THE MANISTIQUE COURIER.

$1.50 PER YEAR. MANISTIQUE, MICHIGAN, FRIDAY, MAY 20, 1898. VOL. II NO. 22.

$5.38

Unprecedented Values in Our Clothing Department

We shall for the next ten days offer the choice of our entire line $8.75 $8.00, $7.50 and $7.00 Men's Suits at $5.38

This assortment contains Nobby and choice patterns in light colored materials suited for this season's wear, also our entire line of medium and heavy weight Cheviot Suits Blue or Black, in Single Breasted, Straight Front, Double Breasted and Three Button Sacks.

The assortment will not last long at the above price, make your selections early.

BLUMROSEN BROS.

Clothiers, Hatters and Leaders in Dry Goods, Shoes, Etc., Etc.

We Are Showing . .

As fine a Line of JEWELRY, WATCHES, SILVERWARE, CLOCKS, ETC., as you can find in the city and at prices that are right. You are invited to call and inspect our stock.

Repair Work . .

Intrusted to us has the careful attention of an expert Workman of many years experience. Regulate your watch by our regulator. It keeps correct time.

DRUGS! DRUGS! DRUGS!

We are still the Leaders in PURE DRUGS, CHEMICALS, DRUGGIST'S SUNDRIES, PATENT MEDICINES, ETC. We aim to keep the very best to be procured.

A. S. PUTNAM & CO.,

THE DRUGGISTS.

The Battle is On

so is the exceedingly low prices on the Brand New Seasonable Goods we are displaying all combining style, quality and lowest price. Below you will notice a few of the unequalled values for new goods we are offering.

DRY GOODS

Full size bed spreads, only	50c
36 inch wide unbleached cotton, our price	3½c
Good apron ginghams, our price	3½c
Good lace curtains, our price	$1.00 per pair
Fine plaid dress goods all new coloring, our price only	8c per yd.
Double width brocade dress suiting worth 15c, our price	11c per yd

CLOTHING

Gent's all wool cheviot suits all shades and any cut worth $7.50 our price	$5.00
Gent's fancy worsted suits, single breasted straight front, padded shoulders and stiff front. Worth $12.00 our price	$9.00
Boys' Brownie overalls, only	23c
Gent's checked working jackets	25c
Good working shirts, only	22c

All our goods are marked in the lowest possible price and further more we have nothing but Brand New Goods to offer you.

L. Rosenthal & Co.,

Dry Goods, Clothing, Millinery.

THE NEW STORE. Next to Schoolcraft Bank.

MONTGOMERY WARD Co

BRANCH IN MANISTIQUE

You'd think so if you had examined our Stock of

Furniture and Prices.

Kefauver & Johnson, Next to Manistique Bank

GLADSTONE PASSES AWAY.

THE END CAME AT 5 P. M. YESTERDAY MORNING.

Cyclone Does Great Damage in Central Wisconsin.

Santiago de Cuba Bombarded by Admiral Sampson.

Right Honorable William E. Gladstone died at Hawarden yesterday morning at 5 o'clock at the age of 89. He had been in feeble health for the past three months and during the last two weeks his death has been hourly expected.

His career has been most remarkable and without exception was the greatest statesman of the century.

At the age of 23 he was elected to the house of commons as a conservative; Dec. 1834, he was made a junior lord of the treasury, and in 1835 an under secretary for the colonies; 1841 he became vice president of the board of trade and master of the mint and a member of the privy council; 1845 president of the board; 1847 became a liberal, elected from Oxford to parliament and held the seat 18 years; 1852, chancellor of the exchequer; 1865, leader of house of commons; 1868, prime minister, re-elected in 1880; 1886, again elected premier for the fourth time, retiring to private life in June, 1895. With his retirement the liberal party went to pieces in Great Britian.

His examplary and upright life and his precise manner of living in regards to the laws of health, sustained his magnificient physique through all the vicissitudes of his long career.

* * *

A tornado swept over portions of Iowa, Illinois and Wisconsin Wednesday afternoon, 86 persons being killed and hundreds injured.

At Pennington on the Soo Line, 3 are reported killed and at Hedford Junction 18. Wires are down and no correct reports can be received.

* *

Admiral Sampson razed the fortifications at Santiago de Cuba Wednesday.

Strict sensorship has been established over all war news but it is supposed that the forward movement of troops to Cuba has begun.

The present location of the Spanish fleet is unknown.

MACCABEES TO CELEBRATE.

Great Commander Boynton to Visit Manistique in July.

Duffield Tent No. 226 Knights of the Maccabees has been making a hustle for the past two months to increase its membership to the 200 mark and now have 197 on the rolls and enough applications on file to shove the number up to 206.

At the regular meeting Tuesday evening it was decided to properly observe the event, and committees were appointed to make all necessary arrangements. An interesting program will be arranged and the date will be set for some time in the near future. No charge will be made and no effort will be spared to make it an enjoyable event in the history of local Maccabeism.

It was expected that Great Commander N. L. Boynton would visit the tent during the present month but on account of the biennial meeting of the great camp at Detroit early next month, he found it impossible to make his visit to the peninsula until July. This event will be made the source of another jollification and the nearby tents will undoubtedly unite with the local society in making it a red letter day for Schoolcraft county Maccabees.

It is estimated that there are some 500 members of the society in or near the city, a large number being members of outside tents, and they are all cordially invited to join with the local society in making both of these events a success.

Death of Mrs. Jacob Edwards.

Mrs. Jacob Edwards, wife of Township Treasurer Edwards of Doyle township, died at noon Wednesday of puraperal fever at their home in the country. Deceased was about 40 years of age and leaves a husband and eight children to mourn her untimely end. The children are all small with the exception of one, Mrs. Wm. Wood, jr., the youngest being not quite two weeks old.

Mr. and Mrs. Edwards were old residents of Manistique, having come here many years ago from Lapeer county, Michigan. They finally settled upon the homestead which is now their present residence. After years of hard work they had just succeeded in establishing a comfortable home when the summons which called Mrs. Edwards to her final home came like a shock to the family. The family is highly spoken of by all who know them and THE COURIER unites with them in extending to the bereaved family their sincere and heartfelt sympathy in their sad bereavement.

The remains will be interred in the Doyle cemetary tomorrow, Rev. J. M. Shank of the M. E. church, of which society Mrs. Edwards was a consistent member, conducting the last sad rites from the home.

Presbyterian Services.

Subject of Sunday morning sermon, "Foreign Missions." An offering will be taken up for the Benevolent Boards.

At 7:30 p. m. a sacred musical will be given with the following program:

Organ Voluntary.	
Hymn	"Let the Sunshine In"
Invocation.	
Anthem	"I am a Pilgrim"
Responsive Reading.	
Solo	"Hymn of Peace." Miss Bowen.
Duet	"Forever With the Lord," Mrs. Patterson and Mr. Kefauver.
Offertory.	
Solo	"Not a Sparrow Falleth." Mrs. Patterson.
Address	Hope's Mission
Duet	"Saved by Grace," Mrs. Kefauver and Miss Bowen.
Anthem	Resurrection
Benediction.	

K. O. T. M., and L. O. T. M. Reviews.

To the Reviews of the Great Camp K. O. T. M., and Great Hive L. O. T. M., to be held at Detroit June 6th to 11th 1898, the Soo Line will make a rate for the round trip of $12.75. Tickets will be on sale June 4 and 5, and will be good to return on any date up to and including June 12th.

P. McCULLOUGH, Agt.

John Quinlan & Co. solicit your patronage. They carry a complete line of fresh and salt meats, sausage, etc. Market on Pearl street, near the Arcade livery.

This Great Shoe Sale

..WILL LAST..

Until Wednesday, May 25

WANTED!

AT the C. L. Co's Store, 2,000 Feet to fill 1,000 Pair of Shoes. Must have them within the NEXT 15 DAYS, if Prices we make will get them.

..Annual Shoe Sale..

The People of Manistique realize and appreciate these Sales . . . .

We Quote a few Leaders : : :

INFANT'S SHOES, sizes 1 to 3½
Former price 60 to 90c., for this sale 25c. per pair

CHILDREN'S SHOES, sizes 8½ to 10½
Former price $1.25 to $1.50, for thi sale 75c. to $1.25

MISSES' SHOES, sizes 12 to 2
Former price 1.60 to $2.50, for this sale 75c. to $1.25

BOYS' SHOES, all solid
Former price 1.70 to $2.00, for this sale 1.00 to $1.25

LADIES' FINE OXFORDS, all sizes
Former price 1.00 to $2.60, for this sale 75c. to $1.25

LADIES' FINE KID SHOES, buttoned
Former price 2.00 to $5.00, for this sale 75c. to $1.25

1 LOT MEN'S WORKING SHOES
Former price $1.50, for this sale 75c

MEN'S FINE SHOES, Calf and Dongola
Former price 2.00 to $3.50, for this sale $1.50

For lack of space we quote no further. Our Salesmen can interest you should none of the lines mentioned fill the bill.

For 15 Days, Beginning Next Tuesday.

I. S. PHIPPENY, Mgr. **C. L. Co's Store.**

Choose not alone the Proper Time to Buy but the Proper Prices as well.

OUR Line of wall paper is now complete, and nothing but the Latest Designs will be found throughout our entire stock. Prices fixed to suit the purchasing public.

Commencing from date for 10 days, all our Hemp Carpet, a rare bargain at 18c. per yard, will be sold for this stated period only, at 12½c. per yard.

Corresponding reductions will be offered in our entire stock of Ingrain Carpets.

Yours for trade,

CASPER BROTHERS,

Leaders of Low Prices.

Subscribe for THE COURIER.

$1.50 per year in Advance.

The Battle of Manila.

One of the Greatest Naval Battles of Modern Times.

It was 4:25 p. m. Saturday, April 30, when the American fleet passed Subig bay, which is on the China sea, and around Mariveles peninsula from Manila and Manila bay, and steered directly for the entrance to the mouth of the latter.

As it drew near the entrance the fleet slackened speed, for it was then near sundown. All the ships were dark, the decks cleared for action and the sharpest outlook kept in all directions. The entrance to the harbor was thought by the Spaniards to be well defended and it would be so considered against anything but a fleet such as came there from Hongkong. On the left-hand side entering there are two batteries, one on Point Mariveles and a smaller one further up the bay. On the right hand side there are also two batteries, one at Limbones point and another at Restingo. These last are on the Cavite side of the bay. In the middle of the entrance are three islands, the largest of which is Carrequideo, which was to have been fortified, but the Spaniards did not have land armament to spare. It was understood that the entrance to the bay, as well as the bay itself, was loaded with electric mines and torpedoes, but if this was the case, they did not explode, for the American fleet sailed over and through them unharmed. As the fleet approached the entrance in the dark the progress became slower, and one officer of the Olympia suggested to Commodore Dewey the danger of being blown up. To this Dewey is said to have replied grimly: "It's a case of Mobile Bay now," which was interpreted to mean, in Farragut's words: "D— n the torpedoes! Go ahead."

All this time the vessels proceeded almost noiselessly on their way. When the fleet had rejoined, inside of the bay, Commodore Dewey reformed his line in the following order:

McCulloch
Boston
Concord
Olympia
Baltimore
Raleigh
Petrel

Nanshan
Zafiro
Colliers.

The re-formation of the fleet took some little time, but so soon as this was accomplished the flotilla proceeded with full steam on as though it were sailing in broad daylight in American waters. It was still dark at this time, but presently the dawn began to break, and the sun arose in all its oriental splendor.

The weather was calm and sultry and over the waters of Manila bay a thick haze, so common to early morning in those parts, hung like a curtain, through which the rays of the coming day penetrated with dull but beautiful hues. Gradually, however, this lifted, and the dim outlines of the hills in the neighborhood of Cavite were discernible. Nothing whatever could be seen of the Spanish fleet, but the Americans knew they were but a few minutes away from the greatest naval battle of modern times. The nerves of the officers and men on Dewey's fleet were keyed up to the strongest tension. Every officer was at his post and every gunner behind his weapon, which he had watched for hours. The word had gone around, not by word of mouth, but by some subtle psychology:

"Remember the Maine! Remember the Maine," and into drawn faces there came that look which one sees only when man, stirred by strong and primitive emotions, determines to meet and fight his enemy to the death.

The breeze freshened up from off Cavite and at 4:30 the enemy was in sight, ships as well as land batteries. As near as could be determined at that time eight Spanish ships were in full view, but their identity was not of course known to the Yankee fleet. It was soon apparent, however, that two more Spanish cruisers were close at hand and there was other shipping, not clearly distinguished, near by.

It was plain that the Spanish admiral was taken entirely by surprise. His fleet was ready, but he did not expect the Americans to enter the bay.

Admiral Montejo had fully expected the American fleet to remain in the vicinity of Subig bay and that he would have to go out to the open water to meet it. He thought Commodore Dewey would try to force an entrance past the batteries of Subig bay and make a landing there and the governor general had a force of 8,500 men there to prevent a junction between the insurgents and the Americans. That the latter would have the temerity to enter the mine-sowed bay and give him battle in front of Manila never entered his head.

With the rapidity for which he is noted Admiral Montejo formed his line. It is not known yet what his exact formation was. It is a mistake, however, to say that the Castilla was part of the formation. That cruiser ran aground Friday morning and could not be dislodged. She was therefore improvised as part of the land batteries, although a good portion of her armament, comprising the movable guns, was removed to shore Saturday. Later she was riddled with American shells, some of which set her on fire, and she burned nearly to the water's edge.

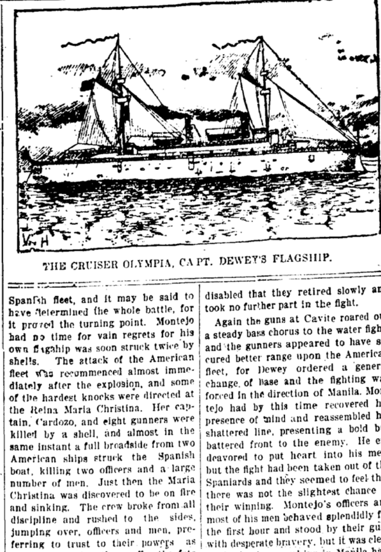
The American fleet forced the fighting from the first. Captain Wildes of the Boston was ordered to run out ahead and his ship had the honor of firing the first shot. The effect was not noticed, for the battle began almost immediately afterward on both sides, the fire of the Spanish fleet being augmented by that of the Cavite batteries. Under orders the American boats deployed to the right and left until ordered back for the formation and advance which finally destroyed the Spanish fleet. Admiral Montejo directed the movement of his fleet from the deck of the Reina Maria Christina during the early part of the fight, and Commodore Dewey never left the Olympia until it was all over.

The Boston and Baltimore were in advance of the American line and the roar of their guns was incessant. But presently the commodore's flagship came up as though envious of the part the others were playing. Her main battery of eight-inch guns was soon thundering away while the cannon of the Concord and Raleigh were making it interesting for the remainder of the Spanish boats. The Petrel was not idle, nor was the McCulloch, which dodged in and out among the fleet, doing its work of dispatch boat. The noise of the bombardment was deafening on both sides, and the firing, considering the dense smoke which soon arose and obscured the fleets from each other, was well nigh continuous, although every shot was intended to count. The noise was plainly heard at Manila, each shot being easily noted, although, of course, the result was not known.

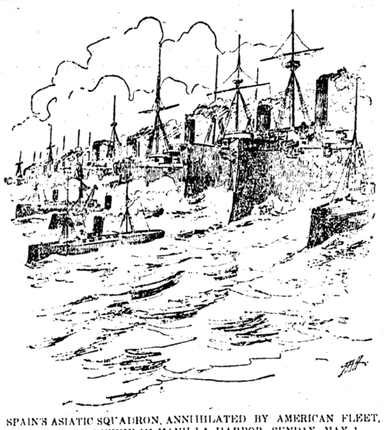
Suddenly a Spanish ship, which proved afterward to be the Don Juan de Austria, ran down the Spanish line under a mistaken signal from the admiral. It was struck at least three times by the American shells, one of which was plainly seen to hit one of its guns, disabling it. It fired as it went, but a shot from an eight-pounder on the Olympia struck the Spanish boat near the waterline. Watchers saw the Don Juan quiver as a horse does when shot in battle. Then in a sudden cessation of firing on both sides, which seemed almost for the purpose of watching what followed, the Spanish cruiser exploded with a noise which made all the cannonading that had gone before sound like the popping of so many corks. The tearing of steel, the splitting of timbers, even the shrieks of the wounded could be plainly heard following this awful noise. Dead bodies of men were seen flying through the air, while the survivors were noticed jumping from the decks. The Don Juan careened over to port, righted again and dipped once more and began to sink rapidly. Hardly a second's time elapsed between the striking of the fatal shot and the explosion, but it seemed to the watchers that it was five minutes.

The shot undoubtedly penetrated and exploded the Don Juan's magazines. The Americans had an opportunity to see this, for at that moment the dense clouds of smoke had settled in the direction of the Spanish line, while the American ships were comparatively free. The vice consul's report says: "The notoriously bad marksmanship of the Spaniards was apparent from the start. The fleet was managed with daring and skill, but although numerically stronger than its enemy, it was no match for it in gunnery. The latter was splendid, and much regret is expressed that our naval representatives were not given a better opportunity to take note of an engagement which must mark an epoch in naval warfare." As a matter of fact, the Raleigh, Boston and Baltimore were reported to have been struck by Spanish shells and several men killed and wounded, but the victims, having been landed at a distant point upon the shore, the names could not be ascertained at the time the Spanish authorities cut the cable or at least stopped its use at Manila.

When the Don Juan blew up a cheer arose from each of the American fleet and again the cry went up, "Remember the Maine. The Maine is avenged." From his post Commodore Dewey gave out his orders and these commands were to keep maneuvering. It was this order which rendered the shots from the Spanish gunners so ineffective.



THE CRUISER OLYMPIA, CAPT. DEWEY'S FLAGSHIP.



SPAIN'S ASIATIC SQUADRON, ANNIHILATED BY AMERICAN FLEET, UNDER CAPT. DEWEY IN MANILLA HARBOR, SUNDAY, MAY 1.

They and their commanding officers seemed unable to locate any of the American ships in time to deliver the broadsides where they intended. No sooner would a gun be sighted than the whole American squadron would have seemed to change position, and the Spanish shots simply churned the water in the bay. Those shells which did take effect did so almost without exception merely by chance, and it is quite likely that some of them came from the land batteries. When the Spaniards heard the explosion of the Don Juan they gave shouts of joy, thinking it was one of the American fleet, but when the dull yellow smoke lifted and they saw their cruiser a total wreck and the bay in its vicinity full of dead and wounded Spanish officers they shrieked with agony and Montejo is said to have lost his head and to have run up and down the deck alternately cursing the Yankees and the Don Juan's captain for his recklessness.

The explosion unnerved the whole Spanish fleet, and it may be said to have determined the whole battle, for it proved the turning point. Montejo had no time for vain regrets for his own flagship was soon struck twice by shells. The attack of the American fleet was recommenced almost immediately after the explosion, and some of the hardest knocks were directed at the Reina Maria Christina. Her captain, Cardozo, and eight gunners were killed by a shell, and almost in the same instant a full broadside from two American ships struck the Spanish boat, killing two officers and a large number of men. Just then the Maria Christina was discovered to be on fire and sinking. The crew broke from all discipline and rushed to the sides, jumping over, officers and men, preferring to trust to their powers as swimmers, rather than suffer the fate of their companions of the Don Juan. Several other shots struck her, but the Americans, seeing that it would be a waste of powder, turned their attention to the other boats.

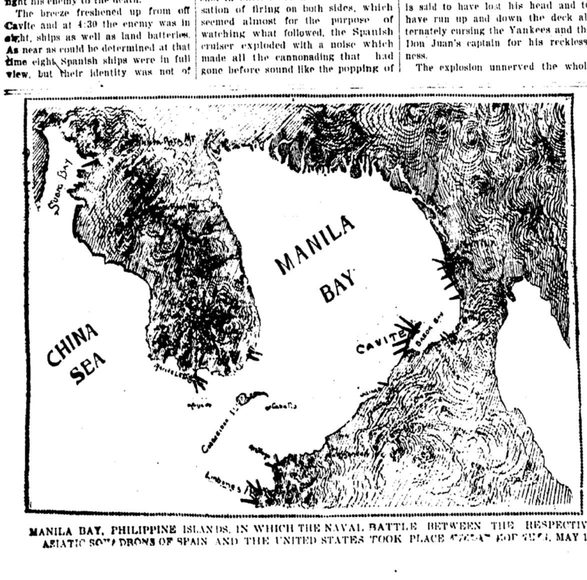
The Maria Christina began to sink rapidly and Admiral Montejo and a few officers had barely time to untangle a boat and pull off in it before his flagship, the finest Spanish boat in Asiatic waters, sank in the bay. He tried to reach the Reina Mercedes, but she was in so hot a corner that he had to go on board the nearest boat, which proved to be the Isla de Cuba, a small and inferior cruiser. It is said that a majority of the Reina Christina's crew were killed or drowned, but some of the men were picked up by the Spanish fleet and the ship's exact loss in men cannot now be ascertained. The flagship burned fiercely during the rest of the fight, but sank before any explosion could occur. She is a total wreck. All this had taken place within sixty minutes. There was not a gun on board the American fleet which had not been used, and most of them had done execution. The Spanish cruiser Reina Mercedes was engaged by the Baltimore and Concord, the shells of which did frightful damage to her, and she was obliged to retire behind the Spanish line. The Boston and Raleigh did splendid work along with their sister ships.

The battery which had been rigged up on the sunken Castilla fired a few shots at the enemy, but was quickly disabled by the American guns. The Cavite battery kept up a steady cannonading upon the American fleet, but many of its shots fell short and some came nearer to the Spanish boats than to the Americans. After the battle had raged for an hour the American fleet retired by twos to the Nashan and Zafiro, where they recoaled, the remainder of the fleet keeping up the fight. None of Commodore Dewey's fleet showed any apparent injury to the Spanish fleet. They maneuvered with as much ease as though they were merely going through a squadron evolution in calm waters. Nearly all the Spanish fleet showed bad injuries, and the loss of life among their sailors was so great that the commanders moved the ships with difficulty. The transfer of Montejo's flag to the Isla de Cuba was not noticed for some time, in the confusion and wreck of the Spanish fleet, and it was nearly fifteen minutes before he made his boats understand where their admiral was and what he wanted them to do. Then there was a cessation of really hard fighting for about twenty minutes, when the American fleet re-formed its line and began once more. This time the Isla de Mindanao, a converted cruiser, and the Don Antonio de Ulloa were so badly disabled that they retired slowly and took no further part in the fight.

Again the guns at Cavite roared out a steady bass chorus to the water fight, and the gunners appeared to have secured better range upon the American fleet, for Dewey ordered a general change of base and the fighting was forced in the direction of Manila. Montejo had by this time recovered his presence of mind and reassembled his shattered line, presenting a bold but battered front to the enemy. He endeavored to put heart into his men, but the fight had been taken out of the Spaniards and they seemed to feel that there was not the slightest chance of their winning. Montejo's officers and most of his men behaved splendidly for the first hour and stood by their guns with desperate bravery, but it was clear to the foreign warships in Manila harbor that they were outclassed as gunners as their commanders were as seamen. The last half hour of fighting had no heart in it so far as the Spaniards were concerned, and the Luzon, Velasco and Cuba were the only ships which really made any show of standing up to the Americans. At 11 o'clock the work of the American fleet was shown to be more effective than was at first supposed, for in the bay toward Manila three other sunken Spanish ships were seen. The names could not be ascertained. The Spanish government officials claimed that these vessels were sunk by Admiral Montejo to keep them from falling into the enemy's hands, but the Americans deny this and say that they were sunk by shots from Dewey's fleet. The Cebu, a Spanish transport loaded with coal and ammunition, was set on fire by American shells and sank off Cavite. The Cavite batteries continued the fight for some time after the fire of the Spanish ships slackened, but they, too, became silent about 9:30. A Spanish lieutenant, who was badly wounded on the Reina Mercedes and was landed near Cavite with a load of other victims, many of them dead or dying, said: "The greatest naval battle of the world occurred today. We were defeated, but no wonder when one considers the heavy armament of the Yankee ships. The Spanish navy was ignorant of the power of the fleet against which it was pitted. Our boats, many as they were, were no match for the enemy, but the honor of Spain is intact."

When Commodore Dewey found he had his adversary at such a disadvantage he detached the Baltimore, Concord and Boston to a point nearly opposite Cavite point with orders to shell the batteries there. Knowing the danger of risking his boats even at this advanced stage of victory too near the stationary guns of the land battery, he instructed them to use the greatest caution in the undertaking, for they had not only to face the Cavite guns, but those of Mount Manila, Paranque and Las Pinas, on the inland shore of Bakor bay, which overlooked that body of water as well as the Cavite peninsula, and commanded a wide sweep of Manila bay itself. He did not know the strength of those batteries, but he had the seaman's caution of risking a fight with a land fortification. He had at the same time to beware of the still stronger fortifications farther up the shore, the particular defenses of Manila. The Baltimore and Concord stood down the bay for a mile or two and began a heavy cannonading upon the Cavite batteries, lasting twenty-seven minutes.

Their work was effective from the start and the Spanish reply was short and ineffective. The cruisers ran in quite close to the shore and the work of their gunners dismounted several Spanish cannon and killed a large number of men. The position of the American ships prevented the forts on the hills behind Bakor bay from keeping up anything but a desultory fire, and even some of this was so badly managed that it dropped into the Cavite battery. From the very first shot of the battle Manila was in a panic. The stream of people who began to leave last week turned into a river and that river into a flood, and when the foreign office here last heard all was confusion in the city and its suburbs. Also there was word that the insurgents had moved up to within fifteen miles of the western gates.



MANILA BAY, PHILIPPINE ISLANDS, IN WHICH THE NAVAL BATTLE BETWEEN THE RESPECTIVE ASIATIC SQUADRONS OF SPAIN AND THE UNITED STATES TOOK PLACE SUNDAY FOR[illegible], MAY 1.

His Sad Experience.

"I bought a claim," said the returned Klondiker, "where the nuggets were said to be as plentiful as blackberries." "And they were not?" "Well, yes, they were; but, you see, there are no blackberries in that region."—Illustrated London News.

A Good Indication

Junior Partner "Do you think the new office boy is trustworthy?" Senior Partner "I'm sure of it. I've noticed that when he hasn't anything to do he never pretends to be busy."—Puck.

The majority of the world's idols will be shattered at the crack of doom.

TO TAKE PORTO RICO.

Sampson's Largest Vessels Sail for That Purpose.

Spain's Atlantic fleet is not to be allowed to reach Porto Rico or to approach the coast of the United States. Rear Admiral Sampson has perfected plans for meeting the enemy on the high seas and giving battle at a time and place of his own choosing. The large fighters of Sampson's squadron, the New York, Indiana, Iowa, Puritan and Mayflower were withdrawn from the Cuban blockading fleet and coaled up heavily at Key West, after which they sailed eastward at full speed, apparently for Porto Rico, either to destroy or to occupy the coaling station as a naval base before the Spanish squadron arrives, and then put to sea and try to engage the Cape Verde fleet.

Meanwhile the smaller vessels of the North Atlantic squadron are ample to maintain the blockade. Capt. Converse of the Montgomery will direct them.

Sampson's warships sailed prepared for an unusually long cruise. Their magazines are overflowing with ammunition. They will be in fit condition to round up the Cape Verde fleet next week if it be that the Spanish warships are coming to Porto Rico at all. It is reported that on the way to Porto Rico Admiral Sampson will stop Matanzas and Santiago de Cuba. It is believed that any repairs to the fortifications at Matanzas which the Spaniards have made since the recent bombardment will be knocked to pieces. Then the fleet may go around to Santiago on the outskirts of which Garcia is pressing, and destroyed the fortifications there. After that the warships are expected to pick up the Oregon, the Marietta and the Nichtheroy (now named Buffalo), which are on their way from Rio Janeiro, and go back to Porto Rico, the taking of which is now considered a military necessity.

More Recruits Needed at Camp Eaton.

According to orders from the war department the Michigan volunteer regiments must be organized with three battalions of four companies each, or 12 companies, of 100 men each, to the regiment. At present the Michigan National Guard comprises five regiments of eight companies with 83 men each. This will necessitate the recruiting of eight new companies of 100 men and about 700 men besides. The governor authorized the state camp of Sons of Veterans to recruit two companies toward making up the quota. The difficulty that now confronts the governor is to select the other six companies. There are companies already organized, officered and drilled who have earnestly expressed a wish to volunteer. There are many more as yet unorganized, but whose membership lists have been signed and officers provisionally selected. It is the governor's desire that all of these new companies should select for commissioned officers men from the membership of the Michigan National Guard who are qualified by character and military training to handle the companies properly.

Spanish Fleet Turned Back.

Lisbon: News has been received to the effect that the Spanish Cape Verde squadron has returned to join the Spanish fleet near Cadiz, which is nearly ready for sea. It is added that the combined fleet of Spain will shortly start for American waters.

At Cadiz the the Spaniards are understood to be fitting out the battleship Pelayo, and the first-class cruisers Cardenas Cisneros, Emperor Carlos V, Guiseppe Garibaldi and Alfonso XIII, besides the warships Numancia, Vittoria, Destructor and several auxiliary cruisers and a number of torpedo boats and torpedo gunboats.

Buffalo Bill (Wm. F. Cody) is organizing a regiment of rough riders from the western plains to go to Cuba.

Wm. Astor Chanler, the well-known millionaire, has departed from New York with three companions with the avowed intention of joining the forces of Gen. Gomez and fighting Spaniards.

THE MARKETS.

LIVE STOCK.

New York—	Cattle	Sheep	Lambs	Hogs
Best grades	$5 00@5 50	$4 75	$5 50	$4 50
Lower grades	3 5 @4 75	3 50	4 25	4 25
Chicago—				
Best grades	4 85 @5 25	4 25	4 65	4 20
Lower grades	3 50 @4 75	3 25	4 00	4 00
Detroit—				
Best grades	4 25@4 75	4 25	4 75	4 05
Lower grades	3 00@4 00	3 25	4 25	3 85
Buffalo—				
Best grades	4 00@4 40	4 25	4 90	4 30
Lower grades	3 25@3 85	3 50	4 25	4 10
Cleveland—				
Best grades	4 00@4 25	4 00	4 50	4 15
Lower grades	3 00 @3 85	3 00	4 00	3 95
Cincinnati—				
Best grades	4 40@4 75	4 00	4 75	4 15
Lower grades	3 25@4 25	3 25	4 00	3 95
Pittsburg—				
Best grades	4 75@5 10	4 25	4 90	4 25
Lower grades	3 50@4 50	3 50	4 25	4 00

GRAIN, ETC.

	Wheat. No 2 red	Corn. No 2 mix	Oats. No 2 white
New York	$1 40@1 45	40 @40½	37@37½
Chicago	1 45@1 47	34@34¼	31@31
*Detroit	1 30 @1 30	36 @31	32@32½
Toledo	1 35@1 35	35@35	34@34
Cincinnati	1 18@1 18	33 @38¼	31@31¼
Cleveland	1 30@1 30	36 @36	32@32½
Pittsburg	1 30@1 30	37@37	32@32
Buffalo	1 30@1 30	37 @37	35@35

*Detroit—Hay, No 1 timothy, $8.75 per ton. Potatoes, 90c per bu. Live Poultry, turkeys, 10c per lb; chickens, 8¼; ducks, 8c. Eggs, strictly fresh, 10¼c per doz. Butter, dairy, 14½c per lb; creamery 18c.

The capture of the Spanish steamer Argonata by the gunboat Nashville off the southern coast of Cuba proves to have been most valuable. The Argonata carried a large quantity of ammunition and arms besides important mail for Gen. Blanco. Besides there were on board a Spanish colonel—Col. Vicente de Cortijo, of the Third Spanish cavalry, with 19 other army officers—and it now transpires that the colonel is a brother-in-law of Lieut.-Gen. Valerino Weyler, the famous "butcher," the former governor-general of Cuba. His captors are immeasurably elated.

HOW IT SPREADS.

People all over Michigan Talking About it.

How it spreads.
Can't keep a "good thing" down.
Ever notice how "good things" are imitated?
Better the article, more imitators.
Fortunately the public has a safeguard.
Praise can't be imitated.
And true praise takes root and spreads.
Claim is one thing, proof is another
Claim is what the manufacturer says.
Proof is what the people say.
Everywhere in Michigan people say
Doan's Kidney Pills cure sick kidneys.
Cure all kidney ills.

W. S. Kilmer, Passenger Engineer, on the M. C. Ry., residing at 214 Orange street, Jackson, Mich., says: "In 1895 I had considerable trouble with my kidneys from the result of a severe cold which settled there and though I tried every means at hand and treated with doctors the pains through the small of my back became more persistent and severe. To add to my troubles the kidney secretions were unnatural and irregular. At last I was obliged to lay off work. When at home getting no better under the treatment I was then taking, some one advised me to use Doan's Kidney Pills and I procured a box more out of curiosity than from any expectation that they might help me. Now, I want this thoroughly understood, when I finished the box I went back to work without a pain or an ache. But to make matters doubly certain I took a second box. Since that time and that is three years ago, I have neither had an ache nor a pain. Is it any wonder that at this date, 1898, I recommend Doan's Kidney Pills.

Doan's Kidney Pills for sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Mailed by Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y. Sole agents for the U. S. Remember the name Doan's and take no substitute.

If the saloons were open on election day it might be possible to poll a full vote.

War with Spain.

As war with Spain has broken out the officials seem to think that all that will be needed is warships, torpedo boats and other instruments of destruction. But really what will be needed more than anything else is a good supply of "5 DROPS" (manufactured by the Swanson Rheumatic Cure Co., 167 Dearborn street, Chicago Ill.), to knock out the Rheumatism which is sure to grip our soldiers and sailors in the miasmatic climate of Cuba and the surrounding islands, where the war will be waged. The truth is that something to heal and cure is precisely what is needed right now in the desolated "Queen of the Antilles." These 200,000 reconcentrados reported sick and dying by hundreds need provisions, it is true, but they need good medicines fully as much. If Miss Barton, the good lady who has charge of the Red Cross relief work, was supplied with "5 DROPS" she could, by their agency, save many a sick Cuban. These miraculous "5 DROPS" conquer many of the worst diseases that afflict ailing humanity, such as Rheumatism, Neuralgia, the excruciating Sciatica and the other diseases for which it is recommended. The War Department should see that there is an abundant supply of "5 DROPS" in the medicine chests.

Love is the chief bond of human sympathy—riding a bicycle is next.

Scratch, scratch, scratch; unable to attend business during the day or sleep during the night. Itching piles, horrible plague. Doan's Ointment cures. Never fails. At any drug store, 50 cents.

The best of us owe more to chance than we are willing to admit.

Coughs and colds, down to the very borderland of consumption, yield to the soothing, healing influences of Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup.

Punctuality, honesty and brevity are the watchwords of life.

Two million Americans suffer the torturing pangs of dyspepsia. No need to. Burdock Blood Bitters cures. At any drug store.

It makes some men "nutty" to be asked to "shell out."

Impossible to foresee an accident. Not impossible to be prepared for it. Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil—Monarch over pain.

Unless the ghost walks the business cannot run.

To Cure Constipation Forever.

Take Cascarets Candy Cathartic. 10c or 25c. If C. C. C. fail to cure, druggists refund money.

Don't pattern after the busy little bee. It's the other fellow that eats the honey.

A CHEERFUL WOMAN.

From the Democrat, Brazil, Indiana.

Every woman cannot be beautiful but a cheerful face often supplies the deficiency. But no one can be cheerful and bring joy to others unless they have perfect health. Fortunately, science has placed this priceless boon within the reach of every woman as the following incident proves:

Mrs. Amanda Robinson, wife of William Robinson, farmer and stockman, near Howesville, Clay County, Ind., is thirty-two years old and had for several years been in declining health and despondent. For three months she was not only unable to attend to her domestic duties but too feeble to be up and about. To-day she is in good health and able to attend to her household affairs. She relates her experience as follows:

"I was afflicted with female troubles and was in a delicate state of health. I lost my appetite, grew thin and was greatly depressed. After taking various remedies without being benefited I was induced by a friend to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills.

A Priceless Boon.

"Early in the summer of 1897 I procured five boxes of them and before finishing the second box I began to improve and by the time I had taken the five boxes I was able to go about my usual work and stopped taking the pills.

"Our daughter Anna, twelve years old, was also afflicted with decline and debility. She lost flesh, seemed to be bloodless and had no ambition. She took two boxes of the pills and they restored her appetite, aided digestion and brought color to her cheeks. She is now in the best of health. I think Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People the best medicine we ever had in our family and recommend them to all needing a remedy for toning up and rebuilding a shattered system."

No discovery of modern times has proved such a blessing to women as Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People. They restore strength and health to exhausted women when every effort of the physician proves unavailing. These vegetable pills are everywhere recognized as a specific for diseases of the blood and nerves.

Silence iz alwuss safe, and iz frequently the smartest thing we kan say. —Josh Billings.

Repentance is the shortest road out of sin, but the last which most people take.

The Baldwin Locomotive works, of Philadelphia, Pa., have recently delivered to the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad company the last of the large order of locomotives placed last fall. This delivery included twenty heavy engines, which are now being broken in for service between Cumberland and Baltimore. These locomotives are of the same style that the motive power department adopted as the standard for the first and second divisions. They are of the Consolidation type, with 21x26-inch cylinders, and the average load that they pull approximates 1,800 tons.

Don't bet with your wife unless you are prepared to lose, whether you win or not.

Beauty is Blood Deep.

Clean blood means a clean skin. No beauty without it. Cascarets, Candy Cathartic cleans your blood and keeps it clean, by stirring up the lazy liver and driving all impurities from the body. Begin today to banish pimples, boils, blotches, blackheads, and that sickly bilious complexion by taking Cascarets, beauty for ten cents. All druggists, satisfaction guaranteed. 10c, 25c, 50c.

Why is it so few women like to give the name of their dressmaker to their friends?

The plan by which Messrs. Grimes & Worthington (whose adv. appears in this issue) are placing high grade wheels without cash is worthy of everybody's consideration who wants a wheel. They are reliable. Pubs.

A man often goes into mourning for his wife by dyeing his white whiskers black.

Hall's Catarrh Cure

Is taken internally. Price, 75c.

If a man trusts to luck for his happiness he will be in luck when he gets it.

Coe's Cough Balsam

Is the oldest and best. It will break up a cold quicker than anything else. It is always reliable. Try it.

If justice was really blind she wouldn't be able to wink at her favorites.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup

For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25 cents a bottle.

Don't raise your hand against your husband—broomhandles are plenty.

No-To-Bac for Fifty Cents.

Guaranteed tobacco habit cure, makes weak men strong, blood pure. 50c. $1. All druggists.

An opportunity to do good is a chance to please God.

Piso's Cure for Consumption is our only medicine for coughs and colds.—Mrs. C. Beltz, 439 8th Ave., Denver, Col., Nov. 8, 1895.

God reigns in the heart that will not harbor hate.

Brown's Teething Cordial makes good babies out of cross babies.

Jillson says that he has noticed that some men are a great deal like rivers. When their heads are swelled you realize it from their mouths.

Dr. Ayer's

is the name to remember when buying Sarsaparilla. Dr. Ayer's Sarsaparilla has been curing people right along for nearly 50 years. That is why it is acknowledged to be the sovereign Sarsaparilla. It is the original and the standard. The record of the remedy is without a rival,—a record that is written in the blood of thousands, purified by its power.

"I nursed a lady who was suffering from blood poisoning and must have contracted the disease from her; for I had four large sores, or ulcers, break out on my person. I doctored for a long time, both by external application and with various blood medicines; but in spite of all that I could do, the sores would not heal. At last I purchased six bottles of Ayer's Sarsaparilla, thinking I would give it a thorough trial. Before the six bottles had been taken, the ulcers were healed, the skin sound and natural, and my health better than it had been for years. I have been well ever since. I had rather have one bottle of Dr. J. C. Ayer's Sarsaparilla than three of any other kind."—Mrs. A. F. Taylor, Englevale, N. Dak.

Get Ayer's Sarsaparilla.

DINNA FORGET OR, LIGHT OUT OF DARKNESS.

BY JOHN STRANGE WINTER.

INTERNATIONAL PRESS ASSOCIATION.

CHAPTER XXIX.—(Continued.)

For a long time Lord Aylmer sat lost in angry thought. So this was the meaning of Dick's sudden surrender, his dutiful acquiescence with his uncle's wishes. There had been no breaking of his chains when he set sail for the East, no burning of his boats behind him. Not a bit of it! No; the young gentleman had quietly—ay, and very cleverly—made the best of what to him was a very bad and very distasteful business, and intended to carry on the Palace Mansions arrangement in Madras just as he had done in London.

But somebody else had to be dealt with, the old lord's grim thoughts ran—somebody else with a brain a good deal shrewder than Dick's, and a will like cold steel. Lord Aylmer would have something to do and say in the matter of Mrs. Harris' intended voyage to India, and he had no notion whatever of allowing his nephew, whom he cordially detested, to carry out all his arrangements in triumph, and in spite of him.

He roused himself presently, and went to the table, where writing materials were lying. Then he forced himself to write an ordinary letter to Dick, telling him he was in town for a few days, but was off to Aylmer's Field tomorrow; that my lady was better and he trusted Dick would bear in mind that he had to reinstate himself in his uncle's good graces, that he might get over the disappointment caused by his refusal to marry Mary Annandale, and therefore he trusted he would spare no pains to make himself indispensable to his old friend, Barry Boynton. And at the end of this meaningless and commonplace letter Lord Aylmer made an addition, which, like the scorpion's tail, contained the sting:

"P. S.—By-the-bye, you will be in-

WROTE A COMMONPLACE LETTER.

terested to hear that your little friend, Mrs. Harris, has consoled herself for your absence, without loss of time. I saw her yesterday, with a gentleman, in an uncommonly well turned out open carriage, splendid horses, smart servants, in white liveries, cockades, and all the rest of it. After a long and intimate acquaintance with the world I have come to the conclusion that soft-eyed little women of that type have marvelous wisdom: they forget the past, give no thought to the future, take the hour as it comes and make the best of it. Sensible creatures!"

And this most dangerous of all lies, the lie which was half a truth, Lord Aylmer dropped into the post-box, and in due time it went speeding over sea and land in place of Esther Brand's telegram, "Boy—both well."

CHAPTER XXX.

A WHOLE month had gone by and still no word had come from Dick to the anxious heart so fondly waiting for news in Palace Mansions. Or stay, that is not quite correct, for a long letter from Dick had come by each mail, but they had never reached Dorothy, each one of them having fallen in Lord Aylmer's possession.

"I can't made out why your husband has never written, why he never answered the telegram. I think I shall go into the post-office and find out if it really went."

"Amelia said it went," Dorothy replied. She, poor child, had never admitted as much to her cousin, but she was prepared for the worst that could possibly happen. Dick's long silence was beginning to tell upon her, and she was not recovering as quickly as might be desired; indeed, her doctor and her cousin, too, were for the most part thoroughly uneasy about her. And yet, she had now been nearly six weeks without a line from Dick—Dick, who had left her with such fond words of love on his lips—ay, and in his eyes; Dick, who knew that now, of all times, letters would be of greater value than ever they had been, when she was left alone in her hour of trial. Yet he had not written, there was no answer to the telegram announcing the boy's birth, there had come no word nor sign out of the dark blankness of hope and fear, doubt and despair, which was gradually creeping over her.

And after all, she told herself, it was not to be wondered at if Dick had got a little tired of her—a stupid little thing like her, as ignorant as a child. What was there in her to keep such a man as Dick faithful and true when the width of half the world was stretched between them? And then her eyes fell upon the bangle, which she always wore upon her left wrist, with its bright beacon of hope and trust, Dick's last message to her—"Dinna Forget." No, nothing should make her doubt him he was overworked, ill, something had happened to keep him from writing.

"Don't worry about it, dear Esther," she said bravely. "Dick would not leave me without a letter without some good reason for it. Please don't doubt him; you don't know how good and kind and thoughtful he is, you don't, indeed, Esther."

"No, I don't," said Esther, dryly; then with an outburst of tenderness very rare in one of her serene and composed nature, she cried: "Oh, don't look at me in that reproachful way, darling. I want to believe this Dick of yours perfect—I do, dear. But when we go on day after day, week after week, and I see your anxious eyes, see your face getting whiter and whiter—why, I can't help feeling angry at times, and suspicious, and—and as if I should like to kill somebody," she ended passionately.

Dorothy did not speak for a long time, but sat tracing the words on her bangle with a very thin and fragile-looking finger.

"I know what you must think," she said at last. "And I know what Dick's silence must seem to you; but I promised to trust him whatever happens, and I always will. He gave me this the very last of all," she cried, holding out her wrist—oh! so much too small for the pretty bangle now—towards her cousin, "and he gave it as a token between us; 'Dinna Forget.' I know it will all be right by-and-by, Esther, I know it will; but wait a little longer, before you condemn him, just a little longer."

The piteous appeal went straight to Esther's heart. "Well, I won't mention him again, Dorothy, dear, not for another month. We will talk about other things. Are you going for a drive today? The carriage will be here at 3 o'clock."

"Just as you please, dear," Dorothy answered listlessly.

"I think you ought to go. It is good for you, and good for the boy, too, and of course you won't have a carriage—at least, not such a carriage—always."

"No," said Dorothy.

Esther was busy making a wonderful bonnet for the wonderful boy, and she pinned in several folds of lace and tried several effects before she spoke again. "Isn't it odd," she remarked at last, "that Lord Aylmer has left his carriage and horses and servants in town all this time, when he is away.

"Perhaps he never takes them out of town," suggested Dorothy.

"Perhaps not. Anyway, it is very pleasant for us as it is," Esther replied. "Well, I shall go and get ready," and, gathering up her bonnet and materials, she went out of the room, leaving Dorothy alone.

Almost immediately Amelia Harris came in, bringing a bag filled with little vases of fresh flowers. "Oh!" said Dorothy, "those are lovely. Is it a pretty place, Amelia? I suppose you have often been there."

"Yes, madam; I have been there once or twice," Amelia replied.

"It is a fine place, is it not?" Dorothy asked.

"A very grand place, madam," said Amelia, apparently giving all her attention to the flower vases.

"And Lady Aylmer—what is she like?" Is she nice—handsome?"

"My lady is very handsome, madam," said Amelia, putting the last vase in its place, and coming to put a fold of the window curtain straight. "Very haughty and hard-like, but very handsome for all that."

"Ah!"

Dorothy sat in silence for a minute or two. Amelia Harris began to tidy

JUST AS YOU PLEASE, DEAR.

the little table between the window and the fireplace.

"It seems such a pity that—" Dorothy began, intending to say, "such a pity that Lord and Lady Aylmer did not get on well together." Then she broke off short, suddenly remembering that it would not do to speak of Lord Aylmer's private affairs to his valet's wife, and also that she was not supposed to know more of them than Lord Aylmer himself would be likely to tell so new an acquaintance as she was. Amelia was looking at her with an expectant expression, and Dorothy made haste to finish her sentence.

"It seems such a pity that Lord Aylmer has no heir," she said confusedly.

Amelia Harris not unnaturally perhaps misunderstood her.

"Lord Aylmer has an heir, madam," she said quickly, thinking that Mrs. Harris was giving a keen eye to the future. "His nephew, Mr. Richard Aylmer, is the heir—he is in India."

"Ah! yes, really," said Dorothy. She felt very sick and faint as she leaned back among the cushions. Amelia Harris thought she was disappointed, whereas, in truth, Dorothy was only nervous and upset at the sudden mention of her husband's name.

"Mr. Aylmer," Amelia continued, "is in the army—in the 40th Dragoons. A handsome young gentleman, but wild—very wild."

Dorothy got up. "Yes, I dare say, but I ought not to talk about him," she said, her voice trembling, and her eyes misty with tears. "I must go and dress for our drive."

CHAPTER XXXI.

SHE was sobbing passionately by the time she got into her own room. "Dick, Dick," she cried passionately, "it is hard to deny you like this, for it was denying you, though I said nothing. Why are you leaving me to fight my way through all these difficulties alone? I won't believe that you are false to me—not until you tell me so; but if it is so, you ought to tell me!"

She was sobbing passionately, and the scalding tears ran down her poor, pale face and over her little cold hands. They recalled her to herself. "No, I will be brave, I won't doubt you, my darling. There is something I don't understand. I will wait a little longer."

She unlocked a drawer in her wardrobe, and took out the large picture of Dick which she had hidden out of Lord Aylmer's way. "My love, my dear love, I will trust you and believe you," she murmured fondly. "I will not give way again—I will be brave."

She heard the carriage draw up with the usual jingle and dash, and hastily locked the portrait away again. Then she bathed her face in cold water, and tried to remove the, alas! unmistakable signs of tears from her eyes. Not very successfully, though she went out immediately afterwards, walked into the drawing room and found there—Lord Aylmer.

"Lord Aylmer!" she cried, then went quickly across the room to him. "Oh! I am so very glad to see you," she cried. "I did not know you were in town."

"I came up last night, dear lady," he said, taking both her hands in his and speaking in a very soft and tender voice. "But you are ill, you are not recovered, you are unhappy about something."

"I?" murmured Dorothy, evasively. "Oh! I am not so very well—but——"

"But you have been crying," said Lord Aylmer, still keeping her hands in his.

"Perhaps," Dorothy admitted.

"Perhaps! I am sure of it," he returned. "But what is the matter? If there is anything that I can do, you know that you have only to command me."

He laid stress on the words "you know," which in any other circumstances would have been enough to put Dorothy on her guard. Now, however, with her thoughts filled with Dick and his strange and inexplicable silence, she did not notice the unusual tone. "Oh!" she cried impulsively, "there is something you could do for me if you would."

"What?" he said eagerly. "Tell me."

But Dorothy did not tell him. She wanted to say, "I am Dick's wife, I am so wretched and so unhappy at his absence. Let him come home, and I will love and reverence you forever."

That was what she wanted to say; but when she was face to face with the opportunity, her courage failed her, and she was afraid.

(To be Continued.)

CORONETS AT AUCTION.

And the Bidding Was Not at All Brisk.

Some queer commodities find their way into the auction room, but it is not every day that a coronet may be picked up at a bargain in a salesroom, says the London Chronicle. This was what happened yesterday, when a marquis' coronet was put up and knocked down by a Conduit street auctioneer. It is odd enough that such an adornment should find its way into the vulgar atmosphere of furniture dealers and brokers' men, but that anybody should want to buy a second-hand coronet is odder still. The biddings, it is true, were not keen. They began at a couple of guineas and went up to £5, at which the coronet went into the possession of some apparently plebeian person—certainly not a marquis. But then the article was no longer "practicable," as they say on the stage. The original owner, or possibly "an heir or an assignee," had so little use for it that he had cut it in two and mounted it as a pair of wall brackets. It is commonly supposed that peers' coronets, like royal diadems, are of gold. That is not so. They are of silver, "richly gilt," as in the case of yesterday's bauble. This particular one bore the hall mark of 1831, which suggests that it may have been made for the coronation of William IV. That there should be so little competition for coronets in their material form is explained by the rarity with which they are worn. There are probably not half a dozen peers living who have ever had one. They are worn only at coronation, and then, at the moment when the archbishop of Canterbury places the crown on the sovereign's head, the assembled peers and peeresses simultaneously put on their silver circlets with their crimson velvet caps. Indeed, it may be shrewdly suspected that most peers do not even possess this tangible badge of their rank.

Undoubted Hypnotism.

Wilkins—"I just tell you there is something in this hypnotism. It's a true bill and no mistake. You know Jinks. Well, that man is a hypnotiser—a wonderful one. I stand aghast when I think of that man's power."

Bilkins—"I never heard of his hypnotizing any one."

Wilkins—"He has done it, though. He has hypnotized his wife."

Bilkins—"How do you know?"

Wilkins—"Easily enough. I was at his house the other evening when he had a little dispute about something and she let him have the last word."

Selling Soap.

Peddler—"Madam, I am introducing a new kind of soap——"

Madam—"I don't want it."

Peddler—"It costs but half as much as the old——"

Madam—"I don't want it, I tell you."

Peddler—"And does twice the work of——"

Madam—"Don't want it. Get out."

Peddler—Of any other kind, and is excellent for the complexion."

Madam—"How much is it?"

Too Much to Bear.

Great Chemist—"My stars! What means that howling mob in front of the house?"

Servant—"Oh, sir, hide—hide, for y'r life! Didn't you print in the Science Magazine that cheap cuts of beef at eights cents were as nutritious as porterhouse?"

Great Chemist—"Of course; but—"

Servant—"Them rioters board."

Love and Philosophy.

Mr. Oldboy (soaring into philosophy) —"Yes, Miss Youngthing, all the evils of civilization are due to over-crowding."

Miss Youngthing—"That is true, Mr. Oldboy—please move a little farther toward your end of the sofa."

Possibly Biased.

Deacon Oldboy (life insurance)—"Our beloved pastor is looking poorly. I move we give him three months' vacation with full pay."

Deacon Crum (undertaker)—"No, no; let him stay and earn his salary." —London Graphic.

His Definition.

A teacher asked a little boy to spell "responsibility," which he did.

"Now, Tommy," said the teacher, "can you tell me the meaning of that big word?"

"Yis, mum," answered Tommy. "If I had only four buttons on my trousers, and two came off, all the responsibility would hang on the other two."—Pall Mall Gazette.

His Trouble.

Managing Editor—"What was it that young fellow wanted?"

Office Boy—"He says that he wrote a sonnet entitled 'Dolly's Dimples,' and it got into the paper headed 'Dolly's Pimples,' and that he wants it explained, as it got him into trouble with something he called his feeansay."—Pick-Me-Up.

Would Get Exercise Enough.

High-Priced Doctor—"You are now convalescent, and all you need is exercise. You should walk ten, twenty, thirty miles a day, sir, but your walking should have an object."

Patient—"All right, doctor, I'll travel around trying to borrow enough to pay your bill."—Tit-Bits.

No Reference Required.

Mistress—"You will leave this house as quick as your week is up, and you need not ask me for a reference, either." Domestic—"Sure, a riferince from you wuldn't do me any good, fur Oi've towld iverybody there's no belavin' a wurrud yez say."

Excusable Awkwardness.

Guest — "Ouch! Geewhittaker! You've spilled some soup down my neck."

Waiter—"I's orful sorry, sah; but, you see, sah, I's so in doubt if you is gwine to gub me a tip er not, it makes me nervous."

One of Many.

Clara—"Yes; I've attended half a dozen progressive euchre parties."

Belle—"Did you enjoy them?"

Clara—"Very much! I've become so interested that I am thinking of learning to play euchre."—Judge.

Plain.

She—"I know there's something I've forgotten to buy."

He—"That's just what I thought."

She—"Why did you think so?"

He—"Because you have some money left."—Tit-Bits.

Room at the Top.

There is always room at the top,
But the top unto which I allude
Is not the ladder of life—'tis the one
On the thing that is known as a dude.

—Chicago News.

Comparatively Easy.

Charlie Flyup—"Now that you're married, don't you find it rather hard sitting down?"

George Fastus—"Not nearly so hard, old boy, as setting up."—Tit-Bits.

THE MANISTIQUE COURIER,

A REPUBLICAN JOURNAL.

BY J. H. MacNAUGHTON.

Official County Paper.

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NOTICE Subscribers who do not receive their paper regularly will confer a favor by promptly notifying this office.

Entered at the postoffice of Manistique, Mich. as second-class mail matter.

Soo Line Time Card.

The following is the time of departure of Soo Line passenger trains;

Passenger East		7:00
"	"	12:10
"	West	3:15
"	"	8:25

The 3:15 train west connects with St. Paul R'y for Chicago and all points south.

P. McCULLOUGH, Agent.

Manistique & Northwestern Ry

TIME TABLE NO. 3.

a. m.	a. m.				p. m.	p. m.
6:00	8:50	Lv	So. Manistique	Ar	5:00	6:50
6:10	9:00		Manistique		4:50	6:40
6:25	9:20		Manistique River		4:30	6:10
6:45	9:35		Sturgeon Hole		4:10	5:55
7:05	9:55		Hiawatha		3:50	5:35
7:20	10:30		Smith Creek		3:35	5:20
7:45	10:55		Steuben		3:10	4:55
8:05	11:15		Delta Siding		2:50	4:35
8:15	11:55		Scott's Camp		2:40	4:25
....	12:05pm		McNeil's Camp		....	3:45

GEO. H. ORR, Gen. Mgr.

J. A. ROBINSON, Superintendent.

MANISTIQUE, MAY 20, 1898.

O. B. FULLER FOR STATE SENATOR.

Hon. Oramel B. Fuller will be a candidate before the senatorial convention for the nomination of state senator from this district.

Mr. Fuller needs no introduction to the voters of Delta, Schoolcraft and Alger counties, having served them for the past six years as representative. During that time he has been an untiring worker in their interests and has won the respect of all regardless of political affiliations. He is a stalwart and uncompromising Republican and always has the best interests of the party at heart. As a business man he has an unblemished reputation and his strict integrity and upright character have won for him an honored place in their ranks. He has a host of friends in both private and business circles and is well liked by all with whom he comes in contact.

During his six years service in the lower house Mr. Fuller has consistently represented his constituents and has proven himself an able and valuable lawmaker. He has been conservative in all things and has carefully guarded the interests of his district at all times. His ability has been especially recognized by his associates in the house, he having been called upon to serve on many important committees. During the sessions of 1897-98 he filled the position of speaker pro tempore besides the chairmanship of the committee on rules. He was also a member of several other house committees during this session.

In elevating him to the senatorship of a larger and more important district, the services of a man already conversant with the conduct of legislative matters would be secured and from him could be expected a more careful and intelligent handling of its interests than from a man who was utterly inexperienced.

In placing Mr. Fuller's name before the Republicans of the 30th senatorial district, THE COURIER feels that is voicing the sentiments of a large majority of the party in this end of the district. His name on the ticket would add materially to its strength and make success at the polls doubly certain.

THE president of Harvard college says that the United States does not know what it is fighting for. A professor in the same college whose mental caliber is about the dimension of a cipher, observes that there are "few gentlemen in the United States; I feel like Horace Walpole," and "I could be proud of my country if it were not for my countrymen." It is really too bad that such "distinguished" gentlemen as these Harvard professors should have to reside in such a beastly country and be compelled to inhale its contaminated ozone through their aristocratic nostrils, and at the same time, wasting their sweetness on a lot of savages in a vain attempt to make "gentlemen" of them. We admit that we are not a "gentlemen after their style and we don't want to be. We are perfectly willing to remain in our present state of ignorance and will gladly relinquish all claims upon these two Harvard gentlemen if they should desire to emigrate to the land which now comes in for a major part of their support. But even Spain would find little use for them, as they haven't brains enough to be good citizens in any country.

MANY Americans labor under the delusion that the leaders of the Cuban patriots are a mixture of Spanish, native and negro blood but such is not the case. With hardly an exception they are all of the purest Spanish of French descent, many of them highly educated either in this country or abroad and most of them threw up wealth and position to make this last fight for Cuba libre. It is interesting to note that among their generals and prominent men, the brave and intrepid Gen. Antonio Maceo who met his death by treachery was the only one in whose veins flowed negro blood and that Gen. Jusus Rabi, noted for his daring bravery and extreme gentleness of character, is descended from the Carib aborigines. One of our greatest civil engineers, two prominent naval engineers, the professor of medicine in the University of Pennsylvania and our greatest authority on yellow fever are all examples of the educated native white Cuban patriot. They are practically the same class of people as are the old French and Spanish families of New Orleans and are just as chivalrous, patriotic and liberty loving.

SEVERAL upper peninsula papers continue to assert that Dr. McNaughton of the Fifth Regiment was not rejected on account of physical disabilities but for political reasons. When it is taken into consideration that the examinations of officers and men are conducted by U. S. surgeons who have been too long in the service to be influenced by Gov. Pingree or any other resident of the state of Michigan, the senselessness of such rot is too plainly apparent. Dr. McNaughton may be a good fellow but he is no better than any private soldier in the ranks for all that. Many a husky young fellow who imagined himself a good specimen of physical perfection has gone down before the searching examinations to which all are subjected and it would be just as sensible to howl over them as over Dr. McNaughton. Gov. Pingree will continue to do his duty no matter how much the "cheap" politicians may howl over it. Such flimsy political capital as they have tried to extract from the McNaughton matter will only redound to his credit.

IT appears that the unfriendliness of the French government toward the United States only had existence in the columns of the "yellow" journals. The continual recital of fake articles regarding French exhibitions of hatred for America and Americans by these so-called newspapers may, however, result unpleasantly and has called forth a denial from the authorities at Washington. The French government cannot be expected to intelligently class these "cheap" sheets whose reporters "touched elbows with Admiral Dewey on the bridge of the Olympia during the battle of Manila."

IT is a wonder that some one of the brilliant minds who edit the "yellow" journals has not secured Gen. Blanco as their Cuban correspondent. His kaleidoscopic brain perfectly fits him for just such a position. They would then be able to furnish their readers with daily dispatches containing vivid descriptions of great naval and land engagements which never occured. Vivid imaginations seems to be the chief requisite required of their correspondents and Gen. Blanco is one of the most imaginative "cusses" in existence.

OVER at San Juan last week the Spanish won another "glorious" victory according to Madrid dispatches. Of course Admiral Sampson only burned half the city with shells from his fleet and smashed the fortifications into a mass of rubbish during the short two hours bombardment, but he failed to smash the Spanish "honor." That seems to be impervious to all the thirteen inch guns in his fleet.

THE first instructions to the American fleet to maintain a peaceful blockade of the Cuban ports has been rescinded and orders have gone forth to Admiral Sampson to batter down every fortification that offers the least resistance. The fleet commanders are not to be restricted in future operations and instead of awaiting orders from Washington are to depend largely upon their own judgement.

BLANCO is still busily engaged in editing windy dispatches in which the "Yankee pigs" are mowed down in vast numbers in imaginary battles fought in his "gigantic" brain. It will only need about two dispatches to wipe Gen. Miles and his army of invasion out of existence when they once get within range of "Blank o" and his prolific fountain pen.

GEN. MERRITT declines the position of commander of the army of invasion of the Philippine Islands if only 10,000 troops are to be sent. He says that 25,000 or 30,000 men are needed to properly take possession of the island and it is not at all improbable that 50,000 may be needed.

THE danger of the formation of an Anglo-American alliance is causing much uneasiness among the non-English speaking countries of Europe. They fully realize that such a coalition could defy the united powers of the old world and would hold the making of future history in its grasp.

MICHAEL J. SCHAACK, Chicago's famous Inspector of Police, died Wednesday evening at the age of 55. He had been connected with the police department of that city for 30 years and became famous in connection with the anarchist arrests and trial and the Luertgert trial.

IT has been stated on apparently reliable authority that the president will shortly issue another call for volunteers and that not less than 100,000 men will be needed. This will insure the local military company an opportunity to see service at the front.

MONROE is the first county in the state to hold its county convention. Although the anti-Pingreeites resorted to every known scheme to secure control of the convention, they were overwhelmingly defeated. A solid Pingree delegation to the state convention was elected.

THE bicycle is not apt to be so popular with young men who are proud of their physical perfection in the future. The U. S. examining surgeons state that the defects in a majority of the recruits rejected by them are attributal to the wheel.

FRED K. BAKER of Menominee, is a candidate for State Senator from this district on the Republican ticket. Mr. Baker is a strict party man, stands high in his own community, has exceptional ability and would make a good senator.

SENOR SAGASTA still manages to keep on top of the Spanish wreck even if the rest of the crew has deserted him. He will need to be an arcobat of the Hanlon variety if he hangs on much longer.

THE state conventions of the Democratic, People's and Union Silver parties are slated to convene at Grand Rapids, June 22d. The last two named are only sideshows to the main menagerie.

UNCLE SAM has recently made large purchases of salt pork of western packing houses for army use. This may account for the Spanish idea that the Americans are "pigs."

A DIET of mule meat, one of Havana's $1.50 a pound luxuries, may account for the loud braying which Gen. Blanco has been indulging in.

UPPER PENINSULA NEWS.

Sault Ste. Marie now has the free mail delivery service.

U. P. Veterans meet at Iron Mountain on the 21st of June.

A volunteer military company has been organized at Escanaba. It has fifty members. Mayor John M. Hartnett was one of the first to enlist. James Tolan was elected captain.

The volunteer company organized in several upper peninsula cities left for Island Lake Tuesday. Marquette furnished 45 men, Menominee 28, Escanaba 11, and Negaunee and Ishpeming 14.

S. D. Smith, of Trout Lake, who is in difficulty over an alleged technical violation of the election law last spring, was bound over to the circuit court Tuesday by Justice Conrick. His bonds were fixed at $100.—Soo Times.

C. F. Smith of Munising, superintendent of the Grand Island Lumber company, has closed an agreement with the Kerby-Dennis company of Marinette to manufacture 250,000 shingles a day for five years. The Munising concern will operate two single block and two double block machines. The aggregate of the contract is for 375,000,000 shingles and is perhaps the largest shingle contract ever closed. The Grand Island company will get out several hundred thousand ties also for the Kerby Dennis company.

An Enterprising Druggist.

There are few men more wide awake and enterprising than A. S. Putnam & Co., who spare no pains to secure the best of everything in their line for their many customers. They now have the valuable agency for Dr. King's New Discovery for consumption, coughs and colds. This is the wonderful remedy that is producing such a furor all over the country by its many startling cures. It absolute cures asthma, bronchitis, hoarseness and all affections of the throat, chest and lungs. Call at the above drug store and get a trial bottle free or a regular size for 50 cents and $1.00. Guaranteed to cure or price refunded.

Teachers' Examinations

The examination of teachers for Schoolcraft County, and of candidates for entrance to the Agricultural College will be held in the court house at Manistique on the following dates, beginning

August 19, 1897, October 21, 1897, March 31, 1898, June 16, 1898.

From the August and the March examinations teachers certificates of all grades may be granted. From the two other examinations only certificates of the second and third grades may be granted.

Applicants for first grade certificates must furnish proof of having taught at least one year with ability and success, and must attain an average of 90 per centum.

Applicants for second grades must furnish proof of having taught with ability and success for at least seven months and must attain an average of 80 per centum.

Applicants for third grades must obtain an average of 75 per centum.

The examinations begin at 9 o'clock a. m. All applicants for certificates must be present on the morning of the first day of examination.

J. A. CHISHOLM, Comm'r. Seney, Mich.

C. W. DUNTON,
J. M. SHANK,
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LOCAL BREVITIES

Mrs. Patrick Quinlan was over from Thompson Tuesday.

Mrs. M. B. Peters of Newberry spent several days in the city this week.

A son of Milliard Duell of Thompson is quite seriously ill with mumps.

A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Edwards on Sunday the 8th of May.

Dr. A. E. Burdick returned the first of the week from a business trip to New York.

The Byers families at Hiawatha are to emigrate to Missouri just as soon as they can dispose of their property here.

Prosecuting attorney Geo. E. Pardee goes to Munising Monday to attend a session of the circuit court for Alger county.

A branch of the International Longshoreman's Union has been organized in this city by six members of the Munising branch.

The Manistique Light Co., secured a ten year lease Monday of the Gorman Costello property on which the power house is located.

Miss Elise Steffensen of THE COURIER staff, returned Sunday morning from a three days visit with friends at Gladstone and Escanaba.

D. W. Thompson returned Saturday from Port Huron where he had been in attendance at the 25th annual grand lodge meeting of the Knights of Pythias.

Capt. John Nolan who has been undergoing treatment in a New York hospital is expected to return here in two weeks. He is reported as being very much improved.

Abner Orr is making many improvements in the residence property purchased by him on Cedar street. When completed he will have one of the finest places in the city.

Bert Van Marter, son of Capt. J. C. Van Marter, commander of Dupont Post, G. A. R., has enlisted in a Sons of Veterans company at Manistique.—Florence Mining News.

The thirty-first Regiment of Michigan volunteer Infantry left Island Lake at 12:20 a. m. Monday morning for Chickamauga. The 32d and 33d expect to get away during the week.

Mrs. Wm. Griffith of Manistique arrived in our city Saturday, where she will make her future home. Mr. Griffith is employed with the Cleveland Cliff Co.—Gladstone Tribune.

D. J. Heffron was called to Chicago Saturday by a telegram announcing the serious illness of his brother, Michael Heffron. He is ill with consumption and can live but a short time.

Walter Thomas Mills of Hiawatha colony fame got into an altercation with the patrons of an establishment which he conducts in Chicago recently and was severly handled by them.

Ed. Foley has rented the Ruggles homestead. Robert Atwood will take charge and moved his family out to the farm Monday. The whole 40 acres will be planted to potatoes and vegetables.

A quiet wedding last evening May 11th at the Presbytery Manse. The contracting parties were Mr. Charles Tobias of Gladstone and Miss Martha Barber of Manistique.—Gladstone Tribune.

Capt. Jasper Robinson has put in a cedar camp at Miner's river for getting out ties, poles, posts, etc., for the Maltby Lumber Co. Mr. Robinson will have a crew of about fifteen men.—Munising News.

LAKE SUPERIOR GUARDS.

First Volunteer Company from Upper Peninsula.

Left Marquette Tuesday to Join the 34th Regiment.

Marquette was the scene of a monster celebration Tuesday when the Lake Superior Guards left for Island Lake to join the 34th Michigan Regiment of U. S. Infantry.

This company enjoys the unique distinction of being the only purely volunteer company accepted from the upper peninsula on the first call, the remaining seven being taken from the lower part of the state.

The nucules of the company was organized at Marquette at the outbreak of the war by Lieut. John S. Wilson and was the first volunteer company on the peninsula to offer its services to the state. It was only after repeated efforts that their services were finallly accepted by the state military department, it being specified that a portion of the company should be recruited at Menominee, Escanaba, Negaunee and Ishpeming.

Orders were received Monday for the company to move to the front the following afternoon and preparations were immediately made for a rousing celebration. Mayor J. F. Neidhart requested that all business places be closed from 10 a. m. to 2 p. m. and that the people unite in a public expression of their appreciation of the loyalty of their soldiers.

At noon a monster procession was formed on Superior street with Col. B. S. Kaufman as marshal in chief. In line were Co. F, Boys Brigade, Iron Division No. 41, U. R. K. P., Iron Cross, K. P., Skandia Society, Swedish Crown Society, A. O. H., Morse Hose Company, M. W. A., Superior, Queen City and Pere Marquette Tents, K. O. T. M., G. A. R. and St. Jean Baptiste Society, beside the children from all the schools in the city. Music was furnished by the Marquette City, Cadet Greys and Bryan's Comedians bands. At the conclusion of the parade a sumptuous dinner was served to the volunteers by the ladies of Marquette.

At 5:30 a special train brought in the Menominee and Escanaba portions of the company, who were met at the depot and escorted to Fraternity hall where supper was served. Election of company officers then followed. Samuel W. Wheeler was chosen as captain, John S. Wilson, 1st lieutenant and James A. Leisen 2d lieutenant. The officers are old militia men, Capt. Wheeler having been captain of the old Marquette Rifles and a staff officer, Lieut. Wilson a lieutenant in the Rifles, and Lieut. Leisen a member of the old Menominee company and a colonel on the staff of ex-Governor Winans.

Enthusiasm ran high in the city and the cheering was deafening. Lieut. Wilson, the organizer of the company, was carried through the streets on the shoulders of his comrades.

The train conveying the company to Island Lake left Marquette at 9 p. m. The men were sworn into the service by Asst. Adjt. Gen. Cox and were examined before leaving their homes. The company is composed of representative young men of the peninsula and will give a good account of themselves.

The whole upper peninsula unites in wishing all success to the Lake Superior Guards.

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Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

How to Look Good.

Good looks are really more than skin deep, depending entirely on a healthy condition of all the vital organs. If the liver is inactive, you have a bilious look; if your stomach is disordered, you have a dyspeptic look; if your kidneys are affected, you have a pinched look. Secure good health, and you will surely have good looks. "Electric Bitters" is a good alternative and tonic. Acts directly on the stomach, liver and kidneys, purifies the blood, cures pimples, blotches and boils, and gives a good complexion. Every bottle guaranteed. Sold at A. S. Putnam & Co's Drug Store. 50 cents per bottle.

War's Effect on Lumber Trade.

E. H. Silliman, of the lumber inspecting and shipping firm of Martin & Silliman, Cheboygan, arrived in the city this morning and went over to Island Lake to see the boys in Camp Eaton. The firm of which Mr. Silliman is a member is perhaps the largest firm of shippers on the lakes, and Mr. Silliman says that the war has been playing havoc with lumber shipments. At the opening of the season, he says, the firm had orders for large shipments of lumber which have since been countermanded because of the war excitement. Within the past few days however, he says the market has brightened very perceptibly, and he believes the trade will be brisk yet.—Friday's Detroit Journal.

Edouard Remenyi, the famous violinist, dropped dead on the stage at the Orpheus theater in San Francisco, Sunday afternoon. He had responded to an encore with "Old Glory" and had played it as if inspired, completely carrying away the audience of 3,000 people who went wild over his magnificent rendering of the patriotic air. In response to the great outburst of feeling he stepped forward and commenced playing again when the fatal stroke came. Remenyi appeared at the Star Opera House in this city about a year ago.

ADVERTISED LETTERS.

List of advertised letters remaining in the postoffice at Manistique, Mich., the week ending May 14, 1898.

Cardinal, Domique	Gardner, W. V.
Harwood, James	Harris, Deforest
Haines, Harry	Jabour, A.
Johannson, Nanny	James, Willard
Lewis, C. E.	Mooric, Martin
Pfeiffer, George	Parker, Bert
Pamport, Nace	Poirier, William
Robertson,	Sheridan, Mrs. Jas.
Simonson, C. W.	Thayer, Mrs.
Taylor.	

Persons calling for letters in above list please say "advertised."

E. N. ORR, Postmaster.
C. R. ORR, Ass't P. M.

First publication May 6th, last June 10th.

Notice for Publication.

Land Office at Marquette, Mich., May 2, 1898.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before Clerk of the Circuit Court, at Manistique, Mich., on June 11, 1898, viz: Nelson Fluaitt Hd. Application No. 6083, for the S ½ of NW ¼, SW ¼ of NE ¼ and NW ¼ of SE ¼ of Sec. 14, Tp. 42, N. R. 16 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: George Ross, William Brown, John Creighton, James Lake, all of Manistique, Mich.

THOMAS SCADDEN, Register.

First pub. May 13, last June 3.

ORDER FOR HEARING.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Schoolcraft, ss.
Probate Court for said County.

At a session of the Probate Court for said County, held at the Probate Office in said County, on Monday the ninth day of May in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and ninety eight.

Present, Charles B. Mersereau, Judge of Probate.

In the matter of the estate of Victor Anderson, deceased: Eric Anderson, Administrator of said estate, comes into Court and represents that he is now prepared to render his account as such administrator.

Thereupon it is ordered, that Saturday the fourth day of June next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, be assigned for the examining and allowing such account and that the heirs at law of said deceased, and all other persons interested in said estate are required to appear at a session of said Court, then to be holden at the Probate office in the Village of Manistique in said County, and show cause, if any there be, why the said account should not be allowed.

And it is Further Ordered, That said administrator give notice to the persons interested in said estate, of the pendency of said account, and the hearing thereof, by causing a copy of this order to be published in the Manistique Courier, a newspaper printed and circulated in said county, three successive weeks previous to said day of hearing.

[A true copy.] C. B. MERSEREAU, Judge of Probate.

First publication May 13, last June 24.

CHANCERY SALE.

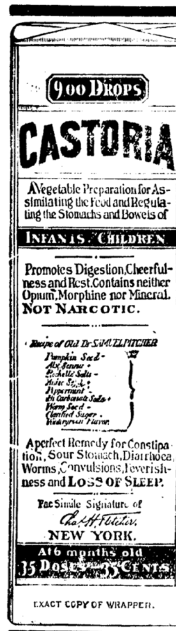
In pursuance and by virtue of an order and decree of the Circuit Court for the County of Schoolcraft, In Chancery, in the State of Michigan, made and dated on the 1st day of October A. D. 1897 in a certain cause therein pending wherein J. Oscar Olsen is complainant and William McCanna, Henry McCanna and Emil Thompson are defendants.

Notice is hereby given that I shall sell at public auction to the highest bidder at the front door of the Court House, in the Village of Manistique, in Schoolcraft County, Michigan, [that being the place where the Circuit Court of said County is holden] on Monday the 27th day of June A. D. 1898, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, to raise the amount due to the said complainant for principal, interest and costs in this cause, all the following described land and premises together with the buildings situated thereon, viz: That piece or parcel of land situated in the Village of Manistique, Schoolcraft County, Michigan, and described as commencing at a point in the South line of Block No. six (6) which shall be sixty (60) feet east from the south-west corner of Lot No. one (1) of said Block, reference being had to the recorded plat of said Village, and running thence east on said south line thirty (30) feet; thence at right angle north ninety-nine (99) feet, to the north line of said Lot, thence west along said north line thirty (30) feet, thence south in a right angle ninety-nine (99) feet to the place of commencement.

Dated May 12th, 1898.

WALTER L. LORANGER,
Circuit Court Commissioner in and for Schoolcraft County, Michigan.

C. W. DUNTON,
Complainant's Solicitor



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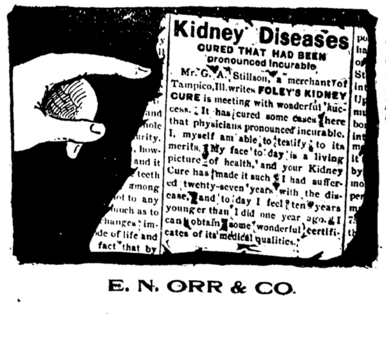

E. N. ORR & CO.

THE MANISTIQUE COURIER

J. H. MacNaughton, Editor.

MANISTIQUE, - MICHIGAN

Prayer for profit only is unprofitable and soon unpleasant.

How many woman Hoppers have sued to keep de Wolf from the door?

Spain's ultimate conclusion is likely to be that Columbus made a great mistake.

We judge from the voluminous talk of the rainy-day club that it never rains but it pours.

The safety of the battleship Texas demands that the Atlantic ocean shall be immediately enlarged.

Alfred Austin writes pretty good verse, but Uncle Sam cannot throw his arm around John Bull and weep now or never. We know Mr. Bull of old.

W. C. Swain of Milwaukee, chairman of the joint committee of the veteran organizations on Memorial day exercises, said one of the best things which has found utterances in a long time. He said: "Our sons want to go in on their own deeds, and not on the deeds of their fathers." This is the true American spirit. There is no hereditary nobility, either in law or in character, in this country.

The water in Lake Superior is reported to be thirty inches lower at the opening of navigation this spring than it has been before in years, and the fact is viewed with alarm by vessel interests. The big lake carriers are unable to load their capacity, and at the existing freight rates will lose considerable money. The American Steel Barge company may have difficulty in launching vessels at the present stage. In Lake Huron the water is high, and the old theory of a subterranean passage between the lakes is revived.

The referendum, or the submission of legislation to the popular vote for ratification, is practiced in Switzerland, not always with the most satisfactory results. Not long ago a vote was taken in the Canton of Soleure on the question of a parish church organist. One man only took the trouble to go to the polls. Finding himself there alone, he remarked, "Vox populi, vox Dei. I am the vox populi, and I elect myself to the place." And it was so! That may be socialism, but it looks a good deal more like monarchy.

A most hopeful sign of the times is the growing respect for what are called "the bread and butter sciences." Modern methods of education look more and more toward inspiring our boys and girls with respect for work and preparing them for honest industry by putting them in possession of all their faculties. The field of skilled labor is constantly widening; the artisans of the twentieth century will claim closer kinship with the artists; brain will guide and reinforce muscle in field and kitchen, toil will be lightened by invention, and in good time by shorter hours.

The man in the engine room has little of the fun or glory of a modern sea fight. He hears the booming of the near and distant guns, but he does not know how the battle is going. The ship may be a hopeless wreck, and the next minute may be his last, but that is none of his affair. The engines must keep moving, and they must respond instantly to the will of the ship's brain in the conning tower or the battle is lost. The whole ship is one mass of complicated machinery. It is steered by steam; its turrets are turned by steam directly or indirectly, through electric, pneumatic or hydraulic power; its great guns are loaded by steam; it is lighted by electricity, which is supplied by dynamoes run by steam; it is ventilated by steam—steam is the source of all its activities. Let the engines cease to work and the ship would die.

The agricultural department has just issued an interesting pamphlet on the subject of forest growth and sheep grazing in the Cascade mountains of Oregon, prepared by Frederick V. Coville. Discussing the question of forest fires in the Cascade reserve, it says those of the present period are by no means confined to the sheep grazing areas. Parts of the southern Cascades, in which sheep have never grazed, have been found to be riddled by fires and in general forest fires increase in the reserved region proportionately to the increase of human occupancy of all classes. It is clear as a result of careful inquiry, the pamphlet says, that at the present time most sheep herders and packers are extremely careful not to allow their camp fires to spread and not to set fire intentionally, though it is unquestionably true that in the early days of sheep raising there was a widespread belief among sheep men that burning of the forest was a positive benefit to the industry.

The Seventh of New York, which is entirely "composed of members of the swell set," would do well hereafter to keep within its armory. Its appearance upon Fifth avenue, even amid the homes of the wealthy, would be the signal for derisive salutation, for no man, even if a coward himself, fancies the men who would play at soldier until war come and then not play at all. This is the kind of patriots that attend banquets in times of peace, drink fine wine and prate about their "devotion to the flag" and "national honor." They ought to be shipped back to England.

IN OUR GREAT STATE.

THE HAPPENINGS IN MICHIGAN BRIEFLY RELATED.

Michigan National Guard Officers Find Physical Examinations Very Severe—New Officers for the First Regiment—Eight New Companies Ordered.

The physical examination of officers and surgeons of the Michigan National Guard at Camp Eaton is very severe and many fail to pass. The first to be examined were the surgeons of the regiments, as it was desired that they should assist in the examination of the men. Of the 10 surgeons six passed and four were rejected for physical disability. The latter are Maj. McNaughton, of the Fifth; Maj. Harvey, of the Fourth; Maj. Hume, of the Third, and Capt. Bailey, of the Third. Maj. McNaughton is a magnificent specimen of physical manhood and an excellent athlete, but Examining Surgeon Munday would not pass him, on account of his heart. Maj. Harvey has rheumatism; Capt. Bailey, poor eyesight, and Maj. Hume, slight physical defects.

The surgeons who did pass were immediately mustered into the U. S. service. The enlisted surgeons are: Maj. Lawrence D. Knowles, Second infantry; Capt. Andrew P. Biddle, Second independent battalion, of Detroit; Capt. James A. King, Fifth infantry; Capt. Charles D. W. Colby, First infantry; Capt. John L. Burkhart, Second infantry, and Capt. R. R. Owen, First infantry. There are still five more surgeons needed to fill Michigan's quota, and Gov. Pingree has only 1,025 applicants to choose from.

The officers of the First regiment were the next to come under fire and it proved disastrous to their hopes. Col. Tyrrell and Maj. Howell were the first to fall; then Capt. Snook, Co. F; Capt. Frank J. McNolty, Co. D; First Lieut. Burton C. Hinckley, Co. D; Second Lieut. Chas. M. Frost, Co. D, were all rejected. The enlisted men were considerably worked up, but it is not thought that the men will refuse to volunteer as a regiment after they have been examined. The different companies marched to Col. Tyrrell's quarters and publicly demonstrated their sympathy for the officers. Col. Tyrrell and Maj. Howell both made speeches to the men and advised them to do nothing rash that would disgrace the regiment and its officers. They both expressed regret at not being able to accompany the regiment, and hoped that it would bring credit upon itself and the towns which it represents. The speeches brought forth hearty cheers from the boys, and they left in better spirits.

Gov. Pingree poured balm into the wounds of Col. Tyrrell and Maj. Howell by giving the former a commission as major, and giving him charge of organizing the recruits of the eight new companies gathered in various parts of the state. Maj. Howell is given a commission of major of state troops and is detailed as provost marshal of Camp Eaton.

The next regimental officer turned down was Lieut.-Col. Vos, of the Second, who was rejected because of slight physical ailment. He took the result in a manly way and in a speech to his men he told them that it was their first duty to be soldiers and not to allow the absence of their old officers to deter them from enlisting. He was loudly cheered and his speech had a good effect throughout the camp.

The examination of the officers of the Second Independent battalion (Cos. A, B and F, Detroit Light Guard and Co. G, of Monroe) was not as disastrous as to the officers of the old First regiment. It is reported that all the officers passed.

The result of the physical examinations somewhat surprised the members of the First regiment. The twelve companies were examined and out of 1,071 men, 230 failed to pass. Several of the companies lost over 20 men each, while only nine were plucked out of the Lansing company. Nearly all of the men who failed were sent home, and there is a general bustle for recruits.

Organization of Eight New Companies.

The state military board has decided to allow the following towns to raise the additional eight companies necessary to fill out Michigan's quota of volunteers: Benton Harbor, Traverse City, Ionia, Mt. Clemens, Three Rivers and Allegan, one company; Sons of Veterans, two companies, and the Detroit Light Guard an additional company. They are ordered to organize immediately and await orders. They will not go to Island Lake until one regiment has been mustered and sent away to one of the camps of instruction.

Sale of Michigan's War Bonds.

The first of the Michigan war loan bonds issued and signed by the governor was for $50,000 and was purchased by the city of Detroit. State Treasurer Steel says he has been offered $1.15 for each $1 of the entire issue. It has been decided however to dispose of them by popular purchase, and bids will be received up to and including May 14 at $101 for each $100. The bonds bear 3½ per cent interest from May 1, 1898, payable semi-annually. The bonds are due May 1, 1908, but are payable at the pleasure of the state after May 1, 1903.

Large Bequest for the U. of M.

The University of Michigan has just received $135,000 from Dr. Elizabeth H. Bates, of Port Chester, N. Y., a bequest given in her will. The income from this bequest will go towards establishing a chair in the medical department devoted to diseases of women and children. It will be known as the Bates professorship. At first Mrs. Bates intended to give this money to Harvard, but some friend in the west persuaded her to remember the University of Michigan. Dr. Bates was an alumnae of the University of Pennsylvania.

Michigan's First Regiment.

Adjt.-Gen. Irish has issued a special order consolidating the Second Independent battalion, which is composed of Cos. A, B and F, Detroit Light Guard and Co. G of Monroe, with the First regiment, Michigan National Guard, making it 12 companies, forming the First Michigan Volunteers. Capt. Gardener has been commissioned colonel. Lieut.-Col. Fred Shubel, Jr., of Lansing, will be retained as lieutenant-colonel and as the regiment is entitled to three majors the order commissions Maj. Henry L. Hunt, of Jackson, major first battalion; Capt. Chas. W. Harrah, of Detroit, major second battalion and Capt. John P. Kirk, of Ypsilanti, major third battalion. The other staff officers are: Maj. Wm. B. Watts, of Jackson, surgeon; Capt. Andrew P. Biddle, of Detroit, assistant surgeon; Capt. E. W. White, of Jackson, chaplain; First Lieut. Duggar, adjutant. The latter is sergeant-major of the Nineteenth infantry, U. S. A., stationed at Mobile, and was highly recommended by Col. Gardener.

The promotion of the line officers to field officers leave a good many vacancies in some of the companies.

Pending the mustering in of the regiment Col. Gardener will be detailed to command it, so that he will assume immediate command.

It is announced that the troops will leave Camp Eaton as soon as the regiments are mustered and equipped. They will probably go to Washington, where they will rendezvous. Equipments of all kinds are on the road now and it is probable that the First regiment will leave camp about May 15, and other regiments will follow as rapidly as possible.

Co. A (Ann Arbor), First infantry, Capt. Ross Granger, had the honor of being the first company mustered in, and the soldier boys were given a rousing reception as they lined up to take the oath of allegiance to their country.

Michigan Loyal Legion.

Grand Rapids gave the Michigan commandery of the Loyal Legion a patriotic reception and the sessions were thoroughly enjoyed. The annual banquet was largely attended and the hall was elaborately decorated with patriotic emblems. Col. Henry M. Duffield, the retiring commander, presided. Officers elected: Commander, Claudius B. Grant, of Lansing; senior vice commander, James T. Sterling, of Detroit; junior vice, Orrin Bump, of Bay City; recorder, F. W. Swift, of Detroit; register, Charles L. Williams, of Detroit; chancellor, James Rhines, of Detroit; treasurer, L. H. Chamberlin, of Detroit; chaplain L. A. Arthur, of Detroit.

Michigan Regiments to be Separated.

It is stated that when the Michigan state troops are mustered into the U. S. service each regiment will be sent into a different brigade. This is in accordance with the policy of nationalizing the army and so far as possible breaking up existing state brigade organizations. It is not intended to break regiments, and here state pride will have full sway, but the Michigan regiments will be widely separated in their service. It is also announced that there will be one regiment of regulars in each brigade of the army. This is important for the example of the discipline and the experience of the regular army drill masters.

MICHIGAN NEWS ITEMS.

Mrs. Henry T. Thurber, wife of the ex-secretary of President Cleveland, died at Detroit.

The Western Union Telegraph Co. purchased the Mineral Range Co. lines in Houghton and Keweenaw counties. This will result in a material cheapening of telegraph tolls in the copper district.

A barn belonging to Frank Hanning three miles west of Hillsdale, was struck by lightning and burned with its contents. The loss is about $1,000. Mrs. Hanning was in the barn at the time and received a severe shock.

Ann Arbor's famous pianist, Prof Alberto Jonas is a Spaniard and says he is proud of it. He thought he would have to leave this country when the war began, but as not the least discourtesy has been shown him he will remain.

Lieut. Albert G. Winterhalter, who served on board the U. S. cruiser Baltimore under Commodore Dewey's squadron, in the engagement with the Spanish fleet at Manila is a native of Detroit, and when off duty resides in Detroit.

Some new Michigan postmasters: Oscoda, Chas. S. Pierce; Lake Odessa, Frank W. Clark; Howel, Timothy Smith; Grand Rapids, Loomis K. Bishop; Eaton Rapids, Henry C. M nn e; Greenville, Clark I. Drummond, Ann Arbor, George H. Pond.

Prof M. E. Cooley of the U. of M., and passed assistant engineer of the Michigan Naval reserves passed the hardest possible examination with honors. He is eligible to be a chief engineer in the navy. He will be head of the engineers' staff on the Yosemite.

Railroad Commissioner Wesselius proposes to have the railroads contribute an additional $50,000 annually to the state by placing a tax on the gross amount received by the roads for switching, rentals of tracks, yards and terminals, etc., instead of only on the balances as at present reported.

Ex-Lieut.-Col. Merrell E. Webb, of the old Fourth infanty, of Detroit, who made such a hard fight against Capt. Lothrop to be elected colonel of the Fourth infantry, has been commissioned major in the recruiting service. When Gov. Pingree disorganized the Fourth infantry, Lieut.-Col. Webb joined Co. G, of Monroe, as a private, and a few weeks later he was promoted to first sergeant.

There was a light vote at Kalamazoo's election on a proposition to bond the city for $213,060 for permanent improvements, resulting in a defeat by 410 votes.

DEWEY'S REPORT.

UTTERLY DESTROYED SPAIN'S FLEET AT MANILA.

None of the U. S. Warships Badly Damaged not an American Sailor Killed and Only Eight Slightly Wounded—Manila is at His Mercy.

Just one week from the day the great battle at Manila bay was fought the first official report of the glorious American victory was received from the Commodore Dewey, the latest naval hero. The report was carried from Manila to Hong Kong by the U. S. dispatch boat McCulloch and then transmitted to the navy department at Washington. The distance from Manila to Hong Kong prevented an earlier report being received from Dewey. The portion of the first report made public by the navy department is as follows:

Manila: Squadron arrived at Manila at daybreak. Immediately engaged the enemy and destroyed the following Spanish vessels: Reina Christina, Don Antonio de Ulloa, Isla de Luzon, Isla de Cuba, General Lezo, Marquis de Duero, Correo, Velasco, Isla de Mindiano, a transport, and a water battery at Cavite. The squadron is uninjured, and only a few men are slightly wounded. Only means of telegraphing is to American consul at Hong Kong. I shall communicate with him.

A second report given is out is as follows:

Cavite: I have taken possession of the naval station at Cavite, Philippine Islands, and destroyed its fortifications. Have destroyed fortifications at the bay entrance (Corregidore islands), paroling the garrison. I control the bay completely and can take the city at any time. The squadron in excellent health and spirits. The Spanish loss not fully known but very heavy: 150 killed, including the captain of the Reina Christina. I am assisting in protecting the Spanish sick and wounded. Two hundred and fifty sick and wounded in hospital within our lines. Much excitement in Manila. Will protect foreign residents. DEWEY.

These reports, although brief and lacking in details, caused the most intense enthusiasm in government circles at Washington. The destruction of ten warships, and the silencing of a score of shore batteries without the loss of a ship or a man, is a feat so stupendous that the most experienced naval officers could hardly believe their eyes when they read Dewey's terse and graphic message. No parallel is to be found in history for this remarkable accomplishment, and to Dewey's credit is placed the first demonstration of the terrible effectiveness of the modern warship manned by brave men and commanded by cool and skillful officers.

The Spanish surrendered everything they had left to surrender outside of Manila. Admiral Montejo fled to Manila with all of his staff and such officers as had not been killed. Admiral Dewey sent his marines ashore to capture Cavite, and then cut the cable so that the Spaniards could not summon succor. And when all noses had been counted, not a man was missed from the fighting fleet, though the chief engineer on the McCulloch had died from heart disease an attack brought on by excitement. Some estimates place the number of Spanish wounded during the engagement at over 1,000 men.

Commodore Dewey's orders were to capture or destroy the Spanish fleet and never were instructions executed in so complete a fashion. At the end of seven hours there was absolutely nothing left of the Spanish fleet but a few relics. Only the cruiser Baltimore had suffered in any way from the fire of the enemy. A shot which struck her exploded some ammunition near one of her guns and slightly injured eight of the crew. The Olympia was struck several times about her upper works and several shots passed dangerously close to Commodore Dewey, but little or no damage was done. A whaleboat of the Raleigh was smashed. Although the Krupp guns on the esplanade of Manila were fired continuously during the engagement, Commodore Dewey did not reply to them and the battery afterward hoisted a white flag in token of surrender.

The terms of capitulation were still unsettled when the McCulloch left Manila, and it was said that Commodore Dewey feared rioting upon the part of the insurgents if he attempted a bombardment of the remaining fortifications at Manila. The forts at the entrance of the bay were dismantled after they had surrendered. It is said the American commodore ordered the cable to be cut because the Spaniards refused to permit him to use it pending the complete surrender of the city and also to prevent foreign governments from ordering their consuls to protest against the bombardment or blockade of Manila.

The Nation's Gratitude to Dewey.

The reply sent by Secretary of the Navy Long to Commodore Dewey was as follows:

Dewey, Manila—The President, in the name of the American people, thanks you and your officers and men for your splendid achievement and overwhelming victory. In recognition he has appointed you acting admiral, and will recommend a vote of thanks to you by congress. LONG.

Vienna: It is positively denied in well informed circles that the powers will intervene at the present juncture.

Chickamauga and Washington have been decided on as volunteer army concentration points. At least one other point will be chosen, probably either in New York or Pennsylvania.

W. R. Blanchard, chairman of the Joint Traffic Railroad association, has been named as a brigadier-general of volunteers, and will be attached to the quartermaster's department of the army, to take charge of all matter relating to the transportation of troops.

TO HOLD THE PHILIPPINES.

Uncle Sam Will Send 5,000 Troops and Plenty of Supplies at Once.

Washington: The cabinet has decided to send to Commodore Dewey the number of troops he deems necessary to enforce our control of the Philippines. The administration has practically decided to occupy the Philippines with a strong military force as soon as possible. For this purpose Pacific slope troops will be used and it is expected that at least 5,000 will be en route within the next 10 days.

Gen. Nelson A. Miles telegraphed orders to Brig-Gen. Merriam to at once get the troops in his command ready for transportation to the Philippines, it having being decided that the Fifth and Seventh cavalry and Fourteenth and Fifteenth infantry shall be drawn upon to form a nucleus of the invading force, and that they shall concentrate at San Francisco immediately. Enough men will be taken from volunteer quotas of extreme western states to form an army of 5,000. The President has concluded that it will be dangerous to delay. He is afraid that Dewey will have serious need for all the soldiers sent him. When the insurgents find that they are not to be given possion of the Philippines they may make trouble, and another cause for alarm is that there are a large number of Spanish soldiers fully equipped already at Manila, and it will be impossible to restrain them.

There does not seem to be any doubt as to government's purpose to hold these islands pending a final settlement with Spain, when they will be used as a collateral to secure the payment to the United States of a war indemnity. High officials are of the opinion that none of the powers will seriously dispute our right to make such final disposition of the islands as suits our purpose in the enforcement of war claims against Spain, and in any event this government will be prepared to contest any point which may be raised.

Cuban Invasion Delayed.

Owing to Commodore Dewey's big victory and the sailing of the Spanish fleet from Cape Verde islands it has been thought best by the Washington authorities to postpone naval and land operations against the Spanish in Cuba until disposition is made of the Spanish fleet, which is supposed to be headed for South Atlantic or Caribbean waters. The presence of that formidable fleet on the southern part of this hemisphere is a menace to the military forces of the United States engaged in the Cuban campaign. If the United States troops were landed and the American fleet should by any mishap suffer loss at the hands of the Spanish squadron, the troops would have to be withdrawn.

It is asserted that Gen. Miles is now practically in command of the insurgent army in Cuba. The Washington government is now in close touch with and has established communication with three army corps commanders of the insurgent forces. Every move made by Gens. Gomez, Garcia and Rodriguez is on the advice of Gen. Miles. Through war maps of Cuba our own commanders know the whole of Cuba better than any officers in Blanco's army. There has been a concentration of troops in accordance with orders from Gen. Miles. The Cuban army is divided into three divisions—the army of the east, under Garcia; the army of the west, under Roderiguez, and the army of the center, under Gomez. Garcia and Roderiguez have the largest number of men. Gomez is near the coast, cutting off food supplies of the Spaniards and rounding up cattle for future use. He has named his place to meet the force now massing in the United States. He will cover the landing on the land and the gunboats will attend to it on the sea. The men who know where that landing will be made are Gens. Miles, Shafter and Nunez in addition to Gomez and the authorities at Washington. Two depots of supply will perhaps be established, one for the purpose of arming the Cubans, the other for a base of supplies for the United States troops. One landing may serve for both. Arms for the Cubans will also go to Garcia. He is in the far east, keeping Santiago de Cuba in terror.

Spanish Surrender Important Town.

Gen Pando, the commander of the Spanish forces in eastern Cuba, withdrew the Spanish garrison from Bayamo, one of the important towns of the provinces of Santiago de Cuba. Gen. Calixto Garcia, the insurgent commander, occupied the town next day.

The Spanish merchants and residents of Bayamo were in great fear of plunder and massacre, but Gen Garcia issued a proclamation declaring that the property of Spaniards and their civil rights would be respected. The general also personally assured the leading Spaniards of the place that they were perfectly safe in remaining at Bayamo, with the result that business went on as usual, and tranquillity prevails there. The people began bringing in vegetables and meat from the country and the prices of provisions fell. No case of outrage has been reported.

Bayamo, or San Salvador, is situated about 60 miles northwest of the city of Santiago de Cuba. It has a population of about 7,000.

THE WAR SITUATION.

Upon hearing of the Spanish loss at Manila the pope was almost overcome and said he wished he could have died before this war was begun.

Secretary Long says that Dewey will be made an acting admiral at once and later his nomination to be rear admiral will be sent to the Senate.

Later, but unconfirmed, reports state that the Spanish have evacuated Manila and that Dewey has taken possession. The Spanish troops carried away all their arms, ammunition and stores.

THRONE IN DANG[illegible]

REVOLUTION THREATENE[illegible] SPAIN.

Martial Law Proclaimed in Madrid—[illegible] sational Utterances in the Co[illegible] Riots in the Provinces—Queen R[illegible] May Abdicate to Save the Thr[illegible]

All Spain is in an uproar and r[illegible] tion is in the air. The people ar[illegible] fying the troops and the royal fa[illegible] is on the point of flight. The [illegible] cry "Down with Moret and Berm[illegible] The Weylerite leaders are discu[illegible] ways and means for bringing the ([illegible] butcher into power. Surprise, d[illegible] pointment and indignation have [illegible] caused at Madrid by the tremen[illegible] destruction done by the Amer[illegible] fleet at Manila. Owing to the [illegible] cited condition of the populace ma[illegible] law has been proclaimed at Ma[illegible] Immediately after the declara[illegible] large numbers of the police [illegible] civilian guards occupied the prin[illegible] streets and the whole garrison of th[illegible] were placed on waiting or[illegible] The proclamation of martial law i[illegible] to the attitude of certain politica[illegible] ties, since the news from Manila.

In the Spanish parliament the g[illegible] est excitement of 20 years reign[illegible] There were scandalous scenes a[illegible] Premier Sagasta was speaking, the [illegible] publicans and Carlists hurling in[illegible] ing and abominable epithets at [illegible] Senor Salmeron criticised the act[illegible] the crown in the crisis and de[illegible] that the monarchical government [illegible] solely responsible for the present [illegible] ation. He said, "We expend m[illegible] to maintain the monarchy, but [illegible] not enough to buy ironclads. Wh[illegible] will destroy the existing regime [illegible] be a great patriot."

Rioting and bloodshed are rep[illegible] at Seville, Barcelona and Va[illegible] There is the most intense excite[illegible] throughout the kingdom and a re[illegible] tion is imminent. Madrid is an a[illegible] camp and the queen regent and the [illegible] king have completed all prepara[illegible] for flight. While the Carlists ar[illegible] tive, it is believed, nevertheless [illegible] the dictatorship of Weyler may b[illegible] outcome of the crisis. During the [illegible] onstrations at Madrid the soldi[illegible] the barracks were only prevented [illegible] joining the mob by personal plea[illegible] of the officers. Many officers mi[illegible] with the mob inciting them to at[illegible] the residences of ministers. T[illegible] publicans were even more b[illegible] the officers in urging on the crowd [illegible] shouting "Down with the quee[illegible] gent." More than once they l[illegible] mob toward the royal palace but [illegible] time the police drove them back.

The outbreaks in the provinc[illegible] assuming alarming proportions, [illegible] pecially in the province of Gijon, [illegible] Bay of Biscay, where troops have [illegible] compelled to fire on the rioters "[illegible] defense," the artillery has been c[illegible] out and a state of siege declared. [illegible] tial law has been proclaimed thr[illegible] out the province of Valencia. R[illegible] at Talavera have committed s[illegible] disorders. They burned railroad [illegible] and set fire to several private b[illegible] They then tried to break into p[illegible] and release the convicts. Riots [illegible] occurred at Caceros. The m[illegible] around Oviedo have struck and [illegible] forcement of troops has been h[illegible] to Oviedo. A renewal of the riot[illegible] Gijon is feared.

The government is aware that [illegible] not rely upon the army. It is s[illegible] that a secret society has been fo[illegible] within its ranks to put an end t[illegible] humiliations Spain has suffered a[illegible] hands of her incompetent mi[illegible] Very terrible things may soon [illegible]

Vienna dispatches state that [illegible] ignation of the regency by Queen [illegible] Christina is being seriously co[illegible] by the members of the imperial [illegible] of Austria with a view of avert[illegible] anti-dynastic movement and sav[illegible] throne to the young king of Spain [illegible] exchange of ideas on the subject [illegible] ing on between the queen regent [illegible] her Austrian family. It is gene[illegible] believed at Vienna, however, that [illegible] Spanish dynasty is nearing the en[illegible]

A special dispatch from Brussels [illegible] a high Spanish diplomat there de[illegible] that Spain is practically in a st[illegible] revolution. The end of the re[illegible] has begun.

Dewey Takes Manila.

Commodore Dewey, according t[illegible] dispatch from Madrid, gave Capt[illegible] Augusti 24 hours to comply wi[illegible] ultimatum which demanded all [illegible] like stores and the entire stock [illegible] in charge of the government of [illegible] The ultimatum asserted that no [illegible] levy would be made upon Manila. [illegible] dispatch says it is believed in M[illegible] that the government at once [illegible] Capt.-Gen Augusti authority to c[illegible] with the demand, no other cour[illegible] ing open. It is said that Comm[illegible] Dewey has demanded the surren[illegible] all the Spanish vessels in the P[illegible] pine archipelago, threatening to [illegible] bard the forts if he is refused.

It is reported that after dest[illegible] the Spanish fleet Commodore [illegible] attacked the fortifications at C[illegible] east of Manila, and destroyed th[illegible] the unfortified part of Manila, [illegible] were landed from the American [illegible] and took possession of Cavi[illegible] Spanish fortifications on Cor[illegible] island, at the entrance to Ma[illegible] were also reduced by the fleet.

The monitor Puritan had a [illegible] escape from being sent to the [illegible] by treachery off Matanzas. A [illegible] ful turret boy discovered a man [illegible] a hole in the bulkhead of the ma[illegible] He had a bundle of waste sat[illegible] with turpentine which he inte[illegible] ignite and throw into the ma[illegible] The boy gave the alarm and the [illegible] was captured red-handed and w[illegible] riedly placed in double irons and [illegible] up, before the rest of the crew [illegible] of the attempt to blow them u[illegible] fellow was Carlos Fernandez, a S[illegible] who has been in the navy four [illegible] He was courtmartialed and shot[illegible]

ad Eruptions

s Broke Out and Discharged But Hood's Cured.

My son had eruptions and sores on his which continued to grow worse in of medicines. The sores discharged at deal. A friend whose child had cured of a similar trouble by Hood's parilla advised me to try it. I began g the boy this medicine and he was getting better. He kept on taking til he was entirely cured and he has been bothered with eruptions ." MRS. EVA DOLBEARE, Horton, Ill.

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a man could only see himself as see him he wouldn't say a word it.

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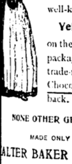

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TALMAGE'S SERMON.

THE "SHEIK'S DAUGHTER" SUNDAY'S SUBJECT.

From the Text: Exodus 3:1, as Follows: "Now Moses Kept the Flock of Jethro, His Father-in-Law, the Priest of Midian."

In the southeastern part of Arabia a man is sitting by a well. It is an arid country, and water is scarce, so that a well is of great value, and flocks and herds are driven vast distances to have their thirst slaked. Jethro, a Midianite sheik and priest, was so fortunate as to have seven daughters; and they are practical girls, and yonder they come driving the sheep and cattle and camels of their father to the watering. They lower the buckets and then pull them up, the water plashing on the stones and chilling their feet, and the troughs are filled. Who is that man out there sitting unconcerned and looking on? Why does he not come to help the women in this hard work of drawing water? But no sooner have the dry lips and panting nostrils of the flocks begun to cool a little in the brimming trough of the well, than some rough Bedouin shepherds break in upon the scene, and with clubs and shouts drive back the animals that were drinking, and affright these girls until they fly in retreat, and the flocks of these ill-mannered shepherds are driven to the troughs, taking the places of the other flocks. Now that man sitting by the well begins to color up, and his eye flashes with indignation, and all the gallantry of his nature is aroused. It is Moses, who naturally had a quick temper anyhow, as he demonstrated on one occasion when he saw an Egyptian oppressing an Israelite and gave the Egyptian a sudden clip and buried him in the sand, and as he showed afterward when he broke all the Ten Commandments at once by shattering the two granite slabs on which the law was written. But the injustice of this treatment of the seven girls sets him on fire with wrath, and he takes this shepherd by the throat, and pushes back another shepherd till he falls over the trough, and aims a stunning blow between the eyes of another, as he cries, "Begone, you villains!" and he hoots and roars at the sheep and cattle and camels of these invaders and drives them back; and having cleared the place of the desperadoes, he told the seven girls of this Midianite sheik to gather their flocks together and bring them again to the watering.

O, you ought to see a fight between the shepherds at a well in the Orient as I saw it in December, 1889. There were here a group of rough men who had driven the cattle many miles, and here another group who had driven their cattle as many miles. Who should have precedence? Such clashing of buckets! Such hooking of horns! Such kicking of hoofs! Such vehemence in a language I fortunately could not understand! Now the sheep with a peculiar mark across their woolly backs were at the trough, and now the sheep of another mark. It was one of the most exciting scenes I ever witnessed. An old book describes one of these contentions at an eastern well when it says: "One day the poor men, the widows and the orphans met together and were driving their camels and their flocks to drink, and were all standing by the water-side. Daji came up and stopped them all, and took possession of the water for his master's cattle. Just then an old woman belonging to the tribe of Abs came up and accosted him in a suppliant manner saying, 'Be so good, Master Daji, as to let my cattle drink. They are all the property I possess and I live by their milk. Pity my flock, have compassion on me. Grant my request and let them drink.' Then came another old woman and addressed him: 'Oh, Master Daji, I am a poor, weak old woman as you see. Time has dealt hardly with me. It has aimed its arrows at me, and its daily and nightly calamities have destroyed all my men. I have lost my children and my husband, and since then I have been in great distress. These sheep are all that I possess. Let them drink, for I live on the milk that they produce. Pity my forlorn state. I have no one to tend them. Therefore grant my supplication and of thy kindness let them drink.' But in this case the brutal slave, so far from granting this humble request, smote the woman to the ground."

A like scrimmage has taken place at the well in the triangle of Arabia between the Bedouin shepherds and Moses championing the cause of the seven daughters who had driven their father's flocks to the watering. One of these girls, Zipporah, her name meaning "little bird," was fascinated by this heroic behavior of Moses; for however timid woman herself may be, she always admires courage in a man. Zipporah became the bride of Moses, one of the mightiest men of all the centuries. Zipporah little thought that that morning as she helped drive her father's flocks to the well, she was splendidly deciding her own destiny. Had she stayed in the tent or house while the other six daughters of the sheik tended to their herds, her life would probably have been a tame and uneventful life in the solitudes. But her industry, her fidelity to her father's interest, her spirit of helpfulness brought her into league with one of the grandest characters of all history. They met at that famous well, and while she admired the courage of Moses he admired the filial behavior of Zipporah.

The fact that it took the seven daughters to drive the flocks to the well implies that they were immense flocks, and that her father was a man of wealth. What was the use of Zipporah's bemeaning herself with work when she might have reclined on the hillside near her father's tent, and plucked buttercups, and dreamed out romances, and sighed idly to the winds, and wept over imaginary songs to the brooks. No, she knew that work was honorable, and that every girl ought to have something to do, and so she starts with the bleating and lowing and bellowing and neighing droves to the well for the watering.

Around every home there are flocks and droves of cares and anxieties, and every daughter of the family, though there be seven, ought to be doing her part to take care of the flocks. In many households, not only is Zipporah, but all her sisters, without practical and useful employments. Many of them are waiting for fortunate and prosperous matrimonial alliance, but some lounger like themselves will come along, and after counting the large number of father Jethro's sheep and camels will make proposal that will be accepted; and neither of them having done anything more practical than to chew chocolate caramels, the two nothings will start on the road of life together, every step more and more a failure. That daughter of the Midianitish sheik will never find her Moses. Girls of America! imitate Zipporah. Do something practical. Do something helpful. Do something well. Many have fathers with great flocks of absorbing duties, and such a father needs help in home, or office, or field. Go out and help him with the flocks. The reason that so many men now condemn themselves to unaffianced and solitary life is because they cannot support the modern young woman, who rises at half-past ten in the morning and retires after midnight, one of the trashiest novels in her hands most of the time between the late rising and the late retiring. a thousand of them not worth one Zipporah.

There is a question that every father and mother ought to ask the daughter at breakfast or tea table, and that all the daughters of the wealthy sheik ought to ask each other: "What would you do if the family fortune should fail, if sickness should prostrate the breadwinner, if the flocks of Jethro should be destroyed by a sudden excursion of wolves and bears and hyenas from the mountain? What would you do for a living? Can you support yourself? Can you take care of an invalid mother or brother or sister as well as yourself?" Yea, bring it down to what any day might come to a prosperous family, "Can you cook a dinner if the servants should make a strike for higher wages and leave that morning?" Every minute of every hour of every day of every year there are families flung from prosperity into hardship, and alas! if in such exigency the seven daughters of Jethro can do nothing but sit around and cry and wait for some one to come and hunt them up a situation for which they have no qualification. Get at something useful; get at it right away! Do not say: "If I were thrown upon my own resources I would become a music teacher." There are now more music teachers than could be supported if they were all Mozarts and Wagners and Handels. Do not say: "I will go to embroidering slippers." There are more slippers now than there are feet.

* * *

Our friend and Washington townsman, W. W. Corcoran, did a magnificent thing when he built and endowed the "Louise Home" for the support of the unfortunate aristocracy of the south—the people who once had everything but have come to nothing. We want another W. W. Corcoran to build a "Louise Home" for the unfortunate aristocracy of the north. But institutions like that in every city of the land could not take care of one-half the unfortunate aristocracy of the north and south, whose large fortunes have failed, and who, through lack of acquaintance with any style of work, cannot now earn their own bread.

There needs to be peaceful, yet radical revolution among most of the prosperous homes of America, by which the elegant do-nothings may be transformed into practical do-somethings. Let useless women go to work and gather the flocks. Come, Zipporah, let me introduce you to Moses! But you do not mean that this man affianced to this country girl was the great Moses of history, do you? You do not mean that he was the man who afterward wrought such wonders? Surely, you do not mean the man whose staff dropped, wriggled into a serpent, and, then, clutched, stiffened again into a staff? You do not mean the challenger of Egyptian thrones and palaces? You do not mean him who struck the rock so hard it wept in a stream for thirsty hosts? Surely, you do not mean the man who stood alone with God on the quaking Sinaitic ranges; not him to whom the Red sea was surrendered? Yes, the same Moses defending the seven daughters of the Midianitish sheik; who afterward rescued a nation. * *

See also in this call of Moses that God has a great memory. Four hundred years before he had promised the deliverance of the oppressed Israelites of Egypt. The clock of time has struck the hour, and now Moses is called to the work of rescue. Four hundred years is a very long time, but you see God can remember a promise four hundred years as well as you can remember four hundred minutes. Four hundred years includes all your ancestry that you know anything about and all the promises made to them, and we may expect fulfillment in our heart and life of all the blessings predicted to our Christian ancestry centuries ago. You have a dim remembrance, if any remembrance at all, of your great grandfather, but God sees those who were on their knees in 1598 as well as those on their knees in 1898, and the blessings he promised the former and their descendants have arrived or will arrive. While piety is not hereditary, it is a grand thing to have had a pious ancestry. So God in this chapter calls up the pedigree of the people whom Moses was to deliver, and Moses is ordered to say to them, "The Lord God of your fathers, the God of Abraham, the God of Isaac, and the God of Jacob, hath sent me unto you." It that thought be divinely accurate, let me ask, What are we doing by prayer and by a holy life for the redemption of the next four hundred years? Our work is not only with the people of the latter part of the nineteenth century, but with those in the closing of the twentieth century, and the closing of the twenty-first century, and the closing of the twenty-second century, and the closing of the twenty-third century. For four hundred years, if the world continues to swing until that time, or if it drops, then notwithstanding the influence will go on in other latitudes and longtitudes of God's universe.

* * *

Still further, watch this spectacle of genuine courage. No wonder when Moses scattered the rude shepherds, he won Zipporah's heart. What mattered it to Moses whether the cattle of the seven daughters of Jethro were driven from the troughs by the rude herdsmen? Sense of justice fired his courage; and the world wants more of the spirit that will dare almost anything to see others righted. All the time at wells of comfort, at wells of joy, at wells of religion, and at wells of literature there are outrages practiced, the wrong herds getting the first water. Those who have the previous right come in last, if they come in at all. Thank God we have here and there a strong man to set things right! I am so glad that when God has an especial work to do, he has some one ready to accomplish it. Is there a Bible to translate, there is a Wickliff to translate it; if there is a literature to be energized, there is a Shakespeare to energize it; if there is an error to smite, there is a Luther to smite it; if there is to be a nation freed, there is a Moses to free it. But courage is needed in religion, in literature, in statesmanship, in all spheres; heroes to defend Jethro's seven daughters and their flocks and put to flight the insolent invaders. And those who do the brave work will win somewhere high reward. The loudest cheer of heaven is to be given "to him that overcometh."

* * *

Oh, what a fascinating and inspiring character this Moses! How tame all other stories compared with the biography of Moses! From the lattice of her bathing house on the Nile, Thermutis, daughter of Pharaoh, sees him in the floating cradle of papyrus leaves made water tight by bitumen; his infantile cry is heard among the marble palaces and princesses hush him with their lullabies; workmen by the roadside drop their work to look on him when as a boy he passed, so beautiful was he; two bowls put before his infant eyes for choice to demonstrate his wisdom, the one bowl containing rubies and the other containing coals of fire. Sufficiently wise was he to take the gems, but, divinely directed, he took the coals and put them to his mouth, and his tongue was burnt, and he was left a stammerer all his days, so that he declared, in Exod. 4:10, "I am slow of speech and of slow tongue;" on and on until he set firm foot among the crumbling basalt, and his ear was not deafened by the thunderous "thou shalt not" of Mount Sinai; the man who went to the relief of the Israelites who were scourged because without chopped straw they were required to make firm bricks, the story of their oppression found chiseled on the tomb of Rochere at Thebes; and when his armies were impeded by venomous serpents, sent crates of ibises, the snake destroying birds, to clear the way so that his host could march straight ahead, thus surprising the enemy, who thought they must take another route to avoid the reptiles; the whole sky an aquarium to drop quails for him and the hosts following; the only man in all ages whom Christ likens to himself; the man of whom it is written, "Jehovah spoke unto Moses face to face as a man speaketh to his friend;" the man who had the most wondrous funeral of all time, the Lord coming down out of heaven to bury him. No human lips to read the service. No choir to chant a Psalm. No organ to roll a requiem. No angel alighting upon the scene; but God laying him out for the last sleep; God upturning the earth to receive the saint; God smoothing or banking the dust above the sacred form; God, with farewell and benediction, closing the sublime obsequies of law-giver, poet and warrior. "And no man knoweth of his sepulchre unto this day." Get your eye on him, instead of trying to imitate some smaller example.

A great snow storm came on a prairie in Minnesota, and a farmer in a sleigh was lost, and after a while struck the track of another sleigh, and felt cheered to go on, since he had found the track of another traveler. He heard sleigh bells preceding him, and hastened on and on and caught up with his predecessor, who said: "Where are you going?" "I am following you," was the answer that came back. The fact is that they were both lost, and had gone round and round in a circle. Then they talked the matter over, and, looking up, saw the north star, and toward the north was their home, and they started straight for it. Oh, instead of imitating men like ourselves, and circling round and round, let us look up and take some starry guide like Moses, and follow on until we join him amid the "delectable mountains." You say you can not reach his character. Oh, no. Neither can you reach the north star, but you can be guided by its heavenly pointing.

Disinfectants and perfumes can be diffused by a newly-patented night light consisting of a candle around which is wound an absorbent casing which carries the perfume and vaporizes slowly as the candle burns downward.

THE DAWN OF WOMANHOOD.

Earnest Words From Mrs. Pinkham to Mothers Who Have Daughters, and a Letter From Mrs. Dunmore, of Somerville, Mass.

The advent of womanhood is fraught with dangers which even careful mothers too often neglect.

One of the dangers to a young woman is belated menstruation. "The lily droops on its stem and dies before its beauty is unfolded;" or she may have entered into the perfection of womanhood with little apparent inconvenience or disorder of health. But suddenly the menses entirely cease.

Mother, puberic malady is taking hold of your daughter, and quick consumption may follow! Take instant steps to produce regular menstruation.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is certain to assist nature to perform her regular duties, procure it at once; there are volumes of testimony from grateful mothers who have had their daughters' health restored by its use. If personal advice is desired, write quickly to Mrs. Pinkham, at Lynn, Mass. It will be given you without charge, and it will be the advice of abundant experience and success.

Read the following from Mrs. CHARLES DUNMORE, 102 Fremont St., Winter Hill, Somerville, Mass.:

"I was in pain day and night; my doctor did not seem to help me. I could not seem to find any relief until I took Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. I had inflammation of the womb, a bearing-down pain, and the whites very badly. The pain was so intense that I could not sleep at night. I took Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound for a few months, and am now all right. Before that I took morphine pills for my pains; that was a great mistake, for the relief was only momentary and the effect vile. I am so thankful to be relieved of my sufferings, for the pains I had were something terrible."

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound; a Woman's Remedy for Woman's Ills

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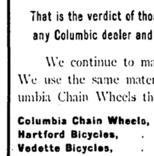

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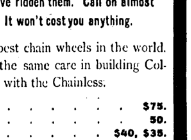

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Loans and discounts		$106,069.57
Stocks, bonds and mortgages		6,513.25
Overdrafts		85.84
Furniture and fixtures		1,643.62
Other real estate		47,106.50
Due from banks in reserve cities	22,481.96	
Due from other banks and bankers	1,102.63	
Checks and cash items	401.26	
Nickels and cents	70.87	
Gold Coin	195.00	
Silver coin	1,191.86	
U. S. and National Bank Notes	10,626.00	36,089.19
Total		$197,528.37

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in	$50,000.00
Surplus fund	22,000.00
Undivided profits less current expenses, interest and taxes paid	2,056.78
Commercial deposits subject to check	78,760.47
Commercial certificates of deposit	44,701.12
Total	$197,528.37

State of Michigan, County of Schoolcraft, ss.:
I, Harry W. Clarke, cashier of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

HARRY W. CLARKE, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 12th day of May 1898.

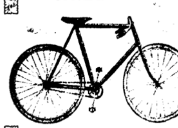
CLARENCE E. KELSO
Notary Public.

Correct—Attest:

GEO. H. ORR.
M. H. QUICK.
W. H. HILL.
Directors.

I HAVE ON HAND...

6 SAMPLE WHEELS



which I will sell AT COST They are all High Grade and up-to-date.

3 Gents
Ladies

Bicycles. This is a great opportunity to get one of these fine machines at a very low price. Call and see them.

Geo Chantler,
Agent for Manistique.
WEST SIDE.

JUST THE LATEST...

Ladies, when looking for the Newest articles in SPRING HATS, MILLINERY, NOVELTIES, TIES, COLLARS, ETC., you need go no farther than our Store.

We are also showing about 100 dress paterns in the LATEST WEAVES and SHADES

IN DRESS GOODS

We extend to all invitation to visit our store.

Yours to Please,

Lowis & Mills

MILLINERS.

INTERESTING ITEMS.

Biggest line of tobacco and pipes in the city, at Costello.

Buy your fine kettle rendered lard from Quinlan & Co.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of *Chas H. Fletcher.* The Kind You Have Always Bought

WANTED Girl to do general housework. Must be a good cook. Good wages will be paid to the right person. Apply at this office.

When you want a good roast of beef, veal, or anything in the meat line call on John Quinlan & Co.

Farm for Sale.

240 acres of good farming land. Only 4 miles from a good market. 120 acres cleared and in a high state of cultivation. Will be sold on easy terms. Call or address THE COURIER, Manistique, Mich.

CALL FOR BIDS.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned committee will receive bids until noon, Saturday, May 21st, 1898 for furnishing and setting 91 electric light poles for the village of Manistique. Specifications may be had of the committee. The right is hereby reserved to reject any or all bids.

C. B. MERSEREAU,
Village President;
MILLER ROSE.
CORNELIUS KLAGSTAD,
Committee.

LOCAL BREVITIES

Fred A. Smith of Hunt's Spur is in the city.

Frank Mullen was up from Whitedale Monday.

Jno. Black of Cooks, was a Manistique visitor Saturday.

Fred Miller was up from Thompson Wednesday evening.

John McWilliams rides a handsome new Clipper bicycle.

John Patterson was over from Thompson Friday on business.

Regular meeting of Hiawatha council, R. & S. M. this evening.

Attorney E. C. Chapin of Lansing is in the city on legal business.

J. A. Valentine of Little Harbor was in the city Friday last on business.

Attorney S. N. Dutcher of Newberry was in the city Wednesday on business.

The Soo Line regular passenger train was four hours late yesterday morning.

Geo. Ross is to erect a hardwood saw mill and a shingle mill in connection, at Parkin.

D. J. Ward, the painter, placed two new signs in front of Rose Bros.' store last week.

Deputy Sheriff August Lundberg of Gulliver, was in the city yesterday on business.

Jas. Richardson and Eugene Howard leave for Newberry Saturday to resume work with the M. H. & O. company.

L. J. McGillen representing Geo. McKinney & Co., of Menominee, was in the city Wednesday on business.

The Burrell Chemical Co. commenced firing up their charcoal kilns this week and will soon be in full running order.

The topic at the M. E. church Sunday morning will be "The Fatherhood of God." In the evening "The Model Husband."

A large audience was in attendance at the M. E. church Sunday evening to hear Rev. Rosinius, the Swedish temperance lecturer.

Dr. O. C. Bowen, Geo. Rogers and Amos Hill went out to inveigle a few festive trout into their game baskets yesterday morning.

Angus McLeod is doing the booking for the Rebecca McKenzie company. He expects to make arrangements for their appearance here.

Miss Mollie Tuttle will return to her home at Ypsilanti at the close of the present school year. She will attend the state normal school next year.

J. A. McAllister returned Tuesday from Newberry where he had been called to give expert testimony in a case in the Luce county circuit court.

Miss Gardner who has conducted one of the primary departments of the city schools for the past year, has accepted a more lucrative position in the Ironwood schools.

The two young daughters of August Highland came up from Chicago on the Goodrich Line steamer Chicago Wednesday evening and will make their home in this city.

Our carpet ad is causing a rush in that department that is surprising. You still have a chance for another week to avail yourself of this great opportunity. W. L. Store.

Mrs. Geo. G. Rogers, Mrs. E. N. Orr and Miss Bernice Bowen left Wednesday evening on the Goodrich Line steamer Chicago for Buchanan, Mich., for a visit with relatives and friends.

Him Lee's "hand steam laundry" on Pearl street seems to still be doing business at the old stand notwithstanding the fact that our local contemporaries have moved the outfit to Escanaba a couple of times.

Miss Ann Maxim died at the home of her sister, Mrs. S. Bouschor, at Barque Point, Friday, aged 71 years. The funeral services took place at Thompson, Sunday, at 2 p. m. Rev. J. M. Shank officiating.

The wonderful bargains offered by the C. L. Store in the line of shoes is taking the town by storm. To allow all a chance to avail themselves of the low prices, the date have been extended to Wednesday next. Call and examine the line if you wish to be surprised.

Deputy Game Warden R. C. McKesson and Deputy Sheriff Geo. W. Bouschor arrested David Allen, an Indian, at Geo. Robert's camp Wednesday afternoon on the charge of killing deer out of season. He will have his examination before Justice Loranger this afternoon.

Peter Carefuelle, for a number of years in charge of the charcoal kilns at Orr's Creek, died Monday and was buried Wednesday from the Catholic church. Deceased was 51 years of age and had been in ill health for several years past. He leaves a wife and an adopted daughter to mourn his loss.

Abner Orr is to move into the residence recently purchased by him on Cedar street, June 1st. Aaron Orr will occupy the house vacated by Abner Orr. Dr. E. B. Seller will move into the house now occupied by Aaron Orr and Druggist Rahl will locate in the present Seller residence.

The fine of $50 imposed on the tug Bob Stevenson has been remitted to $10 by an order issued by Assistant Secretary of the Treasury Spaulding to the collector of the port of Marquette. The tug is not in commission and an oversight on the part of its owners to have it registered this spring led to the fine.

Geo. Metevier, record keeper of the local tent, K. O. T. M., received a dispensation the first of the week from Great Commander N. L. Boynton permitting all members of the organization who may desire to enter the military service of the United States during the present war with a loss or suspension of their insurance policies.

Preparations for the carnival celebration of the Fiftieth anniversary of the state of Wisconsin are rapidly being completed and a grand time can be assured all who attend. Among the many attractions will be an immense floral parade, grand pyrotechnic and electric displays, grand carnival ball, etc. In fact there will be six days and six nights of endless festivities.

The grandest play of the age, "Faust," will be presented at the Opera House, Thursday, May 26, with its superabundance of magnificent scenery, wonderful electrical effects and an efficient company, headed by Porter White, the greatest living "Mephisto." This splendid attraction is under the management of Geo. A. Mansfield, who will be here to personally superintend the productions.

G. Pembroke Tucker successfully passed the medical examinations at Island Lake Friday last and will be mustered into the service of the United States some day this week. It is expected that the Fifth Regiment (or the 34th Michigan U. S. Volunteer Infantry as it will be called when mustered into the service), of which Mr. Tucker is a member will be sent to Washington where it will be held in reserve.

"Faust" is certainly the strongest, most instructive and entertaining play yet written. It will be presented at the Opera House, Thursday May 26, under the management of Geo. A. Mansfield, and no one should fail to see it. This company carry their own scenery, which is said to be very fine, and electrical effects which are startling in the extreme. Porter White, the star of the company, has made the most thrilling success of his career as "Mephisto." His fine vigorous acting, handsome presence and strong voice contribute much to the success of the play. He will have the support of an excellent company.

Marine News.

The cedar fleet is expected daily in port.

The tow barge Yankee loaded lumber at Thompson this week.

The steam barge Geo. Dunbar arrived at the merchandise dock this morning.

The barge Phalow cleared yesterday for Chicago with a cargo of lumber and lath.

The schooner Libbie Coates arrived in port Tuesday and is loading lumber for Chicago.

The Fannie Hart is at Manistee having her wheel tightened and undergoing other repairs.

The schooner L. Burton is taking on a cargo of lumber for Chicago. She made port Wednesday.

The steambarge H. R. Colborn arrived in port Saturday morning and took on a cargo of lumber for Chicago.

The Fannie and Eugene Hart are both to be equipped with search lights. They will be in running order about June 1st.

Capt. Henry Hart of the Fannie who has been in ill health during the winter is now very much improved and will be in port next week with the steamer.

The dredge has been laid up for several days this week undergoing repairs. A new dipper was put in and one new spud. It was again ready for operations yesterday afternoon.

A floating log punched a hole in the dredge Saturday evening but it was discovered by Capt. Lawson in time to prevent its sinking. The spuds were dropped to the bottom thus holding it up all night.

The Eugene Hart goes to Cheboygan this trip and thence to Manistee on her return where she will have her wheel tightened. She will take a cargo of salt to Green Bay after her repairs are completed and will then resume regular trips on this route.

James Norton has a crew of men at work putting in a crib 150 feet long, west of the harbor light at the entrance to the river. This place has been constantly filled with sawdust banks and has caused more or less trouble for the tugs engaged in towing into the harbor.

W. E. Thomas, a traveling man well known in this city, is the affable clerk on the Eugene Hart this season. He is as portly as ever and in consequence the gang ways and all entrances on the steamer have been enlarged. He says he is getting "thin" however.

Week End Excursion.

The Soo Line will sell tickets to Sault St. Marie Saturday and Sunday of each week, good to return the following Monday, at the rate of $4.35 for the round trip.

P. McCULLOUGH, Agt.

Dr. Sattler's New Block.

Dr. Sattler has decided to build his new block on Cedar street larger than was at first his intention.

The new plans call for a building 25x70 feet and two stories high. It will be a fine addition to Manistique's business places when completed.

Allen Stewart, the contractor, has the foundation well under way and expects to have the building completed by July 1st.

The vacant lots on each side of the new building are owned by F. H. Clark & Co., and Orr Bros. & Co., respectively. They have purchased a one-half interest in the side walls with the intention of building in the future.

The Milwaukee Carnival.

The floats for the Carnival Pageant, at Milwaukee, next month, are rapidly nearing completion, and it is claimed by the Directors of the Association that this feature alone will excel anything of the kind ever attempted in the north. The twenty floats will cost about $20,000.

About two hundred full blooded Indians will be brought direct from the reservations to take part in the Milwaukee Carnival Celebration, from June 27th to July 3rd. They will play games of all kinds, build birch bark canoes, carry on their wonderful bead work, and live at their Indian Village as near like their native life as possible. There will be a war dance during the week.

Arrested for Larceny.

Deputy Sheriff Geo. W. Bouschor arrested Lyman Dubois at Gladstone Monday on a charge of statutory larceny.

It appears that Dubois recently engaged a rig at the Arcade Livery Stable for a short drive. Instead of returning the rig as agreed, he drove the team all day without feeding and then sent it home by another man forgetting to send the necessary coin for its use. He then skipped out for his home in Gladstone where he was arrested.

He was arranged before Justice Loranger Wednesday afternoon and plead guilty to the charge. A fine of $5 and costs, making a total of $51.65, was assessed up against him, in default of which he could rusticate in the county reformatory for 60 days. At present he is "rusticating" but he expects to be able to raise the necessary wind in a few days.

"Faust."

The following regarding Porter J. White and his company is taken from the Detroit News of May 9th, 1898:

Porter J. White, the talented actor, whose Mephisto was a notable feature of Lewis Morrison's "Faust" for several seasons came to the Whitney yesterday for a week with his own company presenting the same play.

The beautiful story of "Faust" receives an impressive recital at the hands of Mr. White and his assistants, and the effect is materially heightened by appropriate scenery and electrical devices. The audiences yesterday received the performance with every evidence of approval, and the show will apparently attract the large patronage that it deserves.

Miss Olga Verne is a winsome Marguerite, Frank McDonald is a manly Faust and Standley Johns as Valentine, Frank G. Budd as Siebel and Mrs. F. D. Budd as Martha contributed to a generally satisfying performance.

At the Star Opera House, Thursday evening, May 26th.

OFFICIAL
WAR BOOK

by Congressman James Rankin Young. All about war with Spain, the navy, all defenses, battle ships, etc. Portraits and biographies of Dewey and all prominent officers. Nearly 600 pages. Massive volume. Marvelously cheap. Best authorship. Only authentic, official book. Experience not necessary. Any body can sell it. Ladies as successful as gentlemen. We are the largest subscription book firm in America. Write us. Fifty persons are employed in our correspondence department alone, to serve you. Our book is just out. Get agency now and be first in the field. Large 3ft. war map in colors free with book or outfit. Other valuable premiums. Tremendous seller. Biggest money maker ever known. Most liberal terms guaranteed. Agents making $5.00 to $25.00 per day. Twenty days credit given. Freight paid. Full book sent prepaid to agents $1.65. Splendid sample outfit and full instructions free for nine 2-cent stamps to pay postage. Mention this paper.

MONROE BOOK CO., DEPT M
Chicago, Ill.

Manistique Board of Review.

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN:

Notice is hereby given that the Board of Review for the township of Manistique, county of Schoolcraft and state of Michigan, will meet at the office of the supervisor (the office of the Chicago Lumbering Co. in the village of Manistique in said township), on Tuesday the 17th day of May, A. D. 1897, at nine o'clock in the forenoon of said day, for the purpose of reviewing and correcting the assessment roll of said township, and will remain in session six hours. Also on Monday and Tuesday, May Twenty-third and Twenty-fourth beginning at the same hour and for the same length of time, as provided by the statutes of the state of Michigan.

NORMAN W. FOX,
Supervisor Manistique Township.
Dated, Manistique, Mich., May 12, 1898.

Hiawatha Board of Review.

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN:

Notice is hereby given that the Board of Review for the township of Hiawatha, county of Schoolcraft and state of Michigan, will meet at the office of the supervisor (the store of W. L. Middlebrook in the village of Manistique in said township), on Tuesday, the 17th day of May, A. D. 1897, at nine o'clock in the forenoon of said day, for the purpose of reviewing and correcting the assessment rolls of said township and will remain in session six hours. Also on Monday and Tuesday, May Twenty third and Twenty-fourth beginning at the same hour and for the same length of time, as provided by the statutes of the state of Michigan.

W. L. MIDDLEBROOK,
Supervisor Hiawatha Township.
Dated, Manistique, Mich., May 12, 1898.

GREATEST SALE!

OF THE SEASON NOW GOING ON AT OUR BIG STORE

The most Reliable, Seasonable Merchandise at the Greatest Money Saving Prices.

ROSE BROTHERS

ESTABLISHED 1882

Clothing, Dry Goods, Shoes, Millinery.

MISS E. BAKER

Has Everything Up-to-date in

STYLISH MILLINERY

Call and Inspect.

FASHIONABLE DRESSMAKING

By MISSES MASON and BAKER in the most stylish modes.

Up-Stairs Gorman-Costello Blk. Fashionable Milliner.

CARPETS, ART SQUARES AND RUGS

WE WANT THE PEOPLE OF MANISTIQUE TO KNOW THAT WE HAVE A LINE OF INGRAIN CARPETS, ART SQUARES AND RUGS THAT NONE CAN BEAT, AND SOON AFTER YOU READ THIS ADVERTISEMENT WILL BE THE TIME TO BUY.

WE HAVE THE FINEST LINE OF MEN'S AND BOYS' FANCY LAUNDRIED SHIRTS IN THE CITY.

Weston Lumber Co's Store,

I. S. PHIPPENY, Mgr.

HEALTH NOTICE.

I wish to call the attention of the public to the necessity for an improvement in the sanitary condition of this village. This is especially applicable to those who have not already made advancement in that direction. The disposal of accumulated garbage and rubbish by burning or carting it to a safe distance into the country, drainage of cesspools, disinfection of closet vaults, etc., cannot help but eliminate some of the principle sources of water contamination and indirectly prevent the origin and propagation of the infective diseases.

Any public nuisance or contagious disease jeopardizing the public health must be reported at once to the health officer in order that prompt and effective measures may be adopted either to remove the former or deal with the latter in such a way that will be the most effective in preventing an epidemic.

Those refusing or neglecting to comply with the above order within a reasonable time will be promptly dealt with according to law.

P. C. DUBE, M. D.,
Health Officer.
Manistique, Mich., May 10th, 1898.

Notice.

A special meeting of the Board of Supervisors for Schoolcraft county will be held at the office of the county clerk in the village of Manistique in said county on Tuesday May 31st, 1898 at 10 o'clock a. m. for the purpose of organization of said board and for the transaction of any other business that may come before it.

EDMUND ASHFORD,
County Clerk.

Dated May 4, 1898.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The best salve in the world for cuts, bruises, sores, ulcers, salt rheum, fever sores, tetter, chapped hands, chilblains, corns, and all skin eruptions, and positively cures piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale at A. S. Putnam & Co.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of *Chas H. Fletcher.*