## FLEET MAY NOT STOP AT MANILA

VISIT OF SAILORS ALL DEPENDS UPON CHOLERA BEING WIPED OUT.

BATTLING AGAINST PLAGUE.

Authorities Are Using Every Means to Stamp Out Disease and Are Looking for Success.

SPRINKLE WITH FIRE ENGINES.

MANILA, Sept. 22.-The vigorous campaign for the eradication of cholera is believed to be preventing any appreciable increase in the spread of the disease. There is an average of about fifty new cases daily, although today promises to show a record materially lower. In offi-cial circles it is maintained that there is still a possibility that the city may be ridded of the cholera before the arrival of the American battleship fleet.

Disinfect All Places.

The campaign instituted by the authorities against the plague proceeds with increasing vigor. Although the Filipinos continue to conceal stricken patients through ignorance and fear, a house to house inspection now in progress is disclosing practically all the cases. Four chemical engines and a dozen big street sprinklers are being used with good effect in a general disinfecting of all tainted sections.

Many persons have heroically volunteered their services as nurses or in-spectors. A number of firms have offered to fit up temporary hospitals for the accommodation of patients and a ward of the Mary Johnson Memorial hospital is being prepared for the recep-tion of cholera victims. The Roman Catholic authorities have offered the use of a large convent within the walled city

for the same purpose. Fleet May Not Stop.

The prospect of interference with the festivities arranged in honor of the fleet's visit, or postponement of its arrival, has stirred the popular interest immensely. While it is held that there is no danger of a serious epidemic and that the situation is not grave, it is still feared that Rear Admiral Sperry will refuse to permit the men to land if even a few cases of cholera remain.

PRESIDENT LEAVES OYSTER BAY FOR WASHINGTON.

He Returns to Capital in Excellent Health and Fully Informed on African Wild Game.

OYSTER BAY, N. Y., Sept. 22 .- Theodore Roosevelt's final summer vacation during his present term of office as President of the United States came to an end this morning when, with his family and members of the summer white house Greatest Living Violinist Passes Away executive staff, he departed amid cheers from a throng of residents for the white house at Washington. At the same time Oyster Bay ceased to be the summer capital of the United States, a title it proudly has held for seven years.

In several respects this has been an exceptional vacation for the President. He has entertained at Sagamore Hill more visitors than before and at the same time has done much more work than on previous vacations. The politi-cal situation, both national and state, have made a tremendous amount of work for him and kept the staff of the

executive offices busy day and night.

Mr. Roosevelt returns to Washington in splendid health and much benefited by his vacation. He has spent much time in reading and has informed him-self from books regarding that part of Africa which he is to visit on his hunting trip next year. He has "read up" on the habits of the animals there, and has been perfecting his plans, selecting parts of his outfit and getting as nearly ready as possible for his big hunt.

#### CEREMONY IS LACKING.

Foreigners in Idaho Have Secured Marriage Licenses and Then "Go to Housekeeping."

WALLACE, Ida., Sept. 22.-Investigation by the county recorder's department of Shoshone county has brought to light an extraordinary condition of affairs with regard to the issuance of marriage licenses. For months the department has been puzzled at the non-return yards of the Starke Dredge & Dock of marriage licenses, issued to Finlanders. Poles and others of foreign nationality, of whom there are many employed in the mines. Accidentally it was discovered that for years foreigners were under the impression that all that was necessary to consummate a marriage was simply the taking out of a license and no minister of the gospel or justice of the peace was employed to perform the ceremony. In one case a marriage license was found framed in a cabin

parts of the country as delegates representing the various branches of the order in the United States. John E. Redmond, M. P., Joseph Devlin, M. P., and John Fitzgibbons were present as representatives of the Irish branch of the league. National President Michael J. Ryan of Philadelphia was in the chair.

REGULATIONS AMENDED.

Better Tretament of Those Who Capture Deserters.

The payment of rewards for the apprehension of deserters and escaped mili-tary prisoners under army regulations has been such as to make the prospect of reward for the catching of such de-serters doubtful. The regulations have therefore been amended from the old form, which compelled the apprehender

tions that little expense will be involved. This is held to be in accordance with the evident intention of Congress in passing laws providing rewards for the capture of deserters. The purpose of offering such a reward is to encourage civilians in the apprehension of deserters whenever possible, and in order to carry out the intention of Congress it is considered to the c that every effort should be made to pay the rewards in a liberal rather than niggardly spirit. The regulations have been amended with this object in view. as it is seen by war department offi-cials that unless the reward is liberal there is little like:ihoed of civilians mak-ing any effort to apprehend deserters.

#### MANY LOST IN WRECK.

One Hundred and Ten Drown When Cannery Ship Breaks from Tug and Goes Ashore.

WRANGEL, Alaska, Sept. 23.—One hundred and ten out of the total of 137 persons aboard the cannery ship Star of Bengal drowned last Sunday afternoon when the vessel was torn from the hold of protecting tugs and dashed ashore at Helm point, at the southeast end of Coronation island. The survivors before leaving Coronation island, buried the bodies of fifteen white men on the beach.

#### DEMOCRATS FOR DUNNE.

California Judge Rejected by Republicans and Union Labor Conventions Finally Renominated.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., Sept. 23 .-Judge Frank H. Dunne of the superior court, before whom many of the trials and other proceedings in the bribery-graft cases have been had, was renomi-nated last night by the Democratic coun-ty convention. Dunne's name had previously been presented to both the Re-publican and Union Labor conventions, but was rejected by both.

#### YANKEE GOES ASHORE

United States Cruiser Runs Aground Ofl Martha's Vineyard-Is in No Danger.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Sept. 23 .-The navy department today, received a dispatch announcing that the cruiser Yankee has run aground off Martha's Vineyard, near the mouth of Buzzard's bay. Orders were issued by the department immediately to dispatch tugs to assist the Yankee. The cruiser is in

#### WRIGHT IS IMPROVING.

Injured Aeronaut Has Refreshing Sleep and Benefit from Rest Is Much Apparent.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Sept. 23 .-Orville Wright, the aeronaut who has been at the Fort Myer hospital since the aeroplane accident in which he was injured and Lieut. Selfridge killed, continues to improve. He slept practically throughout the night and the benefit from the rest was apparent today.

#### SARASATE DEAD.

at Biarritz, France-Heard Twice in America.

PARIS, Sept. 23.—His Excellency Pablo Martin Meliton de Sarasate y Navascues, the famous violinist, is dead at Biarritz, France. He was a Spaniard, having been born at Pampeluna, in the province of Navarre. He was a chevalier of the Order of Isabella the Catholic, a distinction which carries with it the title of excellency.

#### SULLY WANTS A JOB.

Former Cotton King Looking for Position as Manager of Stock Exchange Firm.

NEW YORK, Sept. 23 .- Daniel J. Sully, the former cotton speculator, has offered himself as office manager for a big stock exchange firm, and asked to be allowed to show how much business he can bring to the concern. The firm is considering his offer.

#### KILLED BY LOCKJAW.

Teamster Dies Two Months After Injury to Leg-Crushed Between Two Piles

Fred Krause, aged 49, 708 Twelfth avenue, died today of tetanus, which set in after he had his leg crushed in the company on July 25. Krause was employed as a teamster. His leg was caught between two piles and crushed

#### BOSTON WOOL MARKET. Michigan, Wisconsin, New York Fleeces:

 
 Airchigan, Wisconsin, New York Freeces.

 Fine unwashed
 20@21

 Delaine unwashed
 25@26

 ½-blood unwashed
 25@26

 ¾-blood unwashed
 25

 ¾-blood unwashed
 23@24
 The situation is steadily improving. The

license was found framed in a cabin just as issued by the county recorder years ago, and a family of seven children had been raised.

IRISH IN CONVENTION.

United League Opens Meeting in Faneuil Hall with Many Representatives

Present.

BOSTON, Mass., Sept. 22.—The convention of the United Irish league was opened today in Faneuil hall with prominent Irish-Americans present from all parts of the country as delegates representing the various branches of the order in the United States. John E. Redmond, M. P., Joseph Devlin, M. P., and John Fitzgibbons were present as representatives of the Irish branch of the league. National President Michael J. Ryan of Philadelphia was in the chair.

old contracts.

More demand for fine Michigan fleeces is reported, and numerous sales have been made at 20c. Half-blood unwashed sold at 25c and quarter-blood at 24c largely, though a small lot of choice brought 24½c.—Boston Commercial Bulletin.

#### A Pleasure Not to Be Missed. The teacher of a certain school received the following note explaining the absence of one of her pupils the day be-

therefore been amended from the old form, which compelled the apprehender to pay the expenses of pursuit, keeping and delivery of a prisoner to the military authorities, so that the delivery of the prisoner may be made under such condi-Plese excoose Henny for absents yes-

## MONNETT HINTS AT GRAND JURY

FORMER ATTORNEY GENERAL OF OHIO REFUSES TO DISPEL CHOUD FROM HASKELL.

DENIES EXONERATING HIM.

Bryan's Treasurer Repudiated by One Whom He Declared Had Removed Charge Against Him.

BRYAN NOW AFTER THE FACTS.

COLUMBUS, O., Sept. 23.-"If I charged Gov. Charles N. 'Haskell wrongfully, it was because Charles B. Squire gave me his name.'

Frank S. Monnett, former attorney general of Ohio, today made this statement on the private car of William J. Bryan, en route from Prospectito Columbus. Mr. Monnett declared, however, that he could not exonerate Gov. Haskell from the charges that had been made that he was a party to the \$500,000 bribe fund of the Standard Oil company,

per could he condemn him.

"All that I have against Gov. Haskell," he said, "is hearsay evidence and I have suggested that if the case were presented to a grand jury it would be shown whether Gov. Haskell has been wrongfully accused."

Mr. Monnett denied that he had made speeches in Oklahoma, exonerating Gov. Haskell, but that in fairness to the gov ernor he had stated the facts as they had come to him, and said that if the charges were proved he would return to Oklahoma at his own expense and de-

Mr. Monnett boarded the train Prospect and at once conferred with Mr. Bryan, who said he wanted to learn the facts in the case.

#### RIOTING IN CAPITOL.

Indiana Solons Near Fist Fight and Trouble Averted by Police-Temperance Question the Cause.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Sept. 23 .- A riot was narrowly averted in the capitol yesterday afternoon when Horace Murphy of Muncie, one of the local county option workers, made a speech after the house had adjourned in which he said that all who oppose the bill are "saloon bums and brewery representatives." As these words were uttered, Representative Coble of Dubois county turned to the speaker and declared: "You are a liar, sir, and you know it." Pandemonium broke loose among the temperance workers and friends of Coble and trouble only averted by the prompt arrival of the

## ASSAULTED BY CUBAN.

American Charge d'Affaires in Havana Is Struck Across the Face While Seated in Restaurant.

HAVANA, Sept. 23 .- J. Cornell Tarler, charge d'affaires of the American legation in the absence of Minister Morgan, was assaulted by a Cuban in this city last night. Mr. Tarler was sitting in a restaurant. The assault was unprovoked, and several Cubans were con-cerned in it. One of them, without giv-ing Mr. Tarler a chance to rise from his seat, struck him in the face, cutting him severely over the right eye. The assail-ant escaped, but his arrest and identification is expected.

#### COMPANY IS SOLVENT

Creditors' Committee Declares That Battle Creek Breakfast Food Company Is Far from Bankruptcy.

CHICAGO, Ill., Sept. 23 .- While auditors employed by the creditors' committee today began an examination of the books and accounts of the Battle Creek Breakfast Food company, the corporate name of what is commonly called the Egg-O-See Cereal company, officers of the company declared that there was not nor had there ever been a question of the company's solvency.

#### LINER CLEVELAND LAUNCHED. Sister Ship of Cincinnati Takes Water in Hamburg Yards.

HAMBURG, Sept. 23 .- At the shipyard of Blohm & Voss, the S. S. "Cleveland," the latest ocean leviathan of the Hamburg-American line was launched today. Countess Von Goetzen, the American wife of the Prussian Minister, at Hamburg, christened the vessel in the name of the illustrious American city whose name the vessel bears, as a tribute to her citizens' spirit of friendship. A large and notable gathering was present at the ceremonies attending the launching. The lord mayor of Hamburg, Dr. Oswald, made the speech of the day. He was followed by several other speakers of note. His Majesty, the German Emperor, demonstrated his interest in the affair by sending a personal repre-sentative. The S. S. "Cleveland" is a sentative. The S. S. "Cleveland" is a sister-ship of the Cincinnati which was launched in July. These vessels of about 18,000 tons are destined for the service between New York, England and the Continent, which they will enter in the spring of 1909. They combine in the very highest sense the latest achievements in marine construction; their passive construction is a sister of the construction of the con ments in marine construction; their passenger appointments are superb, being fitted with every appurtenance and convenience that has been conceded to be of practical value.

Countess Von Goetzen, who broke the bottle of champagne on the bows of the vessel as she started down the ways, was formerly Miss May Loney of Washington, D. C., where she is still well known. Her marriage to Count Von Goetzen took place several years ago.

Protection for X-Ray Operators. A new device for the protection of X-

ray operators is described in Popular Mechanics. Hitherto the danger from the X-ray has been more to the operator than to the patient. This is because operators use it constantly, while its contact with patients is limited. Under the point of discharge, but spread out in

every direction like the ripples expand-ing from a pebble thrown into water, the operator was sure to receive some of its force no matter where standing. With the new device, which consists of a tube made of heavy lead glass, the air space formerly permitted between the ap-paratus and the patient is done away with. No rays can escape from it save through a flint glass window at the end, and as this corresponds in size to the esion to be treated the rays go straight to the point where they are to do their work. The operate on the diseased tis-sues alone and harm neither operator nor

#### INJURED IN SMASH-UP.

Ianesville Girl Probably Fatally Hurt When Machine Turns Turtle at Sterling, Ill.

STERLING, Ill., Sept. 22.-As a result of an automobile turning turtle here today Anna Hefty of Janesville, Wis., and Erma Irey of Sterling, Ill., are at the point of death. Miss Katie Muleahy of Rock Island, Ill., and Lillian Watson of Sterling, Ill., are suffering from severe injuries. Otto Brodie of Chicago, driver of the car; Harry Reed of Davenport, Ia.; Leo Harper of Mediapolis, Ill., and F. M. Beard of Polo, Ill., the other occupants of the car were slightly injured. The car is a total

The accident occurred as the party chauffeur forgot a curve on one of the main streets in Sterling, and when too late attempted to turn the machine. The wheels skidded and a tire burst, causing the car to turn completely over, pinning Miss Helty underneath. The boiler of the car exploded, throwing steam over the injured members of the party.

#### PRAY BILL WILL PASS.

Anti-Saloon Forces Hold Strange Lobby During Session of Indiana Legislature.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Sept. 22 .-One thousand temperance workers of Indiana yesterday assembled in the corridors of the statehouse and prayed for the passage of a county local option bill. The demonstration was arranged by the Anti-Saloon league and those present included ministers, Sunday school teachers and many women.

The meeting in the rotunda of the capitol was spectacular. All the workers present were a piece of white ribbon pinned on the lapel of his coat and on this was printed in large letters, "We want county local option."

What the workers accomplished, if anything, did not become apparent, as the session in the House passed away without any reference to local option, but in the Senate the Anti-Saloon league's bill was passed to the second reading.

#### ELDER DOWIE IS DEAD.

Away at White Lake, Mich., Aged 83 Years.

founder of Zion City, and who was repu- was seven diated by his son, died today at the home lenied him and had been in declining health since.

## SCHOONER RUNS ASHORE

Bark, with Over 100 Chinese and Japanese Aboard, in Danger on Alaskan Coast.

JUNEAU, Alaska, Sept. 22.-The bark Star of Bengal is ashore on Coronation island and has 136 men aboard of which 100 are Japanese and Chinese. She is on the west side of the island and the crew has no chance to land. The United States cableship Burnside has gone to her relief but may not be able to reach the wreck owing to the bad weather prevailing.

#### NEGRO TO HANG TWICE.

Texas Mob Strings Up Black and Leaves workmen. Him for Dead, but He Is Found Alive.

EL PASO, Tex., Sept. 22.-George Clark, a negro, shot Constable W. H. Pittsburg Steamship Company Orders Taylor, who attempted to arrest him, at Shero, Tex., last nigght, and a mob hanged the negro to a tree, leaving him for dead. This morning he was found but still alive and was taken to jail. A second mob is threatening to lynch Clark.

#### BANK THEFT CHARGED.

Niles (O.) Note Broker Is Accused of Taking \$25,000 and Is Arrested in Chicago.

CHICAGO, Ill., Sept. 22 .- John Simons, said to be a note broker of Niles, O., was arrested here today in connec tion, it is alleged, with a \$25,000 bank robbery at Niles. Simons is alleged to have disposed of two \$500 bonds of an issue which formed a large part of the proceeds of the bank robbery

#### MANIAC MURDERS TWO.

Mulatto Inmate of Insane Hospital Kills Attendant and Patient with an Iron Bar.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Sept. 22 .len, a patient, and injured another per-son. The murder was committed with the battleship Jena, in which 100 lives son. The murder was committed with an iron bar and occurred in the asylum grounds. Lightfoot escaped.

#### ODD FELLOWS ELECT.

Judge W. L. Kuykendall of Saratoga (Wyo.) Chosen Deputy Grand Sire.

DENVER, Colo., Sept. 22.-Judge W. L. Kuykendall of Saratoga, Wyo., was pendent Order of Odd Fellows af the session of the Sovereign Grand lodge to- "Why, what can you want with that ring?" asked his friend; "is its owner a elected deputy grand sire of the Inde-

Goodwin Sues Maxine Elliot for a Divorce.



RENO, Nev., Sept. 23.-Nathaniel C. Goodwin, the noted actor and mining promoter, whose name has figured so was returning from a pleasure trip to prominently in the romance which re-Dixon, about twelve miles distant. The cently ended between Edna Goodrich and Harry McMillan, has filed a sealed complaint for divorce against his wife, Bessie Hall Goodwin, more familiarly known as Maxine Elliott, considered one of the handsomest actresses on the stage

Owing to the fact that the complaint is a sealed document and that no other papers in the case have as yet been filed, the nature of the allegations made by Goodwin are veiled in deepest mystery. It is said, however, that in the complaint is the plot of the story of the handsome Maxine's life behind the scenes of her

theatrical life on two continents.

Back of it all is the rumor that the reason of the recent rupture in the do-mestic relations of Harry McMillan and Edna Goodrich, which resulted in the breaking off of their engagement, means that Goodwin has won out in his fight for the heart and hand of the former Florodora beauty, now his leading lady. The opinion is also advanced by many that the filing of the divorce complaint yesterday explains the action of Goodwin in entering business in Reno. It was for the purpose of establishing a residence here in order that he might bring the suit for divorce.

#### CARS COLLIDE IN FOG.

Fifty Passengers Hurt in Accident on Interurban-Several of Victims Probably Fatally Injured.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., Sept. 23 .-Fog was responsible today for a head-on collision between two cars on the Southwestern Traction company's line be-Father of Zion City's Fonuder Passes tween this city and Chester in which about fifty persons were injured, several probably fatally.

A car leaving Philadelphia with work GRAND RAPIDS, Mich, Sept. 22 .- men employed by the Baldwin Locomo-John Murray Dowie, aged 83 years, tive company at its out of town plant father of John Alexander Dowie, the founder of Zion City and who was repudenly a car coming from Chester boomed of his son's widow, Mrs. Jane Dowie, on White Lake, Muskegon county. He went to live with Mrs. Dowie when his son were hurled in every direction and both were hurled in every direction and both cars were wrecked.

#### BIG BRIDGE COLLAPSES.

Span of B. & O. Railway Structure Falls, Dumping Twelve Loaded Cars Into River.

HAVRE DE GRACE, Md., Sept. 23. -Through the collapsing at 6 a. m. today of a span of nearly 600 feet of the Baltimore & Ohio railroad bridge over the Susqeuhanna river at this point twelve loaded coal cars of a northbound freight train was carried down and the span was totally demolished. William Wilson of Havre de Grace, a watchman for the American Bridge company, went down with the wreckage and received injuries which may prove fatal. were no other casualties. The bridge was being rebuilt and double-tracked Two hours later the section that went down would have been swarming with

### BIG ORDER FOR PLATES.

80,000 Tons to Be Used in Building New Ore Vessels.

PITTSBURG, Pa., Sept. 23.-What is said to be the largest single order for steel plate ever received by the Carnegie Steel company came yesterday from the Pittsburg Steamship company, the general offices of which are in Cleveland, when that firm ordered 80,000 tons of steel plates to be used in building ore vessels at the Lorain, O., docks. To fill the order, work in the plate mills previ-ously closed, was begun last night. Most of the structural mills of the company also will resume operations as a result of the order.

### GUN BURSTS; 13 DIE,

Explosion of Cannon on French Warship Kills Entire Crew Engaged in Practice.

TOULON, France, Sept. 23 .- During gunnery drill yesterday, one of the big turret guns on the French armored cruiser Latouche Treville, exploded with terrific violence, completely wrecking the after turret and killing outright the en-Andrew Lightfoot, a mulatto inmate of the government hospital for the insane, of them probably fatally. near this city, today killed Patrick Maloney, an attendant, and Margaret Fal-

#### Redeeming Class Rings.

A naval officer and a friend were strolling down Broadway one afternoon recently. The former glanced in at a pawnshop window and suddenly stopped. "Hello!" he exclaimed: "there is a naval academy class ring." He went into the shop and asked to see the ring. There could be no doubt about it. it was a ring belonging to a member of a class which graduated some years ago. The officer bought the ring and put it in

particular friend of yours?" The officer said he was not, and then

explained that it had always been a custom of the naval service for any naval officer to redeem a Naval academy class. ring whenever be saw one and send it back to its owner, who, of course, makes good the loan at his earliest convenience.

"That is why." said the officer, smilingly, "pawnshop keepers are always anxious to lend money on our class rings, and that is also one reason why a naval officer will never pawn his class ring un-

#### LATEST MARKET REPORTS. MILWAUKEE, Sept. 23.

til the worst comes to the worst.

EGG AND DAIRY MARKETS.

MILWAUKEE—BUTTER — Firm; Elgin prices of extra creamery is 23½c; local price extra creamery is 23½c; prints, 24½c; firsts, 20@21c; seconds, 18@18c; process, 19@20c; dairy, fancy, 19c; lines, 17@18c; fresh roll, 16@17c; packing stock, 19@14c.

CHEESE—Steady: American full cream, new make, twins, 12½@13c; Young Americas, 13½@14c; limburger, new make, 11@11½c; fancy brick, 11½@12c; low grades, 9c; imported Swiss, 24c; block, 11@11½c; round Swiss, 11½@12c.

EGGS—Firm. The produce board's official market for strictly fresh iald as received, cases returned, 18½c; fancy candled in a small way, 21½@22c; seconds and checks, 8@9c. Receipts, 486 cases; yesterday, 452 cases.

MANITOWOC, Wis., Sept. 22.—Sales, 234 daisles, 13½c; 275 do, 13½c; 105 Americas, 12½c; 27 horns, 13½c; 25 do, 13½c.

NEW YORK, Sept. 23.—Butter—Firm; receipts, 8780; creamery specials, 25@25½c; averse 24@24½c; steed dairy convergers. EGG AND DAIRY MARKETS.

NEW YORK, Sept. 23.—Butter—Firm; receipts, 8780; creamery specials, 25@25½c; extras, 24@24½c; state dairy, common to finest, 18@23c; process, common to special, 16@21½c. Cheese—Firm, unchanged; receipts, 3157. Eggs—Firm, unchanged; receipts, 12,845.

CHICAGO, Ill., Sept. 23.—Cheese—Steady; daisies, 13c; twins, 12c; Young Americas, 13c.

daisies, 13c; twins, 12c; Young Americas, 13c.

CHICAGO, Ill., Sept. 23.—Butter—Firm; creameries, 20@24c; dairies, 17@20c. Eggs.—Firm; firsts, 22c.

SEYMOUR, Wis., Sept. 22.—Fifteen factories sold 555 double daisies at 13%c, 74 twins at 13%c, 31 single daisies at 13%c; 111 withdrawn.

SHEBOYGAN, Wis., Sept. 22.—Thirty-two factories offered 3188 boxes of cheese; 273 cases horns withdrawn; sales 147 boxes square prints, 14%c; 615 daisies, 13%c; 102 do, 13%c; 150 cases Americas, 13%c; 356 do. 13%c; 1462 cases horns, 13%c; 83 do, 13%c.

MILWAUKEE STOCKYARDS REPORT.

MILWAUKEE STOCKYARDS REPORT.

HOGS—Prime shippers steady; others 5@
10c lower; fair to choice mixed and butchers, 6.60@7.40; common and grassy, mixed, 5.75@6.50; packers, selected, 6.90@7.00; fair to good, 6.50@6.80; rough packers, 6.00@6.25; light, from 160@190 lbs, 6.75@7.10; light, from 130@160 lbs, 5.90@6.75; pigs, 4.50@5.60; thin throw outs, 4.50@5.25.

——HOGS—

No. Ave. Price. 31. 187 6.85
8. 115 \$5.50 52. 186 \$6.85
7. 117 5.50 56. 265 6.87½
7. 128 5.50 57. 208 6.90
74. 181 6.65 59. 227 6.90
39. 288 6.65 38. 216 6.95
73. 194 6.75 65. 256 6.95
77. 212 6.75 41. 117 7.00
69. 217 6.75 73. 187 7.00
10. 174 6.75 54. 197 7.05
44. 278 6.75 74. 207 7.10
66. 270 6.85 89. 189 7.25
CATTLE—Market strong; butchers steers, good to choice, 4.50@5.25; medium to good, 3.50@4.00; helfers, medium to good, 2.50@2.85; canners, 1.25@1.75; cutters, 1.75@2.25; bulls, good to choice, 2.90@3.25; bologna bulls, common to fair, 2.50@3.85; feeders, 3.25@3.75; stockers, 2.75@3.25. Market for milkers and springers is bad; ship only choice cows; all others sold for canners.

——CATLLE.—
No. Ave. Price.

---CATLLE.---No. Ave. Price. No. Ave. Price. 1 bull. 739 \$2.25 1 bull. 1000 \$2.60 1 bull. 510 2.25 2 bulls. 1050 2.60 1 bull. 770 2.50 CALVES—Steady; choice to prime, 7.50@ 8.25; common to fair, 6.50@7.25; heavy grassers, 3.00@4.25.

CALVES—Steady; choice to prime, 7.50@ 8.25; common to fair, 6.50@7.25; heavy grassers, 3.00@4.25.

——CALVES.——
No. Ave. Price. No. Ave. Price.
4. 117 \$5.00 18. 123 \$8.25
5. 106 5.50 6. 138 8.25
7. 115 8.00 9. 123 8.25
7. 115 8.00 17. 128 8.25
SHEEP—Steady; spring lambs, 3.50@4.75; sheep, good to choice, 3.25@4.00; common to fair, 2.00@2.75; bucks, 2.50@3.00.
CUDAHY, Wis., Sept. 23.—Recelpts, 900 hogs. Market, good hogs steady, others slow. Common to good packing, 6.60@7.05; good to choice butchers and heavy, 7.05@ 7.55; fair to choice light, 6.60@7.30; pigs, rough and grassy light, 4.00@6.60. Representative sales: 49 hogs, average 227 at 6.75; 60 hogs, average 228 at 7.05; 54 hogs, average 226 at 5.75; 43 hogs, average 227 at 6.75; 60 hogs, average 285 at 7.05; 54 hogs, average 188 at 7.15; 31 hogs, average 111 at 5.25.
CHICAGO, Ill., Sept. 23.—Cattle—Receipts estimated about 14,000; market strong to 10c higher. Beeves, 3.75@7.65; Texas steers, 3.60@5.10; western steers, 3.30@5.10; western steers, 3.30@5.10; western steers, 3.50@5.90; stockers and feeders, 2.60@4.40; owns and helfers, 1.75@5.65; calves, 5.75@8.25. Hogs—Estimated receipts, about 18,000; market steady to 5c lower. Light, 6.60@7.55; pough, 6.60@6.80; pigs, 4.50@6.30; good to choice heavy, 6.80@7.55; bulk of sales, 6.70@7.20. Sheep—Estimated receipts about 30,000; market slow and weak. Native sheep, 2.25@4.25; western sheep, 2.25@4.25; yearlings, 4.25@4.75; hative lambs, 3.25@5.70; western lambs, 3.25@7.50.
KANSAS CITY, Mo., Sept. 23.—Cattle—Receipts, 15,000; steady to 10c higher; native steers, 4.50@7.40; native cows and helfers, 1.75@5.50; stockers and feeders, 2.80@6.50; western steers, 3.50@5.00; western owns. 2.40@3.75. Hogs—Receipts, 17,000; market 5c to 10c lower; bulk of sale

MILWAUKEE HAY MARKET.

Choice timothy hay, 11:00@11.50; No. 1 timothy hay, 10.25@10.75; No. 2 timothy hay, 8.50@9.50; clover and mixed, 7.50@8.50; choice Kansas and Nebraska prairie, 9.50@10.00; No. 1 prairie, 9.00@9.25; No. 2 prairie, 8.00@8.50; Wisconsin marsh feeding, 6.50@7.00; packing hay, 5.50@6.00; rye, straw, 6.00@6.50; oats straw, 6.25@6.50.

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

MILWAUKEE. Sept. 23.—Close—Wheat—Steady; No. 1 northern, on track, 1.07½@1.08; No. 2 northern, on track, 1.04@1.06.
Corn—Easler; No. 3 on track, 77@78c. Oats—Steady; standard, 49½@50c; No. 3 white on track, 48@49½c. Barley—Dull; standard, 64c. Rye—Steady; No. 1 on track, 75½c.
Flour quotations in carlots are: Hardspring wheat patents, in wood, 5.45@5.55; straights, in wood, 5.30@5.40; export patents, in sacks, 4.50@4.80; first clears, in sacks, 4.00@4.20; rye, in wood, 3.35@4.05; country, 3.75@3.85; sacks, Kansas, in wood, 4.50@4.60.

NEW YORK, Sept. 23.—Lead—Dull, 4.47@4.50. Copper—Easy, 18.25@13.50. Silver, 52.

LIVERPOOL, Sept. 23.—Close—Wheat—

M. W. TORK, Sept. 23.—Lead—Dull, 4.47 @4.50. Copper — Easy, 13.25 @ 13.50. Silver, 52.

LIVERPOOL, Sept. 23.—Close — Wheat—Spot, strong; No. 2 red western winter, 7s 9d; No. 1 California, 8s 1d; futures quiet; September, 7s 8½d; December, 7s 8½d; March, 7s 7½d. Corn—Spot, quiet; American mixed, 7s 5d; futures, quiet; October, 5s 10¾d; December, 5s 9¼d.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Sept. 23.—Wheat—September, 93¾c; December, 94¾c; May, 97¾c. Cash: No. 2 hard, 90½@98½c; No. 3, 94@97c; No. 2 red, 10½@1.04; No. 3, 1.02¾. Corn—September, 72¾c; December, 5s¼c; May, 59¾c. Cash—No. 2 mixed, 73¾c 74c; No. 3, 74@75¼c. Oats—No. 2 white, 47¾@40; No. 2 mixed, 47@48c.

CHACAGO, Ill., Sept. 23.—Cash wheat—No. 2 red, 999%c; No. 3 hard, 98@99½c; No. 1 northern, 1.03@1.06; No. 3 hard, 98@99½c; No. 1 northern, 1.03@1.06; No. 2 northern, 1.03@1.96; No. 3 spring, 98c@1.04. Corn—No. 2, 79c; No. 3, 78c. Oats—Nothing doing.

It Pays to Advertise.



which has been doing great damage the grasshoppers. Once hatched, the to wheat in Southern Kansas and grubs do the rest. Under date of July Northern Oklahoma, the government 10, 1907, a correspondent of the Insent to that region large consignments of gnats of a species hostile to the dis- in the State of Washington, reported astrous insect, which will be distributed over the infected areas.

The gnat, a very minute species, is the principal enemy of the fly, which, the maggot of one of these little flies. but for its interference, would practically anihilate the wheat-growing industry in this country. It is known to science as Polygnotus, and operates in a very peculiar fashion, laying its eggs in the eggs of the hessian fly before the latter are hatched. This does not prevent the maggot-like larvæ of the pest from hatching out, and their destructive capacity—they suck the sap of the young wheat plants-is not diminished. But they do not transform into flies. Instead, gnats emerge from their bodies, to repeat the performance and continue the business of fly destruction.

A New Police System.

The distribution of gnats for the protection of the wheat crop is in line with a new plan of operation by which friendly bugs are to be systematically utilized for policing the cultivated areas of the country, to regulate the rogue insects. This plan, it might be said, was long ago adopted by nature herself. All that the government is as this insect begins its work in the trying to do is to offer intelligent assistance, the idea in view being to aid the farmers by keeping the whole United States under surveillance. When it is found that any destructive pest is rapidly increasing in a certain section. it may often be practicable to fight it, or perhaps to ward off a serious outbreak, by the transportation of insect enemies from some other region to the scene of the trouble.

Friendly Bugs Absolutely Necessary The question is not how much the farmer could raise without the protection of friendly insects, but whether he could raise anything at all. He does not realize that these tiny helpers are working for him all the time. It is not merely when serious outbreaks threaten that they are useful, but continually. To put the matter in other words, the agriculturist is deriving a steady and constant profit from one of nature's most powerful forces, that of parasitism-a force that has probably been more largely instrumental in shaping the status of animal life over the face of the globe than we can, with our present limited knowledge, comprehend.

This is the force which the Bureau of Insects is trying to utilize, in some instances by transporting friendly bugs from one place to another in or der to give them an opportunity to do their work where it is most wanted. There seems to be good reason for believing that certain parasitic flies may be utilized for fighting grasshoppers, which even at the present time are a very destructive pest in parts of the West. The cultivation of the soil has to a great extent destroyed the great eggs of these insects being laid in the ground-formerly supplied such innuwhole districts. But plagues of them still occur at intervals.

To quell a plague of the hessian fly | phaga-lay their eggs in the bodies of sect Bureau, writing from Coulee City,

> body of each was a "worm," doubtless Nature's Balance.

were dying by millions, and that in the

Nature is trying all the time to preserve a balance, and thus under ordinary circumstances there are for every kind of insect of possible pestiferousness a sufficient number of enemies to keep it in check. For instance, the wheat midge, or "red weevil," as it is the working of parasitism in the inmore popularly called, committed frightful depredations during the years from 1850 to 1855. But finally things adjusted themselves so that proper checks were established, and at the present time, though the midge often becomes so abundant as to threaten serious injury to the crop, it never quite reaches that point. The reason is simply that its enemies keep it down. If affording protection to life and propthose enemies were swept out of existence, even temporarily, its ravages would be on a disastrous scale.

A recent experiment was aimed at the "green bug"-a species of plant louse which did enormous mischief in South, gradually extending its operafields, and, by throwing them in adnot successful, nature evidently preferring her own methods.

The Green Bug's Enemy.

The enemy referred to is a very minute four-winged fly, called Lysiplebus. Crawling over an infested plant. it lays an egg in the body of each green bug it meets. The eggs thus deposited quickly hatch, and the larvæ feed upon the vitals of the victims, preventing them from breeding, and finally killing them. At the end of ten days they cut their way out and appear as flies, ready to start the performance over again by laying their own eggs in more green bugs. By this means the pest is soon disposed of. A plague of green bugs (such as occurred last year in Texas and Oklahoma, doing \$20,000,000 worth of damage to cold spring follows a mild winter. Under such conditions great numbers of the bugs live over the winter, multiplying continuously, while their little foes, which cannot breed when the her monkey-shines. But I was like the temperature is below 50 degrees, do man whose life was at the bottom of a not have a chance to get in their work | well and was doing everything I could until the season is far advanced.

The army worm (to cite another example in point) is a naked striped I had fourteen doctors I was in despair. caterpillar an inch and a quarter long, Finally my sister, Mrs. Elizabeth Berwhich makes its appearance in early mel, said Mrs. Wunderlich knew of summer, devouring grains and grasses. some herb which might cure her. We grasshopper-breeding areas which—the It climbs the seed stalks and cuts off sent for Mrs. Wunderlich. She came the heads. Under favorable conditions to see my wife and said there was nothit multiplies in fabulous numbers, and, ing the matter with her except that she merable swarms, totally devastating migrating in search of food, travels had been hoodooed by three women and and feeds both day and night, inflict- that she would cast the hoodoo out in ing enormous damage. The crops nine days. called appropriately enough, Sarco- its insatiable legions. Eventually, the house, and the day following eight town is dead.

when full fed, it burrows into the more. With strange words and passes

Foes of the Army Worm.

Now, anybody who goes about in a field that is being devastated by these worms will notice that many, and even a majority of them have small white spots on their bodies. These are the eggs of a little fly that looks somewhat like a housefly, and which is known to science as Winthemia. When they are hatched the grubs that emerge from them will bore through the skins of the caterpillars and feed on their vitals. This will not prevent the worms from doing damage, but it will render them incapable of transforming into the adult form-of becoming moths, in other words. Only those individuals which escape attack by the parasite will survive to perpetuate their species -the result being that the pest is so nearly exterminated that several years usually elapse before it again occurs in sufficient numbers to make serious

After the caterpillars have disappeared from an infested field, one who visits it will find there great numbers of the little flies, buzzing and droning like a swarm of bees. Their presence affords the best possible guarantee that there will be no renewal of the plague during the following season. What happens under such conditions is made manifest if one takes the trouble to collect a quantity of the worms and proportions that four doctors told her put them into a box covered with wire net. It will be found that many flies are reared, but almost no millers.

This is a very new country, especially in the agricultural sense, and nathat grasshoppers in that neighborhood ture's balance has been thrown temporarily out of gear, so to speak, by man's interference.

Like a Fire Department.

In the Year Book of the Department of Agriculture will be found an extended discussion of this interesting subject, from the pen of one of the experts of the Bureau of Insects, Mr. F. M. Webster, to whom the writer is indebted for his material. He compares sect kingdom to that of a well-organized fire department in a large city. There always have been, he says, and probably always will be, occasional disastrous conflagrations in such cities, but this fact does not in the least detract from the value of a fire service in extinguishing thousands of commencing fires, and thus continuously

Only when a great blaze occurs does the public have an opportunity to realize the usefulness of the firemen. It knows little or nothing of the thousands of cases where fires are preventthe Southwest last year. In as much ed or subdued with slight losses. The same is true in the case of friendly insects. Their work in keeping down tions northward with the advance of the numbers of dangerous bugs and in the season, it seemed practicable to preventing destructive outbreaks of collect great numbers of specimens of crop pests is virtually unknown and its principal enemy in the Southern unappreciated by the farmers, though it goes on everywhere and all the time. vance of the pest, to head it off, so saving in the aggregate hundreds of to speak. The attempt, however, was millions of dollars every year .- St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

WAS A HOODOO HEALER.

Medieval Medical Practices of Wom-

an Get Her Into Trouble. For practicing medieval medicine and obtaining money from him for failing to cast out devils from his sick wife, Enoch Muller has obtained a warrant for the arrest of Mrs. George Wunderlich, says the St. Louis Dispatch. The warrant specifies that Mrs. Wunderlich practiced medicine without a license and obtained \$110 under false pre-

Muller, who is now angry at what he says was an imposition upon a man who was desperate at the serious illness of his wife, says he will have his wheat and oats) arrives only when a money back or prosecute Mrs. Wunder-

"I don't know how I could have been such a fool as to have swallowed all the stuff she told me or been fooled by to save her," he said.

"My wife is still suffering, and after

The flies in question-one species is quickly disappear before the march of | The next day she brought an egg to

ground, from which it emerges later as with her hands over the eggs she told us to give them to my wife and they would put new life into her.

"Every day when she came she would make passes with her hands over my wife and throw something behind her. This she said was drawing the devils out and casting them away.

"At the end of the nine days my wife was no better and I complained about it. She then said that the hoodoo was very stubborn and would not leave unless we took desperate measures.

"She brought a piece of meat which she said was from a live dog. The dog's spirit would enter into her and fight the devils.

"Then she hid a piece of meat under corner of the carpet. Then she asked me for money, saying it was necessary to go out to a cemetery.

"I have given her \$110 in all up to this time, and was just beginning to get wise to the fact that I was being fooled. I went to the Board of Health and told the doctors there what I had done and they helped me swear out a warrant against Mrs. Wunderlich."

FOUND NEEDLE IN NECK.

Entered Hand and Traveled Through Body in Ten Weeks.

Ten weeks after Miss Maggle Shields, 35 years old, ran a large needle into her hand while washing some clothes. and after her hand had swollen to such that amputation was inevitable, the needle was removed from the woman's neck by Dr. John H. McCreary of 116 North 50th street, says the Philadel-

Dr. McCreary considers the case to be unique of its kind in the history of medical science. Despite the fact that the needle gradually worked itself up through her arm and body to the neck, where it was found, an abscess formed on Miss Shields' hand which was so serious that her hand at one time was swollen to three times its natural size.

The accident happened in the early part of June. Miss Shields was rubbing the clothes vigorously against the washboard in a tub. Suddenly she felt a piercing pain and dropped the washing, crying, "I have run a needle into

my hand!"

The wound bled very little, but while Miss Shields was on her way to a doctor to have the needle removed, her hand commenced to swell. When the doctor probed for the needle he could not find it. He told Miss Shields, she says, that she had made a mistake-that she had struck her hand with the

needle, but that it was not in her body. returned home, but her arm and hand continued to swell. Three other doc-

For ten weeks the abscess continued. Finally, one day last week, Miss Shields | kill her. felt severe pain in the left side of her neck. She went to Dr. McCreary and told him that she felt a pricking sensation, as though there was some metallic body in her neck.

Dr. McCreary, who was aware of the story of the needle, made an examination and found that there was some foreign body in the neck not far from the surface. Knowing that many cases have occurred of metallic substances traveling through the body, he told the housekeeper that the pain which was troubling her was probably caused by the needle she ran into her finger.

Miss Shields was incredulous, but Dr. McCreary performed a slight operation and pulled out the missing needle with a pair of forceps.

A Retrograde Movement.

"Ha!" remarked the stern parent as he fiercely confronted the trembling young man. "The day you lay \$100,000 on this desk my daughter is yours.

What! do you back out?" "I do," replied the unnerved youth,

"I certainly do." And he backed all the way across the apartment with both eyes keeping a close watch on the fiery old man's heavy shoes .- Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Objects to Being Questioned. Tommy-Oh, my pa says you're a

plamed nuisance, teacher.

Teacher-What? Tommy-Well, that's what he says I am when I ask questions, and that's what you're always a-doin'.--Philadel-

phia Press. When a man owns a building in a

town, which won't rent he never blames the building: He says the old Michigan News

STOCKHOLDERS OF TRACTION COM-PANY RETAIN LAWYER.

Seeks to Restrain Milwaukee Man from Obtaining Funds from Corporation's Treasury.

CALUMET, Mich., Sept. 16.-[Special.]-At a meeting of 175 stockholders of the Calemet & Lac LaBelle Traction and Power company, Tuesday night, P. H. O'Brien, a Laurium attorney, was retained to start injunctional proceedings to prevent Sidney M. Weil & Co., fiscal agents of the company, from obtaining the company of the company. taining any funds from the treasury.

Judge Streetor will be asked for an

injunction to prevent any books or records from being taken from the office. The Calumet and Lac LaBelle company was organized to build a trolley line be-tween Calumet and Mohawk, but little actual work was done, as the right-of-way was not secured. Local people, es-pecially working men, invested about pecially working men, invested about \$60,000. Sidney M. Weil formerly lived in Milwaukee, and other Milwaukee and Chicago men are identified with the com

MANY TAKE OUT PAPERS

Over 300 Foreigners Will Become Citizens at Houghton Next Week.

HOUGHTON, Mich., Sept. 17.-[Special.]-All of next week's sessions of the Houghton county circuit court, now in session will be devoted to naturalize tion business, there being 317 aliens eligible for admission to full citizenship at that time. This is by far the largest number in the history of Houghton county, or of any county in Michigan under the new naturalization laws, to apply for citizenship at a single term of court. Assistant United States Attor Herbert Cole of Detroit, in charge of the naturalization work, will be in Houghton to represent the United States government at the examination of the applicants and their witnesses and it is expected fully 300 of tho whose applications have been posted will be admitted during the week

CHILDBURNEDTODEATH

Houghton (Mich.) Tot Suffers Terrible Agony for Ten Hours Following Accident.

HOUGHTON, Mich., Sept. 16 .- [Special.]—Her little body literally cooked to a crisp, Emerence Croze, aged 3, died seedle, but that it was not in her body. early this morning after a night of ter-Satisfied with the explanation, she rible agony, the result of her clothing catching fire while playing near a bon-fire within sight of her home last evencontinued to swell. Three other doc-tors probed for the needle, fælled to find of burning paper and in an instant her it and finally when the abscess on her clothing was a mass of flames. Mrs. Rock Crighon rushed to her assistance hand developed to serious proportions and was badly burned in her endeavor to save the child. The child's mother is on a sick bed and has not been told of the death as it is feared the shock might

> METHODISTS SCORE CANNON. Detroit Conference Raps Speaker at Closing Session.

> CALUMET, Mich., Sept. 15 .- The Detroit Methodist Episcopal conference, which embraces half of lower Michigan and all of northern Michigan, Monday scored Speaker Joseph Cannon of the House of Representatives, holding that Methodism is opposed to him and expressing the hope that he will not again be sent to Congress or be named for the speaker's chair. The conference closed Monday afternoon, and Bishop John W Hamilton of Boston, president, left for St. Joseph to open the Western Michigan conference Wednesday morning.

CEMENT COMBINE FOR WEST.

Companies Agree to Join Holding Concern Already Formed in East.

DETROIT, Mich., Sept. 18.-Cement companies of the west are to enter un-der the wing of the Northern American Cement company, the holding concern in which eastern companies are now merged. This decision was made by the Association of American Cement Manufacturers in convention here. The plan is to form a new holding company for the west, similar to and affiliated with the eastern one. Its headquarters will be in Chicago or Detroit. It will not be a merger, as all the concerns ent will retain their corporate identity. entered

SHOT IN MISTAKE FOR A BEAR. Youth Badly Wounded by Brother While on Hunting Trip.

ESCANABA, Mich., Sept. 17. — Mistaken for a bear while hunting in the woods near here yesterday, Charles Hobercamp, aged 19, was shot by his brother, his left arm being shattered at the elbow. The young men were on the trail of a bear, and, separating when near the spot where the animal was sup-posed to be hiding, the older boy saw his brother moving through the thick underbrush and fired.

Michigan Heiress to Wed.

MARQUETTE, Mich., Sept. 18 .-[Special.] --- Announcement is made of the engagement of Miss Abbie Longyear, daughter of John M. Longyear, multi-millionaire of this city and Brookline, quette girl, although of late years the family home has been in the east. Mr. Roberts will be associated with Mr. Longyear at the latter's Marquette of-

Rowboat Trip Proves Fatal.

HOUGHTON, Mich., Sept. 21.—Fearing to go from Copper Harbor, Kewenaw county, north of Calumet, to their camp by trail Saturday night because of the forest fires. Frank Krulatz and two companions attempted a trip by rowboat. When about half way to camp, Krulatz stood up in the boat and fell into Lake Superior, drowning. The body has not Rowboat Trip Proves Fatal. Superior, drowning. The body has not yet been recovered.

Miner's Horrible End. CALUMET, Mich., Sept. 16.—[Special.]—After the skip had been running over it for four hours the body of August Baggiore, aged 22, was found at the forty-first level of No. 6 shaft at the

old Osceola mine this morning. The re-

mains were horribly mutilated. He was a cousin of the village treasurer of Lau

Three Killed in Mines.

CALUMET, Mich., Sept. 17,-Three day. Peter Gandino, a trammer, was killed in the Calumet & Hecla mine; August Baggiore was killed in the Osceola, and Peter Nijra was killed in the Calu-met & Hecla.

Ballot for Nine Hours. HOUGHTON, Mich., Sept. 16 .- [Special.]—After nine hours of balloting in which eighty-one ballots were taken, the Republicans of the legislative district made up of Keweenaw, Ontonagon, Baraga and Iron counties, last night at 11 o'clock nominated J. O. Maxey of L'Anse for the Legislature, to succeed William R. Stannard, who is a candidate

Red Flag Ordinance Sustained. HOUGHTON, Mich., Sept. 15,-The preme court has sustained the findings of the lower court sentencing several Socialists for disturbing the peace be-cause they displayed a red flag during

a procession. The city passed an ordinance prohibiting the display of red flags in parades. Insane Mother Kills Child. NEGAUNEE, Mich., Sept. 19.—While mentally deranged, Mrs. Elias Daws, wife of a prominent business man, Friday caused the death of her 7-year-old son and herself by administering poison. She formerly lived at Edgerton, Wis.

BIG REVENUE FROM NATIONAL FORESTS

STATES ARE RECIPIENTS OF 25 PER CENT. OF GROSS EARNINGS OF FEDERAL PRESERVES.

MONEY IS DIVIDED PRO RATA.

Funds Are Furnished to Build Schools and Maintain the Highways.

IDAHO GOOD GRAZING COUNTRY.

Figures just made public by the Forest service show that under the new law requiring 25 per cent. of the gross proceeds of national forset business to be paid over to the state and territories in which the forests are located, to be used for public schools and roads, the last fiscal year will yield these states \$447,-063.79.

Divided Among States.

The amounts which go to each vary from \$313.68 for Arkansas to over \$75. 000 for Montana. The small amount for Arkansas is because the two national forests in that state were created so re cently that they have not yet got fairly under way. Oklahoma, with one small national forest, receives \$554; Kansas, \$644, and the next smallest after these is Nebraska, with \$2350. Since the forests in these last two states were see aside from land naturally destitute of trees, that the government might try forest planting on them, it will probably surprise most people that they should yield any revenue at all.

Montana Leads Timber Sales.

National forest business is chiefly of three kinds, grazing, timber sales, and special uses; the latter comprising the use of the lesser resources of the for-ests and the permits involving the de-velopment of water power. It is interesting to note the states in which the argest volume of each of these three kinds of business is done and study the causes which make their revenues cor-

espondingly larger.
Montana, California and Colorado lead in timber sales. In the case of Montana and California this fact is mainly due to the accessibility of the timber in the na-tional forests. The fact that the timber can be readily reached and quickly transported to market has created a heavy demand which is reflected in the volume of business. Colorado is almost absolute-y dependent upon the national forest timber for its mining operations. Each of these states will receive over \$50,000

from the proceeds of the forests. Idaho First in Grazing. Idaho, Utah and Oregon head the list of the states in grazing business. causes in this case are several. first place these states are supplied with more abundant forage, largely on account of more plentiful precipitation. In some cases the ranges will support a sheep to the acre, whereas the ranges elsewhere will often support no more than one sheep to from four to six acres. Again, the grazing methods are, as a rule, more intensive in these states, a higher class of herders is employed, and a better grade of stock is kept. Management, moreover, is more intensive. Sheep are handled in small bands, and the herders in running them are able to keep them in scattered order so that they do not do so much damage to the range as does the large band which can be controlled only when closely herded.

Idaho's share of the receipts is over \$56,000. California leads in special use bust-ness, partly because of the large amount of water power developed and partly be-cause of the larger population adjacent to the forests and drawing upon their resources. The state will receive as its share of the national forests proceeds about \$52,000.

President "Broke" at Fail.

President Roosevelt was the star attraction at a garden party fair given on the grounds of Mrs. John A. Weeks, Ja., on the Cove road Saturday afternoon. For an hour he walked around, followed York. Miss Longyear, who is probably Michigan's richest heiress, is a Marquette girl, although of late was Marquette girl, although of late was described by scores of fashionably attired young women, each begging him to take a chance on something. He depleted by pocketbook, drew a dozen checks, and then had to ask Mrs. Roosevelt for more

money Six hundred society women were on the lawn when the President, with his eldest son, Theodore, Jr., appeared. They had ridden from Sagamore hill, and the

Experience Enough.

"Your mistress tells me, Jane, that on wish to leave and become an atendant at a lunatic asylum, of all places. Why, what experience have you had?" "Well, sir, I've been here three years." -Sacred Heart Review.

Advertise in Your Home Paper.

ROUTE OF THE WORLD CRUISE OF UNITED STATES' GREATEST FLEET OF WARSHIPS.



## Doings of the Week in and About Gladstone 3

News Items That Are of General Interest to Our Local Readers.

#### The Gladstone Delta CHAS. E. MASON, PUBLISHER.

Published Every Saturday.

\$1.50 per Year in Advance.

R. S. Hubbell has purchased the Gladstone Theatre from David Hammel, and will manage it, commencing November 1. The bargain has been made, and the deal will be closed up as soon as possible, transferring the ownership of the building and all the theatrical accessories.

The G. A. A. team has arranged a game for Sunday with the Escanaba Continentals.

Chas. A. Heuss, formerly of Cadillac, Mich., has leased the Walsh building, opposite O'Connell's grocery, and will open a saloon there October 1. His bond was approved by the council Thursday.

A subscription is being taken up among local Republicans to purchase a across Delta avenue at Ninth street. Contributions have been limited to fifty

Next Tuesday, September 29, an excellent concert will be given in Wasa Hall by Escanaba Lutherans, under the auspices of the Gladstone church.

Inspector Fitzpatrick looked over the buildings of Gladstone this week. Fire escapes were ordered on the Hawarden

A fair sized trunk stood on the sidewalk Thursday, and on it in fair white letters was the inscription, "W. H. T." This was alluring, but alas, deceptive, as it proved upon close investigation that the Republican candidate for president was no nearer than Madison, Wis.

A well known Soo line engineer recently amazed the brotherhood by appearing in nether garments that bore positive traces of novelty. For some time he escaped recognition, but his mates feel that he is not the man he was, and until the newness wears off, there will be strained relations.

The first bazar of the Lutheran church will be held the last week of October. It is expected that there will be several novel features arranged.

per single cord, \$5.00 per full cord de-C. W. Davis, phone 7.

Mr. Bryan might make a hit in the Rocky Mountain States by proposing a federal guaranty of mining stock deposits.-Omaha Bee.

The Soo line has had a fire train on for the past two weeks, from the Menominee river west, no fire having appeared on their line east of that point. Great vigilance has been maintained at all exposed points, and the fire loss is

Two Grand Marais boys went into the pirate business very systematically last week. They spent some months in looted the village general store for supplies, put them into a launch and set out. Later, finding the craft unwieldy parties, transferred their plunder into a

The high school football team and their older opponents met Saturday in the field. Expectation and realization missed each other in the excitement. The ball was carried over the line by only of the team. Matson; and the score was protested by the high school. Debate grew long and loud; if eloquence could have won the day, eloquence was there to win it. The question of whether or no there was a lawful touchdown will never be settled to the general satisfaction.

Ross and Roche, postoffice burglars, pleaded guilty to the Koss robbery at Marquette Monday and got five years.

The Jewish new year begins Friday evening; wherefore the stores are closed,

Mrs. Jennette Jewel Kellogg, a well assisting. Prices 25 and 15 cents.

John Olson and Claus Anderson have purchased Weinig's meat market, stock Taft and Sherman banner, to be strung and fixtures, and will conduct the business under the firm name of Olson & Anderson, commencing Monday. Mrs. Weinig will close up the outstanding Anderson & Hanson.

four refused to pay half the cost of im- the back door, and turned a key of their impossible to get them to do so. Ninth street.

Archie Jacobs came down Thursday plunder. from Trenary. A nervy thief came to grief there last week. On the night of large attendance and was voted successthe ninth he entered the Hub, broke ful in every way. store wearing the stolen goods, was plant of the Central school last year. spotted, and arrested. He was bound over to the circuit court and lodged in the west end to work. the county jail at Munising.

A bear wandered Wednesday into Negaunee, was struck by an automobile. and finally hunted down in the smoke and shot by Mayor Winter. Forest 16 inch Hemlock wood, full cord \$2.75 fires are thought to have driven the 16 inch Maple and Birch mill wood \$1.75 animal into town, as another was seen not long afterwards. While it is some livered to any part of the City. Call up time since any bear has visited Glad-40 stone, we have confidence in the Hon. W. A. Miller to keep up to the standard of mayors and do the right thing by the

Werner Olson, having finished his parsonage, inside and out.

street commissioner in Marquette. He city.—Herald Leader. has used the wood tar from the Pioneer satisfactory so far.

The city flagpole has been cut down. they returned in the face of searching At least, that is the conclusion warranted by the latest postcards of the city sailboat, and started for the Canadian hall, in which the flagpole is missing, of neighbors' sympathy toward us, in wilderness. It is said they have a together with the upper part of the flag the loss of our little daughter, Donna,

The first official game of the season will be played between the high school football teams of Manistique and Gladstone next Saturday, October 3. These teams have always been well matched; but Gladstone, by winning one and tying one game last year is ahead. It is desired to maintain this lead, while fairness of many editorials for and Manistique may be relied on for extra effort to cut it down. The Gladstone boys are practising with more zeal than ever before. It is especially requested that all who are in sympathy with their championship aspirations will attend the game, or if necessarily absent, purchase tickets. The financial assistance gained in this way is all that is asked, and is used for the necessary expenses

The order of the Eastern Star held a noteworthy meeting Wednesday evening, at which eleven neophytes were initiated, nine of them from Nahma. The Escanaba chapter was represented by about twenty members, and there was attendance from outside points. A long evening passed rapidly. Addresses were made by A. J. Young, of Escanaba, and other prominent Masons. At the close a tasty banquet was served in the dining hall to eighty-five, who as they will be also on Monday, October | were hearty in their praise of it, and the 5, the day of atonement, until the even- gathering turned homeward at three in the morning.

Krueger's stove trunck was missing recommended reader and impersonator, Friday morning for a few minutes, to will give a concert in the M. E. church, the great demoralization of traffic, but Friday evening, October 2. Local talent was soon located under Whybrew's counter. Mr. Krueger has lost, however, a bunch of keys, for the return of which he will be duly grateful.

> Cassius Geraldson left Wednesday to take runs on the west end.

the market. The new business men are While there was much exaggeration, the cities. well known; John has been for years situation was serious enough, especially familiar to Weinig's patrons, and Claus iu Menominee county, where many new fangled thing, not because we was for years a member of the firm of villages were threatened. Bark River don't believe it the right method, for was endangered Tuesday.

The council met Thursday night, pur- An attempt was made Sunday night suant to adjournment, approved the to enter Hanson's store, evidently by practice and the people would come proposed sewer connection from Sixth small boys, who crept into the cellar to Seventh, and by vote of four and through a window. They cut through proving Voorhis avenue, alias North own in the lock, but were baffled by the bolt and went away without any

The clerks' ball Thursday night had a

and shoes, throwing the tags on the has entered the employ of H, J. Krue- ply a business device of one politician floor. On the twentieth he entered the ger. He installed the new heating to get business away from the other." Reuben Latimer left Thursday for

The Hub states that "London smoke" is one of the most popular lines of the that "workingmen are public beggars." evidence this fall.

The largest insane asylum in Europe soon be ready for use. It will accomseparate pavilions, the total cost being \$4,000,000.

The Tigers met defeat again from the Mole St. Nicholas liar have unanimous- expose the workingmen of the United second team of Rapid River Sunday. ly voted to admit the "forest fire" Reedy pitched an excellent game, but exaggerator as a member of the Ananias peting goods from foreign countries

Rodney Elliott. They are on their starvation point. That would mak Tar macadam is being tried by the way home after a visit in New York public beggars of them.

and rolling. The result has appeared business, to be gone until the fore part of next week.

#### CARD OF THANKS.

We desire to express our appreciation and for the flowers which conveyed their message of love and consolation.

MR. AND MRS. FRED CORNEALUS.

EYE AND EAR SPECIALIST. Dr. Owen, who has practiced 24 years n Detroit will visit Gladstone soon. Special attention to fitting glasses and treating deafness. Write him at Soo, Mich., for date.

#### BOYS WANTED.

A few boys between the ages of 19 and 20 can find steady employment in the factory of the Marble Safety Axe

WANTED.

Board and room with private family.

First Publication September 26, 1908. DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR. U. S. Land Office at Marquette, Mich.,

Notice is hereby given that Alexander Chabot of Maple Ridge, Mich., who on December 11, 1902, made Homestead Entry No. 10789, Serial No. 0348, for N 1/2 of NW 1/4, Section 20, township 43 N, range 22 W, Michigan Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final five year proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before the clerk of the circuit court at Escanaba, Mich., on the 5th day of Novem-

Timothy J. Curran of Lathrop, Mich., Robch., Napoleon Primeau of Escanaba, Mich. JAMES J. DONOVAN.

THE SIZE OF IT.

The Orystal Falls Diamond Drill took a side unenthusiastically during the last campaign, stating the plain truth, that it was a contest between two state machines for the mastery. In its last number it says, in remarking of the unagainst a recount;

"Now, we were for Dr. Bradley just as hard as we could be but we are not so blind in our partisanship or so perverse in our practice as to try to put all the blame upon the other fellow. The truth is that one side to this affair is just reprehensible as the other. One side is just as deep in the mud of intrigue as the other is in the mire.

The contest is purely one of faction and the republican party and the state of Michigan can go to the eternal bow wows as far as either faction is concerned if they can only predominate and perpetuate themselves in office.

It is regrettable that Governor Warner's plurality was not great enough to make it manifest that he is the choice who went to the polls on primary day. As it is, he is the choice by a minority to give hope to the opponents of th governor."

The Drill then criticizes Attorney-General Bird for his statement that prioption, but not allowed in the upper peninsula because "the shifting vote is for their trade. against law enforcement, as we believe it in this country." The answer is

"We cannot agree with the distinguished gentleman in either instance. old management will be set-C. C. Schuler, L. Coppins, and If the primary is the correct thing in one county it is the correct thing all around. The upper peninsula is no bflls are payable within fhir-Fires were unusually vigorous this more subject to ill effects from it than accounts; she continues to reside over week, as well as the prevailing reports. the foreign vote wards of the large ty days to

> Candidly we don't think much of the it is the only method that is right in this country if theory worked out in out and register their wishes. Unfortunately they won't do it and it seems

The reason is apparent. Politics is a business just as butchering, baking or candle stick making are businesses and maker are too absorbed in their own game to bother with politician's business. All this cheap clap trap about open the till, and stole a suit of clothes George Oxsted, an expert steamfitter, the will of the people, etc. etc. is sim-

PUBLIC BEGGARS.

It doesn't matter so very much whether or not Bryan ever declared season; it is to be doubted, however, If he said it, the remark was a foolish if it is a more sombre color than "Glad- one; but Bryan has made so many foolstone fog" which has been much in ish remarks that this particular one needn't count. The thing that does matter is that the silly speech attributed has just been built in Vienna and will to Bryan would correctly describe the condition of a large majority of workmodate 2,200 patients, but is in sixty ingmen in the event of the country's acceptance of Bryan and his policies. Then, indeed workingmen would be The Chefu correspondent and the public beggars. The man who would States to the unrestricted inflow of com-Mr. and Mrs. James A. Stewart of away from several millions of Ameriwalk around the M. E. church and the guests of Mrs. Stewart's brother, would force their wages down to the

Austin Farrell and G. J. Slining left party is upholding the trusts because it vision, is only another dream of the 'Peerless one." Any thinking man knows the low revenue Tariff would injure the workingman, because it would reduce wages to the level of the cheap working men of Europe; would cripple many industries in the country that have not yet secured such a foothold in the industrial world as to be able to compete with Free-Trade conditions and starvation wages of the countries where

no Protection is provided by law. Bryan does not seriously believe in revenue Tariff himself. He considers it, however, good bait to catch the laboring man's vote. His only mistake is in considering the working man of to-day to be an ignorant creature, made up of credulity, and ready to swallow any sugar-coated pill of promise held out to him.—La Fayette Courier.

FOR RENT.

The second story at 725 Delta avenue, formerly Soren Johnson's. Ten rooms, all modern improvements. Apply on

Obligations of Civil War. Money indebtedness is not the only obligation we incurred and assumed in the great civil war. There was a still greater debt, an everlasting obligation that could never be paid in full. But in the years that have followed, the Republican party has inaugurated and developed pension laws under which over three and one-half billion dollars have been paid to disabled veterans or to the survivors of those who gave their lives for their country and their flag. This pension system, a product of the policy of the Republican party, has no precedent in history and no equal in justice and generosity among the nations of the earth.-Hon. James S. Sherman.

# ISTEN

each day of the year-Sundays and Holidays included.

REMEMBER THAT. Let us put it at work.

3 PER CENT. ON SAVING DEPOSITS

Exchange Bank, Gladstone. W. L. MARBLE, President.

# **New Firm**

of at least the majority of the voters been sold to the firm of Ol- Lemons son & Anderson, who will Plums, basket......45c vote of about 25,000 and this fact seems conduct the business at the Grapes " .......22c old stand. We thank our Crab Apples, peck ...........25c patrons of many years and Cranberries, quart......10c mary reform should be a matter of local recommend the new butchers Peaches, basket .......35c

> All bills incurred by the tled promptly by it, and all

> > MRS. M. WEINIG.

# HANSON'S FRUITS

Weinig's Meat Market has Oranges, large, per doz....45c Pears, bushel......\$1.75 Apples, nice eating, peck. 35c Watermelons ......28c Celery, bunch......5c Onions, peck ......30c Rutabagas, peck......20c

ELOF HANSON

FOR SALE.

Fruit - Poultry - Resort Farm on Beautiful Lake in Van Buren Co., Mich. - Short the butcher, the baker, the candle stick distance from Chicago - 30 acres - 1400 feet water front - fine orchard - new modern house - everything up to date - good for an income of \$2000 a year - call or write for particulars at once.

THE BROTHERTON CO.,

Escanaba, Mich. Stack Block

## **Perfect Protection**

Requires that your policies be in companies which have stood, and more important, will stand financially solvent, come what may. The best company is that therefore which has a substantial reserve of assets would in so doing take work and wages which are panic-proof, which is conservative-Delta avenue work, is putting in cement Gladstone were in Menominee Friday can workingmen. Either that, or he ly and honestly managed, no less for the public's protection than its own, and which exercises extreme care in selecting the risks Bryan's assertion that the Republican which its agents are allowed to assume for planning a cruise over Lake Superior; furnace, pouring it hot on the screenings Thursday evening for Chicago on does not agree with him on Tariff re- it. Your policy will be all in companies of such character and stability if you

INSURE TODAY WITH

# R. EMPSON

P. & H. B. LAING THE PIONEER GROCERS We Treat You Right.

SHINGLES

#### LUMBER

AND LATH

MOULDINGS, WINDOWS AND DOORS, WHITE PINE AND YELLOW PINE FINISHING. BUILDING PAPER, LIME, HAIR AND CEMENT. Let me figure on your house bills. Goods and prices are right.

Hard and Soft Coal 16-inch Hemlock and Maple Mill Wood. PHONES 7 AND 110. C. W. DAVIS.

REAL ESTATE Business and Residence Lots for sale on easy terms.

Is said to mean "wiser." In clothes,

it means "better." Our fall stock

contains a large proportion of these,

the nobbiest production of the mak-

ers of the will-known "Acorn Brand."

ish. They are up-to-the-minute. Not-

ice the "college" effect. Light shades

with perpendicular stripes, and large

lapels and cuffs predominate. They

distinguish the wearer. Look them

These clothes are strikingly styl-

#### FOR THE LADIES.

Life.

Not the tang of a seasoned wine;
Not the tang of a seasoned wine;
Not the drug of an uncarned bread;
Not the grape of an untilled vine.
The life that is really life;
That comes from no fount afar,
But springs from the toll and strife,
In the world of things as they are,

Give me the whole of life!
The joy, the hope, and the pain.
The struggle whose end is strength,
The loss that is infinite gain;
Not the drought of a cloudless sky,
Not the rust of a fruiless rest.
Give me the sun and the storm,
The calm and the white sea-crest.

Give me the best of life!
To live in the world with God.
Where the seed that is sown and dies
Lifts a harvest over the sod.
Where beauty and truth are one, Where the right must have its way, here the storm clouds part for stars, and the starlight heralus the day.

Give me the life of toil!

The music and mind to dare,
No luxury's lap for my head,
No idly won wealth to share.
Whether by pick or plane,
Whether by tongue or pen,
Let me not live in vain;
Let me do a man's work among men.

George B. Cleaves in Youth's Companion.

-0--0-Business Training for Girls.

Regarding the public school systems of this country some distinguished educators are persistent and caustic critics of impractical courses, charging that the methods of teaching even such useful studies as are included in the curriculums are inefficient, and that the luckless children are not only superficially educated, but misinstructed. Indeed, even manual training, which came into the schools a decade ago with such a blare of trumpeted praise, has, by the Massachusetts commission on industrial and technical education, been found wanting in the grammar and high schools of that state, because the courses are so purposeless, and the time devoted to them is so meager that, as compared to those of the highly efficient special schools, which by means of adequate equipment and thorough facilities for instruction turn out graduates who are capable of putting their knowledge to account, they re a mere waste of the taxpayers' mon-

Reform seems imminent, and when the systems are revised, it is to be hoped that among the other vocational studies advocated by the reformers will be such commercial instruction for girls as will at least entighten them in regard to simple methods of ordinary business procedure, the ignorance of which now places many women at great disadvantage and not infrequently makes them appear to be dishonorable in their dealings. A specific instance of this occurred recently, when a public accountant, who had been asked to audit and certify to the previous year's treasury report of a certain woman's club, was refused some necessary data by one of the directors on the ground that a full report containing a frank exposition of existing conditions was not desired, and other lax methods often practiced by treasurers of women's clubs are to make deposits by mail and to place club funds in banks not authorized by the club board of directors. That club officials, who might reasonably be expected to have some knowledge of ordinary business procedure, so often show a discreditable ignorance, makes it plain that the lack of training is widespread, and indicates how necessary it is that all girls should be given at least elementary com-mercial training to save them from appearing to be unscrupulous, when they e simply ignorant. how properly to care for the trust funds they are constantly soliciting for philan-thropic purposes. Moreover, there is great need that women and girls should able to protect themselves and those dependent upon them against the machinations of the unscrupulous who are al-ways lying in wait to take advantage of their lack of knowledge and experience.

Brokers and others engaged in com-mercial enterprises are frank in expressing their disinclination to deal with women, because of what is called the unreasonableness of the sex, and if girls were duly instructed in their youth in simple business rules and customs, it would not only be of immense help to them when engaged in gainful occupa-tions outside of the home, where the need of some commercial training fre-quently confronts them, but in every relation of their lives. Surely as the pur-pose of all education is to fit human beings to their environments, it is a very defective system that leaves the race, so far as public education is concerned, wholly unprepared for inevitable experiences with commercial matters. Foreign languages, and the science of music are fads and frills studies in the public schools compared to the essential studies that are now omitted .- Vogue. -040-

Women of Coming

Generations May Be Superiors of Men. Are the women of the coming generation to be the superiors of men, physically and intellectually? This question has been raised in Washington, where the child labor law passed at the last session of Congress is being put into

Children between the ages of 10 and 16 years of age who desire to work during vacation are compelled to undergo examination, both physical and mental, before they are permitted to become breadwinners. The examinations will breadwinners. The examinations will not close until August 1, but thus far they have disclosed the fact that the city girl is far the superior of her brother in every way.
Out of a total of 1700 children exam-

only of a total of 1700 children examined seventy-five boys have been rejected because of physical disabilities, while only three girls were turned away. Of these three little maidens one will win a certificate that will entitle her to take a position as cash girl in a department store, for the examining physician dis-qualified her because of nervousness which, he believes, will disappear with two or three weeks of rest.

The real trouble with the boys is simply that, like all city boys, they lead the strenuous life. They do not take the same care of themselves as the girls and regard school as an evil that has to be endured when one cannot play "hookey," while the girls look on school as a social center where they can exchange hair ribbons and engage in girl-

ish gossip. "Boys are close kin to the savage," said Dr. Henry C. Macatee, under whose hands have passed a nondescript lot of children during the last few weeks. "They are somewhat more susceptible to childish diseases than the girls, and when they have recovered they decline to be guided during their convalescence by their elders. A boy just out of a sick bed celebrates his return to his fellows by turning handsprings, riding his bi-cycle too much, or engaging in ball games. The result is that many of the boys have lung troubles or enlarged

'Now, the girls are more under the control of their parents. When they are ill they are coddled, and they are wached over solicitously until they have wached over solicitously until they have made a complete recovery. Then they take their illnesses more seriously. The result is that few, if any, show the slightest traces of the after effects of childish ailments. They are generally shown as born at Northampton, December 22, 1818. With her two elder we are willing to pay; so write to us, and let's see what you can do. Send in good, wholesome news; for such we are willing to pay; so write to us, and let's see what you can do. Send in good, wholesome news; for such we are willing to pay; so write to us, and let's see what you can do. Send in good, wholesome news; for such we are willing to pay; so write to us, and let's see what you can do. Send in good, wholesome news; for such we are willing to pay; so write to us, and let's see what you can do. Send in good, wholesome news; for such we are willing to pay; so write to us, and let's see what you can do. Send in good, wholesome news; for such we are willing to pay; so write to us, and let's see what you can do. Send in good, wholesome news; for such we are willing to pay; so write to us, and let's see what you can do. Send in good, wholesome news; for such we are willing to pay; so write to us, and let's see what you can do. Send in good, wholesome news; for such we are willing to pay; so write to us, and let's see what you can do. Send in good, wholesome news; for such we are willing to pay; so write to us, and let's see what you can do. Send in good, wholesome news; for such we are willing to pay; so write to us, and let's see what you can do. Send in good, wholesome news; for such we are willing to pay; so write to us, and let's see what you can do. Send in good, wholesome news; for such we are willing to pay; so write to us, and let's see what you can do. Send in good, wholesome news; for such we are willing to pay; so write to us, and let's see what you can do. Send in good, wholesome news; for such we are willing to pay; so write to us, and let's see what you can do. Send in good, wholesome news; for such

physically sound, and with the excepion of a few cases of nervousness are far better off than their brothers. As far better off than their brothers. As for longevity, they offer a far more in-viting, risk for a life insurance com-

pany."
But if the figures dealing with the superior physique and mentality of present day girls are any criterion, they here ald the era of the new woman. It would take only a few more years, possibly two or three more generations, at the same rate to develop a race of physical and intellectual giantesses. In the same time man would be deteriorating. and the end would be a complete change in the relations of the sexes. -040-

Women Yesterday and Today. Of course the old-fashioned woman began to get old while still young! She had nothing else to do. Human facul-

had nothing else to do. Human faculties give out just as machines must when not used. The woman who doesn't exercise loses her strength. With loss of strength she loses her beauty. The woman who doesn't fill her mind with new thoughts and interests becomes mentally old. When her body is old and her mind is old she is old herself whether she has lived ninety years self, whether she has lived ninety years or only forty. The public women of the past did not grow old prematurely because they continued to use their facul-

The most representative women of to don't have time to grow premature-ld. While marriage and motherhood ly old. are still, as they must always be, their chief activities, they are no longer their only activities. They now take active part in very many phases of life outside the romantic and domestic spheres. They are no less women for being more individuals. The old generalities about women are less and less applicable be-cause women are less and less like cook-

most violent exercise was playing croquet. The mother of today with her quet. civic, philanthropic, artistic, or literary interests is certainly better equipped for training her children than the old-fash-ioned housewife who had no interest outside her domestic affairs. The vigorous modern grandmother, who is fast chang-ing the time-honored significance of that word, is certainly a much more cheerful and useful member of society than her decrepit counterpart of years ago-and she has a better time.—Appleton's Mag-

The Habit of Judging People. One of the commonest of humanity's petty weaknesses is that of judging peo ple entirely by their conduct to ourselves. This habit has sometimes a very confusing effect. For instance, we hear Mrs. A. talking of Mrs. B. with great scorn. She "is not a lady." Mrs. A. would not know her for anything; "always tries to keep clear of such people, though, unadvantage, but it made things lively for fortunately, society is becoming more its assailants for the ensuing half hour, and more crowded with them," and so The fishermen's weapons were an axe on. One day Mrs. B. calls on Mrs. A., and a big hook, and with these they ena thing she had before neglected to do gaged in combat. (which neglect had been the cause of all the trouble), and now we hear that Mrs. B. is charming, a sweet woman, the best of companions and a thorough lady. Mrs. on the subject; but she had allowed the petty slight of the other lady's not call- to the boat prevented this. ing on her to become such a burning ing on her to become such a burning grievance that it ended in warping her own mind to the distortion of facts. Mrs. The fear and fury of the creature were confined to terrific thrashings of its flukes and plungings of its body.

people's moral and mental qualities dependent on their social attitude toward ourselves in the paltriest and poorest of judgments—in fact, it is not a judgment at all, but a mere prejudice. It is the shore f same sort of mental attitude which Herald. causes people to be guilty of one of the commonest sorts of infidelity to causes people to be guilty of one of the commonest sorts of infidelity to friendship—that of indulging in general abuse of a former friend because some purely personal feeling has weakened the friendship. The fact that Clare is not so gushingly friendly toward Ethel since her marriage is no sufficient rea-son that the latter should find her former intimate to be without a single virtue; but she frequently does so. The principle of abstract justice (even in our thoughts) is not an easy one to follow where our own feelings or vanities are concerned; but it is at the same time a fact that its absence serves to make most social likes and dislikes of no sort of value. The woman who can say of another from her heart, "I do not think she has behaved very politely to me, and I am consequently not disposed to like her, but I believe her to be a good and nice woman," has shown herself to be superior to one of her sex's commonest weaknesses. But, alas! the women, or men either, who can do this sort of thing are very rare indeed. Unfortunately, most of us have a feeling, often unacknowledged to ourserves, that we can "get even" for petty slights by gos-sip or making more or less unkind re-marks about our friends.—The Gentlewoman.

-040-The Woman Who Fritters.

The physicians says that the most hopeless type of woman he has to deal with is the one who fritters her vitality on everything that comes under her nose; who does not reserve her strength for the important things of life. Every one knows this kind of woman,

and at times every one is this kind of woman. It takes a good deal of self-investigation to call a halt and see if you are not working overtime.

No life is so seeluded that it does not have important things to be done. Usually the woman who was good indemonstrated in the second indemonstrate th ally the woman who uses good judgment in a trivial life is the one who works

her way out into the bigger world and learns how to handle great things out But in both spheres is the woman who gets excited over the thing that is not worth while: then when she must bring all her energies to bear on the big things worth accomplishing she finds herself bankrupt.

feats this purpose by shopping all day for a certain ribbon to wear in her hair. to the woman who stays in the kitchen all day over a trivial task when she needs her strength for a trip the next day, the evidence of frittering is everywhere.

College Women.

That the development of nearly the entire system of the higher education of women and the opening all over the country of college opportunities to girls was witnessed in the life time of one of the earliest of college women seems at first thought incredible. at first thought incredible. It is a long way from the first graduating class from Mount Holyoke seminary in 1840 to the National Association of Collegiate Alumnae in 1908. Yet, only a few days ago, a member of that class, Miss Maria J. B. Browne, passed away at her home in Springfield, Mass. Miss Browne, was bornet Northernson December 2015. Browne was born at Northampton, December 22, 1818. With her two elder

begin her lifework as a teacher. After some years of teaching she became principal of Abbott Female seminary at Andover. Later she went to the south, and at the outbreak of the Civil war was teaching in St. Augustine, Fla. With other teachers she was forced to leave by the strong feeling against the north. With er- In 1861 she took charge of Mme. Mears' It school in New York, remaining there for

She was a woman of brilliant mind She was a woman of brilliant mind and an accomplished linguist. She did much translating. She often wrote for the papers and periodicals, and since giving up her teaching devoted much time to reviewing books. She spent most of her time in New York, but for years came to her home in Springfield for the emmer months.

As yet the opportunities for college women as members of college facul-ties are few and far between. It is announced that Mrs. Agnes Knox Black, wife of Prof. E. Charlton Black. of Boston university, has been appointed to the faculty of the College of Liberal Arts of the university as Shaw professor of elecution to succeed Prof. Malvina M. Bennett, recently resigned. Mrs. Black is a Canadian and well known on the platform in this countand Canada. She was graduated from the University of Toronto, afterward takng a post-graduate course at Philadel-In 1902 she was head of school of elocution of the New England Conservatory of Music, and afterward connected with the Emerson College of

Oratory. Young college women in the west and outh are winning recognition. Ruth Carrel has been appointed assistant professor in the department of bacteriology of the Michigan State Agricultural college, from which she graduated in June. Miss Margaret E. Cross, prothe same mold.

The modern, handsome, athletic girl is certainly better qualified for bearing children than her weak ancestress whose of the work in June. Miss Margaret E. Cross, proceedings of the molecular control of the same mold.

In June. Miss Margaret E. Cross, proceeding the molecular control of the molecular con Orleans, had charge of the work in psychology and education at the summer school at Tulane. Although still a young woman, Miss Cross has been identified for some years with the best educational interests of Louisiana as teacher and conductor of teachers' institutes She has also inspired the establishing of schools in many towns and the building of better school houses. She holds the degree of M. A. from Columbia university, and a master's diploma from the Teachers' College of New York.—F. M. A., Woman's Journal.

> KILLS A GRAMPUS IN WEIR. Fishing Boat Crew Has Hard Fight to

Subdue the Creature. When the Blatchford weir crew went off to their harbor trap recently they found an 18-foot grampus in the netting.
Having but limited room the creature

The hook was thrust into the head of the grampus. At once the cetacean put up a vigorous protest. If it could have turned its head downward it would have A. did not mean to be guilty of mis-representation, far less of untruthfulness through the weir, but the rope fastened

B's eventual politeness changed the focus through which the other regarded ening to tumble bodily into the boat. her and now she could not do anything but it fell to one side, simply deluging or be that was not right.

but it fell to one side, simply deluging the craft and its occupants. Holding It is, of course, natural to be affected by other people's conduct toward us; it would be unnatural to wish to make friends with those who obviously do not like us; but to make our opinion of other people's moral and make our opinion of other axe with vigor, directing their efforts to the crushing of the thick skull. Again and again the axe swung with all the strength of the wisher descended and strength of the wielder, descended and at last the great sea animal turned upon its side dead. David C. Smith bought the grampus and had it towed to his shore front.-Provincetown Cor. Boston

Green Corn.

Baked Corn-Take off the course outer husks from young corn, turn back the inner and remove the silk. Bring the in-ner husks back over the end, tie in place and lay in the oven. Bake about twen-

Broiled Sweet Corn-Boil the ears of corn two minutes, then drain and dry on a towel. Place on a broiler and toast over glowing coals or under the gas stame until a good brown. Season with salt and send to the table in a napkin.

What To Do With Left-Over Corn—Cut from the cob, then chop very fine. Put over the fire in a shallow pan, adding milk to moisten slightly. Let it just come to a bail no more or it will be come to a boil, no more, or it will be hopelessly toughened; season well with salt, pepper and butter and serve at

Corn Boiled in Milk-Another nice way to cook tender corn is in milk. In this case husk the corn and drop into the boiling milk. Cook just five minutes from the time it begins to boil. Keep covered closely while cooking and serve as soon as done. Where there is a large family to be provided with corn, it is wiser to cook the corn in relays.

Corn Fritters—Cut the kernels from four good-sized ears young corn. Add two beaten eggs, half a teaspoonful salt. a saltspoonful pepper, a cup of flour pressed down and heaped a little, and a cup cold milk. Have ready a hot frying pan well greased and drop in the batter by spoonfuls. There should be enough for a dozen. Do not let the fritters touch. Cook in relays, frying on one side four minutes, then turn and fry the other. These are delicious as an accompaniment for chicken or to serve

for breakfast. Green Corn Omelet-Score the rows of four large ears of corn and scrape out the pulp. Mix with five well-beaten eggs, whites and yolks together, one table-spoonful cream, half a teaspoonful salt and pepper to season. Heat a frying pan, drop in a tablespoonful butter and grease every portion of the sides and bottom. Pour in the omelet and tilt the pan, sliding a thin-bladed knife under the omelet to prevent its sticking. When nearly cooked on top the stove, set in the oven to finish. Then fold over and turn

onto a hot platter.

Corn Soup—Score the kernels of nice Corn Soup—Score the kernels of fince corn and press out the pulp until you have a full pint. Add to the pulp a pint of water and cook ten minutes. Cover the cobs with another pint of water in a separate kettle and cook the same length of time. Meanwhile add a sliced onion with a pulp and the pint of the help. to a quart of milk andt bring to the boiling point. Add to the corn that has cooked ten minutes and cook twenty minutes longer. Strain and press through a puree sieve, add the water strained from the cobs, then thicken with a teaspoonful of flour stirred smooth with a tablespoonful butter. Cook a few mo-ments longer, add a teaspoonful fine minced parsley with salt and pepper to taste, and a cupful croutons and serve as hot as possible.

Ban on Jokes and Courtin' Items. We are anxious to secure some good orrespondents in each locality in the

Correspondents who will give us the real news; no jokes or courting items needed, but we want "scribs" who will send in good, wholesome news; for such

#### NCIES OF INTEREST.

It is reported that the efforts of N. O. Nelson, the St. Louis millionaire philanthropist and idealist, to convert the little town of Dublin, Ind., into a Utopian colony, has met with failure. The people of Dublin took little interest in his plans to erect public buildings in which each citizen was to be a part owner. The property has been disposed of and will be turned into a private residence. At first there was a large number of young men who took advantage of the philanthrophy of Mr. Nelson, but the novelty wore off and the attendance fell away. Mr. Nelson had planned to away. Mr. Nelson had planned to spend about \$100,000 in Dublin in various enterprises.

After having been treated unsuccess fully by several physicians during her lifetime for a mysterious disease, Edward Walton of Danville, Ind., died, and an autopsy revealed that she had been afflicted with what is known as an "hourglass stomach." There was a con-traction through the middle, making practically two stomachs, and to a great degree destroying the functions of the organ. The case is regarded as remarkable, and none of the doctors had ever seen anything of the kind, though all had read of rare cases in the medical journals. Prior to her affliction, Mrs. Walton weighed 210 pounds, but at the time of her death had wasted away until she weighed little more than 100 pounds.

Buster, a bulldog owned by Frank Goodale, Waterbury, Conn., casts about him all day for the choicest dainties of free lunch and is tolerated in all the best cafes, because his master lives at the Connecticut hotel. Conrad Stokes of the Brooklyn district has a blue Skye terrier that subsists entirely on insects

While Dr. Koch is discovering the tuberculosis germ, and the inventors are busy solving the problem of aerial navigation, it remains for a prosperous farmer living in the vicinity of Burchinal, la., to bring to light a new method of keeping his stock within the limits of his own farm. A bull has persisted in breaking through the pasture fence, getting into neighboring cornfields. farmer tried every means in catalogue, from gentle pleading to forceful persuasion-all in vain. At last, be coming exasperated, he took down his old muzzle-loader from the wall, and filling it with fine shot and a liberal charge of "Dupont," proceeded to "pepper" the animal every time he made a break for the fence. The method proved to be so effective that the farmer began to apply it to his wayward swine as He has found it a "killing" method, however.

After destroying stumps in a field at Bremen, Ind., Oscar Nuff left a pile of dynamite sticks near a dilapidated fence. The farmer's two prize steers then put their heads through an aperture and ate all the explosives. Nuff returned a few minutes later from the field in quest of additional dynamite and discovered one of the big red animals calmly licking the turf at the very spot where the sticks had reposed. Not realizing that his steers had become animated torpedoes, and thinking only of the loss in dollars, Nuff let go of his temper, and seizing a boulder hurled it at the nearest of the two living bombs. In an instant the air was rent by a terrific crash, a red flame shot out, a second explosion following immediately. When the smoke had cleared the space was vacant, the fence was in splinters and the grass was scorched. The dynamite in the first steer had been exploded by the impact of the rock against the animal's ribs and the detonation set off the charge in the stomach of the other steer. Nuff was uninjured, but was somewhat dazed by the remarkable event.

"Burglars," described as being the biggest geese that ever broke into a home, invaded the sleeping apartment of President Edward J. Flannagan of the Cottage club of Far Rockaway, L. I., the other morning. President Flannagan, surprised in his beauty sleep by the entrance of the "burglars," sprang from his bed and beat a hasty retreat down the stairs. He was met there by sleep by the property of t a sleepy-eyed group, in pajamas armed with tennis racquets, baseball bats and walking sticks. The police were notified that burglars were in the clubhouse. Backed by the bluecoats, the clubmen investigated. The "burglars" proved to be six large wild geese that had flown in at the open window.

"High Card Dick" appealed to Mayor Markbreit of Cincinnati, O., for advice. He wants to know how a man who has spent twenty of his forty years of life behind penitentiary walls can straighten up and earn an honest living. He says he has tried and has almost given up hope of being able to do it. His right name is Richard Sarner. He is known in the various police departments of this country and Europe as the greatest card sharp the world has ever pro-

"When you've been crooked so long, he said in the mayor's office, "and know how many suckers there are and how easy these suckers are, it's awfully hard to keep out of it. It's an awful temptation. Besides a penitentiary sentence means food and shelter at least. Honesty hasn't furnished me those. But I'll stick now if I strave. I would like to know though how I can prevent starvation if possible."

Memories of a gentle maid with a soft voice and tender touch survived a delirium of two years ago, when Durban C. Greiner of Beach Haven, N. C., then a student at the University of Pennsylvania, lay dangerously ill from brain fever in the Atlantic City hospital and began a romance which had a happy sequel today, when Greiner took his bride, Miss Catherine Doherty, the fair vision of his dreamy days. Greiner, who was a member of the class of '08, came here two years ago so broken down from overstudy that he had to be taken to the hospital. Miss Doherty was assigned to take care of him, and under her tender treatment he was nursed back to health Love did the rest, and before Greiner left the institution he had her promise to wed him. Greiner returned to his studies, waited until he had grad-uated and had secured a position with a firm in Texas, and then came to the shore to claim his bride. They were married at the Hotel Ravenroyd by Rev. Melville W. Snyder, pastor of St. Paul's M. E. church, and they will go at once to their new home.

The most remarkable family in Pennsylvania is that of Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Bear of Penn township. They have sev en sons and two daughters, who know the ins and outs of the farmhouse kitchen from beginning to end. Every one Review. of them loves farm work, and they know how to keep themselves busy on a 130acre farm, which is one of the best kept in the county. Hired men and hired girls are unknown. The boys see that the plowing and sowing are done at proper time and that the cattle are fed properly, and the girls, assisted by some f the smaller boys, look after the milking, as one of the largest herds of cows in the neighborhood is taken care of on this farm. Each one of the sons has

his own work with the exception of the baby. Even the barefooted little lad sees that the woodchest in the kitchen is always filled and that the boilers on the stove are filled with water, while every other one does his or her duty from day to day like clockwork. Bear has taught the girls to bake the old-fashioned hearth bread and funnel cakes, and to make cup cheese

George Ladenburger of Dover, Del. has a sure enough curiosity in the posses sion of a red eyed chicken. It is not the eyelids that are red, as might be inferred. but the eyes themselves.

The eyeballs are not bloodshot or in-flamed, but are of a brilliant crystal red, while the sights are also red, but of a darker hue.

So transparent are the eyes that when the head of the chicken is held between your vision and the sun it appears as if the sun were shining through from one eye to the other and the head lighted up inside.

The chick is as healthy and can see as

perfectly as any of the brood.

Ohio's schoolma'ams who were present at the teachers' institute in Cincinnati, O., when Prof. H. W. Rose of Oxford, England, lectured, were indignant when he said boys should not be taught by women because it "sissifies" them.

At the end of his lecture Prof. Rose was called upon for an explanation by the irate female educators, who did not appreciate his remarks. Some of the male teachers likewise agreed with the English professor, while others could not the

accept his theory. Several of the women, in discussing the Englishman's statement, recalled that President Roosevelt, William H. Taft, William Jennings Bryan, John D. Rocke-William Jennings Bryan, John D. Rocke-feller, Justices Fuller and Harlan of the United States supreme court, "Fighting Bob" Evans, Admiral Dewey, Gens. Miles and Corbin, and scores of other prominent Americans who are not to be thought of as "sissies." started their education under female instructors.

IN DENVER'S ELECTRIC AIR. All the Trolley Cars Stop When a Thun-

derstorm Comes On. There is one city in this country where motormen and conductors of trolley cars don't mind a bit when they see a thunderstorm approaching, because it means that they can have a rest and won't be called down for being behind their schedule. That city is Denver.

The atmosphere of Denver seems to have an extra supply of electricity, and whenever they have an electric storm there it is apt to play hob with dynamos and anything that runs electrically. For that reason it is a rule of the street car company that at the first sign of lightning every car must stop and stay right where it is until the electric display has

It is a common sight in Denver to see streets before the pavements are even wet. On these occasions the motormen and conductors settle themselves comfortably, read the newspapers and enjoy themselves. So do most of the passengers, who haven't the impatience of the east. But it's the employes who really have the snap, for it means a good rest for them .- New York Sun.

Why He Lost His Friends

He was always wounding their feelings, making sarcastic or funny remarks at their expense. He was cold and reserved in his man-

ner, cranky, gloomy, pessimistic.

He was suspicious of everybody.

He never threw the doors of his heart

onndence He was always ready to receive assistance from his friends, but always too busy or too stingy to assist them in their time of need.

He regarded friendship as a luxury to be enjoyed, instead of an opportunity for service.

He never learned that implicit, generous trust is the very foundation stone of friendship. He never thought it worth while to spend time in keeping up his friendships. He did not realize that friendship will not thrive on sentiment alone; that there must be service to nourish it.

He did not know the value of thought-

fulness in little things.

He borrowed money from them. He was not loyal to them.

He never hesitated to sacrifice their eputation for his advantage. He was always saying mean things about them in their absence.

He measured them by their ability to advance him.—Success Magazine.

Wit of Wu.

Of the famous Wu Ting-fang, who is said to have become a recent convert to vegetarianism, a Washington correspondent said the other day: "Vegetarianism may strengthen Mr. Wu's body; his brain requires no tonic. A nore brilliant mind doesn't exist. In my last interview with him he rattled off, as ou or I would rattle off weather talk, hese epigrams: "'He who expects to find pleasure in

vice and boredom in virtue is still novice in both.'

"The most timid woman has courage enough to talk scandal." "The rich meet relations in the most distant foreign lands, but the poor man can hardly find them in his own fam-

ily.'
"The prison, though locked day and night, is always full.'"-Washington Star.

Agricultural Pest in France.

So great have been the ravages caused by the dodder—a leafless, twining, parasitic plant—that a decree has been issued by the French president prohibiting its importation into the country. It is a veritable scourge, attacking and destroying hops, vines, clover, peas, tomatoes
and many other kinds of agricultural
produce. Once having found its way

state and city public service boards, prointo any district it is most difficult to get rid off, and constitutes a permanent source of anxiety to the farmer. Cutting down, burning and poison have all been tried with unsatisfactory results.— London Globe.

Finest Walk in the Isles.

The finest walk in the British Isles is probably the walk from Beauly up Glen Affric, and down to Loch Duich on the west coast, through the savage pass of Glen Lichd. Impending over Glen Affric on the north are the giants of middle Ross, the peaks of Mam Soul and Carn Ross, the peaks of Mam Soul and Carn Eige dominating a long range of 3000-feet peaks. Northwards and southwards, and still more to the west, the 3000-footers throng. In the valleys almost the sole inhabitants are the reddeer and the roe; on the tops the eagle and the hill fox are much oftener met with than human creatures.—Scottish Review

Modest Maiden.

Miss Goodley—Yes, Miss Prim was going to write to her fiance today, but she was just lounging around in a dressng gown and she was too lazy to get dressed up.

Miss Ascum—Why should she get dressed up just to—
Miss Goodley—Oh, my, she wouldn't think of writing to him while she was in deshabille.—Philadelphia Press.

#### WHAT LABOR IS DOING.

There is a movement under way to organize a building trade section of the American Federation of Labor in Fargo, N. D.

The International Brotherhood of Painters and Decorators of America has increased its membership more than 6000 since April 1.

Thes American section of the boot and shoe workers' international body now has more than \$100,000 in its emergency fund, deposited and bearing interest

In Harrisburg, Pa., a city ordinance has been passed which prohibits the employment of foreign labor on any municipal work undertaken in the future.

The only industries employing children in large numbers are the glass, shirts, tobacco, cigars and cigarettes and the textile industries throughout the country.

A reorganization of the building trades A reorganization of the building trades unions has been brought about in Buffalo, N. Y., after many years of bitter warfare. The new organization is a branch of the building trades department of the American Federation of Labor. The Buffalo branch is highly prosperious and has at present a membership. perous and has at present a membership of about 10,000.

The semi-annual report for the Brick-layers and Masons' International union-for the term ending June 30, 1908, shows a total membership in good stand-ing of 64,557 men

State Coal Mine Inspector Young of Wyoming has recommended to the governor of that state that the Hanna mine at Cheyenne be sealed forever as a tomb for the forty-nine miners buried there in an accident last May. The inspector says the management violated the laws governing the protection of underground

The fourteen cases brought in the circuit court of Jefferson City, Mo., last spring against the Missouri Pacific railway by J. G. Slate, prosecuting attorney, for violation of the eight-hour telegraphers' leaves are dispussed by the control of the state of the control of the ers' law were dismissed by the prosecutors because the supreme court had re cently declared the law unconstitutional

Printers are greatly interested in a movement to exhibit photographs and literature of the Union Printers' home and tuberculosis sanitarium annex at Colorado Springs, Colo., at the coming world's tuberculosis congress, which will held in Washington, D. C., during the latter part of next month and which promises to be of great importance.

Cooks, pastry cooks and chefs of Greater New York, to the number of 300 and upward, have recently formed a local union of the Hotel and Restaurant Employes' International alliance. The 5000 or more cooks of Greater New York work from fourteen to sixteen hours a day in the fall and winter time, the street cars stalled all about the but during the summer there is little or no employment for them.

> The carpenters at Virgues, Porto Rico,, have formed a new union recently.

Penal and reformatory institutions have invested \$4,500,000 in machinery used by

In Alabama, Florida, Mississippi and Virginia convicts are so worked as to be a source of profit to the state.

The Marine, Longshoremen and Trans port Workers' association has decided to increase its per capita tax from 5 to 15 cents.

The recent Scottish Trade Union conwide open to people, or took them into gress passed resolutions in favor of old age pensions and in favor of compulsory intervention in labor disputes.

> The eight-hour demonstration in Brisbane, Australia, recently was marked by the participation for the first time in the history of the day of organized women workers.

> The first annual report and balance sheet of the National Union of Journar ists shows that the union, which twelve months ago had not one formally constituted branch, has now a large num-ber in England and Wales, which embrace a membership of over 1000. The movement for perfecting the smal-gamation of the various branches of the

> lithographers' unions into one central body will mean the merging of over 100,000 members of the lithograph trades into one organization, which will have great strength throughout the United States.

In Wheeling, W. Va., there are more than forty stogie factories. All of them are union shops. In them over 800 stogie makers, all union men, are employed. and, in addition to these, between 400 and 600 apprentices, not to mention the several hundred tobacco workers employed.

With a general resumption of work in the coal mines of Indiana, the district officials of the United Mine Workers are claiming a victory in their fight with the operators, and that, too, after rejecting the proposition submitted by Na-tional President Lewis at a recent conference.

The printing course established by the Kansas State Agricultural college was favorably commented upon in the current issue of The Typographical Journal, the official magazine of the International Typographical union. The college is located at Manhattan, Kan., and the newly established course takes four vears.

The United Railway Men's organization of the state of New York, which is a legislative body made up of members of the five railroad brotherhoods, will hold a special meeting shortly at which state and city public service boards, pro-viding for the appointment of a repre-sentative of labor on both boards.

Every precinct in the city of Chicago will be politically organized in the interest of organized labor at the coming election, if the plans of the political action committee of the Chicago Federation of Labor bears fruition. Reports from union leaders in various sections of city indicate that there is a strong sen-timent among members of labor unions in favor of the policy suggested by President Gompers, to defeat the opponents of organized labor at the polls and to elect those friendly to it. Several ward organizations have already been perfect-

Easy for Aunt Mahaly.

"These stockings are so full of holes that they are worthless, Aunt Mahaly," said a lady to an old colored woman with a large family, who was a pension-

er of her family.
"No'm, dey ain't," replied Aunt Mahaly, calmly appropriating them. "Rastus en' Verbena got such black laigs dat de holes won't show nehow, en' dem chilluns what got yaller meat kin wear two pairs at de same time en' you knows, Mis' Jo, dat de holes in all dem stockin's ain't gwine hit the same places."Youth's

Companion. It Pays to Advertise.



CAUSES OF INTERNATIONAL DISPUTES.

By Baron Takahira.



A careful study of the international disputes establishes that they arise almost as much, if not more, from the internal conditions of the country affected as they do from the condict of outside interests. It is a peculiar feature of such questions that where they occur there are almost always signs of disorder, retrogresion or misgovernment.

In this respect political observation somewhat resembles meteorological observations. The rain comes down BARON TAKAHIKA. from where there are clouds. International disputes develop where there are undesirable

conditions of life. I do not, of course, mean to say that the less modern or the less organized States are in the wrong in all international questions. On the contrary, there are cases in which such countries deserve sincere sympathy; but it is an undeniable fact that the less modern or the less organized States present more frequently a cause of public anxlety on account of international disputes, and it may be reasonably questioned whether the unsettled condition they present, politically, economically or otherwise, does not frequently lead to such disputes.

#### MAN THE CREATURE OF ENVIRONMENT.

By Ada May Krecker.

Even in the simpler, even in the simplest, matters, but let a phenomenon recur or persist and its results are foreordained to ramify surprisingly and to waft unforeseen effects into unexpected places. Of this the everyday soot of an everyday city supplies a case in point. Its influences on clothes and complexions and atmosphere and petty ease doubtless have been ventilated more or less by most dwellers in city tents beyond the belt of anthracite. But if pursued by some of our Parisian psychologists and statisticians who revel in infinitesimal analyses and who delight in adding to numbers golden numbers, the results accruing from city smokefulness might acquire gigantic bigness. There might be traced in the several members and organs of our bodies the diseases bred by the grime, and there might be discovered

a Chicago lung, a Pittsburg skin, a St. Louis eye. From an enforced and prolonged absence of beauty 'tis but a step to the loss of taste and the esthetic sense. But here the psychologists take up the tale, averring, besides, that somber hues make a somber man. They rate all dark hues as depressing, deadening, enervating, the light and brilliant colors as energizing, vivifying, exalting. To the dark occult psychologists add the malignance of

hatred, selfishness, suspicion, jealousy, greed, and their nearest of dreadful kin

Those who live always amid sunshine and balmy breezes are readily crushed by the first outburst of storm. whereas the sterner hearts, destined to rise only in face of difficulties dire and dangers, grow a rude, robust obstinacy and forcefulness that stand their success in good stead. So the Parisian may conclude that, albeit a sorry blight on our sunless cities, the smoke in divers times and places has blown us some small measure of good.

WOMAN'S DISCOVERY OF HERSELF.

By Rev. William Bustard.

One of the greatest discoveries of the past twenty-five years has been woman's discovery of herself. She has reached that stage where she knows she is not a doll, an angel or a slave, but a woman, and claiming her rights and privileges. Once, to be born a girl was to be born a

nonentity; in this age to be born a girl means a bundle of possibilities, with a power to influence the world for good or evil. Many young girls have gone into commercial life, and they have gained success through punctuality, being industrious and minding their own business. The woman who minds her own business is to be praised and respected. More girls go

The trouble with our American mothers nowadays is that they try to fit their daughter only for her society entrance. It is all right to be a society woman, but it is better to be a woman in society. We are emphasizing the word society too much and the word woman too little.

COLLEGE STUDENTS WASTE TIME.

By Chancellor MacCracken.

Four years of intelligent, faithful work in the average college gives a young man a decided advantage in the work of the professional school; four years of college, spent as the worst third of college students, especially in the largest colleges, prefer to spend them, is worse than wasted. Lord Bacon wanted students to allot their time, one-third to sleep, one-third to meals, recreation and prayers, and one-third to work.

Many college students, especially in the larger colleges, prefer to amend the third division. Their allotment would be read thus: One-third to sleep, one-third to meals, recreation and prayers, meaning college prayers, when required, but instead of the one-third for work, substitute one-third for athletics, college societies, college politics, with just enough attention to the demands of the faculty to keep the name of the student on the college roll

#### CHECKING A BUNDLE.

The Way the Tired Man Saved Himself Labor and Trouble. One day a man went into a very big store. He had a heavy package with

Not in the sense you mean, smartles,

but in the real sense. He had to go two blocks farther down the street and didn't want to carry the package. So he decided that

he would leave it in the check room. He asked a floorwalker who looked ike a United States Senator, but who was a perfect gentleman, where the check room was. The floorwalker said:

the Wabashside"

and found he had made a mistake. He knew it was himself who had made the mistake, for as nice a man as couldn't have made a mistake.

Finally after he had lugged his bundle thirty-two blocks hunting the check cane all the ships crossing the Atlantic room, had found the check room and two blocks to the other place and was the nerve racking jarring started also. through for the day.

Then he soliloquized: "How should I ever have got through or stood the wear and tear of that long

two blocks carrying that bundle? - It it hadn't been for the check room syst tem, what could I have done?"-Chicago News

WHICH WAS RIGHT?

See if You Can Untangle the Knots in This Problem.

A young man named Enathlus desired to learn eloquence and art of pleading, and he bargained with Protagoras, the ancient Greek sophist, for instructions, agreeing to pay one-half of the fee down and the other half on the first day he gained a case. It took the young man so long to learn that his tutor came to the conclusion that he was delaying his start in business to avoid paying the other half of the fee, so Protagoras sued him for the

When the case came up for trial Protagoras said to the young man: "You act most absurdly, young man, because in either case you must pay me. If the judges decide against you, you Peel and squeeze eight large oranges ed to pray for others. "Beodan," to must pay, and if they decide for you and two lemons. Put the juice of the proclaim, is a kindred word and has you must pay, for you will then have

"You are wrong," replied the young man. "I will win either way. If the not have to pay, for this last was the very bargain between us-namely, if I

did not win my case." The judges considered the case inexplicable, and as they could not see their way to any decision they adjournfor any of the principals. On Protagoras' side it was a case of losing when he won and on the young student's side

winning when he lost. People have no sympathy with a

## WILBUR WRIGHT UP 91 MINUTES IN AEROPLANE

AMERICAN BREAKS ALL RECORDS IN FLIGHT AT LE MANS, FRANCE.

FRENCHMEN ALL GO "WILD."

Enthusiastic to Highest Degree When Foreigner Soars About Perfectly Controlling Machine.

INJURED BROTHER OVERJOYED.

LE MANS, France, Sept. 21.-Wilbur Wright, the American aeroplanist, flew in his machine at the Austours field here today for one hour, thirty-one minutes and fifty-five seconds. This is the world's

Frenchmen Cheer Aviator.

As the daring aviator sailed around the field time after time, the official watches clipping off the minutes, then the hour and finally the hour and a half mark, the crowd of Frenchmen below began to cheer. This demonstration continued long after Wright made the descent and then he was surrounded and the more enthusiastic ones wanted to carry him off the military grounds on their shoulders. Wright, always a hero among the peas-ants and residents of Le Mans, is now worshipped.

"I could have remained in the air longer," said Wright upon touching the ground. "I wil' try for longer flights just as soon as the fuel tank on the aeroplane is much larger. My brother and I have now the world's record in both hemispheres, but we are not content. We have solved the problem of aerial navigation and will continue our demonstrations.'

Will Fly in England.

It is now stated upon good authority that Wright will try for the prize in a flighmt from London to Manchester, a distance of 150 miles, allowing three stops for replenishing the fuel supply. He will also compete for the Michelin and Aero club prizes here, and if his trials are successful, it means that he will return to America a rich man.

Orville Wright Pleased. FORT MEYER, Va., Sept. 21.—Or-ville Wright, who met with disaster in his last flight on the parade grounds, was overjoyed when he learned of his brother's triumph. He still feels keenly the death of his companion, Lieut. Selfridge, but received the news from France

with the greatest pleasure.
"It is no surprise to me," he said. "We have a machine which is no longer an experiment. We can fly, and it will only take a short time to perfect the mechan-ism and art of managing it. The recent accident has taught me a lesson which will be of great profit when I am able to leave the hospital and resume the flights."

#### BIG VESSEL DISABLED.

Steamer Mauretania Loses Propeller Passengers Have Exciting Trip in the Storm.

NEW YORK, Sept. 21.-Passengers on the liner Mauretania, the largest ship afloat, had a terrifying experience in midocean last Thursday, when, through an accident to one of the propeller shafts and propellers, the vessel bobbed up and down for nearly five minutes like springless wagon on a corduroy road. The corridors and gangways were filled with terrified women, many of "Threeaislesoverdownstairsandoveron through the main saloon attired only in

chemise and a feather boa.

Fourteen firemen, at work in the coal He went there, wherever that was, bunkers, were buried under piles of coal, precipitated upon them by the vertical jarring of the ship. One of them sus tained a broken arm, another a broken leg, and the scalp of still another a floorwalker with a Prince Albert on so lacerated as to require twenty-three

There was a terrific gale blowing at the time of the accident-the same hurrithis week encountered. The big vesse deposited his bundle, he walked his siashed around on the waves lot deposited his bundle, he walked his hour, and when the engines started again

#### ANOTHER CHELSEA FIRE

Unfortunate Massachusetts City Has Blaze Which Destroys Section Untouched on April 12.

CHELSEA, Mass., Sept. 21.-Nearly an acre of wooden buildings on the north side of the Boston & Maine tracks in this city, which escaped the conflagration of April 12, were swept away today by another disastrous fire, entailing a loss of \$300,000.

The principal buildings destroyed were: Atwood & McManus box factory; Pope & Cottle lumber yard; Lee Brothers' shoe factory; Larrabee & Co., shoe string factory; the Chelsea Bottling company's factory, and seven tenement

The bounds of the fire were West Third street, the Boston & Maine tracks, Everett avenue and Carter street.

#### "LITTLE JIMMIE" DEAD.

Leader of Minneapolis Theater Orchestra Weighed 450 Pounds and Was Popular in Theatrical World.

ST. PAUL, Minn., Sept. 21.-James Latourelle, known as "Little Jimmie" to the theatrical people who came to the Twin cities because of his immense size and weight, which was 450 pounds, died at his home in this city yesterday. "Lit-tle Jimmie" was the leader of the orwas the chestra in a local vaudeville theater and had occupied the same position in a the ater in Minneapolis for several years. He was 35 years of age. Besides leading the orchestra, he frequently appeared on the stage as a musical soloist.

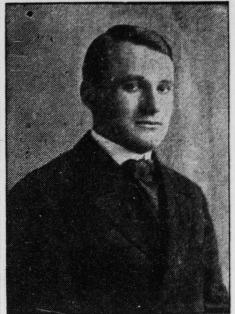
NAVY NURSE CORPS.

Newly Created Division of Bureau of Medicine. The woman nurse corps of the navy.

which was created by act of Congress in the last session, is now assuming shape. Miss Esther V. Hassan has been appointed superintendent of the corps and has been established in a corps and has been established in a newly created division of the bureau of medicine and surgeny, which will have charge of all matters relating to the corps. Examinations will soon be held for nurses, and about twenty will be man who has been out of a job too corps. Examinations will soon be new for nurses, and about twenty will be

selected to take a preliminary course at the Naval Medical Hospital school. These nurses will be housed near the school in temporary quarters and will familiarize themselves with the general workings of a naval hospital. If at the end of a six months' course they are nd to answer the mental, moral physical conditions imposed, they will be sent to the eighteen general hos-pitals of the navy department. This will be the beginning of the building up of this corps, and it is hoped to begin the instruction of the first applicants early in October.—Tribune Bureau.

Lieut. Selfridge, Martyr to Aeronautic Science.



The spot where Lieut. Selfridge lost his life at Fort Myer, near Washington, when he and Orville Wright fell with the Wright airship has been marked by a stake and it is believed that within a short time a monument will be erected to the young officer who risked his life for science.

#### CHOLERA GRIPS RUSSIA

OVER 150 DIE IN ONE DAY IN CZAR'S DOMAIN.

Plague Rapidly Spreading and Many Restaurants Are Closed in Capital.

ST. PETERSBURG, Sept. 21.-The cholera is increasing rapidly day by day some ribs broken and his life endanin St. Petersburg. The efforts of the gered and the aeroplane with which he authorities in stopping the sale of liquor had been daily breaking records crushed between Saturday and Monday and the other preventative measures taken have had but little if any effect in checking the spread of the epidemic.

Between noon of Sunday and noon of today the principal hospitals reported dence and his nerve did not fail him in 380 cases and 155 deaths, and the addition of the statistics from the military much of pain for him, mentally as well and suburban hospitals for this same period of time will swell this total to truly formidable proportions. There are thirty-four cases of policemen alone in the ty-four cases of policemen alone in the Seminoffsky military hospitals.

Dispatches received here from these provinces report 488 new cases and 201 deaths in twenty-four hours, Rostov-onthe-Don furnishing 182 cases and 80

The police of St. Petersburg today summarily closed several restaurants that had violated the order against the sale of spirits and seized the stocks of

ome unlicensed dealers.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Sept. 21.-With cholera increasing both in the Philippines and in Russia the govern-ment authorities here are watching the situation abroad with great interest. Extraordinary measures have been taken with a view of suppressing the outbreak in the Philippines as far as possible and to prevent the spread of the cholera of the Russian ports from which immigrants leave for this country.

Governor General Smith, in a dispatch

Governor General Smith, in a dispatch right, twenty feet more and it would to the insular bureau, says that up to 6 have righted. We didn't have the tweno'clock this afternoon there were thirty-five cases in Manila and that cold rains today may result in more cases.

ARE FIGHTING PLAGUE. Manila Authorities Order Constabulary

to Assist.

MANILA, Sept. 21.-The civil commission, summoned in special session by Gov.-Gen., Smith to deal with the epidemic of cholera, today decided to order 200 members of the constabulary into the city to assist the health inspectors in their campaign against the plague. was decided to discourage, as far as possible, gatherings of the people and to refuse permits for fiestas and like celebrations. Additional physicians and more nurses have volunteered for service and have gone to the cholera hospital.

#### PARIS IS DEAD TOWN

French Capital Prostrated Commercially by Destruction of Telephone and Telegraph Wires.

PARIS, Sept. 21 .- Paris was practically prostrated commercially today as a result of the fire that 'ast night destroyed the central telephone building. the telephonic service between Paris and department of posts announced this aft-ernoon that the flames had destroyed also a large number of the long distance telegraph wires which were strung under the telephone headquarters. Consequently the telegraph service to England Belgium, Australia, the northern part of France and the suburbs of Paris is seriously affected and it is impossible to-day to handle the business offered.

#### NEW RAILROAD OPENED

Grand Trunk Pacific Completes Link in Third Trans-Continental Tracks Across Canada.

WINNIPEG, Manitoba, Sept. 21 .- Alfred W. Smithers of London, vice president of the Grand Trunk railway, assisted by Charles M. Hays, president of the Grand Trunk Pacific railway, today officially opened the Grand Trunk Pacific railway's third transcontinental railway across Canada which is now complete

## FORAKER WILL NOT SPEAK WITH TAFT

OHIO SENATOR CANCELS TALKING DATES ARRANGED BY NATIONAL COMMITTEE.

MAKES HIS OWN CAMPAIGN.

He Will Canvass State for Re-election, but Will Not Embarrass Presidential Nominee.

WILL WORK FOR REPUBLICANS.

CINCINNATI, O., Sept. 21.-Officially withdrawing from all speaking engagements in the national and state campaigns, United States Senator Joseph B. Foraker has announced that he will publicly answer the charges made by W. R. Hearst and will make a personal tour of the state in behalf of his own re-

election.

In a written request to National Chairman Frank H. Hitchcock, Senator Foraker asked to be relieved from the appointments which had been arranged for him by the national speakers' bureau, and in a communication to State Chairman Williams of the Ohio Republican committee he made the same request as to the engagements which had quest as to the engagements which had been arranged for him in this state.

As to Senator Foraker's senatorial candidacy, his positon is made plain in the following announcement:
"Senator Foraker will leave the selection of his successor to the Legislature, but will do all in his power to see that

a Republican Legislature is elected."
Throughout the negotiations, Judge Taft refused absolutely to comment for publication on the matter. It has since developed that he had at once taken the position that the joint engagement must be canceled. It also has developed that the candidate received insistant advice to take the initiative in the matter of cancelling the arrangements and that his reply was emphatic in this language: If it would win me every vote in the

United States, I cannot hit a man when he is down."

WRECKED AIRSHIP. Fall in Aeroplane Is' Told by Orville

Wright. WASHINGTON, D. C., Sept. 21 .-Lying on a hard bed, his leg in splints and hung from the ceiling in a support which pulls on it, Orville Wright described the accident in which Lieut. Selfridge was killed, Wright's leg and

into a shapeless mass.

Weak from pain and loss of sleep, Mr.

Wright's words were few and long pauses separated his short sentences.

But the indomitable courage of the man shone through everything he said—his short through everything he said through everything he said through everything he said through e going over the accident which held so

struck a wire guy. It was the guy to the rudder support rod. But I don't know how the wire got to the propeller. We tried those propellers in the house.

They did not hit anything.

"Somehow that propeller and that wire came together. The propeller hit the wire twice—lightly—then hard. I heard it. I didn't know what was happening. "Then we commenced to spin around. That was the unbroken propeller urging us onward. I cut off the motor-pulled the cord-and we lost headway. rudder was out of commission. It must have swung to one side-useless-as soon as the wire got loose from the tail. We can't stay up without headway. I heard Selfridge say: 'Oh, oh!' like that. That's all he said. I expected to right the machine. It was falling edgewise. The only way to get headway was to fall. We didn't fall far enough. It started to

"It seemed a long time-we fell very Everything seemed to hit me at I didn't lose consciousness I think fast. -but I was dazed and things seemed I could hear what was said. I could see Selfridge, he seemed to be on

all fours and was moaning.
"But it's all over; it can't be helped. Nothing makes much difference except Selfridge, poor Selfridge.
"I have not been strong enough to

think about any plans yet," he added. Wilbur has had messages from here. He knows just what the trouble was and he won't have it. It is hard for him wanting to be here and having to be there. But it wouldn't take long to have another machine here—we have them all built—they can be ready in a few days. I had a very nice from Secretary of War Wright.' A pause, then:

"I wish I knew how that wire got in that propeller."

### IN MATRIMONIAL GAME.

Young Minnesota Woman Is Arrested on Charge of Using Mails to Defraud.

FRESNO, Cal., Sept. 21.-The arrest of Mrs. Margaret Walder, a young wom-In addition to the total interruption of an who recently came from Minnesota, on a charge of using the mails to dethe provinces and foreign points, the fraud, is said to be due to the alleged conducting of a matrimonial agency with herself as the sole female client and attraction. Mrs. Walder is said to have obtained money from various correspondents of domestic tendencies who wished her to join them in various parts of the country. Her arrest, it is said. followed the investigation of a complaint made by S. R. Johnson, Jr., of Guthrie, Ok., who, it is said, had arranged to marry Mrs. Walder and purchase for her an \$18,000 ranch as a guaranty of his sincerity. Mrs. Walder is said to have left a husband and child in Minnesota.

#### Obedient Husbands.

Despite all the admonitions to perfect obedience which have for decades been carefully instilled into the feminine mind, it is an undoubted fact that this is an age not of obedient wives, but of bedient husbands. Some obey through love, some through fear and through a desire for peace; but all are alike insomuch that they are docile to a degree undreamed of in the middle ages or even in the Victorian era of Dundreary whiskers and baggy trousers.-Gentlewoman.

#### Fruit Punch.

apollinaris water and sugar to taste. Cut thin slices of lemon and let them float on the surface of the punch. When they are in season a few strawberries or cherries or a bit of pineapple may be added. Ladle out and drink in tumblers. Orange Sherbet.

Yn the old times the thirsty soul-or

or with lemonade The chief variation

upon this was iced tea and once in a

beverages open to the drinker of tem-

perance habits. We have improved

upon that sort of thing and have in-

troduced "soft" punches, in which our

old friend, lemonade, while still serv-

ing as a foundation, would not recog-

nize itself. Tea, too, is metamorphos-

ed, although hardly improved, and

other mixtures of which we did not

dream in earlier days are taken as a

matter of course. The house where the

pleasantest welcome and the best and

most refreshing thirst-quenchings are

offered is likely to be the one to which

the young people will flock, and we

need not fear that our boys and girls

will wander off to undesirable associa-

tions while they know that good things,

both spiritual and physical, await them

at home. None of the drinks given be-

Iced Tea Punch.

Make iced tea and turn it into a

punch bowl, on a big lump of ice. Add

to a quart of the strong tea a table-

spoonful of lemon juice, a bottle of

low contains liquor of any sort.

turn in a quart of apollinaris.

apple, and after standing a few min-

Make a foundation of a good lemonade, allowing five lemons to a quart of water and sweetening to taste. To each quart of the lemonade allow half an orange, sliced, a tablespoonful of pierced round ornament,-Modern Sopineapple, cut into dice; a small ciety. banana, sliced, and a handful of cherries or strawberries or raspberries. "Why?" "He didn't tell me everything Let all stand half an hour before serv- I wanted to eat was bad for me!"ing, and turn into a punch bowl or London Opinion.

large pitcher with plenty of ice. Stir up well from the bottom before pouring

Iced Coffee. Make your coffee clear and strong, and add to it plenty of cream and no milk. The best plan is to have the clear coffee in a pitcher and add cream and sugar as it is needed. To those body-solaced itself with plain water who have never tried it let me say that there are many worse drinks on a hot day than good, clear coffee, served with

while iced coffee. These were the only plenty of ice and without cream or sugar. But the coffee must be of the

best and freshly made not the leftovers of the breakfast heverage Pineapple Lemonade. Boil two cups of sugar and a pint of water 10 minutes and then set it aside to cool. When it is cold add to it the juice of three good-sized lemons and a grated pineapple. Let this stand on the ice for two hours. When ready to serve add a quart of water, either

plain or "charged," and pour on a piece

of ice in a punch bowl or in a large Raspberry Shrub. For a foundation for this beverage one must have the old preparation of raspberry vinegar or raspberry royal. To five teaspoonfuls of this a quart of cold water must be allowed, and the mixture must be served with plenty of ice. If red raspberries to float on the surface of the punch cannot be procured, in their place may be used a cupful of shredded pineapple or a

banana cut into dice.

Beads. Apropos of beads, etymologists tell money. us the word comes from the rosaries which from time immemorial have been used to keep count of prayers, for "biddan" is to pray in the old Angle Saxon tongue, and "beadsman" is one employoranges into a bowl with a small cup its outcome in the "bidding prayer" of gained your case." of granulated sugar. After it has stood our universities, when pious founders 10 minutes, and the sugar is well melt- are remembered to the edification of ed, add a tablespoonful of minced pine- graceless undergraduates and in the judges are for me, I will not have to "bidding" of an auction room, when one pay, and if they are against me I will utes longer pour upon a block of ice in proclaims to what price one is willing a punch bowl. Just before serving to go. The tiny balls of wood or pearl or seeds or gems strung together for the purpose of counting prayers are used by Hindoo worshipers of Buddha, by Greeks, by Persians, by Roman Catholics. And from those prayer chaplets ed the case to a day that never came the word has passed to mean any

"I don't believe in that doctor."

None Likely to Infringe. I am a self-made man, I am." Well. I think there is one thing you

needn't worry about."
"What is that?" 'Taking out a patent."-Nashville American.

costs \$10,000.

# HELPFUL **ADVICE**



You won't tell your family doctor need not be afraid to tell Mrs. Pinkham, at Lynn, Mass., the things you drink could not explain to the doctor. Your letter will be held in the strictest confidence. From her vast correspond. ence with sick women during the past thirty years she may have gained the very knowledge that will help your case. Such letters as the following, from grateful women, establish beyond a doubt the power of

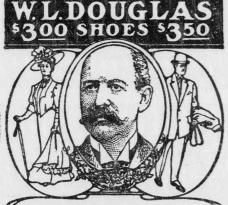
#### Lydia e. Pinkham's **VEGETABLE COMPOUND**

to conquer all female diseases Mrs. Norman R. Barndt, of Allentown, Pa., writes:

"Ever since I was sixteen years of age I had suffered from an organic derangement and female weakness; in consequence I had dreadful headaches and was extremely nervous. My physician said I must go through an operation to get well. A friend told me about Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and I took it and wrote you for advice, following your directions carefully, and thanks to you I am to-day a well woman, and I am telling all my friends of my experience.'

FACTS FOR SICK WOMEN. For thirty years Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, made

from roots and herbs, has been the standard remedy for female ills, and has positively cured thousands of women who have been troubled with displacements, inflammation, ulceration, fibroid tumors, irregularities, periodic pains, backache, that bearing-down feeling, flatulency, indigestion, dizziness, ornervous prostration.



W. L. Douglas makes and sells more men's \$3.00 and \$3.50 shoes than any other manufacturer in the world, be-cause they hold their shape, fit better, and wear longer than any other make Shoes at All Prices, for Every Member of the Family, Men, Boys, Women, Misses & Children

Family, Men, Boys, Women, Misses & Thildren W.L. Douglas \$4.00 and \$5.00 Gilt Edge Shoes cannot be equalled at any price. W. L. Douglas \$2.00 and \$2.00 aloes are the best in the world Feat Coolor Eyelets Used Ecoclusively. 37 Take No Substitute. W. L. Douglas mame and price is stamped on bottom. Sold everywhere. Shoes mailed from factory to any part of the world. Catalogue free. W. L. DOUGLAS, 157 Spark St., Brockton, Mass.

# Keeps the breath, teeth, mouth and body antiseptically clean and free from un-

healthy germ-life and disagreeable odors,

which water, soap and tooth preparations

alone cannot do. A germicidal, disin-fecting and deodorizing toilet requisite of exceptional excellence and economy. Invaluable for inflamed eyes, throat and nesal and uterine catarrh. At drug and toilet stores, 50 cents, or by mail postpaid.



WITH "HEALTH AND BEAUTY" BOOK BENT PRES THE PAXTON TOILET CO., Boston, Mass.

FOR SALE Small Tracts GULF COAST

TEXAS LANDS. General farming, fruit, truck raising. No firigation. Rich soil, good water and excellent climate Summer and Winter. Write for particulars, low rate excursion, etc. B. D. HURD CO., 1517 Marquette Bldg., Chicage BEST IN THE MARKET. FARM LANDS IN Wisconsin and Michigan-500,000 acres. \$4 per acre and up. 40-acre to 6000-acre tracts. Great opportunity for individuals or a colony. C. M. KENDALL, 434 Jefferson Street, Milwaukee,

GENTLEMEN-If you will send me your name and address we will send you free particulars concerning a mechanical device that will please you. INTERNATIONAL MFG. CO., Hagerstown, Md.

\$50 TO \$200 in spare time gathering ferns, evergreens, etc., receiving depot in every state. F. BARTON, Durham, Conn.

DEEP CRACKS FROM ECZEMA.

Lay Slate-Pencil in One-Hands in Dreadful State-Permanent Cure in Cuticura.

"I had eczema on my hands for about seven years and during that -The painting of the Forth bridge time I had used several so-called remedies, together with physicians' and druggists' prescriptions. The disease was so bad on my hands that I could lay a slate pencil in one of the cracks and a rule placed across the hand DIFFERS FROM MONARCHS would not touch the pencil. I kept using remedy after remedy, and while some gave partial relief, none relieved as much as did the first box of Cuticura Ointment. I made a purchase of Cuticura Soap and Ointment and my hands were perfectly cured after two boxes of Cuticura Ointment and one H. Dean, Newark, Del., Mar. 28, 1907."

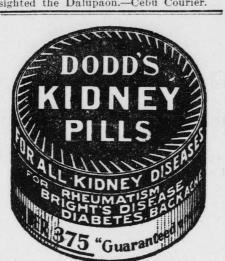
RESCUED FROM SHARKS.

Narrow Escape of Filipino Sailors from a Wrecked Vessel.

Capt. Carlos Krebbs, commander of he steamship Dalupaon, reports that last Sunday afternoon about 3 o'clock, while en route from Tudela to Iligan, the ship sighted four Filipinos clinging to a submerged banca surrounded by a school of sharks, which, even after the vessel had come alongside, persisted in hovering about the banca. The four men upon being picked up related a terrible tale of suffering and agony. They stated that they had left Basac, Negros, bound for the whole story about your private illness—you are too modest. You ran into heavy weather which caused not be afraid to tell Mrs. Pink. edge and washing away their food and

Shortly after that the weather cleared, leaving these poor mariners under the glare of a tropical sun. Then the sharks appeared, and to the agony of thirst and the pangs of hunger was added the ter-rific fate of becoming a morsel for a shark's tooth.

They had despaired of relief and every vestige of hope was gone when they sighted the Dalupaon.—Cebu Courier.



Louise Barbey's Romance.

M. Didier, a Frenchman of family and fortune, tells why Belle Louise Barbey. who died the other day, became a maid servant when she might have shone as a matron in society. Her romance prior to her death in the home of Mrs. John Brady, widow of Supreme Court Justice Brady, was a singular one. M. Didier was a school teacher and lived at the inn of M. Barbey, in the village of Tartas, in the south of France. He fell in love with the inn-keeper's daughter, who was his own age. When he left he held the girl's promise to some left he held the girl's promise to some day be his wife. But one day a friend, named Valdon, brought his sister to a fete at Mont De Marsac, and asked the school master to entertain her for a few minutes. While the couple were sitting by the roadside Louise passed in a carriage. She glanced scornfully at Didier, he says, and told the driver to whip up his horses. That night Didier sent her a letter of explanation, but it was not answered. As soon as possible he went to Tartas, where the hotel keeper told him Louise had disappeared the day following the fete in the other village. "I have wandered about all over the world in the last twenty-five years seeking my Louise," said M. Didier in the surrogate's office in Jamaica. "I never found any trace of her until a few days ago, when I saw in the papers that a French maid named Louise Barbey had died in a sanitarium. The trunks, which the story said, contained fine clothing against the time she should become a lady undoubtedly held her trousseu. She was never anything but a lady, no matter what place she took for her bread and butter. Just one note I received from Louise after she left. It was brief and only wished that I might be happy with my new sweetheart."

-St. Petersburg authorities have is-sued an order forbidding the students of cadet corps to read "Sherlock Holmes" and other stories of a similar character.

AFRAID TO EAT.

Girl Starving on Ill-Selected Food. "Several years ago I was actually starving," writes a Me. girl, "yet dared not eat for fear of the consequences.

"I had suffered from indigestion from overwork, irregular meals and improper food, until at last my stomach became so weak I could eat scarcely any food without great distress.

"Many kinds of food were tried, all with the same discouraging effects. I steadily lost health and strength until was but a wreck of my former self. "Having heard of Grape-Nuts and its great merits, I purchased a package,

me-I was so discouraged. "I found it not only appetizing but that I could eat it as I liked and that it satisfied the craving for food without causing distress, and if I may use the

but with little hope that it would help

expression, 'it filled the bill.' "For months Grape-Nuts was my principal article of diet. I felt from the very first that I had found the right way to health and happiness, and my anticipations were fully realized.

"With its continued use I regained COPPER, VULCAN, the multi-million dollar key mine to Lawson's Trinity, National and Bailaklala, Smelters, Exploration Stock, 25c. Will advance 1000 per cent. and again. "Brains and Bullion" ready to mail you. SHASTA BROKERAGE CO., Dunsmuir, Cal.

my usual health and strength. To-day I am well and can eat anything I like, yet Grape-Nuts food forms a part of my bill of fare." "There's a Reason." Name given by Postum Co., Battle my usual health and strength. To-day Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich. Read "The Road to Well-

> ville," in pkgs. Ever read the above letter? A new one appears from time to time. They are genuine, true, and full of human

## EUROPE RESPECTS OUR PRESIDENT

M. TARDIEU, FRENCH JOURNALIST, WRITES OF HIS IMPRESSIONS OF ROOSEVELT.

Strong Personality and Character Depicts a Type of American Citizenship.

NATIONAL, NOT A PARTY MAN.

Some months ago Andre Tardieu, foreign editor of Le Temps of Paris, visited this country, and had conversations with President Roosevelt and other prominent Americans which, when published at tracted considerable attention here and abroad, says the New York Times. These conversations, together with general observations on American society, polities, and diplomacy, have now appeared in Paris in book form under the title of "Notes sur les Etats-Unis." They constitute what is perhaps the best among recent books written by Frenchmen about this country.

Roosevelt a Type. Roosevelt a Type.

Theodore Roosevelt, President of the United States, declares the French editor, interests Europe more than any other ruler of a country. Often summary judgments are the best. Europe, which esteems Mr. Roosevelt highly, has, at a distance, judged him better than have his countrymen; she has understood that the eight years of his term of odice mark a period of the highest importance in American history. And she has likewise understood that the chief magisstrate of the United States is a forceful representative of the character of his country, that he is thoroughly in accord with the American nation. All this is true. And it appears all the more true when one observes close at hand instead of from a distance.

Optimism, action, character; these which

when one observes close at hand instead of from a distance.

Optimism, action, character; these, it seems to me, are the three things which direct Mr. Roosevelt's intellectual, moral, political, and private life. A financier said to me of him: "He does not govern. He preaches." I feel sure that the President will consider that criticism in the light of praise. He certainly does preach his theory of existence, and it is for this reason that, in what ne says and writes, there are repetitions, banalities, a certain degree of monotony, which is distasteful to the "intellectuals." Without discussing their conclusions, how can it be denied that their criticism is false? Mr. Roosevelt, who is far from a man of small education, who is highly cultured, speaks three languages, who has read and written a great deal, has never desired to be considered a man of letters. If he writes or speaks it is in order thereby to act. Whether he writes a magazine article or a book, or makes a speech, he considers it an instrument of action. He desires to make known his ideas; it matters little to him whether or not he does so artistically. He repeats himself because repetition is the best means of convincing people. He seeks not literary but practical effect. He thinks that he knows the truth. He is a lawyer who wishes to win his case, and, wishing to win his case, pleads with the prejudices of the jury in mind rather than the abstract rules of the game.

Roosevelt's Americanism.

What particularly characterizes his policy is its essential and emphatic Americanism. To express "the American ideal" by acts; that is its object. Ardent love of country, pride for what it is, solicitude for what it will be; that is the instrument. To handle it with success a spontaneous feeling of moral unity must be maintained among the citizens.

In order to practice Americanism in that

In order to practice Americanism in that way one must be strong. Mr. Roosevelt, more than any of his predecessors, has tried to develop the strength of the United States. To do this he had to go against the current. the current.

For a long time Americans would not believe in a foreign peril. During the seven years of his term of office Mr. Roosevelt has worked to awaken in their breasts the instinct of defense. "There are people who oppose the strengthening of our fleet," he wrote recently. The army and the next, are wrote recently. The army and the navy are the sword and buckler which the United States must carry if it is to do its duty among the nations of the earth.

Policy Is Aggressive.

In spite of opposition from some of his countrymen Mr. Roosevelt has carried his ideas to victory. His policy has been aggressive and real. Wherever there were American interests to protect—in Porto Rico, the Philippines, Panama, Cuba—he reminded his countrymen of their duty to protect those interests.

As far back as 1899, M. Tardieu oints out, Mr. Roosevelt said in a points out, Mr. Roosevelt said in a speech at Chicago: "We are a great people and must play a great part. All that we may decide on the subject whether we shall play it well or badly. whether we shall play it well or badly."
Thanks to him, the Frenchman continues, and to his colleagues, Messrs. John Hay, Elihu Root, and William Taft, the United States has played its part well. And nobody can deny that its position in the world today is stronger than it was ten years ago. The country has gone through a crisis of growth. During that crisis the President has been the conscience of the country; the living voice, one may say, of the nation's duty. His last act, the sending of the fleet to the Pacific, shows the same spirit. Rarely has a political act been more opportunely decided upon or more energetically carried out.

National Rather Than Party Figure. National Rather Than Party Figure.

Mr. Roosevelt has put into practice those ideas which he often expressed before coming into power. His great claim to merit, after setting aside isolated errors common to human nature in general, is that he has conceived a national policy rather than a party policy. In searching for the characteristic trait of the last quarter century one will find it to be the ever-growing intensity of international competition. That is what Mr. Roosevelt has clearly discerned. And that is why his entire policy has tended toward making that formidable partnership called the United States a power of the first order. That today is the first duty of rulers of nations. None of them has fulfilled it more ably or successfully than Mr. Roosevelt.

Here is a statement by Mr. Tardieu which, to many Americans, will provide food for thought;

Not Like William II.

Not Like William II.

Mr. Roosevelt has often been compared with Emperor William II. Never was comparison more arbitrary. The German Emperor is a man of keen and brilliant mind, but strikingly changeable. Mr. Roosevelt does not aim at brilliancy, and for thirty years almost has been repeating the same thing. William II, is a man of impressions. Mr. Roosevelt is obstinate. The Emperor frequently changes his ideas and opinions; his charm is in his suppleness. Mr. Roosevelt is riveted to his principles; his master virtue is his obstinacy. Read his articles of former years; you will find there all the doctrines advanced in his recent messages. Never was career his recent messages. Never was careed more coherent than his. He has been as a President what he was as a man. His private statements are identical with his political statements.

On the occasion of his first interview with Mr. Roosevelt, M. Tardieu was especially struck with the impression of oyous vigor and youth produced by the President. He found him younger than his pictures, younger than his age, seemingly not more than 40 years old, without the shadow of a "pose" about him. After excusing his bad French—an unrecessary precaution, declares the I'rench editor, for according to him, Mr. Roosevelt's French is excellent—the President invited him to luncheon the next day. At the table he made a number of the spot from all quarters.

"Good gracious! What is the matter now?" asked the peacemaker.

"Shure, sorr," was the reply. "the arbitrators are at work."—Tit-Bits.

ber of interesting statements to his visit-or, among them the following:

Interviewing the President.

You know the crusade which I am making and the attacks which it brings down upon me. I fight against plutocracy because I am the enemy of socialism and anarchy. Plutocracy is the worst form of government for a people. There is only one other equally detestable: demagogy. Government by money, government by the mob: one is as bad as the other. And plutocracy is the best ally of socialism and anarchy. In my own way I am a conservative, And it is for that reason that I fight plutocratic abuses.

By this time the President had become decidedly excited. He was no longer He was no paying any attention to eating. He was speaking with expressive gestures, with head, arms and body. He nipped in the bud all incipient interruptions. Holding his arms parallel to each other, he "canalized" his arguments toward him whom he was addressing.

Whom he was addressing.

I am aware, he continued, that men in Wall street denounce me as a Judas. But it is precisely because I speak to Americans the language of truth that I consider myself a good patriot. Let them attack me, I shall defend myself by appealing to the country's spirit of justice. I shall return the blows.

Attitude on Labor.

What do I say to laborers? That I am adoing and shall do for them whatever I can. But to shall do for them whatever I can. But to make reforms possible there is one thing essential: order. To guarantee it is the first duty of the head of a state. If order is disturbed reforms cannot be considered. If in a strike there are threats of disorder. I send troops; more than are necessary, in fact, in order that it may be known that soldiers will be on hand in force. This is the best method, in the interest of labor, for thus disorders are averted.

Order and reform; no reform without order.

As to the plutocrats who wish to make a Tyre or a Carthage out of us, they are

As to the plutocrats who wish to make a Tyre or a Carthage out of us, they are forerunners of anarchy. If left to themselves they would bring the country into a state of anarchy. For that reason it is that I fight them.

The dishonesty of certain rich men paves the way for violent acts by the poor. It is not right to say that I am the enemy of the people. I am the enemy of plutocracy and of anarchy.

Talks on France.

In another interview, commenting on M. Tardieu's remarks that France is suffering from the weakening of the executive power in favor of the legislative Mr. Roosevelt said:

That is true. It is a frequent risk in a democracy. But it is not the only danger. Thus, in the United States, what we have most lacked is the understanding that we have interests throughout the world. I wish that all Americans felt that American politics is world polities; that we are and shall be concerned in all great questions.

Why Fleet Was Sent. Apropos of sending the fleet to the Pacific, Mr. Roosevelt expressed himself

thus: Indis:

I did it for two reasons: First, because I wish to make Americans understand that their navy is a great and important thing, for which they should feel love and interest. This point, to be sure, is brought out in books and speeches, but that is not the same thing. Object lessons are more striking and impressive; I desire to have this image of the American fleet impressed into American minds.

American minds.

The second reason is that I wish to show other nations the power of the United States. As we say in America: "Speak softly and carry a big stick."

In summing up his impressions of the President M. Tardieu says:

Teddy is the representative American, in whom the Man in the Street sees the realization of his vague aspirations. All about him inspires affection, even his eccentrities. His taste for sports, his hunting adventures, his swims across the Potomac, all amuse a people which respects muscular prowess. Moreover, Mr. Roosevelt is a good and honorable man. He leads a model life. Thereby again he appeals to the moral instinct of the masses, which must be reckoned with always. One sees in him a chief magistrate who is honest, strong of will, and courageous. His virtues are more agreeable to the people than the abilities of professional politicians. Mr. Roosevelt amuses the United States and, at the same time, the United States respects him. President M. Tardieu says: time, the United States respects him. Therein lies the surest foundation for dur-

able popularity Wall Street Panics.

Among the rich he has many enemies Some have against him the grievances of Some have against him the grievances of a thief against a policeman. It was of these that he thought when he said: "It is a curious fact that whenever I say, 'Thou shalt not steal,' I unchain a panic in Wall Street."

Others, perfectly honorable men, resent his popular success, his constant personal interference in the affairs of the nation. Such men have that spirit of opposition which would impel them, with a President tending to efface himself, to extol the advantages of a strong hand.

Others, finally, consider that his policy is imprudent; that he does not use tact; that his diplomacy departs from traditional principles; that he uses new methods to excess.

excess.

On the other hand, in intellectual cir-On the other hand, in intellectual circles, he has warm friends.

The eminent philosopher William James said to me: "He has done his country the greatest service which a statesman can do. He has reminded it that politics is impossible without honesty. Besides that, what do errors of detail matter?"

Impressions of President. M. Tardieu sums the President up as

follows: In any case, with his faults, which are In any case, with his faults, which are small, and his good qualities, which are eminent, he is a statesman of the first order. He has a moral conscience, without which action is sterile. He has combative energy, without which thought vaciliates. He knows what he wants and does what he says he will do. He is thoroughly sane, and has no fear of irony. He has the courage of his opinions. Like all Americans, he believes with all his heart in equality. But he understands that authority is necessary. In spite of the attacks ity is necessary. In spite of the attacks which he has provoked, he has the confidence of the nation. For a democracy he is a leader of excellent quality.

Likes Taft.

Here is what M. Tardieu has to say of Secretary Taft: He is the type of the good giant, as the imagination likes to conjure him up. With his light hair parted in the middle, his luxuriant light mustache, his clear and frank eyes, his air of serenity and calm, he inspires confidence and attracts sympathy. If he has adversaries, it is to circumstances, not to himself, that he owes them.

Conversing with the French journalist, Mr. Taft said: I agree in everything with the President. If I am elected my policy will be absolutely the same as his. As a man, I approve of that policy; as a President, I also shall approve of it.

The Arbitrators at Work.

He was a man of peace, and, of course, he had on more than one occasion paid the penalty of peacemaker. He came upon two youths in an Irish back street fighting. Accordingly he pushed through the crowd and persuaded the combatants to desist. "Let me beg of you, my good fellows," earnestly besought the peacemaker, "to settle your dispute by arbitration. Each of you choose half a dozen friends to arbitration."

"Hurrah!" yelled the crowd. "Do as Harran: yelled the crowd. Do as the gentleman sez, bhoys."
Having seen the twelve arbitrators selected to the satisfaction of both sides the man of peace went on his way rejoicing in the thought of having once again prevailed upon brute force to yield o peaceful argument.

Half an hour later he returned that

way and was horrified to find the whole street fighting, while in the distance po-lice whistles could be heard blowing and constables seen rushing to the spot from

ENEMIES OF ARIZONA CHICKENS. Bullsnakes and Big Frogs Get Into the

Poultry Houses. About four days ago L. T. Clifford, who owns a fine lot of poultry, was out in the yard engaged in doing the chores when he heard an unusual commotion in his hen house. On opening the door and lighting up the building he was astonished to see a large bullsnake lying in the middle of the floor with its body coiled around two chickens, which were yet alive.

Mr. Clifford struck at the reptile, landing a blow on its head, when it im-mediately tightened its coils and crushed the chickens. The snake measured be tween 3½ and 4 feet in length.

On Saturday evening the owner was again disturbed by a noise among his fowls, and this time the cause for alarm in the hen house was made by a large frog who had just finished making an evening meal of one of the broilers. Mr. Clifford killed the frog.-Arizona Republican.

ONE KIDNEY GONE.

But Cured After Doctors Said There Was No Hope.

Sylvanus O. Verrill, Milford, Me. says: "Five years ago a bad injury paralyzed me and affected my kidneys. My back hurt me terribly, and the urine was badly disordered. Doctors said my right kidney was practically dead. They said I could never

walk again. I read of Doan's Kidney Pills and began using them. One box made me stronger and freer from pain. I kept on using them and in three months was able to get out on crutches, and the kidneys were acting better. I improved rapidly, discarded the crutches and to the wonder of my friends was soon completely cured.'

Sold by all dealers. 50 cents a box. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

Sealskin Returns to Fashion. Sealskin, which is one of the most valued furs, has steadily been increasing in price during the last few years. Experts agree that this season the cost of the fur will be almost prohibitive.-Fur

In a Pinch, Use Allen's Foot-Ease. A powder to shake into your shoes. It rests the feet. Cures Corne Project A powder to shake into your shoes. It rests the feet. Cures Corns, Bunions, Swollen, Sore, Hot, Callous, Aching, Sweating feet and Ingrowing Nails. Allen's Foot-Ease makes new or tight shoes easy. Sold by all Druggists and Shoe Stores, 25c. Sample mailed FREE. Address Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy. N. Y. Le Roy, N. Y.

Apples for Insomnia.

No harm can come even to a delicate system by the eating of a ripe and juicy apple before going to bed. It is excellent brain food, and promotes sound and healthy sleep. This is not all; the apple prevents indigestion and throat diseases. -Family Doctor.

WE SELL GUNS AND TRAPS CHEAP & buy Furs & Hides. Write for catalog 105 N. W. Hide & Fur Co., Minneapolis, Minn.

Scourge of Tipping.

In London tipping has become a public scourge. In a west end restaurant if you pay £4 for your dinner and do not leave a fifth of that sum as a tip, you are looked upon as a skinflint.—Les Annales, Paris.

Pettit's Eye Salve for Over 100 Years has been used for congested and inflamed eyes, removes film or scum over the eyes. All druggists or Howard Bros., Buffalo,

Removing Acid. Acid stains may be removed by wetting the spots and laying on them salts of wormwood. Let this stand for a few minutes, then rub the satin without using more water.

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP for Children teething; softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 22 cents a bottle.

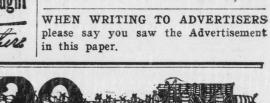
To Prevent Boiling Over. A teaspoonful of butter put into the water in which vegetables are boiling will prevent them from bubbling over.

-Buenos Ayres has a population of 1,200,000, of which about 80 per cent. is foreign, the Italians forming about 60 per cent. of the foreign population.

CASTORIA For Infants and Children. The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chart Hilthers

in this paper.



TEAM BORA by softening the water, cleans the skin thoroughly, removes odor of perspiration and renders the skin soft and velvety.

All dealers. Sample, Booklet and Parlor Card Game "WHIZ," 10c. Pacific Coast Borax Co., Chicago, Ill.

## SHORTEST LINE TO ROSEBUD RESERVATION

The opening of the Rosebud Reservation, October 5 to 17, next, will give over 5000 people each a choice farm in Tripp County, South Dakota, for a small sum per acre. 838,000 acres will be opened. People drawing one of these farms must pay \$6.00 an acre; one-fifth down, balance in 5 years. Chamberlain and Presho, South Dakota, are places of registration. Both are located on the shortest line to the reservation from Chicago-the

CHICAGO MILWAUKEE & ST. PAUL

The best of these lands are located in the Northern part of Tripp County, easily reached from both Chamberlain and Presho. All persons, except certain soldiers, must be present in one of these towns for registration. Presence at the drawing is not required. Those who draw one of these farms will be notified by mail. Rosebud folder, containing map, and giving full particulars free on request.

> F. A. MILLER, Ceneral Passenger Agent, Chicago.



Habitual Constipation

May be permanently overcome by proper personal efforts with the assistance of the one truly beneficial laxative remedy, Syrup of tigs and Llixir of Senna, which enables one to form regular habits daily so that assistance to nature may be gradually dispensed with when no longer needed as the best of remedies, when required are to assist

remedies, when required, are to assist

nature and not to supplant the natural functions, which must depend ulti-

## CHALLENGE GRINDERS

Are especially adapted to be run in connection with Gasoline Engines from 21/2 to 15 H. P., and will grind all kinds of small grain, also ear corn. They are simple in construction, strong and durable and up-to-date in every respect, Write for Catalogue No. 49, giving full description.

CHALLENGE COMPANY 71 River St. BRANCHES: Kansas City, Mo., Minneapolis, Minn.

"Having taken your wonderful "Cascarets" for three months and being entirely cured of stomach catarrh and dyspepsia. I think a word of praise is due to "Cascarets" for their wonderful composition. I have taken numerous other so-called remedies but without avail and I find that Cascarets relieve-more in a day than all the others I have taken-would in a year." James McGune, 108 Mercer St., Jersey City, N. Jy-



Pleasant, Palatable, Potent, Taste Good, Do Good, Never Sicken, Weaken or Gripe, 10c, 25c, 50c. Never sold in bulk. The genuine tablet stamped C C C. Guaranteed to cure or your money back.

Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago or N.Y. 592 ANNUAL SALE, TEN MILLION BOXES A Skin of Beauty is a Joy Forever.

DR. T. Felix Gouraud's Oriental Cream or Magical Beautifier. Removes Tan, Pimples, Freckles, Moth Patches, Rash, and Skin Diseases, and every blemiab on beauty, and denot be detection. It has stood the test of 80 years, and is so harmless we taste it to be surell's far properly made. Accept no counterfett of similar name. Dr. L. A. Sayre said to a lady of the hautout of the hautwill use them, I recommend will use them, I recommend the skin preparations." For sale by all druggists and FancyGoods Dealers in the United States, Canada and Europs.
FERD, T. HOPKINS, Prop. 37 Great James Street New York.

FERD. T. HOPKINS, Prop., 37 Great Jones Street, New York

First Publication August 29, 1908. DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR. United States Land Office at

Marquette, Mich., August 20, 1908. Notice is hereby given that John Krecke, of Cornell, Mich., who, on September 2nd, 1903, made Homestead Entry No. 11155, Serial No. 0277, for Southeast quarter, Section 34, Township 43 north, Range 24 west, Michigan Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make Final five year Proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before Clerk of the Circuit Court, at Escanaba, Mich., on the 6th day of October, 1908

Claimant names as witne Henry Werkheiser, of Cornell, Mich. Leo Kohlberger, " Escanaba, Mich. Herman Lull,

JAMES J. DONOVAN,

First Publication August 22, 1908. STATE OF MICHIGAN,
The Circuit Court for the County of Delta

SCHOOL DISTRICT OF THE TOWNSHIP OF BALDWIN

ALFRED E. BESSON.

Sylvester Denter

To whom it may concern: Take notice that a writ of attachment was issued, in said cause, from said court, on the 6th day of August, A. D. 1908, at the suit of said plaintiff and against said defendant, for the sum of two thousand nine hundred dollars, and that said writ was made returnable on the 17th day of August, A.

Dated this 19th day of August, 1908. JOHN POWER, Attorney for Plaintiff.

First publication September 19, 1908. DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR United States Land Office at

Marquette, Michigan, September 10, 1908. Notice is hereby given that Eugene Munn, of Perkins, Mich., who, on February 25, 1907, made Homestead Entry, No. 12194, Serial No. 0316, for sel/4 of nw/4, section 10, Township 42 N., Range 22 W., Michigan Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make Final commutation Proof, to establish claim to the land above described, be fore Register and Receiver of United States Land Office, at Marquette, Mich., on the 29th day of October, 1908.

Claimant names as witnesses Andrew Nelson, Mark P. Hadlock, George Friday, and John A. Lefleur, all of Perkins,

> JAMES J. DONOVAN. Register.

First publication September 19, 1908, DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR. United States Land Office at

Marquette Michigan, September 11, 1908. Notice is hereby given that Hugh O. Brother ton, of Escanaba, Mich., who, on August 14 1908, made Timber and Stone Sworn Statement No. 0240, for ne1/4 of nw1/4, section 12, Township 43 N., Range 25 W., Michigan Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make Final Timber and Stone Proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before Clerk of the Circuit Court for Delta County at Escanaba, Michigan, on the 25th day of November, 1908.

Claimant names as witnesses Peter L. Sullivan, John A. Sullivan, Albert J. Williams, and Louis N. Booth, all of Escan-

JAMES J. DONOVAN.

First Publication August 22, 1908 DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR, United States Land Office at

Marquette, Mich, August 14, 1908. NOTICE is hereby given that Gust Nelson, of Escanaba, Mich., who, on July 23, 1908, made Timber & Stone Sworn Statement, No. 0145, for nw1/4 of sw1/4. Section 24, Township 41 north, Range 25 west, Michigan Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make Final timber and stone Proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before Clerk of the Circuit Court, at Escanaba, Mich., on the 30th day of October, 1908.

Claimant names as witnesses John Moe, John J. Ackley and Louis Anderson, of Escanaba, Mich., and William Swains-

ton, of Woodlawn, Mich JAMES J DONOVAN,

First publication August 22, 1908.

MORTGAGE SALE.
WHEREAS, default has been made in the dated the fifth day of March, A. D. 1903, exe- tinued: cuted by Solomon Lancour and Libbie Lancour his wife, of the township of Masonville, Delta county, Michigan, to Benjamin Meloche, of the city of Escanaba, in said county and state, which said mortgage was recorded in the office of the register of deeds, of the county of Delta, tion, July, 1896. in Liber T of Mortgages, at page 161, on the 20th day of April, A. D. 1903, at 3 o'clock p. m.

And whereas, the said mortgage has been duly assigned by the said Benjamin Meloche and Alexina G. Meloche his wife, to Thomas Kennedy, of Escanaba, Delta county, Michigan, by assignment, bearing date the 10th day of August, A. D. 1905, and recorded in the office of the register of deeds, of said county of Delta, on the 13th day of August, A. D. 1906, at cities and left the farms. It is beat 10:30 o'clock, a. m. in Liber V of Mortgages, on page 30, and the same is now owned by him. ing the foreclosure of mortgages upon And whereas, the amount claimed to be due the farms. \* \* \* Mark my words! on said mortgage, at the date of this notice, If the gold standard goes on and peois the sum of four hundred and eighty-four

dollars and forty-nine cents, of principal and interest, and the further sum of one hundred dard advocates instead of trying to imand three dollars and fifteen cents, for principal and interest, for taxes paid upon the lands be recommending that you close your described in said mortgage, which said mort- schools so that the people will not realgagors had defaulted in the payment of and | ize how much they are suffering."which, by the provisions of said mortgage, is made an additional lien upon the premises in said mortgage described; and also the further ber, 1896. sum of twenty dollars, as an attorney fee, stipu lated for in said mortgage; and the whole amount claimed to be unpaid on said mortgage blood? What district schools did it is the sum of six hundred and seven dollars and sixty-four cents; and no suit or proceeding having been instituted at law, to recover the debt now remaining secured by said mortgage the impassioned orator. or any part thereof, whereby the power of sale contained in said mortgage has become opera-

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the said power of sale and in pur suance of the statute, in such case made and forgotten by all Americans and the provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed "spirit of '76" would become a thing by a sale of the premises therein described, at of the past. Speaking at Lincoln, Mr. public auction, to the highest bidder, at the front door of the courthouse, in the city of Escanaba, in said county of Delta, on the seven teenth day of November next, at ten o'clock of the forenoon of that day; which said prem ises are described, in said mortgage, as follows; The south half (8½) of the north half  $(N\frac{1}{2})$ of section six (6), in township forty-two (42) Thee.' If we lose, our children and

north of range twenty-one (21), west of Michigan Meridian, in the township of Masonville, Delta County, Michigan, and containing one hundred and sixty acres.

Dated this 20th day of August, A. D. 1908. THOMAS KENNEDY, Assignee of Mortgagee.

JOHN POWER, Attorney.

## BRYAN AS PROPHET FAILS TO QUALIFY

Disasters He Foretold Never Come to Pass.

OPPOSITE IS ALWAYS TRUE.

Gold Standard Does Not Slay, Nor Does It Write Future In Blood.

As a prophet William Jennings Bryan has never been a success. The calamities which he has foretold would have brought unlimited disaster to the country if they had ever been realized. But they never came to pass. The harowing pictures which he painted were nerely figments of his imagination, pased on absolutely no foundation

It is well to have Americans rememer that prophecies uttered by the orator of the Platte must be discounted fully 100 per cent, for all signs indiate that he feels the fates once more and is about to begin prophesying again. A male Cassandra, Mr. Bryan might by this time have learned that the forecast of evil will never be believed by those who have found that in the past his vaticinations have been but empty air.

"Driving Country to Ruin."

For instance, when Mr. Bryan was a member of the House of Representathat protection was driving the counhis speech delivered March 16 of that | velt was the nominee of his party for pictures:

"Protection has been our cannibal tree, and as one after another of our place al! over the country. farmers has been driven by the force of circumstances upon that tree and at yesterday's election is taken to be has been crushed within its folds his an indication that, while the campaign companions have stood around and this year is not to be a sensational one, shouted, 'Great is protection!' \* \* \* the election of Mr. Taft is foreshadowed Thus in every State, so far as these statistics have been collected, the proportion of home owning farmers is decreasing and that of tenant farmers increasing. This means but one thing. It means a land of landlords and tenants, and, backed by the history of every nation that has gone down, I say to you that no people can continue a free people under a free government when the great majority of its citizens are tenants of a small minority. Your system (protective tariff) has driven the farm owner from his land and substituted the farm tenant."

How far this picture portrays the America of to-day or the America of any year since he made that speech any American can answer. Even in Mr. Bryan's own State he can find an answer right at his doors, for the farm lønds of Nebraska have doubled in

"Murderous Gold Standard."

But during the four years succeeding that speech Mr. Bryan's agitation grew no less nor did the demon which he had raised in his own imagination hide with diminished head, for in 1896 he again saw destitution threatening the country. He had a remedy for it, a panacea, a fetich which he held up for worship-free silver. Here are some

"I reply that if protection has slain its thousands the gold standard has slain its tens of thousands."-From speech at Democratic National Conven-

"Do not let the Republicans beguile you about the future. The future is written in blood crushed out of you by gold."-From speech at Erie, Pa., August, 1896.

"Ah, my friends, there is another reason why people have gone into the cause your legislation has been causple continue to complain, the gold stanprove the condition of the people will From speech at Monmouth, Ill., Octo-

But whom has the gold standard slain? What future did it write in close? Again the condition of the country makes a calm reply confuting

Campaigning again in 1900 Mr. Bryan decided that imperialism was another danger to the country. If it were continued the Fourth of July would be Bryan said:

Seas Death of Patriotism.

"The fight this year will be to carry out the sentiment of that song we have so often repeated, 'My Country, 'Tis of our children's children will not succeed to the spirit of that song, and celebrations of the Fourth of July will pass away, for the spirit of the empire will

Is there any spot in these United States where the spirit of 1776 is dead Taft, at Kansas City, Mo.

and forgotten and the Fourth of July a meaningless date on the calendar?

One of the most ridiculous of these prophecies was contained in a speech Mr. Bryan made in support of Judge Parker during the campaign of 1904, when he attacked President Roosevelt bitterly. This prophecy had it that military despotism was sure to follow the decrease in the size of the standing army. In this speech Mr. Bryan also emphasized the fact that he was then and always would be a firm believe; ! the principle of free silver. He was med up his position on this question at the following sentence:

"I believe to-day in the principles met forth at Chicago and Kansas City (16 to 1) and shall continue to fight for those principles."

THE VERMONT ELECTION.

Result of Victory Indicates Undiminished Majorities for Republicans in November.

Raymond, the Washington correspondent of the Chicago Tribune, who is regarded as one of the most reliable political writers in the country, regards the result of the Vermont election as presaging absolute victory for Mr. Taft. In a recent special dispatch to the Tribune Raymond said:

"Practically speaking, the result of Tuesday's election is more favorable to Republicans than they had any right to expect, because there has been no determined campaign for the purpose of making a good showing in Vermont and few of the big guns of the party have been put on the stump there this

"There is, of course, a slight falling off in the vote of both Tepublicans and tives in 1892 he was absolutely certain Democrats, as compared with four years ago, but this was entirely to be try headlong to rack and ruin, and in expected, because at that time Rooseyear he drew the following agonizing president, and the result in Vermont in that year was merely a forerunner of the tremendous landslide which took

"As it is, the plurality of over 29,000 by a safe majority.

"If Vermont can be taken as an index of the condition of public opinion throughout the country, it means that in the November election, whatever strength the Independence League develops in the other States will come almost exclusively from Bryan and not from Taft.

"The Vermont Democrats, while few in number, are extremely rockribbed in carry on a hopeless fight merely because they want to set a good example to the Democrats in other States. In 1896 they repudiated Bryan and the free silver heresy, and they did it largely by staying at home on election day. The result was a plurality of a little | Christ Goodman, of Escanaba, Mich. over 40,000 for McKinley, which has been a record in Vermont elections. In the State elections of 1900 and 1904 the Democratic vote was practically stationary."

HOW TAFT WAS SOUGHT BY M'KINLEY.

The Manner in Which the Republi- the 8th day of October, A. D. 1908, at 10 o'clock can Candidate Was Called to a A. M., and will be subject to sale according to Larger Sphere of Action.

One afternoon early in 1900, when Judge William H. Taft was dictating of the things Mr. Bryan said would a decision of the United States Court payment of the money secured by a mortgage happen if the gold standard were con- in the Federal Building in Cincinnati, a telegram was placed in his hands. He tore off the envelope and was surprised to find a telegram from President William McKinley, reading:

> "I shall take it as a great favor if you will call on me some time next week."

Judge Taft guessed at the meaning of the summons and guessed wrong. He went to Washington and was shown into a room at the White House, where he met the President and Secretary Long of the Navy. Later, Elihu Root, the Secretary of War, came in. Then, to use Mr. Taft's own words:

"Mr. McKinley said that he wanted to send me to the Philippines to help in the work of establishing civil government as the army moved on. I thought of my place on the bench and hesitated. Be sides. I believed and said we could get along without the Philippines.

"'But we have them and must take care of them,' the President replied. "'You are at the turning of the ways in your life,' Mr. Root then observed. The bench is the easy road. You can stay there and be comfortable. On the contrary, the Philippines will demand personal sacrifices and risks and much hard work, but you will have an opportunity of doing your country a very great service.' I went home, and argued the matter for two weeks."

The telegram to Cincinnati opened the door of American history to William H. Taft and made him the Republican candidate for President of the United States.

Campaign of Education. In the great battle of 1896 the Republican party again stood for the maintenance of the integrity of the nation. The fight was against odds produced by a great industrial depression, and against the most sophistical argu-

ments. The Republican party maintained a campaign of education among the wage-earners and the farmers, which ultimately led to the complete defeat of this second financial heresy which has threatened the integrity of our business structure .- Hon. Wm. M.

#### RAPID RIVER

The first and second nines will meet next Sunday in a handicap game. This will probably be the season's close.

Fred Gravelle returned Sunday from Freen Bay. Mrs. Alex Labumbard died in the

Jerry Madden went to Escanaba Wednesday to attend the lumbermen's con-

Mr. and Mrs. Monique, of Egg Haror, attended the funeral of Mrs. La-

Rev. Fr. Deschamps, of Flat Rock, isited his friends here Thursday. Mr and Mrs. John Anguilm, of Trout their kind. Lake arrived Wednesday to attend the

funeral of Mrs. Labumbard. Mrs. D. D. Perry this week visited at Perkins with her mother, Mrs. Whit-

Chris. Pfeifer injured his foot Thursday by running a meat hook through it. become one of the Gladstone Grocery George Locke is sick this week.

Mrs. Jerry Madden came up Thursday from Menominee to visit her hus-

Charles Bird is the guest of Mr. and

The Madden mill has discontinued its Rev. R. Houston is able to be out

again after his illness. Ross Ambrust, a popular young man of Rapid River, died at Trout Lake last Thursday, after a brief attack of stomach trouble. His funeral was held Sunday from St. Charles' church, and had a large attendance. Among those present were Mr. and Mrs. Keegan, of Gladstone; Mr. and Mrs. Brunell, Reuben Clark and family, and Mrs. McGovern

MERCHANTS, ATTENTION.

and family, of Escanaba.

Wanted by the Marble Safety Axe Company, several hundred shipping cases. We can use Dry Goods, Boot and Shoe, or Hardware Boxes steadily. If you have a surplus, call us up and tell us what you have. It will pay better han burning them .

> First publication Sept. 26, 1908. DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

United States Land Office at Marquette, Michigan, Sept. 17, 1908. Notice is hereby given that Carl P. Sorby of Escanaba, Michigan, who on July 31, 1901 made Homestead Entry, No. 10268, Serial No. 0352, for ne 1/4 of nw 1/4 and Lot Nos. 4 and 5 their sentiments. They make a point of section 6, Township 42 N., Range 21 W., Michigoing to the polls year after year and gan Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make Final five year Proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before Clerk of 2nd day of November, 1908.

Claimant names as witnesses: Magnus J. Sorby, of Escanaba, Mich., Soren P. Jensen of Fox, Mich., Olof B. Sorby and

JAMES J. DONOVAN.

First Publication September 5, 1908.-27

MICHIGAN STATE LAND OFFICE, Lansing, August 29th, 1908. Notice is hereby given that the following described Tax Homestead Land, situate in Delta County, heretofore licensed as Homesteads, which land has reverted to the State, will be RESTORED to market at this office on

Section	Town	Range
4	39 n	20 w
25	40 n	21 w
25	40 n	21 w
29	40 n	21 w
83	42 n	21 w
	25 25 29	4 39 n 25 40 n 25 40 n 29 40 n



#### AMERICAN BEAUTY

CORSETS

"DAINTY AS THE ROSE" Before you consult your dress-maker about that new suit you should see us and purchase an AMERICAN

BEAUTY CORSET

Your gown worn over one of these corsets will greatly enhance your personal charms. And these corsets are not expensive, only

\$1.00 to \$8.00 KALAMAZOO CORSET CO.

Exclusive Makers KALAMAZOO, MICH. Because we believe in them we sell and recommend them

HENRY ROSENBLUM

# Bill Smith Got "Smart"

because he thought we were getting Freen Bay hospital Wednesday from rich on sugar-though our margin of profit is practically nothing. He said he could buy it cheaper at Chicago of that big mail order house. He ordered from Chicago and forgot he must pay the freight. Mr. Smith "paid the piper" and learned by actual experience that it pays to trade at home. He has been a satisfied customer ever since. Says our goods are pure, dependable, best of

> Fresh Smoked Fish 11clb.

U--ought--2

Co.'s increasing family.

#### CLADSTONE GROCERY CO.

P. J. LINDBLAD PROP

A Snug Harbor for All is

## The Harbor

359 Delta Ave.

Andrew Stevenson will be pleased to see you at any time and you can be assured that everything in his bar is the best of its kind.

Ask for anything that you may choose and you will get it right.

Try "The Harbor" once and you will try again.

ANDREW STEVENSON.

#### PURE OLIVE OIL

We import it from Southern Europe; where it is a necessity of life. It is crushed from perfect, ripe fruit. 'It is a medicine that gives vitality to the worn-out body. In the golden liquid there is health and strength

It gives beauty to the skin and strength to the stomach.

You can depend on it as a It is mild, food when weakness pleasant, grateful and overcomes vou. beneficial.

IN BOTTLES AT 350 AND 600. AND IN BULK.

ERICKSON & VON TELL DRUGGISTS

# We're busy

Completing the sewer connections; but if you wish a bona-fide low price on good, guaranteed work, we can figure with you. Speak up.

P. L. BURT & CO.

#### Wood! Wood! Wood!

We are in a position to sell Wood cheaper than anyone in the city.

\* CALL UP 45 \*

And get our prices before buying. NORTHWESTERN COOPERACE & LUMBER COMPANY

# THEY WILL LAST

Articles bought at a hardware store, as a rule, have two important requisites; that they shall do good service, and that they shall do good service for a long time. We strive to keep our stock high-grade; only lines being represented that have a reputation to maintain. Whatever tool, implement or utensil you select here, you take home with the knowledge that it will show its quality every time you use it.

The Nicholas Hardware Co.

The Best is the Cheapest.—We Will Tell You Why.