3. COST OF OPERATIONS (CONT'D.):

b. Yearly Cost:

		1958	1957		
Account	Amount	Per Ton/Product	Amount	Per Ton/Product	
Unloading	26,837.84	.074	73,255.65	.149	
Drying	69,105.49	.190	45,089.18	.092	
Screening and Crushing	22,176.95	.061	48,288.18	.098	
Heavy Media	12,991.86	.036	31,825.45	.065	
Stocking Expense	381.15	.001	8,664.38	.018	
Other Direct Plant Expense	49,292.62	.136	93,692.86	.191	
Allocated Expense	43,875.72	.121	50,434.16	.102	
Screening Tests	10,787.10	.030			
Cost of Production	235,448.73	.649	351,249.86	.715	
Freight - Mines to Plant	25,019.44	.069	39,770.36	.081	
Advalorem Taxes	17,030.41	.047	2,777.50	.006	
Depreciation	6,721.75	.019	182,949.02	.373	
Shipping Expense	16,933.78	.047	21,743.64	.044	
Total Cost at Plant	301,154.11	.831	598,490.38	1.219	

4. HOURLY OPERATING RATES - 1958 SEASON:

Because of the very intermittent operating schedule during the 1958 season no intelligent record of delays based on a percentage of operating time could be tabulated and none has therefore been included in this report.

Delays which interfered with production were noted as they occurred and will be referred to and the causes thereof will be eliminated insofar as possible during the winter repair program.

5. LABOR AND WAGES:

a. Comments:

Employees of the Ore Improvement Plant did not affiliate with the AFL - CIO Steelworkers during the 1958 season. The job descriptions and classifications presently in force between Cleveland-Cliffs and the Steelworker's union at all other properties were used as standard at the plant. The same \$.07 per hour general increase; the \$.002 per job increment; and the \$.12 additional per hour cost of living adjustment granted the Steelworker's union in 1958 was extended to plant employees.

There were no grievances submitted as such. Differences were settled in conference between the employee himself, his supervisor, and the mill foreman or the plant superintendent. Relations were basically very friendly and the efforts exerted by all personnel were commendable.

10

5. LABOR AND WAGES (CONT'D.):

b. Report of Vacations Paid:

A total of nineteen employees were eligible for vacation pay in 1958. They were paid a total of \$3,100.88.

c. Statement of Production and Wages:

Product - Concentrates	362,522
Number of Days Operated	92
Average Daily Product - Tons	3,940
Average Number of Men Employed	30
Product Per Man Per Day	116.42
Average Wages Per Man Per Day	22.07
Total Amount Paid for Labor	\$ 104,923.38
Labor Cost Per Ton	0.289

d. Annual Statement of Labor:

Mine Payroll	Stat. Men	Hours	Amount	Avg. Rate
Straight Time Overtime Afternoon Differential Night Differential Holiday Allowance Holiday Worked - Premium Time	25‡	38,359 1,043 7,344 3,781 1,088 8	100,258.65 1,473.08 584.38 455.88 2,879.93 25.70	2.614 1.411 .080 .121 2.647 3.213
Sub Total	254	38,3594	105,677.62	2.755
Vacation Pay Accrual Sunday Premium Total Hourly Employees Average Job Class	25‡	268 38,359‡	3,100.88 <u>172.58</u> 108,951.08	.644 2.840 10.19
Salaried - Mine Payroll - Straight Time Total Mine Payroll	14 2512	552 38,911‡	2,060.00	3.732
General Payroll Salaried - Straight Time Labor from Other Mines Total Labor	2 4 4 324	4,167 6,118 49,196 1	16,487.00 21,235.90 148,733.98	3.957 <u>3.471</u> 3.023
Distributed as Follows: Idle Expense Operating Plant Uncompleted Construction Other Mines Other Accounts	6 1610 7000	9,074 24,912 11,283 1,397 2,529	37,970.13 66,953.25 33,207.41 4,181.44 6,421.75	4.184 2.688 2.943 2.993 2.539
Grand Total as Above	321	49,1964	148,733.98	3.023

198

6. ORE STRUCTURES - PRODUCT:

a. Group I Structure:

The structure listed below is approximate and represents a composite of several studies taken at the dryer screen during the operating season.

Size	% Wt.	Cuml. % Wt.	% Fe
+3/4"	.20	.20	55.60
+1/2"	3.30	3.50	56.50
+1/4"	26.12	29.62	59.00
+6 Mesh	15.00	44.62	59.50
-6 Mesh	55.38	100.00	59.90
Head	100.00		59.48

b. Group II Structure:

The structure listed below represents a composite of samples taken during the 1958 operating season.

Size	% Wt.	Cuml. % Wt.	% Fe	% Phos.	% SiO2	% Sul.
+1-1/2"	7.99	7.99	60.65	.076	7.48	.010
+1"	16.44	24.43	60.15	.086	8.72	.102
+3/4"	15.63	40.06	60.10	.190	8.42	.030
+1/2"	26.82	66.88	60.05	.091	8.56	.016
+3/8"	10.78	77.66	60.60	.106	8.24	.016
+3M	4.66	82.32	60.10	.096	8.36	.040
+6M	3.22	85.54	59.95	.102	8.82	.020
+8M	1.75	87.29	59.40	.107	9.48	.020
+10M	1.55	88.84	58.35	.101	9.16	.019
+14M	1.20	90.04	58.30	.103	9.22	.019
+20M	.81	90.85	58.05	.098	9.30	.027
+28M	1.02	91.87	58.20	.107	9.26	.017
+35M	.59	92.46	58.00	.107	9.98	.017
+48M	1.25	93.71	57.90	.100	10.20	.017
+65M	.73	94.44	57.80	.100	10.04	.047
+100M	•95	95.39	59.70	.098	8.26	.033
-100M	4.61	100.00	61.70	.085	6.46	.017
Total	100.00		60.10	.108	8.43	.034

7. ACCIDENTS AND PERSONAL INJURY:

a. Accident Statistics:

No. of Fatalities 0	
No. of Compensable Injuries 0	
No. of Non-Compensable Injuries 0	
Days Lost Compensable Injuries 0	
Days Lost - Non-Compensable Injuries 0	
Frequency Rate 0	
Severity Rate 0	
Average No. of Days Lost Per Injury 0	3
Position Rating (Independent Units) 3	

199

b. Compensable Injuries:

There were no compensable injuries at the Ore Improvement Plant during 1958.

8. TAXES:

a. Comparative Statement of Taxes:

		1957		
NEGAUNEE TOWNSHIP	Valuation	Taxes	Valuation	Taxes
Real Estate Personal Property	385,000 105,000	11,023.90 3,006.51	110,000	2,777.50
Total	490,000	14,030.41	110,000	2,777.50

9. PROPOSED NEW EQUIPMENT AND CONSTRUCTION:

a. Purchase a Model 40 Gaffner Loader.

b. No. 2 Unloading Pocket Replacement.

- c. Crusher Section Feeders.
- d. New pocket for Classifier Sands.
- e. Replace Media Sumps and Raise Screens.
- f. Convert and repower No. 2 Conveyor to 36".
- g. New Conveyor Scales.
- h. Overhead Shop Crane.
- i. Electrify Crusher Section Overhead Crane.
- j. Move Substation and Provide Power Outlet for Shovel Stocking Ground.
- k. Speed Up and Raise Discharge End of No. 17 Conveyor.

AGNEW MINE

200

ANNUAL REPORT

YEAR 1958

1. GENERAL

Cancellation notices of the lease as of December 31, 1957, were revoked and this lease extended to December 31, 1960. Minimums were waived for this period.

All Cleveland-Cliffs' title and interest in the wooden bridge over and across the Oliver approach tracks and right-of-way were assigned to the South Agnew Mining Company by various documents in April, 1958.

Buildings were dismantled and removed by the Dickovich Construction Company. The shaft was enclosed with a fence.

The South Agnew Mining Company (M. A. Hanna) produced and shipped no trespass ore from the open pit under terms of the Agnew-South Agnew cross mining agreement. The South Agnew Mining Company was granted a license to use a roadway from the bridge south to the South Agnew property.

2. ESTIMATE of ORE RESERVES as of DECEMBER 31, 1958

Based on Estimated	Production
Open Pit	Reserves
<u>NE-NE 11-57-21</u>	12-31-58
Merch	24,423
Wash	1,908
	26,331

Open Pit Ore Hanna Trespass on Agnew Based on Joint Estimate by CCI & Hanna

<u>NE-NE 11-57-21</u>	Tons	Iron	Phos	Silica	Mang	Alum
Merch	24,423	55.75	.050	11.00	.60	1.50
Wash	1,908	55.45	.052	11.88	.33	1.48
	26,331	55.73	.050	11.06	.58	1.50

Agnew Mine Annual Report Year 1958 Page Two

3. TAXES

	1958		1	.957	Increase-Decrease	
Real Estate	Assessed Value	Taxes	Assessed Value	Taxes	Assessed Value	Taxes
Mineral	\$10,691	\$1,980.08	\$10,890	\$1,879.40	-\$ 199	/ \$100.68
Lands	401	74.28	2,584	445.96	- 2,183	- 371.68
	\$11,092	\$2,054.36	\$13,474	\$2,325.36	-\$2,382	-\$271.00
Average Mill Rate		185.21	17	2.58	+	7.32

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SAL PADICONTINIT

Note: Increased mill rate of 7.32 per cent offset some reduction due to removal of buildings and machinery.

ALWORTH LAND RESERVE

ANNUAL REPORT

YEAR 1958

1. GENERAL

Cancellation notices of the lease as of December 31, 1957, were revoked and this lease extended to December 31, 1960. Minimums were waived for this period. This extension was executed at the request of Rhude & Fryberger who acquired the interests of Rhude-Gilbert in May, 1958.

All rights to use a vehicular road from the Agnew bridge across the Alworth property and into Hibbing were cancelled to Oliver Iron Mining Division who in turn transferred the same rights to the South Agnew Mining Company.

The Great Northern Railway asked for an extension of their license for access to a gravel stockpile on the Alworth.

2. PRODUCTION-SHIPMENTS-INVENTORIES

a. Production & Shipments

No production by Rhude & Fryberger from the Alworth Open Pit in 1958.

b. Tonnage & Analysis of Ore Produced & Shipped

Scranton Trespass-Alworth Open Pit

Ore	Tons	Iron	Phos	Silica	Mang	Alum	Moist	Iron Natural
Concts	and the second	56.86	.043	10.61 <u>8.00</u> 8.10	.47	.62	11.01	49.17 50.60 50.54

Hoyt Mining Company indicates that there will be no production from the Alworth in 1959.

3. ESTIMATE of ORE RESERVES as of DECEMBER 31, 1958

<u>N¹/₂-NW¹/₄ 12-57-21</u>	Reserve	Mined	Reserve
	12-31-57	1958	12-31-58
Alworth Lease	194,750	61,471	133,279

Alworth Land Reserve Annual Report Year 1958 Page Two

Estimated Analysis of Ore Reserves

Merch <u>N¹/₂-NW¹/₄ 12-57-21</u>	Tons	Iron	Phos	Silica	Mang	Alum
Bessemer	54,574	55.80	.037	9.70	0.31	0.56
Non-Bessemer	78,705	57.40	.101	8.10	1.15	2.53
	133,279	56.70	.075	8.80	0.81	1.72

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4. TAXES

	The states	1958		1957	Increase-Decrease		
<u>Real Estate</u>	Assessed Value	Taxes	Assessed Value	Taxes	Assessed Value	Taxes	
Mineral Land Buildings, Mach, Accts	\$ 98,319 2,667 Rec. 5,289	\$26,696.56 724.17 1,436.13	\$160,411 2,667 5,288	\$39,918.28 663.68 1,315.92	-\$62,092 ≠ 1	-\$13,221.72 <i>4</i> 60.49 <i>4</i> 120.21	
	\$106,275	\$28,856.86	\$168,366	\$41,897.88	-\$62,091	-\$13,041.02	
Average Mill Rate		271.53	21	+8.85	49	•11	

Total distributed as follows:

Alworth Underground	\$ 4,220.67
Pickands Mather & Company (not reimbursed?)	9,856.00
Rhude-Gilbert	13,431.50
Oliver Iron Mining Division U S Steel	1,348.69
	\$28,856.86

CANISTEO MINE ANNUAL REPORT YEAR 1958

1. GENERAL

With the exception of E&A work, the Canisteo mine was on a standby basis from December 27, 1957, until April 7, 1958, when limited crews were recalled for pit and plant equipment repair which continued until the start of ore operations. E&A projects consisted of:

- 1. Installation of rock pocket at screening plant.
- 2. Remodeling of concentrate stockpiling system.
- Installation of additional tailings pumps at fine ore plant.
 Resheeting of washing plant.
- 5. Remodeling of pit service garage.

The last two projects (Items 4 and 5) were contracted to Abe Mathews Engineering Company.

Effective January 20, all hourly employees were scheduled on a 4-dayweek basis and continued on this schedule for the remainder of the year; effective January 16, all salary (non-exempt) employees were placed on a 36-hour week.

Shipment of ore from stockpile was started April 28 and continued intermittently throughout the season to November 21, depleting the 1957 stockpile on August 7.

Ore operations started May 26 on a 2-shift, 4-day-week schedule which continued until September 29 when a 3-shift. 4-day-week schedule went into effect and continued until shutdown of operations on November 4. In order to meet ore demands, the mine actually operated on a 5-day-week basis during the last month of the operating season.

1,494,083 tons of crude ore (including 101,996 tons of screen rock) were mined. In addition, 17,870 tons of pit rock, lean ore, and cleanup were moved during mining.

Operating the same schedule as the pit, the main concentrating plant received 1,392,087 tons of crude ore and produced 538,604 tons of concentrates. The fine ore plant received 691,938 tons of current tailings to produce 62,149 tons of fine ore concentrates. No basin tails were treated.

205

At the close of the ore season, pit operations were immediately diverted to truck stripping on a 2-shift-per-week schedule. <u>465,467</u> cubic yards of stripping were removed under E&A No. <u>CC-972</u> by December 10. Crews and pit equipment were then transferred to the Sally mine where stripping operations were continued.

Necessary plant equipment repairs were started after the end of the ore season and continued throughout the remainder of the year.

During January, February, and April of 1958, experimental work was conducted with several makes of rotary and down-the-hole drills for blasthole drilling. All types of material were drilled and records were kept on general operation and operating rates of the drills. With the aid of this information, a Reich Model 750 combination rotary and down-the-hole drill was ordered on November 25, equipped to drill 7-1/2 inch holes. Delivery is expected during the first week of February, 1959.

The Henry Schultz Drilling Company drilled two structure drill holes in the Canisteo pit for a total of <u>354</u> feet.

2. PRODUCTION-SHIPMENTS-INVENTORIES

a. Production by Grades

E

Crude	Retreat	Wash	Total
Snyder Bovey	389,093	13,231	389,093 741,897
Hemmens	261,097	1),2)1	261,097
S. S. S. S.	1,378,856	13,231	1,392,087

	ALL STY	Wash	Retreat		Overflow		San Street Real
Concts	Bess	Non-Bess	Bess	Non-Bess	Bess	Non-Bess	Total
Snyder Bovey Hemmens	3,356	1,975	48,403 29,620 8,975	106,346 256,046 83,883	1,221	13,423 38,044 9,461	168,172 330,262 102,319
	3,356	1,975	86,998	446,275	1,221	60,928	600,753

b. Shipments by Grades

25-25 MAD LOOK

	Page 1	The second			B. Hatas	All the second	5	Stockpil	es	る。行きの見ばは
	Shills Shink	Wash	Ret	reat	Ov	verflow	1958		1957	
Ore	Bess	Non-Bess	Bess	Non-Bess	Bess	Non-Bess	Non Bess	Bess	Non-Bess	Total
Snyder Bovey Hemmens Canisteo	3,355	1,976	37,761 22,326 7,891	61,741 179,395 58,729	1,221	13,423 38,044 9,461	65 202	10.020	10 027	112,925 246,317 76,081
Junisveo	3,355	1,976	67,978	299,865	1,221	60,928	<u>65,303</u> 65,303	19,020	42,837	562,483

c. Stockpile Inventories

Retreat Concentrates	Tons
Snyder	35,893
Bovey	47,605
Hemmens	16,055
and the second second second second	99,553

d. Production by Months

		Cr	ude		
Month	Wash <u>Bovey</u>	Snyder	Retreat Hemmens	Bovey	Total
May June July Aug Sept Oct Nov	13,231 13,231	389,093 389,093	177,073 71,188 12,836 261,097	44,571 159,975 154,361 144,945 77,663 98,516 <u>48,635</u> 728,666	44,571 159,975 167,592 144,945 254,736 558,797 <u>61,471</u> 1,392,087

207

d. Production by Months

Concentrates

41	Bovey			Sn	nyder	Hemmens		いたいで
Month	Wash	Retreat	Overflow	Retreat	Overflow	Retreat	Overflow	Total
May June July Aug Sept Oct Nov	5,454 -123	18,546 58,413 57,811 55,879 33,467 37,797 23,753	226 7,909 10,241 8,996 3,809 5,111 2,973	268 153,653 828	13,444 -21	44 61,243 26,315 5,256	6,954 1,691 816	18,772 66,322 73,506 65,064 105,473 238,011 33,605
1-1-1	5,331	285,666	39,265	154,749	13,423	92,858	9,461	600,753

3. ANALYSIS

a. Crude Ore Produced

Crude Ore	Tons	Iron	Silica
Snyder Retreat	389,093	42.32	34.94
Bovey Wash	13,231	48.75	25.99
Bovey Retreat	728,666	44.73	29.73
Hemmens Retreat	261,097	42.25	32.49
	1.392.087	43.63	31.67

b. Concentrates Produced

Concentrates	Tons	Iron	Phos	Silica	Mang	Alum	Moisture
<u>Snyder</u> Bessemer Retreat Non-Bess Retreat Non-Bess Overflow	106,346	57.77	.053		.32	.49	7.37 7.81 7.92

Canisteo Mine
Annual Report
Year 1958
Page 5

Concentrates	Tons	Iron	Phos	Silica	Mang	Alum	Moisture
Bovey Bessemer Wash Non-Bess Wash Bessemer Retreat Non-Bess Retreat Bessemer Overflow	3,356 1,975 29,620 256,046 1,221	59.74 59.01 57.87 57.47 58.37	.040 .048 .045 .083 .039	8.46 9.25 11.43 11.03 11.88	.48 .60 .39 .39 .20	•47 •47 •56 •59 •61	6.14 6.81 6.80 6.44 6.65
Non-Bess Overflow	38,044	58.74	.049	11.49	.28	.59	6.78
Hemmens Bessemer Retreat Non-Bess Retreat Non-Bess Overflow	8,975 83,883 9,461	56.69 55.81 56.52	.038 .056 .040	12.00 12.31 12.78	•47 •79 •49	•69 •76 •84	7.73 7.60 8.26
	600,753	57.47	.064	11.32	.42	.60	7.04

計画の創作

SCONTENT.

c. Tonnage & Complete Analysis of Concentrates Shipped

Concentrates	Tons	Iron	Phos	Silica	Mang	Alum	Lime	Mag	Sulf	Ign Loss	Moist
The state of the state of the				- Allerade					S. Carl		
Snyder	Section Section			Statistics	1.1.1			10.23	Arrest and a		ANT STATES
Bessemer Retreat	37,761	58.93	.042	9.92	.25	.56	.20	.14	.014	4.45	7.56
Non-Bess Retreat	61,741	58.02	.053	10.73	•34	.48	.20	.14	.014	4.87	7.70
Non-Bess Overflow	13,423	56.71	.034	14.26	.27	•53	.20	.14	.014	3.31	7.92
Poway				1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1					1.46.74	Carl Star	
Bovey Bessemer Wash	3,355	50 71	010	016	10	177			011	1 50	(11
Non-Bess Wash	1,976	59.74	.040	8.46	-48	•47	.20	.14	.014	4.52	6.14
Bessemer Retreat	22,326	59.01 57.87	.048	9.25	.60	•47	.20	.14	.014	4.58	6.81
Non-Bess Retreat	179,395	57.51	.045	11.56	.42 .40	.52	.20	.14	.014	4.12	6.84
Bessemer Overflow	1,221	58.37	.039	11.88	.20	•57 •61	.20	.14	.014	5.16	6.38
Non-Bess Overflow	38,044	58.74	.049	11.49	.28	.59	.20	•14 •14	.014	3.32	6.65
NON DOOD OVOILION	J0,044	20.14	•047	11.047	•20	• > 7	•20	•14	.014	5.07	0.10
Hemmens											
Bessemer Retreat	7,891	56.53	.037	12.13	.49	.69	.12	.18	.027	5.24	7.87
Non-Bess Retreat	58,729	55.74	.054	12.15	.95	.77	.12	.18	.027	5.57	7.66
Non-Bess Overflow	9,461	56.52	.040	12.78	.49	.84	.12	.18	.027	4.45	8.26
									1		
Canisteo Stockpile	12 11 1 10 3 1										
Bessemer-1957	19,020	57.87	.046	11.04	.31	.68	.12	.20	.014	4.65	6.69
Non-Bessemer-1957	42,837	57.34	.063	11.66	.32	.75	.12	.20	.014	4.67	7.02
Non-Bessemer-1958	65,303	57.24	.071	11.48	•33	.61	.12	.20	.014	5.05	6.85
	562,483	57.51	.064	11.26	.41	.61	.17	.16	.016	4.81	6.99
	A CONTRACTOR OF	a	States 1	Contraction of the second	Contraction of	List States	10.000	216221	1443333	CEL ANTER	

Canisteo Mine Annual Report Year 1958 Page 6

d. Mine Analysis of Ore in Stockpile

Retreat Ore	Tons	Iron	Phos	Silica	Mang	Alum	Moisture
Snyder Bovey Hemmens	35,893 47,605 <u>16,055</u> 99,553	57.47 55.29	.081	12.08 11.15 <u>13.37</u> 11.84	•27 •38 •49 •36	.47 .64 .82 .61	8.22 6.43 <u>7.78</u> 7.29

4. ESTIMATE OF ORE RESERVES

a. Developed Ore - Factors Used

Concentrates	Cubic Feet	Per Ton	Per	Cent Recovery
Wash	14	A. Same		47
Retreat	14			32

b. Ore Reserves as of December 31, 1958

Lease	Reserve <u>12-31-57</u>	Mined 1958	Balance after Mining	Changed by Re-estimate	Reserve <u>12-31-58</u>
Bovey Snyder Hemmens	1,151,349 857,069 <u>1,193,572</u> 3,201,990	330,262 168,172 <u>102,319</u> 600,753	821,087 688,897 <u>1,091,253</u> 2,601,237	/191,097 / 4,169 / 45,548 /240,814	1,012,184 693,066 <u>1,136,801</u> 2,842,051

c. Estimated Analysis of Ore Reserves

	Concentrates	Tons	Iron	Phos	Silica
Bovey	and the second second				
Wash	and the second strategies	58,978	58.80	.030	8.90
Bessemer Retreat		216,667	58.70	.100	8.30
Bessemer Retreat		231,205	56.50	.028	11.50
Non-Bessemer Retreat		505,334	56.80	.090	10.70
		1,012,184	57.30	.074	10.30

Canis	steo	Mine
Annua	al Re	sport
Year	1958	3
Page	7	1.1.1.1

Concentrates	Tons	Iron	Phos	Silica
<u>Snyder</u>	220,391	61.10	•037	8.60
Bessemer Wash	321,406	61.10	•055	8.10
Non-Bessemer Wash	61,524	57.70	•033	11.60
Bessemer Retreat	<u>89,745</u>	58.20	•055	<u>10.90</u>
Non-Bessemer Retreat	693,066	60.40	•048	8.90
<u>Hemmens</u>	263,254	59.50	.027	9.30
Bessemer Wash	139,489	58.50	.047	9.00
Non-Bessemer Wash	396,837	56.90	.030	11.70
Bessemer Retreat	<u>337,221</u>	<u>56.90</u>	.060	<u>11.70</u>
Non-Bessemer Retreat	1,136,801	57.70	.040	10.80
<u>Mine Totals</u>	542,623	60.10	.031	9.00
Bessemer Wash	<u>677,562</u>	<u>59.80</u>	.068	<u>8.30</u>
Non-Bessemer Wash	1,220,185	59.90	.052	8.60
Bessemer Retreat Non-Bessemer Retreat	689,566 <u>932,300</u> 1,621,866	56.80 57.00 56.90	.030 .076 .060	11.60 <u>11.10</u> 11.30
Total Bessemer	1,220,185	58.20	.030	10.50
Total Non-Bessemer	<u>1,621,866</u>	58.20	.072	<u>9.90</u>
Total Mine	2,842,051	58.20	.054	10.20

5. Labor & Wages

a. Comments

Labor relations during the year were generally quite satisfactory. No grievances were processed at the Canisteo mine in 1958.

Wage and fringe benefits increased at various times throughout the year as follows:

Effective January 1, 1958: \$0.05 per hour cost-of-living.
 Effective July 1, 1958: \$0.04 per hour cost-of-living.
 Effective July 1, 1958: \$0.07 per job class general increase plus \$0.002 per job in-

crement raise.

210

Canisteo Mine Annual Report Year 1958 Page 8

4. Effective July 1, 1958:	Double time and one-quarter (2.25) for
	holidays worked. Time and one-quarter (1.25) premium pay for Sundays worked.
5 Effective 1059.	One half week out no weestion now for

Effective 1958: One-half week extra vacation pay for men with 3 to 5, 10 to 15, and 25 or more years service.

b. Comparative Statement of Production & Wages

		<u>1958</u>	<u>1957</u>
and a state	Production-tons	600,753	436,694
	Number of Days Operated	79	96
	Number of Shifts Operated	169.5	140
	Average Product per Shift	3,544	3,196
	Average Number of Men Employed	129	142
22	Tons per Man per Day	48.77	55.70
	Average Wages Paid per Day	\$25.34	\$24.64
2	Total Amount of Labor	\$279,889.88	\$241,516.57
1	Labor Cost per Ton	\$0.466	\$0.553

6. GENERAL SURFACE

a. Buildings & Repairs

No new buildings were constructed in 1958 and repairs were minor.

b. Roads, Transmission Lines, etc.

None.

c. Miscellaneous General Construction

<u>E&A No. CC-936</u>: Resheeting of the washing plant contracted to Abe Mathews Engineering Company. Project started November 28, 1957, and completed January 31, 1958. Actual cost: <u>\$24,109</u>.

<u>E&A No. CC-937</u>: Remodeling pit service garage; building was raised 2 feet and new doors installed under contract by Abe Mathews Engineering Company. Project started January and completed February, 1958. Actual cost: \$4,880.

E&A No. CC-941: Remodeling of concentrate stockpiling system to replace 24-inch equipment with 36-inch equipment on the trailing conveyor. Work done by mine crews. Stripping conveyor equipment used. Project started December, 1957; completed April, 1958. Actual cost: <u>\$15,190</u>.

<u>E&A No. CC-952</u>: Installation of screening plant rock pocket. Work done by mine crews. Project started January and completed April, 1958. Actual cost: \$23,953.

<u>E&A No. CC-960</u>: Installation of additional tailings pumps at the fine ore plant. Work done by mine crews. Project started March and completed May, 1958. Actual cost: \$40,204.

7. OPEN PIT

a. Stripping

Stripping under E&A No. <u>CC-972</u> started November 4 with 2 shovels and 13 to 14 trucks. A 20-shift-per-week schedule effective November 9 continued until December 10 when crews and equipment were transferred to the Sally. Most of the material moved was surface overburden from the North Bovey forties. All of the material was used to raise and reinforce tailings dykes.

<u>E&A No. CC-972</u>: authorized expenditure of $\frac{\$142,450}{\$142,450}$ for removal of <u>370,000</u> cubic yards at $\frac{\$0.385}{\$0.385}$. By December 10, <u>465,467</u> cubic yards were moved at a rate of <u>4,874</u> yards per shift and a cost of $\frac{\$0.369}{\$0.369}$ a yard, for a total expenditure of $\frac{\$171,867}{\$171,867}$. A supplemental E&A in the amount of $\frac{\$77,000}{\$77,000}$ to cover an additional <u>200,000</u> cubic yards justified increased tonnage produced at the Canisteo in 1958 and the anticipated increase in tonnage in 1959.

b. Open Pit Mining

The 1958 ore season started May 26 on a 2-shift, 4-day-week schedule which remained in effect until September 29 when a 3-shift, 4-day-week schedule went into effect and continued until shutdown on November 4. Because of the demand for ore, operations were actually conducted on a 5-day week during October and November.

The pit operated <u>169.5</u> shifts to produce <u>1,494,083</u> tons of crude ore which included <u>101,996</u> tons of screen rock. <u>17,870</u> tons of pit rock, cleanup, and lean material were also moved. <u>1,511,953</u> tons were removed from the pit at an average rate of <u>8,920</u> tons per shift.

Gross crude removed from the various leases is shown below and includes 300,082 tons of crude ore mined from lean ore stockpiles:

Lease	Tons
Bovey	811,081
Hemmens	276,411
Snyder	406,591
	1.494.083

<u>Bovey:</u> Ore was produced from North Bovey forties and from Bovey lean ore stockpiles. Since Sally ore could be mixed with Bovey ore at the Canisteo, a considerable tonnage of low grade Bovey ore was absorbed.

Hemmens: Orewas mined in the upper horizon along the Hemmens-Walker line.

<u>Snyder</u>: Practically all of the ore came from the West Snyder forty. A small amount of ore was also mined in the bottom of the East Snyder forty and from lean ore stockpiles.

c. Pumping & Drainage

Automatic pumping equipment continues to operate satisfactorily. Mine water pumped out of the pit flows north and eventually enters Prairie River. About <u>2610</u> gallons a minute were pumped from the pit at a cost of 0.039 per ton of concentrates.

8. BENEFICIATION

a. Plant Operation

Operating on the same schedule as the pit, the concentrating plant received 1,392,087 tons of crude ore and produced 538,604 tons of standard concentrates at an average rate of 3178 tons a shift and a weight recovery of 38.69 per cent of plant crude and 36.01 per

213

cent of pit crude. The standard concentrates were made up of 5,331 tons of wash and 533,273 tons of retreat.

Operating the same schedule as the washing plant, the Heavy-Media plant received <u>374,421</u> tons of feed and produced <u>244,037</u> tons of concentrates at a weight recovery of <u>65.18</u> per cent. Coarse tailings from the Heavy-Media plant totalled <u>130,384</u> tons.

The fine ore plant operated on the same schedule as the main plant. No tailings basin material was treated. $\underline{62,149}$ tons of concentrates were produced from $\underline{631,938}$ tons of current tailings at an average rate of $\underline{378}$ tons per shift. Weight recovery was $\underline{8.98}$ per cent of the current tailings and $\underline{4.46}$ per cent of net crude.

The scrubber unit installed in the main concentrating plant in 1957 was in operation practically 100 per cent of the time during 1958, resulting in a very definite improvement in the grade of concentrates. While some loss in recovery was experienced, a part of this loss was made up by increased production from the fine ore plant.

To eliminate some of the coarse high silica material from the fine ore plant product, a 3x8 Derrick screen was installed to scalp off this material, most of which came from the first two pockets of the sizers. The screen was installed on an experimental basis and was removed at the end of the operating season. Test data is being compiled by the Research Department. Further experimental work with another type of screen is to be conducted during the 1959 operating season.

During the operating season it was necessary to stockpile 164,856 tons of concentrates. Of this amount 65,303 tons were shipped from stockpile, leaving a balance of 99,553 tons in stock on January 1, 1959.

Of the total standard concentrates produced, 45.16 per cent were split coarse and fine. Of the split ore, 61.34 per cent was coarse and 38.66 per cent fine concentrates.

Concentration data for 1958 is as follows:

Canisteo Mine Annual Report Year 1958 Page 12

				Per Cent			
		Per	Cent	10.000	1.12	A. A.	Iron
Wash Product	Tons	Plant	Pit	Iron	Phos	Silica	Units
Crude to Plant	13,231	100.00	94.22	48.75		25.99	
Screen Plant Rock	812		5.78	28.43	1.1.1.1.1.	54.19	
Pit Crude ;	14,043	3.1.2.9	100.00	47.90		27.16	
Wash Concentrates Produced	5,331	40.29	37.96	58.35	.049	10.53	
Total Concentrates Produced & Shipped	5,331	40.29	37.96	58.35	.049		
Total Fine Tailings (by difference)	7,900	59.70	56.26	39.45		40.97	1.42
Retreat Product							
Crude to Plant	1,378,856	100.00	92.43	44.88		31.21	
Pit Rock	11,780		.79	25.12		58.87	
Screen Plant Rock	101,184		6.78	25.70		58.50	10.00
Pit Crude	1,491,820		100.00	43.51	Sec.	33.15	100 41
Concentrates Produced	532,699	38.63	35.71	57.39	.070	11.21	
Stockpile Overrun	574	Same Call	all a second				
Total Concentrates Produced & Shipped	533,273	38.68	35.75		.070	11.21	Sec. 1-
Heavy-Media Concentrates	244,037	17.69	A STATE OF A	57.49		10.49	
Heavy-Media Rejects	130,384	9.46	8.74	38.00	1000	37.39	
Heavy-Media Feed	374,421			52.72		17.12	1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1
Total Fine Tailings (by difference)	715,199	51.87	47.94	36.23		45.82	
Fine Ore Plant	Constanting of the		And And And				
Crude to Plant	691,938	100.00		31.41		50.44	
Total Concentrates Produced & Shipped	62,149	8.98		58.33	.046	11.92	
Total Fine Tailings (by difference)	629,789	91.02		28.53	-	54.56	
		A SUMPLY	Contract of				

Following is a brief classification of delay time at the beneficiation plants:

Source of Delay	Hours	Per Cent of Total <u>Working Hours</u>
Washing Plant		
Out of Ore	•75	0.06
Screen Plant Machines	9.50	0.70
Plant Pocket & Rock Chute	11.00	0.81
Electric Power	6.75	0.50

Source of Delay	Hours	Per Cent of Total Working Hours
Pump & Pipelines Washing Plant Machines Conveyors	.50 7.50 <u>14.00</u> 50.00	0.04 0.55 <u>1.03</u> 3.69
Retreat Plant		
Electric Power Heavy-Media Plant Machines Pumps & Pipelines	1.00 1.75 1.50 4.25	0.07 0.13 <u>0.11</u> 0.31
Fine Ore Plant	ara.	
Electric Power Due to Washing Plant Out of Cars Pumps Tailings Line	6.25 18.25 37.75 66.75 <u>4.00</u> 133.00	0.47 1.39 2.88 5.07 <u>0.30</u> 10.11

9. MAINTENANCE & REPAIRS

All pit and plant equipment repair was suspended from December 27, 1957, until April 7, 1958, when a limited crew was recalled to repair both pit and plant equipment prior to the start of the ore season on May 26.

10. COST of PRODUCTION

a. Comparative Mining Costs

	1957	1958		
Product	Actual Cost	Budget	Actual Cost	
Wash Concentrates	8		5,331	
Retreat Concentrates	373,981	383,000	533,273	
Fine Ore Concentrates	60,261	42,000	62,149	
Direct Ore	2,444		Sales Production	
	436,694	425,000	600,753	
TO A TRANSPORT OF A DESCRIPTION OF A DATA STREET, THE COLOR OF A DATA STREET, AND A STREET, AND A DATA STREET, AND A STREET			The second se	

	1957	1958		
Product	Actual Cost	Budget	Actual Cost	
Per Cent Gross Crude Recovery Average Product Per Shift	39.37 3,456	38.64	40.21	
Tons per Man per Day Days Operated	44.61 96		48.77 79	
Costs				
Pit Operating	\$0.261	\$0.240	\$0.220	
Beneficiation	0.157	0.170	0.139	
Fine Ore Concentrating	0.924	0.850	0.713	
Loading Stockpile Ore	0.015	0.012	0.037	
Sampling & Analysis	0.029	0.029	0.026	
Safety & First Aid Supplies	0.002	0.003	0.001	
Employees Vacation Pay	0.040	0.052	0.051	
Personal Injury Expense	0.002	0.002	0.010	
Social Security Taxes	0.025	0.036	0.016	
	\$1.232	\$1.256	\$1.062	
General Mine Expense	0.199	0.254	0.150	
Winter & Idle	0.726	0.395	0.459	
Cost of Production	\$2.157	\$1.905	\$1.671	
Depreciation				
Plant & Equipment	0.263	Sector Sector	0.233	
Motorized Equipment	0.047		0.026	
Movable Equipment	0.012		0.006	
Amortization	and the part of the	and the second		
Leasehold	0.126		0.110	
Stripping	0.099			
Taxes				
Ad Valorem	0.332		0.202	
Occupational	0.504		0.416	
Royalty	0.048	A Barris	0.042	
Total Depreciation-Amortization-Taxes	\$1.431		\$1.035	
Royalty	0.338		0.330	
Total Cost on Cars	\$3.926		\$3.036	

b. Detailed Cost Comparison

<u>Over-all mining costs</u> of \$1.671 were \$0.234 under the budget of \$1.904—the main reason being increased rate of production. The net crude feed rate was increased from <u>962</u> tons per hour in 1957 to <u>1105</u> tons in 1958—an increase of about <u>15</u> per cent. While a considerable portion of the ore mined was low grade, most of the crude was soft ore containing a comparatively low percentage of rock and this accounted for the increased rate of production. As more of the rockier ores are encountered in the future, it will not be possible to maintain this rate of production. The fact that <u>600,753</u> tons of concentrates were produced from the Canisteo mine as compared to the original budget of <u>425,000</u> tons also had a favorable effect, particularly on overhead costs.

Pit Operating Costs: \$0.020 below the budget of \$0.240.

Beneficiation Costs: \$0.031 below the budget of \$0.170.

Fine Ore Concentration Costs: \$0.137 below the budget of \$0.850. An increased rate of production, accounted for in part by an increase in recovery, was the main reason for decreased costs.

Miscellaneous Pit & Beneficiation Costs: \$0.024 under the budget of \$0.134.

<u>General Mine Expense:</u> \$0.104 under the budget of \$0.254mainly because tonnage produced was about <u>40</u> per cent more than original estimate.

<u>Winter & Idle:</u> \$0.100 higher than budget of \$0.359. The combined Canisteo-Sally expenditure for Winter & Idle expense was \$363,477 as compared to the combined budget of \$255,050--an overexpenditure of \$108,427. Some of the factors contributing to increased Winter & Idle are: late start of ore season; an overexpenditure for month of May in amount of \$55,000 was not anticipated; increase in electric power rates raised costs by \$12,000; increased tonnage necessitated more plant equipment repairs than originally anticipated under a minimum repair program; and charging cost of repair parts, screen cloth, etc., required for the concentrating plant for the start of the 1959 ore season, under the 1958 Winter & Idle allowance.

11. EXPLORATION & FUTURE EXPLORATION

During 1958, the Henry Schultz Drilling Company drilled two holes in the Canisteo pit for a total of 354 feet. These two holes were drilled along the west side of the North Bovey forty to check the extent of the ore in this area. No appreciable change in ore reserves resulted from this drilling.

Additional drilling will be required along the east and south side of the pit on the Hemmens and South Bovey forties, and on the north side of the pit on the North Bovey forties before ultimate pit limits and actual reserves can be determined.

12. TAXES

	to the second	1958	A State of the	1957	Increase.	-Decrease
Real Estate	Assessed Value	Taxes	Assessed Value	Taxes	Assessed Value	Taxes
Mineral Land,Buildings,Machinery	\$410,537 85,625	\$ 88,233.31 18,680.55		\$114,789.38 16,660.05		-\$26,556.07 \$\vert 2,020.50
Personal Property		a second	State Free			
Equipment Stockpile Tailings Basin Stockpile	108,736 4,982 18,748	4,013.01	5,314 32,197	24,049.17 1,083.05 6,562.07	- 332	- 16.65 - 2,549.06
Average Mill Rate	\$628,628	\$135,268.22 215.17	Sec. Park	\$163,143.72 04.65	-\$168,556 /10.52 mill	-\$27,875.50 Ls or 5.14%

Note: Tax on mineral reduced by mining and rate per ton reduced to 42.5% of full and true value from 47% in 1957 under recovery law. Lands, building, and machinery valuation increased by addition of scrubber plant to beneficiating plant. Personal property equipment valuation decreased by depreciation. Tailings basin value by mining in 1957.

Of above taxes, \$13,149.09 were charged to Sally mine for their proportionate amount for use of Canisteo facilities.

220

13. ACCIDENTS & PERSONAL INJURY

On October 28, 1958, Gerald Aiton parked truck at a shovel in the pit. While waiting for truck to be loaded, leaned against truck door, fell out, landed on ground head first, sustained neck injury. Time lost: 1 week and 1 day. Compensation paid: \$45.

14. PROPOSED NEW CONSTRUCTION

None

15. EQUIPMENT RECEIVED & PROPOSED NEW EQUIPMENT

a. Equipment Received

540 feet of 24-inch conveyor belt for fines concentrate conveyor. Plant to loading bin.

b. Proposed New Equipment

One 40-ton haulage truck. Three pickup trucks. One service truck. One Blasthole drill (On order under E&A No. CC-977)



CUSHING MINE ANNUAL REPORT YEAR 1958

221

1. GENERAL

There was no stripping, ore production, or drilling on the Cushing Reserve proper in 1958.

Great Northern Railway continued its engineering work on the relocation of tracks which are on Cushing land.

4. ESTIMATE OF ORE RESERVES AS OF May 1, 1958

		Bessen	ner		N	on-Bess	emer		
Concentrates	Tons	Iron	Phos	Silica	Tons	Iron	Phos	Silica	Total
NE-SW 36-56-25									
Wash					105,255	57.50	.045	8.10	105,255
Retreat	74,661	56.50	.035	11.00	157,414	56.50	.045	11.00	232,075
	74,661	56.50	.035	11.00	262,669	56.90	.045	9.84	337,330
NW-SW 36-56-25									
Wash					560,628	58.90	.045	8.80	560,628
Retreat	395,112	56.50	.035	11.00	853,227	56.50	.045	11.00	1,248,339
	395,112	56.50	.035	11.00	1,413,855	57.45	.045	10.13	1,808,967
SW-SW 36-56-25									
Wash					392,152	58.90	.045	8.80	392,152
Retreat	126,141	56.50	.035	11.00	69,860	56.50	.045	11.00	196,001
	126,141	56.50	.035	11.00	462,012	58.54	.045	9.26	588,153
Total Cushing Reserve									2,734.450
Total Breakdown									
Wash					1,058,035	58.76	.045	8.73	1,058,035
Retreat	595,914	56.50	.035	11.00	1,080,501	56.50	.045	11.00	1,676,415
	595,914	56.50	.035	11.00	2,138,536	57.63	.045	9.86	2,734,450
Grand Total						57.38	.043	10.08	

Cushing Reserve Annual Report Year 1958 Page 2

12. TAXES

)		1958	1	.957	Increas	e-Decrease
Real Estate	Assessed Value	Taxes	Assessed Value	Taxes	Assessed Value	Taxes
Mineral	\$183,989	\$51,066.15	\$188,051	\$47,202.68	-\$4,062	#\$3,863.47
Land	4,556	1,264.52	4,281	1,074.58	7 275	189.94
	\$188 , 545	\$52,330.67	\$192 , 332	\$48,277.26	-\$3,787	<i>4</i> \$4,053.41
Average Mill Rate		277.55	25	1.01		

Note: Increase mill rate 10.57 per cent increased mineral tax.

HAWKINS MINE ANNUAL REPORT YEAR 1958

1. GENERAL

Stripping operations in progress at the turn of the year were carried forward on a 3-shift, 5-day-week schedule until January 23 when curtailment to a 4-day-week schedule was effected to the completion of the stripping program on February 6. Practically all surface material was used to complete dykes around the new clear water basin and tailings pond extensions. With the close of pre-season stripping, the mine was placed on a standby basis with only one hourly employee retained for janitor service and snow removal.

Outside of relocating the pumphouse and pipelines entailed by the dyke changes, no plant and equipment repairs were scheduled until April 28 when a limited crew was recalled to complete unfinished projects and equipment repairs preparatory to the start of the ore season.

Ore operations were started May 26 on a 2-shift, 4-day-week schedule until the close of the season on October 15. Despite heavy rock burden which was further aggravated in excavating a rock channel to facilitate lower pit drainage for the exploitation of bottom ores, the pit crude production averaged <u>8219</u> tons a shift, reflecting a big improvement over the 1957 movement of <u>7749</u> tons.

At the end of 1957, <u>23,443</u> tons of ore remained in stockpile. <u>125,094</u> tons were placed in stockpile during the season and <u>116,390</u> tons removed, leaving a balance of <u>32,147</u> tons in stockpile at the end of 1958. Stockpile bedding of highly fluctuating manganese concentrates proved very successful as indicated by the uniformity of cargoes reloaded from stockpile to meet special high manganese ore requirements.

At the Harvester fines plant, production was started with transfer of equipment in Basin "B". The plant went into production May 19 on a 2-shift, 4-day-week schedule. With the release of the necessary crew upon completion of the rock channel excavation in the Hawkins pit, plant production was stepped up to a 3-shift operation on July 7. Upon fulfillment of the season's production of fine concentrates, the plant was shut down on October 16, leaving a slight tonnage in Basin "B" for next year before transferring operations to Basin "C".

Post-season stripping operations in the flint-hard taconite area along the east side of the pit were started on October 16 on a 3-shift, 4-day-week schedule which continued until December 18 when all operations were shut down for the remainder of the yearexcept drilling and blasting to catch up on rock breakage.

Winter & Idle repairs were started immediately after the 1958 ore season but were temporarily discontinued December 18 to be resumed with stripping operations after the first of the year.

Encouraged by the success of ammonium nitrate blasting in dry holes, experimentation was carried forward with varying degrees of success trying various containers and suggestions for waterproofing. However, although experiments still continue, no positive solution of fertilizer blasting in wet holes was discovered by the end of the year.

A Failing horizontal drill was put into operation on a trial basis in October to determine the merit of horizontal drilling versus vertical rotary drilling. Although limited to 8 holes, the drilling looked promising. Further experimenting with horizontal holes will be conducted during next year's ore season.

2. PRODUCTION-SHIPMENTS-INVENTORIES

a. Production by Grades

Hawkins	Wash	Retreat	Total
Crude	- 	1,176,982	1,176,982
<u>Concentrates</u> Non-Bessemer Bessemer	155 155	294,953 <u>117,876</u> 412,829	295,108 <u>117,876</u> 412,984
<u>IHC Fines</u> Crude Concentrates			183,585 50,541

225

b. Shipments by Grades

and the second second	Bessemer	Non-B	essemer	and a second
Ore	Retreat	Wash	Retreat	Total
Hawkins IHC Fines	124,242	8,475	271,562	404,279

c. Stockpile Inventories

Hawkins Retreat Concentrates 32,1	Hawkins	32,14	Concentrates	47
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d. Production by Months

Crude Ore

Month	Hawkins Retreat	IHC Fines
May	47,852	7,152
June	249,371	21,396
July	263,161	41,964
Aug	223,172	35,214
Sept	270,654	51.495
Oct	122,772	26,364
and a start	1,176,982	183,585

Concentrates

Month	Wash	Retreat	Total	IHC Fines
May June July Aug Sept Oct	155 155	14,131 87,399 85,833 74,915 103,333 <u>47,218</u> 412,829	14,131 87,399 85,833 75,070 103,333 <u>47,218</u> 412,984	2,504 5,605 14,670 8,281 14,000 <u>5,481</u> 50,541

3. ANALYSIS

a. Tonnage & Analysis of Crude Ore Produced

Hawkins	Tons	Iron	Silica
Retreat Crude	1,176,982	40.59	36.80
Fine Ore Crude	183,585	38.59	41.68

b. Tonnage & Analysis of Concentrates Produced

Hawkins	Tons	Iron	Phos	Silica	Mang	Alum	Moisture
Non-Bessemer Wash Bessemer Retreat Non-Bessemer Retreat	155 117,876 <u>294,953</u> 412,984	56.24	.038	11.97 12.29	•87 •37 •98 •81	•50 •48 •50 •49	5.43 6.44 <u>6.56</u> 6.52
IHC Fines	50,541	57.97	.032	13.02	.32	•54	7.95

c. Tonnage & Complete Analysis of Concentrates Produced & Shipped

Hawkins	<u>Tons</u>	Iron	Phos	Silica	Mang	Alum	<u>Lime</u>	Mag	Sulf	Ign <u>Loss</u>	Moist
Non-Bessemer Wash Bessemer Retreat Non-Bessemer Retreat	8,475 124,242 <u>271,562</u> 404,279	56.47 57.10 <u>56.24</u> 56.51	.038 .044	10.40 11.99 <u>12.26</u> 12.14	1.56 .37 <u>.99</u> .81	.48	.10 .10 <u>.10</u> .10	.20 .20 .20 .20	.007 .007 .007 .007	5.72 4.96 <u>5.00</u> 5.00	5.45 6.34 <u>6.50</u> 6.43
IHC Fines	50,541	57.97	.032	13.02	.32	•54	.08	.22	.007	2.71	7.95

d. Tonnage & Analysis of Ore in Inventory

Hawkins	Tons	Iron	Phos	<u>Silica</u>	Mang	Alum	Moisture
Retreat	32,147	56.45	.045	11.97	•97	•46	6.64

224

4. ESTIMATE of ORE RESERVES

a. Developed Ore - Factors Used

Concentrates	Cubic	Feet	per	Ton	Per	Cent	Recovery	
Wash Retreat		14 14				50 30		Contraction of the

b. Ore Reserves as of December 31, 1958

Lease	Reserves 12-31-57	Mined 1958	Balance After Mining	Changed by <u>Re-estimate</u>	Reserves 12-31-58
<u>SE-NE 31,57-22</u> Open Pit Wash Open Pit Retreat	111,204 <u>389,139</u> 500,343	<u>24,760</u> 24,760	111,204 <u>364,379</u> 475,583		111,204 <u>364,379</u> 475,583
NE-SE 31, 57-22 Open Pit Wash Open Pit Retreat	182,178 855,541 1,037,719	<u>181,236</u> 181,236	182,178 <u>674,305</u> 856,483		182,178 <u>674,305</u> 856,483
SW-NW 32, 57-22 Open Pit Wash Open Pit Retreat	31,043 <u>345,882</u> 376,925	<u>138,177</u> 138,177	31,043 207,705 238,748		31,043 <u>207,705</u> 238,748
<u>NW-SW 32, 57-22</u> Open Pit Wash Open Pit Retreat Underground Wash	277,610 94,585 <u>127,319</u> 499,514	155 68,656 68,811	277,455 25,929 <u>127,319</u> 430,703	-50,000 450,000	227,455 75,929 <u>127,319</u> 430,703
<u>Total Hawkins</u> Open Pit Wash Open Pit Retreat Underground Wash	$\begin{array}{r} 602,035\\ 1,685,147\\ \underline{127,319}\\ 2,414,501 \end{array}$	155 412,829 412,984	601,880 1,272,318 <u>127,319</u> 2,001,517		601,880 1,272,318 <u>127,319</u> 2,001,517

228

c. Estimated Analysis of Ore Reserves

Concentrates	Tons	Iron	Phos	Silica
SE-NE 31-57-22				
Bessemer Wash Open Pit	72,117	61.13	.026	8.72
Non-Bessemer Wash Open Pit	39,087	61.20	.047	7.38
Bessemer Retreat Open Pit	187,333	59.38	.028	10.66
Non-Bessemer Retreat Open Pit	177,046	59.38	.050	10.66
The second s	475,583	59.79	.038	10.10
<u>NE-SE 31-57-22</u>		Ell'A Solida		
Bessemer Wash Open Pit	127,205	59.95	.029	8.72
Non-Bessemer Wash Open Pit	54,973	60.58	.058	8.37
Bessemer Retreat Open Pit	665,974	57.65	.030	11.81
Non-Bessemer Retreat Open Pit	8,331	57.65	.052	11.81
	856,483	58.18	.032	11.13
<u>SW-NW 32-57-22</u>			and and a second	Carl Carl Carl
Bessemer Wash Open Pit	21,370	56.60	.012	9.87
Non-Bessemer Wash Open Pit	9,673	56.76	.063	10.15
Bessemer Retreat Open Pit	159,948	57.50	.028	10.90
Non-Bessemer Retreat Open Pit	47,757	57.50	.056	10.90
	238,748	57.39	.034	10.78
NW-SW 32-57-22				
Bessemer Wash Open Pit	71,774	59.08	.029	7.63
Non-Bessemer Wash Open Pit	155,681	56.85	.062	9.78
Bessemer Retreat Open Pit	25,929	57.50	.028	10.90
Non-Bessemer Retreat Open Pit	50,000	57.50	.056	10.90
Bessemer Wash Underground	62,974	58.00	.030	9.00
Non-Bessemer Wash Underground	64,345	57.00	.060	9.50
Retal One Dit West	430,703	57.53	.047	9.46
Total-Open Pit Wash	000 1//		000	0.51
Bessemer	292,466	59.78	.027	8.54
Non-Bessemer	259,414	58.26	.060	9.15
Matal Open Dit Detmast	551,880	59.07	.043	8.83
Total-Open Pit Retreat Bessemer	1 020 10	ET OI	000	17 11
Non-Bessemer	1,039,184	57.94	.029	11.44
NOII-Dessemer.	283,134	58.68	.053	10.78 11.30
Underground Wash	1,322,318	58.10	.034	11.50
Bessemer	62,974	58.00	.030	9.00
Non-Bessemer		57.00	.060	A CONTRACTOR OF THE OWNER
HOIL-DODDOMOL	64,345	57.49	.045	<u>9.50</u> 9.25
	14(9)17	11.47	.04)	7.6)
GRAND TOTAL HAWKINS MINE	2,001,517	58.33	.038	10.49
The second management of the second	~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~			TOTA

229

5. LABOR & WAGES

a. Comments

Product per Man per Day

Total Number of Days

Labor Cost per Man per Day Total Number of Day

An ample labor supply existed during the year and very little turnover was experienced. Eleven men retired after reaching age 65.

Wage and fringe benefits increased at various times during the year as follows:

Effective January 1, 1958:	\$0.05 per hour cost-of-living.
Effective July 1, 1958:	\$0.04 per hour cost-of-living.
Effective July 1, 1958:	$\frac{0.07}{\text{per job}}$ class general increase plus $\frac{0.002}{0.002}$ per job increment raise.
Effective July 1, 1958:	Double time and one-quarter (2.25) for holidays worked. Time and one- quarter (1.25) premium pay for Sundays worked.
Effective 1958:	One-half week extra vacation pay for men with 3 to 5, 10 to 15, and 25

or more years of service. b. Comparative Statement of Production 1958 1957 Concentrate Tonnage 412,984 629,442 Number of Shifts 167 251 92,694 Number of Hours 141,033 Average Number of Men Working 112 140 Average Wages per Hour \$3.175 \$2.810

Total Amount Paid for Labor \$305,950.51 \$411,556.44

35.64

84

\$0.7408

35.70

126

\$0.6538

Hawkins Mine Annual Report Year 1958 Page 8

6. GENERAL SURFACE

a. Buildings & Repairs

Only necessary repairs were made to mine buildings.

- b. Roads, Transmission Lines, etc. Only operation changes.
- c. Miscellaneous General Construction None

7. OPEN PIT

a. Stripping

Surface stripping along the east side of the Hawkins pit was completed February 6. <u>65,158</u> cubic yards of surface material moved in 1958 were hauled to the tailings area for dyke extension and construction of a new clear water basin.

After the close of the 1958 ore season, stripping operations were started under E&A No. <u>CC-974</u> in rock in the east pit extension using 2 shovels and 10 trucks. Stripping was conducted on a 3-shift, 4-day-week basis which continued until December 18 when operations were suspended over the holiday period. Due to the flinty nature of the taconite, however, drilling and blasting crews were retained during this period to catch up on rock breakage.

The following table shows Hawkins stripping. Cost includes two weeks of drilling and blasting completed during the holiday shutdown:

Cubic Yards	Shifts	Yards/Shift	Man Hours	Cost/Yard
577,802	186	3,106	55,050	\$0.717

b. Open Pit Mining

Ore operations began on May 26 on a 2-shift, 4-day-week schedule using 2 shovels and 8 trucks. Production from the pit was high, averaging 8,219 tons per shift, for a total of 1,389,042 tons for the season. Pit production for the season came from the pit bottom and the upper ore in the east pit extension.

For grading requirements, a high manganese ore was produced which lowered somewhat the natural iron of the concentrates produced. Nevertheless, the final grade for the season--averaging 52.66 per cent iron and 11.55 per cent silica--compared satisfactorily with the guaranteed 52.55 and 11.02 per cent respectively.

Crude production from the pit was as follows:

	Wash Plant				Pit					
<u>Material</u>	Shifts	≠2n Rejects	Crude	Tons per Shift	Shifts	Screen Rock	Rock	Crude	Tons per Shift	Cost per Ton
Retreat	167	348	1,177,330	7,050	169	177,744	33,968	1,389,042	8,219	\$0.295

c. Pumping & Drainage

Pumping from the pit averaged approximately 1200 gallons per minute, and the water elevation was lowered 10 feet to develop additional bottom ore.

d. General Pit Activity

During the 1958 season, pit activity was confined to mining of ore and removal of pit rock. In the development of some bottom ore, it was necessary to excavate a channel through a horse of rock to facilitate drainage from the lower elevation.

8. BENEFICIATION

a. Washing Plant

The plant operated on the same shift schedule as the pit except for a small maintenance crew on the third shift. Production rate through the plant was good with no major delays. No additions or changes are contemplated for this unit in 1959.

Delay time is shown as follows. Delays shown do not necessarily mean an interruption in plant production as in most instances bypassing of these units was possible: 231

Source of Delay	Hours	<u>Per Cent</u>	Per Cent of 1344.00 Working Hours
Out of Ore	12.16	20.76	0.91
Pit Screening Plant	5.42	9.25	0.40
Rock Pocket Truck	0.92	1.57	0.07
Crude Ore Conveyor	15.18	25.91	1.13
Primary Screens	1.25	2.13	0.10
Crushers and Feed Conveyor	1.91	3.26	0.14
Crusher Product Conveyor	3.08	5.26	0.23
Secondary Screens	2.16	3.69	0.16
Surge Pile Conveyor	0.50	0.85	0.04
Classifiers	0.25	0.43	0.02
Stockpile Conveyor & Stacker	0.25	0.43	0.02
Cleanup Pump	0.58	0.99	0.04
Miscellaneous Chutes & Launders	1.25	2.13	0.09
Tailings Pump	1.51	2.58	0.11
Tailings Line	8.00	13.65	0.59
Fresh Water	0.33	0.56	0.02
Electric Power	3.84 58.59	<u>6.55</u> 100.00	<u>0.29</u> 4.36
Recapitulation			
Crude Ore to Head of Mill Ore Processing Delays	33.68 <u>24.91</u> 58.59	57.49 <u>42.51</u> 100.00	2.51 <u>1.85</u> 4.36

b. Heavy-Media Plant

The Heavy-Media plant operated satisfactorily with a minimum of downtime. Rate of crude through the plant was increased from <u>315</u> tons per hour in 1957 to over <u>350</u> tons per hour in 1958. Media losses for the season were well below 1957. No changes in the flowsheet are contemplated for 1959.

Delays were as follows:

Source of Delay	Hours	Per Cent	Per Cent of 1481.67 Working Hours
Out of Ore	35.79	42.39	2.42
Surge Pile Feeder	3.88	4.60	0.26
Heavy-Media Feed Conveyor	0.75	0.89	0.05

Source of Delay	Hours	Per Cent	Per Cent of 1481.67 Working Hours
Feed Preparation Screen	6.90	8.17	0.46
Akins Separator	0.42	0.50	0.03
Hardinge Separator	0.25	0.30	0.02
Coarse Concentrate Screen	1.00	1.18	0.07
Coarse Reject Screen	1.50	1.78	0.10
Coarse Concentrate Conveyor	0.75	0.89	0.05
Reject Conveyor	0.75	0.89	0.05
Dirty Media Pump	4.00	4.74	0.27
Magnetic Separator-Fine Side	0.25	0.30	0.02
Magnetic Separtor-Coarse Side	2.03	2.40	0.14
Magnetic Circulating Load	0.50	0.59	0.03
Dirty Media	3.30	3.91	0.22
Reject Truck	8.40	9.95	0.57
Miscellaneous Chutes & Launders	0.25	0.30	0.02
Tailings Line-Washing Plant	8.00	9.47	0.54
Charging Plant Electric Power	1.95 <u>3.75</u> 84.42	2.31 4.44 100.00	0.13 <u>0.25</u> 5.70
Recapitulation	10.10	17 00	2 72
Crude Ore to Head of Mill Ore Processing Delays	40.42 <u>44.00</u> 84.42	47.88 52.12 100.00	2.73 <u>2.97</u> 5.70

c. Cyclone Plant

Although somewhat improved over 1957, the operation of this plant is not entirely satisfactory. Excess water in the feed made it hard to hold a high gravity. At times the feed rate to the plant had to be cut in order to do a satisfactory job of separating. A third dewatering screen is being added to the flowsheet to improve dewatering of feed to the plant.

Delays were as follows:

Source of Delay	<u>Hours</u>	Per Cent	Per Cent of 1318.75 Working Hours
Out of Ore	1.50	0.46	0.11
Feed Dewatering Screens	8.76	2.66	0.66
Dewatering Screen Undersize Pum	p 2.75	0.84	0.21
Cyclone Feed Pumps	24.62	7.48	1.87
Media Feed Pump	25.75	7.82	1.95
Charging Pump	1.00	0.30	0.07
Cyclones	0.50	0.15	0.04
Cyclone Float Screens	9.33	2.83	0.71
Cyclone Sink Screens	9.45	2.87	0.72
Dings Primary Drums	2.36	0.72	0.18
Dings Secondary Drums	1.88	0.57	0.14
Jeffrey Secondary Drums	3.01	0.91	0.23
Sink-Float Tramp Screens	35.50	10.78	2.69
Triplex Pumps	7.50	2.28	0.57
Float Magnetic Return Pump	1.50	0.46	0.11
Tailings Pump	5.75	1.75	0.44
Concentrate Dewatering Classific	er 4.75	1.44	0.36
Magnetic Ore	48.87	14.84	3.71
Loaded Product Screens	106.21	32.26	8.05
High Grade Feed	5.24	1.59	0.40
Reclaim Water Pump	3.25	0.99	0.25
Wash Plant Tailings Line	8.00	2.43	0.61
Charging Plant	5.25	1.60	0.40
Miscellaneous	4.00	1.21	0.30
Electric Power	2.50	0.76	0.19
	329.23	100.00	24.97
Recapitulation			
Crude Ore to Head of Mill	13.01	3.96	0.98
Ore Processing Delays	316.22	96.04	23.99
Contract of the second second second	329.23	100.00	24.97

d. International Harvester Tailings Basin Plant

Operations of the International Harvester tailings basin plant were started May 19 on a 2-shift, 4-day-week basis and increased to 3-shifts, 4-days on July 7. Mining operations were conducted in Pond "B" west and adjacent to O'Brien Lake. 234

Although lower in recovery, the concentrates were higher in natural iron than the Pond "A" product. Some difficulty in balancing the new 2-stage pumping system encountered the first part of the season increased delay time over 1957. After the plant feed pumps were synchronized, operations proceeded on a normal basis.

1958 plant production statistics are as follows:

は又自己でいた時候人	1 1	1957	
Product	Estimate	Production	Production
Concentrates	50,000	50,541	43,806
Per Cent Recovery	32.00	27.53	30.93
Average Daily Output	549	568	429
Tons per Man per Day		24.63	21.72
Days Operated	91	89	102

Delay time is as follows:

1

Source of Delay	Hours	Per Cent	Per Cent of 1800.00 Working Hours
Dragline	25.51	11.23	1.42
Screen Repairs	6.83	3.01	0.38
Move Screening Plant	21.50	9.46	1.19
Screening Plant Feeder	5.25	2.31	0.29
Trash Screen	2.25	0.99	0.12
Trash Conveyor	7.00	3.08	0.39
Screen Plant Feed Pump	41.50	18.27	2.31
Screen Plant-General	6.25	2.75	0.35
Plant Feed Pipeline	48.75	21.46	2.71
Booster Feed Pump	22.42	9.87	1.25
Sizers	0.75	0.33	0.04
Concentrate Pump	5.07	2.23	0.28
Dewatering Classifier	4.50	1.98	0.25
Startup & Tieup	2.75	1.21	0.15
Clear Water Pump	3.42	1.51	0.19
Clear Water Line	12.25	5.39	0.68
Miscellaneous	3.50	1.54	0.19
Railroad Tracks & Cars	3.17	1.40	0.18
Electric Power	4.50	1.98	0.25
	227.17	100.00	12.62

Recapitulation

Crude Ore to Head of Mill	187.26	82.43		10.40
Ore Processing Delays	39.91	17.57	M. A.	2.22
ANT AND A PROPERTY AND A PARTY OF	227.17			12.62

e. Complete Concentration Data

				Sile and	Per	Cent	
		Per Cen	t Weight			552223	Iron
Hawkins Wash Plant Product	Tons	Plant	Pit	Iron	Phos	Silica	Units
1957 Stockpile Overrun	155						

Hawkins Retreat Plant Product

Crude to Plant Pit Rock Screen Plant Rock Pit Crude Total Concentrates Produced Unsized Concentrates Produced Coarse Concentrates Produced Fine Concentrates Produced Total Concentrates Produced & Shipped Heavy-Media Concentrates Heavy-Media Rejects Heavy-Media Feed \$\frac{1}{2"}\$ Wash Plant Rejects Total Fine Tailings (by difference)	1,177,330 33,968 177,744 1,389,042 412,829 370,401 29,241 13,187 412,829 285,286 219,044 504,330 348 545,109	31.31 2.65 1.10	2.25 0.94 29.72 20.54 15.77 36.31	40.59 21.53 25.03 38.13 56.48 56.42 57.60 55.42 56.48 57.43 41.43 50.45 24.25 28.23	.043 .044 .045 .037 .043	36.80 64.55 61.18 40.60 12.30 12.32 10.82 14.99 12.30 10.57 34.76 21.13 60.20 56.15	48.79 48.79
Tailings Basin Plant							
Crude to Plant Total Concentrates Total Fine Tailings (by difference)	183,585 50,541 133,044	100.00 27.53 72.47		38.59 57.97 31.23	.032	41.68 13.08 52.54	100.00 41.31

9. MAINTENANCE & REPAIRS

Upon completion of stripping on February 6, the Hawkins mine was placed on a standby basis until April 28 when limited crews were recalled for necessary pit and plant equipment repairs. Plant equipment repairs were started immediately after the close of the 1958 ore season and continued to the end of the year. Pit equipment repairs were carried on throughout the operating season to minimize Winter & Idle repairs.

10. COST of OPERATIONS

a. Comparative Mining Costs

and an and the second second second second	1	1957	
Product	Estimate	Production	Production
Wash Concentrates Per Cent Recovery		155	19,131 45.29
Retreat Concentrates	400,000	412,829	610,311
Per Cent Recovery	30.00	30.47	32.74
Total Production	400,000	412,984	629,442
Per Cent Recovery	30.00	30.48	33.02
Average Daily Output	4,395	4,976	4,996
Tons per Man per Day		35.64	35.71
Days Operated	91	84	126
Costs			
Total Pit Operating	\$0.273	\$0.295	\$0.274
Total Concentrating	0.220	0.195	0.206
Loading Stockpile Ore	0.015	0.008	0.014
Miscellaneous Pit & Beneficiation	0.174	0.184	0.110
Total Pit & Beneficiation	\$1.762	\$1.742	\$1.521
General Mine Expense	0.328	0.218	0.213
Winter & Idle	0.600	0.573	0.653
Cost of Production	\$2.690	\$2.533	\$2.387
Depreciation			
Plant & Equipment		0.298	0.267
Motorized & Other Equipment		0.062	0.067
Movable Equipment	and the second second	0.019	0.013

534

Hawki	ns	Min	e
Annua	.11	Repo	rt
Year	19	58	
Page	16		

Costs	1958 Production	1957 Production
<u>Taxes</u> Ad Valorem Occupational Royalty	\$0.487 0.051 0.210	\$0.346 0.021 84
Total Depreciation & Taxes Administrative Expense Miscellaneous Expense & Income Royalty	\$1.127 0.050 0.022 1.425	\$0.898 0.050 0.020 <u>1.344</u>
Total Cost on Cars	\$5.157	\$4.699

b. Detailed Cost Comparison

<u>Pit Costs:</u> \$0.021 over 1957 and \$0.022 over the estimate. Include major repairs to 2 shovels to minimize Winter & Idle. Drilling and blasting costs high because impossible to use ammonium nitrate in pit bottom due to wet holes.

<u>Concentrating</u>: <u>\$0.025</u> under budget and <u>\$0.011</u> under 1957. Saving due partly to lower media loss and elimination of repairs on an overtime basis.

Loading Stockpile Ore: \$0.007 under budget and \$0.006 under 1957. Loading done mostly on Fridays on a straight time basis, whereas, in the past, loading on weekends required overtime.

<u>Miscellaneous Pit & Beneficiation</u>: \$0.010 over budget and \$0.074 over 1957 due to reduction in concentrate tonnage produced from 1957.

Total Pit & Beneficiation: $\frac{0.020}{0.020}$ under budget and $\frac{0.221}{0.020}$ over 1957 costs due to larger tonnage produced in 1957 and a 3 per cent drop in recovery.

General Mine Expense: \$0.110 under budget and \$0.005 over 1957 due to reduction in salaried work week.

Winter & Idle: \$0.027 under budget and \$0.080 under 1957. Pit equipment repairs completed during operating season to minimize Winter & Idle charges.

Cost of Production: \$0.157 under budget and \$0.146 over 1957.

11. EXPLORATION & FUTURE EXPLORATION - None

12. TAXES

		1958		1957	Increase-Decrease		
Real Estate	Assessed Value	Taxes	Assessed Value	Taxes	Assessed Value	Taxes	
Mineral Land,Building,Machinery IHC Basin Lands, Plant	\$182,206 131,034 12,015		130,327	55,780.29	707	-\$22,070.14 <i>f</i> 5,633.40 <i>f</i> 575.47	
Personal Property		and the same					
Equipment Stockpile	107,000 2,598		119,288 2,731	52,022.69 1,191.02			
	\$434,853	\$205,058.93	\$514,165	\$221,816.21	-\$79,312	-\$16,757.28	
Average Mill Rate	471.56		431.41		40.15		
	Min dej Lai by bu:	pletion mining nd, Building, 10% across-th ildings in Lon	on and taxe g in 1957. and Machir he-board ir he Pine Tow	es decreased h nery valuation ncrease on lan	n increase nds and		

13. ACCIDENTS & PERSONAL INJURY

Garvin Johnson

On January 9 fractured left elbow, left knee, and received cut above eye when he fell 18 feet while removing left side of broken stick from shovel with mobil crane. While up on ladder, broken stick shifted, fell off shipper shaft, and knocked Johnson and ladder to ground. Lost days: <u>68</u> Compensation paid: <u>\$780</u>

retirement of equipment.

239

Laurence Smothers

On July 14, fractured and bruised ribs when he fell 5 feet to ground while climbing down outside ladder of railroad car. Lost days: 53 Compensation paid: \$533

Ronald Metzer

On October 16, dislocated left shoulder and fractured greater trochanter falling out of truck on fast turn. Days lost: 7 Compensation paid: $\frac{68}{68}$

14. PROPOSED NEW CONSTRUCTION - None

15. EQUIPMENT & PROPOSED NEW EQUIPMENT

- a. Equipment Received None
- b. Proposed New Equipment
 - 3 3/4-ton Pickups
 - 1 TD-20 Tractor
 - 1 Derrick Screen

HILL-TRUMBULL MINE

ANNUAL REPORT

YEAR 1958

1. GENERAL

General winter repairs at the Hill-Trumbull were suspended in December of 1957. After completion on January 17 of construction of a dyke and a new clear water basin, the Hill-Trumbull was placed on standby until spring with foremen scheduled as watchmen on a 3-shift, 7-day-week basis and one tractor operator scheduled on a 4-day-week basis to maintain roads.

Blasthole drilling was started April 7 in the Gross-Marble lease with one crew on a 1-shift, 4-day-week basis. A limited repair program was started April 14 on:

> Pit Screening Plant Pit Conveying System Production Trucks 30-yard Dump Cars General Plant Repairs E&A Projects

The 1958 season reflected an anticipated reduction in Mesaba-Cliffs shipments and production estimates were submitted showing complete shutdown of the Hill-Trumbull in 1958. At the Annual Meeting on May 13, 1958, the Board of Directors confirmed this anticipation by deciding that the Hill-Trumbull would remain closed in 1958 and the entire production of <u>800,000</u> tons was to be obtained from the Holman-Cliffs mine.

The following E&A projects were active in the spring of 1958:

E&A No.	Project	Cost
MC-344	Revised Pit Power Line	\$12,000
MC-346	30" Pit Conveyor Belt	31,980
MC-350	Pit Voltage Change	4,951
MC-354	Cyclone Plant Coils	6,600

<u>33,282</u> tons of stockpiled ore were loaded out in <u>11</u> shifts of intermittent loading during the early part of May. <u>18,243</u> tons of regular ore remained in stock when the mine was placed on standby on May 23.

Hill-Trumbull Annual Report Page 2 Year 1958

Subsequent to stockpile activities, the Hill-Trumbull was placed on a standby basis for the remainder of 1958. Hourly employees were transferred to the Canisteo and Holman mines. Electric power was discontinued except for office lighting and the Minnesota Power & Light service was reduced to the minimum L3 contract.

2. PRODUCTION-SHIPMENTS-INVENTORIES

a. Production by Grades - None

b. Shipments

Stockpile	Bessemer	Non-Bessemer	Total
Trumbull Retreat Gross-Marble Retreat	18,104	13,143	13,143 20,139
	18,104	15.178	33.282

c. Stockpile Inventories

Non-Bessemer	Tons
Hill Retreat	3,550
Trumbull Wash	548
Trumbull Retreat	11,047
Gross-Marble Retreat	3,098
	18,243

d. Production by Months - None

3. ANALYSIS

- a. Crude Ore None
- b. Concentrates None

243

c. Tonnage & Complete Analysis of Concentrates Shipped

Stockpile Retreat Product	Tons	Iron	Phos	Silica	Mang	Alum	Lime	Mag	Sulf	Loss	Moist
Trumbull Non-Bessemer Gross-Marble Bessemer	13,143			11.01 9.98	.14 .17	.86 .54	.10		.007		
Gross-Marble Non-Bessemer		57.74	.048	$\frac{10.46}{10.42}$	<u>.13</u> .16	.84	.20	<u>.15</u> .15	<u>.007</u> .007	5.49	5.90 6.13

d. Mine Analysis of Ore in Stockpile

Concentrates	Tons	Iron	Phos	Silica	Mang	Alum	Moist
Hill Retreat	3,550	57.59	.042	11.73	.17	.58	7.82
Trumbull Wash	548	56.50	.045	11.60	.13	.42	8.45
Trumbull Retreat	11,047	56.91	.048	11.79	.16	.63	6.85
Gross-Marble Retreat	3,098	57.47	.043	10.70	.14	.47	6.61
	18,243	57.13	.046	11.59	.16	<u>•47</u> •59	7.05

4. ESTIMATE OF ORE RESERVES

a. Developed Ore - Factors Used

Material	Cubic Feet Per Ton	Rock Deduction	Per Cent Recovery
Hill-Trumbull & Hill-Walker			
Merch	14	0	100
Wash	14	0	54
Retreat	14	0	30
Gross-Marble &			
Potter			
Wash	14	0	54
Retreat	14	0	25

244

Hill-Trumbull Annual Report Year 1958 Page 4

b. Ore Reserves Estimated as of December 31, 1958

Lease	Reserve
Trumbull	1,269,186
Hill	802,373
Hill-Walker	601,257
Potter	74,100
Gross-Marble	644,271
	3,391,187

c. Estimated Analyses of Ore Reserves

Material	Tons	Iron	Phos	Silica	Mang	Alum
Trumbull Concentrates						
Bessemer Wash	17,093			9.63	.10	.39
Non-Bessemer Wash	139,207			9.70	.11	.54
Bessemer Retreat	170,495			10.75		
Non-Bessemer Retreat	942,391		.056	10.72		
1	,269,186	57.72	.053	10.58	.11	•53
Hill						
Non-Bessemer Direct	63,317	60.05	.063	8.82		
Bessemer Wash Concentrates	264,011	62.38		9.24	.11	.48
Non-Bessemer Wash Concentrates	75,258	60.12	.053	10.76	.12	.36
Bessemer Retreat Concentrates	321,858	60.42	.033	10.54		
Non-Bessemer Retreat Concentrates			.049	10.37		
	802,373	60.97	.038	9.98	.11	•45
Hill-Walker Concentrates						
Non-Bessemer Retreat	601,257	60.36	.050	8.75		
Potter Concentrates						
Non-Bessemer Retreat	74,100	58.00	.045	11.50		
Non-Dessemer Reereau	14,100	10.00	.04)	11.70	442	
Gross-Marble Concentrates					Cape-7	
Non-Bessemer Wash	160,915		.054	9.35	19-31	1.14
Bessemer Retreat	93,985	57.67	.035	10.52		1.10
Non-Bessemer Retreat	389,371		.049	9.62		
	644,271	58.08	.049	9.66		T. AL

Material	Tons	Iron	Phos	Silica	Mang	Alum
Total Direct	63,317	60.05	.063	8.82		
<u>Total Wash Concentrates</u> Bessemer Non-Bessemer	281,104 <u>375,380</u> 656,484	62.09 58.62 60.10	.036 .053 .046	9.26 <u>9.76</u> 9.55	.10 .11 .11	•40 •45 •43
<u>Total Retreat Concentrates</u> Bessemer Retreat Non-Bessemer Retreat	586,338 <u>2,085,048</u> 2,671,386	59.19 <u>58.63</u> 58.75	.034 .052 .049	$ \begin{array}{r} 10.60 \\ \underline{9.96} \\ 10.10 \end{array} $		
<u>Total Concentrates</u> Bessemer Non-Bessemer	867,442 <u>2,523,745</u> 3,391,187	60.13 58.63 59.01	.035 .052 .048	10.17 <u>9.93</u> 9.99	.10 .11 .11	•40 •45 •44

5. LABOR & WAGES

a. Comments

All hourly labor was transferred to the Canisteo and Holman-Cliffs mines on May 23 in order of seniority. Repair work was conducted on a 4-shift-per-week basis prior to suspension of work at the Hill-Trumbull mine. Salaried employees were placed on a 4-dayweek starting March 1.

b. Comparative Statement of Production & Wages - None

6. GENERAL SURFACE

a. Building & Repairs

Only minor repairs were made to houses and other buildings.

245

245

b. Roads-Transmission Lines-Tracks-Construction

No major road changes were made during the year.

The Oliver Iron Mining Division maintained a road through the Hill and Trumbull leases which was used to haul Delaware No. 1 ore from the mine to the screening plant located on the Gross-Marble lease.

Power line changes were made over the Delaware No. 1 lease to allow the Oliver Iron Mining Division to strip and mine ore. During the last half of September, work under E&A No. MC-350 was started to convert pit power voltage from 2400 to 4160. This work was conducted intermittently as limited crews were available from the Holman operations.

- 7. OPEN PIT
 - a. Stripping None
 - b. Open Pit Mining None
 - c. Pumping & Drainage

The Oliver Iron Mining Division pumped steady throughout the year from the Gross-Marble lease. In August, Oliver started an intermittent pumping program from the bottom of the Trumbull pit to prevent the water from flooding their haul road over the Trumbull lease.

d. General Pit Activity - None

8. BENEFICIATION

- a. Washing Plant None
- b. Heavy-Media Plant None
- c. Cyclone Plant None

9. MAINTENANCE & REPAIRS

A limited repair program in the plant and shop was started on April 14 and continued until May 23 when the mine was placed on a standby basis. During the summer, minor repairs were made to 34-ton production trucks and by the start of stripping all trucks were transferred to the Hawkins, Canisteo, and Holman-Cliffs.

10. COST OF OPERATIONS

Comparative Mining Costs - None

Detailed Cost Comparison - None

11. EXPLORATION & FUTURE EXPLORATION

Hill-Walker

Mining limits have been fairly well established with the 1957 drilling program and no drilling is required for several years.

Gross-Marble

Additional drilling will be required on the south side and in the pit bottom.

Trumbull

A few more holes are needed along the north bank of the Trumbull to determine actual mining limits.

Hill

Some additional holes will be needed to further prove or disprove ore beneath the present pit bottom in the Hill. Further exploration is required on the north bank of the Hill lease between the Hill pit and the Barbara. Most of this area has been drilled on 300-foot centers and does indicate some ore.

Potter

With only the eastern half of the Potter forty drilled to any extent, this lease will require more exploration.

248

a Door

Hill-Trumbull Annual Report Year 1958 Page 8

12. TAXES

	1928			1927	Increase-Decrease		
Real Estate	Assessed Value	Taxes	Assessed Value	Taxes	Assessed Value	Taxes	
Mineral Land,Building,Machinery Accounts Receivable	\$203,383 146,569 27,734	\$47,211.30 40,757.71 6,437.90	\$222,224 146,079 27,734	\$ 49,867.06 40,295.15 6,223.51	+ 490	-\$2,655.76 4 462.56 4 214.39	
Personal Property							
Equipment Stockpile	151,904 1,967	35,292.90 456.60	171,586 3,188		- 19,682 - 1,221	- 3,246.19 258.79	
	\$531,557	\$130,156.41	\$570,811	\$135,640.20	-\$39,254	-\$5,483.79	
Average Mill Rate		244.86	2	37.63	+	7.23	

TOED

Average mill rate increase of 3.04 per cent was offset by decrease in mineral reserve valuation by 1957 mining and smaller stockpile on hand May 1. Greenway Township had across-the-board increase on lands, buildings, and machinery of 10 per cent. Personal property equipment valuation reduced by depreciation.

1057

13. ACCIDENTS & PERSONAL INJURY - None

14. PROPOSED NEW CONSTRUCTION

Extend rock reject belt at the mill. Construct conveyor system to new rock reject area at the mill.

15. EQUIPMENT RECEIVED & PROPOSED NEW EQUIPMENT

a. New Equipment Received

One 10 KVA Transformer One 25 amp, 96 ohm Ground Resistor Two 600 A, 416 V. Oil Circuit Breakers One 166 KVA Transformer One 249 KVA Transformer

Two 4200/7274Y-120/240 V Potential Transformers Four Demagnetizing Coils Two 10-inch Cleanup Cyclones 70 feet 13-inch Elevator Belt One Davis Pulverizer

b. Proposed New Equipment

One Plant Service Truck One Rock Reject Stacker Cyclone Plant Screens

HOLMAN-CLIFFS MINE ANNUAL REPORT YEAR 1958

250

1. GENERAL

The 1957 stripping program at the Holman was completed January 11, 1958. Winter & Idle repairs to pit and plant equipment were also suspended on January 11 and the mine placed on a standby basis through February and March with one hourly employee retained for snow plowing and salaried personnel acting as property watchmen.

Late in April, loading of concentrates from stockpile was started and carried forward intermittently until the start of ore operations on May 25. When the Hill-Trumbull was shut down, Holman-Cliffs production was set at <u>800,000</u> tons for the season and operations in the pit and plant were placed on a 16-shift-per-week basis with 4 crews working 4 shifts a week. Maintenance crews in the shops and offices were staggered to cover 6 days a week with employees receiving 4 shifts a week. This schedule was maintained until October 1 at which time one crew was transferred to the Canisteo and the Holman completed the season with 3 crews on a 4 and 5-day week as required.

Operating conditions during the season were normal. Although a sharp drop in recovery was experienced, costs were within the budget and a better grade of ore was produced than estimated. Ore production was completed on November 1, and the stripping program was started by pit crews on November 3. <u>490,972</u> cubic yards of stripping material were moved from the Bingham, North Star, and Brown leases by December 27. The stripping program will be continued in the spring and during the summer of 1959 to complete cleanup on top of ore in the stripping areas.

Intermittent loading of concentrates was carried forward during November and completed November 11 with a balance left in stock of 90,306 tons.

Under E&A No. <u>MC-340</u>, in conjunction with ore operations during May and June, pit crews completed cleanup on top of ore in the stripping areas. Under E&A No. <u>MC-349</u>, dyke work at the tailings pond was completed early in the season. Two structure drill holes were put down the latter part of the season in the Bingham lease to outline the ore body on the east side. An E&A in the amount of \$842,024 was approved late in the year for the construction of a

scrubber plant with auxiliaries. Work of detailing plans and ordering equipment was immediately started and by January 1, 1959, 85 per cent of the footing and pier work was completed.

Normal repair work was conducted in the washing, heavy density, and cyclone plants from the end of ore season to the end of the year.

2. PRODUCTION-INVENTORIES-SHIPMENTS

a. Production by Grades

Crude	Wash	Retreat	Total	
Holman		44,193	44,193	
Brown		964,213	964,213	
Bingham	8,812	671,628	680,440	
North Star	48,299	271,254	319,553	
	57,111	1,951,288	2,008,399	

	Bess	emer	Non-	Bessemer	
Concentrates	Wash	Retreat	Wash	Retreat	Total
Holman		12,783		2,396	15,179
Brown		113,342		244,022	357,364
Bingham	1,988	73,247	3,060	181,722	260,017
North Star	32,455	108,850	2,297	40,857	184,459
	34,443	308,222	5,357	468,997	817,019

b. Shipments

Holman		12,783		2,396	15,179
Brown		114,072		220,296	334.368
Bingham	1,988	70,405	3,060	145.407	220,860
North Star	32,455	166,386	2,297	38,100	239,238
	34,443	363,646	5,357	406,199	809,645

c. Inventories

A 2 0

Retreat	Tons				
Brown	46,150				
Bingham	39,943				
North Star	4,213				
	90.306				

d. Production by Months

		Re	treat		Wash			
Month	Holman	Brown	Bingham	North Star	Bingham	North Star	Total	
May June July Aug Sept Oct Nov	44,193	23,497 138,382 273,391 173,517 129,859 221,608 3,959	9,004 81,021 34,148 138,317 277,718 131,420	15,664 139,943 66,988 48,659	4,036 4,776	13,819 2,613 31,867	48,165 373,165 377,140 392,360 411,613 401,997 3,959	
nor	44,193	964,213	671,628	271,254	8,812	48,299	2,008,399	

Crude Ore

Concentrates

May		9,396	1,925	7,660			18,981
June		48,607	27,561	82,518		10,344	169,030
July		107,307	13,990	32,134		2,034	155,465
Aug		70,484	51,204	27,395		22,374	171,457
Sept		45,616	112,052		2,232	1.1	159,900
Oct	15,068	74,102	48,185		2,816		140,171
Nov	111	1,852	52	and a state	1		2,015
	15,179	357,364	254,969	149,707	5,048	34,752	817,019

253

3. ANALYSIS

a. Tonnage & Analysis of Crude Ore Produced

FIGAE

Crude Ore	Tons	Iron	Silica
Holman Retreat	44,193	39.04	37.92
Brown Retreat	964,213	39.16	39.30
Bingham Wash	8,812	40.95	36.53
Bingham Retreat	671.628	39.02	39.79
North Star Wash	48,299	49.58	24.70
North Star Retreat	271,254	47.50	27.41
	2,008,399	40.50	37.46

b. Tonnage & Analysis of Concentrates Produced

Product	Tons	Iron	Phos	Silica	Mang	Alum	Moisture
<u>Holman</u> Bessemer Retreat Non-Bessemer Retreat	12,783 2,396	56.14 56.03	.040 .060	13.28 12.95	.20 .17	•47 •45	7.78 7.52
Brown Bessemer Retreat Non-Bessemer Retreat	113,342 244,022	57.52 57.48	.035 .048	12.64 12.16	.15 .16	•46 •56	7.11 6.77
Bingham Bessemer Wash Non-Bessemer Wash Bessemer Retreat Non-Bessemer Retreat	1,988 3,060 73,247 181,722	57.21 57.92 57.69 57.77	.043 .047 .038 .041	14.10 12.25 12.81 12.54	.13 .13 .17 .18	.56 .53 .65 .75	7.82 7.81 7.35 7.65
North Star Bessemer Wash Non-Bessemer Wash Bessemer Retreat Non-Bessemer Retreat	32,455 2,297 108,850 40,857	58.22 58.94 58.98 59.58	.031 .042 .033 .037	11.64 10.80 10.70 9.96	.22 .31 .24 .25	•45 •42 •46 •46	7.44 8.20 6.99 6.64
	817,019	57.81	.041	12.07	.18	•44	7.14

254

Holman-Cliffs Annual Report Year 1958 Page 5

c. Tonnage & Complete Analysis of Concentrates Produced & Shipped

Product	Tons	Iron	Phos	Silica	Mang	Alum	Lime	Mag	Sulf	Ign Loss	Moist
<u>Holman</u> Bessemer Retreat	12,783	56.14	.040	13.28	.20	•47	.12	.22	.027	5.24	7.78
Non-Bessemer Retreat	2,396	56.03	.060	12.95	.17	•45	.12	.22	.027	5.74	7.52
Brown											
Bessemer Retreat	114,072	57.51	.035	12.65	.16	.46	.20	.24	.027	3.89	7.10
Non-Bessemer Retreat	220,296	57.30	.050	12.34	.16	•59	.20	.24	.027	4.33	6.54
Bingham											
Bessemer Wash	1,988	57.21	.043	14.10	.13	.56	.10	.15	.007	3.00	7.82
Non-Bessemer Wash	3,060	57.92	.047	12.25	.13	.53	.10	.15	.007	3.86	7.81
Bessemer Retreat	70,405	57.67	.038	12.83	.17	.65	.11	.15	.007	3.47	7.35
Non-Bessemer Retreat	145,407	57.65	.042	12.59	.18	•77	.11	.15	.007	3.59	7.73
North Star											
Bessemer Wash	32,455	58.22	.031	11.64	.22	.45	.24	.20	.014	3.83	7.44
Non-Bessemer Wash	2,297	58.94	.042	10.80	.31	.42	.24	.20	.014	3.51	8.20
Bessemer Retreat	166,386	58.88	.033	10.75	.24	.50	.24	.20	.014	3.69	6.87
Non-Bessemer Retreat	38,100	59.58	.038	9.94	.25	.48	.24	.20	.014	3.49	6.56
					-			-			-
	809,645	57.88	.040	12.02	.19	.58	.19	.20	.018	3.88	7.04

d. Mine Analysis of Ore in Stockpile

Retreat Concentrates	Tons	Iron	Phos	Silica	Mang	Alum	Moisture
Brown	46,150	58.06	.047	11.24	.17	.50	7.43
Bingham	39,943	58.27	.039	12.36	.18	.65	7.33
North Star	4,213	59.38	.033	10.45	.23	.56	7.07
		58.21			.18	.57	7.37

255

Holman-Cliffs Annual Report Year 1958 Page 6

4. ESTIMATE OF ORE RESERVES

a. Developed Ore - Factors Used

Concentrates	Cubic	Feet	Per	Ton	Per	Cent	Recovery
Wash		14		R.			52
Retreat		14				1	40

b. Ore Reserves as of December 31, 1958

Lease	Reserve <u>12-31-57</u>	Mined 1958	Balance After Mining	Changed by Re-estimate	Reserve 12-31-58
$\frac{\text{North Star}}{N_2^1 - NE_4^1} 21 - 56 - 24$	132,517	184,459		<i>4</i> 100,000	48,058
Bingham NW4-SE4 21-56-24	1,396,319	260,017	1,136,302	-100,000	1,036,302
$\frac{\text{Holman}}{\text{SE}_{\pm}^{1}-\text{NE}_{\pm}^{1}} 21-56-24$	1,138,220	15,179	1,123,041		1,123,041
Brown No. 1 SW4-NE4 21-56-24	527,506	217,001	310,505		310,505
Brown No. 2 SW4-NW4 22-56-24	1,605,732	140,363	1,465,369		1,465,369
	4,800,294	817,019	4,035,217		3,983,275

c. Estimated Analysis of Ore Reserves

Concentrates	Tons	Iron	Phos	Silica
North Star				
Non-Bessemer Retreat	48,058	55.15	.051	10.70

Concentrates	Tons	Iron	Phos	Silica
Bingham				
Bessemer Wash	227,729	60.14	.033	9.27
Non-Bessemer Wash	187,222	60.36	.053	8.53
Bessemer Retreat	297,359	58.00	.032	11.43
Non-Bessemer Retreat	323,992	58.00	.051	11.43
	1,036,302	58.90	.042	10.43
Holman				
Bessemer Wash	205,078	59.61	.031	9.29
Non-Bessemer Wash	105,726	59.35	.054	8.93
Bessemer Retreat	554,212	57.24	.030	10.64
Non-Bessemer Retreat	258,025	57.24	.057	10.64
	1,123,041	57.87	.039	10.23
Brown No. 1				
Bessemer Wash	61,333	60.51	.035	9.14
Non-Bessemer Wash	42,611	60.29	.039	9.50
Bessemer Retreat	206,561	56.93	.029	12.32
Non-Bessemer Retreat				
	310,505	58.10	.032	11.30
Brown No. 2				
Bessemer Wash	303,577	59.36	.028	9.31
Non-Bessemer Wash	68,345	58.34	.059	9.04
Bessemer Retreat	784,154	57.21	.027	10.76
Non-Bessemer Retreat	309,293	51.21	.066	10.76
	1,465,369	57.71	.037	10.38
North Star & Bingham				
Bessemer Wash	227,729	60.14	.033	9.27
Non-Bessemer Wash	187,222	60.36	.053	8.53
Bessemer Retreat	297,359	58.00	.032	11.43
Non-Bessemer Retreat	372,050	57.63	.051	11.34
and Electrical	1,084,360	58.73	.042	10.44
Holman & Brown				
Bessemer Wash	569,988	59.57	.030	9.30
Non-Bessemer Wash	216,682	59.22	.053	9.08
Bessemer Retreat	1,544,927	57.18	.028	10.93
Non-Bessemer Retreat	567,318	57.22	.062	10.71
	2,898,915	57.81	.036	10.43

1

256

Concentrates	Tons	Iron	Phos	Silica
Total Wash				
Bessemer	797,717	59.73	.031	9.29
Non-Bessemer	<u>403,904</u> 1,201,621	<u>59.75</u> 59.73	<u>.053</u> .043	8.83 9.14
Total Retreat				
Bessemer	1,842,286	57.31	.028	11.01
Non-Bessemer	<u>939,368</u> 2,781,654	<u>57.38</u> 57.33	<u>.058</u> .038	$\frac{10.96}{10.99}$
Total Holman-Cliffs				
Bessemer	2,640,003	58.04	.029	10.49
Non-Bessemer	$\frac{1,343,272}{3,983,275}$	<u>58.09</u> 58.06	<u>.056</u> .040	$\frac{10.32}{10.43}$

5. LABOR & WAGES

a. Comments

There was practically no labor turnover during the year and labor relations were satisfactory. With the Hill-Trumbull mine on a standby basis, all men in the bargaining unit were not called back to work and the labor supply was ample.

Wage and fringe benefits increased at various times throughout the year as follows:

1.	Effective January	1, 1958:	\$0.05 per hour cost-of-living.
2.	Effective July 1,	1958:	\$0.04 per hour cost-of-living.
3.	Effective July 1,	1958:	\$0.07 per job class general increase plus \$0.002 per job increment raise.
4.	Effective July 1,	1958:	Double time and one-quarter (2.25) for holidays worked. Time and one-quarter (1.25) premium pay for Sundays worked.

257

258

Holman-Cliffs Annual Report Year 1958 Page 9

\$543,957.59 \$478,008.79

fc	One-half week extra vacati for men with 3 to 5, 10 to and 25 or more years servi			
Comparative Statement of Production	& Wages 1958	1957		
Wash & Retreat Concentrates	817,019	859,204		
Number of Days Operated	133	134		
Average Number of Men Working	157	152		
Average Wage Per Day	\$26.11	\$23.51		
Production Per Man Per Day	39.22	42.28		
Labor Cost Per Ton	0.666	0.556		
Total Number of Man Days	20,830	20,330		

6. GENERAL SURFACE

a. Building & Repairs

Amount Paid for Labor

Normal maintenance work was carried on throughout the year on mine buildings and company-owned houses.

b. Roads, Transmission Lines, Etc.

No major changes made during the year.

c. Miscellaneous General Construction

The following construction projects were completed in 1958:

E&A No.	Amount	Description
MC-349	\$13,325.62	Dyke and ditch for retreat water.
MC-355	25.553.00	DSM screens and coils.

Construction of a scrubber plant under E&A No. MC-356 was started after the ore season. By January 1, 1959, the following work was completed:

259

Holman-Cliffs Annual Report Year 1958 Page 10

Per Cent Completed

1.	Pier & Footing Excavation	95
2.	Pile Driving	100
3.	Concrete	75
4.	Equipment on Order	75

7. OPEN PIT

a. Stripping

The following table shows material moved from various leases and actual and estimated costs in 1958:

		Cubic Yards	ubic Yards Cost			
Lease	E&A No.	Surface	Estimated	Actual		
North Star	MC-340	132,677	\$0.450	\$0.341		
Brown No. 1	MC-340	12,910	0.450	0.341		
Bingham	MC-340	35,989	0.450	0.341		
North Star	MC-358	247,377	0.420	0.436		
Brown	MC-358	94,601	0.420	0.436		
Bingham	MC-358	148,994	0.420	0.436		
179 B 20 1		672,548				

Surface stripping under E&A No. <u>MC-340</u> continued from 1957 until January 11, 1958, when the program was discontinued until the ore season. Intermittent cleanup on top of ore was carried out in conjunction with ore operations until September.

Upon completion of the ore season, surface stripping under E&A No. <u>MC-358</u> on a 3-shift, 4-day schedule was started on November 3 with 2 shovels loading and serviced by 9 to 10 trucks. In December one crew was shifted from the Canisteo mine to the Holman-Cliffs mine and the schedule was increased to 4 crews working 4 days a week. The stripping program was discontinued December 27 and will be resumed in the spring on cleanup. Surface was removed from the east side of the Bingham and Brown No. 1 leases and from the north side of the North Star lease. For this program to date an average of <u>5010</u> cubic yards per shift was maintained. Extreme weather conditions during December hampered stripping operations.

260

b. Open Pit Mining

The 1958 ore season started 11 p.m., May 25, on a 16-shift-aweek basis with 4 crews. Two shovels and 5 to 6 trucks hauling ore were used per shift during the first half of the season. One truck was required for disposal of screen rock and 1 to 2 trucks for heavy density reject haul. As the amount of rock increased later in the season, another truck was added to the rock haul and to screen rock disposal. On October 1, one crew was shifted to the Canisteo, and the Holman-Cliffs worked on a 12-shift-a-week schedule until the end of the season on November 1.

2,472,379 tons of gross crude were produced in 345 shifts at an average rate of 6984 tons per shift. 463,980 tons of screen rock were removed, leaving a total net crude of 2,008,399 tons for a shift average of 5673 tons.

The following table shows material mined from the various leases:

Lease <u>Mined</u>	Gross Crude	Screen Rock	Net <u>Crude</u>	Pit Rock Screen Waste	Total
Holman [*] Brown No. 1 [*]	51,093 690,880	6,900 146,019	44,193 544,861	991 29,977	52,084 720,857
Brown No. 2"	513,813	94,461	419,352	19,984	533,797
North Star	435,863	116,310	319,553	40,104	475,967
Bingham	780,730	100,290	680,440	20,885	801,615
	2,472,379	463,980	2,008,399	111,941	2,584,320

*Includes 160,141 tons mined from lean ore dumps #6 and #12.

The following leases and areas were mined:

Holman Lease

All crude mined was the retreat from the west end of the forty adjacent to the screening plant. 21,300 tons were mined from lean ore dump #12 and absorbed in pit production.

Brown No. 1 Lease

Mining was from central bottom to the north end of the lease. All ore mined was retreat ore.

Sec. 1. 17 1

Brown No. 2 Lease

All crude mined was from the northeast corner of the forty. <u>138,841</u> tons were mined from lean ore dumps #6 and #12 and absorbed in production of both Brown leases.

North Star Lease

All crude ore was mined from the northwest corner of the $NW_{4}^{1}-NE_{4}^{1}$ forty. A small amount of wash ore crude was mined from the same area.

Bingham Lease

Most of the crude ore was mined from the east side of the forty with a small amount of wash ore encountered in the pit bottom. Operating conditions were generally satisfactory and normal and no serious delays were encountered. Cost of producing crude ore in 1958 on a crude basis was \$0.218 a ton as compared to \$0.226 in 1957.

c. Pumping & Drainage

There was no change in pumping facilities and the flow of water remained constant. Pumping cost per ton of concentrates was \$0.025 as compared to \$0.037 in 1957.

d. General Pit Activities

Only minor road and transmission line changes were necessary during the year. Cost was $\frac{\$0.017}{1000}$ per ton of concentrates as compared to $\frac{\$0.014}{1000}$ in 1957.

8. BENEFICIATION

a. Pit Plant

Operating on the same schedule as the pit, the pit plant treated wash and retreat ores as required. Repairs were conducted on the Saturday day shift.

2,008,399 tons of crude ore treated produced 817,019 tons of concentrates at an average rate of 2308 tons a shift and a net weight recovery of 40.68 per cent.

Dan Cont

Of the wash portion of the feed, 57,111 tons produced 39,800 tons of concentrates at a weight recovery of 69.69 per cent. The crude retreat feed of 1,951,288 tons produced 777,219 tons at a weight recovery of 39.83 per cent.

The total net weight recovery of 40.68 per cent is down 6.04from the 46.72 per cent in 1957. Average crude feed was 5673per shift as compared to 5833 tons in 1957. Concentrates were produced at the rate of 2308 tons a shift as compared to 2725tons in 1957.

460,993 tons of ore were split intermittently during the season with 65.17 per cent being coarse and 34.83 per cent fines.

Operations were normal throughout the season and there were no serious delays. The $\underline{817,019}$ tons of concentrates produced averaged $\underline{53.76}$ per cent natural iron and $\underline{11.19}$ natural silica as compared to an estimated $\underline{800,000}$ tons at $\underline{53.50}$ natural iron and $\underline{11.20}$ natural silica.

During the season it was necessary to stockpile <u>127,824</u> tons of concentrates which, added to a balance of <u>82,932</u> tons carried over from 1957, made a total of <u>210,758</u> tons in stock. <u>120,450</u> tons were loaded and shipped intermittently from April 24 to November 11, leaving a balance of <u>90,306</u> tons in stock as of December 31, 1958.

Following is a tabulation of lost time:

Washing Plant

Source of Delay	Hours	Per Cent	of Total Working Hours
Out of Ore	2.05	3.54	0.07
Rock Pocket	0.50	0.86	0.02
Crude Ore Pocket	1.75	3.03	0.06
Pit Screen Plant	0.42	0.73	0.01
8' Pan Conveyor	9.16	15.83	0.32
Crude Ore Conveyor	1.75	3.03	0.06
Primary Screens	2.00	3.46	0.07

263

Holman-Cliffs Annual Report Year 1958 Page 14

Washing Plant

Source of Delay	Hours	Per Cent	Per Cent of Total Working Hours
Crushers Secondary Screens Stockpile Conveyor Tailings Tank Tailings Pump Generator Converter Air Compressor	5.29 2.17 0.50 0.83 3.67 2.33 $4.5057.85$	$9.15 \\ 3.75 \\ 0.86 \\ 1.43 \\ 6.34 \\ 4.03 \\ 7.78 \\ 100.00$	0.19 0.08 0.02 0.03 0.13 0.08 <u>0.16</u> 2.04
<u>Recapitulation</u> Crude Ore to Head of Mill Ore Processing Delays	15.63 <u>42.22</u> 57.85	27.02 <u>72.98</u> 100.00	0.54 <u>1.50</u> 2.04
Heavy-Med	ia Plant		
Wash Plant Delays Heavy-Media Feed Conveyor Circulating Media Pump Coarse Reject Drain Screen Reject Conveyor Start & Stop Repair Screen Cloth Surge Pump Electrical Power	45.38 0.42 0.75 3.84 0.33 1.50 0.25 1.42 <u>1.00</u> 54.89	$82.67 \\ 0.76 \\ 1.37 \\ 7.00 \\ 0.60 \\ 2.73 \\ 0.46 \\ 2.59 \\ 1.82 \\ 100.00 $	1.64 0.02 0.03 0.14 0.01 0.05 0.01 0.05 <u>0.04</u> 1.99
Recapitulation			
Crude Ore to Head of Mill Ore Processing Delays	45.80 <u>9.09</u> 54.89	83.43 <u>16.57</u> 100.00	1.66 <u>0.33</u> 1.99

A READE

Concentrating data for the wash and retreat products is as follows:

				1	Per	Cent	
		Per Cen	t Weight		1		Iron
Wash Product	Tons	Plant	Pit	Iron	Phos	Silica	Units
Crude to Plant	57,111	100.00	82.89	48.24		26.52	
Pit Rock	1,260		1.83	28.10		54.70	
Screen Plant Rock	10,528		15.28	27.31		55.66	
Pit Crude	68,899		100.00	44.67		31.49	
Total Concentrates	39,800	69.69	57.77	58.14	.034	11.80	83.99
Unsized Concentrates	34,451	60.32	50.00	58.14	.033	11.81	
Coarse Concentrates	4,181	7.32	6.07	57.16	.041	12.89	
Fine Concentrates	1,168	2.05	1.70	61.72	.035	7.93	
Total Concts Produced & Shipped	39,800	69.69	57.77	58.14	.034	11.80	83.99
Total Fine Tailings (by difference)	17,311	30.31		25.48		60.36	
Retreat Product							
Crude to Plant	1,951,288	100.00	78.49	40.27		37.78	
Pit Rock	81,210		3.27	24.04		60.80	
Screen Plant Rock	453,452		18.24	24.51		60.21	
Pit Crude	2,485,950		100.00	36.86		42.62	
Total Concentrates	777,219	39.83	31.26	57.85		12.09	57.22
Unsized Concentrates	316,226	16.20	12.72	57.88		11.96	
Coarse Concentrates	300,432	15.40	12.08	57.57		12.31	
Fine Concentrates	160,561	8.23	6.46	58.30		11.94	
Total Concts Produced & Shipped	777,219	39.83		57.85		12.09	57.22
Heavy-Media Concentrates	501,645	25.71	20.18	57.26		12.61	
Heavy-Media Rejects	527,595	27.04	21.22	33.56		47.63	
Heavy-Media Feed	1,029,240	52.75	41.40	44.86		30.90	
Total Fine Tailings (by difference)	646,474	33.13	26.01	24.61		60.63	

9. MAINTENANCE & REPAIRS

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Upon suspension of stripping on January 11, the mine was placed on a standby basis until April 17. Limited crews were recalled for necessary plant and shop repairs—this work continued until the start of ore season on May 23. 254

Heavy repair work was conducted in the concentrating and pit screening plants during November and December to complete necessary repairs before shifting crews to the new scrubber plant construction to be conducted early in 1959.

10. COST OF OPERATIONS

a. Comparative Cost

	1957	19	958
Pit Product	Actual Cost	Budget	Actual Cost
Crude Ore Net Tonnage	1,796,696	1,904,762	2,008,399
Concentrate Tonnage	839,435	800,000	817,019
Per Cent Recovery	46.7	42.0	40.7
Average Shift Product	2,725	2,500	2,308
Tons per Man per Day	42.28		39.22
Shifts Operated	308	320	345
Costs			
Pit Operating	\$0.224	\$0.235	\$0.218
Beneficiating	0.260	0.264	0.266
Loading Stockpile	0.010	0.014	0.005
Sampling & Analysis	0.032	0.034	0.035
Safety & First Aid	0.002	0.002	0.001
Employee Vacation	0.054	0.058	0.092
Personal Injury	0.015	0.014	0.003
Social Security	0.022	0.018	0.027
Total Pit & Beneficiating	\$1.266	\$1.460	\$1.506
General Mine Expense	0.170	0.258	0.186
Winter & Idle	0.523	0.375	0.398
Cost of Production	\$1.959	\$2.093	\$2.090
Depreciation			
Plant & Equipment	0.269		0.279
Motorized Equipment	0.073		0.080
Movable Equipment	0.002		0.002

266	ŝ
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Holma	n-Cliffs
Annua	1 Report
Year	1958
Page	17

	1957	1958		
Taxes	Actual Cost	Budget	Actual Cost	
Ad Valorem Occupational Royalty	\$0.201 0.435 <u>0.223</u>		\$0.212 0.449 <u>0.235</u>	
Total Depreciation & Taxes	\$1.203		\$1.257	
Miscellaneous Expense & Income Administrative Expense Royalty Total Cost on Cars	0.010 0.100 <u>1.633</u> \$4.905		0.016 0.100 <u>1.541</u> \$5.004	

b. Cost Comments

Pit Operating

was \$0.017 below the budget and \$0.006 below 1957. Trucks operating and maintenance combined was \$0.010 above the budget because of increased amount of rock and longer haul than anticipated. All other items under this caption were slightly below the budget.

Beneficiation

was \$0.002 above the budget and \$0.006 above 1957. An increase of \$0.024 above the estimated media costs was due to painty material handled from the Bingham lease.

Employees Vacation Pay

was \$0.034 above the budget because this cost was corrected to carry 1959 vacations for the Hill-Trumbull employees.

General Mine Expense

An SUB provision of \$0.054 to provide for back payments was never used, thus lowering this item \$0.045 under the budget. Total General Mine Expense was \$0.072 lower than the budget but \$0.017 higher than 1957.

Winter & Idle

remained below the estimated budget until December when an accelerated program in the plants to prepare for the scrubber plant construction increased costs \$0.023 over the budget but remained \$0.125 below 1957.





267

Cost of Production A drop in recovery of 6.04 per cent from 1957 raised costs 0.131 above 1957 but remained 0.003 below the estimate.

11. EXPLORATION & FUTURE EXPLORATION

A limited exploration drilling program--two deep holes on the east side of the Bingham--was conducted to determine mining limits. Several holes will be required on the east bank of the Brown No. 1 lease to definitely outline the ore in this area for future stripping and mining. Future drilling will be necessary in the southeast corner of the Bingham lease to outline ore below the paint rock layer.

12. TAXES

	1958		1957		Increase-Decrease	
Real Estate	Assessed Value	Taxes	Assessed Value	Taxes	Assessed Value	Taxes
Mineral Lands,Bldg,Machinery	\$544,118 145,824	\$120,837.73 32,754.03		\$120,372.67 38,514.14		
Personal Property						
Equipment Stockpile Concentrates Lake Conct Stockpile Only	99,958 5,880	22,198.67 1,305.83		1,508.83		<pre></pre>
	\$796,780	\$177,096.26	\$846,217	\$179,084.99	-\$49,436	-\$1,988.73
Average Mill Rate	:	222.26	2	10.27	<i>+</i> 1	1.99
	offset red	duction of \$5	2,343 in m	ent in Villag ined valuatio	n. Reduce	d

assessed valuation on Lake Concentrator gave a reduction on Land, Building & Machinery tax. Personal propertyequipment tax increased by mill rate and revaluation. Lake Concentrator stockpile eliminated by concentration in 1957.

Holman-Cliffs Annual Report Year 1958 Page 19 258

13. ACCIDENTS & PERSONAL INJURY

Carl Eggebraaten, plant repairman helper, age 59, fell off ladder 15 feet into bottom of pocket. Fractured left foot. Compensation paid: \$885.

14. PROPOSED NEW CONSTRUCTION

Construction of scrubber plant & auxiliary facilities. 2-inch scalping unit. Construct dyke northwest corner of tailings basin.

15. EQUIPMENT RECEIVED & PROPOSED NEW EQUIPMENT

a. Received in 1958

Four Dorr Oliver DSM Screens New Type Feedbox for DSM Screens Two demagnetizing Coils 2252 feet 30-inch 4-ply conveyor Belting

b. Proposed Equipment for 1959

Two 1/2-ton Pickups One 1-1/2 ton Service Truck Two 34-ton Production Trucks Crawler Pads for Marion Shovel Rotary Drill Scrubber Plant & Revised Tailings System Equipment 2-inch Scalping Unit Equipment

SALLY MINE ANNUAL REPORT YEAR 1958

1. GENERAL

Stripping at the Sally, underway in the fall of 1957, was completed on January 21. <u>190,388</u> cubic yards of surface were moved from January 1 to January 21. The ore haul to the Canisteo was started January 14 and completed February 8. Both operations were conducted on a 3-shift, 5-day-week basis until January 20 when a 4-day week went into effect. A 16-shift-per-week schedule was started on January 27 and continued until shutdown on February 8. <u>450,209</u> tons of crude were hauled to the Canisteo pit, making a total in stockpile of <u>548,458</u> tons which included the ore remaining in stockpile from the previous year's operation.

During the operating season, which started May 26, 548,458 tons of ore, including 29,596 tons of screen rock and 1,274 tons of pit rock, were mined from the Sally crude ore stockpile. On October 10, the stockpile was depleted, which completed mining of Sally ore in 1958.

The Canisteo plant received <u>517,588</u> tons of crude ore which produced <u>234,130</u> tons of Sally concentrates. In addition, <u>29,833</u> tons of Sally fine ore concentrates were produced from current tailings at the Canisteo fine ore plant.

On December 10, stripping operations were resumed on a 16-shift-perweek schedule. From December 10 to January 1, 1959, <u>239,778</u> cubic yards of surface were moved. This operation continued into 1959.

During 1958, a total of 430,166 cubic yards of surface overburden were removed from the Sally.

2. PRODUCTION-SHIPMENTS-INVENTORIES

a. Production by Grades

Crude

Wash	35,283
Retreat	482,305
	517,588

27

Concentrates	Bessemer	Non-Bessemer	Total
Wash	11,690	6,854	18,544
Retreat Overflow	38,519	177,067 29,833	215,586 29,833
and the second second	50,209	213,754	263,963

b. Shipments by Grades

Wash	11,690	6,723	18,413
Retreat	38,519	192,094	230,613
Overflow	and a second second	29,833	29,833
	50,209	228,650	278,859

c. <u>Inventories</u>

Material	Tons
Wash Retreat	131 34,724
	34,855

d. Production by Months

Crude							
Month	Wash	Retreat	Total				
May June July Aug Sept Oct	17,397 10,980 6,906	4,354 97,667 155,472 118,588 77,984 <u>28,240</u> 482,305	4,354 115,064 166,452 125,494 77,984 <u>28,240</u> 517,588				

Sally Mine Annual Report Page 3 Year 1958

Concentrates

Month	Wash	Retreat	Overflow	<u>Total</u>
May June July Aug Sept Oct	8,932 5,873 3,739	1,860 42,100 65,479 57,379 36,034 12,734 215,586	6,476 9,999 7,573 4,733 1,052 29,833	1,860 57,508 81,351 68,691 40,767 <u>13,786</u> 263,963

3. ANALYSIS

a. Crude Ore Produced

Crude Ore	Tons	Iron	Silica
Wash Retreat	35,283	48.75	25.99
11001 640	<u>482,305</u> 517,588	44.73	29.73 29.48

b. <u>Concentrates</u> Produced

Product	Tons	Iron	Phos	Silica	Mang	Alum	Moisture
Bessemer Wash Non-Bessemer Wash Bessemer Retreat Non-Bessemer Retreat Non-Bessemer O'flow	11,690 6,854 38,519 177,067 <u>29,833</u> 263,963	57.67		10.97 11.22 11.42 11.01 <u>10.98</u> 11.07	•51 •48 •36 •45 •29 •42	•52 •54 •59 •60 •57 •59	7.19 7.49 6.69 6.60 <u>6.52</u> 6.65
c. <u>Concentrates</u> Bessemer Wash	Shipped 11,690	58.14	.045	10.97	•51	.52	7.19

Bessemer Wash	11,690	58.14	.045	10.97	.51	.52	7.19
Non-Bessemer Wash	6,723	57.84	.060	11.21	.49	.54	7.50
Bessemer Retreat	38,519	57.67	.045	11.42	.36	.59	6.69
Non-Bessemer Retreat	192,094	57.44	.076	11.09	.43	.63	6.69
Non-Bessemer O'flow	29,833	59.21	.047	10.98	.29	.57	6.52
	278,859	57.70	.067	11.12	.41	.61	6.71

27

d. Mine Analysis of Ore in Stockpile

Concentrates	Tons	Iron	Phos	Silica	Mang	Alum	Moisture
Wash	A STREET AND A S	and the second sec		11.55	M		7.00
Retreat	<u>34,724</u> 34,855			11.10 11.01	<u>.40</u> .40	<u>•57</u> •57	<u>6.48</u> 6.48

4. ESTIMATE of ORE RESERVES

a. Developed Ore - Factors Used

Material	Cubic Feet per Ton	Per Cent Recovery
Wash	14	50
Retreat	14	40

b. Ore Reserves as of December 31, 1958

Lease	Reserve <u>12-31-57</u>	Mined 1958	Balance after Mining	Changed by <u>Re-estimate</u>	Reserve <u>12-31-58</u>
Bovey No. 1 NW-SW 21-56-24	1,397,868	263,962	1,133,906	/ 79 , 262	1,213,168

c. Estimated Analysis of Ore Reserves

Concentrates	Tons	Iron	Phos	Silica
Bessemer Wash Bessemer Retreat Non-Bessemer Retreat	462,777342,077408,3141,213,168	61.50 58.60 57.50 59.40	.029 .027 .052 .036	7.50 11.40 <u>10.50</u> 9.60
Wash Concentrates				-
Bessemer	462,777	61.50	.029	7.50

Sally	y Mine
Annua	al Report
Year	1958
Page	5

273

Retreat Concentrates	Tons	Iron	Phos	Silica
Bessemer Retreat Non-Bessemer Retreat	342,077 <u>408,314</u> 750,391	58.60 57.50 58.00	.027 .052 .040	11.40 <u>10.50</u> 10.90
Totals				
Bessemer Non-Bessemer	804,854 <u>408,314</u> 1,213,168	60.30 <u>57.50</u> 59.40	.028 .052 .036	9.20 <u>10.50</u> 9.60

5. LABOR & WAGES

a. Comments

Labor relations during the year were satisfactory. No grievances were processed in 1958.

b. Comparative Statement of Production & Wa	ges <u>1958</u>	<u>1957</u>
Production-Tons	263,963	353,711
Number of Days Operated	36	76
Number of Shifts Operated	59.5	98
Average Product per Shift	4436	3351
Average Number of Men Employed	129	142
Product per Man per Day	70.55	57.47
Average Wages Paid per Day	\$25.43	\$21.87
*Total Amount Paid for Labor	\$146,806.13	\$168,230.13
Cost per Ton for Labor	\$0.556	\$0.476

*Includes cost of hauling Sally ore to the Canisteo.

6. GENERAL SURFACE

- a. Buildings & Repairs None
- b. Roads, Transmission Lines, etc. None
- c. Miscellaneous General Construction None

7. OPEN PIT

a. Stripping

Surface stripping authorized under E&A No. <u>CC-933</u> in the fall of 1957 was completed January 21, 1958. Operations were conducted on a 3-shift, 5-day-week schedule using 2 shovels and 12 to 14 trucks. <u>586,482</u> cubic yards were moved at an average rate of <u>5,924</u> cubic yards per shift and a cost of \$0.330 per cubic yard, for a total of \$193,796.

Surface stripping was resumed December 10 on a 16-shift-perweek schedule under E&A No. $\underline{CC-973}$ which authorized removal of $\underline{400,000}$ cubic yards of surface stripping at an estimated cost of $\underline{\$0.360}$ totalling an estimated $\underline{\$144,000}$. $\underline{239,778}$ cubic yards were moved in December at an average rate of $\underline{4.944}$ cubic yards a shift and a cost of $\underline{\$0.370}$ per cubic yard. This stripping program continued into 1959.

<u>430,166</u> cubic yards of surface overburden were moved in 1958 at an average rate of <u>4,861</u> cubic yards per shift and a cost of 0.367 a cubic yard, for a total expenditure of 158,033.

b. Open Pit Mining

Hauling of ore to the Canisteo started January 14 on a 3-shift, 5-day-week schedule using 2 shovels and 14 trucks. On January 20, operations were scheduled on a 4-day-week basis; and on January 27, a 16-shift-per-week schedule went into effect and continued until shutdown on February 8. <u>450,209</u> tons of crude ore were stockpiled in the Canisteo pit in 1958. Total crude ore in stock--including ore remaining from the previous year's operation--was 548,458 tons.

Ore operations were started at the Canisteo plant (where Sally ore was processed) on May 26 on a 2-shift, 4-day-week schedule. On September 29, a 3-shift, 4-day-week schedule went into effect and continued until shutdown on November 4.

<u>547,184</u> tons of crude ore were mined from the Sally stockpile in <u>59.5</u> shifts at an average rate of <u>9,196</u> tons per shift. <u>29,596</u> tons of screen rock were included in this tonnage. <u>1,274</u> tons of pit rock were also removed from the Sally stockpile. The Sally crude ore stockpile was depleted October 10.

c. Pumping & Drainage

No pit pumping was necessary. Surface drainage was directed into the natural flowage to the west.

8. BENEFICIATION

Operating the same schedule as the pit, the concentrating plant received 517,588 tons of crude ore to produce 234,130 tons of standard concentrates at an average rate of 3,935 tons per shift and a weight recovery of 45.23 per cent of plant crude and 42.79 per cent of pit crude. Of these standard concentrates, 18,544 tons were wash and 215,586 tons retreat concentrates.

The Heavy-Media plant received $\underline{125,053}$ tons of feed and produced $\underline{97,631}$ tons of concentrates at a weight recovery of $\underline{78.07}$ per cent. Coarse tailings amounted to $\underline{27,422}$ tons.

The fine ore plant produced 29,833 tons of fine ore concentrates from 259,500 tons of current tailings at a weight recovery of 11.50per cent. Plant crude recovery was 5.76 per cent.

For grading purposes most of the Sally crude ore was mined simultaneously with Bovey crudes and dumped into the crude ore pocket in varying proportions to attain the blend required for the resultant grade of concentrate.

During the operating season it was necessary to stockpile $\underline{66,762}$ tons of concentrates. Of this amount, $\underline{31,907}$ tons were shipped from stockpile, leaving a balance of $\underline{34,855}$ tons in stock on January 1, 1959.

Of the total standard concentrates produced, <u>37.85</u> per cent were split coarse and fine. Of the split ore, <u>66.69</u> per cent was coarse and <u>33.31</u> per cent fine concentrates.

Concentration data for the year is as follows:

					Per	Cent	1. S.
Wash Product	Tons	Per Cen Plant	t Weight Pit	Iron	Phos	Silica	Iron Units
Crude to Plant	35,283	100.00	96.44	48.75		25.99	
Screen Plant Rock	1,303		3.56	28.43		54.19	いた時に
Pit Crude	36,586		100.00	47.90		27.16	
Concentrates Produced	18,544	52.56	50.69	58.35	.049	10.53	
Total Concentrates Produced & Shipped	18,544	52.56	50.69	58.35	.049	10.53	
Total Fine Tailings (by difference)	16,739	47.44	45.75			40.97	
Retreat Product							
Crude to Plant	482,305	100.00	94.22	44.73		29.73	
Pit Rock	1,274		.25	25.31		58.52	
Screen Plant Rock	28,293	1000 日本市	5.53	26.06	an Mellin	58.01	
Pit Crude	511,872		100.00	43.18		32.09	1.
Concentrates Produced	215,060	44.59	42.01	57.52	.079	11.01	1.1.1
Stockpile Overrun	526				New Street		
Total Concentrates Produced & Shipped	215,586	44.70	42.12	57.52	.079	11.01	1月1日
Heavy-Media Concentrates	97,631	20.24	19.07	57.79		9.99	
Heavy-Media Rejects	27,422	5.69	5.36	38.76		36.11	
Heavy-Media Feed	125,053	25.93	24.43	53.56		15.82	
Total Fine Tailings (by difference)	239,823	49.72	46.85	35.29		43.87	and the second second
Fine Ore Plant					a de la composition de la comp		
Crude to Plant	259,500	100.00		33.69		46.90	
Total Concentrates Produced & Shipped	29,833	11.50		58.92	.048	11.32	
Total Fine Tailings (by difference)	229,667	88.50	Ster Law	30.60		51.26	
and the second						ALL ACTORS	

Following is a brief classification of delay time at the beneficiation plants:

Washing Plant	Hours	% of Working Hours
Plant Pocket	2.00	0.42
Screening Plant Machines	2.00	0.42
Plant Conveyor	5.00	1.05
Plant Machines	15.25	3.20
Tailings Line	2.00	0.42
	26.25	5.51

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Fine Ore Plant	Hours	Per Cent of Total Working Hours		
Due to Washing Plant	5.00	1.05		
Out of Cars	15.50	3.26		
Pumps	17.50	3.67		
Fine Ore Plant Machines	4.00	0.84		
	42.00	8.82		

9. MAINTENANCE & REPAIRS

All Canisteo equipment repair work was suspended from December 27, 1957, until April 7, 1958. Starting April 7, a limited crew was recalled for pit and plant equipment repair prior to the start of the ore season.

10. COST OF PRODUCTION

a. Comparative Mining Costs

	Budget		tual
Product	1958	1958	1957
Wash Concentrates	建物性素。	18,544	8,862
Retreat Concentrates	247,000	215,586	302,789
Fine Ore Concentrates Direct Ore	28,000	29,833	22,950 19,110
	275,000	263,963	353,711
Per Cent Gross Crude Recovery	48.24	49.11	49.32
Average Product Per Shift Tons per Man per Day		4,436	3,351
Days Operated	Constant States	70.55 36	57 . 47 76
Costs			
Pit Operating	\$0.391	\$0.371	\$0.373
Beneficiating	0.170	0.131	0.149
Fine Ore Concentrating	0.850	0.604	0.807
Loading Stockpile Ore	0.012	0.036	0.005
Sampling & Analysis	0.029	0.026	0.028
Safety & First Aid Supplies	0.003	0.001	0.003
Employees Vacation Pay	0.052	0.047	0.049

Sally	v Mine
Annua	1 Report
Year	1958
Page	10

Costs	Budget	Act	ual
	1958	1958	1957
Personal Injury Expense	\$0.002	\$0.008	\$0.001
Social Security Taxes	0.036	0.017	<u>0.036</u>
Total Pit & Beneficiation	\$1.327	\$1.212	\$1.117
General Mine Expense	0.237	0.173	0.134
Winter & Idle Expense	<u>0.317</u>	0.331	0.156
Cost of Production	\$1.881	\$1.716	\$1.407
Depreciation Plant & Equipment Motorized Equipment Movable Equipment <u>Amortization</u> - None		0.292 0.019 0.006	0.264 0.017
<u>Taxes</u> Ad Valorem Occupational Royalty Deferred Mining Costs		0.202 0.620 0.043 0.028	0.210 0.664 0.016 0.018
Total Depreciation-Amortization-Taxes		\$1.210	\$1.189
Royalty		0.300	0.300
Total Cost on Cars		\$3.226	\$2.896

b. Detailed Cost Comparison

<u>Over-all Mining Costs</u>: of $\frac{1.716}{1.716}$ were 0.165 under the budget of 1.881. The main reason for the favorable cost picture was the increased rate of production...made possible because of the high grade, soft, sand and ore mixed Sally ore. It will not be possible to maintain this high rate of production as more of the rockier ores are encountered.

Pit Operating Costs: \$0.020 below budget of \$0.391. Beneficiation Costs: \$0.039 below budget of \$0.170.

Fine Ore Concentration: \$0.246 below budget of \$0.850. High rate of production accounted for in part by an increase in recovery was main reason for decreased costs.

Miscellaneous Pit & Beneficiation: \$0.024 below budgeted \$0.140.

<u>General Mine Expense:</u> \$0.064 below budget of \$0.140. Increased production of Canisteo ore reduced overhead costs at the Sally as well as at the Canisteo.

<u>Winter & Idle:</u> \$0.014 over budget of \$0.317. Combined Canisteo-Sally Winter & Idle expense was \$363,477 compared to budget of \$255,050--an overexpenditure of \$108,427. Since these costs were divided on a tonnage basis, most of the increase was allocated to the Canisteo. (See Canisteo annual report for details)

II. EXPLORATION & FUTURE EXPLORATION

No exploratory drilling was done at the Sally in 1958. Additional drilling will be required to determine extent of minable ore, particularly in the northwest portion of the forty. Minimum requirement of 2000 feet for future exploratory drilling estimated.

12. TAXES

	1958		1957		Increase-Decrease	
Real Estate	Assessed Value	Taxes	Assessed Value	Taxes	Assessed Value	Taxes
Mineral Land,Building,Machinery	\$158,440 933	\$33,914.08 206.48		\$56,741.32 195.68	-\$119,963	-\$22,827.24 / 10.80
Personal Property		and the second second				
Concentrate Stockpile Crude Stockpile	2,857 <u>28,784</u> \$191,014	611.54 6,161.22 \$40,893.32		\$56,937.00		<pre></pre>
Average Mill Rate	2	14.09	20	03,83	and the second	or 5.03%

280

Sally Mine Annual Report Year 1958 Page 12

Note: Decrease in mineral valuation by new revised estimate reclassifying part of reserve to lower value ores. Also, in 1957, crude ore stockpile was included as part of mineral reserve tonnage. Personal property--no concentrate stockpile on hand May 1, 1957.

> To above tax cost, <u>\$13,149.09</u> was added from Canisteo for proportionate share of taxes on Canisteo facilities used by Sally.

as	ission Reserve s of <u>1958</u>
1958	1,213,168 tons (plus crude stock- pile of 262,949)
1957	<u>1,727,324</u> -514,156

13. ACCIDENTS & PERSONAL INJURY - None

14. PROPOSED NEW CONSTRUCTION - None

15. EQUIPMENT RECEIVED & PROPOSED NEW EQUIPMENT - None

SARGENT OPEN PIT MINE

YEAR 1958

1. GENERAL

The sublease between The Cleveland-Cliffs Iron Company and the International Harvester Company was cancelled on December 31, 1958. The International Harvester Company cancelled its lease with the Sargent Land Company as of the same date.

The estimated 15,450 tons of gross crude, or estimated 9,857 tons of net crude trespass ore stacked by M. A. Hanna in the Bray pit is expected to be treated in the Mesabi Chief plant in 1959. Royalties have been paid on 9,000 tons net crude.

A small tax on the buildings left on the property will be billed to us by the fee owners.

WANLESS MINE ANNUAL REPORT

YEAR 1958

1. GENERAL

The Wanless mine was shut down and no mining or stripping was conducted in the pit in 1958--the only pit activity being intermittent pumping by the Snyder Mining Company and the Wanless pit sump to supplement drainage in Snyder's Whiteside mine. During the latter part of March, the Snyder Mining Company removed the Wanless pump and installed its own pumping equipment hooked up to its own power lines.

A few Wanless men were recalled on June 16 for a 4-day period to block up trucks, cover conveyor belting, and return borrowed equipment.

About the first of September, during a period of heavy cargo requirements, it was necessary to supplement production with stockpile loading from the concentrating plants. Stockpile concentrate grade was excellent and purchased ore was running high grade--so it was considered an opportune time to absorb the low grade Wanless ore to eliminate future exposure to stockpile taxes. On 5 intermittent shifts of loading, 7203 tons of Wanless and 8807 tons of Woodbridge, or a total of 16,010 tons were shipped of the previously recorded 16,449 tons in stockpile, leaving a book balance of 439 tons in the Wanless stockpile.

Two grievances were processed during the year: one carried over from the previous year in which the arbitrator ruled against the company for compensation of a shift not worked by the grievant when the company neglected to recall him from his home at the time he was completing a justified layoff penalty; the other protesting the use of Holman crews to load out the Holman shovel on rent to the Wanless was carried to the third step and dropped by the Union.

Colorado Fuel & Iron cancelled its partnership in the Wanless as of April 1, 1958.

2. PRODUCTION-SHIPMENTS-INVENTORIES

a. Production - None

282

Wanless Mine Annual Report Year 1958 Page Two

b. Shipments

Direct Stockpile	Tons
Wanless	7,203
Woodbridge	8,807
	16.010

c. Stockpile Inventories

Wanless	98
Woodbridge	341
	439

3. ANALYSIS

Analysis of Concentrates Shipped & Concentrates in Stockpile

Ore	Iron	Phos	Silica	Mang	Alum	Moisture
Wanless Woodbridge	52.415 52.157 52.215	.178	9.38	•76 •91 •88	5.46 5.03 5.13	17.305

4. ESTIMATE of ORE RESERVES as of DECEMBER 31, 1958

Ore	Tons
Woodbridge	184,800
<u>Wanless</u> Open Pit Underground	899,521 141,028 1,040,549
Total Wanless-Woodbridge	1,225,349

Wanless Mine Annual Report Year 1958 Page Three

Estimated Analysis of Reserves

Concentrates	Tons	Iron	Phos	Silica	Mang	Alum
Woodbridge <u>SE-NE 16-58-19</u> Open Pit No. 1 Open Pit No. 2	109,741 <u>75,059</u> 184,800	54•37 50•67 52•87	.086 .106 .094	7.30 <u>11.80</u> 9.13	1.11 1.63 1.32	1.11 <u>3.99</u> 2.28
Wanless <u>NE-SE 16-58-19</u> Open Pit No. 1 Open Pit No. 2 Underground No. 1 Underground No. 2	722,588 176,933 41,600 <u>99,428</u> 1,040,549	54.03 48.59 53.50 <u>49.05</u> 52.61	.115 .114 .151 .092 .114	9.22 14.24 9.52 14.33 10.57	1.43 1.44 .90 <u>1.78</u> 1.44	2.93 5.88 2.65 <u>3.81</u> 3.50
<u>Total Mine</u> No. 1 No. 2	873,929 <u>351,420</u> 1,225,349	54.05 <u>49.16</u> 52.65	•113 •106 •111	8.99 <u>13.74</u> 10.35	1.36 <u>1.58</u> 1.41	2.69 <u>4.89</u> 3.32

12. TAXES

The second second second second		1958		1957	Increase-Decrease	
Real Estate	Assessed Value	Taxes	Assessed Value	Taxes	Assessed Value	Taxes
Mineral Land,Building,Machinery	\$181,299 1,867	\$19,076.28 198.46	\$194,143 2,032	\$20,130.69 214.37	-\$12,844 - 165	-\$1,054.41 - 15.91
Personal Property						
Equipment Direct Ore Stockpile	2,593 10,100	272.82 1,062.72	9,294	963.69	/ 10,100	- 690.87 <i>f</i> 1,062.72
Lean Ore Stockpile	\$195,859	\$20,610.28	2,493 \$207,962	258.51 \$21,567.26	-2,493 -\$12,103	 <u>−</u>\$ 258.51 −\$ 956.98
Average Mill Rate	Maria S.	105.23	10	03.71	+	1.52

285

Wanless Mine Annual Report Year 1958 Page Four

Note: Reduction in mineral valuation by mining in 1957. Personal property part of equipment moved from property reduced valuation. Lean ore stockpile removed from tax rolls presently have no economic value. Direct ore stockpile of <u>16,449</u> tons added to tax rolls.

TAX COMMISSION RESERVE

<u>as of</u>	tons
May 1, 1957 May 1, 1958	1,402,423 <u>1,225,349</u> -177,074

11. ACCIDENTS

AND PERSONAL INJURY

a. Fatal Accidents

Three fatal accidents occurred at our properties during the year, one at Mather Mine "B" Shaft, one at Mather Mine "A" Shaft and one at the Cliffs Shaft Mine. All three accidents involved equipment used to move iron ore. Although each was investigated thoroughly, there was at least one link in the chain of events which could not be uncovered.

Our fatality rate was 1.13 (based on per thousand employees) compared to 1.71 average since 1911.

A brief description of the three fatal accidents follows:

Mather Mine "B" Shaft - Clarence Prudom

Mr. Clarence Prudom was fatally injured at approximately 2:40 P.M. on March 11, 1958 at Mather Mine "B" Shaft. He had been struck by a scraper in a transfer on the -675 sublevel above 6200 crosscut. How he got into the transfer will never be known. Prudom's job was to keep watch on a chain conveyor belt which was hauling ore from two mining contracts on the -650 sublevel, and through use of a television set could watch the scraper and crusher on the -675 sub. Electrical controls for all this equipment were located at his operating position and were provided with a lockout in case it was necessary to go to the -675 sub. For some reason Prudom had stopped the chain conveyor but not the rest of the equipment. The safety rules required that equipment be stopped at any time it was necessary to go to the -675 sub and he had had a number of days training by another employee and had instructions from the supervisor.

It would seem that Prudom either slipped and fell through the ore pass from the -650 to the -675 or he may have fainted and fallen into the raise. Prudom had recently undergone major surgery to his stomach and still was not in the best of health and had told fellow employees that he had suffered weak spells.

Mather Mine "A" Shaft - Glenn Veale

Glenn Veale, contract miner at Mather Mine "A" Shaft, was fatally injured at 2:50 P.M. on August 18, 1958 when he either fell or jumped from the locomotive of a haulage train. Veale and another miner had got on the locomotive, in violation of safety rules, near the end of the shift to save 11. <u>ACCIDENTS</u> <u>AND</u> <u>PERSONAL</u> INJURY (Cont.)

a. Fatal Accidents (Cont.)

himself the long walk to the shaft. As the train approached the 7700 crosscut, Veale was missing. He was found by other employees who were on their way to the shaft. Apparently he was dead at the time, having been dragged some distance by the fifth or dumping wheel of the Granby type haulage car.

Cliffs Shaft Mine - Waino Kangas

Waino Kangas, Supervisor at the Cliffs Shaft Mine, was fatally injured at approximately 10:50 A.M. on December 13, 1958. The accident occurred about 400 feet west and south of "B" Shaft, where Kangas was using an Eimco #40 loader. He was alone at the time of the accident so there were no witnesses. Previous to the accident another shift supervisor had been working with Kangas but he had stayed at the rock dump 1100 feet away to scrape rock and level it off in the stope which was being filled. When found by the other supervisor, Kangas was caught between the side of the drift and the dipper of the loader. He apparently had slipped and fallen from the operator's platform of the loader and was crushed between it and the rib.

The above is the first fatality at the Cliffs Shaft Mine since 1947, during which time there has been 10,041,040 hours of exposure and 6,643,918 tons of ore mined.

TABLE I FATAL ACCIDENT RECORD THE CLEVELAND CLIFFS IRON CO. MINING & ELECTRIC POWER DEPARTMENTS 1898-1958 INCLUSIVE

YEAR	NO: MEN EMPLOYED	NO. OF FATALITIES	FATALITY RATE
1898	1065	6	5.63
1899	1174	4	3.41
1900	1427	4	2.80
	3,666	14	3.79
1901	1317	9	6.83
1902	1485	8	5.38
1903	1551	8 8	5.15
1904	1338	4	5.15 2.97
1905	2038	12	6.54
	7,729	41	5.30

ANNUAL REPORT

YEAR 1958

- 11. ACCIDENTS AND PERSONAL INJURY (Cont.)

a. Fatal	Accidents (Cont.)	TABLE I (Cont.)	
YEAR	NO. MEN EMPLOYED	NO. OF FATALITIES	FATALITY RATE
1906	2418	10	4.13
1907	2843	17	6.00
1908	2340	6	2.52
1909	2520	13	5.15
1910	<u> </u>	20 66	6.88
1898 - 19	10	121	4.99
1911	2633	5	1.90
1912	2335	4	1.71
1913	2521	11	4.19
1914	2435	10	4.10
1915	3308	<u> </u>	1.51
	13,332	35	2.70
1916	3063	8	2.61
1917	3457	8 6	1.73
1918	3765	13 11	3.45
1919	3938		2.79
1920	4125	5	1.21
	18,348	43	2.36
1921	2309	6 1	2.60
1922	2301	1	•43
1923	2728	6	2.20
1924 1925	2472 2472	5 2	2.02
1923	12,282	20	<u>.81</u> 1.61
1006			
1926 1927	2119 1969	55	25.96
1927	1969 1784	4	2.03 2.25
1929	2000	4	2.00
1930	2566	5	1.95
	10,438	72	6.90

ANNUAL REPORT

YEAR 1958

- 11. ACCIDENTS

AND <u>PERSONAL</u> <u>INJURY</u> (Cont.)

a. Fatal	Accidents (Cont.)	TABLE I (Cont.)	
YEAR	NO. MEN EMPLOYED	NO. OF FATALITIES	FATALITY RATE
1931	1651	3	1.82
1932	630	õ	0.00
1933	631	3 0 2	3.17
1934	1073	4 2	3.74
1935	1313	2	1.53
	5,298	n, second	2.05
1936	2125	2	•94
1937	2763	1	•36
1938	2590	2 1 3 1	1.17
1939	2457	1	•41
1940	2756	<u>5</u> 12	1.88
	12,691	12	•94
1941	3570	5	1.40
1942	3562	2	•56
1943	3609	4	1.11
1944	3584	3	.84
1945	3078	í	.32
	17,403	5 2 4 3 1 15	•86
1946	2791	0	0.00
1947	3942	7	1.78
1948	4003	3	•75
1949	4191	7 3 1 5 16	.24
1950	4344	5	1.15
	19,271	16	.83
1951	4975	2 5 2 0	.40
1952	4906	5	1.02
1953	4952	2	•40
1954	3946		0.00
1955	3742	4	1.07
	22,521	13	•58
1956	3878	0 2 3	0.00
1957	3200	2	.62
1958	2654	3	1.13
1911-1958	141,316	242	1.71

BASED ON PER THOUSAND EMPLOYEES

289

ANNUAL REPORT

YEAR 1958

11.	ACCIDENTS
Gald	AND
	PERSONAL
	INJURY (Cont.)

a. Fatal Accidents (Cont.) TABLE II

CLASSIFICATION OF CAUSES OF FATAL ACCIDENTS FROM DECEMBER 1, 1898 TO DECEMBER 31, 1958

A.	Fall of Ground	115	
	Run of Mud or sand	60	
	Fall of Chunk of Ore from Chute	3	
	Stray Chunk or Stick Down Raise or Stope	4	182
в.	Shaft Accidents:		
	Falling Down Shaft	16	
	Rock or Timber Falling Down Shaft	4	
	Struck or Caught by Cage, Skip, Bucket, Tool	8	
	Falling from Cage, Skip or Bucket	11	
	Falling from Ladder in Shaft	5	
	Carried or Pushed Into Shaft by Car	53352	
	Jumping on or off Cage, Skip or Bucket	3	
	Struck by Crosshead	5	
	Struck by Falling Material	2	57
		States a	
с.	Use of Explosives		
	Explosion of Powder	20	
	Premature Blast	3	
	Fall of Ground or Timber Due to a Blast	4	
	Overcome by Gas		
	Miscellaneous Causes	32	32
			-
D.	Mine.Railroad Cars. Trucks. Etc.		
	Mine, Railroad Cars, Trucks, Etc. Caught by Haulage Cars	16	
	Riding or Attempting to Ride Cars	7	
	Falling with Car from Trestle	4	
	Run Over by Railroad Car	8	
	Struck by Locomotive	3	
	Truck Haulage	í	
	Miscellaneous Causes	ī	40
			40
E.	Miscellaneous Causes:		
-	Falling in Raise, Stope or Pocket	10	
	Electric Shock	12	
	Falling from Ladder, Trestle, etc	8	
	By Moving Machinery	10	
	Mine Fires	3	
	Stockpile Slide	3	
	Slipping & Falling	1	
	Miscellaneous Causes		52
	LITOCATTAURONS CANSES		
	TOTALS		363

ANNUAL REPORT

YEAR 1958

11. <u>ACCIDENTS</u> <u>AND</u> <u>PERSONAL</u> <u>INJURY</u> (Cont.)

a. Fatal Accidents (Cont.)

TABLE III

CLASSIFICATION OF FATAL ACCIDENTS - 1911 TO 1958, INCLUSIVE BY THE CENTRAL SAFETY COMMITTEE

I	Trade Risk		129
11.	 Negligence of Company Violation of Rules	- 7 - 12 - 6 - 5	37
III.	Negligence of Workmen A. Injured Men: Improper Act or Improper Method of Work Violation of Rules Failure to Use Tools or Appliances Provided Failure to Use Safety Devices	- 11	48
	B. Other Men: Improper Act or Improper Method of Work Violation of Rules Failure to Use Tools or Appliances Provided	- 5	20
	A.B. <u>Injured Men & Other Men;</u> Improper Act or Improper Method of Work	4_	4
II-5 IIIA3 IIIB3	Failure to Instruct Men by Foreman and Violation of Rules by Injured Man and Partner	1_	ı
II-5 IIIA4 IIIB4		2_	2
II-2 IIIA2 IIIB2	Failure to Use Proper Tools or Appliances Provided (By the Foreman, Injured Workman and Other Workmen)	1_	1
	momit to		~ ~

TOTALS----- 242

11. ACCIDENTS AND PERSONAL INJURY

b. All Injuries

Causes of Compensable Injuries - Underground

Total compensable injuries amounted to 58 which is almost half the number which occurred in 1957 but the number of manhours worked in 1958 is considerably less. Again falls of ground caused the greatest number of injuries but the severity of injuries was low. Falling chunks down raises, shafts and chutes caused eight injuries and has for many years been an injury hazard. These two hazards usually cause about 30% of all underground injuries and has been of serious concern to everyone.

Much has been done to prevent falls of ground accidents through use of proper forepoles, side support and blocking over the poles and behind the side support. There is no question as to the value of this support before timbering and statistics show that there has been a great decrease in falls of ground accidents. As for injuries caused by falling chunks from raises, mills, etc., we have had an increase in number. This category also includes barring of mills and chutes and many of the injuries are caused when loosened chunks roll down the piles and strike the chute man and at other times the bar is struck by a chunk and in turn the bar strikes the man. The Safety Department and supervisory personnel at the mines have concentrated on prevention of this type of accident but although some improvement has been noticed, we still have a real problem, especially protecting the man barring mills.

Slipping and falling injuries continue but most of them are of minor nature. Housekeeping, of course, is the main problem but the careful man can usually avoid this type of accident.

Surface at Underground Mines

There were only two compensable injuries on surface at underground mines. Again we had a slipping and falling injury and one from handling material.

Open Pits

At open pits there were eight compensable injuries and of these, with one exception, were caused by falls of persons. One listed as jumping from one railroad car to another probably should be listed as falling, because the man fell on top of the loaded railroad car after jumping and this caused the injury. The eighth injury was caused by falling material.

11. <u>ACCIDENTS</u> <u>AND</u> <u>PERSONAL</u> <u>INJURY</u> (Cont.)

b. All Injuries (Cont.)

Other Operations

Five injuries are listed under this category and they were the cause of much lost time. Falling from a broken stage caused a badly fractured ankle. Caught in a V-belt drive the loss of a finger, and caught in a conveyor belt a fractured arm. This last one could have been fatal had a larger motor powered the small conveyor belt. Violation of safety rules were responsible for the three serious injuries.

294

11. ACCIDENTS AND PERSONAL INJURY (Cont.)

b. All Injuries (Cont.)

INTERPRETATION OF INJURY RATES

That injury frequency rates are much more significant than sets of abstract figures punctuated with decimal points is forcefully recognized when they are interpreted in terms of employees.

Using an average of 2,000 hours per employee per year, 1,000,000 hours represents the yearly exposure of about 500 employees. An injury frequency rate of 10.0 per 1,000,000 man-hours, then, indicates 10 disabling injuries per year among each 500 employees, or 1 injury among 50. In a plant with a frequency rate of 20.0, approximately one employee out of every 25 is suffering a disabling injury each year.

The severity rate is the number of days lost and charged per each 1,000,000 hours worked. Because of the inclusion of time charges, which generally are in excess of the actual number of days lost, it is incorrect to say that the rate represents days lost in relation to a given number of employees.

The severity rate actually is a single rate which measures both the frequency and severity of injuries. Whereas the frequency rate is determined by counting each injury as 1, regardless of the seriousness of the case, the severity rate is determined by counting each injury the number of times indicated by its time charge - i.e., according to its relative severity.