculture, co-operating with the Michigan Agricultural College, have been sent out in the state to ascertain where losses from plant diseases have been suffered by farmers.

Plan Merits Consideration. The silo built inside the barn is a plan meriting consideration.

Turn Under Humus. Turn under the straw, leaves and litter; don't burn them.

keeps the leaves in better working condition, they explain.

The farmer whose land is right can get a bumper yield if he will spray.

The question as to whether potatoes will blight or not is answered.

We recommend spraying every year to men who are specializing in potatoes and who know that their soil is capable of producing a good crop.

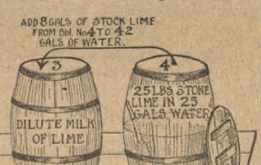
ALBION BOY HAS BEST PIG

Rae E. White Wins First Place Among Members of Boys and Girls' Clubs.

East Lansing, Mich.—First prize as a raiser of pigs among the boys' and girls' clubs of Michigan has been awarded by the boys and girls' club department of the Michigan Agricultural College to Rae E. White, a member of the Pig-Raising club at Albion, in Jackson county.

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New Styles Out of Old Fabrics

New York.—Paris is never handicapped in creating fashions by the actions of other designers.

Last month an American designer was looking over the stock of a lace importer.

The designer said that if the importer would give him one he would turn it into a gown that would sell all the other scarfs, on condition that he received a commission on their sale.

Management of Black Taffeta. It is easy to realize that taffeta has come into a first summer fashion, although the popular mind does not regard it as one of the lovely weaves of the world, because it is plentiful.

The skirt was made of narrow ruffles that extended from waist to ankles, each ruffle edged with a white silk cord.

Blue serge is a fabric that will always be with us, as far as the manufacturers and the war board can look ahead.

What France Did America Does. Here are two anecdotes which accentuate the point.

The time has come for this experiment, as we all know, and the observer thinks that a few medals of honor should be distributed to those who have gone "over the top" in designing clothes in this country.

Here are two anecdotes which accentuate the point. They happened a dozen years apart.

For "dress-up" occasions the girls will require two or more sets of lingerie underwear, notes a correspondent.

GIRLS' AND BOYS' CLOTHING

For "dress-up" occasions the girls will require two or more sets of lingerie underwear, notes a correspondent.

Half-inch navy ribbon stitched to the material between rows of cording is the only trimming on navy and white blouses, fastening down the back.

Volle and Gingham. Volle charmingly expanded in gingham patterns is expected to compete seriously with the gingham of to-day.

THE KITCHEN CABINET

Oh for a books and a shady nook

Or the street criers all about

MEATLESS DISHES.

Peanuts and peanut butter are foods which take the place of meats and are cheap in price.

Soak a quart of fine bread crumbs in milk; mix with a cup of shelled peanuts finely ground; add an egg well beaten, and salt and pepper to taste.

Peas on Toast.—Prepare a rich, white sauce, stir in a few cooked peas, season well and serve on buttered toast.

Scalloped Cheese.—Cheese in recent forms is an excellent substitute for meat.

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POULTRY



MAIN OBJECTS OF STANDARDS

Aim is to Secure Uniformity and Establish Series of Grades as Basis of Trading.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

The object of making standards for poultry is the same as the object of making standards of weight, volume, or quality for any product or commodity; that is, to secure uniformity and establish a series of grades as a basis of trading in the article.

In making standards for poultry which apply in the process of production the principal points considered are size, shape and color.

Size and shape are broad characters and largely determine the practical values of poultry. Many standard breeds are divided into varieties differing in color, but identical in every other respect.

Color is not a primary utility point, but as a secondary point often comes in for special consideration.

Uniformity in color is kept for the same reason, uniformity in color is of importance than uniformity in size and shape.

Scalloped Cheese.—Cheese in recent forms is an excellent substitute for meat.

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To produce good butter it is necessary to begin with a good, clean-flavored milk. In some sections of the country it is customary to ripen and churn the whole milk instead of the cream.

Comparison of Pound Print and Country Roll—Superiority of Former is Obvious.

advisable, because it requires a high churning temperature, which injures the quality of the butter and causes a considerable loss of buttermilk in the buttermilk. It is also liable to result in too much water in the butter.

As late potatoes are generally planted in Michigan, July and early August will make up the first half of the grow-

OUR FARM-HOME PAGE

THE COURIER-RECORD MANISTIQUE MICHIGAN H. B. WILLIAMS Editor

FIND BORDEAUX IS POTATO INSURANCE

Use of Spray Is Recommended to Growers by Plant Pathologists of M. A. C.
DISEASE IS SPREAD BY RAIN
Investigations by Experiment Station Disclose That July Rains Bring August Blight.

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East Lansing, Mich.—The late potato crop in Michigan is in many sections the important money crop.

The weather holds the answer to this question. Late blight of potatoes is a fungous disease and as such is markedly influenced by the weather conditions.



Making Home-Made Bordeaux Mixture—The barrels show amounts of materials necessary for making spray in quantities for large acreages.

tion was derived from a study of the epidemics of late blight which occurred in 1912 and 1913. The distribution of blight in those years was found to be exactly that of the heavy rainfall areas.

The story of late blight is that of many other plant diseases. The initial sources of infection are few, and the severity of attack hinges upon the weather of the first half of the season.

New Styles Out of Old Fabrics

New York City is never handicapped in creating new styles. The fashion designer is always looking for new ideas.

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It is easy to realize that taffeta has come into a first summer fashion, although the popular mind does not regard it as one of the lovely weaves of the world.

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every department of art, science and literature. If we are compelled to put our knowledge to practical use, we at least have the best to go on.

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Here are two anecdotes which accentuate the point. They happened a dozen years apart.

For "dress-up" occasions the girls will require two or more sets of lingerie underwear, notes a correspondent. This should be simply made to save time in making and hemming.

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POULTRY

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The object of making standards for poultry is the same as the object of making standards of weight, volume, or quality for any product or commodity; that is, to secure uniformity and establish a series of grades as a basis of trading in the article.



Mature Early Hatched Pullet.

market as clean and nice looking as white ones, it often happens that they are not salable.
When a flock of fowls is kept for egg production only, uniformity in color is much less important than approximate uniformity of size and type.

CHICKENS TAKE FIRST PLACE

Some Reasons Why They Lead in Scheme of Poultry Production—Utilize Much Waste.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)
Chickens, in any general scheme of poultry production, of course must take first place. They are best adapted to general conditions, take a wider range of feeds and convert them, perhaps, into the greatest margin of profit.

THE KITCHEN CABINET

On for a bookie and a shady nookie
Fishes in doors or out:
With the green leaves whispering overhead

MEATLESS DISHES.
Peanuts and peanut butter are foods which take the place of meats and are cheap in price.

Peas on Toast—Prepare a rich, white sauce, stir in a few cooked peas, season well and serve on buttered toast.

Scalloped Cheese—Cheese in its different forms is an excellent substitute for meat. Cottage cheese, which may be made in the home, is a most versatile one to use in many ways.

A poem every flower is
And every leaf a line.
The empty spelt, never cherish wit;
Minerva loves the larder.

USES FOR LEFT-OVER CHEESE.

Cheese is so nutritious, an ounce being equal to two ounces of meat, without its waste. Cheese is particularly good with starchy foods and foods lacking in fat and flavor.

Hashed Cheese
Take one cup of aged cheese, add one egg, pepper and salt to taste. Turn into a greased pan, brown on both sides.

Volte and Gingham.
Volte charitably printed in gingham patterns is expected to compete seriously with the gingham in frocks.

YOUR WAR READING FREE

You want war facts. You like to read about the war—its causes, why America is in it, the German war code, German war practices, German Kultur and many other subjects. You listen to an orator and are delighted with the information he gives you. You can get it for yourself by reading the free war literature issued by the United States government through the committee on public information. All you need do is check the publications you want, sign your name on the card provided by the government and drop it in the post office. No postage is required. The Chamber of Commerce has a supply of these cards, samples of the publications, etc., on hand and invites you to call and select those you wish to read. Cards for ordering will be furnished free.


Miss Margaret Shilson of Detroit is visiting at the home of her parents in this city.

Mrs. Fred Light and daughter, Khea, returned Wednesday evening from a visit with friends in Traverse City.

\$1.00 Down, \$1.00 per Week buys a fine front street garden lot or one of Teeple's little farms.

R. H. TEEPLE Adv.

Let a man once get the pure clean taste of Real Gravely Chewing Plug—and he bids ordinary tobacco good-bye.



Peyton Brand Real Gravely Chewing Plug
10c a pouch—and worth it

Gravely lasts so much longer it costs no more to chew than ordinary plug

P. E. Gravely Tobacco Company
Dorville, Virginia

CITY NOTES

Dr. J. R. Mitchell spent the week-end in the Soo.

Dr. W. K. Wright received a cablegram from his son Lieutenant Ross Wright announcing his safe arrival in France.

Charles D. Fie returned Tuesday from a short business trip to Duluth.

Dr. Pat Moran of Iron River is visiting Mr. and Mrs. August Shunk at the Hiawatha Hotel this week.

Miss Della Wright returned Tuesday from Kalamazoo where she has been attending the summer session of the Normal. Since its close she has been visiting Miss Pearl Clemo in Detroit.

Mrs. Leon Fure is playing the pipe organ at the Gero Theater this week.

Nine year old Thelma Rochambeau had the misfortune to fall and break her leg while playing at her home on Riverside Saturday.

Mrs. Andrew LaBar died Wednesday morning at her home on Riverside after an illness of only a few days' duration although the stroke from which she died was probably consequent upon one which she suffered a little over a year ago.

\$1.00 Down, \$1.00 per Week buys a fine front street garden lot or one of Teeple's little farms.

Miss Nora Neveaux had her tonsils removed at the Rutledge hospital Tuesday and will be on the sick list for a few days.

Mrs. VanWyck and grand-children Robert and Elizabeth will have returned from the Soo where they have been visiting for the past week. During their absence, Mrs. A. S. Gill has been visiting at the home of Mr. and Mrs. A. S. Peltman.

Lee C. Harmon left Monday for a short business trip to Minneapolis.

Miss Lella Orr and Miss Dorothy Middlebrook returned Monday after a ten days' trip to Chicago and other points.

Mrs. George Beckwith of East Lansing is expected to arrive in this city Friday. Mr. Beckwith, who is the new teacher of agriculture has been here for some time.

Mrs. N. W. Fox entertained a few ladies Tuesday afternoon in honor of her sister-in-law, Mrs. George Fox who is visiting her.

Mrs. Emma Auslander of Detroit arrived this week for a visit with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Pattinson of this city.

Mrs. William Martin left Monday for Escanaba where she will receive further surgical care.

Dr. Higgins left Monday for his home after spending several weeks at Harrison Beach as the guest of his daughter, Miss Jeanette Higgins.

Mrs. Bert Chayer and little daughter, Janet returned Monday from Kalamazoo where they have been visiting the latter's home.

Mr. and Mrs. L. Mallette, Mrs. George and Mrs. Magon motored to Kalamazoo, returning the same day.

The dance given by Warren Morrison and Leon Nicholson at the K. of P. hall Tuesday evening was largely attended and greatly enjoyed by all.

Norman W. Fox went to St. Ignace Saturday to meet his sister-in-law, Mrs. George Fox and two nieces who will visit here for some time.

Miss Ellen Kelso will entertain the bridge club Thursday evening.

Mr. and Mrs. Glen A. Berry have returned from Madison, Wis., and have moved into their new home on Second street. Mr. Berry, who is instructor of science in the high school here, has been taking work during the summer at the University of Wisconsin.

Libert Gage, foreman for the Consolidated Co., and a promising candidate for the office of sheriff of Schoolcraft county, is in the city. He will remain until the primaries are over and in the meantime will conduct a vigorous campaign in the city and county. Mr. Gage has represented his ward in the city council for nearly three terms and is well and widely known throughout the county.

Two little sons of Otto Terran of Iron street have died during the week from a virulent type of dysentery. The first died last week; the second, a boy named Verne, aged 5, on Saturday, and Otto, aged 8, on Monday. Their father, Mr. Terran, is also reported to be seriously ill with the same disease.

CITY NOTES

Mrs. Gust Johnson and two children returned Saturday from Milwaukee, where they have been visiting for some time.

Mayor and Mrs. Middlebrook and Mr. and Mrs. A. M. Leroy motored to Munising Sunday.

Mrs. E. A. Stevens, who has been in this city for some days to receive medical care, returned to her home on the River road Monday, much improved in health.

Mrs. Etta Girvin of Rudyard is visiting in the city at the home of her father, John Girvin.

Robert Curley left Houghton Aug. 10, for Washington, D. C.

Mrs. Daniel Guinan is visiting relatives and friends in the city.

\$1.00 Down, \$1.00 per Week buys a fine front street garden lot or one of Teeple's little farms.

Alva Cameron is visiting with the Abbots at Harrison Beach. She will remain a few days.

Capt. D. F. McCauley of the "Search" was in port Tuesday and Wednesday of this week.

Mr. and Mrs. J. S. Melstrand expect to leave Thursday on a two weeks' motor trip to Ashland and other parts of northern Wisconsin.

Mrs. McCarthy and daughter, Mrs. Smith of Detroit, are visiting friends in the city.

Miss Dolly Costello, who has been quite ill is reported much better.

Mrs. Charles Bartlett returned Monday from Alpena where she has been visiting her brother for the past two weeks. During her absence Miss Florence Ward of Marquette has been in charge of her home in this city.

Mr. John Quick has the honor of being the first person to fill out his library card. As the card system was installed less than four months ago, a record of over a hundred books is a real achievement.

The many friends of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Robinson of Crystal Falls, Mich., regret to hear that the Lockwood Hotel burned last week. The cook's daughter, a bright young girl who had recently graduated from high school, was burned and two men seriously injured. Mr. Robinson has done a great deal of rebuilding and repairing on his hotel during the last few years, and as it was only partly covered by insurance, the loss was quite heavy.

The Lockwood was a wooden building.

Miss Gertrude Seaman and brother, Russell, will leave for the Soo Friday where they will visit their brother, Eugene, who is stationed there in the service.

SPECIAL NOTICE

We are offering Thursday and Friday one Grennell Bros. own make Piano, mahogany case, slightly used, Regular \$450 value for \$278. Reasonable payments. Call at Grennell Bros. Store, Fyell Bldg., and make your selection now.

TO ALL PERSONS HOLDING 4 PER CENT LIBERTY BONDS

If you wish to exchange your bonds for Liberty Bonds yielding 4 1-4 per cent you must do so before November 9.

You can not convert the bonds you hold after that date as all conversion privileges on 4 per cent bonds expire at that date.

We suggest that you attend to the conversion at once and shall be glad to effect the exchange for you.

To those persons who hold 3 1-2 per cent bonds of the First Liberty Loan we suggest that you do not convert as you may hold your bonds and convert them into higher rate bonds issued during the war.

MANISTIQUE BANK
The Ideal Bank For Everybody

WHY WE MUST FIGHT
Graphically Pictured

— in —
AMBASSADOR GERARD'S
Authorized Version of

"My Four Years in Germany"

Produced by Mark M. Dintenfass and H. M. Warner.
Directed by William Nigh. Scenario by Chas. A. Logue

AT THE Gero Theatre

Monday, September 2. Prices 25, 35 and 50c.
Seat Sale Monday, August 19 at the Theatre lobby.

SCHOOLCRAFT COUNTY WAR RELIEF FUND

Balance for the Month of July, 1918.	
Forward from last month.....	\$7,496.74
Corporations and employes.....	\$2,624.30
Rural Individuals.....	363.15
City Individuals.....	699.39
Merchants and Professional Men and Employes.....	1,435.89
Donation Account.....	16.04
Interest Account.....	22.26
Unidentified Account.....	75.80
Collections.....	
	\$ 5,236.83
	\$12,733.57
Disbursements—	
American Red Cross.....	\$2,000.00
Manistique Garden Club.....	100.00
Administration Expenses.....	
Current Expense.....	15
	2,100.15
	10,633.42
Credit Balance.....	
Balance on hand as per Bank statement, July 31, 1918.....	10,639.37
Adjustment Account.....	37.90
Over and Short Account.....	56.15
	\$10,733.42
Less Checks outstanding.....	100.00
	\$10,633.42

Don't Miss This

Big free concert every night on the big elevated stage, corner River and Elk Streets. Singers, dancers, comedians, musicians, acrobates, fun makers clean, refined, polite, comic.

Free Free Free LAST BIG NIGHT

SATURDAY NIGHT

Speedoline
Increases Power of Motor, Saves 25 to 40 Per Cent of Gasoline, Removes Carbon, Increases Mileage, Prolongs Life of Motor

Speedoline

This scientific preparation gives increased power to gasoline motor engines, removes carbon from the combustion chambers and valves and prevents its further formation, and reduces the gasoline consumption more than one-fourth. It is an indispensable necessity for every automobile owner. It makes three quarts of gasoline run your car further than a gallon of plain gasoline will run it. One quart of Speedoline costs only \$1.50 and will treat about 160 gallons of gasoline and make it give more mileage than 213 gallons of plain gasoline, thus saving you more than 53 gallons of gas to more than \$13.00 that one quart of Speedoline will save you, beside removing carbon from your motor and giving you improved service. When you eliminate carbon from your motor you are rid of 75 per cent of your motor troubles, and the improved service you will get and the smoothness with which your motor will run will surprise you. It is worth many times its cost for this alone, to say nothing of the large gasoline saving.

Beware of Imitations

Speedoline has been put to the severest tests and in every instance its merits have been proven. You can use it with the satisfaction of knowing it is safe, sure and economical. Speedoline is the only preparation of the kind on the market whose manufacturers stand back of it with a One Hundred Dollar Reward if it doesn't make good. We make this offer payable to any one who can prove that Speedoline will not do what we claim for it or that it will in any way injure the finest motor or carburetor, because we know Speedoline has all the merit we claim for it. Beware of Imitations!

Speedoline is guaranteed to do all we claim for it and not to contain any acids, ether, or any ingredient that is harmful to a motor or carburetor.

Speedoline works equally as well in stationary gasoline engines, motorcycles, tractors and railroad motor cars, as it does in an automobile.

\$100 DOLLARS REWARD

The Speedoline Company will pay the above reward to any one who can prove that Speedoline will not do what we claim for it, or that it will in any way injure the finest motor.

Manistique Supply Co.

County Agent
For Sale by all Live Dealers

First National Bank
(ESTABLISHED MAY 21, 1900)
Manistique, Michigan

CAPITAL, SURPLUS AND PROFITS, \$ 70,000.00
Resources, Over - - - - - 500,000.00

Invites Business and Personal Accounts
Interest Bearing Certificates Issued

MONEY TO LOAN ON GOOD SECURITY

Farm Mortgage Loans negotiated, bought and sold. Collections made. Travelers checks issued, payable anywhere in U. S. or Canada. Money remitted to Foreign countries.

SAFETY DEPOSIT BOXES

Banking Hours 9:00 a.m. to 3:00 p.m.
Saturdays 9:00 a.m. to 12:00 m.
Saturday Evenings 6:30 p.m. to 8:00 p.m.

GOLDBERG'S SALE STABLE
In New Quarters

You will find us now one-half block west of Postoffice in Dr. Seller's old barn. Another carload of horses received. Fresh carload of horses this week. Farm mares at a bargain.

Bargains in Horses

Bass are Biting
For your week-end trip motor to
Dickinson's Resort
at Uno, Mich.
Special Sunday Dinner