

John J. Dreiss

J. F. DREISS

# TWIN CITY MINER.

SECOND YEAR, NO. 18.

GREENLAND, MICHIGAN, SATURDAY, JUNE 27, 1903.

SUBSCRIPTION \$2.00 PER YEAR

## SECRET ORDERS.

**I. O. O. F.**  
GREENLAND Lodge No. 497 meets every Monday evening at Macabee hall. David Case, N. G., Robt. Kehoe Sec.

**K. O. T. M.**  
**KNIGHTS OF THE MACCABEES**  
Copper Range Tent No. 786, meeting every First and Third Thursday of each month, at Macabees Hall. All visiting knights always welcome.

**M. W. A.**  
**MODERN WOODMEN OF AMERICA**, Adventure Lodge No. 722, meet every Thursday of each month at McDonald Hall. L. Maloney Venerable Consul; A. E. Marvin, Clerk; John Brown, Banker.

**A. O. U. W.**  
**ANCIENT ORDER UNITED WORKMEN**, Maple Grove Lodge No. 186, meet at McDonald Hall. Every 2nd and 3rd Wednesday of each month. R. P. Murphy, Recorder; Thomas Harrington M. W.

**L. O. T. M.**  
**LADIES OF THE MACCABEES**—Lady Emma Hyde, No. 784, meets every Wednesday evening 7.30 o'clock at Odd Fellows Hall. Mimmie Ninness, Lady Com.; Emma C. Bower, Record Keeper; Agnes Cox, Finance Keeper.

**K. O. P.**  
**MASS CITY LODGE NO. 219** Knights of Pythias meets every Tuesday night at K. O. P. Hall Mass City. J. C. Hansen, C. C., Harry Burns, K of R. & S.

**C. O. F.**  
**CATHOLIC ORDER OF FORESTERS** No. 1079 meets every first and third Monday evening at McDonald's Hall. Henry Amos, Chief Ranger; Isaac Roebon, Secretary.

## BUSINESS CARDS.

**E. LEROY HESSE,**  
ARCHITECT & SUPERINTENDENT.  
Prompt attention given to all work  
GREENLAND, - - - - MICHIGAN

**GREENLAND BANK.**  
Manner, Miner & Co Bankers  
Capital ..... \$ 10,000.00  
Personal Responsibilities over \$150,000.00  
General Banking & Fire Insurance.  
C. MEYER, Mgr., J. J. BOGUE,  
Cashier.  
ONE FLOOR.

**WALTER G. VAN SLYCK,**  
ATTORNEY AT LAW.  
Greenland, - - - Michigan.

**J. F. HAMBITZER,**  
ATTORNEY AT LAW  
Practicing in United States and State Courts.  
Ronnms 1 & 2 Strobell Bldg. Houghton.

**CAROLL & VAN SLYCK,**  
INSURANCE AGENCY.  
Greenland, - - - Michigan

**F. J. LARNED, M. D.**  
PHYSICIAN & SURGEON.  
Adventure Mine, Greenland.  
OFFICE HOURS.  
8 to 9 A. M. and 7 to 8 1/2 to 2 P. M.  
Sunday 9 to 10 A. M. only

**CHAS. MARVIN, V. S.**  
Veterinary Surgeon & Justice of the Peace.  
GREENLAND MICH

**W. B. HANNA, H. S. COLE,**  
**DRS. HANNA & COLE,**  
PHYSICIANS & SURGEONS.  
OFFICE HOURS.  
8 to 9 A. M. 1 to 2 P. M.  
Sunday 10 to 11 A. M. only  
Mass Mine Mass City, Michigan.

**Edward Cane & Co.**  
Undertakers.  
Bronze Monuments of all Kinds.  
Ontonagon, Greenland, Rockland.

**HALFRED PEARSON,**  
CONTRACTOR & BUILDER.  
Dealer in REAL ESTATE.  
Greenland, - - - Mich.

**JOHN SULLIVAN & BRO.**  
Contractors.  
Estimates furnished in Brick work and plastering Also Kalsomining All work Guaranteed.  
Greenland, - - - Mich

**GREENLAND DRAY LINE.**  
All kinds of Draying done at reasonable rates. Safe and Piano moving a specialty. All orders receive prompt attention.  
David Case Prop.

## BASE BALL GAME

Last Sunday Was Interesting From Beginning

### GREENLAND MET DEFEAT

By a Score of 9-13-Team Was Greatly Weakened by Loss of Battery.

The base ball game played Sunday between Tri-Mountain and Greenland on the latter ground proved to be a winner for the visiting team. At 2 o'clock the game was called by Umpire Treverrow, who had charge of the diamond for the home team while Engore looked after the interest of the Tri-Mountain boys.

Both teams were in good shape and the game started with the home team to bat, and although they were crippled by the loss of its battery and captain did excellent work, putting up a game that would have won it out of 11 times and demonstrated the fact that the boys are capable of playing fast ball. The only thing to mar Sunday's game was that a lot of unnecessary "rag-chewing" was gone through, but then this was unavoidable as the decisions of Umpire Engore were of the roughest order. He was without doubt the worst umpire Greenlandites have heard of in decisions on his ground, while Treverrow on the other hand was as fair as could be got, giving the visitors a shade the better of the argument throughout the game.

The Tri-Mountain ball tossers outside of its umpire, are a lot of good, jovial fellows, just such a lot of boys as we are pleased to meet. The Copper Range special leaving Houghton early in the morning and returning leaving Greenland at 5 p. m. brought a large number of people from the upper country to witness the game.

In order for the Tri-Mountain boys to catch the train the game was called off by Manager McGinty at the end of the eighth inning. It is hard to say how the game would have ended had they time to have played the nine innings, as neither of the teams seemed to get warmed up until the sixth inning, nevertheless it was a good game throughout. It is expected a return game will be played in the near future.

Following is the score by innings.  
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9  
Tri-Mountain— 0 3 0 0 5 0 5 7-13  
Greenland— 2 0 1 0 2 0 4 2-9  
The Greenland management is now corresponding with a pitcher and catcher to come here and do battery work for the home team and is being otherwise improved. The team some time after the fourth inter making a tour of the Upper Peninsula, and no doubt with the addition of their new battery will be among the leaders on their return home.

## JUNE WEDDINGS.

Greenland Young People Are Certainly in Line.

A very pretty wedding occurred last Saturday evening at the home of Mr. James A. Rogers, when Mr. James H. Kent and Miss Susan Flish were united in marriage. Mr. Kent is employed at the Adventure Mine as a miner, and is widely and favorably known in the community. The bride has made a wide circle of friends since coming to the town from Ishpening last winter. The house was tastefully decorated with maple foliage. A select number of family friends witnessed the ceremony which was performed by Rev. Guy V. Hoard, after which all sat down to a sumptuous wedding supper. The happy couple have the best wishes of all their acquaintances.

Mr. Albert Kinsman of Hancock and Miss Sarah Duckett of Greenland were united in marriage by the Rev. Guy V. Hoard at the Methodist parsonage on last Monday evening. They took the train on Tuesday for Hancock where they will reside.

## New Residence Portion.

A petition is before the township board to build a sidewalk from the corner of Ash avenue on 2d street to 3d street north to Spruce street in the new residence part of the city. This is a much needed improvement as this part of the city is rapidly growing and will without doubt be the residence part of the city. It already has a lot of fine residence now and more being built.

## PREPARATIONS COMPLETE

For the Grand Celebration Next Saturday.

Everything is now in readiness for the celebration of the Glorious Fourth next Saturday and the following very interesting program will be gone through.

MORNING.	
Sunrise salute	
Callthumpian and general parade headed by Greenland band	8:30
Oration—W. G. Van Slyck and Dr. C. H. Marvin and Reading Declaration of Independence, E. Leroy Hesse	9:30
Painting shot	10:00
Men's Obstacle dash	10:15
Boy's 100-yard dash	10:30
Egg race	11:00
Catching grease pig	11:15
Climbing grease pole	11:30
Dinner.	

AFTERNOON.	
Base Ball	1:00
Young Ladies' running race	2:30
Standing broad jump	2:15
Running broad jump	2:50
Hop step and jump	2:45
Freemen's Flag race	3:00
Running horse race	3:15
Wrestling	4:00
Tug-of-War	7:00
Judges—D. Case, S. M. Niles, Walter Lobb, Mort O'Sullivan, Paul Frances, H. B. Smith and W. J. Nims.	
Marshal of the Day—Hon. Chas. H. Brown.	

A grand display of fireworks in the evening.

The program shows that every minute of the day they will be something going on, and outside of the program will be entertainments of every sort. In the evening the freemen will give a grand ball in the opera house. Everybody is invited to join us and have a good time. Let us entertain you on the 4th.

## BUILDING OPERATIONS.

Five Residences Being Built—Steady Growth.

The building operations in Greenland are going steadily on and although we are not enjoying a boom still we are having a steady growth in the building line.

Louis Desormeau has under construction a two-story, stone foundation residence on Greenland avenue north of the M. E. church, and when completed will add materially to the appearance of this portion of the city.

On Ash avenue P. McGinty has a two-story residence nearing completion. This building is in the new residence part of the city.

The Truscott building on Ash avenue which has undergone extensive repairs is now about ready for occupancy.

These building operations do not denote that Greenland is going back but instead is enjoying a steady growth.

## CLOSED DOORS.

Last Tuesday Morning—Out of Business.

M. DuBois, one of Greenland's business men closed his store last Tuesday morning. Mr. DuBois expects, as soon as possible, to remove his stock, store-furniture, etc., to Pentago July 1, where he will again enter into the grocery business. The stand that has been occupied by him is one of the oldest grocery stands in the city. It was formerly run by M. Bond.

The going out of business by Mr. DuBois is not on account of failure but because he sees a better opening at Pentago. Mr. and Mrs. DuBois during their residence here have made a host of friends who sincerely regret their departure, but heartily wish them success in their new home.

## Notice.

A caucus will be held at the Greenland Fire hall at 7 p. m. July 7, 1903 for the purpose of nominating five trustees, members Board of Education for the election July 13th, 1903.

B. D. DUNN, Township Clerk.

## For Sale or Rent.

A business block, in good locality, formerly occupied by Swanson and Sandquist, inquire of

Mrs. T. A. Gahan, Greenland, Mich.

# THE FAIR

We are always in time with goods required for the time. We have a full line of White Goods, such as night gowns, underwear, corset covers, and in fact anything in the line of Dry Goods. We will sell these goods at

## A BIG REDUCTION

this week. Call and see them and then we feel sure you will see something in the line you need. We have just received a full line of

## DOUGLASS SHOES

From \$3.00 to \$4.00. If you need a pair of shoes do not buy them before you see our line we have them in all lasts and different styles, Patent Leather, Vici Kid, Velour Calf and all other leathers call and see them.

## Eisenberg Bros,

Opera House Block, Greenland, Mich.

## A CHOICE LINE

OF

WINES AND LIQUORS,

AT THE

GREENLAND LIQUOR HOUSE.

JULIUS GOODMAN, PROPRIETOR

## WE ARE HERE TO STAY

With a full line of Jewelry, Plated Ware, Sterling Silver Ware, Novelties, Diamonds, Rings, Watches and Clocks. In fact everything found in any up-to-date Jewelry Store.

## Watches and Jewelry Repairing

Done by Mr. K. Ruthstrom, late of L'Anse an experienced watch maker.

ALL REPAIRING GUARANTEED.

Harris Levine,

Opera House Block, Greenland, Mich.

2023.1.41C

## TWIN CITY MINER.

TWIN CITY PUBLISHING CO.

GREENLAND, MICHIGAN.

### FEUDISTS ON A TEAR.

#### BREAK LOOSE AND INVADE MINING TOWN.

**McCoy Gang Has Pitched Battle with Police of Keystone, W. Va.—Russia and China Reach Settlement in regard to Manchuria.**

The McCoy's, the notorious feudists of West Virginia and Kentucky, have broken loose again. As a result one man is dead and one mortally wounded. Led by Floyd McCoy a party of mountaineers entered Keystone, W. Va., a small mining town, and began to abuse and maltreat everybody in sight. McCoy attacked a man named Reynolds, who represented his actions, and the trouble started. McCoy's gang retreated across the railroad and opened fire on the men who had started to follow them. A large crowd was attracted by the firing, and the policemen of the village took a hand in the battle. The McCoy crowd reached the lowlands just outside of town, where they made a stand and engaged the policemen in pitched battle in the dark. One of McCoy's men was killed and another mortally wounded. It is thought others were hurt. The policemen escaped injury.

#### FUN ON THE DIAMOND.

**Big League Clubs in Race for the Pennant.**

The clubs in the National League are standing thus:

W. L.	W. L.
Pittsburg . . . 39	Cincinnati . . . 24 26
New York . . . 36	Boston . . . 20 33
Chicago . . . 36	Philadelphia . . . 15 36
Brooklyn . . . 27	St. Louis . . . 16 40

Following is the standing of the clubs in the American League:

W. L.	W. L.
Boston . . . 32	Chicago . . . 24 24
Philadelphia . . . 21	New York . . . 21 24
St. Louis . . . 25	Detroit . . . 21 27
Cleveland . . . 26	Washington . . . 14 36

#### CHINA AND RUSSIA AGREE.

**Their Dispute Regarding Manchuria Has Been Settled.**

A dispatch from Peking says Manchuria and China have arrived at an agreement regarding Manchuria and Newchwang. Prince Ching, the dispatch adds, admits the fact, but declines to communicate the terms to the foreign ministers. He intimates that China neither seeks nor requires assistance or interference from Japan or Great Britain.

#### Burton, Ohio, Firm Bankrupt.

P. W. and F. A. Parmelee of Burton, Ohio, comprising the firm of Parmelee Bros., have filed individual and partnership petitions in voluntary bankruptcy in the United States District Court in Cleveland. Assets of the firm are placed at \$55,000 and the liabilities \$55,124. The failure is directly due to the downfall of the Houghton, Ford & Co. bank in Burton several months ago.

#### Dubuque Car Strike Ended.

The strike of the Union Brothers Company's conductors and motormen at Dubuque was settled through the good offices of the municipal affairs committee of the Dubuque Club. The company agrees not to discriminate against union men, and made other important concessions.

#### Michigan Man Named.

After a conference with Attorney General Knox, President Roosevelt signed an order removing Judge Daniel H. McMillan on charges of general immorality. Judge Clement C. Smith of Hastings, Mich., has been named to succeed him.

#### St. Louis to Get Libraries.

The directors of the public library have notified Andrew Carnegie that they have complied with the conditions of his offer of \$100,000 for libraries for St. Louis. Mr. Carnegie has replied expressing pleasure at the way the city has performed its part.

#### Caving Tunnel Kills Man.

A section of the tunnel near the foot of State street, Boston, weakened by the action of the compressed air used in connection with the excavating work, caved in and a Polish laborer was killed and another injured.

#### Two Killed in New York Wreck.

By a head-on collision of a light engine and a freight train on the Delaware and Hudson Railroad, near Whitehall, N. Y., a brakeman named Fred Ryan and Fred Bellegrade, a fireman, were killed.

#### Mississippi College Burned.

St. Stanislaus College was destroyed by fire at Holly Springs, N. C. The flames spread so rapidly that the students lost their trunks and clothing. The loss is \$65,000.

#### Turks Prepare for War.

The Turkish war minister has telegraphed to the military authorities in Salonica to prepare provisions for 50,000 troops. A similar dispatch has been sent to Adrianople.

#### Hurt in Street Car Crash.

In a collision between two Spring avenue street cars at Montross and Chestnut streets, St. Louis, a dozen passengers were injured, two of them seriously.

#### Peoria Mob Is Felled.

A mob at Peoria, Ill., attempted to break a negro, who numbered a detective, but was felled by the determined aide of the Sheriff.

## PLAN LONG ELECTRIC ROAD.

**Line to Run from Chicago to Many Towns in Michigan.**

An important project to connect southwestern Michigan with Chicago has been made known in railroad circles. The Chicago, Michigan and Indiana Electric Railway Company of Benton Harbor, with \$3,000,000 capital, has filed articles of incorporation with the Secretary of State at Lansing. The company has the purpose to build an electric railway from Chicago to points in southwestern Michigan. The line will extend from a point on the Indiana State line to Dowagiac, St. Joseph, Benton Harbor and Paw Paw, with a branch to Kalamazoo and Allegan, while the main line will extend along the lake shore into Chicago. Charles G. Davies and W. S. Kilmer hold most of the stock as trustees. The bonds have all been sold and the company is backed by eastern capitalists. The building of the new railroad, which will carry passengers, mail, general freight and fruit, connecting with the Graham & Morton Transportation Company steamers at St. Joseph, will commence August 1. The railroad when completed will be the longest electric system in the State, covering a distance of 110 miles between Chicago and Allegan.

## CARRIES MONEY; FOILS CURE.

**A Woman Keeps \$10,800 Out of Sheriff's Office.**

By carrying \$10,800 in cash on her person day and night, Mrs. Nannie S. Bryan prevented the officers of the St. Louis Circuit Court from seizing possession of it, under a judgment entered against her. The money is the proceeds of three recent victories against William S. Bryan, the husband of Mrs. Bryan. Suit was brought against Bryan on the notes three months ago, and the jury found for the plaintiff. Bryan, in the meantime, sold the notes and turned the money, \$10,800, over to his wife. As a result, the verdict against him was worthless. Suit then was brought against Mrs. Bryan, and a verdict was returned against her. She was ordered to pay the money. Under the law money cannot be taken from any one under an order of the court unless it is stolen money, and as a result the officers are powerless against Mrs. Bryan.

## BANDIT AND PURSUER SLAIN.

**Mob Hurls a Third Man Following Murderer and Flight of Hardie.**

William Hardee, the condemned murderer who, with three other prisoners, escaped from the Glasgow, Mont., jail a few weeks ago, after killing the guard and beating two others almost to death, was shot and killed in the Bad News, twenty-five miles from Glasgow, on a desperate battle with the posse under Sheriff Cosner. Charles R. Hill, one of the posse, received wounds from which he died in a short time. Fred McKinney, Hardee's companion, escaped, but his capture is believed to be certain. When the news reached the city mob was formed, the guard at the jail was overpowered and Jack Brown, one of Hardee's companions, who had been hanging from a window in the county court house.

## Explosion Kills Twenty.

Twenty men were killed and thirteen injured by an explosion in the pyrite factory at the Woolwich arsenal in England. Several of the victims were literally blown to pieces. The building was wrecked, the roof was blown off and the interior collapsed. The explosion is attributed to the bursting of a shell. There were many other deaths about the gates of the great arsenal, where thousands of relatives of employes besieged the officials for information.

## Initiation Paris Boys' Lives.

Clarence Mason, son of the chief of police, and Joseph McIntyre may die of blood poisoning at New Bedford, Mass., as the result of being branded at an initiation into a secret society in the local high school. Greek letters were burned into the foreheads of the candidates for membership by means of nitrate of silver and nitric acid.

## Adams & Sarber Oil Co. Fails.

The Adams & Sarber Oil Company, of Cleveland, filed voluntary bankruptcy proceedings in the United States Court there. The assets placed at \$170,000; liabilities, \$331,000. The company operated extensively in oil lands and controlled many large tracts of property and wells in Ohio, West Virginia and other States.

## Don't Want Panama Canal.

Additional advice coming to Washington from various sources respecting the prospects of ratification of the Panama canal treaty by Colombia continue to be so conflicting as to leave the officials in doubt as to the outcome. It is believed, however, that the weight of opinion in Colombia is adverse to ratification.

## Earthquake Killed 785.

British consular reports on the recent earthquake in the village of Yan con firm previous advice that twenty-five villages were affected and some destroyed. Seven hundred and eighty-five lives are known to have been lost.

## Burglars Blow Open Safe.

The postoffice at Rhodes, Iowa, was entered by burglars and the safe wrecked with dynamite. The booty secured by the robbers was \$300 in cash and stamps. There is no clue to their identity.

## Jett Jury Disagrees.

The jury in the Jett-Redwine case reported twice to Judge Redwine at Jackson, Ky., that it was impossible to agree upon a verdict, and was discharged. This will make another trial necessary.

## Grant for Vice President.

The San Diego, Cal., Union announces that U. S. Grant is candidate for vice-presidential nomination for Vice-President next year.

## Ten Lives Lost.

Ten persons lost their lives when the Omaha-Chicago freight car, on the Central, collided head-on with a freight train just west of Raymond, Iowa.

## DID AMERICANS LOOT?

**AN INVESTIGATION OF OLD CHARGES MAY BE ORDERED.**

**Officers Said to Have Appropriated Valuable Articles in Manila After Remembered Crime of Death and Maiden Try to Die Together.**

The charges that American officers looted public buildings in Manila after the surrender of the city in 1898 have been revived and may lead to a formal investigation. Recently the authorities endeavored to find certain pictures and other objects belonging to the municipal museum and the inquiry showed they had been given to a Filipino to take care of after the surrender. The Filipino offered to prove that some officers received the pictures and it is asserted that a former staff officer abstracted a silver service from the Manila Hotel. The government may ask the War Department to investigate the matter. Gov. Taft has returned from Benquet. His health is completely restored.

## LOVERS TRY DOUBLE SUICIDE.

**North Kills Himself and Girl Will Probably Die.**

A pair of lovers, Ernest Schmic and Miss Jennie Brennan, both of Greenwich, Pa., were the participants in a double tragedy which resulted in the former's death and which probably will prove fatal in the case of the girl. The two had loved each other devotedly for several months, but after their woman from Schmic's old home intervened and sought to hold him to an alleged engagement with her. This led the pair to seek relief in death, and they took poison. Afterwards Schmic shot himself.

## Burned at Stake.

Northern men, led by a Virginian, lynched George White, a negro murderer, for several miles of Wilmington, N. C., burning him at the stake and firing many bullets into his body. The lynching had been preceded by a battle with guards and policemen at the negro's workhouse, in which several persons were wounded by bullets. The negro's victim was Miss Helen S. Bishop, the 17-year-old daughter of Rev. Dr. S. Bishop.

## Alfred Puts Heavy Loss.

As a result of burns sustained on a fire in the mansion of Alfred Puts, an electrician at Greenwich, Conn., little George, the six-year-old son of Alfred Puts, probably died and his mother, who also was severely burned in an attempt to save the child, is in a serious condition. The mansion, which was burned six years ago for \$100,000, was charred to the ground.

## Lightning Explodes Dynamite.

Lightning struck a hut in which was stored 3,000 pounds of dynamite at the new mine now being opened near Seneca, Ohio, during a storm, and killed six men and injured a score of others, besides ruining the mine and hanging nearly all the windows in Senecaville.

## Profitable Station Robbery.

Robbers dynamited the Pennsylvania Railroad safe in the station at Struthers, Ohio, and secured \$1,000 in money, after cutting the railroad telegraph wires, and escaped. The vault of the Struthers Furnace Company was also broken into and \$95 secured.

## Four Men Die of Glanders.

In less than a month there have been at least four deaths of men from glanders in Massachusetts. The board of health, fearing an epidemic, is making every effort to prevent the spread of the disease.

## Uprising in Colorado Prison.

Fifteen Canyon City (Colo.) convicts overpowered the guards in the local women's prison and blew the gate open, and escaped. The guards killed one, wounded two, and captured all.

## Paid \$150,000 Blackmail.

Patrick H. Flynn, organizer of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, admitted on the witness stand that he paid \$150,000 blackmail and said it was often done in large enterprises.

## Gold's Nephew Kills Himself.

Sandford Northrop, nephew of the late Jay Gould, committed suicide at St. Louis by shooting. Melancholia is blamed. His wife and daughter were at Atlantic City.

## Cholera Reappears in Army.

Cholera has again reappeared in the army in the Philippines. The mortality report received from Maj. Gen. Davis in Manila shows that six soldiers died of cholera in one week.

## Lowell Strike Is Over.

The Lowell Mass. textile workers' strike has been declared off and 17,000 operatives will resume work at former pay. About \$1,300,000 were lost in wages.

## Six Thousand Moors Slain.

According to a dispatch received from Tangier, El Meneshi, the Moorish war minister, had lost 6,000 men in a battle fought with the rebels at Ammediada.

## Find Coal in Minnesota.

The discovery of coal at Willow River, near Duluth, Minn., is causing some excitement. The new find is high grade bituminous, suitable for cooking.

## Four Killed in Missouri.

In a collision between two Missouri Pacific freight trains at Joplin, Mo., four men were killed and one was dangerously injured.

## Vesuvius Again in Action.

According to a special dispatch from Naples the volcano Vesuvius is in full eruption.

## Indiana Glass Factory Burns.

The American Flat Glass Bottle Company's \$120,000 plant was destroyed by fire at Summitville, Ind.

## BINDS CHILDREN ON ALTAR.

**Insane Woman in Georgia Ready to Make Human Sacrifice.**

Crucified on a wooden religion, Mrs. Gussie Lott, a widow who lives in West Ennis, Ga., bound her four small children before an altar which she had improvised in one of the rooms of her home and with a knife in her hand was about to sacrifice the eldest, a boy barely 7 years of age, when relatives rushed in and interposed. The boy said his mother had prayed and sung all night and ranged them on the east side of the house to greet the rising sun. It was her intention to sacrifice the children just as the sun rose. Mrs. Lott has been an enthusiastic member of one of the local churches and has often indulged in extreme demonstrations during revivals and visits of traveling evangelists, but no suspicion as to her sanity was entertained until a week ago, when on account of her strange actions she was taken to the place by relatives. It was thought she had entirely recovered and on Tuesday returned home. A charge of lunacy was entered against Mrs. Lott and she will be taken to the State asylum at Milledgeville.

## TELLO OF SLAVERY IN MEXICO.

**Negro Says Colonists Find They Are Compelled to Work for Nothing.**

Sam Claborn, an Alabama negro, who was taken in by the police at El Paso, Texas, as a vagrant, told a story in court which, if true, throws a sensational light upon the condition of the negroes taken to Mexico for colonization purposes. Claborn declares that he was taken to Mexico by "Father" Ellis, a negro agent, under the impression that he was going to join a community in which all the members lived on the co-operative plan and the proceeds of their joint work were devoted to the upliftment of the colony. He says he arrived at Mapimi and at once was ordered to work on a cotton plantation, the owner being a white man. There he learned that slavery in its worst form existed in the vicinity, and members of the so-called co-operative community were human chattels, bought and sold, and compelled to do the hardest kind of labor without remuneration. Claborn says he made preparations to go together with about fifty others, to leave the place and make their way back to Texas, but he was held in place for some time before the plan could be carried out.

## MAKE COMPACT WITH CUBA.

**Terms on Which United States Will Lease Coaling Stations.**

A statement has been given out at the place in Havana, Cuba, concerning the following outline of the terms under which the naval coaling stations will be leased to Mexico for colonization purposes. The United States will pay an annual rental of \$1000; food, provisions and other articles intended for the consumption and use of those residing at the stations will be admitted free of duty; the United States undertakes to prevent smuggling through the stations, neither of which will ever be permitted to be used as a place of traffic; the United States will have complete legal jurisdiction within the territories occupied by the stations.

## Sues Mitchell for \$20,000.

J. K. Weills, a Birmingham, N. Y., attorney, has sued John Mitchell, president of the United Mineworkers of America, for \$20,000. Weills claims that he furnished the mine workers with the plan of settling the big anthracite strike of 1902. He asserts that his ideas are precisely similar to those acted on by President Roosevelt in the appointment of a strike committee.

## Three Mayors in Five Weeks.

Through the resignation of C. J. Dutt, Mayor of Oshkosh, Wis., the place has its third Mayor within a period of five weeks. It has also had three presidents of the City Council since the resignation of that City. The people of Oshkosh have that time. The people of Oshkosh have that time. The people of Oshkosh have that time.

## Would Shift Decoration Day.

The New York State enactment of the G. A. R. adopted a resolution urging the national department to have the date of Decoration day changed to the first Sunday in May or the first Sunday in June, the idea being that by the change of date the growing tendency to make a holiday for sport and ease of Decoration day would be done away with.

## Powder in Home Explodes.

Three miners were fatally barred by a powder explosion in the home of Nate Glazes, one of the victims, in the mining settlement of Twilight, Pa. Three cases of powder were in a back room of Glazes' home. Mike Byrta and Simon Jure were in the room smoking their pipes when the explosion occurred.

## Good News for Russian Jews.

News has been received in Chicago that the czar of Russia, urged by a delegation of Jews, has relaxed the restrictions against the race prohibiting them from living in villages and within fifty miles of the frontier. Great rejoicing occasioned on receipt of tidings.

## Vote to Increase Rates.

The Modern Woodmen's convention in Indianapolis adopted the Iowa plan for the readjustment of rates by a vote of 2151 to 106. This provides for a graded increase ranging from 35 per cent to 100 per cent.

## Three Sent to Jail.

Channery Dewey, W. J. McBride and Al Wilson have been committed to jail at St. Francis, Kan., without bail on charges of murder in the first degree for the killing of the Berry family.

## Newspaper Man Dies.

Will M. Brown, managing editor of the New York World, is dead. He was well known in Chicago, where he was connected with the Tribune.

## Weather Hinders Trade.

R. G. Dun & Co. report merchandise distribution hindered by weather, with trade generally satisfactory. June rail road earnings 5.8 per cent over 1902.



## “Unreasonably low temperatures, together with excessive rainfall, have retarded the distribution of merchandise. Taking the country as a whole, however, the net result has been satisfactory, better crop prospects accelerating forward business and enlarging order lists of manufacturers. Railway earnings thus far reported for June exceed last year's by 5.8 per cent and those of 1901 by 14.8 per cent.”

R. G. Dun & Co.'s Weekly Review of Trade makes the foregoing summary of the industrial situation. Continuing, the Review says:

Conditions in the iron and steel industry are sufficiently confusing to prevent any definite tendency, although factors calculated to produce weakness appear to predominate. Special sales of imported pig iron have been made at concessions, but it is attributed to delay in transportation and a forced sale by owners. A few months ago similar concessions were impossible, and it is apparent that the combination of unprecedented home production and conservative buying has taken control of the situation away from sellers.

Three depressing factors have existed: The labor situation, condition of crops and the decline in prices of stocks, although all have improved and may soon cease to exercise any beneficial effect. Meanwhile uncertainty as to the future course of prices of iron and steel products has become generally acknowledged, and even experts in the market are hesitating to express a decided opinion. Latest reports of imports show a large decrease, except as to one, while the export trade in finished steel tends to expand.

At the cotton mills there is fair current activity, although spinners, whose stocks of raw material are low, have not only ceased to seek business for future delivery, but refuse to consider proposition or else place their orders on a prohibitive position. Demands are chiefly limited to immediate consumption. Lower grades of light weight woollens for next spring have been ordered in advance of 2 1/2 to 5 cents a yard. Reports regarding the footwear industry are satisfactory. Foreign trade is remarkably well maintained, considering the numerous factors that operate.

Failures this week were 213 in the United States, against 194 last year, and 24 in Canada, compared with 19 a year ago.

The outlook for the crops is, of course, the paramount question. The outlook for the crops in this respect the situation does not admit of clear definition at this time. A few weeks of good or bad weather will mean many millions more or less of loss. There is this much clear beyond possible doubt; that the crop promise, taking the country as a whole, has been materially lowered. Corn is the crop that, with continued good weather may yet do fairly well. In the Northwest there is a splendid outlook, and the good all-around prospect has been undisturbed until this week, when some nervousness became apparent over reports of dry soil in portions of the Dakotas. Nowhere has there been any important damage and a good general rain soon will insure safety, but naturally some anxiety is shown.

On the bull markets and advances in wheat prices this week Europe has followed reluctantly and the foreign markets have shown no disposition to catch our enthusiasm. This is quite natural, since early in the season we advertised the fact that we were to raise the cotton crop, and this impression having taken root abroad is hard to eradicate, yet as time passes it becomes more and more clear that we are not to raise anything phenomenal in the way of crop results, and that Europe is going to need all the surplus wheat we may have to sell.



Chicago—Cattle, common to prime, \$3.00 to \$3.35; hogs, shipping grades, \$5.00 to \$5.15; sheep, fair to choice, \$3.00 to \$3.25; wheat, No. 2 red, 78c to 80c; corn, No. 2, 49c to 50c; oats, No. 2, 35c to 37c; rye, No. 2, 31c to 32c; hay, timothy, \$8.50 to \$16.00; prairie, \$6.00 to \$15.50; butter, choice creamery, 18c to 21c; eggs, fresh, 14c to 15c; potatoes, 8c to \$1.00 per bushel.

Indianapolis—Cattle, shipping, \$3.00 to \$3.15; hogs, choice light, \$4.00 to \$4.20; sheep, common to prime, \$2.50 to \$4.00; wheat, No. 2, 71c to 77c; corn, No. 2, white, 50c to 51c; oats, No. 2, white, 38c to 39c.

St. Louis—Cattle, \$4.50 to \$5.50; hogs, \$5.00 to \$6.00; sheep, \$3.00 to \$4.00; wheat, No. 2, 71c to 77c; corn, No. 2, white, 50c to 51c; oats, No. 3, white, 38c to 41c; rye, No. 2, 32c to 33c.

Cincinnati—Cattle, \$4.25 to \$5.25; hogs, \$4.00 to \$6.20; sheep, \$3.50 to \$4.25; wheat, No. 2, 70c to 80c; corn, No. 2, mixed, 52c to 54c; oats, No. 2, mixed, 40c to 41c; rye, No. 2, 37c to 38c.

Detroit—Cattle, \$3.50 to \$5.00; hogs, \$4.00 to \$5.40; sheep, \$2.50 to \$4.00; wheat, No. 2, 71c to 77c; corn, No. 3, yellow, 50c to 51c; oats, No. 3, white, 38c to 41c; rye, No. 2, 32c to 33c.

Milwaukee—Wheat, No. 2, northern, 84c to 85c; corn, No. 3, 40c to 41c; oats, No. 2, white, 40c to 41c; rye, No. 1, 51c to 53c; barley, No. 2, 50c to 60c; pork, mess, \$17.00.

# NEWS OF OUR STATE.

## ITEMS OF INTEREST TO MICHIGANERS.

### Inaane Mother Cuts Little Son's Throat— —Big Power Plant for Alpena— —Prominent Woman Kills Herself— —Lanlord Stays in Barkeeper in Self-Defense.

The little hamlet of Springville was the scene of a terrible tragedy, Mr. and Mrs. Ernest Blaska, Russians, with their five-year-old son, Theodore, live at Springville, where Blaska is a carpenter. Mrs. Blaska has been considered a little unbalanced mentally for some time, though it was thought she was perfectly harmless. The other morning, however, her mania took a ferocious turn. The little fellow slept in the same bed with his father and mother. About 4:30 or 5 o'clock, before the father was awake, the mother arose and secured a butcher knife. She then returned to the bed and gave the boy a terrible gash across the throat, inflicting what is believed to be a fatal wound. The maniac mother, left to herself, disappeared into the fields, and was gone some time. Search was instituted and she was soon discovered coming from the direction of the creek covey. Her clothes were wet as though she had been in the water. There was a cut in her throat which clearly showed that she had attempted suicide, though not knowing what she was doing. She was overpowered and disarmed.

### Fever Plant Near Alpena.

A deal has been completed which as soon as it is carried into effect Alpena will be equipped with one of the finest power stations in the State. Geo. P. Smith of Syracuse, N. Y., has been chosen to prepare the plans for the power plant. The power plant will be built on Thunder bay river, a fast running stream that empties an immense volume of water into Thunder bay. The new concern will have a capital stock of \$1,500,000 or \$2,000,000 and expect to spend \$500,000 before the end of the year. The promoters have made arrangements to take over the water works system, the electric light and the gas plants, all owned by three different corporations and placed them under the control of the power company.

### Clubwoman Is a Suicide.

Mrs. Isabella F. Shepard, a prominent club woman, was found dead in a bath tub with the gas turned full on at her home in St. Joseph. Miss Florence Shepard was the first to notice a smell of seeping gas and began to look for the leak. She was unable to find it down stairs and pursued her search to the second floor of the house and subsequently to the bathroom, where she found her mother reclining in the bath tub clad in her night dress. The gas jet had been turned on full and death had been due to asphyxiation. Two years ago Arthur B. Shepard, husband of the deceased, was found dead in the bath tub under similar circumstances. Several medical analyses are assigned as the cause of the deed.

### Set Upon and Beaten.

Because he declined to march with the young lady graduate of Adrian high school who fell to his lot at the baccalaureate address is thought to be the reason why William Cornelius, commencement speaker of Prof. J. D. H. Cornelius of Adrian College, was set upon the other night by a couple of young men whose identity was hidden under blacked faces, and given an awful pounding. One of the two fellows cuffed him while the other shoved him down by the head. Young Cornelius finally freed his mouth sufficiently to call for help.

### Killed by a Hotelkeeper.

While defending his wife and child from threats of murder at Munith, August Braun, the village doctor, was struck by William McCrow, his former barkeeper, on the head with an iron bar, from the effects of which he died in a few minutes. It is said McCrow had been drinking and was seeking revenge for dismissal some time ago. No action has been taken by the sheriff, although Braun says he is willing to give himself up at once.

### All Over the State.

A big ice skating rink is to be built at Calumet this summer, at a cost of \$200,000.

More fish are being caught by the commercial fishermen at Port Huron at present than for some time past. Hundreds of tons are being shipped to eastern points.

John Stank of Adrian has been arrested three times in seven days for being drunk.

The first car to enter Grand Haven over the electric interurban line was No. 13.

Marine City has a chance to land a glass factory, in return for the subscription of \$25,000 stock.

Sault Ste. Marie is becoming quite a brick manufacturing town. Two plants are already in operation and two more will be before fall.

The 8-year-old son of Elmer Decker of Glenn got hold of some pills containing poison and swallowed them. He died in less than an hour.

Prof. M. E. Cooley of the engineering department of the University of Michigan has been offered the deanship of the engineering school of the University of Wisconsin.

Clinton S. Ludberg of Chicago was drowned in Fish lake near Marcellus. He and another young man were swimming, when the boat floated away and he was unable to swim ashore.

Harry Dowd, a stranger, shot himself at Baldwin with suicidal intent, the ball passing nearly through the body about two inches below the heart. It is thought that he will live. Family trouble was the cause.

## CLEVELAND BREAKS SILENCE.

### Says He Has No Desire for a Fourth Nomination.

The New York World publishes a dispatch from Cleveland, N. Y., quoting Cleveland as saying: "It is perfectly absurd to suppose for an instant that I have any desire to re-enter public life. Now have I recently entertained the thought since I left Washington, more than six years ago. The matter is as far from my thoughts as it was in 1896, when, all must admit, it was not within my hearing or sight. I have no higher aspiration than to pass my days in peace with my family around me and take no part in politics which any private citizen cannot take with the utmost propriety."

"I have never spoken to anybody on the subject of a fourth candidacy. I have never written to a single political friend one way or the other, nor have I."

Grand Rapids is early in the field with the cannon cracker election. A boy who was fooling with one of the deadly crackers lost his eye by the explosion.

Detroit became a domestic trouble. Mrs. Rodney Sharp of Grand drowed herself and her 3-year-old child in Blanche lake, near the village.

Grand Rapids voters decided at a special election held on the 15th inst. that they were not worth \$50 per year and refused to allow them very large salaries of that amount.

The annual reunion of the Muskegon Valley Soldiers and Sailors' Association will be held at Newaygo this year, the dates being Sept. 7 to 12, inclusive.

George Long of Lexington possesses two quarts of canned peaches that have been in his house twenty-three years, and to all appearances as good as the day they were put up.

What is said to have been the largest stick of hay on record in Michigan has just been disposed of at Gaines. It was sixty feet high, forty feet in diameter, and contained 105 tons.

Wesley F. Wood of Muskegon made a bluff that he would sell two vacant lots on the corner of Adams and Whitney for \$4,000. Supervisor Shields took him up and now holds them at \$500.

John Johnson, of near Onaway, reentered the ark at a bottle of eyewater and dropped some into his eye. He got hold of a carbolic acid bottle, and the medicine got him the sight of that eye.

Mrs. Matthew Evers, an old resident of Otsego, is dead, following her husband within three weeks of his decease. Her age was 75 years, and she had been confined to her bed by illness for some years.

Only two votes out of 196 cast were recorded against the proposition to bond the township of AdGres and Whitney for \$4,000, as a bonus to the D. & M. Railroad to build a branch from Twining to AdGres.

Farmers in Southfield township report the loss of valuable cows from brain fever. The animals seem to be all right when driven from the pastures, but on reaching the barnyards are taken sick and live only a short time.

Forest fires have been raging near Edgemoor at other points the entire end of the upper peninsula. Much standing timber as well as logs, cordwood and brush has been burned. Several lumber camps have been saved only after a hard fight.

About midnight the one-story house occupied by James Robinson, three miles east of Louis on the river road to Le Roy, burned to the ground. After the fire was over neighbors found the charred remains of the occupant buried beyond recognition.

William Dunstan captured a huge turtle while fishing in Goose lake, near Negawac, on the other side of the river, and carried it over on his back. It weighs nearly 200 pounds. The turtle is very strong, bearing two large men on its shell with apparent ease. It is said to be the largest ever caught in this locality.

Edward Richards, wanted for the murder of Charles Johns in Van Wert, Ohio, accompanied by Tom Roach, alleged horse thief of Van Wert, was being fed in the village of East Cairo, was located by James Furrill. Richards ran down the railroad track, where he was captured by Deputy Marshal Park and a posse of citizens, but on the hands he was put up a hard struggle for liberty and after a fierce fight, with his clothes nearly torn from his body, made his escape and fled to the woods. Roach was captured.

The tug Nellie Cotton of Houghton had a narrow escape from being sunk by the propeller Rochester in Torch lake. The propeller's bow caught the tug in the stern and keeled her over, smashing the bulkhead and steel plates. Nineteen persons aboard the tug were thrown into the water and Engineer Charles Gulver was hurled overboard and Miss Roberts, sister of Captain Roberts of the tug, saved herself by catching a rope. The engineer was rescued. The Rochester was not damaged. Several passengers were slightly injured.

A quartette of careless fishermen of Negawac came near causing a catastrophe. They had returned from a fishing expedition and had utensils in the baggage car of the Chicago and Northwestern Railway, packed among which was a loaded revolver. In unloading the staff the revolver was discharged, the bullet striking the baggage man and causing him to fall. The baggage man was killed by the discharge of the revolver set the baggage on fire and five more shots were heard. It was looked upon as a miracle that no one was killed.

Twenty-seven new bills of complaint have been filed in the United States Circuit court at Grand Rapids in suits brought by the various railroads of Michigan to restrain Auditor General Ferry from collecting the differences in taxes between the old specific tax and the new ad valorem tax. They are substitutes for bills heretofore withdrawn. The claims now set forth declare that while the railroads under the ad valorem act are vastly overtaxed, other properties are not assessed in accordance with their value. Judge Whitney issued a temporary restraining order directed against the Auditor General, returnable on Aug. 11.

## FIGHTING FOREST FIRES.

### During the Prolonged Drouth Thousands of Men Fought the Flames.

The copious and widespread rains which have recently prevailed over a large section of the Eastern and Northern States did much to extinguish the forest fires which had already destroyed the part of the timber land which had promised to continue the work of destruction, despite every effort on the part of the State to control the flames. The absence of the usual spring rains and the prolonged drouth, extending over a period of more than fifty days, had rendered the forests peculiarly susceptible to fire. In the "ashes" from which marketable timber had been cut and much refuse left in the section where high winds or previous fires had left much dead timber, either standing or fallen, in the swamps, with their great accumulation of vegetable matter, usually moist, but rendered dry as tinder by the drouth, sparks from passing locomotives or neglected fires left in lumber and campers found much inflammable fuel. Once started, these fires were almost impossible of extinguishment. From the dead timber and the dried-up swamps the flames communicated to the living forest and giant trees and marketable lumber.

Never in the history of the eastern and northern forests has there been such a loss of timber as in the section where the Adirondack fires broke out and thousands of acres were burned over, hotels and camps in some instances being consumed. In these fires not only the timber is burned, but the very soil itself, consisting of the accumulated vegetable matter of centuries, was consumed in the rocks, leaving vast tracts of barren, hopeless territory which must forever remain a desert.

In Maine, New Hampshire, Vermont, Long Island, New Brunswick and elsewhere the fires raged. At one time there was an almost continuous chain of fires from one side of Maine to the other.

The loss is beyond computation. It will mount into the millions of dollars. The loss to individuals who have lost property ranging from a few hundred dollars to hundreds of thousands; great lumber and paper manufacturing corporations, club men and millionaires who owned great tracts for pleasure purposes, and even the State itself which possesses extensive reserves.

During the parched period many thousands of men have been employed in an effort to extinguish the flames or at least hold them in check. The method warfare against the devouring element varied according to circumstances and location. Where water was available it was used by means of fire engines and hose borrowed from neighboring towns. In the forest proper men in gangs of hundreds felled the trees along a wide stretch in front of the flames, created a clear clearing as possible, threw up the earth with pick axes and shovels and the fire encroached on them from behind by beating it with evergreen branches and by throwing dirt upon it.

In the open territories, where villages and farm buildings were threatened the plow was resorted to and rows of furrows turned up in the face of the advancing fire.

The work is a difficult and unpleasant one, owing to the heat and smoke, but the men received liberal wages and in many instances were paid every minute for weeks except for the time necessary for sleeping and eating. Only a small proportion of these fire fighters could be supplied by the sparsely settled localities in which the fires raged, but thousands were sent in to the work by the railroads, accompanied by competent foremen.

### SCHOOLS AND COLLEGES.

Unseasonable Weather Proving a Serious Injury in Many Sections.

The crop report issued by the weather bureau says the week ending June 15 was abnormally cool in nearly all districts east of the Rocky Mountains, the minimum temperatures being from 10 to the 12th throughout the central valleys and Southern States being the lowest of record for the second decade of June, and heavy frosts were made by the occurrence in the upper Missouri valley, with light frosts as far south as Tennessee. Under these conditions the growth of vegetation has been slow, but with a very general absence of rain or light local showers in the central valleys much needed cultivation has made favorable progress. The long continued and disastrous drouth in New England and the northern portion of the middle Atlantic States has been wholly relieved, being succeeded in some sections by flood conditions, and the widespread forest fires in these districts extinguished. Generally favorable conditions prevailed on the Pacific coast.

While planting, replanting and cultivation of corn in the central valleys has been retarded by the drouth, the planting remains unfinished in the northern districts. Corn is unusually late and has made very slow growth under the low temperatures of the drouth. In these middle and south Atlantic States the crop is much in need of cultivation and in the Southern States is largely laid by.

Spring wheat is in generally thrifty condition, but needs rain in portions of the Dakotas. Over the southern portion of the spring wheat region the condition of the crop is very promising. Oats have made favorable advancement in the lower Missouri and upper Mississippi valleys, and need rain in the Dakotas. Michigan the crop is backward and uneven, and while an improvement is indicated by the rains in the Dakotas, the crop promised in Indiana and Pennsylvania.

Cotton continues very backward, having made slow growth under abnormally low temperatures. All reports respecting cotton indicate that this crop has made favorable progress. Except in Michigan and the Ohio valley and middle Atlantic States, and the law will not interfere with the punishment indicated is cruel and unreasonable."—Indianapolis Journal.

### REPORTS INABILITY TO REACH A VERDICT AND IS DISCHARGED.

When the jury in the Jett-White trial came into court at Jackson, Ky., a third time Friday and reported that it was unable to agree, Judge Redwine dismissed the jurors. This was followed by the announcement that the case would be transferred to Cynthiana, Harrison County, for the second trial.

It was announced that there was only one man between the verdict of guilty or not guilty. It was conceded that the jury was then for conviction and that the question of punishment had not been considered. Later the jury again reported it was unable to agree and shortly after 9 o'clock it was discharged. The dominant factor evidently expected acquittal, but there was at least one juror who would not so report.

Gov. Beckham was asked on receiving the news from Jackson what he would do, if anything. He said: "I cannot say at this time what I will do. I must leave make any statement."

### JETT JURY DISAGREES.

Reports inability to reach a verdict and is discharged.

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## POSTAL SCANDAL GROWS.

### Bristow's Exposure of Corruption Stirs the Capital.

Postmaster General Payne Wednesday announced the summary dismissal of James T. Metcalf, chief of the money order division, Mr. Metcalf has been in the employ of the department for the last twenty-one years, most of the time in the money order division, of which he has been chief for several years. For efficiency, honesty and integrity he has had an enviable record. The division under his charge handles annually enormous sums of money, last year the amount of money orders reaching \$700,000,000, and the loss through fraud has been infinitesimally small.

Action in the case of Metcalf was taken after President Roosevelt had been consulted by Postmaster General Payne and a full investigation of the case will be made later. The dismissal is the result of acts of Mr. Metcalf in opposition to the bid of Paul Herman of Rutherford, N. J., the lowest bidder by \$45,000, and in favor of the next highest bidder, the Wyncock, Hallenbeck, Crawford Company of New York, of which Mr. Metcalf's son is an employe. Mr. Metcalf indignantly denies being influenced by this fact and claims that he was actuated solely by his desire to see the government best served.

In connection with the new developments Postmaster General Payne has published all the documents and reports of Fourth Assistant Postmaster General Bristow bearing on the Tulloch charges as they are known. The features of these documents are:

Mr. Payne in a memorandum accompanying the report says he was consumed in the case directed against the late President McKinley, who made a charge against former Postmaster General Smith, who had applied for reinstatement. The report of Fourth Assistant Postmaster General Bristow tells in detail how the inquiry was started at the time the Washington postoffice was transferred from Postmaster Millard to Postmaster Martin. Various exhibits are attached to the report which practically make up the other inspectors showing that efforts were made by Bristow and others to have irregularities overlooked, and that in one case the names of Perry S. Heath and of the Postmaster General himself were used to back up threats.

It is shown, "that the responsibility for the many illegal applications was placed on the shoulders of one and the same person, and the disbursement of thousands of dollars for work practically to be done was performed, should be placed where it properly belongs and the many abuses corrected."

### MANY MILLIONS INVOLVED.

New York City to Sue 1,400 Tenement Owners.

In New York suits are being prepared in the corporation counsel's office against no less than 1,400 tenement owners for alleged violations of a sanitary clause of the tenement house law. Expenditures aggregating perhaps \$10,000,000 hinge on these suits. Tenement house owners have as a rule found no fault with the provisions of the law. Now, however, the first serious concerted attempt to nullify a provision of the tenement house act is to be made.

All the alleged violations of the sanitary clause occur in structures built under the provisions of the old law, since the so-called "new law" buildings are inspected so thoroughly by the construction progresses that any illegal attempt on the part of a builder is straightway detected and remedied every minute.

But it is not the provisions relating to light or air or a score of other important regulations which have led to the combination to fight the law; it is solely a matter of sanitation.

Differences of opinion exist as to the number of tenements against which violation is chargeable. The property owners concerned estimate that no less than 9,000 houses are affected, while the Tenement House Commission places the number at about 6,000. Argument also has arisen as to the cost of remedying each case, the owners stating that it would be about \$2,000, while the Tenement House Commission believes \$1,000 to be a liberal estimate.

From the viewpoint of the property owner, 6,000 houses each subjected to an expenditure of \$2,000 would mean to them a cost of \$12,000,000. The estimate of the cost made by the Tenement House Commission is said to be about \$6,000,000.

It is contended by the men who own the tenement houses which are under the ban of the law that a change from the sanitary conditions complained of would involve a useless expense, since no more healthfulness might be obtained thereby.

### COLD HOLDS BACK CROPS.

Unseasonable Weather Proving a Serious Injury in Many Sections.

The crop report issued by the weather bureau says the week ending June 15 was abnormally cool in nearly all districts east of the Rocky Mountains, the minimum temperatures being from 10 to the 12th throughout the central valleys and Southern States being the lowest of record for the second decade of June, and heavy frosts were made by the occurrence in the upper Missouri valley, with light frosts as far south as Tennessee. Under these conditions the growth of vegetation has been slow, but with a very general absence of rain or light local showers in the central valleys much needed cultivation has made favorable progress. The long continued and disastrous drouth in New England and the northern portion of the middle Atlantic States has been wholly relieved, being succeeded in some sections by flood conditions, and the widespread forest fires in these districts extinguished. Generally favorable conditions prevailed on the Pacific coast.

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## RAILROADS.

### President Ramsey of the Wabash is Quoted as Declaring that the Gould Line east of Toledo will be consolidated with in the present year.

There is to be no further reduction in wool rates this season. It is understood that an agreement has been reached by the rail and water associations.

It is announced that the Big Four will begin double-tracking the road on that part of the St. Louis division between Terre Haute and Indianapolis at once.

An official of the Soo line states that the work being done on the Soo line, which have been in use several years with heavy steel is to be carried through on the lines west of Minneapolis.

At a recent meeting of the per diem committee of the American Railway Association at Cincinnati it was decided that if cars are delivered, there is to be no per diem charged on them, even if they bill is not at hand.



GROVER CLEVELAND.

# TWIN CITY MINER

TWIN CITY PUB. CO., PUBLISHERS.  
H. C. ASHMUN, Editor and Manager.

Weekly Newspaper Published every Saturday at Greenland, Ontonagon Co. Michigan. Entered at the Post Office Greenland Mich. as Second Class Mail Matter.

SATURDAY, JUNE 27, 1903.

One week from today is the Glorious 4th.

Hurray for the 4th. We are going to celebrate.

With only one week more standing before us, we should stop and consider where we will spend the 4th, and while you are considering remember that Greenland is going to celebrate and that you could not do better than to stay at home. Why leave when you can enjoy yourself as much and ten times more by staying at home than going away. Always bear in mind that parting home industry, is aiding yourselves. So stay at home and help us celebrate.

It would seem as though the people of Greenland were at last awake to the very urgent necessity for more efficient fire protection, although subsequent developments may prove this only another pipe dream. At its last meeting, the Greenland fire department appointed a committee to act with a like committee appointed by the Mass Fire department. This committee is to appear before the township board at its next meeting and present the matter for the consideration of those gentlemen.

It is doubtful if a business man can be found in the two villages who would oppose any practical plan that might be suggested. The difficulty, however, lies in the determining what is the most practical and feasible plan for securing such protection. A number of plans have been suggested, each having something of merits in its favor. There is one plan however which is not only practical, sensible and feasible, which provides for adequate protection; but which offers an easy solution for what has been a difficult question for the township board to decide, a question not as yet decided and which may involve the township in costly litigation. Some time since the township board, by advice of the representative of one of the manufacturers of fire apparatus, purchased for the two towns chemical engines. On trial these engines proved to be of absolutely no use under the existing circumstances. The question at once arose as to whether the township was bound to accept the engines.

The company furnishing them said yes, but latter sent a man to confer with the township board to endeavor to reach some amicable agreement. No agreement was reached, however, and the question of ownership is still unsettled.

It seems to us that one of the propositions made this city was a fair one. It was as follows. The company would accept the engines at their full price in payment of any other apparatus that might be chosen by the board.

The Miner would be glad to receive and publish the ideas of any and all others who have suggestions to make or plans to offer.

## Judge Steer for Supreme Judge.

Sault Ste. Marie has introduced to the State at this early date her candidate for one of the supreme court vacancies created by the action of the legislature increasing at the last session the number of Judges.

The Chippewa County Bar association has held a meeting and formerly placed before the people of the State the name of Judge Joseph H. Steere for one of the vacancies. Judges were adopted endorsing Judge Steer's record on the bench of the Eleventh judicial circuit and urging him as a logical candidate of the upper peninsula. The judge is the oldest Judge

on the circuit bench in the state serving now his twenty-second year. He was elected when but 28 years of age and has served continuously ever since. A meeting of citizens was also held for the same purpose, at which a campaign committee was appointed to urge Judge Steer's candidacy throughout the state. The meeting was presided over by Chase S. Osborn, who is one of the most enthusiastic of Judge Steer's supporters. It is believed the entire upper peninsula can be lined up for Judge Steer, which, with such support as he is sure to receive from the lower peninsula, would seem to make a successful outcome certain.

## NOTICE.

Act 321 of the late legislature of this state, has amended the "Act for the organization of township school districts in the upper peninsula" (except Iron county) substantially as follows:

The office of said district shall consist of five trustees, who shall constitute the board of education. The compensation for their services as a board of education may determine, not exceeding one hundred twenty five dollars for the secretary per annum.

Five days notice to be posted in five conspicuous places in the township, shall be given of said election.

Dated this 18th day of June, 1903.  
BERGERON & MACDONNELL,  
Township Clerk.

## Legal Notices.

TO THE OWNER OR OWNERS OF THE LAND HEREBY DESCRIBED, and to the mortgagees or mortgagees named in all un-discharged recorded mortgages against said land, or any assignee thereof of record.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has title thereto under tax deed issued therefor, at any time within six months after service upon you of this notice, upon payment to the undersigned of all sums paid upon such purchase, together with one hundred per cent additional thereto, and the fees of the sheriff for the service of this notice, and the further sum of five dollars for each description, without other additional costs or charges. If payment as aforesaid is not made, the undersigned will institute proceedings for possession of the land.

Descriptions: NE 1/4 of NW 1/4 of Sec. 20, Town 51 N, Range 41 W. Taxes for years 1885, 1886 and 1887. Amount paid, \$27.51.  
SE 1/4 of NW 1/4 of Sec. 20, Town 51 N, Range 41 W. Taxes for years 1885, 1886 and 1887. Amount paid, \$27.51.  
E 1/2 of NW 1/4 of Sec. 20, Town 51 N, Range 41 W. Taxes for years 1885, 1886 and 1887. Amount paid, \$55.02.  
S 1/2 of SW 1/4 of Sec. 20, Town 51 N, Range 41 W. Taxes for years 1885, 1886 and 1887. Amount paid, \$55.02.  
All in Ontonagon County, Michigan.  
EDGAR H. TOWAR, Trustee.  
Place of Business: Marquette, Michigan.

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Descriptions: N 1/2 of SW 1/4 of Sec. 21, Town 51 N, Range 41 W. Taxes for years 1885, 1886, 1887, 1888 and 1889. Amount paid, \$43.97.  
All in Ontonagon County, Michigan.  
EDGAR H. TOWAR, Trustee.  
Place of Business: Marquette, Michigan.

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Descriptions: Undivided 1/2 of E 1/2 of Sec. 20, Town 51 N, Range 41 W. Taxes for years 1885, 1886 and 1887. Amount paid, \$27.51.  
Undivided one-twentieth of W 1/2 of W 1/2 of Sec. 20, Town 51 N, Range 41 W. Taxes for years 1885, 1886 and 1887. Amount paid, \$27.51.  
All in Ontonagon County, Michigan.  
EDGAR H. TOWAR, Trustee.  
Place of Business: Marquette, Michigan.

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Undivided one-twentieth of W 1/2 of W 1/2 of Sec. 20, Town 51 N, Range 41 W. Taxes for years 1885, 1886 and 1887. Amount paid, \$27.51.  
All in Ontonagon County, Michigan.  
EDGAR H. TOWAR, Trustee.  
Place of Business: Marquette, Michigan.

for years 1886 and 1887. Amount paid, \$28.  
All in Ontonagon County, Michigan.  
EDGAR H. TOWAR, Trustee.  
Place of Business: Marquette, Michigan.

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E 1/2 of NW 1/4 of Sec. 20, Town 51 N, Range 41 W. Taxes for years 1885, 1886 and 1887. Amount paid, \$55.02.  
S 1/2 of SW 1/4 of Sec. 20, Town 51 N, Range 41 W. Taxes for years 1885, 1886 and 1887. Amount paid, \$55.02.  
All in Ontonagon County, Michigan.  
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All in Ontonagon County, Michigan.  
EDGAR H. TOWAR, Trustee.  
Place of Business: Marquette, Michigan.

MORTGAGE SALE.  
Default having been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage made by Henry H. Devau and Elizabeth Devau, his wife, of Rockland, Ontonagon County, Michigan, mortgagors, to L. Grosbeck & Son, of Ontonagon, Michigan, mortgagee, dated the 13th day of December, A. D. 1900, and recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds for the County of Ontonagon, Michigan, on the 14th day of December, A. D. 1900, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, in Liber H of Mortgages at page 22 and 23, and wherein said mortgage has been duly assigned by the said L. Grosbeck & Son to Bergeron & MacDonnell, of Mass, Michigan, by assignment dated the 14th day of December, A. D. 1901, and recorded in said register's office the 18th day of April, A. D. 1902, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, in Liber H of Mortgages at page 516, where by said mortgage is now owned by the said Bergeron & MacDonnell, and on which mortgage three is claimed to be due at the date of this notice for principal and interest, the sum of two hundred and thirty-eight dollars and thirteen cents (\$213.13) and fifteen dollars (\$15) reasonable solicitors or attorney's fees provided for in said mortgage, and no suit or proceeding at law have been instituted to recover the money secured by said mortgage or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that, by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and the statute in such case made and provided, on Monday, the 17th day of August, A. D. 1903, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of said day, the undersigned will sell at public auction to the highest bidder in the front door of the court house in the Village of Ontonagon, that being the place where said mortgage is held, the premises described in said mortgage, or so much thereof as may be necessary to pay the amount so due as aforesaid on said mortgage, together with interest at the rate of six per cent and legal costs, attorney's or solicitor's fees, the said premises being described in the said mortgage as follows, to-wit:

The northeast quarter of Section Twenty-nine (29), in Town fifty (50), North of Range thirty-eight (38) West, in the Township of Rockland, in the County of Ontonagon and State of Michigan.

Dated, April 28, 1902.  
BERGERON & MACDONNELL,  
Assignees.

A. E. SHUSTER,  
Attorney for Assignees,  
Business Address: Ontonagon, Mich.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.  
DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR,  
Land Office at Marquette, Mich.  
May 20, 1903.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the County Clerk of Ontonagon County, at Ontonagon, Mich., on July 28, 1903, viz: John H. Swait, application No. 8446 of John H. Swait, for the N 1/2 of NE 1/4 and N 1/2 of NW 1/4 of Sec. 21, T. 51 N. R. 41 W. If he names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of said land, viz: John W. Smith, Alfred Swartz, Michael Miller, Sperry Oliver, all of Ontonagon, Mich.

THOMAS SCADDEN, Register.

STATE OF MICHIGAN,  
THIRTY-SECOND JUDICIAL CIRCUIT IN CLARENCE.  
ALMA PRINCE Complainant,  
vs.  
Henry A. Schmeitzel, Francis H. Dawes, Charles Harvey Dent, James J. McBurney and Preston E. Hornard, Defendants.

But pending in the Circuit Court for the County of Ontonagon, in January, A. D. 1903, at a hearing on the 28th day of April, A. D. 1903.

In the case it appearing from the affidavit of A. E. Shuster on file, and from the bill of complaint, that after diligent inquiry, neither the complainant nor the Sheriff of said County has been able to locate the residence of either of the defendants Henry A. Schmeitzel, Francis H. Dawes, Charles Harvey Dent, James J. McBurney and Preston E. Hornard, for one year, but or either of the said defendants within said state upon whom service of process could be made.

Now in conformity with the statute in such case made, and on motion of A. E. Shuster, Complainant's Solicitor, J. K. OLLERIKO, That the appearance of the said defendants, Henry A. Schmeitzel, Francis H. Dawes and Charles Harvey Dent, James J. McBurney and Preston E. Hornard, be ordered herein within thirty days from the date of this order, and in case of the appearance of any of the said defendants, their full names, addresses, and that they answer to the bill of complaint, and a copy thereof to be served on the Complainant's Solicitor within fifteen days after service on them or any of them of a copy of said bill and affidavit of said A. E. Shuster, and if of said bill be taken as confessed by said defendants who so appear, and if not, then

AND IT IS FURTHER ORDERED, That within thirty (30) days from the date of this order the complainant cause a notice of this order to be published in a newspaper published in said County of Ontonagon, and that said publication be continued once in each week for six (6) successive weeks.

NORMAN W. HAIRE,  
Circuit Judge.

A. E. SHUSTER,  
Solicitor for Complainant,  
Business Address: Marquette, Michigan.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.  
DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR,  
Land Office at Marquette, Mich.  
May 21, 1903.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the County Clerk of Ontonagon County at Ontonagon, Mich., on July 28, 1903, viz: John H. Swait, application No. 10437 of Alfred Talbot, for the N 1/2 of E 1/2 of Sec. 27, T. 50 N. R. 41 W. If he names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Joseph Oullette, Peter White, Edward Robinson, Olevia Ferguson, all of Ontonagon, Mich.

THOMAS SCADDEN, Register.

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# MASS CITY DEPARTMENT.

This page will hereafter be devoted exclusively to Mass City.

Miss Lois Martin left Friday for her home in Reed City.

Fred Floyd of Trimountain spent Sunday in our city.

L. Lansing returned from his Lower Michigan trip this week.

F. M. Dickinson and Christ Nelson spent Sunday in Houghton.

Miss Mary Jones returned to her home in Calumet last Saturday.

Mrs. M. O'Sullivan spent a couple of days in Sidaaw this week.

Fred Reed, who has been working at Alston returned home last week.

Mr. John Bestard has opened up an ice cream parlor at upper Mass.

Mr. Ball of Marquette spent a couple of days of this week in our city.

Mr. Thurlert of Calumet is in the city.

Willie Scott left Monday for Faribault Minn., where he will spend his vacation.

Mrs. James Wilcox went to Houghton Wednesday.

S. J. Odgers returned from Calumet where he has been spending a few days with his parents.

Mrs. Henry Mullen of Paris is spending a few days with her daughter Mrs. W. Thompson.

Issac Pope and John Lanyon who have been working at the Mass Mine left for Trimountain last week.

J. C. Hansen, James Cronin and E. N. Drake went fishing at the Otan this week and report a good catch.

A crowd of Mass people attended the ball game between Tri-Mountain and Greenland at the latter place Sunday.

Quite a number from here attended "Who's Who" at the Greenland Opera House Monday evening, and enjoyed it very much.

Mr. and Mrs. Thompson, Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Carrow and family and Francis Mullen attended the circus at Hancock Friday.

The Finnish people gave a picnic at the picnic grounds, Wednesday, to celebrate Midsummer day when, it celebrated in their country the same as the 4th of July is here.

J. D. Clark returned home from Canada this week. He reports a pleasant trip and speaks highly of the Belmore Bay Gold Mine.

Mrs. E. N. Drake arrived here from Lower Michigan. Mr. Drake has taken L. Stevens place here as operator and they will make there home here.

Those register at the Columbia Hotel this week were: V. E. Mathewson Calumet; M. Thurlert Houghton; F. E. Goodson Fulton; D. McCarthy; Hancock; James Krupp Calumet.

J. W. Hill had the misfortune to hurt his horse last week while out fishing and will not be able to put him in the race July 4.

Charles Spears and H. R. Pye of Ontonagon were registered at the Commercial Sunday.

Thomas Hitchings moved to the old Mass location this week.

Misses Gail Retell and Gertrude Robinson of Ontonagon, were in the city Sunday.

The infant child of Mr. and Mrs. Gus. Purttman died last Tuesday. The funeral was held on Wednesday.

The Woodmen did not hold their initiation last Saturday evening.

Deputy-organizer Plummer, who some time ago broke his leg here is improving rapidly.

Jno. B. Thbar, Chicago and F. A. Herban, of Milwaukee transacted business in this city.

Christ Williams, who had his leg cut last week while cutting meat is able to be back to work again.

Edw. Naro, manager of the Naro & Pfeifer, store here, is on the sick list with quincy.

## Ontonagon Breezes.

Mrs. Joehning of Hancock was here on a short visit with relatives this week.

The government yacht Vidette with a party of engineers has been here during the week making a final survey of our harbor.

Electric lights now illuminate the D. M. Co. hoists and island the full length. It certainly looks like old times.

A coating of clay is being put on the street from the post office corner to

McMillan's mill to make a course for the firemen's running team to practice.

It looks now as if Ontonagon was to have the best Fourth of July celebration that ever happened in these parts.

A party of about thirty Chicago people members of the Cook County Outing Club will arrive here about the 25th of July and go into camp at Iron River where they will hunt and fish for several weeks.

John Hartford who has been a resident of Ontonagon county for over 50 years left on Wednesday of this week for lower Michigan where he will visit with a sister he has not seen in that time. He is over 75 years of age and this is the first time he has been outside of Ontonagon since coming to it.

Board of Supervisors have been in session this week.

Mr and Mrs E B Woods formerly of Sidaaw have secured the rooms in Al Sayage residence and will go house-keeping their. Mr Woods is employed assessor for the D M Co.

O. N. Andrews is building on quite an addition to his residence.

There has been times when Ontonagon was without a dentist, but it is not so now. Dr. Courtney had hardly got settled before Dr. W. D. Boyera young dentist from Chicago put in an appearance and it is rumored that the Smith Bros, who did a land office here last summer are expected soon—surely Ontonagonites mollars should be well taken care of from this time forward if they have been neglected in the past.

Board of Supervisors of Ontonagon county have been in session at the court house this week, every township except Greenland being represented, Supervisor Wilcox being absent and Supervisor pro tem Brown being too busy to attend. At this writing Wednesday desides allowing a large number of bills the following business was disposed of: County School Commissioner's salary was fixed at \$400 and the county treasurer was allowed \$80 for extra expenses.

Lawyer, Esq. and Esq. were appointed a committee on abstracts. Two county officials the prosecuting attorney and treasurer think they are not being paid enough for their services and will ask for an increase it is understood.

## mines and Mining

A leading copper trade authority says: "The consumption of copper compared with last year has fallen off on account of the general depression in business, due to strikes—the fear of strikes—floods, the fall of shares in Wall street, and other causes, but the consumption today, is ahead of the normal consumption of the country, beyond any question. Last year consumption was abnormal, and all the industries nearly were working double time. While they are now working full, and the consumption would be considered large as compared with any other year excepting last year, the mills are not making and are not selling as much as a year ago. On the other hand, production, which is increasing, does not show more than the normal increase as compared with preceding years. You know we expect an increase of production equal to 10 per cent. yearly. Last year's increased production over the year before was less than 9 per cent. I anticipate that copper will remain at 14 cents or over for the balance of this year. Buying today is from hand to mouth, because the fall in copper shares has frightened some consumers into the belief that copper will be lower. At any rate, I think they are justified in assuming that it will not be higher, so that they do not require to contract ahead."

That Throbbing Headache Would quickly leave you, if you used Dr. King's New Life Pills. Thousands of sufferers have proved their matchless merit for Sick and Nervous Headaches. They make pure blood and build up your health. Only 25 cents money back if not cured. Sold by J. E. Bower, Druggist.

Driven To Desperation. Living at an out of the way place, remote from civilization, a family is

often driven to desperation in case of accident, resulting in Burns, Cuts, Wounds Ulcers, etc. Lay in supply of Bucklen's Arnica Salve. It's the best on earth. 25c, at J. E. Bower's Drug Store.

## Worst of All Experiences.

Can anything be worse than to fall that every minute will be your last? Such was the experience of Mrs. S. H. Newson, Decatur, Ala. "For three years" she writes, "I endured insufferable pain from indigestion, stomach and bowel trouble. Death seemed inevitable when doctors and all remedies failed. At length I was induced to try Electric Bitters and the result was miraculous. I improved at once and now I'm completely recovered." For liver Kidney, stomach and Bowel troubles Electric Bitters is the only medicine. Only 50c. It's guaranteed by J. E. Bowers, Druggist.

## Startling Evidence.

Fresh testimony in great quantity is constantly coming in, declaring Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption (Coughs and Colds) to be unequalled. A recent expression from T. J. McFarland Bentonville, V. serves as example. He writes: "I had Bronchitis for for three years and doctored all the time without being benefited. Then I began taking Dr. King's New Discovery and a few bottles wholly cured me." Equally effective in curing all Lung and Throat trouble, Consumption Pneumonia and Grip. Guaranteed by J. E. Bower, Druggist. Trial bottles free regular sizes 50c. and \$1.00.

## Copper

If you are interested in Copper as a Miner, Smelter, Owner, Prospector, Speculator or Investor, you need the Copper handbook. The 1903 edition just out, gives new and full chapters on the history, Geology, Chemistry, Mineralogy and uses of copper, with a chapter devoted solely to statistics, and covering the entire subject of copper "like a blanket." The longest chapter in the book is devoted to descriptions of mines, and there are

## 2,207 Copper Mines

listed and described in this book—all the copper mines of the world—the descriptions ranging from a few lines to ten pages, according to importance. The book has 602 octavo pages, in brevity type, and is beautifully and strongly bound, with gilt tops. Price is \$5 in buckram and \$7.50 in full library morocco. It will be sent to any address ordered, fully prepaid, without a cent in advance, on the understanding that it will be kept and paid for if satisfactory, or returned within a week after received, if it does not suit for any reason whatever. If you want a copy on these terms, which are the most liberal ever offered by any publisher, please order now from the author and publisher

HORACE J. STEVENS, Houghton, Mich.

## IN GERMANY AND AMERICA.

Conditions Which Control Working-men Are Widely Different in the Two Countries.

In Germany it may be said that the tendency is to make better workmen; in America and England the tendency is to make better men. The Anglo-saxon policy is to "cast the bantling on the rock" and let him work out his own salvation through temptation. In Germany the policy is quite the reverse; the workman is protected from disciplining temptation and ruled in a thousand ways by the government instead of being allowed to rule himself. American discipline is from within, German from without.

The German workman is without hope ever in religion, for it is rare that a German workman is ever seen in church after confirmation; there is little or no chance for him to rise; he has before him no possible career in politics, nor any hope of becoming a Carnegie or a Huntington. Consequently he is without ambition to do his work faster or by better methods; he is content to do what his father did, without thinking, though the all-seeing government is making herculean efforts through its scores of technical and industrial schools—the best of the world—to stir him from his stolid and precedent-bound lethargy.

The German workman is slow, says the Outlook, therefore his wages are small. It is less expensive in Germany to hire muscle than it is to install expensive machinery. Therefore in all sorts of German manufacturing establishments one sees thousands of workmen bending their necks to burdens which in America are borne swiftly, noiselessly and more cheaply by electricity or steam.

# Take Notice!

All parties who are indebted to the Mass City Hardware Co., are requested to make settlement at once. As we must close all accounts of the Company. We have a large stock of

## Nails, Sash Doors, Mouldings, Lime, Adamant and all

other building material on which we are making the lowest prices for cash ever shown in this location. Greatly reduced prices in all lines to reduce stock. Consult your own interest by getting our prices before buying.

## MASS HARDWARE CO.

## F. B. STADE, Mass City, Michigan.

## Dry Goods, Clothing, Gents' Furnishings, Drugs, Patent Medicines.

**Specials.** New Line of University pattern, Panama Hats. New and Nobby, the correct styles. \$1.75

**Summer Dress Goods.** Ginghams, Precails, Dimities and Silk Mulls in all shades.

## F. B. STADE,

## Dr. S. G. MAIN,

of Dr. Courtney's dental parlors, Hancock, Has decided to visit Greenland for a period of one week during each month beginning

## Monday, June 15th to 20th Inclusive.

And later according to announcement. Efficient guaranteed work in all branches of modern dentistry will thus be afforded the people of Greenland and Mass City.

## OFFICE OVER GREENLAND BANK.

## V. A. H. ROBINSON,

DEALER IN

## FLOUR, FEED, OATS, HAY, CORN, BRAN, MIDDINGS,

Mixed Feed, Ground Feed, Wheat, Corn Meal, Flax Meal, also

## BRICK, LIME, CEMENT & ADAMANT.

MASS CITY, MICH.

## THE SILK FLAG

A Fourth of July Episode.

It seemed strange to Mrs. Lowry that she should consider, under any circumstances, the possibility of selling her beloved flag. But as she recalled her walk with her young grandson on that first evening after his return from the university, the boy's greeting of an old neighbor at every winesheltered porch, Mrs. Patterson's insinuation in regard to her rather shabby appearance kept recurring again and again to Mrs. Lowry's mind. Would not the boy, perhaps, have a similar impression? Youth has so little patience with shabbiness in its elders, and so little comprehension of sentiment.

She knew that her managing neighbor would never hesitate to make the sacrifice when the exigencies of the situation seemed to make the purchase of a new gown a necessity. And she remembered, with uneasiness, that Fred had spoken of Mrs. Patterson as being a most practical woman, and the words seemed to her to have the ring of boyish approval. She wondered if her grandson would not think her a doing old woman to refuse the committee's generous offer for the flag. With the money realized by her acceptance of that offer, not only could she replace her well-worn gown, but she could have the cottage painted, and also in other ways make their little home more agreeable to Fred's young eyes.

In the light of frank neighborly criticism, she knew she would stand convicted of a "great piece of sentimental foolishness" in not accepting the offer, just as, in that effluent searchlight, she already stood guilty through not having pressed her claims for a widow's pension. Sometimes she wished that, years ago, she had made the application. Though small the addition of that quarterly pay to their modest income would have enabled Fred to spend at least a portion of his vacations at home. As it was, the last three summers had seen Fred engaged in the most unbecoming and tiresome of employments. She did not want him to take again that hard trip through the lumber country, where school houses were far apart, and where the country school directors were not at all likely to see the necessity for replacing their well-worn desks with the new ones that Fred was trying to sell. Yes, if she could make up her mind to part with the flag—and no one but herself knew how dearly she loved that old flag—she could avoid the labor of that probably fruitless journey.

Such thoughts as these were present to the old lady's mind one evening, as she stood in her old-fashioned garden with its wealth of hollyhocks, sunflowers, verbenas and flowers of a bygone day. Her boy, her Fred, was rolling the mow-



er over the little patch of well-kept lawn. Looking up from her garden she discovered her nearest neighbor, Mrs. Patterson, completely engrossed in the domestic task of shelling peas, and she strolled slowly over to join her. As she turned the corner of her neighbor's brick cottage, she could hear the sound of the hard peas striking on the bottom of a pan, as musical to her ears as an April shower on their iron roof.

"Oh, Mrs. Patterson," she said, seating herself on the lower steps of the porch, "you're at your Fourth of July peas, I see. I'll do mine in the morning. Plenty of time, before the exercises."

"I like to be a little ahead of time, always," the other responded, smiling amiably, as she looked up from her homely labor. "Our committee will have its hands full to-morrow. We take charge of the lunch, and, you never could, other members have asked me to renew our offer for your beautiful silk flag."

"It seems like sacrilege to even handle that flag," Mrs. Lowry answered, her voice perceptibly saddened. "I never take it from the box except to place it in a new one, when the old one's worn out. I've taken such good care of it."

"And we'll take just as good," Mrs. Patterson interposed with businesslike alacrity. "She's Lowry recalls with a faint smile of a large fat pea-pod with great vigor as she continued: "I'll never be taken out, but for the Fourth of July and for visits of the President, and one never could take this sleepy little town. I don't think you ought to let a good chance like this go by, Mrs. Lowry."

"I do need the money," the other said. "There was no emphasis in her tone, and her eyes were dreamy; though to Mrs. Patterson they seemed to fasten themselves on the latter's crisp lawn bonnet that peeped from beneath the stiff straightness of an ample white apron.

"I'll tell you I know from long experience," said Mrs. Patterson, moistening her lips self-complacently. "It

## JULY FOURTH.



days to dress; and more so at our time of life than any other. I tell you, Mrs. Lowry, you with that young grandson of yours around—I hope you won't think I'm meddling—but I tell you, you really do need a new dress for visitin' and church, and such things. If I had a nice boy like Fred around my house I don't know but what I think I'd pay me to invest in a grand old, over silk foundation.

"I might pay you," Mrs. Lowry spoke with some mild and unfeeling acerbity. "When you make up your mind to do a thing, that's the end; but with me it's only the beginning of another change of mind. But one thing, I have always up to this time been firm about, that's that flag. I made it"—Mrs. Lowry's voice broke, and she caught nervously at a fold of her gown—"I made it for the Captain, and, though I never waved over a battlefield, his dying fingers handed it."

Even the matter-of-fact Mrs. Patterson stopped at her work and caught her breath with a prolonged sigh. The other said, as if in a dream, "You've often heard that old story from the soldiers who came back."

Mrs. Lowry arose, and stood silent a moment. The pea-shelling operation continued, but the grating, and clicking of the lawn mower, next door, suddenly ceased. As suddenly, Mrs. Patterson spoke sharply, leaning far out from her chair.

"Does that grandson of yours know of the splendid offer we've made you for that flag?"

"Well, just tell him when you go back," Mrs. Patterson commanded. "He'll look at it in a sensible light. I know the boy well enough for that. He's no dreamer. The ladies and I'll be over after the flag at 9 o'clock."

Dark was falling as Mrs. Lowry walked slowly around the gravelled path, and as she swung back her own gate, the squeaking noise that she seldom noticed stirred her unpleasantly. The long handle of the mower was lying half across her path and the open doorway was merely an oblong of empty darkness. She had stepped out on the lawn to see if there was a light in the boy's window. She could just make out two heads that seemed to be at a level moving across the muslin curtain.

She had left her neighbor's with the intent to find out at once in just what light her grandson would see the sacrifice of the endeared memento. The committee had certainly offered a sum out of all proportion to its intrinsic worth. Though it was made of silk and in almost perfect condition, it was the association that had inspired a veritable crusade among the ladies representing local patriotism for the purpose of obtaining it for the Blairsville Woman's Relief Corps.

The company of which Captain Lowry had been chosen captain by acclamation was organized here, and the popularity he gained in camp and in action was a sentiment shared by the soldiers with their wives at home and had come to dwell largely even in the consciousness of the more romantic of the old soldiers' daughters. And so it is not a matter of surprise that Captain Lowry's flag made by his wife's own loving fingers should be coveted by every member of the corps.

Mrs. Lowry recalled with a faint smile how much more successful the neighboring town of Kittanning had been in securing mementos of the company or regiment there. They had one or two well-worn awards, several battered caps, and a few framed commissions and honorable discharges with the Governor's signature having faded almost to extinction; and if the Blairville corps could but get possession of the gorgeous silk flag, it could snap a metaphorical finger at its rival's war relics.

"My husband used to say," thought Mrs. Lowry, "that everything had a humorous side."

She groped her way through the rooms, seeking a match and wondering

why Fred had not taken time to light the hall lamp. In a little while she was standing on a chair gently lifting a large flat box from the top shelf of a cupboard. She thought she would spread the flag over the backs of several chairs, and after her son's visitor had gone she and Fred would have it out between them whether or not she was hopelessly foolish, as Mrs. Patterson had more than once declared with great candor to eling so tenaciously to a few yards of red, white and blue silk.

As the flag, thrown over the chair, as it was, shimmered in the lamp glow, it began to simulate the pall of a somewhat elongated hier to Mrs. Lowry's amazed and saddened spirit. It was but the work of a second when she read it out on the floor. Then the old lady sat down to wait for her grandson's coming. She noticed the noise of a door opening and imagined the steps of a young man coming along the hall. But when they had reached the door and she lifted her tired eyes, not taking her chin from the palm of her hand where it seemed to rest listlessly, she saw the man was not young and a stranger.

"Well, mother," Fred always addressed his grandmother thus, "the Seventy-eighth is what Mr. McCoy has come to talk to you about."

"Yes, Mrs. Lowry, I'm looking up the records of my old regiment. I'm a pension lawyer."

"Mr. McCoy was in the Seventy-eighth," explained Fred, boyishly conscious that he had with a word put the older people on an amicable footing.

Mrs. Lowry's face brightened, although some soft light had been thrown across it. Her eyes wandered affectionately to her grandson, and then back to the lawyer.

"And perhaps you knew my husband?" she asked.

"Every man in the regiment, Mrs. Lowry, knew your husband, at least by reputation. For gallant service and a willing life his country, it is the least our government can do to offer you a quarterly pension and all the back money that is coming to you."

The old lady clasped her thin fingers nervously and said with excitement in her broken voice: "I never intended to see you again."

"I told Mr. McCoy," the boy broke in, "that it would be hard to make you believe a pension was not a bonus put on patriotism."

Mr. McCoy slowly unbuttoned his coat and took a file of papers from his pocket. "Here are the papers," he said, "relating to your husband's record, and also the application blanks. All we want now are two witnesses."

"I never intended," she interrupted absent-mindedly, thinking that with the back pay there would be no necessity for parting with the flag. Fred could have his vacation. She looked across at the boy. She thought of how bravely he had worked his way through college, never taking more than three dollars a month through the long sultry summer. She noticed for the first time that some of the roundness of his cheek had disappeared. She could save him the weary journey through the lumber country; in her mind's eye, she saw the endless, dusty country, Mrs. Patterson's voice came on either side stretched before her, and she pictured the boy's monotonous fatigue. And as her mind flew along in the imagination, she saw the old woman kneeling down to smooth out a wrinkle, "I'll never see you, never; but I'll lend you every year for the Fourth of July," thought Mrs. Benton in San Francisco Chronicle.

"It's very kind," Mrs. Lowry said quickly, "I take so much trouble. I think I would like to have you enter my name in the widow's list. And I'll ask my friends to be witnesses—and the kneeling down to smooth out a wrinkle, "I'll never see you, never; but I'll lend you every year for the Fourth of July," thought Mrs. Benton in San Francisco Chronicle.

## FAMELESS COLT, THE PICKET, WINS THE AMERICAN DERBY

Centers Under the Wire Before 70,000 People, While Famous Rivals Struggle for Place.

### NEW TIME MARK MADE

Remarkable Race Is Witnessed by the Largest Crowd Ever Assembled in Washington Park, Chicago, Saturday.



SEVENTY thousand spectators, nineteen colts, a new record for the stakes, the largest crowd, the biggest field, and the best time in the history of the classic event; first honors won in a canter, and a fierce struggle for minor glories; favorites hopelessly beaten before the final quarter is reached—all that, and the formal saddle for The Picket, is the Derby.

As the winning colt won this, the first victory of his racing career, the Washington Park records for the Derby went to smash, and the new mark of 2:33 was set up in place of the 2:33 4/5 of Robert Waddell in 1901.

### Same Old Story Retold.

That Saraville, the conqueror in the Futurity and the pride of the Drake stables, and Claude, the winner of three Derbies, and Bernays, the winner of two, should pound their way around the track with the heels of an untried horse digging the dirt far ahead of them was in strict accordance with what is expected in the American Derby. When it was over it was easily recalled that this is the way it always happens.

Jumping into the lead before the quarter was reached, The Picket saw his competitors no more until they were gathered around him at the Judges' stand. Turning slightly on his mount from time to time, Jockey Hedges could see the struggle behind him, but it carried no terrors for the speedy colt of Middleton & Jungbluth.

As he passed the stand the first time around he was in the lead. As the final quarter reached the first mile he was increasing his lead. When they entered the stretch the race was hopeless for the other eighteen, and as he crossed under the wire it was in a canter. The real struggle was six lengths behind him.

### Cable News to Asia Minor.

While The Picket was being walked up and down in the cooling blanket a cablegram was on its way to an interior town in Asia Minor. It told the whole story of the day. It went to Karl Jungbluth, part owner of the fleet son of Falsetto and Voltario. And all it said was:

"Picket wins."

Not a cent of its owners' money did The Picket carry. For them he won the \$27,000 representing the net value of the first money, and nothing more. That more people saw the running of this race than have ever seen a horse race in the West, if not in the country, is asserted by officials of the Washington Park Club.

Within the grand stands the jam was so great that movement was impossible. The betting ring was a gigantic sardine box in a turmoil. The clubhouse was a crush of fashionable finery, brilliant with colors. The infield was a small ocean of vehicles. The rail along the track was lined with humanity stacked in row after row.

Enough spectators were hanging to houseposts and poles outside the track to have packed the grounds for an ordinary race. Enough were gathered outside the gates with no chance of getting the smallest glimpse of the race to have made an army division.

### Brief News Items.

A corn on the toe of a Philadelphia man caused his death.

Coffeyville, Kan., is soon to have a roofing and fancy tile factory.

Contracts have been let for \$103,000 worth of street paving in Albany, Mo.

Daniel Clifford, an aged farmer residing at White station six miles from Sedalia, Mo., was struck and killed by lightning while looking through his corn field.

### BRIEF STORY OF THE AMERICAN DERBY OF 1903

Winner of the Derby.....The Picket  
Value to owners.....\$27,000  
Odds on winner.....10 to 1  
Attendances.....70,000  
Time of race.....2:33  
Number of starters.....19

The time of the race—2:33—is the record for the American Derby.

Claude, the second horse, gets \$3,000 of the Derby stakes, and Bernays, which ran third, receives \$2,000.

While The Picket takes the best record for the American Derby, Washington Park also holds the world's record for the Derby distance. July 16, 1898, Goodrich, 3-year-old, carrying 102 pounds, covered the mile and a half in 2:30 3/4.

The receipts of the Washington Park Club for the day are figured at \$150,000. Automobile tournaments were far more numerous than on any previous Derby day, but the stable equipages were on a striking scale both in regard to appointments and vehicles.

The display of finery is said to have never been surpassed on an American race track.

The total amount wagered on the Derby is estimated at \$1,500,000, far exceeding the placing on any other American Derby. The biggest winner of the day was Joseph Yeager. He is said to have gathered in \$40,000. Yeager had \$300 in Weller's winter book on The Picket at 60 to 1, winning \$18,000. Louisville people won about \$25,000 on The Picket's victory. John W. Gates and John A. Drake had \$15,000 up on Saraville, while Drake had \$40,000 on Saraville in the winter books. Charles R. Ellison had \$5,000 on Judge Himes.

The only filly in the race, Floarline, made a fair showing, finishing seventh, while Judge Himes, winner of the Kentucky Derby, finished absolutely last.

All the big bookmakers, especially the makers of winter books, are heavy winners on the event.

The South Side elevated road carried 40,000 persons to the track, and the Illinois Central 25,000. Last year the elevated line carried 28,000 people and the Illinois Central about 20,000.



The organization of a Federal labor union has been effected at Kenton, Ohio. The Order of Railway Conductors of America will meet at Portland, Ore., in 1905.

Iron molders at Denver, Colo., have won their fight for a nine-hour day with ten hours' pay.

Chicago, Ill., makers of suspenders were the first to organize a suspenders workers' union.

The children of labor engaged in the general occupations of the United States number 1,750,000.

Within five years wages for all classes of mechanical occupations have increased from 20 to 25 per cent in Hamilton, Canada.

Bricklayers of San Jose, Oakland, Stockton, Sacramento and San Francisco, Cal., have affiliated with the International Union.

Bollermakers along the lines of the Norfolk and Western Railway are asking the company for a 10 per cent increase in wages.

The Trades and Labor Congress of Canada has been organized thirty years. It now has become a powerful national labor body.

Trunk makers at Chicago, who are striking, threaten to organize a co-operative factory unless their demands are acceded to.

At Leadville, Colo., the cooks and waiters' union threatens to tie up the eating industry unless their organization is recognized.

The new scale of press feeders at Indianapolis, Ind., which is an increase over the scale of a year ago, goes into effect in July.

Wages of plasterers in Montreal, Canada, have been increased from 25 cents to 33 1/2 cents an hour for a day of nine hours, instead of ten.

Skilled labor in Indiana controlled by corporations average \$2.45 a day, and unskilled labor \$1.33, boys 71 cents, girls and women 93 cents.

The Common Council of Ithaca, N. Y., has adopted this resolution to increase the wages of the city street sweeping brigade from \$1 to \$1.25 a day.

A rise in the pensions of the French military invalids of last year's last year's colliers' strike in France has been resolved upon by the French Senate.

Seven thousand bollermakers and iron shipbuilders will strike in the ship yards of New York and vicinity if they do not get the increase in wages they demand.

Last year the Order of Railroad Telegraphers secured twenty-six new and revised schedules that brought more than \$1,500,000 increase in wages to the most benefited.

**Fairly Good Evidence.**  
 "You saw the automobile strike the man, did you?" asked the lawyer.  
 "No, sir."  
 "But you're confident it did strike him?"  
 "Yes, sir."  
 "What makes you so sure of this?"  
 "Because when I first saw him he was about fifteen feet up in the air and still going."—Chicago Post.

**In Every Walk of Life.**  
 People in every walk of life have had back-aches, kidneys go wrong and the back begins to ache. Cure such ailments with a c k a c h e quickly dissapper. Read this testimonial and learn how it can be done:  
 A. A. Boyce, a farmer, living three and a half miles from Trenton, Mo., says: "A severe cold settled in my kidneys and developed so quickly that I was obliged to lay off work on account of the aching in my back and sides. For a time I was unable to walk at all, and every makeshift I tried and all the medicine I took had not the slightest effect. My back continued to grow weaker until I was unfit for anything. Mrs. Boyce noticed Doan's Kidney Pills advertised as a sure cure for just such conditions and one day when in Trenton she brought a box home from Chas. A. Foster's drug store. I followed the directions carefully when taking them and I must say I was more than surprised and much more gratified to notice the backache disappearing gradually until it finally stopped."  
 A FREE TRIAL of this great kidney medicine which cured Mr. Boyce will be mailed on application to any part of the United States. Address Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y. For sale by all druggists, price 50 cents per box.

A friend that you have to buy won't be worth what you pay for him, no matter what that may be.—G. D. Prentice.

**THE PINKHAM CURES**  
**ATTRACTING GREAT ATTENTION AMONG THINKING WOMEN.**



Mrs. Frances Stafford, of 243 E. 114th St., N.Y. City, adds her testimony to the hundreds of thousands of Mrs. Pinkham's files.

When Lydia E. Pinkham's Remedies were first introduced skeptics all over the country frowned upon their curative claims, but as year after year has rolled by and the little group of women who had been cured by the new discovery has since grown into a vast army of hundreds of thousands, doubts and skepticisms have been swept away as by a mighty flood, until to-day the great good that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and her other medicines have wrought among the women of America is attracting the attention of many of our leading scientists, physicians and thinking people.  
 Merit alone could win such fame; wise, therefore, is the woman who for a cure relies upon Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.



**ELLY'S LIQUID CREAM Balm** is prepared for sufferers from rheumatism, neuralgia, sciatica, and all other forms of nerve pain. It is a powerful and soothing preparation, and is used in the treatment of the above named ailments. It does not dry up the secretions, and is perfectly safe for use. It is sold by druggists or by direct mail from the manufacturer, Dr. Wm. S. Hires, Philadelphia, Pa.

**PISO'S CURE FOR** ...  
 S. N. U. No. 26-1903

**NEGRO DIES AT THE STAKE.**

**Delaware Mob Burns Girl's Slaver After Overpowering Jail Guards.**  
 Fired by ministers of the gospel and the women of Wilmington, Del., George White, a negro, accused of attacking and murdering Miss Helen S. Bishop, was taken from the Newcastle workhouse Monday night, after a fierce battle with the guards in which several men were shot and tied to a stake and burned. The negro confessed and was shot full of bullets as he was burning at the stake. Four of the citizens who took White from the workhouse were shot, one fatally.

There was no demonstration on the part of the mob when the police arrived. The crowd seemed to be holding back, waiting for the leadership of some person still expected.

Suddenly up the roadway, galloping swiftly, came half a dozen horsemen. They dismounted and soon they had organized several squads of men armed with heavy railroad ties.

With a rush and a Wilson squad after squad charged upon the workhouse door with the improvised battering ram. The doors crashed in and the mob charged into the hallway. The police then drew their revolvers and fired into the crowd. But the mob paid no attention to clubs or bullets. The police were carried off their feet and knocked down, trampled upon and the mob passed over them into the corridors of the jail.

It was shortly before midnight when they had located the cell where White was confined. Swinging lanterns, they peered in and made sure of the negro's identification. He fell on his knees, screaming piteously for mercy.

With a noise around his neck and the mouth of thousands his heels the negro was started toward Price's Corner, the scene of his attack upon Helen Bishop. There, in the spot where the negro's mutilated body was found had already been erected a great pile of pine kindling and straw, and to a stake driven in the middle of this the negro was tied. The whole pyre was saturated with kerosene and then the torch was applied. When he found that his case was hopeless the negro confessed the deed and did not spare himself in telling it.

The flames leaped up and reached the man's hands. Suddenly the ropes on his legs parted and he sprang from the fire. A man struck him on the head with a fence rail and knocked him down. Others threw him back into the flames.

**SLAVERY IN ALABAMA.**

**Government Starts an Investigation Into Awful Outrages.**

The investigation of the heinous cases by the federal grand jury at Montgomery, Ala., has brought out evidence of more shocking crimes than existed in the slave days. Many negroes have shown scars from the lash and others showed where their bones had been broken with clubs.

One affidavit signed by six negroes told the following story of the murder of Sarah Nealy, a negro woman:  
 "I was at Mr. Turner's place. She came on Monday and stayed until Tuesday. She came down to Fletcher Turner's. We were in the yard and she could not pile brush like he wanted her to do and he took her down and placed her across a log. I held her feet and another negro held her by the head. Allen Turner whipped her with a buggy trace 100 lashes. Then he put a pair of hand-cuffs on her and tied a rope around her wrists, and made me draw her up so her feet would just touch the ground, and he let her hang two hours.

"Just about dinner we lowered her and she crawled over to some brush. Mr. Turner told me to throw her a pone of bread. She said she couldn't eat. After dinner it was told to go and tell her she must go to work. She pulled the lid of her eye down and said she could not see. She then crawled behind the brush pile and laid down and never got up any more. Allen Turner beat her over the head with a pistol again and she died."

The principal offender against the peonage law, John W. Pace of Tallapoosa County, has practically confessed. He did not believe that he could be punished. Indeed, he told Mr. Hesse and Mr. Sternfeld that he had committed no crime. There are others among the indicted men who have turned government evidence. Their stories disclose the conspiracy to violate not only the laws of Alabama, but of the United States for the purpose of maintaining a system of slavery. They have trafficked in negroes to the extent of buying and selling them.

Jane should not forget for a moment that it has a reputation to live up to in the matter of weather.

From this time forth only one presidential bee will be permitted to buzz especially in the Republican party.

Summer resort advertisement writers are now throwing in all the thrillers that breakfast food can have to use.

Jet and White have been run in on a charge of having painted Breathitt County (Ky.) red. Officials hope to be able to round up the other colors of the rainbow in a few days.

Considering how extensively some of the postoffice officials seem to have devoted their talents to "grafting" it is somewhat surprising that they found time to conduct the nation's postal business at all.

**WITH SECRET DRAWERS.**

**Women Buy Desks of This Kind and So Do a Few Men.**  
 Most business desks are very commonplace affairs, yet even in this utilitarian age there are some on the market with romantic secret compartments hidden like those described in old-fashioned novels.

"Oh, how lovely," exclaimed the visitor when the dealer pressed the button and showed a delightful mysterious little nook at the back of the solid oak desk. "Who buys them?"

"Women, mostly," was the reply. "Women, you know, go in for that sort of thing more than men. They like to manufacture a mystery whether there is any need of it or not; and where can they find a better aid to their imagination than in a secret drawer? When a man has any papers he wants to hide he puts them in a safety deposit vault. That disposition of them would not be romantic enough to suit a woman. Nothing short of a secret compartment in a writing desk will satisfy her. The manufacturers of desks know that, and each year they turn out a goodly number of desks with all sorts of out-of-the-way niches concealed by sliding doors and false bottoms and retracting backs.

"Of course, not all story-book desks are bought up by women. I only say a large percentage of them are. There are some modern men with Blue Beard preferences and we sell secret compartment desks to them. Goodness knows what they keep in the hidden recesses. Love letters, perhaps, and wills, and—well, any old thing to which some special interest or romance attaches and which they do not want prying eyes to see or irreverent hands to touch. However, desks with secret drawers are not offered to the ordinary purchaser, and unless a customer asks for those mysterious attachments we sell the plain commonplace desk in which you couldn't hide even a pin to save your neck.—New York Times.

**A Cure for Dropsy.**

Sedwick, Ark. June 22.—Mr. W. S. Taylor of this place says:

"My little boy had Dropsy. Two doctors—the best in this part of the country—told me he would never get better, and to have seen him anyone else would have said they were right. His feet and limbs were so swollen that he could not walk nor put on his shoes.

"When the doctors told me he would surely die, I saved myself and his medicine and began giving him Dodd's Kidney Pills. I gave him three pills a day and at the end of eight days the swelling was all gone, but as I wanted to be sure, I kept on with the pills for sometime, gradually reducing the quantity, till finally I stopped altogether.

"Dodd's Kidney Pills certainly saved my child's life. Before using them he was a business invalid in his mother's arms from morning till night. Now he is a healthy, happy child, running and jumping and shouting. I can never express our gratitude.

"Dodd's Kidney Pills entirely cured our boy after everybody doctors and all had given him up to die."  
 Cleeves Knowledge.  
 Bifkins—Prof. Quacker has made a study of every known disease.  
 Miffkins—What does he know about them?  
 Bifkins—Everything except the cure.

We are never without a bottle of Pile Cure for Consumption in our house.—Mrs. E. M. Swaze, Wakita, Okla., April 17, 1903.

"Joy to the World" was by Isaac Watts. It has been popularized by being set to a fragment of melody from Handel's "Messiah."

**FITS** Persecuted women, who are persecuted after marriage, should use Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People. It is a powerful and soothing preparation, and is used in the treatment of the above named ailments. It does not dry up the secretions, and is perfectly safe for use. It is sold by druggists or by direct mail from the manufacturer, Dr. Wm. S. Hires, Philadelphia, Pa.

Mrs. Winslow's SOOTHING SYRUP for children teething, soothes the gums, reduces inflammation, and allays pain, where it were swollen and sore.

**Low Rates to Boston and Return in June and July.**  
 Via the Lake Shore and Michigan Southern Ry. Tickets will be sold June 25, 26 and 27, extreme return limit August 1; and on July 1, 2, 3, 4 and 5, extreme return limit September 1. Stopovers allowed at Niagara Falls and Chautauque; also at New York on tickets via that route. Full information, with rates via variable routes, will be promptly furnished on application at city ticket office, 180 Clark St., or to C. F. Daly, Chief A. G. P. A., Chicago.

**Cautions Willie.**  
 "Willie, did you think Mr. Speedway for taking you to drive?" said the mother of a small boy, solicitously. No answer. The question was repeated.  
 "Willie! Do you hear me? Did you think Mr. Speedway for taking you to drive?"  
 "Yes," whispered Willie, "but he told me not to mention it."—New Orleans Times-Democrat.

**ALLEN'S FOOT-EASE**  
**For Hot, Tired, Aching Swollen Feet.**

**SHAKE INTO YOUR SHOES**  
 Allen's Foot-Ease, a powder, it cures painful, smarting, nervous feet and improves nails and instantly takes the sting out of corns and bunions. It's the greatest comfort discovery of the age. Makes tight shoes feel easy. A certain cure for sweating, callous and hot, tired, aching feet. 30,000 testimonials. Try it to-day. Sold by all Druggists and Shoe stores, 25c. Don't accept a substitute. Trial package FREE. Address Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

**WESTERN CANADA**  
 Grain Growing. Mixed Farming.

**THE REASON WHY**  
 more wheat is grown in Western Canada in a few short months, is because vegetation grows in proportion to the sunlight. There are 50 days more per bushel in the West than in the East.

Yield, 1902—117,022,724 bu.  
 Free Provinces of 1890 were flooded, the only charges being \$10 for entry. Abundance of water and soil, showing material good crops for pasture, giving an abundance of stock and a climate for growing fruit and vegetables. The soil is rich and fertile, and the climate is moderate, and also for scientific growing of stock and for the raising of stock. The climate is moderate, and also for scientific growing of stock and for the raising of stock. The climate is moderate, and also for scientific growing of stock and for the raising of stock.

**FREE TO WOMEN!**  
 To prove the healing and cleansing power of Paxtine Toilet Antiseptic we will mail a large trial package with book of instructions absolutely free. This is not a tiny sample, but a large package, enough to convince anyone of its value. Women all over the country are praising Paxtine for what it has done in local treatment of female ills, curing all inflammation and discharge, rendering the vaginal douche for sore throat, nasal catarrh, and when the teeth. Send to-day a postal card to:

**PAXTINE TOILET**  
 R. PAXTON CO., 218 Columbus Ave., Boston, Mass.

**Do You Want Your Money TO EARN 7% INTEREST PER ANNUM?**  
 Write me for particulars. I secure investments, paying seven per cent on amounts of one hundred dollars or more. Bank References.  
**W. H. HOKE, York, Penna.**

**BLOOD HUMOURS**  
**Skin Humours, Scalp Humours, Hair Humours,**  
**Whether Simple Scrofulous or Hereditary**  
**Speedily Cured by Cuticura Soap, Ointment and Pills.**  
**Complete External and Internal Treatment, One Dollar.**

In the treatment of torturing, disfiguring, itching, scaly, crusted, pimply, blotchy and scrofulous humours of the skin, scalp and blood, with loss of hair, Cuticura Soap, Ointment and Pills have been wonderfully successful. Even the most obstinate of constitutional humours, such as had blood, scrofula, inherited and contagious humours, with loss of hair, glandular swellings, skin patches in the throat and mouth, sore eyes, copper-colored blotches, as well as boils, carbuncles, scurvy, sties, ulcers and sores arising from a language or impoverished condition of the blood, yield to the Cuticura Treatment, when all other remedies fail.  
 And greater still, if possible, is the wonderful record of cures of torturing, disfiguring humours among infants and children. The suffering which Cuticura Remedies have alleviated among the young, and the comfort they have afforded worn-out and worried parents, have led to their adoption in countless homes as priceless curatives for the skin and blood. In infants and children, humours, milk crust, scalled head, eczema, rashes and every form of itching, scaly, pimply skin and scalp humours, with loss of hair, of infancy and childhood, are speedily, permanently and economically cured when all other remedies fail. Suitable for children, and even the weakest physicians, fail.

Sold throughout the world. Cuticura Remedies, 50c. per box. Prepared by J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass., U.S.A. Sold by J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass., U.S.A. Sold by J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass., U.S.A.



**On the Lazine**  
**Libby Luncheons**  
 We sell the product in key-opening cans. Turn a key and you find the meat exactly as it was when we packed it up in this way.  
 Potted Ham, Beef and Tongue, Ox Tongue, Ham, Veal Loaf, Deviled Ham, Baked Beef, etc. Sliced Smoked Beef, Etc.  
 All natural flavor foods—palatable and wholesome. Your grocer should have them.  
 "That's the lookin'!" "How to Make Good Dinners for the week, the 20 stories for Libby's Luncheons."  
**Libby, McNeill & Libby**  
 Chicago, Ill.

**GIRLS:** I want names to introduce new novelties. Send 20 cents, two names and address and slip in mailing slip and I will send you a copy of my new book, "How to Make Good Dinners for the week, the 20 stories for Libby's Luncheons."  
 S. N. U. No. 26-1903

In writing to advertisers, please do not fail to mention you saw the advertisement in this paper.

**CASCARETS**  
**CANDY CATHARTIC**  
**THEY WORK WHILE YOU SLEEP**

**GET WHAT YOU ASK FOR!**

CASCARETS Candy Cathartic are always put up in blue metal box, our trade-marked, long-tailed C on the cover—tablet octagonal, stamped C. C. Never sold in bulk! Imitations and substitutes are sometimes offered by unscrupulous dealers who try to palm off fakes when CASCARETS are called for, because the fake pays a little more profit. Get the genuine CASCARETS and with it satisfaction or your money refunded under iron-clad guarantee. 10,000,000 boxes a year, that's the sale of CASCARETS today, and merit did it. They are a perfect cure for Constipation, Appendicitis, Biliousness, Stomach, Stomach, Sick Headache, Bad Breath, Bad Blood, Pimples, Piles, Worms and all Bowel Diseases. All druggists, 10c, 25c, 50c. Sample and booklet free. Address Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago or New York.

**LOCAL & PERSONAL DEPARTMENT.**

**Attention Band Boys!**  
Bo at the Greenland Fire Hall Sunday afternoon at 3 o'clock sharp. Bring your instruments and music. Don't Fail!

Mr. Mack of Ripley was in the city Tuesday.  
H. Levine was a Winona visitor this week.

Paul Frances was in from his camp at Trout Creek Tuesday.  
G. W. Clancy and wife were Rockland visitors Thursday.

H. Morris of Grand Rapids made his usual trip here this week.  
Alphonse and Gaston are still continuing their visit in our city.

The Odd Fellows, No. 487, took in a member by card Monday evening.  
Miss Marguerite Sexton left for her home in Berlin, Wis., Tuesday.

E. Leroy Hesse transacted business in Houghton Thursday and Friday.  
Walter Sawyer is visiting friends through the Copper Country this week.

Mr. Calvin Hudson of Calumet was visiting friends in this city on Monday.  
Mr. Gregory of Hancock was calling on the local grocery trade Thursday.

Mrs. Margaret Quinn was in Houghton visiting friends several days this week.  
Miss Matthews of Boston, was the guest of Miss Katherine Wilcox Sunday.

Mr. Louis the Union Tea man of Hancock, did business in the city this week.  
M. A. Henderson representing Styles of Chicago, did business here this week.

The Greenland's junior team defeated the Ontonagon junior nine by a score of 18-3.  
Mrs. David Doonan visited her sister in Ontonagon the early part of the week.

Mrs. James Wilcox and daughter Mayme are visiting friends in Duluth this week.  
Miss Mary Perkins principal of the Greenland School left for her home in Norway Monday.

Miss Cora Buck left for Calumet Tuesday where she will visit friends for several days.  
E. Lansing returned from his trip through the lower part of the state Saturday last.

Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Bebeau took in the Forpugh & Sells circus at Houghton Friday.  
Pete Trudell of Negaunee, representing J. Fernakes, of Milwaukee called on trade Tuesday.

Attorney W. G. Van Slyck spent several days at his homestead near Sidway this week.  
Miss Dauter and S. Tennis of Ishpeming were calling on the meat trade this week.

Eugene LaRoche and Mr. Dubuque transacted business in Rockland and Victoria this week.  
Mrs. Stevens of the Rockland Reporter was in the City Tuesday. We acknowledge a pleasant call.

Mr. and Mrs. Prince were in attendance at the wedding of Mr. Prince's sister at Houghton this week.  
W. Harris manager of the Hodze Iron Works, of Hancock, transacted business in the city Monday.

The owners of running horses in this city are "trying out" their beasts preparatory to the running July 4th.  
Mrs. J. J. Beatty and sons Lewis and Loren left for Menominee Wednesday, where they will visit for several weeks.

John McGinty of this city and Chas. Garrick of Kenton will pull off a ten round boxing contest at Kenton July Fourth.  
Misses Agnes and Jennie Frances who have been attending school in Green Bay, Wis., returned home Thursday.

Arthur Berling was at Calumet Sunday in attendance at his brother's wedding. He acted in the capacity of "best man."  
Rev. and Mrs. Hoard returned home last Friday from Marquette where Mr. Hoard performed the marriage ceremony for his brother at that city.

Patrick McGinty formerly connected with the Copper Range as section foreman at Belt has accepted a similar position with the St. Paul road at Ontonagon.

A Mission will be held at the catholic church next week.  
Jake Bentry of Baraga was in this city several days this week.

Belford Anderson is at home from Pentago with a very bad arm.  
Wm. La Prant is now the genial bar tender at Gene Davis "Hub saloon."

Mr. Dunstan, representing the Commercial correspondence school of Phil. Pa., of Houghton was in the City Thursday.  
A large crowd from Rockland, Ontonagon and Mass took the Copper Range railroad here yesterday morning to take in the circus at Hancock.

Arthur Pa. uett and Peter Marceau who formerly did the battery work for the Greenland ball team have signed with Lake Linden in the same capacity.  
Mrs. Chartier and family, Mrs. Wm. Merceau and Mr. Clusick, a brother of Mrs. Chartier who is here on a visit from Duluth, Minnesota, were Ontonagon visitors Tuesday.

I. Sandelman representing Frank Bros., wholesale liquor dealers, of the Soo, was in the city yesterday. Mr. Sandelman will make this territory every month hereafter.  
George Young the barber formerly located at LaRoche's confectionery store, has moved his shop to the millinery store recently occupied by Mrs. Bolest's millinery store.

Miss Julia Dunn left for her home in Hancock Wednesday to take a well-earned vacation after a ten months' school term. Miss Dunn has a host of friends here who wish her a pleasant time through her vacation.  
Ed. Lemerie representing the Howard Clear Co., of the Soo, was in the city yesterday. Mr. Lemerie is no stranger here having made this territory before and has made many friends here who are pleased to see him.

John Anderson who recently sold his gallery to Reitzel left for Florence, Wis., Wednesday where he intends going in the cattle raising business. He has many friends here who regret his departure but wish him success in his new business venture.  
Any one walking down Greenland Avenue Thursday could not help noticing the very neat and tastily gotten up restaurant kept by the Sandelman store. The window is made up to advertise Fairy soap and is a winner in every way.

The show "Who is Who" held the boards at the opera House last Monday evening as billed and it was all that was expected. They were greeted with a large and enthusiastic audience. The show is brim full of laughs from start to finish.  
Our Modern Woodman were in Rockland last Sunday where they went to decorate the grave of Christ Anderson from their visit to Ontonagon decorating the graves of deceased members there.

Mr. Brooks, last Monday had a very narrow escape from serious if not fatal injuries, by a fall from a horse. Mr. Brooks was trying out a horse for the 4th and was coming down the street at break neck speed when the horse stumbled throwing the rider over its head and falling itself. Mr. Brooks receiving only a few bruises.

**Notice of Dissolution.**  
The partnership heretofore existing between W. U. Treverrow, Henry Treverrow, Thomas Treverrow and Algo Treverrow, under the firm name of Treverrow Bros., is hereby dissolved by mutual consent. All bills maturing after this date are payable to W. U. Treverrow.

W. U. Treverrow.  
Henry Treverrow.  
Thomas Treverrow.  
Dated June 4, 1903.

**Notice.**  
The Greenland Bank, Melliner, Mervet & Co., bankers, wishes to announce that the pass books for the small saving banks are now ready for distribution. All parties having these banks are requested to make their first deposit and receive this book.

J. J. Boyce, Cashier.  
**Lost—A bitch rabbit bound all black. Anyone returning same to me will be suitably rewarded.**  
Jos. Vairo.  
Greenland, Mich.,

**For Sale.**  
A fine line of wash goods, Sayles & Boutigon.

**Do You Wear Boots or Shoes**

If so, then go to the

**City Shoe Store**

We Will Sell Shoes During this Month the Following prices.  
\$4 Men's shoes for . . . \$3 50  
\$3 50 Ladies' shoes for . . . 3 00  
2 00 Boy's shoes for . . . 1 50  
1 50 Baby shoes for . . . 1 00  
4 00 Water proof working shoes for . . . 3 50  
3 75 Water proof working shoes for . . . 3 25  
4 00 Mining boots for . . . 3 50  
3 0 Mining boots for . . . 2 50  
Rubber Boots now \$3 50 for 3 00

A lot of odd numbers both in ladies' and men's will go below cost. Come early and get your money's worth. We carry the best line of shoes in the city.

Don't forget the address  
**City Shoe Store,**  
Axel Swanson, Prop.  
GREENLAND, MICH.

**THOS. NEVINS,**  
Woodworking, Wagon making, Repairing and painting. Upholstering a specialty. With John Brown Blacksmith.

**WM. ANDERSON & CO.** Dealers in Fancy and Staple GROCERIES And Gent's Furnishings  
Ishpeming and Mass City

**F. D. CLARK,** DEALER IN HARNESSES, SADDLERY, WHIPS, BRUSHES, CURRY COMBS, BLANKETS ROBES.  
GREENLAND MICH.

**SWANSON & SANDQUIST.** SAMPLE ROOM, POOL BILLARDS.  
Greenland, Mich.

**DON'T SHAVE**  
Yourself, and by so doing suffer all the tortures imaginable, when you have in your city a complete, up-to-date Barber Shop. When you want any Tonsorial work done call on  
**H. B. SMITH, Tonsorial Artist,**  
Greenland, Mich.

**Do You Enjoy What You Eat?**  
If you don't your food does not do you much good. Kodol Dyspepsia Cure is the remedy that every one should take when there is any thing wrong with the stomach. There is no way to maintain the health and strength of mind and body except by nourishment. There is no way to nourish except through the stomach. The stomach must be kept healthy, pure and sweet or the strength will let down and disease will set in. No appetite, loss of strength, nervousness, headache, constipation, bad breath, sour risings, rifting, indigestion, dyspepsia and all stomach troubles are quickly cured by the use of Kodol Dyspepsia Cure. Sold by J. E. Bower Greenland, F. B. State, Mass City.

**Do You Know That at L. LANSING'S**  
Can be found as complete and up-to-date stock of  
**Hardware, Furniture**  
And Carpets as can be found in the County  
We also carry a full line of Paints & Oils, Wall paper, Doors, Sash and Builders Hardware.  
Call and see  
Our Buggies and Harness, Trunks and valises.

**MEAT**

Is one of the greatest essentials of life. We always carry the best which the market affords,  
**CANNED and SHELF GOODS a SPECIALTY**

Remember the Place  
**GREENLAND MARKET**  
317 N. W. COX, Prop.  
Greenland, Mich.

**ABSTRACTS** of Ontonagon County or other information pertaining to titles, Address  
**EDWARD CARROLL,**  
Ontonagon, Michigan.

**THE MILLER BREWING COMPANY**  
A Home Brewed Pure Beer.  
**J. BESTARD, AGENT.**

**COPPER RANGE RAILROAD.**

**TIME TABLE.**  
Houghton to Mass City.

STATIONS	4	8	12
	Ex. Sun.	Ex. Sun.	Ex. Sun.
HANCOCK	8:30 a.m.	12:30 p.m.	4:30 p.m.
ROGENTON	10:10 a.m.	2:10 p.m.	6:10 p.m.
Adventures June	10:31 a.m.	2:31 p.m.	6:31 p.m.
Mass City	11:25 a.m.	3:25 p.m.	7:25 p.m.

**TIME TABLE.**  
Mass City to Houghton.

STATIONS	8	12	4	8
	Ex. Sun.	Ex. Sun.	Ex. Sun.	Ex. Sun.
MASS CITY	8:00 a.m.	12:00 p.m.	4:00 p.m.	8:00 p.m.
Houghton	9:20 a.m.	1:20 p.m.	5:20 p.m.	9:20 p.m.

**LAKE SHORE DIVISION**

Train No.	Leave Houghton	Leave Bay	Leave Leland	Arrive Hancock
20	7:45 a.m.	8:24 a.m.	9:12 a.m.	10:00 a.m.
21	10:30 a.m.	11:19 a.m.	12:07 p.m.	1:00 p.m.
22	2:30 p.m.	3:19 p.m.	4:07 p.m.	5:00 p.m.
23	7:45 p.m.	8:34 p.m.	9:22 p.m.	10:10 p.m.

**Kodol Dyspepsia Cure**  
Digests what you eat.

Teachers Wanted  
We need at once a few more teachers both experienced and unexperienced. We have more calls this year than ever before. Schools and colleges supplied with competent teachers free of cost. Address with stamp:  
**AMERICAN TEACHERS' ASSOCIATION, J. L. Graham, LL.D., Mgr**  
St. 23m. Memphis, Tenn.

**GEORGE BRUNSKY,**  
Dealer in  
**WINES, LIQUORS and CIGARS.**

When half-way between Greenland and Mass City  
Stop at the  
**CONGRESS SALOON.**  
Geo. Brunsky, Proprietor.

Go to the  
**"HUB SALOON,"**  
GENE DAVIS, Prop.  
For Cool Drinks, Fine Wines, Liquors, and CIGARS.  
All Nations Welcome but Garris.

**D. S. S. & A. BY.**

**MINERAL RANGE RY.,**  
TIME CARD  
In effect Monday May 4, 1903

**TRAINS LEAVE SIDWAY**  
For Montreal, the East and Lower Michigan daily  
For Duluth and West daily  
For Duluth and the West Eastward 11:40 a.m.  
**TRAINS LEAVE MASS CITY**  
For Houghton, Calumet, Marquette, Negaunee and Chaguanic and for all points south 9:00 a.m.

Train No.	Leave Calumet	Arrive Houghton	Arrive Houghton
12	7:45 a.m.	8:30 a.m.	9:30 a.m.
2	10:30 a.m.	11:20 a.m.	12:00 p.m.
118	2:30 p.m.	3:20 p.m.	4:10 p.m.
10	5:25 p.m.	6:15 p.m.	7:10 p.m.
104	7:40 p.m.	8:35 p.m.	9:45 p.m.
10	9:05 p.m.	10:20 p.m.	11:30 p.m.
26	12:20 a.m.	1:35 a.m.	2:50 a.m.

**LAKE SHORE DIVISION**

Train No.	Leave Houghton	Leave Bay	Leave Leland	Arrive Hancock
20	7:45 a.m.	8:24 a.m.	9:12 a.m.	10:00 a.m.
21	10:30 a.m.	11:19 a.m.	12:07 p.m.	1:00 p.m.
22	2:30 p.m.	3:19 p.m.	4:07 p.m.	5:00 p.m.
23	7:45 p.m.	8:34 p.m.	9:22 p.m.	10:10 p.m.

**LAKE SHORE DIVISION**

Train No.	Leave Hancock	Leave Bay	Leave Leland	Arrive Houghton
24	10:30 a.m.	11:19 a.m.	12:07 p.m.	1:00 p.m.
25	1:30 p.m.	2:19 p.m.	3:07 p.m.	4:00 p.m.
26	4:30 p.m.	5:19 p.m.	6:07 p.m.	7:00 p.m.
27	7:45 p.m.	8:34 p.m.	9:22 p.m.	10:10 p.m.

Daily 1 Daily except Sunday 1 Sun  
For rates, time tables and other information apply to  
**J. C. HASTEN, Agent**  
Mass City, Mich.