

# THE GLADSTONE DELTA.

Volume XXVII.

CHAS. E. MASON, PUBLISHER.

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Number 42

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## ABOUT THE CITY

Clarence Lehr, Manager of last year's champion Escanaba team in U. P. W. league has signed up with the Philadelphia National league team.

Rufus G. Siple left Wednesday evening for Chicago where a good position is awaiting him. We hate to see Mr Siple go; but his position is such that he will be able to drop in once in a while.

Gabriel Heldmann, whose feats at the natatorium attracted more or less attention last summer, returned from Munising some time since and now may be seen through the show window of Baker's atelier aux cheveux, next door to the billboard on Delta avenue.

Myron Legg, Herbert Ward and Walter Bellanger attended a meeting of the Naval Reserves in Escanaba Monday evening.

Licorice Ju-Ju's, Hoarhound Candy and Cherry Drops stop the tickling in the throat, 5c a package at ERICKSON & VON TELL.

The F. R. A. will give an excursion to Escanaba Wednesday.

The Clerk's Union held its regular meeting Monday evening and its new officers were installed. The Union will enjoy a sleighride party to Perkins Tuesday evening.

### GLEASON COMPANY.

The stockholders of the Gleason Exploration & Mining Co., met in this city Monday, January 6, and elected the following officers:

E. G. Hilliard, Duluth, President; G. H. Good, Winton, Vice-President; John J. Gleason, Eveleth, M. J. Murphy, Ely, and A. E. Neff, Gladstone, Directors; H. B. Laing, Gladstone, Sec. & Treas.; E. L. Laing, Engineer. The company did a grand business last year, shipping out over 100,000 tons of ore. They look forward to even a more prosperous year and would not be surprised if they found their business doubled.

Have you heard Prof. Harris at the Gem?

### FOR SALE CHEAP!

Large, comfortable home, 10 rooms, electric lighted. Will sell at a sacrifice, at half the original cost. Must sell at once, on account of returning to Detroit to take up my work in that city. A bargain for anyone interested. Call on me or write me. J. H. VASHAW, East end Michigan Ave.

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do better than have an hour at The Grand when you wish to pass a quiet hour with a friend or two over a social glass? I have everything you can name, Foreign or Domestic and you shall choose to your liking. I will be glad to see you.

**FRANK LOUIS**  
NINTH AND DELTA

## COUNTY GRANGE

The entertainment of the Delta county grange was held Tuesday as heralded, and though there was not such an influx of visitors as was expected, those who came were taken care of in hospitable form. The events of the day were as set forth in the program published last week. The meeting of the grange was held in the opera house in the morning, and dinner was served to the visitors and to many Gladstone folk in Wasa Hall by the members of the Lutheran church. This was done in satisfactory style and elicited many commendations.

After dinner the session was continued as an open one and many Gladstonians were present. At five o'clock the visitors were entertained at the Gem by MacLaurin and Needham to their satisfaction. The supper was served in Wasa Hall, and the evening session began. Miss Stephenson sang her solo in excellent voice and was roundly applauded. The Misses Delores and Dorothy Mertz rendered their original "Come with us to Cloverland" duet and pleased all, as they invariably do.

F. L. Baldwin, secretary of the Grange delivered his address on the Grange and State, and other topics. The whole day passed very pleasantly and the visitors expressed their desire to come again.

The address of welcome by Superintendent Willman on behalf of the Commercial Club was short; but it contained all that was needed and expressed all that Gladstone desired to say to her farmer friends.

Miss Ina Stephenson delighted her audience, and, responding to a hearty encore, she sang still more witchingly.

The two addresses of the Soo Line agricultural expert, Mr. Haverstad, were not only interesting and instructive, but they reached the hearts of his hearers. Commissioner Legg spoke of the schools as they touch the farmer. His address showed an intimate knowledge of both sides of his subject. The delightful song picture of the Misses Mertz was the quaintest feature of the meeting and so engaged the hearers that it is said they will be called to repeat their success upon a wider stage. Everybody is pleased with the result of Gladstone's efforts at entertaining its farmer friends; the Commercial Club will be glad to have them call often and its guests expressed themselves as more than pleased with the reception they received. It is hoped that this friendly relation may grow closer from day to day and that it may bring many mutual benefits to all who have been within the city gates.

The ladies of the Swedish Lutheran church cleared a neat sum by their enterprise in providing meals at Wasa Hall, though not so large a reward as their efforts merited; it is between \$40 and \$50. The dinner and supper which they served is highly spoken of by all who attended and they have increased their reputation as caterers.

The committee of the Commercial Club, Messrs. Mertz and Blackwell, proved efficient and economical. O. L. Mertz as chairman did yeoman work; he put his hand to the plow and the plowing is there to testify in his behalf. It is likely that he will be yoked again when there is more plowing to do.

### FAVORITE TOILET CREAM

Best for chapped hands, cold only by ERICKSON & VON TELL.

The Hancock daily Journal explains the value of a mill to its town thus: "Up at Sale there is a little custom flour mill, the farmers bring their wheat, rye, barley and other grains to be ground into flour or meal. On one day last season there were no less than fifty teams at this mill with grain and waiting for flour. In the season this mill runs continuously day and night grinding grain. If Hancock people will go after it right, they can get this mill to locate in Hancock, as this would be a more central point for farmers from about the Copper Country. Wouldn't it be a fine thing to have fifty, or forty, or thirty, or even ten farmers' teams lined up in Hancock every day with grist for the mill. Wouldn't it be a fine thing for all these farmers to get in the habit of coming to Hancock and of making it their trading point? If each team left \$1 per day in town, but it is more likely they would average ten dollars wouldn't that be a good thing?"

A Lansing dispatch says Gov. Ferris will appoint Orlando F. Barnes, of Rosecommon to succeed Judge T. B. White of Escanaba on the state tax commission. This will give the democrats a majority on the commission.

Have you heard Prof. Harris at the Gem?

### NOTICE

Hairweaving and remodeling switches Satisfaction guaranteed. Phone 15 W. Mrs. Ed. Gordon, Buckeye addition. 4-25

## PERSONALS

Miss Loretta Mc Carthy left Monday for Marquette, and will resume her studies at the Normal, after a pleasant Christmas vacation.

Prof. Frank Mallien, returned to his duties at Madison, last Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. F. Artley were called Friday, to Pontiac, Mich., by the sudden death of their son, Roy, well known in this city.

Harold Van Natta and Andrew Shepley returned Thursday from Manistique.

Mr. and Mrs. Rodney Elliott of Menominee and Mrs. E. Brusco of Marinette arrived here Sunday and are guests of Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Stewart.

John Buzsick, who finished the season as a pitcher on the local team last season was married to Miss Allie Roberts, at Roberts, Ill., last week.

Victor Peterson left for Chicago Sunday evening where he will make his home permanently.

Mrs. George Gillingham left Wednesday to join her husband in Detroit.

Miss Josephine Bunno returned Monday evening from Trenary where she had been visiting her sister, Mrs. Clifford Moran, for a few weeks.

Mrs. P. Daley returned to her home in Sparta, Wis., Sunday evening after visiting at the home of W. W. Wilson since Christmas.

Mrs. Ida R. Plumb returned Monday morning after a two week's visit in Minneapolis.

Mr. and Mrs. E. Leslie Laing of Iron River were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. H. B. Laing this week; they returned home Wednesday morning.

Mr. and Mrs. John Burgess returned Wednesday from the Soo where they had been visiting at the home of her parents for a week.

Miss Helen Bidwell left Saturday for Lawrence University to take up her studies in music.

Mr. and Mrs. Michael Gleason and Miss Vine Gleason left Monday evening for San Diego, Cal., to spend the winter.

The Misses Vine and Florence Glode of Sault Ste. Marie who have been visiting at the home of D. McCarthy and friends in Kipling, will leave for Marquette county Saturday where they will visit friends and relatives in several places before returning to their home.

Mrs. C. F. Brown is ill with pneumonia.

J. T. Whybrew, manager of the Cloverland Company, went to Minneapolis Tuesday evening, where business will detain him for a week.

Miss Estella Champion, who has been spending the holidays with her mother and brother returned Wednesday to Grafton Hall at Fond du Lac, Wis., to again take up her studies in that institution.

Mrs. P. R. Legg and Mrs. Gust Nelson attended the funeral of J. Wiederbrand of Bark River on Wednesday.

Miss Margery Fraser went Sunday night to take charge of the primary department of the Bark River schools.

Mr. and Mrs. Hiram Wellman of Ford River visited their niece Mrs. Peter Jordan, Tuesday.

Norman Eddy, Mrs. Bartley and Mrs. Dixon of South Ford River attended the Grange meeting Tuesday.

Mrs. Henry Rosenblum went to Ishpeming the day after the new year to visit with Mrs. Kahn and Mrs. Harry Bloch. Her absence was noted by her large circle of friends, but she returned to Gladstone last Monday.

Miss Edith Jackson and Miss Esther Ewald leave for Detroit to-morrow evening to resume their studies.

Mrs. W. L. Marble, Jr., suffered from an attack of the grippe this week.

Mrs. H. B. Laing returned Monday evening from a trip to Detroit.

Mrs. G. E. Webb returned to her home at Marquette Sunday evening.

Mrs. C. H. France has returned home from a visit of two weeks with relatives at Saginaw.

Miss Suzanne MacIntyre was quite seriously ill this week.

E. Granberg has left for Rhineland to work in the Soo Line yards.

M. Christie of Escanaba has taken the position of chef at the Delta Hotel.

Chas. Holm left for Hermansville Wednesday morning, where he dressed several cattle for his shop. He returned Thursday evening.

Walter Detrich, who was taken to the Cottage Hospital, Escanaba, suffering with typhoid fever, is improving rapidly and expects to be home shortly.

Slaughter sale on books, the regular 50c copyright, 50 and 75 cents asked everywhere by other dealers. I have 100 copies to select from for only 45 cents. Many of those books are now being sold for 1.00 and 1.25. See them at STEWART'S PHARMACY.

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RICH AS BUTTER SWEET AS A NUT

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## GLADSTONE DELTA

C. E. MASON, Publisher

GLADSTONE

MICHIGAN

### CHAUFFEURS MUST NOT SMOKE.

The municipal authorities in Berlin have issued an order forbidding chauffeurs to smoke while in charge of automobiles. The order applies not only to chauffeurs driving taxicabs, but also to anybody, prince or peasant, who steers an automobile. It is based upon the contention that smoking diverts the attention of drivers and has caused many accidents. There is more governing in Germany than in any other country, and this decree will be considered an extreme manifestation of interference with private affairs. But it may get results in the way of reducing the total number of accidents. If it does it will be enforced regardless of whether it is popular. American observers of the use and abuse of automobiles will feel, however, that it is vastly more important to forbid persons to drive automobiles after having drunk intoxicants than while smoking cigarettes or cigars, says the Louisville Courier-Journal. The man at the wheel who "feels his oats" is a really dangerous factor in the somewhat difficult problem of running at the maximum speed possible upon the roads provided and killing only a small number of the persons who subject themselves to the risks of the road.

It can not be truthfully asserted that the appalling list of deaths due to aviation has been wholly in the interests of science. Men who have fallen to their death while experimenting in the field of aviation are entitled to all the credit due to men who risk life in the interests of scientific research. But a majority of the victims have met death while exhibiting themselves to the public, not as scientists but as showmen. In response to a morbid demand of the public for new thrills they have taken long chances for a price, not for the joy of discovery. Their deaths are due to the same cause that impels death defying feats under canvas. The general public wants to be thrilled. Americans deprecate the bull fight, and have put the prize fight under the ban. But, after all, isn't it just as bad to demand that men shall risk death in order to supply the thrill, as it is to demand the blood of bulls or to delight in seeing two human animals, trained to the limits of physical perfection, pummel each other to a pulp under the glare of electric lights in a roped in arena?

At the first menace of war Czar Ferdinand of Bulgaria sent to Paris on a secret mission one of the most faithful members of his staff. This personage was charged, not as one might think, with diplomatic negotiations with M. Polncare, nor with our great Parisian financiers, but to buy in one of our most important magazine novelties, flannels for the protection of the precious body of his majesty during the rigors of the campaign. But events came on with such rapidity that this commissioner was urgently recalled and obliged to regain his post before he was able to complete his purchases. Therefore, he left his wife at Paris, charged to fulfill the delicate mission with which he had been intrusted. Thanks to the intelligent activity of this lady the imperial package was at last sent without delay to Sofia. These are French flannels and will permit the Czar Ferdinand to meet the rigors of a winter campaign without running the risk of catching cold.

Wheat exports from the United States in 1912, will materially exceed those of recent years. The record of the ten months now available in the Statistical Division of the Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce indicates that the wheat exports of the full year will exceed one hundred million bushels, against eighty-three million in 1911 and sixty-two million in 1910. The total for the ten months ended with October is seventy-six and a quarter million bushels, against sixty-seven and three quarters million in the corresponding months last year. This increase occurred chiefly in the new crop.

We deem it quite doubtful whether the alleged farmeress who perpetrated the epigram that the farmer who has the fattest hogs usually has the leanest wife, is a real farmeress. Else she would know that the farmer's wife has charge of sending the waste food to the hogs and can intercept any item of the hog's menu to which she may take a fancy.

Reading the news that Harvard has engaged her football coach, Haughton, for a term of years at \$10,000 a year, several mere teachers in science, language or philosophy may wish that they had turned their attention to something really educational.

In New York it is proposed that boxing be taught in schools. Pistol practice would be much more practical, as well as trekking and ambuscading.

## FRUIT LOSS IS HUGE

CALIFORNIA GROWERS' HOPES BLASTED AS FROST NIPS THEIR GROVES.

LOSS MAY REACH \$25,000,000

Slightly Spoiled Oranges Can Be Saved If Government Permits Shippers to Use "Sweat" Process—Oil Burned to Save Trees.

Los Angeles, Cal., Jan. 8.—Temperatures four to six degrees lower than Sunday night were recorded here, blasting the hopes of orange and lemon growers. It was admitted that citrus fruit losses would be extremely heavy. Estimates of damage ran from \$10,000,000 to \$30,000,000. Railroad freight losses, figured in terms of shipment, were shown in the statement of the shippers that the 1913 crop of oranges and lemons would be 10,000 to 20,000 carloads short.

Last year's crop netted growers \$35,000,000. Eleven millions went to the railroads in freight and refrigeration charges. At the beginning of the season this year's crop value was estimated at \$50,000,000, and, according to the heads of various fruit associations and firms, the damage done by the present two day freeze will amount perhaps to one-half the value of the entire crop.

Depends on the Government. Actual losses to both growers and railroads, however, will be dependent to a certain extent upon the attitude of the government toward the shipment of slightly damaged fruit.

W. A. Randolph, head of the big shipping concern, declared that if the government held the same attitude as it did last year in the northern "sweated fruit" cases, the present crop would be the smallest in the history of the citrus industry. The government ruled that oranges which had been subjected to the sweating process were adulterated food and confiscated the entire shipment. Growers believe that a slight application of "sweating" would take the frost out of a great deal of fruit which otherwise would be useless.

Nearly 100 carloads of oil, distillate and other fuel were used in the smudging operations. In Redlands the orchardists quit trying to do anything when the thermometer showed a minimum of 19 degrees. San Bernardino was two degrees lower, and the citrus men estimated that the loss there would be \$3,000,000.

Fear in Florida Groves. Tampa, Fla., Jan. 8.—Fearing freezing weather, predicted for this state, will bring disaster, citrus growers throughout the state have made every possible preparation for protection of their groves.

General Manager William C. Temple of the Florida citrus exchange issued a warning to growers in which he pointed out that the trees are practically in the same delicate stage as when the low temperature of 1895 did so much damage. Most of the trees are in full bloom.

### 1 KILLED; 14 HURT IN WRECK

Big Four Train, Cincinnati to Chicago, Derailed Near Lafayette, Ind., on Sharp Curve.

Lafayette, Ind., Jan. 8.—Loose trucks on the baggage car of west-bound Big Four passenger train No. 15 caused a bad wreck at Rex, twelve miles south of this city. The entire train, with the exception of the mail car and engine and tender, left the track and plunged down a steep hill at the side of the track.

The dead: Irwin Zunner, aged twenty-eight, Rochester, N. Y.

The injured: Henry J. Pfeiffer, 134 Central avenue, Connersville, Ind., badly injured on left side; W. C. Patterson, 2351 North Alabama street, Indianapolis, bruised and cut; J. C. Bushman, Indianapolis, hurt internally; Leonard Caughill, Indianapolis, badly hurt; James D. Armond, express messenger, Cincinnati, cut and bruised; Charles Baird, Indianapolis, fireman riding in day coach, ribs broken, spitting blood; W. Voight, 204 Second avenue, Albany, N. Y., injured about head; H. H. Lovelace, 46 Linden street, Boston, bruised about head and body; Elmer Leary, Lafayette, bruised and hurt internally, condition serious; C. E. Tower, 813 West Eighth street, Cincinnati, injured internally; W. C. Kaques, Thornton, cut and bruised; W. D. Kennedy, 40 Linden flats, Cincinnati, cut about face, head and hands; George Montgomery, Calumet avenue, Chicago, injured internally; J. Herman Tichers, Otterbein, Ind., leg and arm injured; H. W. Moore, Indianapolis, bruised about body, shoulders and hips.

### REID ESCORT VISITS CAPITAL

Officers of the British Warship Natal Honored by Secretary of the Navy Meyer.

Washington, Jan. 7.—Under the escort of Lieutenant Commander Sypher, U. S. N., four officers of the British warship Natal arrived in Washington to be the guests of the navy department. They are Capt. C. Greatorex, engineer; Commander S. J. Sutton, Lieut. Ralph Eliot and Assistant Paymaster C. F. King. The Natal brought back the body of Ambassador Reid, and its officers have seized the opportunity to see the American capital before returning to their own shores.

## JERRY SOUTH



Mr. South, who is the chief clerk of the house of representatives, has been trying in vain to serve William Rockefeller with a subpoena to appear before the Pujo committee.

### STRUGGLE IN BALKANS LIKELY TO BE RESUMED

Allies, Chagrined Over Dilatory Tactics of Turks, Suggest Breaking Off of Negotiations.

London, Jan. 7.—Again rejecting the Turkish demands the Balkan peace envoys at five o'clock in the afternoon at St. James palace moved an adjournment of the peace conference sine die, at the same time informing the Turks that if all the allies' demands are not acceded within a reasonable period hostilities in European Turkey will be resumed 96 hours after the formal breaking off of the negotiations.

The period of 96 hours will give the powers ample time to take steps toward mediation if they desire to do so. The Balkan plenipotentiaries were plainly weary of the Turkish tactics and in an impatient mood when they assembled at four o'clock for the tenth session of the conference. All were prepared to formally declare the negotiations at an end, a declaration which was not forthcoming only because of the allies' sincere desire to give the Turks every advantage to offer satisfactory terms of settlement.

Rehad Pasha read a long prepared statement, most of which was devoted to Turkey's wish that peace be restored. Concerning the demands of the Balkans, Rehad Pasha said his colleagues had manifested their willingness to surrender part of Thrace and Crete. He said nothing about Adrianople.

The Balkan delegates then adjourned to their committee room and prepared a brief statement to the effect that Turkey had failed to meet the Balkan demands and the Balkan delegates were constrained to ask for an indefinite postponement, the conference to be resumed not until the Turks had prepared other and more acceptable proposals.

Doctor Daneff, chief Bulgarian delegate, insisted that the proceedings did not constitute a rupture and expressed confidence that the Turks will yet concede Adrianople.

### PRESENT BONDS IN TEN DAYS

McClory Secures Signatures of Convicted Dynamiters—Hockin Asks If Bail Had Been Secured for Him.

Leavenworth, Kan., Jan. 8.—Signatures of the 32 men convicted of a dynamite conspiracy to blank bonds have been secured by J. E. McClory, secretary of the Ironworkers' union. The bonds have been mailed to attorneys for the men in Chicago, and will be filled out and presented to the courts probably within ten days. McClory left a sufficient sum of money with the warden to pay transportation of the men to their homes. Herbert S. Hockin asked an interview with McClory, which was granted. Hockin wanted to know whether arrangements had been made to secure his release. McClory replied that so far as he knew no such move had been made.

### COOK SPEAKER IN INDIANA

Hoosier State's House Democrats in Caucus Name Legislative Officials in Indianapolis.

Indianapolis, Ind., Jan. 9.—Homer L. Cook of Indianapolis was selected for speaker of the Indiana house of representatives at the house Democratic caucus at the Denison hotel here. The other officers were selected as follows: Principal clerk, S. N. Quillen, Linton; assistant clerk, Paul C. Hill, Greencastle; chief doorkeeper, Douglas Botser, Newcastle; postmaster, Charles J. Stewart, Lebanon; permanent caucus chairman, W. W. Spencer, Indianapolis; permanent caucus secretary, James R. Fleming, Portland.

Sleet Storm Causes Plant Tieup. Utica, N. Y., Jan. 9.—Several thousand men were temporarily rendered idle as a result of the sleet storm of last night snapping electric wires and cutting off power in many local industries.

## TAFT PRAISES BODY

DECLARES COMMISSION ON ECONOMY AND EFFICIENCY HAVE EFFECTED BIG SAVING.

REPORTS URGE NEW REFORMS

Memorandum Accompanying President's Message Asserts Board Has Shown Government Can Reduce Its Expenses \$5,979,000 Annually.

Washington, Jan. 9.—Sweeping commendation of the work of the commission on economy and efficiency and a plea for an appropriation of a quarter of a million dollars to be available March 4 for the continuance of the work of that commission were contained in a special message from President Taft, which was read before both houses of congress.

Sees Saving of \$5,979,000.

In a memorandum accompanying the message it was estimated that when the changes advocated by the commission in its previous 85 reports had been fully installed a yearly saving of \$5,979,000 would be effected in the government service.

In addition to this amount the proposed changes advocated in the eleven new reports, which formed the basis for the president's message, were calculated to add another \$500,000 to the yearly total of economy effected by the commission.

Urges Reforms in Many Departments. These reports advocated reforms in as many governmental departments, all of which received the approbation of the president. The matters commented on by the commission were as follows:

1. Business methods of the office of the adjutant general of the war department.
2. The handling and filing of correspondence in the mail and record division of the office of the chief of engineers.
3. The handling and filing of correspondence and the doing of statistical work in the bureau of insular affairs.
4. The handling and filing of correspondence in the office of the surgeon general.
5. The handling and filing of correspondence in the office of the chief of ordinance.
6. The handling and filing of correspondence in the mail and record division of the department of justice.
7. Methods of keeping efficiency records of employees in the national bank redemption agency of the department of the treasury.
8. The electric lighting of federal buildings of the department of the treasury.
9. The establishment of an independent public health service.
10. The recovery of fiber stock of canceled paper money.

### Systems Are Declared Ancient.

In many departments, state the commission, the office systems were found to be twenty-five years behind the times.

In commenting on the work of the commission, the president said:

"During the time and with the staff available it has not been possible to make final detached reports on more than a few of the hundreds of offices in Washington, and in only one office outside of Washington has this work been undertaken. The reports which are submitted will serve, however, to illustrate the character of the results which may follow an extensive investigation of office technique and procedure. In my opinion these investigations should be carried into every branch and office of the government, and to do this ample funds must be provided. As stated in previous messages to congress, there is no greater service to the country than that of the continuance of the work of the commission until some form of organization is provided for continuously doing this kind of work under the executive. It would be very much to the credit of the administration if the president were authorized to spend whatever amount he may deem necessary within the next two years, the only condition attached being that he render an account of expenditures."

### 30 DROWN AS SHIP SINKS

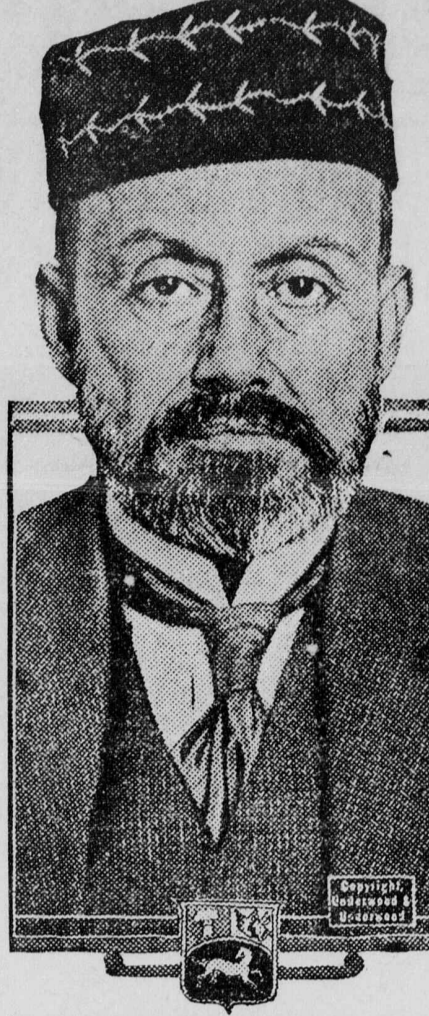
Tank Steamer Rosecrans Hits Rocks Off Oregon Coast and Founders—Three Are Saved.

Astoria, Ore., Jan. 8.—Thirty men carried to death beneath the waves and three others clinging for hours to the rigging of the one standing mast, while the huge seas were pounding the steamer to pieces beneath them, with little hope of help being able to reach them.

That, in short, is the story of the worst marine disaster that has occurred in the vicinity of the mouth of the Columbia river in many years. It is the story of the wreck of the Associated Oil company's tank steamer Rosecrans, which went to destruction on the north projection of Peacock Spit, not far from McKenzie Head, as the result of the terrific gale.

The Cape Disappointment life saving station reported that two of the men clinging to the spar of the wrecked oil steamer Rosecrans had been rescued. The third man was picked up, but when report was sent he was still unconscious and it is feared he will die. Shortly before dark one of the Rosecrans crew was washed ashore at Tiogo, Wash., in an exhausted condition, but apparently uninjured.

## CIPRIANO CASTRO



This photograph of General Castro, former dictator of Venezuela, who is trying to enter the United States, was taken at Ellis Island, where he has been detained.

### GOMPERS MAKES PLEA FOR THE DYNAMITERS

Labor Chief Attacks Presiding Judge at Bomb Trial in Addressing House Body.

Washington, Jan. 7.—Samuel Gompers, president of the American Federation of Labor, speaking before the senate subcommittee on judiciary in favor of the Clayton anti-injunction and contempt bills, gave answer to criticisms aimed at the organization of workers which he heads because of the trial and conviction for dynamiting of officers of the Structural Iron Workers' union.

"If ever the time shall come," said Mr. Gompers in the climax of his address, "when government by dynamite shall be attempted (and let us hope and work that it never shall come), it will have as its main cause the theory and policy upon which is based government by injunction—personal government foisted upon our people instead of a government by law."

Judge Anderson, who presided over the trial of the iron workers, was referred to particularly by Mr. Gompers, when he declared that "our whole social organization seems to be on trial."

"Even the judge who tried the case, smugly assured of personal responsibility," Mr. Gompers said, "fatuously declared 'that evidence in this case will convince any impartial person that government by injunction is infinitely to be preferred to government by dynamite.'"

"The worthy judge had blindly chanced upon one of the causes, but had failed to realize causal relationship. The words to him were simply a conventional epigram—he does not know that there is a law of life just as immutable as the law of gravitation, of attraction and repulsion, a law of life which meets tyranny and injustice by resistance. The inaptness, aye, the unwarrantable character, of this utterance of the judge discloses how far afield outside the case he went to take another slap at labor."

Representative Pujo was talking in Washington about the currency.

"It must balance," he said. "It must balance automatically and delicately. It must resemble the Christmas husband."

"Oh, John, dear," said this chap's wife, "I'm so sorry you've got all those heavy parcels to carry!"

"Well, you see," John panted, reassuringly, "my pocket is very much lighter now."

The Condition. "Can your wife keep a secret?"

"Certainly, if there is nobody around for her to tell it to."

### TAFT IS GIVEN GOLD MEDAL

President Honored by Jews for Work Done for Them in Russian Trouble.

Washington, Jan. 7.—President Taft added to his collection of decorations a gold medal, presented to him for his championship of the Jewish cause in the recent diplomatic embroglio with Russia which resulted in the abrogation of the treaty of 1832 with that country. The medal is the gift of the B'Nai B'Rith, the constitutional executive committee of which is meeting here. Adolph Kraus, grand president of the national organization of the B'Nai B'Rith, headed the committee which made the presentation. Luncheon for the committee, at which the president played host, followed.

### \$200,000 BLAZE IN IOWA

Half a Block of Business Buildings Destroyed at Mason City—Many Stores Wiped Out.

Mason City, Va., Jan. 8.—A \$200,000 fire destroyed half a block of business buildings here. The buildings destroyed were: the Century, Century Annex, Egloff and Strawberry buildings. The firms wiped out were: Miller's grocery, Adams, American Union telegraph office, Josepha dry goods, general hardware stores, Mills drug store, L. C. Smith Vance Music, McCaffray wholesale cigars, Lehman and Stork harness store, Cambridge pool hall, and the Russell garage.

Editor Succeeds Jeff Davis. Little Rock, Ark., Jan. 7.—A. N. Heiskel, editor of the Arkansas Gazette, has been appointed senator, succeeding Jeff Davis. Heiskel was born in Memphis.

## DISGRACED!



"We dined out last evening. Pa disgraced us, as usual."  
"How so?"  
"Got to the end of the dinner with three forks and two spoons still unused."

### SKIN ERUPTION ON CHEEK

Kingsley, Mich.—"Last May my thirteen-months-old baby had a sore come on her cheek. It started in four or five small pimples and in two or three hours' time spread to the size of a silver dollar. It spread to her eye. Then water would run from the pimples and wherever that touched it caused more sores until nearly all one cheek and up her nostrils were one solid sore. She was very fretful. She certainly was a terrible looking child, and nothing seemed to be of any use."

"Then I got some Cuticura Soap and Cuticura Ointment. She tried to rub off everything we put on so that, we would sit and hold her hands for two hours at a time, trying to give the medicine a chance to help her, but after I washed it with Cuticura Soap and then put on the Cuticura Ointment they seemed to soothe her and she did not try to rub them off. It was only a few days before her face was all healed up, and there has been no return of the trouble since. We thought that baby's face would surely be scarred, but it is not." (Signed) Mrs. W. J. Cleland, Jan. 5, 1912.

Cuticura Soap and Ointment sold throughout the world. Sample of each free, with 32-p. Skin Book. Address post-card "Cuticura, Dept. L, Boston." Adv.

### Problem in Physics.

A native of T., on the coast of Scotland, when the contract for the building of the first three steamers fitted with electric lights at the local shipyard was completed, formed one of the social party gathered to entertain the electricians, says Ideas. In a burst of candor and comradeship, he was heard to say to one of the wiremen:

"Mon, Peter, efter workin' w' you on they boats, I believe I could put in the electric light mase', but there's only one thing that bates me."

"Aye, aye, Sandy, what is that?" inquired his interested friend, willing to help him if it lay in his power.

"Weel, mon," replied Sandy, "'tis just this: I dinna ken how ye get the ile tae along the wires."

Balanced. Representative Pujo was talking in Washington about the currency.

"It must balance," he said. "It must balance automatically and delicately. It must resemble the Christmas husband."

"Oh, John, dear," said this chap's wife, "I'm so sorry you've got all those heavy parcels to carry!"

"Well, you see," John panted, reassuringly, "my pocket is very much lighter now."

The Condition. "Can your wife keep a secret?"

"Certainly, if there is nobody around for her to tell it to."

Many a man performs his work as though he thought he was doing the boss a favor.

Substantial Breakfast Pleasure

in every package of

Post Toasties

Crisp, sweet bits of toasted Indian Corn, to be served with cream or milk.

Always Ready to Eat Direct From Package—

Always Delicious.

Sold by Grocers everywhere.

"The Memory Lingers"

Postum Cereal Co., Ltd. Battle Creek, Mich.

# NEWS FROM THE STATE CAPITOL

**THE SENATE DEMOCRATS WILL NOT PUSH THROUGH ANY PARTISAN MEASURES.**

**THE HOUSE REFUSES RECOUNT TO CONTESTANTS FOR SEAT.**

**The Governor Does Not Believe in Prize Fighting—Bills, Election of U. S. Senator and other Matters of Interest.**

(By Gurd M. Hayes.)

Lansing, Mich., Jan. 5. It is not the intention of the democrats, just because of the fact that they have a governor in the executive office, to get cocky and endeavor to push through any partisan measures. At least this is the declaration made by Senator James H. Murtha, chairman of the senate committee on executive business and democratic floor leader in the upper house.

"Because we are fortunate enough to have a governor just across the hall who is of our political faith, the democratic members of the senate are not going to try to slip anything over," said Murtha. We are going to stand for everything in the democratic platform and in this we are not going to confine ourselves to bills introduced by democratic members. Governor Ferris made a plea for party loyalty and harmony and good government. That is to be the plan for us in the senate. Just to show you how determined I am to carry out this plan let me say that in spite of the fact that I do not and never have believed in the initiative and referendum and in spite of the fact that there is a total absence of sentiment for this so called progressive measure among my constituents—will vote and work for it as it is in our platform."

**Election of U. S. Senator.**

Apparently the lieutenants of United States Senator William Alden Smith, are satisfied that he will have the required number of votes on the joint ballot January 14. State salt inspector John Baird, who has been looking after the senator's interests, has left for his home and Alfred Lucking's supporters have withdrawn from the scene of action.

**House Refuses Recount.**

Under cover of a plea for economy the house has refused to conduct any recounts or give any of the defeated candidates a chance to contest the seats of the members who have been admitted to the legislature. This is the first time in the history of the state that the house has refused to conduct recounts and the members who voted for Rep. Farmer's resolution are coming in for considerable criticism. The matter has stirred up considerable feeling and indicates that the house will be as noisy and belligerent as last session. Representative Taylor of Kent, Burke of Wayne, Neller of Lansing, McNitt of Wexford and Weidenfeller of Van Buren and McBride of Holland, all of whom were confronted with contests, voted with Rep. Farmer to prevent recounts.

**Reduce force of Employees.**

In the interests of economy Lieut. Governor Ross plans to cut down the working force of the senate and thus limit expenses. The plan of the presiding officer of the senate is based upon the proposal to combine committee clerks and stenographers. Ross says six appointments may be saved in this manner. Clerks and messengers will be cut down at every possible point and the total employees of the senate will be reduced to less than 40. There were 54 last session and more than 70 four years ago.

**The Introduction of Bills.**

It is evident that there are few standpatters in the house and senate this year. Hardly had the cheers which followed Governor Ferris' message died away, when republicans members of the legislature poured in a mass of bills covering practically every progressive measure advocated. Senator Fred L. Woodworth of Huron introduced a bill providing for the submission of a constitutional amendment to give the people of the state the initiative and referendum. Senator O'Dell of Oceana came through with two dairy and food department measures, one of which calls for the registration with the dairy and food department of all cheese factories, milk condensaries and creameries.

**Banking Bills.**

Senator Rosenkrans of Shiawassee introduced a batch of banking law

**Ogg's Punishment Bill.**

Senator Ogg of Detroit, for the third time within as many sessions of the legislature, introduced his bill providing for the abolishment of corporal punishment in penal institutions. It is thought that Senator Ogg will endeavor to secure another investigation of conditions at Marquette prison, as most of his efforts along the line of abolishing corporal punishment in previous years were aimed at that institution.

amendment bills. The most important of these calls for the examination and O. K. by the banking department of banks which desire to liquidate for the purpose of consolidation. Senator Amberson introduced a bill providing that every man to be admitted to law practice, must first take the examination, regardless of the fact that he had graduated from the University of Michigan or a recognized law school.

**Revise Election Law.**

Michigan's entire list of election laws is to be revised by the present legislature. The progressive element among the republicans in the state senate took up the matter of a revision of the primary and decided that not only the primary, but the general election law too, should be completely revised.

Senator James called the elections committee together for a consideration of the election law questions and it was voted to draw up bills for primary and election law revision which should be submitted to the senate following the ten day recess. It will be known as the elections committee bill and will not bear the name of any individual member. The committee is unanimous on this score and all of the senators will take a hand in making it the most progressive and workable bill possible.

**Opposes Prize Fighting.**

"I do not favor the licensing of anything that is a compromise between brutality and kindergarten methods", said Gov. Ferris when the proposal for a state boxing commission was submitted to him. "I am opposed to prize fighting; unutterably opposed to it. I stand for every clean manly sport and for all real athletics. But prize fighting is not to be included under either of these heads. "When you attempt to license boxing contests and eliminate prize fights you are attempting more than can be worked out at least by political or governmental regulation. I believe in boxing as a gymnasium sport but boxing such as men pay their money to see is not of this character."

**The Governor's Appointments.**

James W. Helme's appointment as dairy and food commissioner has been confirmed by the senate, and Helme will assume charge of the office January 15. In sending to the senate for confirmation recess appointments by ex-governor Osborn, Governor Ferris said he was treating his predecessor as he hoped to be treated at the end of his term. Practically all of Osborn's recess appointments are republicans and the action of Governor Ferris shows, conclusively that he intends to pick men who will serve the best interests of the state regardless of their political affiliations. Following is the list of recess appointments:

- Nelson C. Rice, St. Joe, pardon board.
- Morgan W. Joplin, Marquette, state board corrections and charities.
- Edward Frensdorf, Hudson, board of control state prison at Jackson.
- Levi L. Barbour, Detroit, Jackson prison board.
- Ora S. Reaves, Jackson, industrial accident board.
- John E. Kinnane, Bay City, industrial accident board.
- James A. Kennedy, Sault Ste. Marie, industrial accident board.
- Susan Fisher Apton, Grand Rapids, state board of nurses' registration.
- Mary S. Foy, Battle Creek, state board of nurses' registration.
- Robert E. McGavock, Saginaw, board of osteopathic registration.
- O. B. Gates, Bay City, board osteopathic registration.

Other appointments which Governor Ferris sent to the senate are as follows:

- Charles S. Koon, Muskegon, member state board of pharmacy.
- Ford F. Rowe, Kalamazoo, board control Industrial School for Boys at Lansing.
- Curtis T. Allway, Traverse City, board control state hospital for the insane at Traverse City.
- Dr. E. O. Gillespie Stephenson, board dental examiners.
- A. C. Graham, Sandusky, salt inspector.
- F. H. Rankin, Flint, reappointed board control for the state school for the deaf at Flint.
- William A. Comstock, Alpena, board control school for blind, Lansing.
- Dr. D. L. Treat, Adrian, board control state public school at Coldwater.
- John C. Mann, Houghton, board of fish commissioners.
- John T. Winship, Saginaw, insurance commissioner.
- Thomas D. Carney, Ann Arbor, state tax commission.
- James Scully, Ionia, state railroad commission.
- John N. McCormick, Grand Rapids, state board of corrections and charities.

Efforts to bring about a fusion of progressives, democrats and republicans who opposed the election of Rep. Gilbert M. Currie, of Midland, as speaker of the house, in an effort to make Rep. Noble Ashley, of Detroit, presiding officer, did not materialize and when the roll was called Currie received all of the 54 republican votes. The democrats turned their 34 votes over to Rep. Farmer, of Livingston county, while Rep. McBride, of Shiawassee, received the votes of the 12 progressives in the lower house.

# WOULD IMPROVE MICHIGAN ROADS

**COMMISSIONER TOWNSEND ELY WILL ASK LEGISLATURE FOR \$1,000,000.**

**MANY HIGHWAYS BUILT**

**Department Estimates That \$150,000 Will Be Required to Take Care of Roads Already Built—Wants Auto Tax Money.**

Lansing.—Highway Commissioner Townsend A. Ely will ask legislature to appropriate \$1,000,000 to be used in the construction of state reward roads throughout the state, and owing to the fact that Governor Ferris strongly indorsed in his inaugural message a plan to improve the condition of Michigan's roads, it is thought that the state highway department will receive a liberal appropriation. It is the intention of Commissioner Ely to ask the legislature for \$400,000 to be used in 1914 and \$600,000 for use the following year.

At the present time there are 935 miles of road applied for on which there is reward asked to the amount of \$591,591. For the fiscal year beginning July 1, 1912, the legislature appropriated \$235,000 for the payment of state rewards. In less than six months the entire sum had been paid to townships and counties. Reward was paid on 363 miles of road, and 94 miles of road have been constructed and accepted by the department, but no payment can be made owing to lack of funds. The highway department also estimates that it will require \$150,000 to take care of roads already built and which will be ready for payment before July 1, 1913.

However, Highway Commissioner Ely says that if the legislature will give favorable consideration to the plan first proposed by Secretary of State Martindale, and advocated by Governor Ferris, in his inaugural message to eliminate the local tax from automobiles, increase the state license fee and turn the proceeds into the highway fund, that it will be unnecessary to ask for an appropriation of \$1,000,000.

There is every reason to believe that a bill will be passed this session to divert the proceeds from the sale of automobile licenses from the general fund of the state treasury to the state highway department. Motorists are enthusiastically in favor of such a plan, while the farmers are not opposed as it will not add to their taxes and they will receive the benefit of better highways.

According to Commissioner Ely Michigan has approximately 70,000 miles of public wagon road, not counting the streets of incorporated cities or villages. They serve a land area of 57,480 square miles and a population of nearly 3,000,000 people, making an average of 1.4 miles of highway to each square mile of area and one mile of highway for every 43 persons. Farm products aggregating 8,000,000 tons are raised annually in Michigan, all of which are moved a greater or less distance over some portion of these highways before reaching their ultimate destinations.

**List of Election Laws Will Be Revised**

Michigan's entire list of election statutes is to be revised by the present legislature. The Progressive element in the Republican state senate membership took up the matter of the revision of the primary and voted that not only the primary but the general election law too should be completely revised.

In keeping with this decision, the first regular committee meeting of the 1913 legislature took place. Senator Frank James called the committee on elections together for a consideration of the election law question and it was voted to draw up bills for primary and election law revision which should be submitted to the senate following the ten-day recess as the elections committee bill and not the bill of any one member. The committee is unanimous on this score and all the senators will take a hand in making it the most progressive and workable bill possible.

**Miners Have Bill for State Solons.**

The legislative committee of the Michigan district, United Mine Workers of America, has prepared a bill for presentation to the legislature. A meeting of the committee will be held in Saginaw to complete the draft of the bill. The members of the committee are: Joseph Smith, Bay City; Harley Elliott, Saginaw; William Krause, Bay City; Roger Quinlan, Saginaw, and Charles Wade of St. Charles. Mr. Smith, who is chairman, would give no particulars of the bill. He said, however, that all of the features of the good mining laws in various states had been embodied in the bill.

**Ignorance of Law Proving Expensive.**

Ignorance of the provisions of the parcel post law on the part of postmasters and physicians is costing the state many dollars daily. The state bacteriology laboratory receives about fifty samples of contagious disease germs daily. These go as first-class mail matter and cost an average of 16 cents each. The physicians about the state send their samples with a parcel post stamp attached, thinking that the new law applies to bacteriological samples.

**Trustees to Meet This Month.**

The annual joint board meeting of the trustees of the state hospitals of Michigan will be held in Kalamazoo January 16. An informal dancing party is arranged for the evening of January 15, while an elaborate banquet is set for the evening of January 16.

Among the principal speakers will be Prof. J. A. Jeffrey, M. A. C.; A. E. Rement, Chicago, and Miss Adele E. McKinney, who will discuss eugenics. The trustees who will attend are: William C. Cornwell, Saginaw; Dr. William J. Kay, Lapeer; John C. Clark, Bad Axe; Dr. Stuart Galbraith, Pontiac; E. L. Keyser, Pontiac; Dr. C. W. Hitchcock, Detroit, representing the Pontiac State hospital; William Lloyd, Manistee; W. W. Mitchell, Cadillac; N. F. Quaintance, Petoskey; E. S. Wager, Edmore; H. C. Davis, Traverse City, Traverse City hospital; F. P. Bohn, M. D. Newberry, Crystal Falls; Perry Leighton, Newberry; Fred C. Case, Marquette; R. C. Ferguson, Sault Ste. Marie; J. C. Maxey, Lansie, Newberry hospital; C. F. Backus, Detroit; J. K. Flood, Hart; C. H. Gibson, Greenville, Ionia hospital; C. E. Belknap, Grand Rapids; H. B. Asborne, M. D., Kalamazoo; Charles Clarage, Kalamazoo; C. F. Cook, Hillsdale; J. E. Sammond, Lansing, and C. K. Warren, Three Oaks.

**Ferris Makes Appointments.**

Governor Ferris sent a list of appointments to the senate for confirmation. In giving out the appointments Governor Ferris stated that he was reappointing several of the recess appointees of ex-Governor Osborn, inasmuch as he would desire to have the same courtesy extended to him on leaving office, and as Osborn had not seen fit to send in any list he did not feel like making appointments in place of them all.

Here are the appointments:

- Charles S. Koon, Muskegon, member of the state board of pharmacy.
- Ford F. Rowe, Kalamazoo, member of the Industrial School for Boys at Lansing.
- Curtis T. Allway, Traverse City, board of control of State Hospital for the Insane at Traverse City.
- Dr. E. O. Gillespie, Stephenson, board of dental examiners.
- A. C. Graham, Sandusky, salt inspector.
- F. H. Rankin, Flint, reappointed board of control for the State School for the Deaf at Flint.
- William A. Comstock, Alpena, board of control of School for Blind, Lansing.
- Dr. D. L. Treat, Adrian, board of control of state public school at Coldwater.
- John C. Mann, Houghton, board of fish commissioners.
- John T. Winship, Saginaw, insurance commissioner.
- Thomas D. Carney, Ann Arbor, state tax commissioner. Carney replaces W. B. Mershon of Saginaw.
- James Scully, Ionia, state railway commission.
- John N. McCormick, Grand Rapids, state board of corrections and charities.

The governor sent in the following names which are the recess appointments of Governor Osborn:

- Nelson C. Rice, St. Joe, pardon board.
- Morgan W. Joplin, Marquette, state board of corrections and charities.
- Edward Frensdorf, Hudson, board of control of state prison at Jackson.
- Levi L. Barbour, Detroit, Jackson prison board.
- Ora S. Reaves, Jackson, industrial accident board.
- John E. Kinnane, Bay City, industrial accident board.
- James A. Kennedy, Sault Ste. Marie, industrial accident board.
- Susan Fisher Apton, Grand Rapids, state board of nurses' registration.
- Mary S. Foy, Battle Creek, state board of nurses' registration.
- Robert E. McGavock, Saginaw, board of osteopathic registration.
- O. B. Gates, Bay City, board of osteopathic registration.

**Would Cut Down List of Employees.**

Lieut. Gov. John Q. Ross will lead in making a record for economy for his party by advocating a cutting down of the list of employees of the senate to a strict business basis this year. Two years ago Speaker Herbert F. Baker inaugurated a similar crusade in the house, but at that time the senate refused to follow suit. "There were 56 employees of the senate in 1911. This year I think we can cut the list to something like 45," said Mr. Ross. "I have written a letter to every Republican senator notifying him that any candidates he proposes for committee clerk places must be first-class stenographers. Besides the committee clerks in the past we have had six stenographers. This year each of the six stenographers will also fill the place of a committee clerk. I think that three assistant janitors, leaving a chief janitor and six assistants, instead of a chief and nine assistants to do the work, can be eliminated. This cuts the list of employees down to 47. Then there is a press clerk that has seemed to me a useless expense to the state."

**New Michigan Corporations.**

The following companies filed articles of incorporation with the secretary of state: Lapeer Savings bank, increase \$25,000 to \$50,000; McByrne Garage company, Jackson, \$15,000; Fuller & Sons' Manufacturing company, Kalamazoo, \$100,000; Holly, Detroit Realty company, Detroit, \$10,000, stockholders, F. J. Barrett, Edith Barrett, A. H. Phinney; United Engine company, Lansing, \$25,000; United Forge and Machine company, Detroit, \$10,000, stockholders, Alexander Ogilvie, James E. Chambers, R. J. Moynihan.

# MICHIGAN NEWS TERSELY TOLD

Battle Creek.—Judge North broke an established precedent when he sentenced two young boys to Ionia reformatory. For several years it has been his practice to deal leniently with such cases, frequently suspending sentence, but he announced in court that he had discovered that it was not always best to suspend sentence even in cases of first offenses. Hiram Bridges, seventeen years old, was sent to Ionia for six months to six years, and John Walford, nineteen, drew one year, both for robbery.

Mt. Clemens.—Matilda, five-year-old daughter of Paul J. Ullrich, former mayor and cashier of the Ullrich Savings bank, was fatally burned while playing with matches. She died a short time after the accident. The child had been refused matches in the kitchen, but found some in another part of the house and struck a number to see them blaze up. Her clothing caught fire and she was fatally burned before help was attracted by her cries.

Bay City.—Sitting in a chair at a table all set for his supper, Jacob Hough, about sixty-five years old, of 1112 Garfield avenue, was found by Leroy Stephenson, a boy who has been in the habit of assisting the man in his morning chores. It is believed that Hough coughed himself to death, having suffered from tuberculosis.

Grand Rapids.—Prominent citizens will confer with Governor Ferris in an attempt to procure parole for J. Edward Johnson, who confessed embezzling \$65,000 from the Michigan Trust company, and who is now serving two years in Ionia. Johnson's confession resulted in alleged bucket shop raids in this city and Detroit recently.

Battle Creek.—By the will of Mrs. Charlotte M. Rogers, the charitable unit of this city receives \$23,567. Mrs. Rogers was a pioneer resident of this city. During the last year the estate has been in probate. The heirs received their portion and Attorney Thomas turned over the residue to the local society.

Bay City.—Sheriff Fitzgerald received notice that Midland county prisoners would hereafter be sent to the Bay county jail for safekeeping. The Midland jail was condemned some time ago and the sheriff instructed to send prisoners to Mt. Pleasant, but the arrangement with the Mt. Pleasant authorities proved unsatisfactory.

Kalamazoo.—A fifteen-year-old boy is being held on a charge of horse stealing. The youngster was caught while trying to sell a horse that had been taken during the night from the barn of Edward Faaps. The animal, a good one, was offered by the boy for \$25 to a patrolman who runs a small farm just outside the city.

Traverse City.—A Wolcott, sixty-five years old, was drowned in Cedar Hedge lake. While fishing for pike, he was overcome by heat from a small stove in his shanty, became unconscious and fell through the hole in the ice where he was fishing. He leaves a daughter in this city and relatives in Eaton Rapids and Lawrence.

Hastings.—Too ill to appear in circuit court to face a charge of running a "blind pig" in her residence, Mrs. Sarah Brodessor, thirty years old, arrested in a raid last summer, notified court officers, and Judge Clement Smith and Thomas Sullivan, Mrs. Brodessor's attorney, went to her residence, where she pleaded guilty.

Cadillac.—Word reaches here of the suicide, near Alba, of Steven Greeves, sixty years old, northern Michigan's pioneer logging jobber, who shot himself in the head with a revolver because of despondency.

Battle Creek.—Frightened away by the appearance of pedestrians, three robbers who already had taken \$15 from B. P. Fayette, missed a valuable gold watch in their attempt to escape capture. The description of the men given by Fayette was meager.

Cadillac.—Ten-year-old Joel Cross, son of Albert Cross, Kalkaska, was badly burned about the face when it held a lighted match to the spout of a gasoline can. The gasoline exploded and the boy may lose the sight of one eye.

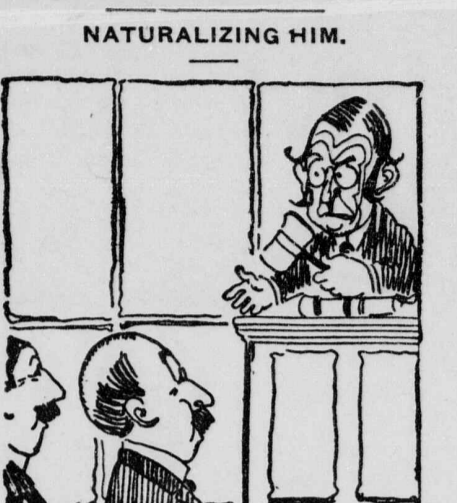
Alma.—Albert E. Ide, a farmer living one and one-half miles west of here, committed suicide by eating rat poison. Ide was fifty-six years old. No reason other than despondency can be assigned for the deed.

Kalamazoo.—William Hisgen, sixty-eight years old, is dead as a result of a fall down cellar. Just how the accident occurred is not known. A fractured skull was the cause of death.

Pontiac.—Following a two-hour chase after the fire department had answered a false alarm, Lewis Munger, nine years old, and Delbert Mason, ten, were run down by firemen and turned over to the police, who placed the boys in charge of County Agent Frank Jackson. The boys are said to have admitted sending in the alarm. The chase was made possible by tracks in the snow which had just fallen. The firemen were led through swamps, over and under box cars, around factories and in pretty nearly every conceivable place.

# GET THIS FOR COLDS Prescription for Positive Results Don't Experiment.

"From your druggist get two ounces of Glycerine and half an ounce of Globe Pine Compound (Concentrated Pine). Take these two ingredients home and put them into a half pint of good whiskey. Shake well. Take one to two teaspoons after each meal and at bed time. Smaller doses to children according to age." This is said to be the quickest cough and cold cure known to the medical profession. Be sure to get only the genuine Globe Pine Compound (Concentrated Pine). Each half ounce bottle comes in a tin screw-top sealed case. If your druggist is out of stock he will quickly get it from his wholesale house. Don't fool with uncertain mixtures. It is risky. Local druggists say that for the past six years this has had a wonderful demand. Published by the Globe Pharmaceutical Laboratories of Chicago.



"This man doesn't seem to know about the constitution."  
"But he didn't miss a ball game last season, judge."  
"Then I guess he's assimilated."

# JUDGE CURED, HEART TROUBLE.

I took about 6 boxes of Dodds Kidney Pills for Heart Trouble from which I had suffered for 5 years. I had dizzy spells, my eyes puffed, my breath was short and I had chills and back-ache. I took the pills about a year ago and have had no return of the palpitations. Am now 63 years old, able to do lots of manual labor, am well and hearty and weigh about 200 pounds. I feel very grateful that I found Dodds Kidney Pills and you may publish this letter if you wish. I am serving my third term as Probate Judge of Gray Co. Yours truly, PHILIP MILLER, Cimarron, Kan. Correspond with Judge Miller about this wonderful remedy.

Dodds Kidney Pills, 50c. per box at your dealer or Dodds Medicine Co., Buffalo, N. Y. Write for Household Hints, also music of National Anthem (English and German words) and recipes for dainty dishes. All 3 sent free. Adv.

Many a young man is up with the lark because he kept the lark awake all night.

Constipation causes many serious diseases. It is thoroughly cured by Doctor Pierce's Pleasant Pellets. One a laxative, three for cathartic. Adv.

Advice is like a bitter pill—easy to give but uneasy to take.

ALFALFA FEED, 8c. Timothy and Clover mixed, 8c. Will ship to all parts of the U. S. and foreign countries. J. Mulhally, Sioux City, Iowa. Adv.

When a woman gets fat it doesn't broaden her mind.

# TIRED BLOOD AFFECTS THE AGED

(Copyright 1913 by the Tonitives Co.) Aged persons are susceptible to Paralysis, Apoplexy, Poor Circulation, etc., as a result of Tired Blood Conditions, which tend to harden the arteries. Now what is the best safeguard of the soundness of the arteries if it is not in the steady flow of perfect blood through them? Unimpaired arteries, Perfect Digestion, and a constant sure elimination of waste products, are the best guarantee of a healthful and peaceful old age. Tonitives are offered as an aid in securing these fundamental conditions. 75c. per box of dealers or by mail. The Tonitives Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

# Get a Canadian Home in Western Canada's Free Homestead Area

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# FEDERAL PROTECTION OF BIRDS

By WILLIAM T. HORNADAY  
Director of the New York Zoological Park

(The bird portraits with this article are from the "American Natural History," Copyright, 1904, by William T. Hornaday, are reproduced here by the permission of the publishers, Charles Scribner's Sons.)

THE United States department of agriculture is responsible for the startling statement that, in the year 1904, insect pests cost this country no less than \$420,100,000. Here are the figures of government experts:

Product	Percentage of Loss	Amount of Loss
Cereals	10	\$200,000,000
Hay	10	\$3,000,000
Cotton	10	60,000,000
Tobacco	10	5,200,000
Truck crops	20	83,000,000
Sugars	10	5,000,000
Fruits	20	27,000,000
Farm forests	10	11,000,000
Miscellaneous crops	10	5,800,000
<b>Total</b>		<b>\$420,100,000</b>

Keeping in mind this enormous loss, consider also the following facts:

- (1) That insectivorous birds do more than all other agencies combined to keep down insect pests;
- (2) That such birds undoubtedly are rapidly decreasing in number; and that, therefore,
- (3) Destructive insects are, in all probability, increasing very rapidly,



**The Robin.**  
Highly Valuable as an Insect and Grub Destroyer, But Murdered by the Thousands for Pot-Pies in the South.

with the result that the damage they do is mounting up, year by year. It is perfectly apparent that here is a situation which demands immediate action, and that this action should bring about the vigilant protection for all time, and in all parts of the country, of all insectivorous birds. Many of the most useful of these birds are already on the toboggan slide toward extermination, as the result of stupid state legislation, or the lax enforcement of such laws as have been enacted. To be explicit:

There are seven states in which the robin is being legally killed by the tens of thousands annually as "game"! These states are Louisiana, Mississippi, Florida, South Carolina, North Carolina, Tennessee and Maryland.

The black bird is legalized "game," and suffers the same fate in four states—Louisiana, South Carolina, Tennessee and Pennsylvania—and the District of Columbia besides.

Doves are slaughtered by the wholesale in 26 states, much to the loss of the farmers, for this bird is a great eater of weed seeds.

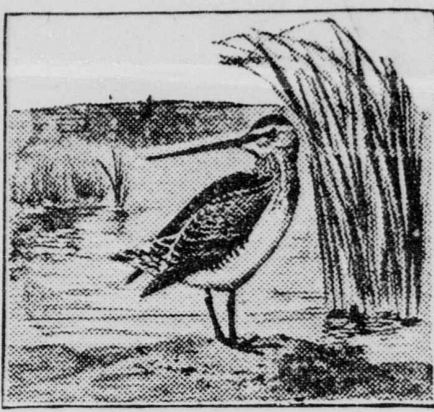
Cranes, which are also very useful birds, are much hunted for food and for "sport" in Colorado, Nebraska, North Dakota and Oklahoma.

Of the sixty-odd species of shorebirds (i. e., snipe, curlews, plover, sandpipers and the like), at least 30 feed on noxious insects; yet all of these birds are rapidly disappearing. According to Mr. W. L. McAtee of the



**Golden-Winged Woodpecker.**  
A Great Tree-Protector, and Champion Ant-Destroyer Which Is Being Exterminated by Pot-Hunters.

Bureau of biological survey (United States department of agriculture): "The black-bellied plover, or beetle-head, which occurred along the Atlantic coast in great numbers years ago, is now seen only as a straggler. The golden plover, once exceedingly abundant east of the Great Plains, is now rare. . . . The Eskimo curlew with in the last decade has probably been



**The Jacksnipe.**  
A Useful Bird Which Is Rapidly Becoming Extinct.

exterminated, and other curlews greatly reduced. . . . So adverse to the shorebirds are present conditions that the wonder is that any escape. In both fall and spring they are shot along the whole route of their migration north and south.

The accompanying illustrations present portraits of a group of birds, most of which the average person probably knows by sight, though I fear that only a small minority have a clear idea of their very great economic worth.

The jacksnipe (or Wilson's snipe) is one of the shorebirds (referred to by Mr. McAtee), which, as a family, are being rapidly exterminated. It destroys large numbers of worms and larvae, for which it probes with its long bill in the soft earth of corn and potato fields—thereby doing the farmer a great service—as well as along the shores of ponds, lakes and streams. It also feeds on grasshoppers and other injurious insects. It should be carefully protected, especially during the breeding season.

The killdeer plover is another valuable and beautiful shorebird which is being hunted to death. It frequents meadows and pasture lands, as well as shores, and devours great quantities of mosquitoes, crane flies, grasshoppers, army worms, cut worms, caterpillars, cotton-boll weevils, clover-leaf weevils, rice weevils, marine worms, wire worms and crayfish.

Doubtless everybody knows the robin, perhaps the most democratic of our birds, beloved in the northern states



**The Killdeer Plover.**  
Another Valuable Shorebird Which Destroys Great Quantities of Worms and Insects.

## HAREMS OUT OF DATE IN TURKEY

Only the Sultan Adheres to the Old Style Oriental Institution—Modern Turk Resorts to Divorce.

The domestic arrangements of the sultan are entirely different from those of his subjects. Most Turks have one wife; the sultan has no recognized sultana. Turks of high rank marry into their own class; the sultan forms unions with women of slave origin. The ordinary man may not look upon an unveiled woman except she be his relation or servant; the sultan has the right to talk with any woman in the land face to face. Turks of position model their households more or less on the European plan; the sultan's household is oriental.

That does not mean that in the imperial palace you would find women sipping sherbet or smoking narghilehs or clad in baggy trousers. On the contrary, you would find them smoking nothing more oriental than a cigarette, sitting on a European chair—and, yes, wearing corsets! But the code of morals is entirely different, says the New York Sun.

The imperial harem is founded on the old court system of the Byzantine emperors and has an etiquette and law of its own. The first fact one must grasp is that the wives or favorites of the sultan have no importance at all. They are nobodies. The daughter of a Circassian peasant may be honored by the sultan's favor and even bear him a child, but yet be distinguished by no other title than the commonplace "Kadin Effendi." Only the mother of the eldest son receives the royal designation of "sultan," her whole title being "Kharek sultan."

Her dignity only results from her being the mother of a possible heir to the throne; that is, in the event that the sultan has no brothers, for the brothers have the right of precedence

for his cheerful song and his handsome appearance, glad everywhere to be the companion and the friend of man when he is well treated, and highly valuable as a destroyer of harmful grubs, worms and insects. Yet this bird is murdered literally by the thousands for pot-pies by negroes and poor whites in the southern states above mentioned, and is more or less hunted in other states. Mr. E. A. McIlhenny, who lives on Avery Island, La., says that during the ten days or two weeks of the "robin season" (in January when the berries are ripe) at least 10,000 of these useful and beautiful birds are slaughtered daily for the pot. "Every negro man and boy who can raise a gun is after them," says Mr. McIlhenny.

Although this bird causes some loss to small fruit growers, it certainly does vastly more good than harm. It is constantly at work on lawns and fields hunting for destructive insects, which it is exceedingly difficult to keep in control. It devours many caterpillars, including hairy species, which infest the orchard, woodland and shade trees. Forty per cent. of its food is insects, and 43 per cent. wild fruit. It would pay the farmer well to go some expense in order to keep the robins away from his fruit trees and berry bushes rather than shoot these birds which are so useful to him in many ways. To murder them for pot-pies is, of course, nothing short of barbarous.

The purple martin is also fond of the society of man, and when not molested by the villainous English sparrows—and still more villainous men by whom it is shot for food, chiefly in the south—it is glad to breed in birdhouses near human habitations. It makes a charming neighbor



**The Purple Martin.**  
An Industrious Hunter of Mosquitoes and Other Dangerous Insects, Which Itself Is Being Hunted to Death as Food.

and a very useful one, for it is remarkably swift and graceful on the wing, and is expert and persistent in catching rose beetles, May beetles, cucumber beetles, mosquitoes, house flies and flies that trouble horses and cattle. One observer records that 32 parent martins made 3,275 visits to their young in one day, each visit meaning, probably, anywhere from one to half a dozen insects.

The nighthawk (also called "bull-bat"), probably one of the most useful of birds. It feeds exclusively on insects, and ranks next to the golden-winged woodpecker (flicker) as a feathered destroyer of ants, which it takes when they are in the winged stage. Potato beetles, cucumber beetles, leaf hoppers, bugs of various kinds and enormous quantities of gnats and mosquitoes are found in their stomachs. They are entirely harmless, for they never feed on fruit, grain, grass or vegetables. Yet they are being hunted for sport and are being exterminated.

The loggerhead (or southern) shrike is a champion pest destroyer, a large



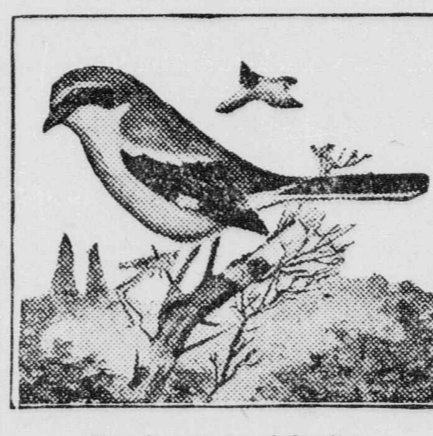
**The Nighthawk.**  
One of the Most Useful of Insectivorous Birds Which Is Being Hunted for "Sport" and Exterminated.

percentage of its food being harmful rodents and destructive insects, the latter including grasshoppers, crickets and moths, which it frequently impales upon thorns or sharp twigs. It sometimes catches young birds (though this is more characteristic of the northern shrike, or butcher bird), but its diet is chiefly insects and small rodents. It is, therefore, very valuable to the farmer.

The golden-winged woodpecker (also called "flicker," "highhole," etc.) is an industrious tree protector, and the most efficient of all feathered ant-eaters. It is also feeds freely upon beetles, grasshoppers, crickets, caterpillars, and other harmful insects, as well as on weed seeds. Yet it is rapidly growing rare because it is much hunted for food. It should be protected everywhere and at all times.

In view of the decrease already accomplished in the general volume of bird life in America, in view of the enormous losses annually inflicted upon the people of this country by the ravages of insects, and in view of the destruction of wild life which is now furiously proceeding throughout America, the McLean bill, which is now before congress, to provide for the federal protection of all migratory birds, becomes the most important wild life measure that ever came before that body. In view of the annual economic loss that will continue as long as a federal migratory bird bill fails to pass, it is impossible for anyone to put forth one good reason—unless it be on purely technical grounds—against that measure. The Weeks bill, before the lower house of congress, is precisely like the McLean bill, and it matters not which one passes first.

Unless the people of this country wish to shut their eyes to their own interests, and pay out millions of dollars annually in the form of increased cost of living due to the losses caused by insect pests which would be destroyed by the birds, they should demand that a federal migratory bird bill be at once enacted into a law. It is Senate Bill No. 6497, and on the senate calendar it is No. 606. We cannot afford to wait until 1914 or 1915, and congress has full power to act this winter.



**The Loggerhead Shrike.**  
Fifty-nine Per Cent. of Its Food Is Insects, and Twenty-eight Per Cent. Is Harmful Rodents.

placing polygamy—a simple repudiation by the husband of his wife, provided he is well enough off to pay the nekyah or marriage settlement, which he is legally bound to hand over to her.

The woman of the poorest classes can go out alone. Custom does not oblige her to wear her veil down. Should her husband, in a fit of anger, wish to divorce her, he must first of all produce the nekyah, the dowry, in ready money, not an easy matter for a poor man.

The real danger to domestic happiness in the great mass of Turkish homes is the growing tendency of divorce, and a divorce wholly favorable to the man as against the woman.

The payment of the modest nekyah arranged at the time of his marriage is a simple affair, and it is seldom enough to keep the divorced wife for the rest of her days. She is forced to take refuge with her parents or to find shelter with some of her friends.

### Day on Which Women Rule.

Candlemas day is not celebrated in Holland much more than in England, but its place is taken by a festival unknown in this country. Slipper day in the Netherlands is the one day in the year in which the Dutch woman claims superiority over her husband. On that day she rules him to her heart's content, and he generally obeys good humoredly enough. That is, unless she is one of those ladies not unknown in Holland or in any other country who aspire to complete rule over their unhappy partners throughout the year.—Philadelphia Inquirer.

### Jumped, Killed; Stayed, Safe.

Ernest Woods, fireman, jumped and was killed, while Fred Lebus, engineer, stayed at his post and escaped death when the train from St. Albans, which they were driving, collided with an engine in the Grand Trunk yards at Montreal. Woods had barely leaped from the engine when the baggage car toppled over upon him.

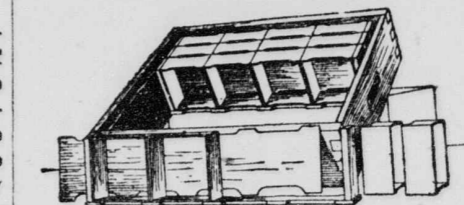
## PRODUCTION OF COMB-HONEY

One of Fundamental Requirements of Equipment in Hives Is That They Be Uniform in Size.

(By GEORGE S. DEMUTH.)

A beehive must serve the dual purpose of being a home for a colony of bees and at the same time a tool for the beekeeper. Its main requirements are along the line of its adaptation to the various manipulations of the apiary in so far as these do not materially interfere with the protection and comfort it affords the colony of bees. Since rapid manipulation is greatly facilitated by simple and uniform apparatus, one of the fundamental requirements of the equipment in hives is that they be of the same style and size, with all parts exactly alike and interchangeable throughout the apiary. While the hives and equipment should be as simple and inexpensive as possible, consistent with their various functions, a cheap and poorly constructed beehive is, all things considered, an expensive piece of apparatus.

For comb-honey production the brood chamber should be of such a size that by proper management it may be well filled with brood at the beginning of the honey flow, so that the brood and surplus apartments may be definitely separated. A brood chamber may be considered too large if by proper management it is not on an average fairly well filled with



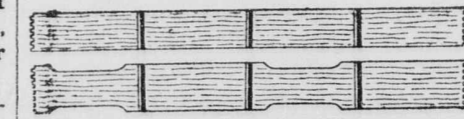
**Super With Section Holder for Bee-way Sections.**

brood at the beginning of the honey flow, and too small if it provides an average of less room than the colony is able to occupy with brood previous to the honey flow. Unless the beekeeper practices feeding, a brood chamber that does not contain sufficient room for both winter stores and brood rearing during late summer and autumn may also be considered too small. It may be well to note that by this standard, if the brood chamber seems to be too small the fault may lie in the management during the previous autumn, winter or spring. Of course the brood chamber that is barely large enough for one colony will be too large for another in the same apiary, or the character of the season may be such that all brood chambers may be too small for best results one season and too large the next, so an average must be sought.

The sectional hive in which the brood chamber is composed of two or more shallow hive bodies, making it horizontally divisible, offers some advantages, especially to the comb-honey specialist. Most of the ordinary manipulations can be performed readily with such hives without removing the frames. One of their greatest advantages in comb-honey production is the rapidity with which the apiarist can examine the colonies for queen cells if natural swarming is to be controlled by manipulation.

Some of the advantages of the plain over the beeway sections are: (1) They are simpler in construction, therefore costing less. (2) The edges being plain with no insets, the plain sections are more easily cleaned of propolis when being prepared for market and are especially adapted to cleaning by machinery. (3) By leaving the spacers in the super, sections of the same honey content occupy less space in the shipping case, thus reducing the cost of packages. (4) The plain section is adapted to an arrangement permitting freer communication lengthwise of the row of sections, especially at the corners.

Some of the advantages of the beeway section are: (1) The honey is somewhat less liable to injury by handling. (2) Being wider at the



**Beeway and Plain Sections, Unfolded.**

corners where folded, they are stronger. (3) Some markets, being accustomed to the larger cases necessary to contain a given number of beeway sections, object to the smaller package containing the same number of plain sections, simply because it is smaller.

### Unfavorable Soils.

Clay soils are unfavorable to vegetation because the soil is too close and adhesive to allow the free passage of air or water to the roots of the plants. It also obstructs the expansion of the fibres of the roots. Sandy soils are unfavorable because they consist of particles that have too little adhesion to each other. They do not retain sufficient moisture for the nourishment of the plants. They allow too much solar heat to pass to the roots. Chalk soils are unfavorable because they do not absorb the solar heat, and are, therefore, cold to the roots of the plants.

### Indicates Sour Soil.

If any one of the several kinds of sorrel is found growing on a piece of land it is pretty safe to assume that the soil is sour and needs sweetening with an application of lime. Besides this, it may be that the tract is not properly drained, in which case it should be tiled in addition to being sweetened.

## MOLASSES FOR DAIRY COWS

Used by Farmers in North More Than Ever Before, but Not Yet Found Entirely Satisfactory.

(By WALTER B. LEUTZ.)

More molasses is being fed in the north than ever before, but most dairy farmers are not yet satisfied that it is profitable.

In an experiment at the Hatch station, Prof. J. B. Lindsey says: "Molasses contains about 3 per cent. of protein and 70 per cent. of digestible sugar."

"Compared with corn meal," says Prof. Lindsey, "it equals substance pound for pound in results obtained in feeding milk cows, but when fed to horses they do not seem to be quite equal to the same weight of corn and oats."

"It is estimated that corn meal at \$1.20 per hundred pounds, molasses would be worth about \$1 per hundred pounds. Its quoted price in Boston is 12 cents per gallon by the barrel and 8.6 per gallon in 10 barrel lots."

"A gallon weighs about 12 pounds, so that at present relative prices the molasses would be a little cheaper feed than corn meal."

"A good point with the molasses is that it is agreeable to stock and makes them always ready to eat such substances as cut corn stubble, malt sprouts, distillery feeds, etc., when mixed with the molasses."

"A serious objection is that molasses is not very convenient stuff to handle and attracts flies in summer."

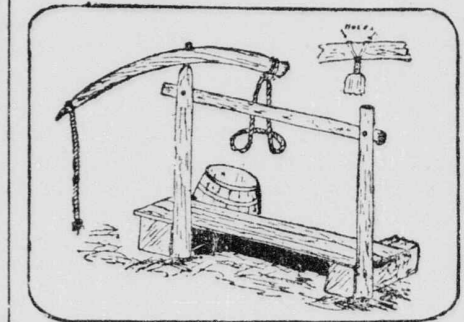
"As a mixture with high grade protein foods, I suggest one-third distillery grains, one-sixth cotton seed meal, one-half molasses, or one-third malt sprouts, one-third gluten-meal and one-third molasses."

"For working horses, nine pounds of provender and one quart of molasses, or twelve pounds of provender and three pints of molasses, or for hard-working horses substitute one-half pound dry blood or one pound cotton seed oil or linseed meal in place of an equal quantity of provender."

## HOG SCALDING IS MADE EASY

By Use of Apparatus Described and Illustrated Animal May Be Hung With Little Exertion.

Make a lever and hanging pole as in illustration. To allow the lever to work both ways bore two slanting holes and chisel out the space between. Pull butt end of lever down as low as possible, and tie securely to



**For Hog Scalding.**

the hog. By pulling on small end of pole one man can then easily lift the hog while another turns it. Writes Arnold Kurth in the Missouri Valley Farmer. To hang hog put gambrel in on one side and tie rope to that leg. Then by walking to the left the man at the end of lever can bring the hog up and directly under pole when gambrel can easily be put in place and the hog hung with little exertion.

## GARDEN and FARM NOTES

Don't try to save money by buying cheap seed.

Farm tests are worth more than all the theories.

Deep plowing is necessary to get the best results.

Don't sow alfalfa seed on very recently plowed land.

There never were better opportunities in vegetable garden than today.

Cabbage growing for kraut factories is a peculiarly uncertain business.

Build a silo and save much of the fodder that would otherwise go to waste.

Watch your machinery for loose bolts and nuts, and don't forget the oil can.

A half crop of corn can be turned into five-sixths of a crop by saving the fodder.

Two of the best acreage-saving money-making propositions up to the farmers today are silage and alfalfa.

Don't plant the large varieties of cucumbers, expecting to raise as many as if the cluster kind were used.

Salsify or vegetable oyster should be left in the ground the same as parsnips. Freezing improves it.

Thick neck onions are usually seen during such seasons as have wet weather at the usual time of ripening.

Although there is little data on the subject, alfalfa silage of good quality would certainly make an excellent hog feed.

Some enterprising gardener should work up a fancy trade on A1 vegetables in the neighborhood of cities of 5,000 or over.

Driving a wedge with the back of the ax has spoiled many a good tool. Take a paul or beetle to do that work and save the ax for its own use work.

Put a small handful of meal in the pail of milk. The calf in licking the pail will get the meal, and after it learns to eat this way a small feeding box can be used to better advantage.

## Tree Grows in Cartwheel



The Roberts paper mill on the bank of Stony Brook in the historic Norumbega of Waltham is one of the most picturesque little manufactories in Massachusetts. The mill site was utilized in 1798 by Nathan and Amos Upham, two brothers, who had learned their trade of paper making at the Boies hill, which was located below the Boston mills on the Charles river. A natural curiosity on the grounds of the Roberts mill is a tree of oak species, about eight inches in diameter at the butt, and at least twenty feet in height, which is growing between the spokes of an ordinary cart wheel. The wheel was carelessly thrown aside, as the record runs, twenty-eight years ago, and the tree, then but a mere sapling, was seen to be growing between two of the spokes. Both wheel and tree have been carefully watched since that time and now the result is a real curiosity.

## AFRICAN'S FIVE-FOOT BEARD



For the most part the natives of west Africa extract all the hair from the body with the exception of the head, the beard and the mustache. Our illustration shows one elderly gentleman whose beard, five feet long when braided, is his especial pride.

## IVORY MADE FROM MILK

One of the latest discoverers of the synthetic chemists is how to make ivory out of nothing more wonderful than cow's milk—and a very good ivory at that, according to all accounts. The original idea was to use the new "ivory" for piano and organ keys, because it preserves its original color indefinitely, whereas the genuine article turns yellow after a time.

But it has been found that the new product is not only an efficient substitute for ivory, but can easily be prepared so as to take the place of amber, horn, coral, celluloid, and such like products, and, it is claimed, can hardly be distinguished from them. It is in its position as a substitute for ivory that the new material has

caused most surprise, however, because it has the appearance of being another instance of improving upon Nature. The new ivory takes a very high and lasting polish, and probably will not lack a commercial field for itself, as natural ivory continues to grow scarcer and dearer year by year.

## MOST ANCIENT OF JOKES

What is said to be the most ancient joke is related in one of the Berlin papyri of the sixth Egyptian dynasty—about 3,200 years anterior to the Christian era—and is to this effect:

According to the papyrus a certain scribe who worked in the Temple of Thoth occupied apartments where his neighbors on either side were a coppersmith and a carpenter. These honest artisans were industrious workmen, and made such a noise all day and most of the night that the poor scribe was almost driven mad. At length by a stroke of craftiness he buttonholed each neighbor separately and bribed him to change his lodgings, which they did—with each other. This tale has kept the world amused for 5,000 years.

## PIGEON CROSSES THE OCEAN

Ernest Robinson of Westmount, Ontario, received word that a pigeon he had imported and which had escaped, had returned to England. It apparently took twelve days to make the journey. The distance from Montreal to Liverpool, England, is about 3,000 miles. The steamship route from Quebec to Liverpool is 2,600 miles, while that from Halifax to Liverpool is 2,450 miles.

## STORK DELIVERS BY EXPRESS

The stork and an express wagon had a race through Philadelphia, and the stork won when a 13-pound baby boy was presented to Mrs. Anna Chutkites. The driver of the wagon saw Mrs. Chutkites sitting on the sidewalk. She asked to be taken to a hospital; but a block away, with the horses going at full speed, the baby arrived.

## HOW VARIOUS PEOPLE SLEEP

The American or the European in order to get a good night's rest ordinarily requires a soft pillow under his head, but the Japanese stretches himself on a rush mat on the floor, puts a hard, square block of wood under his head, and does not sleep well if he does not have it.

In China they make a great deal to do with reference to their beds. These are very low, scarcely rising from the floor, but are often carved exquisitely of wood. Like the Japanese the Chinese never makes his bed any softer than is possible by the use of rush mats.

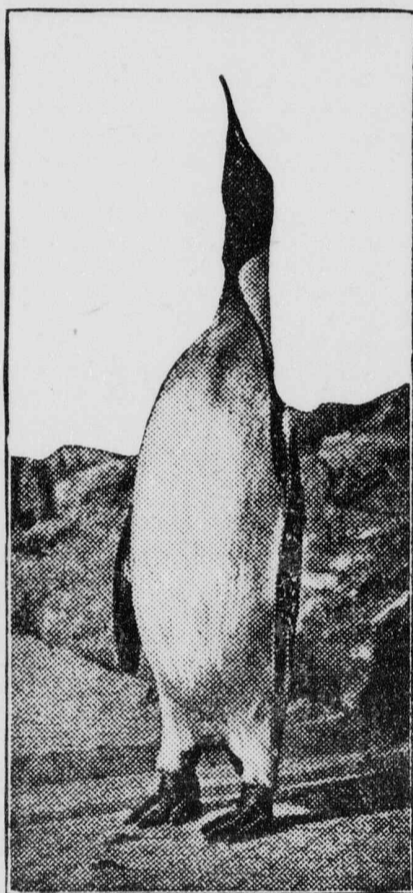
It is a curious fact with reference to the sleeping habits of the various peoples that while those in northern countries do not appear to be able to sleep well unless they have lots of room in which to stretch their legs, the inhabitants of the Tropics often curl themselves up like monkeys at the lower angle of a suspended hammock and sleep very soundly that way.

The robust American will cover himself with a pair of blankets and throw his window open to the air even in the dead of winter, and sometimes he will not complain if there is a bit of snow on the window sill in the morning. But the Russian, on the contrary, likes no sleeping place so well as the top of the big soapstone stove in his dwelling. Crawling out of this blistering bed in the morning he delights in taking a plunge in a cold stream, even if he has to break through the ice to do so.

In Lapland the native crawls, head and all, into a bag made of reindeer skin and sleeps warm and comfortable within it. The East Indian, at the other end of the world, also has a sleeping bag, but it is more porous than the Laplander's. Its purpose is to keep out the mosquitoes rather than to keep its occupants warm.

The American clings to his feather pillow, but he has long since discarded the old feather bed in favor of the hair or straw or felt mattress.

## WHEN THE PENGUIN PIPES



This odd photograph shows a king penguin in the strange attitude which he assumes when he is trumpeting or "piping." When about to "pipe" the bird takes an enormously deep breath till he swells and all his feathers stand on end. Then he gives tongue, producing a sound that may be likened to a rushing wind. Lower and lower goes the key, and then suddenly there is silence and with it the end of the music the head and neck are brought swiftly downwards as though hinged at the base. The head is held down thus for some seconds, and then all at once the performance ends and the bird again waddles about nonchalantly.

## SOME LONG-LIVED BIRDS

It used to be contended that ravens lived longer than any other species of birds, and it was said that their age frequently exceeded a century. Recent studies of the subject indicate that no authentic instance of a raven surpassing seventy years of age is on record. But parrots have been known to live 100 years.

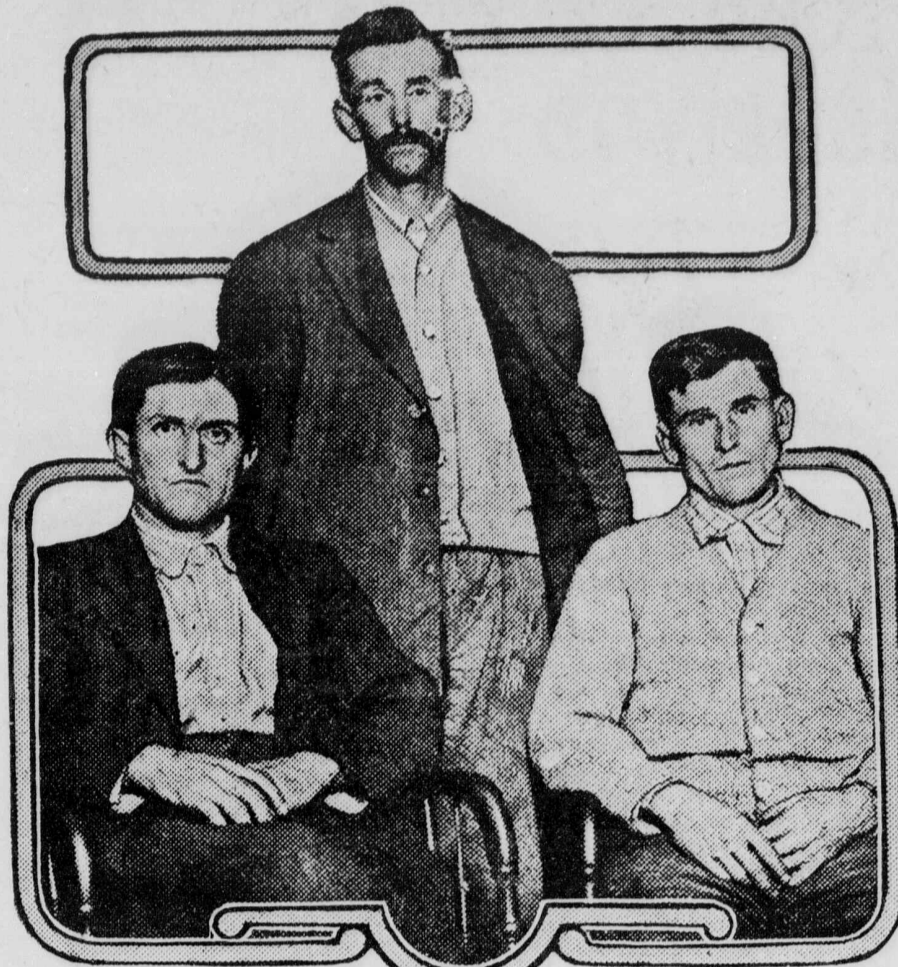
There is a record of a golden eagle which died at Schonbrunn at the age of one hundred and eighteen years. Another golden eagle was kept in the Tower of London for 90 years. A third died at Vienna aged one hundred and four years.

Geese and swans are tenacious of life, and extraordinary accounts exist of the great age that they have attained. Buffon and other authorities have credited them with eighty and one hundred years of life.

## CLUB FOR GRANDMOTHERS

Grandmothers of Chicago are to have a club house, where they can receive friends and lounge, play cards and discuss the latest fashions or the problem plays. This innovation will be sponsored by the Mothers' Association of Chicago. It is considered that the grandmothers are the most neglected of a city's population, and to cheer them, bring kindred spirits together and revive early memories a home club, similar to clubs their sons and daughters attend, will be erected.

## MEN WHO THREATENED WOODROW WILSON



These are the three New Jersey mountaineers who threatened to "shoot" Woodrow Wilson unless he paid them \$5,000. From left to right, Jacob Dann, Seeley Davenport and Warren Dunn. They live near the village of Wharton, N. J., where the neighbors speak of them as law-abiding citizens.

## ODD CIVIC SHOWS

### Queer English Election Ceremonies Seldom Heard Of.

Water Is Drunk to the Memory of Sir Francis Drake—Perquisites of London's Mayor—One Sheriff Fined 50 Pounds for Insult.

London.—There are several towns in the united kingdom which boast an annual show day. London's lord mayor's show, so far as the procession is concerned, has no rival; but, nevertheless, the election of mayors of provincial towns is attended with functions both interesting and curious.

For instance, the annual election of the mayor of High Wycombe is not considered complete unless his worship is "weighed in." The mayor, as well as each member of the corporation, takes a seat on a pair of gigantic scales, and the result is entered in a big book kept at the town hall for the purpose. It is declared that the custom dates back to the reign of Edward I.

When a man reaches the mayoralty of Plymouth he is supposed, according to an ancient custom, to pay at least one visit during his reign of office to the Lake of Burrator. When this function takes place the whole corporation turns out in all its finery, and, led by the mayor, journeys to the lake.

Arriving there, two lines are formed, and a couple of ancient golden goblets, filled with water taken from the lake, are passed round from mouth to mouth. The mayor and corporation drink to the memory of Sir Francis Drake, who, when mayor of Plymouth, brought water to the town by means of a canal more than twenty miles in length. When the water placed in the goblets is consumed the vessels are filled with wine, and the mayor, holding one at arm's length, exclaims: "May the descendants of him who gave us water never want wine!"

The visit to Burrator lake concludes with a feast, the first dish served being a sucking pig.

The mayor of Peterborough's show is held every October, and his worship and the members of the corporation make their way to Bridge Fair, and declare it open from the bridge spanning the river. The bridge unites two counties—Northamptonshire and Huntingdonshire—and the mayor, after adjuring all visitors to the fair to conduct themselves soberly and civilly, goes on to declare that "the fair may be held as well in Northamptonshire as in Huntingdonshire today, tomorrow and the day afterward."

A very ancient custom is the presenting to London's mayor and mayress every year a selection of pears, apples and grapes by the master of the Fruiterers' company and the general purposes committee of the city of London.

It is interesting to know that in earlier times the lord mayor of London was entitled to a proportion of every consignment of fruit arriving in the metropolis by ship. The action of this due caused a good deal of disagreement in days gone by, and it was finally arranged that a yearly presentation of fruit should be accepted in its place.

Ever since the days of William the Conqueror, the chief magistrate of the city, has received four bucks from the Royal forests, while each sheriff has received three bucks, and the recorder, the common sergeant, the chamberlain and other city officials one each.

Since the title of lord mayor was bestowed on Sir Thomas Legge by Edward III., in 1354, the high office has carried with it all manner of titles and dignities. In early days he sometimes used his power to the disadvantage of those in office under him. For instance, Harrison, referring to the lord mayor for the year 1479, says: "This year Thomas Byfield, one of the

sheriffs of London, was fined £50 by the court of alderman for affronting the lord mayor, which arose from no other cause than his kneeling too near the mayor during prayers at St. Paul's cathedral."

### DECRIES UNCLE TOM'S CABIN

Man Declares Work Is Caricature and Has Done More Harm Than Any Other Volume.

Camden, N. J.—In an address at the Camden high school, F. Hopkinson Smith, writer and artist, said that "Uncle Tom's Cabin" had done more harm than any other book ever written. He added that the general condition of the negro had not improved since the Civil war, and that the negroes of the south were happier, better cared for and more content in the days of slavery than they were now.

Mr. Smith's criticism of Uncle Tom's Cabin" was based on his belief that the book gave the world an erroneous conception of the negroes' life and condition before the war. He said the chief incidents in Mrs. Stowe's work were such as never could have happened in the south. He attributed much of the bitterness that prevailed in the south years before the war to "misinformation conveyed broadcast" by "Uncle Tom's Cabin."

Mrs. Stowe, he said, was to be blamed only for making such use of incidents that came to her knowledge at second hand. "Uncle Tom's Cabin," as a whole, he insisted, was a highly colored caricature that did not reflect real life in the south.

### Death Betrays Ex-Convict.

Denton, Tex.—The death of John Ellis, for 35 years a resident of this city, resulted in the revelation that Ellis was really Joseph G. Addison, who was convicted of voluntary manslaughter in Buchanan county, Ga., in 1873, and escaped after serving three years of a 15-year sentence. Five years ago Ellis told his story to a friend with the request that it be given to the world after his death.

## FIGHTS AGAINST HER BABIES

Children, Two, Three and Four Years Old, Are Kept at Cradle Age by Mother.

Cleveland, Ohio.—In a little kitchen at her home, Mrs. Mood Thol has battled with nature for years secretly in an effort to keep time from touching her babies.

Around her feet crept three children, two, three and four years old. Victims of a strange code her ingenuity devised to prevent them advancing beyond the cradle, they laughed, kicked their feet and waved their hands as she crooned over them.

The eldest boy did not creep faster or with greater ease than the younger ones. He mumbled incoherently, and tugged at his mother's dress and slobbered over a little bib, when she tickled him beneath the chin. He is barely larger than a child of two years and apparently has not advanced intellectually beyond the cradle.

To further defeat their development, the mother has never fed them anything except baby food. What lay beyond the door, through which a stranger never passed, they had no idea.

Neighbors say the woman never took her children away from home. Occasionally in the hot summer, they say, she would wheel them away in the darkness, but wheels guarding them closely from the gaze of any persons. "She has a strange desire to always keep them babies," Deputy Sheriff Sobczak said. "The four-year-old boy cannot talk or walk. He is not as large as an ordinary youngster of eighteen months old."

Several days ago William James,

## STUDENT HUNTS BUG

Member of Entomological Staff Tells of Expedition.

Small Beetle-Like Insects Are Never Known to Venture From Crannies During Daylight—Rare Species Are Worth \$25.

Washington.—Housewives who wage incessant war on cockroaches and other vermin are cautioned by entomologists to stay their hands and inquire carefully into the antecedents of any black beetle-like bug which peers around a corner of the kitchen sink. For the visitor may be none other than one of the amblychila baroni cicindelidae, the most aristocratic family in bugdom, whose members retail at as much as \$25 apiece, provided they are delivered with limbs and feelers intact.

A former student of the University of Chicago, who is now on the entomological staff of the department of agriculture at Washington, a few days ago described his expedition into the native haunts of the amblychila, which he explored long enough to gather in considerable pin money by the sale of whole families.

"When I learned the baroni had been seen in an obscure part of Arizona only about half a dozen bugs were known to entomologists," said the investigator. "One of these was in the Leconte and Horn collection in Philadelphia. Most of the others were in the River collection in San Francisco."

"The first had been caught near Globe, Ariz. A naturalist named Schaeffer also located a few southeast of Nogales, Ariz. I was familiar with the characteristic of the creatures through my studies under Curator Snow of the University of Kansas, now deceased, and when he invited me to join a party into the mountains of Arizona to hunt the amblychila I was glad to go as if there had been buried treasure at the end of the journey."

"We found conditions favorable at Peach Springs, near Ashford, Ariz. From there we went into the mountains. There were no amblychila to be seen, but we acted on the general supposition that they were in this neighborhood. We spent several days moving about in the mountains and finally selected a favorable spot for the bug to appear."

"Now, the amblychila baroni family is most exclusive and has never been known to come forth in broad daylight. Twilight and an hour before dawn are supposed to be the times when they appear. We tried several twilights and several dawns without result. One night a light rain fell and we agreed that the dampness might invite the bugs out, although it made it decidedly uncomfortable for us."

"That night we scattered over the hills and kept watch near crevices in the rocks. I lay with my head resting on my elbow watching innumerable insects and bugs crawl by in the shady light. Finally I saw the long, black feelers of what might be one of the amblychila appear, and then another. I waited until they got well out of the crevice, for they are decidedly cautious creatures, then scooped the two up in my hand. By their struggles I knew that I had the right species. No bug struggles as hard as the baroni. Then I stuck them into a small pair of cyanide of potassium which I carried. The fumes killed them quickly."

"I sold a number of my amblychila baroni for \$25 and some for \$15 and \$10. Our expedition multiplied the number of known specimens considerably and the price went down a little. I don't know how many specimens our entire party captured, but altogether the expedition was a success from a monetary as well as an entomological standpoint."

clerk of the probate court, discovered the plight of the children and investigated. He continued the investigation until he made sure the children were not imbeciles.

James and Sobczak went to the house, arrested the woman and took her to the City hospital. The children will be placed in an infant institution.

### GIRL ROBS IN MALE ATTIRE

Young Woman Arrested as Burglar Says Man Induced Her to Commit Crime.

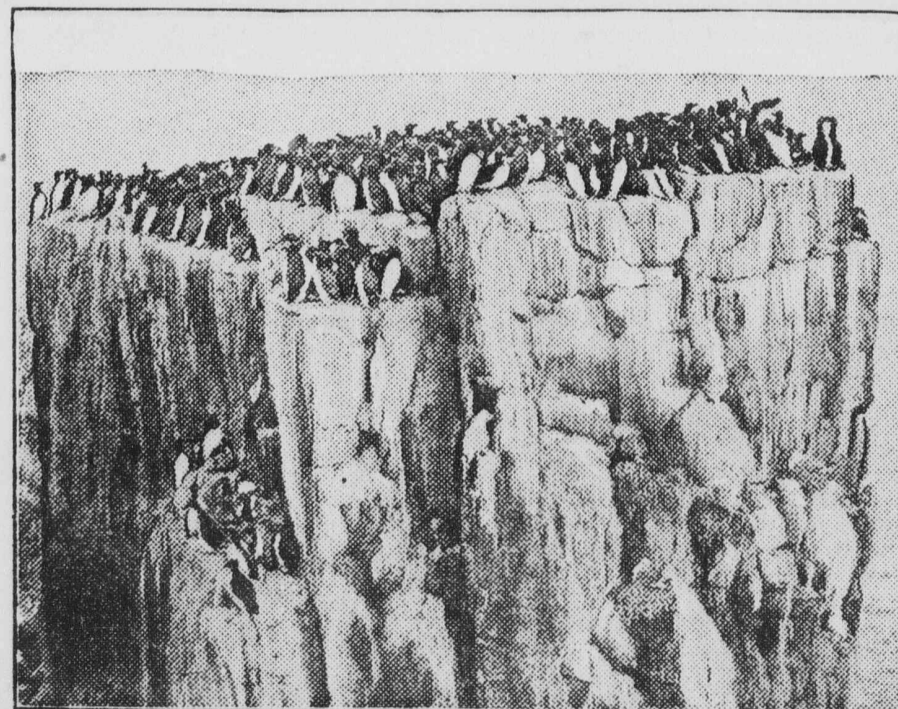
Danbury, Conn.—Disguised in male attire, Amy Travers, a pretty 22-year-old girl, entered the apartments of George Trumbley shortly after midnight and stole \$22 from the pocket of Mr. Trumbley, who was asleep in the room.

The girl, who had never been arrested before, accused George Smith of having induced her to commit the crime. Smith has a criminal record in Connecticut cities. The girl said she retained only \$4 of the stolen money, giving the remainder to Smith. "The man denied this, but the police found the money in his shoes."

Miss Travers was released on bonds furnished by a relative. She will be arraigned in the police court Monday. Detectives who have been investigating a series of burglaries arrested the girl at her home this afternoon.

She said Smith furnished her with the clothing she wore when she visited Trumbley's apartments. She denied having participated in any other burglaries.

## Paradise for the Birds



The Farne islands are famous as breeding places for sea birds and their rocky pinnacles are almost always covered with guillemots and kittiwakes and other fowl. The islands, which are several miles off the northeast coast of Northumberland, England, are seventeen in number and many of them are mere rocks which are visible only at low tide. The passage between the islands is very dangerous and was the scene of Grace Darling's heroism in 1838 when the Farfarshire was wrecked.



# The SUITORS OF Mrs. MERRIWID

BY KENNETT HARRIS

### MELISSA WOULD SIDESTEP THE CAP AND BELLS.

Mrs. Merriwid, sitting before her mirror, dipped her dainty finger into a pot of Creme Diane, and smearing the thick cream on her forehead and the lower part of her face, began to rub it in with considerable vigor. Her maternal maiden Aunt Jane, finding her thus employed, expressed some surprise, the hour of the operation being untimely.

"Too much of it only makes 'em deeper, Melissa, my dear," she observed kindly.

"Makes what deeper?" demanded her niece with some asperity.

Aunt Jane coughed a deprecating little cough. "Excuse me," she said.

"I'm doing this because my face aches," explained Mrs. Merriwid. "Do you understand, auntie? It isn't because of any waste of cellular tissue attributable to senile decay and riotous living, as you seem to sweetly insinuate; it's because I've overstrained my cheek muscles smiling at Mr. Motley's merry jests. That's what a person gets for being polite. I feel as if I'd just emerged from a protracted gum chewing contest and had lost out on a technically. Kindly hand me a towel. That man is a pest."

"I thought you liked him," said Aunt Jane. "You said he was such good company, if I remember rightly."

"Not stock company, however," said Mrs. Merriwid. "For a one night stand he's all right, but he's no attraction for a long run. He palls, dearie, and I'm no pallbearer if I am still in mourning. I can take a joke as well as any woman, but I lack the capacity of the comic section editor's wastebasket."

"You're the most changeable woman I ever saw," remarked Aunt Jane.

"I like a little variety I admit, but continuous vaudeville is something else again," said Mrs. Merriwid. "You see how it's beginning to affect me, don't you? After a session with that Motley individual I feel as if I wore

an extent that they'd acquit me without leaving their box."

"How can you talk so, Melissa?" said Aunt Jane, reproachfully.

"Dearie," replied Mrs. Merriwid, "men like Mr. Motley ought to be exterminated. Life isn't anything more than a joke to them—at the other fellow's expense. It's a scream when a fellow being slips on something and fractures his spine; and when somebody's new five-dollar hat blows off and rolls in the mud, he howls with joy. Language is something for him to play on, the Jew is a 'kike,' the Irishman is a 'harp,' the Italian a 'dago' and the negro a 'smoke,' and their mission in life is to furnish funny stories about themselves for him to tell. That's proud man's sense of humor—and I wish somebody could tell me where the sense comes in. A woman can't see anything particularly mirth-provoking when people are buffed by goats or kicked by mules; it takes the fine perception of the masculine mind to properly appreciate the ludicrous element in the casualty ward."

"It was only yesterday morning that you laughed when I burned my front with the curling iron," Aunt Jane accused.

Mrs. Merriwid giggled at the recollection. "I know I did, dearie," she admitted, "but it wasn't so much the calamity as the way you looked, and besides, I didn't bray. There's a difference between a musical cachinnatory tinkle and a haw-haw. I haven't got a red face and bulging buttermilk eyes, I hope. I don't wear fancy waistcoats and patent leather shoes with scalloped tan cloth tops. I don't shave my neck or drench my handkerchiefs with cologne or brush a six-inch strand of moist hair across a bald spot."

"I don't see what that has to do with it," said Aunt Jane.

"Then you must be suffering with astigmatism, myopia and strabismus," replied Mrs. Merriwid. "I don't take anything back about the disadvantages



He'd Instantly See the Funny Side of It.

large checked, high-water inexpressibles and red whiskers and had to talk up to them. Believe me, sweet Aunt, it's demoralizing. I pity his wife—if he ever gets one."

"I don't see any reason why he shouldn't," said Aunt Jane.

"I do," replied Mrs. Merriwid. "He couldn't pay a lady any serious attention. As between a funny man and a fat man, dearie, the fat man stands the best chance of being loved. Mr. Motley would say he couldn't stand a slim chance, but, thank heaven! I'm not Mr. Motley—or Mrs. Motley. You know, pet, we like to be taken seriously. Perhaps because we haven't any sense of humor. I'll tell you about that, Precious? If what Mr. Motley and others of his noble sex are afflicted with is a sense of humor, let us offer thanks that in all our close association with them we haven't caught it. I'll say for poor dear Henry Merriwid that he hadn't at one time that the girl we had engaged the day before had departed at three p. m. with my souvenir coffee spoons and that the water front in the kitchen range had burst and that the moths had got into my furs and ruined them and that I'd been omitted from the invitations to Mrs. Swellup's reception and spattered hot fat on my arm frying the potatoes and that the dressmaker had sent back my skirt with puckers all down the seams, Henry wouldn't have leaned back in his chair and whooped with merriment. That's what Mr. Motley would do. He'd instantly see the funny side of it, and the next thing you know I'd be trying to make a good impression on a sympathetic jury. There's one thing: If I made a plea of justification on the aforementioned grounds, it would tickle their sense of humor to such

of a chronic cut-up from social and matrimonial points of view, but a man can be perfectly killing, the life of the party and even a sad wag—if he's the kind that can get away with it."

"Then I infer that your objection to Mr. Motley is based rather upon his personal appearance and manner than his characteristic propensity to jest," with it," said Aunt Jane.

"You may not have a keen sense of humor, auntie dear," said Mrs. Merriwid, "but you're a great little inferrer at that. A lady's suitor may be something of a joker, but he mustn't be a joke."

"You mean tooocular, don't you, Melissa?" asked Aunt Jane.

"I mean—Oh, what's the use!" said Mrs. Merriwid.

### Save the Sting.

George Bailey, who lives at Placerville, Cal., and who had been almost blind for some time, was stung on the face and eyelids while he was changing a swarm of bees from one hive to another, the other day, and his sight was completely restored. We have heard, too, of men who, by being stung by bees, were cured of rheumatism. Recently it was announced that an Englishman had succeeded in developing stingless bees. We feel it our duty to earnestly protest against his activity. Let him be headed off before it is too late. If he is permitted to go ahead and arrange it so that no bee will ever again have the power to sting he may bring upon the human race the greatest of all calamities, for we have no doubt that those who have the desire for eternal youth may gain it through the stings of bees if they can only find out how to be properly stung.

## CORNER IS A 'TRUST'

PATTEN LOSES FIGHT BEFORE HIGH COURT TO QUASH INDICTMENT.

### REBUFF FOR UNION PACIFIC

Supreme Tribunal Holds That the Contemplated Disposition of the Railroad's Stock Would Violate Court's Dissolution Decree.

Washington, Jan. 7.—By upholding certain disputed counts against James A. Patten and others, charged with a violation of the Sherman anti-trust law in running a so-called cotton corner, the Supreme court sent the case against the men to trial in the lower courts.

Patten, Eugene G. Scales, Frank B. Hayne and William P. Brown were indicted in New York on charges of conspiracy on January 11, 1910, to corner cotton by extensive buying on the New York cotton exchange as a result of which the price would be enhanced and ultimately bring arbitrary and excessive prices.

Plan for \$10,000,000 Profit. The conspiracy was described as calculated to yield \$10,000,000 in profits.

The alleged violation of the Sherman law was set forth in the indictment in eight different ways in as many counts, the defendants being liable for trial on any one.

Before the defendants could be placed on trial, the United States circuit court for southern New York held insufficient four counts as not stating an offense. The government appealed from that decision to the Supreme court.

The decision settles the important question that a "corner" of any commodity is a restraint of interstate commerce and may be a violation of the Sherman anti-trust law.

The decision does not determine the question of the guilt of Patten or the other defendants, but sends the case back to the lower court for trial on the facts with the important principle of law established that if a corner in cotton is proved, the Sherman statute is violated.

Narrowed Down to Two Counts. Because of similarity in the counts held insufficient the controversy in the Supreme court narrowed down to the validity of the third and seventh counts.

The third count had been attacked successfully as insufficient because it merely stated an alleged conspiracy to buy cotton and omitted to charge agreements to withhold cotton or sell in any particular manner.

The lower court said the defendants were not charged with "power" to control the market. The seventh count was the one specifically charging the defendants with "running a corner" on cotton futures. The lower court held that such a corner did not produce effects direct enough on interstate commerce to bring it within the Sherman anti-trust law.

Justice Vandevanter, in announcing the opinion, said the Supreme court at this time, under the law, was not authorized to review the lower court's construction or interpretation of the indictment as such, but only the lower court's interpretation of the statute. Therefore, he added, the court passed by those points raised by the government.

Justice Lurton announced a dissenting opinion, in which Chief Justice White and Justice Holmes concurred.

The case will now go back to the federal court of southern New York for trial or other proceeding.

### High Court Halts U. P. Plan.

The Supreme court held that the plan advanced by Union Pacific attorneys of disposing of the entire stock holdings of the Union Pacific Railroad company in the Southern Pacific company by transfer to the stockholders of the Union Pacific company would not so effectually end the Union Pacific merger as to comply with its dissolution decree.

### U. S. SHIP LOST IN ATLANTIC

Naval Supply Vessel Panther Caught in Hurricane on the Atlantic Has Not Reported.

New York, Jan. 7.—Every vessel along the middle Atlantic coast was notified by wireless to search for the United States naval supply ship Panther, carrying a crew of 120 officers and men, which has not been heard from since she was caught by the full fury of Friday's hurricane off Cape May. For three days the shore stations from New Jersey to the Carolinas have been trying to get in touch with the Panther by wireless, but no answer was received to any of the queries.

### GEN. P. CLAYTON QUITS POST

Republican Committee of Arkansas for 41 Years Sends Resignation to C. D. Hillis.

Washington, Jan. 8.—Gen. Powell Clayton of Arkansas, for 41 years a member of the Republican national committee and a leading figure in the politics of his state, sent his resignation to Charles D. Hillis, chairman of the national committee.

### Two Are Frozen to Death.

Douglas, Ariz., Jan. 9.—The cold wave sweeping the entire southwest has broken all records. After a snowstorm here the temperature dropped to 8 below and two men were frozen to death.

### IMPORTANT NEWS SUMMARY

A Russian court at Moscow has sentenced 201 Jewish dentists to prison for a year for fraud in connection with the issuance of dentistry school diplomas.

The Northwestern Cedarmen's association convention closed at Duluth, Minn., with the election of officers and the considering of a number of new business subjects.

Wings for the parcels post have been provided at Boston with the official commission granted Harry M. Jones, a young aviator, as the first parcels post carrier by aeroplane.

The German cruiser Strassburg and the Danish steamer Koenig Christian IX. were in collision off Friedrichsrode, at the entrance of Kiel harbor. Two of the cruiser's compartments were damaged.

Mrs. Mamie M. Holland, city recorder of Park City, Utah, was arrested for alleged padding of the pay rolls of the street department. Shortages are said to have been found in the accounts of other departments under her supervision.

The national advisory committee of the Epworth league, representing the 800,000 Methodists belonging to the league, at a meeting in St. Louis arranged a series of 15 institutes to be conducted throughout the country by twelve teachers.

Paraguay, South America, which for eight years past has been without any diplomat representative to the United States, has chosen Dr. Hector Velazquez to be minister at Washington, according to advices received at the state department.

A search over two continents for two children supposed to have survived John Montgomery Smart, who lost his life in the Titanic disaster, is ended by the filing of the wealthy lawyer's will in New York without a mention of any children.

Michael Angelo McGinnis, whose ability as a mathematician has attracted wide attention among educators, was released from the Missouri state penitentiary at Jefferson City on parole, after serving six years of a ten-year sentence for forgery.

The strict prohibition of bird hunting in Porto Rico already has resulted in a notable increase in birds of all kinds seen throughout the island. Reports to the insular department at Washington show that more than 100 distinct species have been discovered.

The widespread crusade against poolrooms in San Francisco collapsed when five of the six poolroom proprietors and all of the 190 "visitors" arrested in the general raid were released for want of evidence. No one will accept the responsibility of having ordered the raid.

The annual woman suffrage hearing before the legislature which has been an annual feature in Albany, N. Y., for years, probably will be abandoned this year. Both the senate and assembly judiciary committees have reported favorably the Wagner-Goldberg woman suffrage constitutional amendment.

The much-discussed project of a bridge across the Hudson was revived at a mass meeting at Hackensack, N. J., under the auspices of several organizations interested in the scheme when it was announced that borings were started in the river bed and along shore to test foundation possibilities.

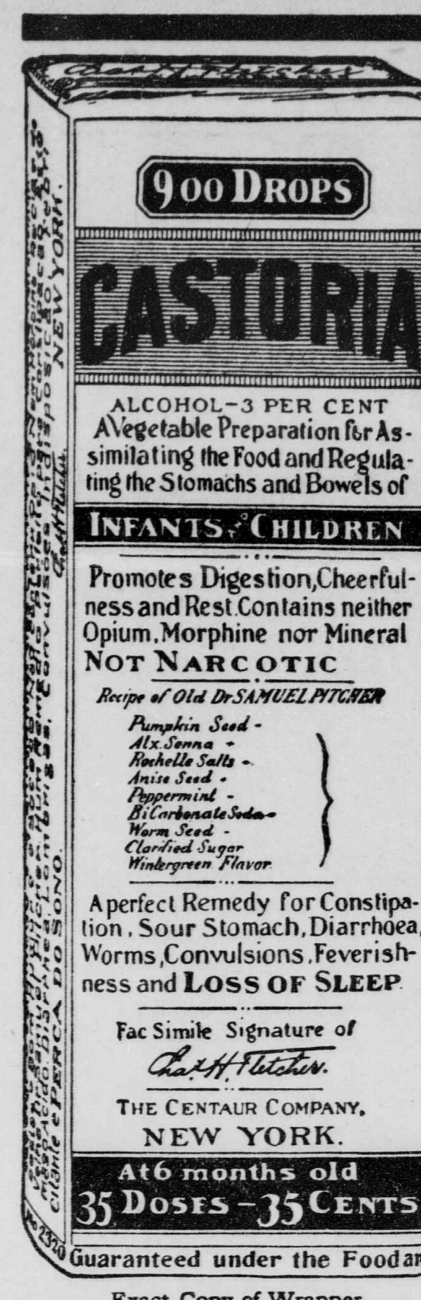
An address by C. P. Cary, state superintendent of public instruction, was the opening feature of the annual convention of the State Horticultural society, which began in the Free Library building at Madison, Wis. Interesting things on the program are a speaking contest by horticultural students of the university, an illustrated lecture on birds, a cooking school and extensive exhibits of fruit and orchard accessories.

### Renounces Vows for Girl.

St. Louis, Jan. 9.—That he might marry Miss Florence Layer, a nurse, of Louisville, Ky., Rev. Father D. J. Gallagher, a Roman Catholic priest, also of that city, renounced his vows to the church and brought her to St. Louis. The ceremony was performed by Rev. Percy Brown, canon of Christ church cathedral.

### THE MARKETS.

New York, Jan. 8.	
LIVE STOCK—Steers	\$4 75 @ 8 80
Hogs	8 15 @ 8 25
Sheep	3 50 @ 4 75
FLOUR—Spring Patents	4 80 @ 5 30
WHEAT—May	97 @ 97 1/2
CORN—Export	55 @ 55 1/2
OATS—No. 3	38 1/2 @ 39 1/2
RYE—No. 2	63 @ 70
BUTTER—Creamery	24 @ 27
EGGS	12 @ 28
CHEESE	1 1/2 @ 1 1/2
CHICAGO.	
CATTLE—Choice Steers	\$9 25 @ 9 50
Fair Heaves	8 00 @ 7 25
Fancy Yearlings	7 20 @ 7 30
Feeding Steers	6 25 @ 7 50
Heavy Calves	8 25 @ 9 00
HOGS—Packers	7 20 @ 7 30
Butcher Hogs	7 35 @ 7 45
Pigs	5 00 @ 6 75
BUTTER—Creamery	27 @ 35
Dairy	21 @ 27
EGGS	13 1/2 @ 24
LIVE POULTRY	10 @ 15
POTATOES (per bu.)	42 @ 48
FLOUR—Spring Wheat, Sp 1	4 80 @ 4 80
GRAIN—Wheat, December	81 3/4 @ 92 1/2
Corn, December	49 1/2 @ 49 1/2
Oats, December	33 1/2 @ 33 1/2
MILWAUKEE.	
GRAIN—Wheat, No. 1 Nor'n	\$9 @ 90
May	80 1/2 @ 80 1/2
Corn, No. 2 White	47 @ 47 1/2
Oats, Standard	33 @ 33 1/2
Rye	64 1/2 @ 65
KANSAS CITY.	
GRAIN—Wheat, No. 2 Hard	\$8 1/2 @ 91
No. 2 Red	1 03 1/2 @ 1 07 1/2
Corn, No. 2 White	49 1/2 @ 50
Oats, No. 2 White	34 @ 35
Rye	62 @ 63
ST. LOUIS.	
CATTLE—Fine Steers	\$9 00 @ 10 00
Texas Steers	6 00 @ 7 00
HOGS—Heavy	7 45 @ 7 55
Butcher Hogs	7 20 @ 7 55
SHEEP—Muttons	4 35 @ 5 00
OMAHA.	
CATTLE—Native Steers	\$6 40 @ 9 40
Stockers and Feeders	4 75 @ 7 75
Cows and Heifers	3 50 @ 6 50
HOGS—Heavy	7 10 @ 7 25
SHEEP—Wethers	4 75 @ 5 50



## CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of

of

Use

For Over

Thirty Years

## CASTORIA

### AN UNWELCOME TOPIC.



De Quitz—Paid for your Christmas presents yet?  
De Whiz—Say, let's talk about something more agreeable.

### Roses in Medicine.

Roses at one time figured prominently in the pharmacopoeia. Pliny gives 32 remedies compounded of rose leaves and petals. Sufferers from nervous complaints used to seek relief by sleeping on rose pillows and one is told that Helogabalus used to imbibe rose wine as a pick-me-up after his periodical gormazing hours. The flower was also served at table, both as a garnish, in the way parsley is now used, and as a salad, and rose water was largely used for flavoring dishes. Roses as food have gone out of favor among western nations, but the Chinese still eat rose fritters.

### Fire in Bank of England.

The first fire within memory occurred at the Bank of England, London, a few days ago. The fire broke out in the southeastern portion of the building. The flooring and joisting were considerably damaged. The outbreak was discovered by the Bank of England authorities and subdued by their own appliances in 30 minutes. A lieutenant and a dozen men of the Irish Guards on duty at the bank, with fixed bayonets, assisted the police in keeping the crowd back from the building.

### THE BEST TEACHER.

Old Experience Still Holds the Palm.

For real practical reliability and something to swear by, experience—plain old experience—is able to carry a big load yet without getting swayed back.

A So. Dak. woman found some things about food from Old Experience a good, reliable teacher.

She writes:

"I think I have used almost every breakfast food manufactured, but none equal Grape-Nuts in my estimation.

"I was greatly bothered with weak stomach and indigestion, with formation of gas after eating, and tried many remedies for it but did not find relief.

"Then I decided I must diet and see if I could overcome the difficulty that way. My choice of food was Grape-Nuts because the doctor told me I could not digest starchy food.

"Grape-Nuts food has been a great benefit to me for I feel like a different person since I began to eat it. It is wonderful to me how strong my nerves have become. I advise everyone to try it, for experience is the best teacher.

"If you have any stomach trouble—can't digest your food, use Grape-Nuts food for breakfast at least, and you won't be able to praise it enough when you see how different you feel." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich. Read the little book, "The Road to Wellville," in pkgs. "There's a Reason."

Ever read the above letter? A new one appears from time to time. They are genuine, true, and full of human interest. Adv.

### Wished to Break the Record.

"There's something uncanny about that lawyer."

"Why?"

"When his client was defeated he didn't make a motion for a new trial."

### FOLEY KIDNEY PILLS

Are Richest in Curative Qualities FOR BACKACHE, RHEUMATISM, KIDNEYS AND BLADDER

## Resinol



cured terrible humor on face

PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 6, 1912. "In December 1908, my face became sore. I tried everything that was recommended, and my face got worse instead of better. I spent over \$100 and got no benefit. The face and nose were very red and the eruption had the appearance of small boils, which itched me terribly. I cannot tell you how terrible my face looked—all I can say is, it was dreadful, and I suffered beyond description. "I have not gone on the street any time since 1908 without a veil, until now. Just four months ago a friend persuaded me to give Resinol a trial. I have used three cakes of Resinol Soap and less than a jar of Resinol Ointment, and my face is perfectly free from any eruption, and my skin is as clear and clean as any child's. It is about four weeks since the last pimple disappeared." (Signed) Mrs. M. J. Bateman, 4256 Viola Street. For over eighteen years Resinol has been a doctor's prescription and household remedy for skin troubles, pimples, burns, sores, piles, etc. Resinol Ointment and Resinol Soap sold by all druggists. For sample of each, write to Dept. 17-K, Resinol Chem. Co., Baltimore, Md.

### DON'T CUT OUT A VARICOSE VEIN USE ABSORBINE, JR., FOR IT

A mild, safe, antiseptic, discutient, resolvent, restorative liniment, and a proven remedy for this and similar troubles.

Mr. R. C. Kellogg, Becket, Mass., before using this remedy, suffered intensely with painful and inflamed veins; they were swollen, knotted and hard. He writes: "After using one and one-half bottles of ABSORBINE, JR., the veins were reduced, inflammation and pain gone, and I have had no recurrence of the trouble during the past six years." Also removes Gout, Painful Swellings, Wens, Cysts, Callouses, Bruises, "Black and Blue" discolorations, etc., in a pleasant manner. Price \$1.00 and \$2.00 a bottle at druggists or delivered. Book 5 Free. Write for it. W. F. Young, P. O. Box 310, Temple St., Springfield, Mass.

### The Man Who Put the E's in FEET

Look for This Trade-Mark Picture on the Label when buying ALLEN'S FOOT-EASE The Antiseptic Powder for Tender, Aching Feet. Sold everywhere. Sample FREE. Address, ALLEN S. OLMSTED, Le Roy, N. Y.

### THOMPSON'S EYE WATER

Quickly relieves weak, inflamed eyes. Hold every where. Booklet Free. JOHN L. THOMPSON SONS & CO., Troy, N. Y.

PISO'S REMEDY Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by Druggists. FOR COUGHS AND COLDS



### NECKBANDS OF RIBBON

DECORATED WITH MOCK JEWELS, THEY ARE MOST EFFECTIVE.

With Cheap but Carefully Selected Stones a Perfect Imitation of the More Costly Ornaments May Well Be Achieved.

Neckbands of velvet ribbon on which are sewed rhinestones, crystal or jet beads are easily made and very effective.

The popular width for neck velvets this season is an inch or a trifle more and where the rhinestones are sewed on to simulate slides the inner side of the velvet ribbon is stiffened slightly with a piece of satin covered collar bone. In making such a neckband measure off an inch and a half on each side of the front and at this point sew a closely set row of tiny brilliants, which cost as little as ten cents a dozen. So placed and well stiffened underneath these simulate the jeweled slides of the more expensive neckbands.

This leaves a center space of three inches for special decoration. A good way is to festoon, from one upright to the other, three or four strings of small beads, letting the lower string droop below the line of the velvet band. Another easy decoration is to use a single string of beads for the festoon and in the middle attach a small pendant. A single pear shaped mock pearl is good for this purpose and so are many of the inexpensive pendants of mock jewels.

Hand made pendants are easily fashioned by covering with black velvet two circles of cardboard of about the thickness of a visiting card. Sew them together with a neat over and over stitch, drawing the sewing silk tight enough to sink into the pile of the velvet. If pearl beads have been used for the neckband sew small pearls at intervals around this velvet circle, threading the beads so that they shall lie out from the circle like a little frame. Have a center formed of a jet or pearl cabochon with three or more radiating lines of small beads.

Such a finish for a velvet neckband may be varied almost indefinitely and the size may range up to the dimensions of the popular enamel lockets. Even with a neckband of black the pendant may be of any bright color with an encircling row of jet beads and a center ornament of jet and rhinestones.

Neckbands of folded black malines are a novelty and are easily made along the same lines as the band of velvet except that the rhinestones or pearls used to simulate slides should be sewed to a background of the narrowest of satin or velvet ribbon and the necessary boning placed on the inner side.

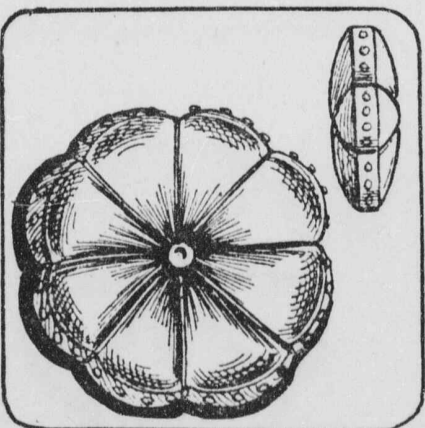
#### Plaited Frocks.

Accordion plaited chiffon over soft silk, is a great favorite. These frocks are guileless of sash or belt, the waist being merely defined by a row of gauging, with a narrow frilling of lace on either side of the gauging. Fur is used as a border where the hem of the skirt and the sleeves are concerned, a narrow strip of brown beaver, gray squirrel, moleskin or seal cone being employed.

### CARRYING PINS IN POCKET

Convenient Little Cushion That May Be Made From Remnant of Discarded Kid Glove.

The little pincushion from which our sketch is drawn was made many years ago from material taken from an old kid glove, and it is still



in use. It is circular in shape and measures two inches across.

In making it, two pieces of kid are cut out just a trifle larger at the edges with a piece of narrow sarcenet ribbon and the space inside well stuffed with cotton wool. In the center, the two sides are tightly sewn together with silk, which is run right through the cushion and then drawn tightly over the edges at intervals, dividing it up into eight sections in the manner illustrated.

The pins are, of course, inserted into the ribbon at the edge, and the small sketch on the right clearly shows this and illustrates a side view of the cushion.

### SHORT SKIRT FOR THE DANCE

Gowns Made Without Train Afford Greatest Enjoyment and Are Strictly in Fashion.

Short skirts for the dance are still in fashion, and are likely to remain so. By faithfully copying that short-



skirted and charming gown of the picture, letting the underskirt be of white satin, and the corsage and tunic veiling of pink chiffon, with a bordering of mellow-toned lace, one will be perfectly satisfied. As regards accordion-pleated dance dresses—they are certainly being shown, and sold, very frequently this season, but as the survival of the style is by no means certain, it will be safer to select something less obviously "dated," which will therefore be of use for a much longer time.

#### Round Tablecloths.

Tablecloths with circular designs, suitable for round tables, are used more than ever; but those who have had experience have learned that it is better to purchase a tablecloth with square corners and the circular design inside rather than one finished round. The round tablecloths are very difficult to launder and almost never hang well after laundering. Even the manufacturers have learned that lesson, so that some of them do not even make the round cloths.—Harper's Bazar.

#### Gathered Muff.

The huge granny muff made of gathered and corded silk, velvet, brocade or chiffon is very fashionable this season. It is, besides quite simple to make, looks much more chic than a muff of poor imitation fur. Blue and red shot taffeta is used for a pretty model. Two thickness of wadding form the lining on to which the silk is gathered and divided into sections with piping cords. Wide frills of the silk finish off the muff on either side.

#### Theater Muff.

Two large garlands of small pink satin roses trim the front of a theater muff recently brought from Paris. The pillow of this muff is a quarter by half yard oblong covered with rose satin, veiled with rose dot-embroidered net and finished at both ends with two narrow frillings of finely plaited rose net. The two garlands start from against a mass of pink roses and black velvet foliage near the center of the muff's lower edge, and extend toward its upper corners, thus almost covering the front of the accessory. This model would be lovely duplicated in blue with forget-me-nots, in yellow with buttercups, in green with young strawberry leaves and in mauve with violets. In white, trimmed with black velvet foliage, it would be wonderfully chic.

#### Draped Gowns.

The smart new evening gowns are almost without exception draped in some way, and almost always there is chiffon or lace in combination with the satin, charmeuse, or brocade. Lace and chiffon wings and the revived angel's sleeves are coming more into evidence every day for dinner gowns and for dances and the opera; we no longer associate them with tea-gowns alone.—Harper's Bazar.

## NOTES FROM MEADOWBROOK FARM



A round silo is best.

Corn likes mellow soil.

Exercise produces warmth.

There is no better place to fit a colt for market than on the farm.

Leaves mixed with straw make an excellent cover for strawberries.

Promptly gather up and burn all brush and rubbish in the orchard.

The coming of the silo is developing some new high records for high-priced beef.

Increase the cow feed a little morning and night as the weather grows colder.

It is as an egg producer that the Indian Runner duck has gained the most fame.

Poultry balance their own rations if they are given a wide variety of feeds to select from.

Eggs that cost 25 cents per dozen will bring \$7 to \$8 when hatched and sold as broilers.

All young stock on hand now that you do not intend to keep through the coming winter should be marketed.

Bran is a very good feed for cows. It is light, palatable and rich in mineral matter, especially phosphorus.

A set of scales will guess a good deal better than you can as to the weight of the milk each cow gives.

It is usually mere guesswork to tell the age of a hen by her appearance after she has passed the pullet stage.

A hen over two years old is fit only for the pot and to mother chickens. She is past her profitable laying days.

It is well to remember that there are ten buyers for horses worth \$200 and upwards to one that is worth \$100 or less.

Goose eggs require from twenty-eight to thirty-one days to hatch, according to variety and method of hatching.

It is a well known fact that the cow that makes the largest profit is given the best care and most comfortable shelter.

When the farmer makes a selling of his crops with as much a business as does the buyer he will find farming profitable.

Of almost, if not quite, as much importance as their food is plenty of exercise. Exercise and sunshine are great sheep tonics.

If you live where stones are plenty (and they are found in most sections) never wade through winter mud in going between house and barn.

It pleases the cow to be milked quickly, and gets her in the habit of giving down promptly. It is often the slow milkers that make the strippers.

If you plan to take the horns off your cows, better do it early in the spring. It is a trying ordeal at best. Be as humane about it as you can.

Vitality is a very important characteristic in the dairy cows or any other farm animal. If weak along this line the best returns cannot be expected.

Next to using a Babcock machine a pretty good test of milk may be made by putting samples in tumblers and noting the thickness of the cream several hours later.

Sugar beet growing means more than the mere profits from growing the beets. It induces a higher type of agriculture and the crops raised in rotation are better.

Whatever ration one may be able to provide for the flock of hens one condition should be kept in mind—namely, they should be compelled to scratch for most of the grain they receive. This means exercise and exercise means health.

Few of us realize how important bees are to our farm, garden and orchard crops. If the bees were terminated this year there would be a failure of the clover seed crop; the same would be true of many vegetables and fruits. Many flowers must be cross fertilized, and it often requires some insect to do this. The apiary may thus serve a double purpose; furnish the family with sweets and increase the seed, vegetable and fruit production.

Sell off the old sheep.  
Whitewash at any time.  
Clover is an egg producer.  
Give the pullets ample nests.  
A horse with long legs and flat sides is not an easy keeper.  
The ram should be in perfect condition, but not fat at mating.  
Chickens that go home to roost ought to stay home to scratch.  
Hard labor in the orchard is almost sure to mean hard cash in the bank.

The cleaner the stalls are kept, the less the amount of bedding required.

If your horse has broken feet, have him shod with a good tar and oakum pack.

Rub the window panes with old newspapers—it will let in the sunshine.

Any time in the year is the right time to begin planning for an asparagus plot.

If the garden is fall plowed it means you can plant at least a week earlier next spring.

If the churn is likely to remain idle for some time, keep it filled with lime water.

Selling the young heifers, that are from the best cows is moving backward in dairying.

Intelligence in hurrying feeds for the dairy cow is one way of increasing profits on the farm.

One big advantage of the hog raising industry is that the hogs give quick and profitable returns.

In breaking a colt, remember that it is an easy matter to overload and ruin him by causing him to balk.

Sprained tendons and joints are often the effect of long-grown hoofs continually tamping on solid floors.

Perhaps a banking of the cow shed on the north side would make it more comfortable for the cows this winter.

To get the best results the dairy should be well ventilated, fly proof and at some distance from the sheds.

One mistake in hen culture is not to feed the hen well when she is "dry." A molting hen is doing hard work.

After hens are through laying they should be sold to the butcher unless they are needed for breeders next season.

The actual cost to keep added to the service fee of the sire, represents the amount at which horses you raise stand you.

It does not require any great ability at figures to show that there is a great waste in selling hogs when they are but half fed.

Salt, hardwood ashes and charcoal are ideal to keep in hog pasture, and if there is any other one thing needed it is pure water.

Never whip a balky horse. Sell him if you can't manage him and let the other fellow match his temper against that of the horse.

Those who are feeding huckle corn to their cattle must make arrangements to have hogs follow them or the waste will be too great.

Fruit for breakfast, fruit for dinner, fruit for supper, and some between times. It is the key to good health. Let the children eat liberally.

Green bone is a complete food. It contains the nitrogen for the albumen, the phosphate for the bones of the chicks and carbonaceous matter for the yolks.

The secret of a good strawberry crop is to set out a new patch each alternate spring. A large family ought to be more than supplied by 130 points.

When planning for grain crop and live stock improvements, don't forget about the fruit and vegetables for the farm means more contentment and better health.

The dairyman who will sell off each season two or three of his poorest cows will soon improve his herd if he replaces them by heifers raised from his best cows.

Either clover or alfalfa hay, corn and cotton seed meal are the cheapest and most efficient feeds that you can use together with the corn silage for fattening steers.

In practically every town there is a good market for dairy products and fresh eggs, as well as some of the other farm products, at the leading hotel, restaurant or bakery. Cultivate their trade and you will be surprised to see how profitable it can be made.

It takes a little more than 2 per cent of an animal's weight to keep it up to normal condition without making any gains and if exposure to cold and rain and storms are to be counted against it the feeder can easily see where his profit goes glimmering.



### Doubly Glad is the Man Who Smokes

Liggett & Myers

## Duke's Mixture

Glad to smoke this pure old Virginia and North Carolina bright leaf—with its natural tobacco taste. Aged and stemmed and then granulated. Tucks quickly in the pipe—rolls easily into a cigarette.

With each sack a book of cigarette papers FREE.

And smokers are glad to get the free present coupons enclosed in each 5c sack. These coupons are good for a great variety of pleasing articles—cameras, talking machines, balls, skates, safety razors, china, furniture, toilet articles, etc. Many things that will delight old or young.

As a special offer, during January and February only, we will send our new illustrated catalog of these presents FREE.

Just send us your name and address on a postal. In every sack of Liggett & Myers Duke's Mixture is one and a half ounces of splendid tobacco and a free present coupon.

Coupons from Duke's Mixture may be assorted with lots from HORSE SHOE, J.T. TINSLEY'S NATURAL LEAF, GRANGER TWIST, and coupons from FOUR ROSES (10 in double coupon), PICK PLUS CUT, FIDELITY CIGARETTES, CLIX CIGARETTES, and other tags or coupons issued by us.

Premium Dept. Liggett & Myers Tobacco Co. St. Louis, Mo.



### Don't Persecute Your Bowels

Cut out cathartics and purgatives. They are brutal, harsh, unnecessary. Try CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

Purely vegetable. Act gently on the liver, eliminate bile, and soothe the delicate membrane of the bowel. Cure Constipation, Biliousness, Sick Headache and indigestion, as millions know. SMALL PILL, SMALL DOSE, SMALL PRICE.

Genuine must bear Signature

Brewster

"The Attempted Assassination of Ex-President Theodore Roosevelt"

BOOK OF THE HOUR JUST OUT

242 pages. 23 illustrations. Prepaid: paper 50 cents, linen, \$1.00. Send money to Progressive Publishing Co. 600 Casswell Block MILWAUKEE

### Fruit Growing Pays

When You Buy Your Trees Direct from the Grower \$30.00 to \$150.00 an acre in Apples, Peaches, Cherries. \$40.00 to \$200.00 an acre in June and fall bearing strawberries. \$50 to \$150 an acre in Wonder Blackberry, Raspberry, Currants, gooseberries, Hinnelays and Loganberries. \$50 from a quarter acre in Peonies, Dahlias, Flower bulbs, etc. Send today for ten free books and full particulars. CO-OPERATIVE NURSERIES, IONIA, MICHIGAN

LEWIS' Single Binder cigar gives you the rich natural quality of good tobacco. Adv.

It takes all the fun out of doing a thing if you are paid for doing it.

### FOR WOMEN ONLY

Do You Feel This Way?

Backache or Headache Dragging Down Sensations Nervous—Drains—Tenderness Low Down.

It is because of some derangement or disease distinctly feminine. Write Dr. R. V. Pierce's Faculty at Invalids' Hotel, Buffalo, N.Y.

Consultation is free and advice is strictly in confidence.

Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription

restores the health and spirits and removes those painful symptoms mentioned above. It has been sold by druggists for over 40 years, in fluid form, at \$1.00 per bottle, giving general satisfaction. It can now be had in tablet form, as modified by R. V. Pierce, M.D.

Sold by Medicine Dealers or trial box by mail on receipt of 50c in stamps.

### YOU TAKE NO RISK

INFLUENZA, Flukey, Shipping Fever, Coughs, Colic, etc. have no terror for the horseman who knows the surprising merits of the old reliable, guaranteed

Craft's Distemper Remedy It does the business as nothing else will. You take no risk in buying Craft's. Sold on a money back guarantee. May be given to brood mares, stallions or colts. Price 50c and \$1.00. If dealer can't supply you send to us. Three Valuable Veterinary Books FREE. Write for them. WELLS MEDICINE CO., Box 2, LA FAYETTE, IND.

## On the Corner

Of Delta and Ninth, looking toward the north pole, is our Cement mixer. We will mix your drink so as to cement your friendship or will

## GIVE IT TO YOU STRAIGHT

In case you can find in our stock any and all right and proper liquids for the laying of your daily dust. Ask

## Johnson & Fisher

901 DELTA AVENUE

The Holidays are gone, but I keep the same high grade meats. Everything I handle is selected for the particular people who are careful in buying. You can do no better than to look over my market when you are out shopping.

## M. P. FOY

The Sanitary Meat Market  
Phone 158

## THANK YOU!

I am thankful to my patrons for the increased trade of the past year. I think this due to the quality of my goods and the care and attention which I have shown my customers. I shall serve you as well, if not better in this coming year.

Yours for Good Groceries

## ANDREW MARSHALL

Phone 164

## COAL

PLENTY ON HAND. CLEAN AND BRIGHT, AND DELIVERED PROMPTLY.

GENUINE POCAHONTAS.

CALL ME UP WHEN YOU WANT GOOD COAL.  
Phone 7.

C. W. DAVIS

### TAX NOTICE

The Tax Roll for the City of Gladstone is now in my hands for collection. I will be in my office on Central Avenue every secular day from nine to twelve in the morning and from two to six and seven to eight in the afternoon to receive and receipt for all taxes. Upon all payments not made until after January 10, 1913, a collection fee of four per cent will be charged.

JAMES D. McDONALD  
City Treasurer

## OBITUARY

Fred Wohl, well known to all in Gladstone, died in Altura, Texas, on Saturday, January 4, of consumption.

He was born in Ny, Vermont, Sweden, November 22, 1859, and emigrated to this country while young. His wife and five children, Charles, Fritz, Tora, Lillie and Halga, survive him. They have all been with him in Texas where he went for his health two years since. Only the youngest returns for the present, but all will soon come to make their home in Gladstone. Mr. Wohl was at one time employed at the furnace, and was for some years in the bakery business here. He had many friends and was generally esteemed.

The remains will arrive here this morning and the funeral will take place from the Swedish Mission Church on Sunday at 2:30 in the afternoon. He will be laid to rest in Fernwood cemetery.

Mrs. John Fleming who has been ill for several years was stricken with paralysis last Sunday and died Tuesday evening. She leaves many sorrowing relatives besides her husband. Her children are Mrs. Fred Portlance of Escanaba and Mrs. Joseph Hicks of Iron Mountain. Her mother is Mrs. E. Valentine of Escanaba and she leaves three sisters, Mrs. Emma Cotterill and Mrs. Minnie Wasson, of Escanaba, and Mrs. Frank Armstrong of Antigo, Wis.; and two brothers, Ezra Valentine of Wichita, Kansas.

Mrs. Fleming was greatly esteemed by a wide acquaintance and was of a beautiful and lofty character that endeared her to all who knew her.

She was born at Rouse's Point, N. Y. and was in her sixtieth year.

The funeral services were held at All Saints' church at nine o'clock Friday and interment was made in the cemetery at Escanaba.

Roy Artley, oldest son of Mr. and Mrs. Frank Artley of this city, and for many years a conductor on the Grand Trunk railroad was instantly killed at Richmond, Macomb county, Michigan, Friday last, by falling between the couplers. He was immediately taken to Pontiac, where he was buried on Tuesday. Among those present at the funeral were Mr. and Mrs. Frank Artley and son Frank, of this city, Mr. and Mrs. Floyd Artley and Fred Artley of Minneapolis. He was well-known here and was respected and esteemed by a host of friends. He was thirty-two years old and the father of two children, eight and twelve years old. He leaves a wife, these children, five brothers, two sisters and his parents to mourn his loss.

## FALSE ALARMS

False alarms have cost Gladstone's fire department some money and more trouble. Chief Gauvin is doing his best to prevent false alarms, but they sometimes come in. The expense to the city on account of the Soo fire department responding to seven false alarms last week was \$110.00. With the exception of two instances the department went out on needless runs, one being a case where a man attempted to mail a letter in a fire alarm box. From this it would seem that it is time for the Soo to take effective means of preventing excitable and irresponsible persons from turning in alarms every time they see or smell smoke. In addition to the needless expense, repeated false alarms are eventually led to neglect on the part of the best trained men in the service. It is argued that the city authorities should enforce a penalty for willful or careless tampering with the alarm boxes, and post signs on each to that effect.

### CLOVERLAND

Whole wheat and rye flour freshly ground. Extra quality. At your grocer's. 40-4

Have you heard Prof. Harris at the Gem?

### FRESH FOOD

The postoffice department believes that the parcels post will bring the producer and consumer of food closer together. The farmers surrounding the larger cities—heretofore almost at the mercy of the express companies—invariably held eggs, butter and other produce until such a time as they had considerable bulk to send to the food jobbers at one shipment that would insure the lowest possible transportation charges. Under this system it frequently is several days before eggs and other perishable farm products reach the consumer. This concentration will be wiped out, the department officials believe, through the building up of a mail order business for the handling of small farm products.

The department has sent out notification that skill in packing the produce will be a big factor in the successful conduct of the business, and the design of cartons of minimum weight with maximum security for fragile shipments will call for ingenuity. It is believed that cartons will be devised so that they can be used repeatedly, just as bottles are used in the milk trade in the large cities.

The department officials foresee such a rapid growth of the parcels post system that daily service will be extended far beyond the shipment of butter and eggs. It is believed the farmers soon will be supplying city consumers with berries of all kinds, shipped at a minimum cost, vegetables and ripened fruit picked immediately before shipment.

Have you heard Prof. Harris at the Gem?

December 21, 1912 January 25, 1913

### Homestead Notice

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR  
U. S. LAND OFFICE AT MARQUETTE MICH.

Notice is hereby given that John Plake, of Rock, Michigan, who, on March 26, 1907, made Homestead Entry, No. 12217, Serial No. 01845 for East half of Northwest quarter and East half of Southwest quarter Section 2, Township 42 N., Range 24 W., Michigan Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make five year proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before the Register and Receiver of U. S. Land Office, at Marquette, Michigan, on the 28th day of January, 1913.

Claimant names as witnesses:  
Esa Halmoja, of Rock, Michigan.  
Kalle Sihvola " "  
Wilhelm Ramakola " "  
Jaakob Kaukola " "

Ozro A. Bowen, Register.

December 14, 1912 March 8, 1913

### Mortgage Sale

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of the money secured by a Mortgage dated the third of November in the year one thousand Nine Hundred and Ten, executed by Augustine W. Kinne, who signs as August Kinne, a widower of the City of Gladstone, County of Delta, and State of Michigan, to John Molloy of the same place (Residence of the said Molloy being recited in said Mortgage as being the city of Escanaba said County and State) which said mortgage was recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Delta, in Liber 1, of mortgages on page 449, on the 4th day of November, 1910, at 11:30 o'clock a. m. And whereas, the amounts claimed to be due on said Mortgage at the date of this notice are the sum of Two Hundred and Fifty (\$250.00) dollars principal, and interest Nineteen dollars and forty-nine cents (\$19.49) Dollars and the further sum of Fifteen (15.00) Dollars as an attorney fee stipulated for in said Mortgage and the whole amount claimed to be unpaid on said Mortgage is the sum of two hundred and Eighty Four Dollars and Forty-nine cents (\$24.49) Dollars, and no suit or proceedings having been instituted at law to recover the debt now remaining secured by said Mortgage, or any part thereof, whereby the power of sale contained in said Mortgage has become operative.

Now, therefore notice is hereby given that by virtue of said power of sale and in pursuance of the Statute in such case made and provided, said Mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises therein described, at public auction to the highest bidder, at the front door of the Court House in the City of Escanaba in the said County of Delta, on the 12 day of March 1913, at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon of that day; which said premises are described in said Mortgage as follows to wit: Lot number Nine (9) in Block number Seven (7), of the Original Plat of the City of Gladstone according to the recorded plat thereof, (but more properly described as Lot numbered Nine (9), in Block numbered Seven (7) of the original plat of the Village (now City) of Gladstone, Delta County, Michigan according to the recorded plat thereof on file or of record in the Office of the Register of Deeds in and for the said Delta County.

Dated December 14, 1912.

JOHN MULLOY  
MORTGAGEE

GLENN W. JACKSON  
ATTORNEY FOR SAID MORTGAGEE  
Business Address, Gladstone Michigan.

## COUNTY BOARD

The board of supervisors of Delta county met on Wednesday and closed the business of the session in one day. A resolution was passed to submit to the county a proposition to bond for \$10,000 to build a brick annex to the poorhouse. The banks of Escanaba and the Gladstone State Bank were named depositories of the county funds. It was decided to retain the county hospital in the control of the board.

Lawrence Gauvin was very pleasantly surprised Saturday evening by eighteen of his little friends and the four cousins from Escanaba; the occasion being his eighth birthday. Games were played all through the evening after which a dainty lunch was served and the young people expressed themselves as having enjoyed it most heartily.

Many of the grangers came in from Alton Tuesday by way of Maywood.

P. R. Legg, Alderman Elquist and Eloy Hanson were in Escanaba Monday.

Mrs. J. B. Mathey, who has been quite ill the past few weeks has much improved.

Frank Christie who was removed to the Delta County Hospital last week to be operated upon for appendicitis is much improved and expects to be home next week.

W. J. McDonald on Wednesday filed with the House of Representatives his contest for the seat of H. Olin Young. Claude S. Carney contests the seat of Representative Smith of the third Michigan district.

Many Gladstone Yeomen attended the installation of the Gladstone and Escanaba orders in Escanaba. A special car left here at 7:30 and did not return till 5 o'clock next morning. After all business had been done, a dance and general merry-making followed of which all got their share.

Gust Roberts of Whitefish was in the city Tuesday.

John Follo, supervisor of Fairbanks attended the Grange Tuesday.

You get a 25c tooth brush with each 25c tube of Euthymol tooth paste or 50c tube of goods for only 25c. Your money back if it is not the best bargain you ever saw at

STEWART'S PHARMACY.

Gladstone Aerie, F. O. E. installed its officers last evening, initiated a few new members and spent the rest of the evening in entertaining the brethren from Escanaba and Rapid River.

County Clerk Semer left Tuesday morning for St. Petersburg, Florida where his father was taken some weeks since to spend the winter. A telegram stated that his illness had become critical, and Mr. Semer arranged to go at once to his bedside.

He arrived too late to see his father before he died, who passed away near midnight on Wednesday. The remains will be brought back to Escanaba early next week.

Willie Trudell thirteen year old son of William Trudell of Perkins, died Sunday morning from a gunshot wound in his right arm. He had gone hunting and returned, wounded, until he succeeded in attracting attention and then fell unconscious. He was taken home and it was found that amputation of the arm was necessary. But he had become so enfeebled by the loss of blood the shock and his desperate exertion, that he passed away Sunday morning.

The Delta has received notice from U. S. Land office at Marquette that an official plat of survey of an island in South Manistique Lake, in Section 85 Township 44 N., R. 12 W., Michigan, containing 2.32 acres, and more correctly described as Lot No. 1 of said Section 35, same town and range, has been received and will be officially filed at 10 o'clock a. m., February 11, 1913 and will then be subject to entry. Applications will be received at the Marquette land office.

Monday was the time for the regular meeting of the city council, but as there is no pressing business the session was adjourned to Monday, January 13. At this season of the year the sittings are usually mere formalities except for the paying of bills. But the long, lonesome nights now offer an excellent opportunity for protechnic oratory and some of the aldermen might stage a drawing melodrama by "starting something." It is easy to do if one gets at it right. The senior alderman from the second ward has all the talent needed in this line. Please put on a new film or sing a new song.

When you want any medicine remember you can only get them at one store, The Rexall Remedies, the Nyal Remedies or the A. D. S. remedies.

STEWART'S PHARMACY.  
Sole agents.

Have you heard Prof. Harris at the Gem?

It is published that a Munising man had had a \$33 fur coat stolen. As such garments are worth hereabouts from \$65 to \$500, one is prompted to inquire "what fur?"

New line of hot water bottles and fountain syringes just received.

ERICKSON & VON TELL.

The Fraternal Reserve Association has changed its place of meeting from the Odd Fellow's Hall to Wasa Hall. The first meeting in their new hall was Monday evening. Hereafter the order will meet every first and fourth Thursdays of the month.

The Gladstone basket ball girls will go to Rapid River next Friday evening to play with the girls' basket ball team of that place. Rapid has been practicing faithfully the last few weeks and an earnest endeavor is being made to get even with the ladies of our town, and a much closer score if not a victory is already anticipated by them. It is expected that a crowd of local enthusiasts will attend.

Dike's Cold Tablets check colds, grip, headaches and neuralgia, sold only by

ERICKSON & VON TELL.

## IMPROVEMENT

The General Fire Extinguisher Company is installing for the Marble Arms & Mfg. Co. an automatic fire extinguisher. The entire plant is fitted up with pipe on which are sprinkler heads at certain distances; each head protects from fire one hundred square feet of space; whenever a fire occurs the heat opens the heads and water is thrown upon the fire. This acts automatically when the heat rises to 155 degrees.

To prevent the danger of freezing the pipes are filled with compressed air; when a head opens the air escapes and water takes its place.

The water enters through a riser at each end of the factory; as soon as it reaches the pipes connection is made with an electric gong which rings as long as the water is on; thus the water can be shut off as soon as needed to save damage.

Wednagel & Co. are constructing a seventy foot tower on which a thirty thousand gallon tank will be placed to supply water for the system, connection being made with the city mains. The direct city pressure is not sufficient to protect the plant under the insurance regulations.

The whole system not only affords a protection from fire, but lowers the insurance to a very considerable extent.

### ANNOUNCEMENT

Mrs. O. B. Lambert, formerly pupil of the masters of the art of china decorating, and student at the Chicago Art Institute, and for several years teacher of china decorating in the Copper Country whose works of art were the means of winning many first prizes at the Copper Country Fairs, announces that she is ready to teach china-painting and art leather-work to the interested.

For particulars phone 481 R2 or inquire at 1125 Delta Ave., Escanaba, Mich. 42-43

The American Tariff Reform League bobs up serenely and, regardless of the facts, asserts that the Protective Tariff has brought the country to the brink of ruin. It purposes to avert an awful disaster by leading the Democratic party away from the edge of an awful precipice to the heights of prosperity. This promise would be very reassuring if it were not for the fact that it reminds us of a similar one made about twenty years ago, which was followed by the worst depression and panic in the history of the country. The league should exercise caution in making predictions, for under existing circumstances it runs the risk of being proved a false prophet.—San Francisco Chronicle.

Have you ever had any of the Gold Medal Brand of Tomatoes, the finest Tomato ever put in a can; per can 17c  
Gold Medal Peas certainly the finest Peas there is per can 18c  
Gold Medal Corn per can 15c  
Juneau Brand Wax Beans per can 12c  
Juneau Brand Peas per can 15c  
Juneau Brand Corn per can 12c  
Wisconsin Brand of Corn 3 cans for 25c  
Polks Brand of best Pumpkin 3 cans for 25c  
Standard Tomatoes per can 10c  
Standard Peas per can 10c  
Juneau Brand Asparagus per can 35c  
When you need anything in good can goods call up phone 48.

## ELOF HANSON

GROCER  
PHONE 48

## The Days Of the Fan

are gone. The long cool drinks are no longer in demand; but we have the heater going and can put you up something suited to the cold December skies. Your Peculiarities, Eccentricities and Idiosyncracies are successfully treated.

## P. W. Peterson

725 DELTA

# MEATS

In this new year we shall keep up the high standard which we have always maintained in our market and we shall be pleased to make it an object to trade with us.

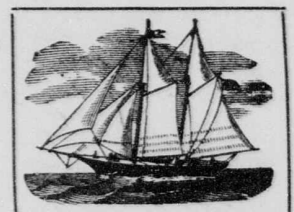
## OLSON & ANDERSON

PHONE 9

745 Delta Avenue.

Get out of my northeast course.—The Irish Mariner.

It makes no difference how you steer—your on your course if it lands you at



THE HARBOR

You will find everything that a sailor man or a landsman wants or needs in creature comforts, a good lun with slathers of the best eating and lathers of elegant drinking—anything you can name in any understandable tongue.

REST UP & REFIT WITH

## ANDREW STEVENSON

At the Angle of Delta

IF YOU WANT

## SOMETHING NICE

to finish a meal  
Brew ye a cup

## CHASE AND SANBORN'S "SEAL"

SOLD BY

## GLADSTONE GROCERY

SOLE AGENTS FOR

## CHASE AND SANBORN'S HIGH GRADE TEAS & COFFEES

P. J. Lindblad, Prop. Phone 51.

## HOW GOOD

My bottled goods or that drawn from the wood is you can learn at any time by calling at my buffet. Quick action may be had at any time or you can stay in the rest room and get rid of that tired feeling.

## AUG. LILLQUIST

917 DELTA AVENUE

16 inch Maple and Birch mill wood \$2.00 a single cord, \$5.75 a full cord; Hemlock, \$1.15 single and \$2.75 full cord; delivered to any part of the city. Call up C. W. Davis, Phone 7.