RIRON PORT.

VOLUME 13, NO. 23.

ESCANABA, MICHIGAN, SATURDAY, MAY 6, 1882.

\$2.50 PER YEAR

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

F. A. BANKS,

Surgeon Dentist.

Corner Ludington street and Tilden avenue. Office hours, 6 to 12 a. m. and 1 to 4 p. m. GAS ADMINISTERED.

H. TRACY, M. D.,

Physician and Surgeon.

Office at Residence. Office hours, 8 a. m., 1 and 7

W. MULLIKEN,

Physician and Surgeon.

Office on Ludington street, over John Semer's gro-Bery store. Office hours 8 to 10 a. m., 1 to 2 p. m., and after 7 o'clock in the evening.

DR. T. L. GELZER,

U. S. Marine Susgeon and U. S. Examining Surgeon for Pensions. Applicants for original or increased pensions will be examined on the first Wednesday

Office, Ludington St., next door to Greenhoot's, Residence, Elmore St., third block south of Cath-olic church. Office hours,-From to to 11 a. m., and 12 m. to 1

D. KENDRICK, M. D.

HOMEOPATHIC Physician and Surgeon. GRADUATE OF MICHIGAN UNIVERSITY.

OFFICE HOURS :- 8 to 10 a. m., 2 to 4 and 7 to 9 p, m Office over Peck's Tailor Shop.

F. I. POMMIER,

French Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur.

Graduate of Montpellier, France, and of Val-de-Grace (Paris). Late Surgeon of the French army during 8 years. Late surgeon of the Italy war 8; Syria and China. 20 years practice in France and America. I offer my services to the people for all manner of sick-ness and diseases. Old, uncured cases a specialty.

E. P. ROYCE,

Attorney and Counselor at Law, AND SOLICITOR IN CHANCERY.

Attorney and Counselor at Law, AND SOLICITOR IN CHANCERY.

E.P. LOTT,

Attorney and Counselor at Law, AND SOLICITOR IN CHANCERY.

OHN POWER, Attorney and Counselor at Law.

Office in Ramspeck block, 2d floor, Ludington St. Will practice in all courts-state and federal. Col-lections, payment of taxes, &c., promptly attended to.

EMIL GLASER, Judge of Probate, Justice of the Peace and Real Estate Agent.

(Deutschei Friedenstrichter. Besorgt die ein cassi rung von Geldern.) Collections promptly made and remitted. Agent for Green Bay Marble Works.

HOTELS.

UDINGTON HOUSE, LUDINGTON ST., ESCANABA

J. J. Monahan, Proprietor. Having leased the above named hotel, for a term of years, the proprietor has entirely returnished it, and reopened it for the accommodation of the travel-ing public. Good Table! Good Beds! Prompt Attention!

OLIVER HOUSE,

TILDEN AV., ESCANABA. G. E. Baehrisch, Proprietor, Refurnished throughout! Centrally located!
Good Stabling! Low Rates!
Give it a Trial!

BUSINESS CARDS.

GEORGE CHOPAT, Wholesale Butter Dealer.

A big supply constantly on hand at market rates. COMMERCIAL HOUSE, ISHPEMING. -MICHIGAN.

T NSURANCE! INSURANCE!!

LIFE, ACCIDENT, FIRE.

Northup & Northup, Agents, ESCANABA, - - MICHIGAN.
Issue Policies in old, well known and reliable com

panies, at rates as low as are consistent with safety DATRONIZE HOME INDUSTRY.

HARRIS BROS. Contractors and Builders. We return thanks to the building public for past patronage and beg to announce that we have fitted up our mill with first-class machinery, and are prepared to manufacture Dressed Lumber, Flooring, Siding, Doors, Sash, Blinds, Mouldings and Brackets in all the late designs and on short notice.

J. R. Harris. Fred. E. Harris.

OLUMBUS J. PROVO,

Contractor and Builder. Having sold his property on Tilden avenue has re-moved to a new shop on the corner of Hale and Georgia streets. Plans prepared and contracts un-dertaken for any and all work in his line and satis-faction guaranteed.

"T T ANLEY'S"

Is now open and offers the PLEASANTEST QUARTERS, THE BEST TABLE AND THE MOST EFFICIENT SERVICE Of any hotel in Escanaba. Commercial travelers will find this house especially adapted to their wants.

AMES R. HARRIS,

ARCHITECT.

s drawn and Specifications written. Contracts ted for any style of buildings, public or private, llation and heating of buildings a specialty, rintendence of erection of buildings promptly practically attended to.

rms liberal. A call solicited. Office and resie at F. E. Harris', on Ogden avenue.

Items of Interest.

- -Shirts, at Kratze's.
- -Fresh Eggs at Purdy's.
- -Lime-by Dixon & Cook. -See those cashmercs at Erickson's.
- -Builders' hardware-Dixon & Cook.
- -Wall-paper and window-shades at Pres-
- -Miller's Beer, at wholesale, by J. Buch-
- -Elegant line of neck-wear, at Rathfon
- -Mead can suit every customer with wall-
- -Shirts made to order and warranted by
- -Braithwaite the furniture man has
- -Lemons thirty cents per dozen at McGil-
- -For a perfect shave or a bath go to Smith
- O'Brien's. -Weber pianos and New England organs
- at Mead's only.
- -Purdy makes a specialty of Fresh vegetables and fruits.
- -Twenty bars Kirk's Cambria Soap for \$1, at McGillis Bros.'
- -Chromos-cheap, but really good pictures-at Mead's.
- -Peeled peaches, twenty-three cents per pound at McGillis Bros.'
- -A fine assortment of Kirk's toilet soap, cheap at McGillis Bros.'
- -Ready-made dresses, at prices from fifty
- cents up, by Mrs. Asch. -Two-pound can of Strawberries for seven-
- teen cents at McGillis Bros. -Nobby Hats for young men, at Rathfor
- Bros.', the one price clothiers. -Smith O'Brien's Parlors and Bath-rooms
- will be opened on Monday next. -Conolly & Moran have the best wagon
- grease in the world, the Paragon. -Cast your eyes on the bulletin board in passing the store of McGillis Bros.
- -A quantity of silk dolmans, in the latest styles, just received by Ed Erickson.
- -Purdy has just received and is now selling
- a prime lot of Ohio made Maple Sugar. -Furniture Repaired-old made new-a-
- nearly as possible, by Peterson & Norman. -For a tasty spring hat at a price so low as
- to excite comment, ladies, call on Mrs. Asch. -Mrs. Wallace will sell the plants in her
- green-house, preferring to sell them in one lot. -A wonder of cheapness-Cashmeres in all colors at 50 cents a yard, at Ed. Erickson's.
- -The "Best" is no longer the best. For that go to Jake Buchholtz and order "Miller's
- -Purdy's assortment of canned goods is complete-is A-1 as to quality and extremely
- -Two Ludington street properties are for sale at fair prices. Apply at this office for further information.
- -No home is complete without a piano or organ. Mead offers a first class instrument of either kind on easy terms.
- -Rathfon Bros, can fit the largest man or the smallest boy at prices that defy competition. Come and be convinced.

-The public can depend upon finding every

- article that ought to be found in a first-class drug establishment at Preston's. -A matter of universal surprise is the im-
- mense stock of fine millinery that Mrs. Asch contrives to make her small store contain. -See Rathfon Bros.' nobby suits, cut in
- the latest styles. Largest stock and lowest prices in Delta county. One price to all. -Braithwaite will move, is moving, has
- moved-conjugate the verb as you choose, but look for him two doors west of Godlev's.
- -Ed. Erickson once more calls attention to those beautiful French Kid Shoes for ladies which he is selling at the unprecedentedly low figure of \$3.75 a pair.
- -Dixon & Cook invite the attention of housekeepers to the "Golden Harvest" stove range, the cheapest, as well as the most effective and convenient cooking stove in the market.
- -The Sherwin & Williams paints recommend themselves upon trial. The only object in advertising is to bring them to the notice of those who have not yet used them. Mead, only, sells them in Escanaba, and has just received a big supply.
- -Mr. Marten's new building-the Washington house-was partially opened to the public last week, and we are informed by the landlord, Mr. Jager, that in about one week more the house will be completed and furnished from cellar to garret, then the patronage of the public is solicited.

Sand.

PATCH up the sidewalks.

THAT bowlder cost Capt. Tom Hawley the loss of one trip and about \$500 in cash.

Snow-squalls on Monday, May 1, but no May oueen, so far as our observation extended.

BITTNER BROTHERS are to open a market on the range, somewhere. We understand at

SANDY THOMAS did not reach the gulf last fall but is at work with the Nonantum on the

PAINTING, scraping spars, setting up rigging and such work keeps the sailor laddies out of

mischief while they wait for a cargo. PERHAPS (mind, we only say, perhaps) we'll get some spring weather now. Monday and the night following was a chunk of winter.

"DR. KIERSTED" declares our town dis gustingly healthy, or the denizens thereof stupidly unappreciative of benefits such as he

WE put on city airs. Stack delivers beer from a \$200 wagon shining with coach varnish and gold-leaf and Monahan adds to his 'bus a baggage-wagon.

GEOFGE HAMMER has not, he tells us, found remunerative business for the Fawn in the Whitefish trade and will take her to the Fox river and lake Winnebago.

MATT SERWE has had a bad eve. At first he thought the thing a stye, but before it ceased enlarging he concluded that it was a railway stock-yard, pigs and all.

BRULEY, with his men and the pile driver, has this week repaired the damage done to the merchants' dock by the big Chisholm, and generally repaired its east end.

THE sprinkler made its debut for the season on Monday. Subscription, as usual.

-And broke its off hind leg and went into hospital in less than two hours.

Now, don't say "pshaw" to the articles on evolution, but read them. They are written by a thinker who will compel you to think whether you agree with him or no. THE steambarge N. Fairbank was the first

boat through from Lake Huron to Lake Sup-

erior this year. She was a little over three days working through the ice from Detour to CAPT. TOM HAWLEY struck a little streak of good luck, to offset his bad, when he lay alongside the Columbian and secured some

hundred tons or so of the jettisoned coal at a WE learn from the Sturgeon Bay Advocate that the owner of the steam-barge Daisy Day proposes to put a cabin upon her and run her between here and Green Bay by the east shore,

BOWLDERS planted a tree on "Arbor day," but some one pulled it out of the ground during the following night. It is all one to Bowlders, though-his duty was discharged and he can look Governor Jerome and the whole State of Michigan boldly in the face.

making all the landings including Washing-

ATTENTION, skaters. The new management will re-open Music hall this (Saturday) afternoon and evening for roller-skating. The best of order will be preserved and no pains spared to render the amusement more popular than before. Give the boys a benefit.

WE are indebted to Capt. Sullivan, of the Golden West, for marine items. Talking about indebtedness-we are always debtor to Capt. George Bartley, of the Owen, for information and have no idea how he is to get even. However, as he is not a troublesome creditor, we can stand it, if he can.

SPRAGUE'S Georgia Minstrels-genuine darkeys-will occupy Royce's hall on Monday evening next. We have not seen the troupe in some half-dozen years, but if it is half as good as when we did see it, our people are offered the best half-dollar's worth sincewell, since the Paige lectures, at any rate.

THE Columbian was finally released on Saturday evening last, after having jettisoned about half of her cargo of coal, and arrived here in tow of the Winslow on Sunday morning. She came into shape again on getting afloat and is less damaged than was feared, but makes a good deal of water and will have to be docked as soon as she is discharged.

BARK RIVER township was well provided with supervisors last week; one, Nelson, holding over until his successor should qualify, one elected at the town election, Lanseigne, who had not qualified within the time, required by the statute, and one, Hakes, appointed by the township board. The case came before the county board on Monday and its action will be found recorded elsewhere.

REV. J. J. HOFFMAN, who has heretofore exercised the care of (Lutheran) souls in this peninsula has been called to missionary labor in the city and vicinity of New Orleans. He is succeeded in this mission, by Rev. J. Becker, who leaves a mission field in Minnesota to work north of here should Mr. Hoffman (as may happen) return to us from the south.

COVELL ROYCE moved into his new residence on Thursday.

MESSES. HUGHITT, Johnson, Eddy and others of the Northwestern railway magnates have been on the division during the week looking to future business. Were in town on Thursday night.

FRED COTA, whose life was for a time despaired of, has so far recovered as to enable him to be out of bed and out of doors, and his complete recovery is now expected. Fred comes of a tough stock and will live if it is at all possible.

A RUMOR is current that Cleveland parties contemplate the erection, at this place, of a big summer hotel, and \$100,000 is named as the sum to be invested. We had rather see that (or any other) amount put into iron works, in which there is more chance for profit to the investors and more benefit to the town, but we hope the rumor is well-founded nevertheless.

THE steamharge Comberland and her consort, the Helvetia, hence with ore for Cleveland, went upon Colchester reef, in lake Erie, on Monday last. The Helvetia struck lightly and was worked off with he own anchors, but the Cumberland is reported four feet out. Tugs Champion and Sweepstakes went at once to her assistance and she commenced to jettison her cargo.

Another new township is proposed, viz the township of Garden, to be composed of towns 43, 42, 41, and 40, range 28 with some half dozen sections of the north end of town 39. The arrangement has in view the convenience of those who would reside in the new town and of those remaining in the old orgainzations of Nahma and Fairbanks equally, and there is said to be no opposition thereto.

THE schooner W. H. Vanderbilt, bound hither, light, ran upon Detroit Island reef at two o'clock on Sunday morning last. The news of her situation was brought here by Capt. Sullivan, of the Golden West, who passed her at about nine o'clock on the same morning and arrived here about noon, and the Winslow, which had just brought in the Columbian, fired up and started to relief her. The Vanderbilt had however got off without assistance before the Winslow reached the door, came to anchor in our harbor near sundown, not much the worse for her mishap.

If there were any way to avoid it neither ourselves nor any other business man in Escanaba, local or transient, landsmen or sailor, would ever pay the Western Union telegraph company a nickel or send a word over its wires. It does not deserve that we should. It offers us no facilities for the convenient transaction of business though it charges three prices for such as it furnishes us. It tucks its instruments and operator way behind a show case in a nook under the staircase in Mead's drug-store, and compels us to write our messages on the crown of our hats or elsewhere, as we can, providing no conveniences whatev er. In short, the concern is a hog, caring nothing for the public, nothing for its employes, nothing for fair-dealing or decencyhaving only regard for the amount of hard cash it can squeeze out of its patrons.

"RULES for the movement of trains by telegraph" have been printed and issued by the new management of the Northwestern, which are so precise as to form and detail as to be cumbrous-to add largely to the work of the dispatchers and make opportunities for error, but which have been formulated by some one who has not yet learned that the fewer the parties to a transaction the fewer the chances for misunderstanding, or that the fewer the contingencies involved in an order the more certain its proper execution. The system spoken of provides for repetition of orders, acknowledgments, and all that, but it allows of the intervention between the dispatcher and conductor of a third party, a telegraph operator, and it allows orders contingent on time, which is a fault long ago eliminated from the systems of dispatching upon the older roads. Mr. Layng might throw away his books and issue two simple orders to dispatchers, the first-"never move a train until the safety order is sent and received"-and the second-"make every orery positive in terms, with no contingent ifs," and improve his service thereby.

WE have recived from G. H. Sager, superintendent, the rules of the Sturgeon Bay canal company, which provide: 1st, that vessels in transit must keep in the center of the canal: 2d, that steamers must not turn their wheels rapidly: 3d, that two tow-lines must be used (forming a bridle): 4th, that a speed of two miles an hour must not be exceeded: 5th, that vessels must not be towed two or more abreast nor rafts exceed 50 feet in width: 6th, that sailing craft will pass the canal under canvas at their own risk: 7th. that craft passing through the canal will be held responsible for damages thereto consequent or any violation of rules or carelessness: Sth, that tugs or steamers engaged in towing shall pay toll unless licensed by the company or towing some established line of barges and carrying no freight: 9th, that any craft obstructing the canal will be held responsible for damage caused by delay, and, 10th, that tolls are payable on demand. A letter received at the same time gives the minimum depth of water in the canal at 13 feet and in

We hear with regret that Thos, J. Streeter, of Nahma, is seriously ill. Erysipelas is said to be the trouble with him.

THE mercury fell to twenty degrees plus on the night of Monday, May 1. The usual Mayday festivities suffered-with the peach-buds

WE will back this neck of woods to turn more different and distinct varieties of weather within a given time than any other locality on the western continent.

MR. WICKS' question as to the relative value of corn and iron may be difficult to answer. but corn "has the bulge" on iron at one point. You can't make whisky out of even the best L. S. ores, magnetic or hematite.

MRS. WALLACE, not having the leisure to attend to them, will sell the very fine lot of plants, now in splendid condition, in her green-house. Any one wishing to furnish a Be firm-for their good and the honor of the conservatory would do well to call.

McKenna is moving back into his corner store an fitting it up for a full business in iquors at wholesale and retail. The house he has occupied for the last year has been provided with an oven and will be opened, soon, by Young, as a bakery.

BILL SHAY tickled our sweet tooth on Wednesday with a cake of maple sugar, the first fruits (barring a patch of murchies last year) of his homestead up the river. It was the "raal shtuff," and our matutinal pancakes have been a feast ever since.

GRAVES, the left-handed painter, has done a gorgeous sign for Bittner, in gold and tints on a black ground. It is to be distinctly un derstood, however, that the animal in the center is not such as Herman cuts up for us at fifteen cents a pound. He couldn't afford it-

"THE LADY" has her new heater in and it regularly on her route as per her card. She now makes all the steam necessary and only the most robust of the Green Bay zephyrs will prevent her from making her daily trips as announced. She is comfortable, fast, safe and well commanded, and what more would you have of a steamboat?

TALK about iron mines. If you want to be

property, just south of the village boundary, cut up into lots, is all sold and the cash output beats any but the biggest kind of a mine. Norway, Iron Mountain, Florence, Crystal Falls, Iron River, and now Stambaugh are other specimens. Go in for a town mine. WE hardly expected to see Jake Buchholtz turn his family out of doors, but he has done

it. The hardship of the affair was somewhat

mitigated by the fact that he had provided

other and more convenient quarters for wife and children "on the hill," and its harshness partially justified by the fact that he wanted all the room in the old house for business purposes which his announcements in our advertising columns may serve to explain. THE axiom promulgated by our Ishpeming neighbor, the Agitator, that "gold [and, of you find it," would seem to be the idea of the parties who are boring for coal on the White-

fish. As the whole region is below the car-

boniferous measures in the geologic scale the

chances are that they would do well to turn

the point of their drll up. To find coal in

the other direction they will have to go about 8,000 miles, probably. OUR "ancient, trusty, drouthy crony," Gen. Wm. P. Inness, of Grand Rapids, favors us with a copy of a circular in which he announces his opinion that the 8th of June is too early a date for the state convention of the "national greenback labor party of Michigan," and asking our opinion. We coincide, General. June is too early. In fact any date, during the present century, would be too early, and we suggest a postponement indefinitely. The General says: "I fear a long campaign," but the campaigns of '63 and '64 were not short, by any means, and yet he showed no fear. Possibly he is not as confident as to his cause as then or in the N. G. I., party as in the 1st Michigan engineers, and again we agree with him.

PURSUANT to call the board of supervisors met on Monday, May I, and organized by the election of Geo. T. Burns, of Escanaba, chairman. Committees were appointed as follows: On finance, Elliott, Follmer, Streeter; on accounts, Oliver, Conley, Olmsted; on erection of court-house, Follmer, Streeter, Burns, J. F. Oliver and R. Peacock; on county infirmary, contested, that of the supervisor elect from had complied with the spirit if not with the of the poor, and the auditing of such bills as but above and before all provide amusement harbor 11 feet six, with a prospect of better Wednesday. The official record will be pub- sure that the offered pleasure is better than

SAM'L ELLIOTT, of Sac Bay, who lost his residence by fire in March last, is building again, better than before.

THE Goodrich steamer Depere arrived on Thursday evening and among the passengers we saw Mr. Richard Letcher, formerly pastor of the Methodist church in this place. He has been spending the winter in Mexico.

Ir Major Clark were doing the locals for the PORT how he would revel in prognostications. No less than three or four marriages are predicted in the near future-of beautyproof old boys at that, that have stood Hymen off until they have grown through their hair, got crows' feet at the corners of their eyes, been compelled to let out their belts, and show other signs of being fully if not over ripe for matrimony. Hold 'em down, girls. The ring and the parson or exemplary damages. little blind god.

JOHN SPRAGUE, a man 68 years of age, who had lived for nearly a year in the family of his son-in-law, John S. Brown, at Lathron, but had just moved upon a homestead claim at McFarland hill, two miles north of there, was hit by a passing ore train, on Friday, April 28. and so injured that he died at 11 p. m. on Sunday. He attempted to cross the track just ahead of the train, carrying a piece of a cedar tie, and so nearly succeeded that only the corner of the engine frame struck him, knocking him down outside the rails, but the blow was to much for a man of his years. His body was taken to his former home in Schuyler county, New York, for burial.

THE court house, as planned, will cost between \$16,000 and \$17,000, and will be a very respectable building both as to size and appearance. With the tax already collected, and the further amount voted at the spring election the county has nearly \$12,000 to apply towards its erection, which amount will se sufficient to complete the brick-work, walls, vaults, etc., and roof, and this the building committee intend to do during the summer. At the November election the voters of the county will be asked to authorize the issue of county bonds having a long term to an amount sufficient to complete the building, to put the jail in proper condition and to defray the cost rich prospect for a town mine. The Campbell of an infirmary, and we anticipate no serious opposition to such action.

THE proper care of the poor of the county demands the erection of an infirmary in order that the service may be at the same time efficient and economical. Up to this time it has been neither, and in saying this we intend no reflection upon the officers who have conducted it. That it has been both costly and noneffective is owing to the want of system and the difficulty of procuring accommodation (shelter or care) for paupers, especially sick paupers, at any price; this difficulty having been so great that the jail has been, in most cases the only available shelter The supervisors have determined upon the erection of what they call a hospital, in reality a "poorhouse;" a site has been selected and purchased and steps taken towards the erection of a proper building or buildings and we hope and course, other mineral treasure] exists where expect that by another season the system of out-of-doors relief-or rather the custom of relieving the poor without system-which has prevailed will be at an end.

Temperance Corner.

-Pursuing the line of thought suggested in

this corner last week, I desire to ask those

who, with myself, deplore the habit of the use of intoxicating drinks and desire to do what they can to check its growth, if there can be any better plan for doing so than to take a leaf from the book of the enemy. Let's see how the habit is fostered. Very few of our young men drink or care to drink anything during the day, while business engages their attention. Very few of them make use of stimulants for the mere purpose of stimulation. When the day's work is done and recreation is sought comes the demand for drink, and why? Nof because (in most cases) there is any "craving" for a stimulant, but because in the only places open for recreation and amusement it is sold and the cost of furnishing the amusement-the game of pool or of cardsthe song or the dance, is defrayed out of the profits of the trade; because Tom or Dick or Harry, who keeps the house and provides the amusement is a "good fellow" and does his utmost to make his place attractive. Take a leaf from their book then. Strengthen' the temperance organizations and make them active. Provide that the Templars' hall, instead of being open for an hour or two on one Lathrop, Lanscigne, Elliott. One seat was evening of the week shall be open every evening-that the routine business shall be dispos-Bark River, and the board, after evidence and ed of quickly, and the time occupied with a full consideration of the case, seated George such amusements as will attract youth-give a Lanscigne, supervisor elect, holding that he little time and a little money to it and make the organization a social power. It can be letter of the statute. The plan and specifica- done, and good only can result; the amount tions for a court-house submitted by I. Mc- of good result being in exact proportion to the Donnell, of Green Bay, were finally adopted amount of energy displayed. Foster the other and the committee directed to advertise for total-abstinence organizations. If you want a proposals to build in accordance therewith, life or accident insurance for a small amount which advertisement will be found in our col- inquire into the workings of the Temple of umns this week. After consideration of ways' Honor and see if it can not be had on as good and means, of matters connected with the care terms therein as of any other organization; were presented, the board adjourned on for the boys dissociated from beer, and be that offered by the saloons. TEMPLAR.

This word, which is only a few yoold, grows out of the discovery made a Frenchman, Auguste Go fart, pits called silos, under a heavy pressure, do not rot, but are preserved fresh and sweet, and retain all their nutritive and that, green crops, when stored in waterjuices for a year or more; and it in the winter, are preferred to any dry food. It is not surprising that the dis covery made a sensation among farmers and cattle feeders in this country, and that there is exhibited a keen desire to know all about it; for, not only can a great deal more in weight, of green food than dry, be raised on an acre, but ensilage possesses the advantage of supplying cattle with succulent summer feed in the winter-an advantage of great value to mileh cattle. Any green crop that stock are fond of when in a growing state is good material for ensilage—grass, clover, rye, young corn, sorghum and vegetables; but corn, clover and the grasses are most generally used, because when growing they are full of juice, which is lost in curing into hay or fod-der, but preserved in the silo." Several kinds of green crops may be packed in the same silo, and the ensilage is said to be improved by the variety. Corn, either drilled or cultivated or sown broatleast, and cut in its most juicy condition, is the basis of most ensilage experiments in this country; it may be packed in the same silo with clover or grass of any kind cut green, and successive crops of corn may be planted for mixture with different kinds of grasses in their season. As it is estimated that ten to twenty tons weight of green crops may be cut from an acre of good soil+ five to ten times as much as the weight of a dry crop of grain or hay-it is easy to see how much more profitable it is to to save green crops in the form of ensilage than to allow them to mature and dry. Col. J. W. Wolcott of Boston, who owns a farm near that city, raised 460 tons of ensilage on thirty-four acresbeing fourteen tons to the acre-last year. By raising two crops on the same soil he has gathered as much as twentyone tons per acre. On one piece of ground he gathered thirty-one tons per acre, but "that corn was fourteen feet high," he says. He adds: "I am satisfied that an acre of ground will keep a cow twenty-four months."

When the silo is opened in winter the contents are found in a sort of cheesy condition, and require to be sliced off with a sharp axe. They have undergone a slow and slight fermentation which does not impair their merits as feed and is not offensive to cattle. Indeed, the first smell of ensilage is said to "set cattle wild for it," and they prefer it to any other kind of feed.

Silos are variously constructed. The usual plan is to dig pits ten feet wide, fifteen feet deep and as long as may be desired, on sloping ground, and make them water-tight with cement. Mr. C. W. Mills of Pompton, New Jersey, prefers to build a strong frame, boarded up tight and close with thick lumber, entirely above the ground, something in the fashion of an ice house. The green crops may be packed into them, either whole or cut up with a cutter; each plan has its advocates, though the weight of opinion is in favor of cutting, as it allows of closer packing. As the crops are thrown in they are tread down as closely near the edges as possible, and when the silo is full it is covered and weighted with heavy rocks or earth, and then shedded over to protect it from the weather. In a few weeks the ensilage is "ripe" and ready for use. One end of the silo, if built along the ground. may be opened and the ensilage cut out and fed as it is wanted. Its quality will depend on the crops of which it is made and the care with which they are packed away. Nearly all animals will eat it; cattle like it and thrive on it, and for milch cows it is particularly valuable, as it increases their flow of milk and keeps them in cheerful, healthy condition .- St. Louis Republican.

Cuttlefish.

The "arms" or "feet" of the cuttlefish demand a somewhat detailed mention, on account of their armature. In all cuttlefishes, save the exceptional pearly nautilus, the arms are either eight or ten in number, and are provided with acetabula, or "suckers." Those cuttles in which ten arms are present—and of these the squids and sepias form good examples-have two of these appendages produced beyond the remaining eight in length. Aristotle noted in his day this peculiarity of the ten-armed cuttles. Speaking on this point he remarks that all of these animals " have eight feet provided with a double series of suckers, except in one genus of Polypi"-the genus Eledone, in which there is but a single row of suckers. "The sepia, teuthides and teuthi (that is to say, the sepias and souids) have besides two long proboscides, the extremities of which are beset with a double series of suckers.' The two "proboscides" of Aristotle are the "tentacles" of the modern naturalist; and Pliny, speaking of the uses of these tentacles, remarks that they may be used for the capture of prey at a distance, or may be employed to anchor their possessors safely amid the boisterous waters. The "suckers," which constitute a most noteworthy armament of the arms, are borne on short stalks in the ten-armed cuttlefishes, but are unstalked in the eight-armed species. Each sucker exhibits all the structures incidental to an apparatus adapted to secure effective and instantaneous adhesion to any surface. It consists of a horny or cartilaginous cup, within which are muscular fibers converging toward its center, where they form a well-defined plug or piston. By the withdrawal of this plug a partial vacuum is produced, and the suckers adhere by atmospheric pressure to the surface on which they are placed. The sucker is released by the projection of the plug and by the consequent de-struction of the vacuum. The number of the suckers varies, but it is always considerable; and when we reflect that | now in milady's bric-a-brac room will be

minute horny books. The "arms" th Movement they are a ards their arrangement they are ed in four pair—a dorsal and a pair, and two lateral pairs; the ngement they are —a dorsal and a arran two elongated tentacles, when developed, being situated between the third and fourth pairs of arms on the ventral or lower surface.—Belgravia.

Curious Patents.

Some investigating person has fur-nished the New York Times with a brief list of patents on small things-such as any man or boy have thought of, but didn't, and which in many instances have proved mines of wealth to the lucky discover. For, inasmuch as so many minds might have hit upon these things, they ought properly to be called discoveries rather than inventions, and are the outcome of luck or chance, or whatever one may choose to call that arrangement of circumstances which is not the result of much forethought or logical process. The steam engine, the steamship, the locomotive, the telegraph, the reaping-machine, the power-loom, the sewing-machine, the telephone, the cotton gin, the telescope and scores of similar machines or instruments are truly inventions. They require a logical and philosophical combination of laws and principles. But there are hundreds of smaller things, chiefly pretty conveni-ences and contrivances for domestic use, or amusing and entertaining toys, which are more in the nature of discoveries. These last have been only found-the others were found out. Among those trifles is the favorite toy the "return ball"—a wooden ball with

an elastic string attached, selling for the sum of ten cents each, but yielding to its patentee an income equal to fair returns on a capital of \$500,000. The rubber tip on the end of lead pencils affords the owner of the royalty an independent fortune. The inventor of the gummed newspaper wrapper is also a rich man. The gimlet-pointed screw has evolved more wealth than most silver mines, and the man who first thought of putting copper tips to children's shoes is as well off as if his father had left him \$2,000,000 in United States bonds. Although rollerskates are not so much used in countries where ice is abundant, in South America, especially in Brazil, they are very highly esteemed and have yielded over \$1,000,000 to their inventor. But he had to spend \$125,000 in England alone fighting infringements. The "dancing Jim Crow," a top, provides an annual income of \$30,000 to its inventor, and the common needle threader is worth \$10,000 a year to the man who thought of The "drive well" was an idea of Mr. Colonel Green, whose troops, during the war, were in want of water. He conceived the notion of driving a twoinch tube into the ground until water was reached and then attaching a pump. This simple contrivance was patented after the war, and the tens of thousands of farmers who have adopted it, have been obliged to pay him a royalty, a moderate estimate of which is placed at \$2,000,000. The spring window shade yields an income equal to an investment of \$1,000,000; the stylographic pen, with which this article is written, also \$1,000,-000; the marking pen for shading in different colors, \$100,000; rubber stamps, the same. A large fortune has been reaped by a Western miner who, ten years since, invented a metal rivet or eyelet at each end of the mouth of breeches and coat pockets to resist the strain caused by the carriage of pieces of ore and heavy tools. Fortunes have been made out of the dead as well of the living. The torpedo grave, which will explode when body-snatchers meddle with it, is one bonanza; another odd, but probably not lucrative one, is an open tube, running from the top of the ground to the coffin-lid, just over the face of the corpse. If the person is in a trance and has been buried alive, he draws himself up through the whole and returns to the surface by means of a rope ladder in the tube. If he prefers, however, to send for assistance, he pulls a cord which rings a bell near the top of the tube. After lying there long enough to assure his friends that he has no in-

over the face of the inmate of the coffin. Every time a woman pricks the shell of an egg preparatory to boiling it she violates a patent right, this having been secured by some genius who discovered that it would prevent their breaking during the process of boiling. It having been said that chickens hatched by artificial heat do not thrive as well as others because they miss the maternal affection expressed in the "cluck, cluck" of the natural hen, an inventor has taken out a patent which imitates that sound, soothing and charming the tender-hearted but bereaved offspring with its artificial croon and consoling the young orphan with its mechanical solicitude. This is based evidently upon another patent for babies of a machine operated by clockwork and producing a low and melancholy murmur which no child, however wakeful, can successfully resist, but to which it succumbs in profound slumber. There is also the false bottomed nest which deludes the hen into the belief that she has not laid an egg. and combined with her conscientious devotion to duty, persuades her to a continuance of her work until she is exhausted or undeceived. A patent hen roost, by the action of the hens, closesthe doors of a bee-hive at night and opens them in the morning, protecting the hive against the ravages of the bee-moth. A wire frame strung above a horse's head is also patented. It is meant to persuade the animal that it is the top of a fence too high for him to overleap. This, of course, presumes that the horse is an ass .- Detroit Free Press.

tention of coming back the tube is pulled

up, drawing as it comes a glass-plate

-China dogs are the latest craze, and considerable; and when we reflect that the array of suckers can be instantaneously applied, and that their hold is fautomatically perfect, the grasp of the cephalopods is seen to be of the most efficient kind. In some cuttlefishes, and most notably in the so-called "hooked squids" (Onychotcuthis,) the pistons of the suckers are developed to form powerful hooks, by means of which the prey may be secured with additional facility; and in the common squids the margin of the suckers and in the common squids the margin of the suckers are developed to form powerful hooks, by means of which the prey may be secured with additional facility; and in the common squids the margin of the suckers are developed to form powerful hooks, by means of which the prey may be secured with additional facility; and in the common squids the margin of the suckers are developed to form powerful hooks, by means of which the prey may be secured with additional facility; and in the common squids the margin of the suckers are developed to form powerful hooks, by means of which the prey may be secured with additional facility; and in the common squids the margin of the suckers are developed to form powerful hooks, by means of which the prey may be secured with additional facility; and in the common squids the margin of the suckers are developed to form powerful hooks, by means of which the prey may be secured with additional facility; and in the common squids the margin of the suckers are developed to form powerful hooks, by means of which the prey may be secured with additional facility; and in the common squids the margin of the suckers are developed to form powerful hooks, by means of which the prey may be secured with additional facility; and in the common squids the margin of the suckers are developed to form powerful hooks, by means of which the prey may be secured with additional facility; and in the common squids the margin of the smallest. The china dog has advantages over the live article not to be did-d-do-u-u-me-ana-ma-mean. "M-

SCHOOL AND CHURCH.

e Bible is translated into thirty-rican languages, in eight of which ole of the Scriptures are pubrn Chautauqua, or central

ground, for all the banevolent -Japan is thoroughly awake in the matter of education. She has established schools all through the country, and at the University of Tokio there are now.

-Good old Mrs. Barton, of New Haven, has been for nearly fifty years the teacher of a large and important Bible class. A few days ago her class met to celebrate her eightieth birthday. -New Haven Register.

-The National Societies of the Baptist denomination hold their anniversaries in New York, May 24-31. These societies are the Foreign Missionary Union, the Home Mission Society and the Publication Society.

-Mrs. George Clinton Smith, of Springfield, Ill., has undertaken the compilation of a woman's hymn-book. She asks that all women who have written hymns that have been published confer with her .- Chicago Tribune.

-Rev. Dr. Magoun, of Philadelphia, told his New York brethren the other day that he started in life as a bricklayer, and that when he laid down the trowel and took up the clerical pen, he secured the first brick he had ever laid, converted it into an inkstand, and had used it

-The students of the University of Missouri disliked Professor Lowry and asked for his removal. This request was refused, as they gave no good reason why it should be granted. Three hun-dred of them burned the Professor in efligy, and then marched round his residence singing "Hang Tom Lowry on a sour apple tree."—Chicago Herald.

- Mr. Baring-Gould represents the religious condition of Germany as not very encouraging. He says that of the 150,-000 inhabitants of Hamburg only 3,000 attend worship, and there are only five parish churches. In Berlin there are 900,000 Protestants, but only 11,900 at-tend church on Sundays. The church attendance in Darmstadt is only three per cent. Throughout Germany only fourteen out of one hundred persons attend any kind of religious service.

-English missionaries have begun to work in the peninsula of Corea-a land from which almost all Europeans have heretofore been jealously excluded. The area of Corea is 90,000 square miles, and the population about 10,000,000 souls. The language is quite unlike both Chinese and Japanese, and much difficulty has been experienced in learning it. Some progress has, however, been made in this direction, and a translation of the New Testament has been begun by a Presbyterian missionary named Ross .-Chicago Times.

-President Robinson, of Brown University, is this year delivering the course of Yale lectures on preaching. He states that the proportion of people who attend church is diminishing. For this he gives a number of reasons, some of which are very diverse in character. Among the reasons are skepticism, cheap literature, and the practice of churches to exist on supplies of strange clergymen from Sunday to Sunday, instead of securing the services of a regular pastor. To these he adds the uneasiness of the present generation and preaching of an old-fashioned gospel. -Chicago Herald.

PUNGENT PARAGRAPHS.

—There are people who will buy anything on sight if they can be allowed to pay for it on time.—N. O. Picayune. -"The man who steals my purse steals trash." but the man who steals

paragraphs has no trash of his own on hand .- Thos. S. Weaver. -"Yes," said a lady, complacently,

'I expect we'll get rich now. My husband has just been appointed one of the receivers of an embarrassed savings bank."-Somerville Journal.

-The new idea is to have the hand photographed. We have held some hands that are as indelibly fixed on our memory as the photographer's art could fix them and others-without a trump. This is a double action joke. - New Haven Register.

-A western desperado twenty-seven physician who can double discount any desperado that ever stood up, and he isn't stuck up about it either. He is so modest that he never mentions it .-Rochester Express.

-"Just taste that tea," said old Hyson to his better half, at the supper table the other evening. "Well, there doesn't seem to be anything the matter with it. I can't taste anything." "Neither can I, and that's what I'm growling at."-Hackensack Republican.

-A new agony and one that is in every way admirable is for a young lady to entertain her gentleman caller with a few arias on that classical instrument, the banjo. The true and deep significance of this is: "Don't go to the minstrels any more. I will be your minstrel." Did you ever see love's dream set to music in more attractive shape?-N. Y. Graphic.

-A man went into a drug store and asked for something to cure a headache. The druggist held a bottle of hartshorn to his nose and he was nearly overpowered by its pungency, As soon as he recovered he began to rail at the druggist and threatened to punch his head. "But didn't it help your headache?" asked the apothecary. "Help my headache!" gasped the man. "I haven't any head ache. It's my wife that's got the headache."-Chicago Tribune.

-An erratic Judge, who stammered badly in speaking, was hearing a case in which a witness was asked his name. Importation of Foreign Fruit.

In the year 1881 the importation sisted of 117 ca ers, and twenty-five cargoes by Italian and Norwegian sailing vessels, in all comprising 819, 223 baxes and cases of oranges, 860,21 boxes of lemons. On comparison of these figures with the inports of 1880, the result shows an increase of twelve cargoes by steamers, and six cargoes by sailing vessels. This increase in the number of cargoes is represented by an increase of 204,485 boxes and cases of oranges and 20,092 boxes of lemons. The total number of oranges imported to 1981 comprised 226, 220,720, of which 90,488,288 perished on the voyage, a loss of forty per cent., and the total number of lemons imported in 1881 was 283,879,530, of which 56,775,906 perished on the voyage, a loss of twenty per cent. As a whole, the Mediterranean fruit trade returned but little profit to the importers.

There were 47,000 barrels and 10,000 half barrels of grapes imported, on which there was a loss of twenty-five per cent. Compared with the imports of 1880, there was an increase of 5,946 barrels and a decrease of 466 half bar-

The importation of oranges from the West Indies in 1881 consisted of nine full cargoes and several parts of cargoes by sailing vessels; also, 119,497 barrels of oranges by 114 steamers. On com-

parison of these figures with the imports of 1880, the result shows an increase of 44,230 barrels, and of 12,435,706 or-anges. over the imports of 1880, also an increase of twenty-one steamers engaged in the trade, and a decrease of eight sailing vessels. Of the increase of 44,-230 barrels of oranges, 38,319 were from Kingston. The orange crop of the Island of Jamaica in the last year was very abundant, and oranges generally sold at remunerative prices. Some of the oranges imported from Nassau were seriously affected by the destructive parasite which has recently made its appearance in that region. The oranges from Kingston were also more or less affected

from the same cause.

The importations of pineapples from the West Indies consisted of thirty-three full cargoes by sailing vessels, and parts of cargoes by seventy steamers, making a total of 2,056,019 pineapples, of which 514,004 perished on the voyage-a loss of twenty-five per cent. On comparison of these imports with those of 1880, the result shows a decrease of twenty-nine cargoes by sailing vessels, and 1,171,933 pineapples, during the last year. The large decrease of the number of pineapples is mainly owing to the failure of the productiveness of the soil on which the pineapples are grown, its strength having become exhausted from long and continued cultivation, and also to the large number of pineapples required for canning at different establishments in the West Indies. The deficiency was partly made up by the receipt of 255,222 pineapples from Florida, from which State a largely increased number of pineapples is expected the present year.

The importations of bananas from the West Indies in the last year consisted of ninety-two full cargoes and parts of several cargoes by sailing vessels, and seventy cargoes by steamers, making a total of 424,281 bunches, showing an per cent. The trade in West India bananas did not prove profitable to the importers, but resulted in some considerable losses. A large part of these losses was sustained by the importers of bathe lack of desire of hearing the steady nanas from Baracoa, and was principally caused by the long and severe drought which prevailed in that part of the island of Cuba last season.

The importations of bananas from Aspinwall largely exceeded those of any previous year, and consisted of sixty-seven cargoes per steamers, com-prising in all 460,961 bunches, of which 85,139 bunches perished on the voyage, a loss of 18.47 per cent. There was an increase of fourteen cargoes, and of 163,881 bunches of bananas over the imports of the previous year.

Cocoanuts were imported from the West Indies, etc., to the number of 11,378,829, which constituted the cargoes and parts of cargoes of 114 sailing vessels and ninety-two steamers. Of the above, 967,200 perished on the voyage, a loss of eight and one-half per cent. On comparison of the above with the imports of 1880, the result shows an increase of 1,346,849 cocoanuts for 1881.

The importations of limes comprised 1,865 barrels, on which there was a loss years old has killed twenty-six men. of thirty per cent.; 1,110 shaddocks, That's nothing. We know a young loss ten per cent.; 13,000 grape fruit, loss ten per cent.; 47,525 mangoes, loss sixty-five per cent.; 24,300 plantains, loss ten per cent.; 3,330 sapodillas, loss forty per cent.; 400 guavas, loss thirty per cent.; 400 Avocada pears, loss thirty per cent .- N. Y. Evening Post.

Pennsylvania Coal Statistics.

Some interesting statistics of the coal industries of Pennsylvania for 1881 are just issued from the office of the secretary of internal affairs. In the anthracite regions 319 collieries have been in operation, employing 75,169 hands and turning out 27,929,128 tons, at a cost of \$29,454,821 in wages, or 106.55 per ton. There were 382 bituminous collieries in operation during the year, which produced 15,692,923 tons of bituminous coal, at a cost in wages of \$14,540.057, an average of half a mill over ninetytwo cents per ton. In the anthracite collieries the employes worked on the average a trifle over 275 days during the year, and produced 373.14 tons each, earning on the average \$397.58 in wages, or a fraction more than \$1.44 for each working day. In the bituminous mines the workmen had an average of 217 days' work during the year, and produced 442.37 tons each, earning an average total of \$407.20, or a little over \$1.87 for each working day. As a large proportion of the employes are "help-ers," or boys under age, who are paid small wages, the actual earnings of adult miners are, of course, considerably in excess of the averages shown by the sta-

-The Russian bath is said to have originated with Peter the Great. It is rema-ah-an t-t-t-t je-je-je-a-il fo-oh-ohoh-r co-on-on-t-t-tempt!" shouted the
judge. It was amusing to see that
judge when he found that the witness

pensaries into Russia he was wont to rejudge when he found that the witness

judge when he found that the witness

pensaries into Russia he was health-giving needing nothing else as a health-giving

A Poet Who Was a Hero.

one comes across very few of quiet, unvaunted self-dea ism of that of Robert So Laureate of England from death in 1843. He was an humble Christian and self-sacrifice was the law of his life. He married his wife when he was so poor that he could hardly buy the wedding ring, because her circumstances .were unhappy, and he, who loved her, wished to be allowed to send her all the money he could make during an approaching absence of six months. From that time he lived for her and their children, rather than himself.

But he did not live for them alone. Coleridge had married Mrs. Southey's sister, and Coleridge was the typical poet of the old satirists-too poetical for the prose duties of life. He went away and left his wife and children on Southey's hands, and Southey worked for them just as cheerfully as for his own. When he had but little, he lived upon that little; for he had a clear conscience in the matter o! debt.

In the year 1821 he had become the possessor of six hundred and twentyive pounds (about \$3,000). He was then forty-seven years old. This sum of money was all that he had saved through his hard-working life-his sole dependence in case of illness, or when helpless old age should come.

But no sooner had he congratulated himself on its possession than he heard of the misfortunes of his friend, John May, to whom he had formerly been indebted for much kindness. May had suddenly lost his all.

Instantly Southey's mind was made ip. He wrote to May thus:

"By this same post I am writing to Bedford, desiring him to transfer to you six hundred and twenty-five pounds in the Three-per-cents. I wish it was more, and that I had more at my command in my way. I shall have in the spring, when I am paid for the first volume of my history.

He goes on to urge May to visit himto "come to Keswick, and lay in a pleas-ant store of recollections." One can hardly read this letter without tears in one's eves.

What other man ever lived who, at forty-seven, would have transferred to an unfortunate friend all the accumulations of his life and neither asked or hoped for return, or considered the deed as one about which it was possible to hesitate? Yet Southey made no parade of his affections or his friendships. He wrote once to Coleridge:

"Your feelings go naked. I cover mine with a bear skin; I will not say that you harden yours by your treatment of them, but I am sure that mine are warmer for their clothing.'

He lived for others up to the very end of his life. In 1834 a terrible malady which had long been assailing his beloved wife reached its crisis, and he wrote to a friend who was as near to him as his own

" I have been parted from my wife by something worse than death. Forty years she has been the life of my life, and I have left her this day in a lunatic asy-

Thank God that after a year of treatment in the asylum he was able to bring increase of 81,634 over the imports of her back again to wear out the rest of preaching old sermons. He also men- 1880. Of the above, 84,856 bunches per- her sad days in her own home. This tions the willingness of too many ished on the voyage, a loss of twenty restored to Southey some measure of hope and cheerfulness, for "through the weary dream" which was now Mrs. Southey's life, she always knew him, and took pleasure in his presence. The strong arm on which she had leaned for forty-two years supported her down stairs each day, and bore her up again at evening.

In 1835 she died; and though, when she had been dead nearly four years, Southey married Caroline Bowles, then a woman of fifty-two, it was rather as a refuge for the cold solitude of old age than with hope of anything like happiness. Happiness had been buried with her whom he had called the life of his life, and whom, in 1843, eight years after her death, he went gladly to rejoin.

There were far greater poets among Southey's contemporaries than he, but where, among all the poets who have ever lived, shall we look for a truer or a

nobler man? He could truly say,

"My thoughts are wifh the dead. Anon My place with them shall be, And I with them shall travel on Through all eternity.
Yet leaving a name, I trust,
That will not moulder in the dust."

Mrs. Reilley's Expectations.

- Youth's Companion.

Sometimes amusing things happen in police courts. A New York city paper reports the following unexpected termination to Mrs. Reilley's expectations:
"Mrs. Reilley," said Justice Otterbourg, after half an hour's hard work in

endeavoring to settle the antagonistic feelings between Mrs. Reillev and her neighbor, Mys. Murray, "I will hold Mrs. Murray to keep the peace." "God bless your honor," said Mrs. Reilley, "sur's its just before comin' to

coort that I says to me old man phat a foine gintlemin you were."
"I hold her," said the court, not heeding her remarks, "in \$300 bail, or stand

committed for one month." "Serves her right," said Mrs. Reilley approvingly, "and I hope your honor won't let her go on bail. Good-bye again, your honor, and may God bless you for this day's work."

"Wait a minute, Mrs. Reilley, you needn't be in such a hurry. Mrs. Murray's complaint against you will be through in a few moments. "Mrs. Marray's complaint against

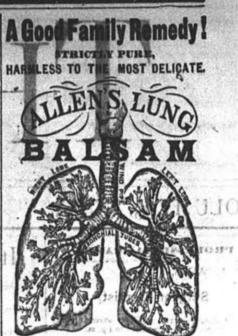
me!" said Mrs. Reilley, in astonish-"Yes, she also declares that you were drunk and committed an assault upon

"I'm sure your honor is too much of a gintlemin to believe a word that woman says."

"Certainly I do not," said his honor. How could I for a moment question the veracity between a lady like you and a woman like Mrs. Murray?') "God bless your honor, for you'know what's what!"

"I will, therefore, send you also on the island for one month."

The language which she used s moment before was very contradictory to what she used then, and, heaping curses on no one in general, she was led from the court room.



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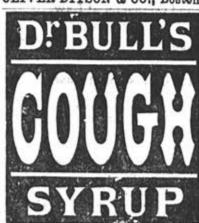
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FARM AND PIRESIDE.

-Hogs are being trained to work in a some of us who are middle-aged have harness in some parts of Pennsylvania, a vivid recollection of a time in American Armstrong County having several such social history when it was fashionable

wool in. Have the wool warmed well.

-Country Gentlerian

-It is reported that the sales of hay

and straw in New York City amount to

\$10,000,000 each year. The dealers in these articles propose to form an associthese articles propose to form an association for regulating prices and doing business.

They seldom danced. They adored Byron (Byron who hated to see a woman eat.) and talked of Kant, and wished one ounce; quarter of a dram of pow- that there could be a new moon all the dered borax and one dram of sugar. year round. The younger portion of that generation ate slate-pencils to imfor use, then rub it on the face occa-

and growing some other crop that will seen any food more substantial than tea-smother it. If the ground is too wet to and toast. To follow them into the prigrow grass and clover it should be drained. As the ground is probably well cretly addicted to bacon and greens. Seeded with the sorrelit will be necessary to persevere for some time before it can an affectation. It was fashionable to eat him fearfully, and moreover he was be wholly cleared of it. When the ground is well drained a good application of lime great deal. And fashion carried the day. would be useful. - Denver Tribune.

15 O -Muslin pillow shams may be handsomely decorated for festive occasions. thought fit and proper for young women Take a square of lace-Valenciennes or in high life to boast of their gastronomic Languedoc-or of lace and muslin com- achievements and to announce their and with a thick overcoat on was perbined, line it with blue or pink to harmonize with the other appointments of the room; but a band of ribbon around it and trim the edge with lace; fasten this with a few stitches to the center of the sham: it can be easily removed when the sham is laundered, or when you wish to have the room look less "dressed up."

-Mr. Thomas Meehan says that most failures with seed arise from not sowing in partial shade. If the hot sun shines upon the seed beds when the seeds are swelling, and cold follows, many may rot before the plants reach the surface. A very slight shade will answer, such as brushwood or cornstalks will afford. With seeds which do not grow till the second season, the ground should be kept clean and shaded the summer through. - N. Y. Examiner.

-Twenty-three years ago Colonel D. M. Clough, of Canterbury, N. H., bought a worn-out farm of 400 geres, It would not keep more than eight or ten head of cattle, one or two horses and a few sheep. In thirteen years he had so improved The young lady of the present time is it that he wintered 100 head of cattle, 150 sheep and six horses. To accom- freckles. She is robust, athletic and plish this no manure was used, except a hearty. She can tell Burgundy from little super-phosphate of lime to give the Bordeaux, knows the difference between corn an early start. Under his care the fromage Roquefort and Gorgonzola, and farm rose in value from \$4,600 to \$17,is critical as to the exact time required 600. The secret of his success is that all for the cooking of a canvas-back, and the his hay and grain has been consumed upon the farm, and large quantities of broiling of a lobster. Something good muck used both as an absorbent and to eat is more to her than art or even composted with lime.

Eating too Fast.

The Philadelphia Times is of the opinion that Americans eat too, rapidly-partichlarly "American business men." The proper way is to eat with as little haste as possible. A great many "business men" are not permitted to put on the style of elegant leisure-when taking their meals. We refer to that class of business men whose dinner hour is regulated by bell taps—who have sixty min-utes for dinner. \ If the !: business man" takes his dinner in a bucket to his place of business he can devote at least fifty minutes to mastication. deglutition, etc., but if he prefers to walk a few squares and enjoy his meals with his family there must be fast walking and rapid eating-bolting, if you please-else when the bell taps the "business man" will be behind time, and a reduction of wages will be the penalty. If to cat slowly is essential to health, the demand is that our great industrial institutions, where most of our "business men" are employed, should arrange far more time for meals; say an hour and a half for dinner. "The brightest hope for the eater," says the Times, "Is when the sunlight makes the room brilliant, when cheery chat makes these who surround the table to sparkle with good humor and when the hearty laugh shows that good-fellowship is at its height. For long life and prosperity, let us banish from our tables all that is disagreeable, sour, vixenish and gloomy. Let us eat our meals in as deliberate leisure as possible and with a view to getting the greatest enjoyment and benefit from it. All of which is very pretty, but the bell the bell it will not keep silent. It interferes with "cheery chat," hushes the "hearty laugh," and compels the "business man," to abandon "good-fellowship" and hie way to his tags. He must bolt his barry, or be docked, and it is no use his baco i or be docked, and it is no use to complain. - Indiana Sentinel.

A Musical Tournament.

At Milan, Italy, they have recently had a Musical Industrial Exhibition and Competition, under royal patronage, at which were collected and compared, during a period of several months, the largest number and greatest variety of musical instruments, old and new, ever brought together. America was hon-ored in the award to the Mason & Hamlin Organ Company of the highest medal, and the only one in this department. Considering that 250 awards were given, altogether, this distinction was very marked. It is a continuation of the triumphs of these famous organ makers trip to Portland. He did not return at at every one of the World's Fairs for the time appointed, and subsequently a fourteen years; to which there has been no exception. - The Manhattan.

-"Seen the spring robins yet, Mr. Spicer?" asked a friend. "Well. yes," have got Mrs. Spicer's millinery account; it is the biggest spring robbin bill for a small amount of feathers I have seen; fairly made me quail. I tell you when those people get fowl of a customer they don't sparrer." The questioner had just time to gasp "What a queer covey"
—when the street car came along and swallowed them up. - Boston Commercial

phet, was recently laid up with rheumatism. Probably be had exposed himself to some of his "pleasant" weather.

teams in service.

—For earache disselve asafoetida in gar and sensuous matter. Those were water, warm a few drops and drop in the times when it was the custom for the ear putting a small piece of soft high-bred and refined people to discuss wool in. Have the wool warmed well only the most athereal dist. only the most ethereal diet. The dear creatures who (nominally, at least,) dined on a canary-bird's wing, or suf-fered a surfeit when they had absorbed a spoonful of clover honey, are no more. How well we remember them! They prove their complexions, and smelled at sionally.—Half's Journal of Health.

Sorrel has running roots, and can and interesting. To look at one of these only be killed by plowing it under deeply girls one would say that they had never only be killed by plowing it under deeply girls one would say that they had never only the same control of the s vacy of home would be to find them se-cretly addicted to bacon and greens. The public scorn for all solid food was Fashion moves in cycles. In the time of the great Samuel Johnson it was

> preferences for certain dishes. A charming young friend of Mme. d'Arblay, clasping her hands rapturously, and looking Dr. Johnson in the face, said: "O, I do love mashed turnips!" The gether, said: "My dear young lady, as the experiences of life accumulate, and the attractions of this mortal existence sink to their true valuation, I hope you will find something more worthy of your affections than mashed turnips." It was after Johnson's time that young ladies at boarding-schools adored Byron and were content with a diet of slate-pencils and water. When the muscular cricketplaying and brawny school began to be popular with men, the women very naturally took to advertising their liking for what our plain-speaking California friends call a "square meal." The dear creatures no longer pretended that they lived on air, and that eating and drinking were yulgar. The languishing, dieaway creatures whom we meet in the not afraid of sunshine, rain, fog and number of minutes safe for the proper fashion. Such a one, describing an evening entertainment, said: , "It was unusually swell. The gentlemen were

simply heavenly." This is not an exaggeration. It is dow, a camp bed and a tin basin for furniture, merely a reaction from the lackadaisical. The porter snubbed him, and he was the last and sentimental age of our grandmothers. The days are gone when it was fashionable to wear thin slippers, lace tightly, assume a languishing air, and pretend to live on next to nothing. If the matter-of-fact, eating and drinking generation of young women that has come in does sometimes trench nearly on the bounds of genuine refinement, we can forgive the apparent trespass. Even a coarse and boisterous affectation of hearty liking for good eating and drinking is better than a deceitful pretense of abstemiousness that deceived nobody. Men and women must eat to live. It is a high state of society in which the pleasures of the table are made and women fill themselves mechanically, never considering anything but the volume of food absorbed. And there is no reason why women who are not convivial, at least, should not be competent judges of what is best in food and drink. Of course, we admit that all women are angels, but so long as angels dwell among men they must partake of the nature of mortals. The woman who cannot appreciate a good dinner is a libel on her sex.

witty and clever, and the crab salad was

Let no man say that the change of woman from the sentimental, insipid and angelic creature of the last century to the vigorous and hearty person of today is a change that begins and ends with eating and drinking habits. Let the pessimists say what they will, the present is an age of genuineness and candor. There is less modesty, less of the humbug of seeming, than in any generation that has gone before us, if we may accept as true the pictures of life given us by Smollet, Fielding, Fanny Burney, Thackeray and the writers of the time of Queen Anne. The civilized world admires the delicate and fragile beauty of American women. But it is the pride of the country that feeds the world with beef, grain and game, that the rare flower of American lovliness is no hothouse plant, reared in a nicely adjusted atmosphere. The womanliness and the manliness of our country spring from a richard nutritive soil. We have the best provision for the table in the world .- N. Y. Times.

-Six years ago a young man named John Trimm, known as somewhat eccentric, left Lewistown, Me., for a business the time appointed, and subsequently a body found in Portland harbor was identified as his, taken to Lewistown, and with due solemnity buried. Trimm en-tered an old friend's store in Lewistown any fuss about the matter. He has had his ups and downs, but has prospered in the main.—Chicago Times.

-A murder of a convict in a Tenness Vennor, the Canadian weather pro-et, was recently laid up with rheuma-raised a curious question. The Govraised a curious question. The Gov-ernor has been induced to set aside the conviction and sentence, because the -Longfellow used to say of this life and therefore incompetent. A change that it was only a suburb to the life in the law is recommended.—Chicage

The Trouble Between Gallagher and Symonds.

Correspondence

The circumstances in connection with the trouble between Gallagher and young Symonds were these: Young Symonds had a seat directly behind Gallagher, at the last swell concert. Now Gallagher wore overshoes as did young Symonds, the weather being rough. Gallagher took off his overshoes and stuffed them under his seat. but Symonds preferred to let his corns get heated up and kept his overshoes on. Throughout the concert, Symonds

was deeply interested while Gallagher was terribly bored and wanted to go home. At the first sign of anybody's starting, during the finale, Gallagher made a dive for his overshoes. Now Symonds was so deeply interested that he had slid forward till he barely rested on the edge of the seat, and his feet the stranger sat, and said: "Bid you wish to see me, sir!" "No, sir." "I beg pardon, but I was told by that young man over there that you wanted to see me." "So I do, so I do. I've been blind these ten years, and I want to see anybody." was deeply interested while Gallagher home. At the first sign of anybody's starting, during the finale, Gallagher made a dive for his overshoes. Now on the edge of the seat, and his feet were way under Gallagher's seat. Gallagher, being pretty fat, bent over with difficulty and clawed. He got hold of seen any food more substantial than tea Symonds' foot, thought it was an overshoe, and gave it a yank. The result was wretched. It raked Symonds' shin next to nothing. It was needful to eat a yanked off his seat, and came down solid on the floor. Then Gallagher lost his grip on the foot and the astonished and injured Symonds struggled to get back to his seat. Gallagher had his head about on a level with his knees, spiring freely and snorting for breath. He made another dive, clawed with both hands, and got both of Symonds' feet. Symonds had got part back to his chair, when Gallagher began to aged cynic, slowly pulling himself to- pull on him again. He hung to the arms and held on for dear life, and Gallagher, who was nearly strangled and couldn't conceive what had caught his overshoes, tugged away like mad and nearly broke Symonds' legs. Symond yelled, but Gallagher didn't hear, though everybody else did, and from his grip, and he was jerked under the seat, and Gallagher straightened up sufficiently to see that a pair of feet were in the overshoes. Then the audience interfered. Symonds was hauled out and an explanation made Gallagher apologized and said it was a mistake, but Symonds was not to be mollified, and said he must be a durned fool not to know the difference between a pair of overshoes and a human being.

Boston Post. -Tennyson 's poem shows an alarming poverty of resource. A man, now, who was posted in the salutatory art would not have been content with "Hands all around." He would have worked in "chassez," "cross over." "balancez," "forward and back," "promenade," "swing," and so forth, if he had to bust the meter to do it. Clearly Tennyson is failing fast. - Boston Transcript.

MR. JOHNS came to a hotel in Bismarck with a cheap-looking trunk, worth about \$7. The clerk sized him up and gave him a back room, just under the roof, with a dormer winman waited on at the table, and was always scated where he couldn't reach the bread and the castor. He went away on business, was gone six weeks, and left his room door open. And then when he came back and opened that old trunk, and took \$12,000 in gold out of it, the landlord pulled out all of his hair for mor-tification, and went and got roaring drunk for five days; the clerk forgot to paste down his front hair, and went one whole day without changing his eight-inch cuffs, and the porter went out in the woods and lay down and died. Moral: Never disdain to go through a trunk because it looks cheap. You can't tell what it may assay.—Chicago Times.

Save Your Wives.

When a man has been so fortunate as to wed a bright-eyed, joyous, happy-faced girl, he should be especially careful of her health. An invalid wife or mother is greatly to be ritied; to minister to the stern necessities of existence. It is a low state in which men and women fill themselves mechanically.

Beginning with irregularities and dyspepsia, the general health begins to fail, and weakness, nervous prostration, sleeplessness, etc., make life miserable. The checks become pale, the eyes grow listless, the heart's action enfeebled, the pulse weak, and decay of the pulmonary, digestive and urinary organs is the result. For restoring sickly women to health and strength, Dr. Guysott's Yellow Dock and Sarsaparilla excels all other medicines. a true tonic. Its principal ingredients are Yellow Dock, Sarsaparilla, Juniper, Iron, Buchu, Celery and Calisaya bark. It builds up the female system, and will positively cure falling of the womb, irregularities, leucorrhœa, dyspepsia, etc.

ENTIRELY unintentional: Fair umpire at lawn tennis—"Only keep your head, Mr. Jones, and you are sure to have a soft thing." Columbia Spectator.

MR. ARTHUR B. COHENS, of Newport, Ky., writes: "I wish to speak a good word for Dr. Guysott's Yellow Dock and Sarsaparilla. My wife suffered greatly from a complication of diseases, ending in a miscarriage, which for months confined her to her bed. She had nev-er fully recovered, and at times complained severely of a feeling of bearing down, while her periods were very irregular and gave her great pain. Her physician seemed to be doing her no good whatever. A friend recommended Dr. Guysott's Yellow Dock and Sarsaparilla. From the first dose she began to improve, and is now as healthy and strong as a young girl. I think it the best medicine in the world."

WHAT kind of a field is older than you are! One that is pasturage.

Could Hardly Stand on Hor Feet. R. V. Pierce, M. D., Buffalo, N. Y.: Dear Sir
—I must tell you what your medicine has done
for me. Before taking your "Favorite Prescription" I could hardly stand on my feet, but, by following your advice, I am perfectly cured. The "Favorite Prescription" is a wonderful medicine for debilitated and nervous females. I cannot express how thankful I am to you for your advice. Yours truly,
MRS. CORNELIA ALLISON, Peosta, Ia.

WHY is smoke like straws? Because it shows which way the wind blows.

"Their Occupation Gone," R. V. PIERCE, M. D., Buffalo, N. Y.: I was R. V. Pierce, M. D., Buffalo, N. Y.: I was attacked with congestion of the lungs, soreness over the liver, severe pain in the joints, a burning fever, and general giving away of the whole system. Failing to find relief in remedies prescribed, I tried your "Golden Medical Discovery." Iteffected my entire cure. Your medicines have only to be used to be appreciated. If every family vould give them a trial, nine-tenths of the doctors would, like Othello, find their occupation gone. Yours truly, L. B. McMillan, M. D., Breesport, N.Y.

The more that fun is poked at the poke bonnet the more the poke bonnet seems to be poked into public assemblages.—*Detroit Free*

THE World's Dispensary and Invalids' Hotel, at Buffalo, N. Y., destroyed by fire a year ago, is rebuilt and full of patients. For "Invalid's Guide Book," giving particulars and terms of treatment, address, with two stamps, WORLD'S DISPENSARY MEDICAL ASSOCIAT'N, Buffalo, N. Y.

Tun palmy days of a boy's life are those in \$30 Per Week can be made in any locality, thich he gets properly spanked by his mother.

THE American kiss, it is announced, is to be the subject of a book to be published soon. As Dr. Holmes would say, the shape of the volume should be e-lip-tickle.

"MAGNIFICENT promises sometimes end in paltry performance." A magnificent excep-tion to this is found in Kidney-Wort which invariably performs even more cures than it promises. Here is a single instance: "Mother has recovered," wrote an Illinois girl to her Eastern relatives. "She took bitters for a long time but without any good. So when she heard of the virtues of Kidney-Wort she got a box and it has completely cured her liver co

"Uncle," said ayoung rascal to his worthy

Maine News. Hop Bitters, which are advertised in our columns, are a sure cure for ague, biliousness and kidney complaints. Those who use them say they cannot be too highly recommended. Those afflicted should give them a fair trial, and will become thereby enthusiastic in the praise of their curative qualities.—Portland

"TAKE back the heart thou gavest." He was a butcher, and she wanted liver. They don't speak now .- St. Paul Dispatch.

I HAVE the utmost confidence in the mails. Enclose \$1 for two boxes, or \$2.50 post-office order for six boxes of Celery and Chamomile pills and I will take all risk for money and goods. Dr. C. W. Benson, 106 North Eutaw St., Baltimore, Md. Also proprietor of his new remedy and favorite prescription, known as Dr. Benson's Skin Cure, recognized every-where as the only safe and sure remedy for all

RESTAURANTS are using fine shavings for cold slaw, because cabbage is too high. -Bal-timore Every Saturday.

Write to Mrs. Lydia E. Pinkham, No. 233 Western Avenue, Lynn, Mass., for pamphlets relative to the curative properties of her Very-table Compound in all female complaints.

WE'D like to be introduced to the man who

Every color of the Diamond Dyes is perfect. See the samples of the colored cloth at the druggists. Give them one trial and

OLEOMARGARINE, despite its high-sounding name, is butter fraud after all.—Boston Com-mercial Bulletin.

FLIES, roaches, ants, bed-bugs, rats, mice, crows, cleared out by "Rough on Rats." 15c.

THIRTY years is said to be the life of a locomotive. Possibly they would live longer if they did not smoke so much.

Rescued from Death. William J. Coughlan, of Somerville, Mass., says: "In the fall of 1876 I was taken with a violent bleeding of the lungs, followed by a severe cough. I was admitted to the City Hospital. While there the doctors said I had a hole in my leitlung as big as a half dollar. I gave up hope, but a friend told me of Dr. Wm. Hall's Bal-sam for the Lungs. I got a bottle, when to my surprise I commenced to feel better, and to-day I feel in better spirits than I have the past three years. I write this hoping that every one afflicted with Diseased Lungs will take Dr. WM. HALL'S BALSAM POR THE LUNGS, and be con vinced that CONSUMPTION CAN BE CURED. Also a sure remedy for Colds, Coughs, and all Chest and Lung Diseases. Bold by druggists.

THE boy who was kept after school for bad orthography said he was spell bound

SKINNY MEN. "Wells' Health Renewer" restores health and vigor, cures Dyspersia. \$1.

Song of the cheese—"Will you love me when I mould?"—El. Ry. Journal. FARMERS, teamsters, don't experiment, but use Frazer Axle Grease. It is the best.

Ir afflicted with Sore Eyes, use Dr. Isaac Thompson's EyeWater. Druggists sell it. 25c.

TRY the new brand, "Spring Tobacco."

THE MARKETS.

| | New Yor | K. Ma | y 2, | 1882, |
|----|--------------------------------------|---------|------|---------|
| | LIVE STOCK-Cattle | \$12 50 | 8 | \$15 00 |
| | Sheep | 7 (0) | 0 | 9.00 |
| | Hogs | 6 50 | 0 | 7 75 |
| | FLOUR-Good to Choice | 5 85 | 0 | 9 00 |
| | Patents | 7.50 | 60 | 9 25 |
| | WHEAT-No. 2 Red | 1 475 | 10 | 1 47% |
| | No. 2 Spring | 1 43 | 6 | 1 44 |
| | CORN | 83 | 0 | 84 |
| | OATS-Western Mixed, | 594 | 0 | 62 |
| | RYE | . 87 | 0 | 945 |
| | PORK-Mess | 18 25 | 6 | 18 50 |
| ١, | LARD-Steam | 11 45 | 6 | 11 47% |
| ŀ. | CHEESE | 8 | 6 | 12% |
| | WOOL-Domestic | 33 | 0 | 48 |
| | CHICAGO. | | | |
| | | \$7 60 | 62 | \$7.85 |
| 1 | Choice | 7 30 | 0 | 7.50 |
| | Good | 6 90 | 6 | 7 15 |
| | Medium | 6 50 | 6 | 6 75 |
| | Butchers' Stock | 4 25 | 03 | 6 25 |
| | Stock Cattle | 3 75 | 6 | 5 00 |
| ۱ | HOGS-Live-Good to Choice | 5.50 | 6 | 7.75 |
| , | SHEEP | 6 00 | 0 | 8 00 |
| ٦, | BUTTER-Creamery | 24 | 0 | 29 |
| | Good to Choice Dairy | 2) | 0 | 25 |
| | EGGSFresh | 6 25 | 69. | 15 |
| r. | FLOUR-Winter | 4 50 | 66 | 6 75 |
| | Spring | 6 50 | 6 | 7 50 |
| • | Patents GRAIN-Wheat, No. 2 Spring | 1 39 | 96 | 1 40 |
| ľ | Corn, No. 2 | | 6 | 74% |
| r | Outs, No. 2 | 53 | 63 | 5334 |
| | Rye, No. 2 | 83 | 6 | 84 |
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is the only honestly guaranteed remedy placed before the public. We guarantee every bottle to give satisfaction or return the money. Lead-ing physicians testify to its being harmless and good, eminent divines declare it excellent and unequaled and people everywhere bear cheerful and voluntary testimony to its great virtue.

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is unfailing and infallible in curing Alcoholism and Opium Eating. To come before the public with an absolute cure or a specific to remove the desire for alcoholic stimulants or the habit of opium cating, seems to many, we have no doubt, an absurdity; such is the case nevertheless, and before offering our medicine to the public we thoroughly convinced ourselves by actual experience that it would do all we claim

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Joe. package makes 8 gallous of
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WHEN WRITING TO ADVERTISERS.

CAN'T fool Barnum on any "show business." Jumbo cost him \$30,000, more or less, but he paid for himself within a week after he landed

RALPH WALDO EMERSON, the sole American specimen of the genus philosopher, died at his home in Concord, Mass., on Thursday, April 27.

ONE Frank McManus, who had brutally outraged a little girl, was taken from the jail at Minneapolis by a mob and hanged. He confessed the crime, but said that he was drunk when he committed it.

LAMSON was hanged. The English courts did not see that an excessive use of opium was a justification of murder or even an excuse for the murderer, and called in Jack Ketch. Lamson confessed the crime.

OH! no, they won't fight. That's not the kind of Bs they are. B of Maine is a talker and B of New York is "sheeny" banker, but neither of them will shoot (at anything that might shoot again) or be shot at if they can avoid it.

MR. CONGER, in the senate, is doing the same dirty work that Hubbell and Horr are doing in the house, filibustering against the bill to confirm the titles of holders of land within the limits of the Ontonagon grant. That his labor is in vain does not make his course less despicable.

THE trial of the Malleys for the murder of Jennie Cramer is in progress and the case seems to be going against them. If the woman, Douglas, squeals the boys will hang, without much doubt. Unless she does they have a show to get off with imprisonment.

Just as we expected, Don Henderson won't play. He has his hands full with his own work and has no bee in his bonnet singing of the pleasures or profits of state offices, so he declines the proffered honor. Look elsewhere for a secretary of state, gentlemen. Editors, like Don, can not be spared for the

CHALMERS, the hero of the Fort Pillow affair and the representative of the "shoestring district' of Mississippi in congress was unseated on Saturday last and the contestent, Lynch, a mulatto, given the place. It was an act of mere justice. The district is overwhelmingly republican and Chalmers held the seat by virtue of fraudulent count only.

THE Schoolcraft County Pioneer says "If there is an anti-Ferry man in the republican party in this county we have never heard his name spoken." And this is right up in Jay A. Hubbell's own district, too.—Evening

We can hardly say as much for Delta county, but we can say that the Hubbell men are as scarce as hen's teeth. Even the postmasters can not be counted on for "our lay."

BELMONT, M. C. from one of the New York districts, and Blaine, late secretary of state, had a lively till before the committee on foreign affairs on the 27th, which wound up with a declaration by Belmont that Blaine was a "bully and a coward." That he is a bully is no news, and Mr. Belmont might as well have saved his wind, and if he is a coward he will take no further notice of the New Yorker's language, so, again he wastes his wind. There is nothing either entertaining or instructive in the whole business.

"DOCTOR DUNDASS," of Ludington, Mason county, member of the lower house of the legislature, thick-and-thin advocate of the O. & B. R. land steal and true henchman of "our Jay," has received his reward. A crippled soldier, against whom there was no complaint concerning his discharge of the duties of his office, has been removed from the postmastership to make way for "Doctor Dundase," who, if he serves without becoming a defaulter, will disappoint a majority of those who happen to know him, and who is especially unfitted by boorishness (even were he honest) to occupy the position. Credit Hubbell with another faux-pas.

THE Marshall Statesman puts up the name of James H. Campbell, of Muskegon, as that of its candidate for attorney-general and sends us a marked copy of the paper, inviting comment. We have little to make, Mr. Campbell has never, so far as we know done us any ill-deed that we should wish to punish by backing him for an office, nor, on the contrary is he a personal friend, whom we should wish to prevent from doing a foolish thing if we could. If he is a lawyer of such small calibre that he can not get a living by the practice of his profession it may be well enough to take the attorney general-ship, if he can get it, but if he is competent to win righteous cases in a instice's court and under sixty years old our advice to him is to let it alone.

MR. HUBBELL wanted to be absent from his place in congress for two or three weeks and asked unanimous consent to bring up the bill for the erection of the U.S. building at at Marquette. Mr. Holman, of Indiana, objected. Then Mr. Hubbell asked unanimous consent to suspend the rules and put the bill upon its passage. Mr. Randall, of Pennsylvania, objected. All which we learn from the Congressional Record, sent us by Mr. Hubbell, and marked. Poor Jay must therefore decide between neglecting his official duty or his "iron companies" in the state of Michigan. It is sad. Holman and Randall are unkind. Have they no bowels of compassion for a brother representative with "iron companies" and posts of the G. A. R. and all How any one other than a consistent know- Says a good word for W. H. Kipp, the sorts of annoying and vexatious things to at- nothing, can maintain the position we fail to railway agent, but insists that the Northwest-

JESSE JAMES has been heard from "in the spirit land," where he proposes to "make it ----d hot for Bob Ford" upon that person's

charcoal furnace at Newberry, fifty miles west of St. Ignace, on the D., M. & M. road, to utilize mense forests of hardwood in that vi-

HANLAN beat Trickett, the Australian, over the Thames course, on Monday last, as easily as he got away with Boyd, at Newcastle. Nothing else than a steam-engine can beat the pride of Toronto, and that must be a good

WAU-SA-KESIC CON-DE-GON, chief of the Ontonagons, died, at the age of 60 years, on April 25. He was a "good Injin," even before acquiring the qualification necessary in the case of a Dakota or Cheyenne, that of a "dead Injin."

SANDY FORSYTH has not forgotten how to fight Indians if he has been a dozen years or so on "soft" duty. In his late affair with the Chiricahuas in Arizona he marched his command seventy-eight miles and fought a sharp battle in forty hours, and without water at that.

THE assassin's book does not sell-his sister's lectures are not attended-the officials at the Washington jail have quit treating the dirty scoundrel "with distinginshed consideration"-Charley Reed will make his last effort in his behalf on Monday next, and then

THE only boom in iron now in progress is a small one in the Chattanooga district, and that is a healthy one, being merely a large increase in the capacity of the furnaces, amounting to nearly 100 per cent., brought about by improvements in the plant and not by increase in the number of stacks in blast.

VICTORIA'S youngest son, Leopold, was married, on the 27th to the Princess Helena, of Waldeck. What the English princes would do for wives, but for those picayune German "reigning families" is a conundrum. But then, the English royal house is platt-Deutsch, too, so it don't matter. There has not been an English sovereign on the British throne since the last Tudor, Elizabeth.

Some years ago an iron deposit was discovered in Orange county, North Carolina, which was shown to be extensive, and the ore was pronounced by assayers equal to our best. The Richmond and Danville railroad has just completed a branch which furnishes shipping facilities, and the Pensylvania iron and steel company has arranged for the entire output of the mine to be used in the manufacture of

ATTEMPTS have lately been made made to assassinate Vanderbilt and Cyrus W. Field by the use of "infernal machines." No harm was done in either case, though the one sent to Vanderbilt "went off" and set fire to a door mat. Field's suspicions were aroused and the package sent him was well water-soaked before being opened. A little judicious hanging is sorely needed in that village on Manhattan

HAMILTON S. WICKS, in a speech before the mining stock exchange, of New York, puts the value of the mining industry of the country in comparision with other leading industries, rather tersely. After stating that the annual yield "approximates a thousand million dollars," he says :

It is not only silver and gold that are embraced in this industry, though they are its crown jewels, but every mineral substance that is dug out of the ground. Is the great staple wheat any more important than coal? Is corn any more beneficent and valuable to mankind, all things considered, than iron? Take building stone and clay, minerals out of which the cities of the world are constructed, and do they not cut as fine a figure as cotton

THEY seem to have gotten over their scare in New York, and admit that "consumption appears to be steadily absorbing the output of the furnaces, and the unwillingness of sellers to make further concessions indicates that there is no immediate anxiety to market their production. Large consumers are said to be receiving supplies under extensions of previous contracts, which are of an open character so far as price and quantity are concerned, and in this way business is slipping along quietly without in any degree disturbing the surface. The tendency, both with buyers and sellers, is toward conservatism, and this imparts a quiet tone to the market, especially as comparatively few fresh orders pass through the hands of brokers or commission men." We quote from Chisholm's Mining Record. Domestic pig is quoted at \$25@\$25.50 for Ix, \$24@24.50 for ax and gray forge at \$22@22.50. Western markets are in the same general conditionconsumption and production keeping even pace; no speculation and no danger of wide fuctuations in value in either direction.

A WRITER in the Inter-Ocean, who insists "the Chinese must go," makes the following frank admission concerning them:

As a laborer the Chinaman can be relied on with much certainty. He never gets drunk, nor loses time from his work for any cause whatever. He never strikes. He works right on for the stipulated wages, and he will do as much when working for a dollar a day as though he were working for two. If he takes a contract he will fulfil it to the very letter; and if at the end he has lost by it he makes no complaint but goes to work at something else, with the same patient industry as before. Upon some of the great enterprises of the Pacific coast, such as the building of the Central Pacific and Southern Pacific railroads, he has been an invaluable ally; and in all labor enterprises requiring the work of many hands he has been found tractable, faith-

ful and constantly reliable. But John does not become an American citizen-he does not "rally" at the caucuses or "repeat" at the polls, and therefore members of congress have no use for him-he must go. ern does the fair thing "when it has to."

Our Neighbors.

(Marquette Mining Journal.)

—Rev. Kerr B. Tupper was the recipient of a "basket donation"-the basket containing a girl baby a week old, which he turned over to the poor-master. Cinders says: "Had it been left within a block of an editor's house, now-" and we can but remark that the Rev. K. B. T. must be very old, very circumspect and very dull, or Marquette gossips more than ordinarily charitable, if-

-"A Lady" writes complaining of the "illbred cubs" who annoy her on the streets, and threatening to shoot. Whereupon the Journal cries, "Shoot-and don't waste lead." It's the only thing the hounds are good for-to stop a bullet, and we've specimens of the

-Frank Clark was rounded up by Marshal French and corraled for thirty days by Judge O'Keefe, on complaint of his mother.

-Burglars made an attempt on the residence of Mayor Coles, but were scared off by

-Speaking of the \$100,000 verdict in Hallett Kilbourne's favor, the Journal man says that the suit was brought "against congress, in the person of the then speaker and sergeantat-arms, the former being Orpheus C. Kerr, and the latter John G. Thompson." "Orpheus" will put on style after that, and the inscription on the stone that marks the grave of Michael C. Kerr, of Indiana, will have to be corrected. "The old man" did not see that proof-that's evident.

[Menominee Herald.] -Is established in tts new quarters and

Fifield is happy.

-If the Wisconnsin & Michigan railroad company want to secure the water front near the furnace for ore docks, etc., it must hurry up as Hon. S. M. Stephenson has been approached by parties who desire to purchase the property for saw-mill purposes. He is holding the parties off for a few days until he can hear from the railroad folks.

So they have not "secured" it yet, eh? And now Sam wants to hurry them up a bit. Slippery cusses, as we told you. If they ever own that "water front" it will have to be giv-

-Saloon bonds are put at \$4,000 in Menominee, and enough to aggregate \$100,000 have been presented.

-Two Swedish immigrants came down with small-pox on Tuesday, and were sent to the pest house.

-The Corona leaves Menominee at 8 p.m., daily (except Sunday) for Manitowoc, connecting with the Chicago line.

Manistique Proneer.!

-Schools are closed to prevent the spread of scarlet fever, which appeared in the family

-The Major calls for straight party or ganizations and nominations. No more "fu ions" in his'n-or our'n either. -Two-year-old son of E. Ashford fell

down stairs, injured his spine, and will not, -Mr. Neihls house burned down on Mon-

day. It was old and of little value.

 A hook and ladder company is proposed -The township board put liquor-dealers' bonds to the maximun, \$6,000, circus licenses \$50, a day, each side-show \$10, dramatic or musical performance \$4 for the first day \$2 for the second and \$1 for each thereafter.

-Burdick & Orr is the firm now, E. N. Orr having purchased an interest.

[Ishpeming Agitator.]

-Dennis Lynch would ride in the skip from one level of the Superior mine to another and in so doing broke one of the rules of the mine, and his neck.

-The wife of one Fridstrom having died suddenly, common report accused her husband of having beaten her to death. At the post mortem the examining surgeons found no evidence of violence, but did discover that the woman had cancer of the stomach and effusion of blood in the pericardium, so Fridstrom is exonerated. Must be a nice man, though, of whom such a report could gain currency.

-The Agitator charges nothing for the xery sensible advice not to buy iron mines or iron mining shares without knowing something about the properties, because those who have those commodities to sell are not always strict-

-Is not satisfied with the distribution of the report of the state geologist.

[Green Bay Advocate.]

-Emma Basche, six years old was burned to death on Thursday. She was playing about an out-of-doors fire and her clothing

-The corner owned by the city, where the Harriman house formerly stood, is hauntedby typhoid, diphtheria, scarlet fever and chol-

-Mrs. Sarah M. Gray, matron of the Cadle Home, died at that institution on Saturday. -Ferdinand Haevers, a Belgian farmer residing at Casco, Kewaunee county, has fallen heir to a million.

flocks in Brown county. Kill them-and consider every dog a sheep-biter unless it can be proved to the contrary.

|Marinette Eagle.|

-The Judge don't skeer worth a cent at the comet and the Eagle will be issued as

-Beckwith, of Oshkosh, wants to buy the railway eating-house. All he has to do is to bid high enough. "Curt" will sell anything he owns, for his price. | Marinette North Star. |

-Goes for Dr. (?) Kiersted, considerably

It appears that "a rogue of a law" that they have in Wisconsin does not allow of miracles such as the quasi-doctor advertises. -The Odd Fellows celebrated some anni

versary or other on Wednesday. Had a good time-a speech, a feed and a dance.

EVOLUTION NO. 2.

Correspondence.

Last week we were looking for some start ing point for evolution. Herbert Spencer goes further back in the process than any other evolutionist, and assures us that we must start that that with which he does really start is not n unity, or the homogeneous. But we find unity, but plurality and diversity. Then if it was perfectly homogeneous we do not see what there would be to differentiate it, or how t could ever become anything else. Mr. Spencer admits that even one self-existent thing is unthinkable, and that a multitude of self-existent things is absurdity. He therefore relegates this question of a beginning to the

Well, we will not bother our brains any more about unity or a beginning, but do as other evolutionists do, begin where we are a mind to. Huxley, Haeckel and Tyndall begin with matter, all the existing kinds of matter, each with its specific properties, and modes of action, and laws, and do not try to go back of that stage in the process. Darwin starts far short of this. He begins with the material world as it now is, and a vegetable germ, and probably an animal germ, both containing life. He does not try to tell how these germs came to be. They may have been created by a supernatural power, or they may be natural products. He does not profess to know which. None of the noted evolutionists, 'xcept Bastian, think that man has ever succeeded in producing life by natural agencie. But some of them think that it may have spontaneously come to be in some unusual collocation of forces and matter, and endeavor to show how it might thus become.

It does really seem to be rather an insufficient and defective system of philosophy which cannot carry us any further back in the explanation of things than to the germ of Darwin, or the Bathybius of Huxley, or the Moneron of Hæckel, or even the multiform of Spencer, which he calls the homogeneous. If we cannot go back farther than this, we will have to leave a long chapter in the hands of Theists. How from unity came all these varieties of matter? Why does each kind possess the particular properties that it does? Why does a new combination of elements result in a new set of properties? What determines the modes of action of each kind of matter? What has fixed the laws of nature? What has determined the present order of nature. instead of some other order? To these questions evolution as yet offers no answer. But then we must content ourselves with what we can get, and hope for something better. Our next question will be, "what theory of evolution can we adopt?"

EVOLUTIONIST.

ORE SHIPMENTS.

Statement of iron ore shipped from the port of Escanaba for the season up to and includng Wednesday, May 3, 1882.

Marquette Mines—

| | | - | | | | - | - | - | | • | -453 |
|----------------------|-----|----|----|-----|----|---|---|---|--|---|---------|
| Bessemer | | | | | | | | | | | 955 |
| Cleveland | | | | | | | | | | | 5331 |
| Cleveland hematit | e | | | | | ¥ | | | | | 88o |
| Jackson | | | | | | | | | | | 7536 |
| Jackson South . | | | , | | | | | | | | 563 |
| National | | | | | | | | | | | 1923 |
| National New York | | | | | | | | | | | 2204 |
| Pittsburg & Lake | | Su | pe | :ri | 01 | | | | | | 4079 |
| Palmer | | | | | | | | | | | 3461 |
| Saginaw | | | | | | | | | | | 1222 |
| Superior | | | | | | | | | | | 7200 |
| Superior hematite | | | | | | | | | | | 1443 |
| Wheat | | | | | | | | | | | 864 |
| Winthrop | | | | | | | | | | | 1353 |
| Total | | | | | | | | | | | 30509 |
| Menominee Min | ies | - | | | | | | | | | |
| Chapin | | | | | | | | | | | 0°12980 |
| Commonwealth . | | | | | | | | | | | 13550 |
| Eagle | | | | | | | | | | | 1409 |
| Florence | | | | | | | | | | | 8361 |
| Hewitt | | | | | | | | | | | 1035 |
| Keel Ridge | | | | | | | | | | | 667 |
| Norway | | ٠. | | | | | | | | | 7507 |
| Perkins | | | | | | | | | | | 5222 |
| Quinnesec | | | | | | | | | | | 1556 |
| Vulcan | | | | | | | | | | | ,7198 |
| Total | | | | | | | | | | | 59485 |
| | | | | | | | | | | - | |

Grand total from Escanaba Statement of iron ore, pig iron and quartz shipments from Marquette and L'Anse from opening of navigation to Wednesday, May 3,

| | | | | | LR. | | | | | | | | | | |
|------------------------------|-----|----|----|----|-----|----|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|-------|
| Milwaukee . | | | | | | | | | | | | | ٠ | | 1743 |
| Cleveland | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 4622 |
| Lake Superior | ١. | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 3134 |
| West Republi | C | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 930 |
| Republic | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 4950 |
| Champion | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 2181 |
| Argyle | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Total from | M | ar | qu | et | te | NI | Ė | | ٠ | • | ٠ | ٠ | ٠ | | 17843 |
| Pig iron- Pioneer Furn | ac | e | | | | | | ٠ | | | | | | | 50 |
| Deer Lake . | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 85 |
| Deer Lake . | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Total pig in Ore to local | 101 | ١, | | | | | , | | | , | | , | , | , | 135 |

THE WEATHER.

The following is the meteorological report for the week ending May 3, at Escanaba

| Date. | Mean | Mean | W | Weather | | | |
|----------|--|--|------------------------|--|---|--|--|
| Date. | Bar. | Ther. | Dir'n. | Force. | W Cather | | |
| April 27 | 99.942 30.079 30.180 29.981 30.043 30.184 29.913 | 39.7 41.3 34.3 40.0 31.0 37.0 45.3 | NE N S N S | Fresh. Fresh. Brisk. Brisk. Brisk. Fresh. | Cloudy. Cloudy. Fair. Fair. Clear. Fair. | | |

Sealed Proposals.

DELTA COUNTY CLERK'S OFFICE; Escanaba, May 2, 1882.

Sealed proposals will be received by the building committee for the erection of a court house for Delta county, Michigan, until the first day of June, A. D. 1882, according to plans and specifications to be seen on the 15th day of May at the office of the county clerk in the village of Escanaba, in said county, and at the office of the architect, J. McDonnell, in the city of Green Bay, Wis. The committee reserves the right to reject any and all the bids.

J. D. FOLLMER,

-The best cough medicine is Tar Honey

House for Sale.

North-east corner of Hale and Wolcott streets, at a bargifin. Inquire of I. K. Har-

HEAR YE! HEAR YE!

MIXED PAINTS ALL COLORS.

White as well as Black, for Buildings, Vessels, Wagons, and everything that needs painting

BY THE GALLON OR BARREL

At half the price of the old way of buying lend and mixing it yourself, and will last longer.

Also one car of Fresh Lime, one car of Building Paper, one car of rarest jewels of Cooking Stoves, one car of Nails, and in fact lots of all kinds of Building Materials and

GENERAL HARDWARE

At rock bottom prices, at

WALLACE'S ESCANABA HARDWARE STORE.

JEWELRY.

LOUIS STEGMILLER

STANDARD AMERICAN WATCHES.

Perfect time-keepers, at prices heretofore unheard of, and

Fine Jewelry, Silverware and Clocks AT RATES EQUALLY FAVORABLE. CA

FLOUR, FEED, &c.

BITTNER, WICKERT & CO.,

——DEALERS IN——

FLOUR, FEED, HAY AND GRAIN,

Oatmeal, Cornmeal, Graham and Rye Flour, Flax Seed, Grass Seed, Peas and Beans, and pay CHICAGO PRICES FOR FURS.

At the southeast corner of Ludington and Wolcott streets.

DRY GOODS.

THE ONE PRICE STORE.

MYERS EPHRAIM,

Dry-Goods, Boots, Shoes & Gents' Furnishing Goods.

An entire suit of ready-made clothing for less than cost. An Also Merchant Tailoring,

JOHN BRAITHWAITE,

Furniture, Moulding, Frames, Brackets, Etc., Etc. All of the latest styles and at outside prices.

SEWING MACHINES, COFFINS AND TRIMMINGS. Ludington street, opposite the Livery Stable.

BOOTS AND SHORS

CONRAD LINS,

Having removed to the north side of Ludington street, may now be found one door east of Dixon's, where he is prepared to supply his friends with all descriptions of

HAND-MADE FOOT-WEAR.

Of the best materials, in the highest style of workmanship and at low prices. WELL SHOD IS WELL DRESSED, AND THE BEST IS THE CHEAPEST.

MEAT MARKET.

A. & H. BITTNER

City and Marine Meat Market, In their new brick building adjoining their old location, with a LIVE STOCK of choice, corn-fed, Iowa

Beef Steers, and will keep constantly on hand a full assertment of the ber FRESH, SALTED & SMOKED MEATS.

Canned Meats and Fish of all descriptions, Sausage and Mince Meats, Choice Dairy Butter, Fresh Eggs, Cheese, etc., and all at the most reasonable prices.

#3 Thankful for past support, they proffer their services anew, and solicit a continuance thereof. ***

MERCHANT TAILORING.

JOHN PECK, MERCHANT TAILOR.

Will keep constantly on hand a large and well selected stock of Cloths suitable for

Gents', Youths', and Children's Clothing,

Susts made to order in the latest styles, and a perfect fit guaranteed. People will find it greatly to their vantage to examine my goods and prices before purchasing elsewhere, as I warrant them. Good suits for \$25. Ludington St., Escanaba, Mich.

N. LUDINGTON CO.

LIUIMIBIEIR

Either at Wholesale or Retail,

t lower prices than can be obtained elsewhere. They manufacture the very best Lumber on the bay shore LUMBER YARD IN THE REAR OF "THE IRON PORT" OFFICE.

GEO. LANSCIGNE Bark River CHAS. J. STRATTON Bay de Noquette SECRET SOCIETIES.

ELTA LODGE, No. 195, F. & A. M. Regular communications are held at their hall, over Ephraim's store, on the third Thursday in each month. J. A. Aspinall, W.M., F. E. Harris, Sec. SCANABA LODGE, No. 118, I.O.O.F. Regular meetings are held in their hall, over P. N. Cardozo's store, every Monday evening. James Harris, N. G. F. H. Atkins, Sec. C SCANABA LODGE, No. 85; I.O.G.T. Regular meetings are held in their hall, over P. N.

Cardozo's store, every Tuesday evening. Hatton, W.C.T., Edward Lewis, Sec. SCANABA LODGE NO. 117, A.O.U.W. Meets every Wednesday evening in Odd Fellows' Hall. J. N. Mead, M. W., O. E. Lewis, Rec.

TEMPLE OF HONOR, NO. 17. "Hope of our village." Meets on Friday evening at Odd Fellows' hall. W. J. Hatton, W.C.T.; J. C.

CHURCHES.

ST. JOSEPH'S. Rev. Jos. Niebling, pastor. Services in the morning at 8 and 10:30 o'clock; afternoon, catechism at a o'clock: evening, 7:30 o'clock.

DRESBYTERIAN. Rev. E. W. Garner, pastor. Services at 11 and 7:30 o'clock; Sunday school at 12 o'clock; prayer meeting Wednesday evenings at 7:30. METHODIST EPISCOPAL.

The Rev. B. S. Taylor, pastor. Services at 11:00 and 7:30 o'clock; Sabbath school at 12 o'clock; class meeting at 6:30 o'clock; prayer meeting Thursday evenings at 7:30 o'clock.

TIME TABLES.

"HICAGO & NORTHWESTERN R'Y TRAINS AT ESCANABA.

GOING NORTH. 7:30 am No. 1 (Passenger) 10:55 am M ENOMINEE RIVER RAILROAD. TRAINS AT MEN. RIVER JUNC. TRAINS AT FLORENCE. 5:05 am

STEAMER LADY WASHINGTON

Is now fully equipped and will hereafter run every day between Escanaba and the landings on Big Bay de Noquette, leaving Garden at 6 a.m., Sturgeon River at 7 a.m., and Fayette at 8 a.m. Arriving at Escanaba at 11 a.m. and leaving at 1 p.m. For freight or passage apply on board. THE STEAMER WELCOME.

Capt. H. W. HART,
Will ply, during the season between Green Bay and
Garden calling at all way ports. She will be here on
Tuesdays at 2 p. m., and Saturdays at 2 a. m.
For freight or passage apply on board.

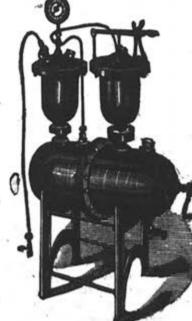
THE STEAMER M. C. HAWLEY.

Capt. THOS. HAWLEY,

Will, until further notice, make two trips a week between Green Bay and Manistique, leaving Escanaba
for Manistique on Mon-ay and Thursday mornings
and for Green Bay on Tuesday and Friday mornings.
She connects at Manistique with the Van Raalte
forming a line to Cheboygan. For freight or passage
apply on board.

POP FACTORY.

OHN DINNEEN, -Manufacturer of -



Temperance beverages, Corner of Langley and Mary Streets, Escanaba, Michigan.

Will supply dealers and Pop. Mineral, Soda and Ærated Waters, and his own specialty Gingerette, daily, in any quantities, on the most favorable torns.

He has disposed of all other and will devote his entire attention to this business. 47

MISCFILANPOUR.

GRAY'S SPECIFIC MEDICINE. TRADE MARK The Great Frields Remedy.

An unfaring cure for Seminal Weakness, Sper storthen, Impotency, an al. Cleases that follow as a sequence of Self-Abuse; as as Loss of Memory, Universal Lassitude, Pain in the back, Dimness of Vision, Premature old age, and many other Diseases that lead to insanity or consumption and a prematule grave.

to intanity or consumption and a prematule grave.

AFTER TAKING.

23-Full particulars in pamphlet which we desire to send free by mail to every one.

23-Vhe Specific Medicine is sold by all druggists at \$1 per package, or six packages for \$5, or will be sent free by mail on receipt of the money, by addressing THE GRAY MEDICINE CO.,

No. 106 Main Street, Buffalo, N. Y.

Sold in Escanaba by Geo. Preston, and all druggists everywhere.

To Whom It May Concern.
The annual meeting of the Lake View
Cemetery Association will be held at the office of E. Glaser, in the village of Escanab, Delta county, Mich., on Tuesday evening, May 9, inst., at 6 o'clock sharp. All lot-owners are requested to attend. CHARLES S. BEATH, EMIL GLASER, Sec'y.

-All druggists sell Tar Honey for colds.

On the track of the railway near Bark River station, a quantity of clothing. The owner can recover it by proving property and paying expenses. Inquire of August Anderson, Barkville.

-For coughs and colds use Tar Honey.

Music Lessons.

Charles Koesterer, chorister and organist at St. Joseph's will give lessons on the Piano and Organ. Since he taught here last year he has himself been a pupil and tenders his ser-vices with full confidence that he can give satisfaction to pupils and employers. Call at Gagnon's jewelry store. 17tf

-Town talk, Tar Honey cures colds.

Notice

My wife, Minerva Shipman, having left my bed and board without any just cause or prov-ocation, all persons are hereby forbidden to trust her on my account, as I shall pay no bills contracted by her after this date.

Dated, at Winona, this fourteenth day of April, A. D., 1882.

WILLIAM W. SHIPMAN. -Stop that cough with Tar Honey.

Music Lessons.

Mrs. Rev. B. S. Taylor has consented to take a class in music. She has had long and successful experience in teaching, and hopes to be able to give satisfaction to those who please to patronize her. She is prepared to give lessons on the piano or organ, and also in cultivation of the voice.

Village Ordinances.

At a regular meeting of the village board, held at the clerk's office in the village of Escanaba, on Tuesday evening, April 18, 1882, section 4 of ordinance No. 9 was amended so as to read as follows

SECTION 4.—The rates of such license shall be as follows, to-wit: "For performance in any hall or room fifteen (\$55) dollars for the first day and five (\$5) dollars for each succeeding day. For performances in a tent or pavilion, fifteen (\$15) dollars for the first day and ten (\$10) dollars for each succeeding day."

By a vote of the board the clerk was instructed to cause the foregoing amended sec-tion four (4) to be published in the IRON PORT, a newspaper printed and circulating within said village of Escanaba, for three (3) successive weeks, and once in each week, before said amended section four (4), of ordinance No. nine (9) shall take effect.

EMIL GLASER, Clerk. 23

A Card.

To the farmers of Delta county, greeting. I take this method of informing you that I intend growing all kinds of vegetable plants likely to be called for in quantities to meet the demand. My cabbage plants will be the Marblehead, Mammoth, Fiat Dutch and Winningstaff; tomato plants, the Acme, and Hathaway's Excelsior. I shall also have celery and cauliflower plants. Cabbage plants at the garden, \$3 per thousand: less than one thousand, forty cents per hundred. Plants delivplants, twenty-five cents per dozen, \$1.50 per hundred. Orders can be left with Mr. Purdy or James Bacon. or addressed to me, box 288, Escanaba, Delta county, Mich. I can furnish turkeys' eggs at the rate of \$2 for fifteen.

Yours to command,

Yours to command,

Yours to command,

Tomato

STATE OF MICHIGAN.

STATE OF MICHICA ered in Escanaba, \$4 per thousand. Tomato plants, twenty-five cents per dozen, \$1.50 per hundred. Orders can be left with Mr. Purdy Escanaba, Delta county, Mich. I can furnish turkeys' eggs at the rate of \$2 for fifteen.

A. C. DARLING.

Triumphant,
Mrs. Seigfried, Marion, O., says Thomas' Eclectric Oil was triumphant in her case; she used it for a severe cold and pain inside, and was relieved in a few minutes. Sold by Geo. Preston.

On Thirty Days' Trial.

We will send Dr. Dye's Celebrated Electro-Voltaic Belts and other Electric Appliances on trial for thirty days to young men and older persons who are alficted with Nervous Debility, Lost Vitality, etc., guaranteeing speedy relief and complete restoration of vigor and manhood. Also for Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Paralysis, Liver and Kidney difficulties, Ruptures, and many other diseases. Illustrated pamphlet sent free. Address Voltaio Belt Co., Marshall Michigan.

A Renovating Remedy
Is to be found in Burdock Blood Bitters. As an antidote for sick headache, female weakness, billiousness, indigestion, constipation, and other diseases of a kindred nature, these bitters are invaluable. Price \$1. Sold by Geo. Preston.

American and European Doctors.

It is said by some of the most celebrated physicians in Europe and America that the German Hop Bitters are one of the best remedies now in use. Sold

A Friend In Need.

Time over and again Thomas' Eclectric Oil has proved a salutary friend to the distresed. As a reliable curative for croup in children, sore throat and bronchial affections, and as a positive external remedy for pain, it is a never failing antidote. Sold by Geo. Preston.

"Dr. Sellers' Cough Syrup," without exception, has given satisfaction. Our readers, give it a trial. Druggists keep it. Price 25c. a bottle. 26

An Important Discovery
Has been made whereby a successful vegetable combinatination has been introduced, which acts upon
the bowels, the liver and the kidneys, and at the same time imparts strength and vitality to the entire sy tem. Burdock Blood Bitters constitute this im-portant discovery. Price \$1. Sold by Geo. Preston

Symptoms of Paralysis.

A twitching of the eyes, numbness of the hands and feet, with more or less pain and throbbing at the base of the brain, are some of the premonstory symptoms of this rapidly increasing disease. German Hop Bitters should be taken when you are warned by any of these symptoms. Sold by all druggists.

Deaf as a Post.

Mrs. W. J. Lang, Bethany, Ont., states that for fifteen months she was troubled with a disease in the ear, causing entire deafness. In ten minutes after using Thomas' Eclectric Oil she found relief, and in a snort time she was entirely cured and her hearing restored. Sold by Geo. Preston.

If you have pimples, boils, salt rheum, rough skin, etc., take "Lindsey's Blood Searcher." Sold by

When you have had Catarrh long enough just send toc. to Dr. C. R. Sykes, 169 Madison Street, Chicago for his "True Theory of Catarrh."

ARCHITECT.



Architect, Contractor & Builder,

Prepares plans, specifications and building con-racts on reasonable terms. Buildings, either public or private, erected with dispatch, and all work guaranteed first-class, ESCANABA, MICH.

LEGAL

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION

LAND OFFICE AT MARQUETTE, MICH,
April 17, 1852.

Notice is hereby given that the following named
settler has filed notice of his intention to make final
proof in support of his claim, and secure final entry
thereof, and said proof will be made before the
Clerk of the Circuit Court of Delta county, at the
county sent on Monday, May 22, 1852, at 10 a. m.
David Oliver, homestead entry No. 1230, for the
a ½ ne ½ sec. 28, T 39 n range 24 west.

And names the following as his witnesses to prove
his continuous refidence upon and cultivation of said
tract, viz:

tract, vis:
Frank Okerlin, Frank E. Bacon and William Kel-logg, of Escanaba, and Peter Bracker, of Ford River Mich. 25 H H STAFFORD, Register.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

LAND OFFICE AT MARQUETTE, MICH., April 20, 1882.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and secure final entry thereof, and said proof will be made before the clerk of the circuit court of Delta county, at the county seat, on the 12th (Monday) day of June, 1884, at 20 a.m., vir. charles Crelly, Declaratory Statement No. 594,

for lots 1 and 2, sec. 23, tp. 38 north range 19 west. And names the following as his witnesses, to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said tract, viz.:
Patrick Greenan, Dennis Coffey, Michael Hogan and John Greenan, all of Sack Hay, Delta county, Mich. 26 H. H. STAFFORD, Register.

[First publication April 8.] DROBATE NOTICE.

STATE OF MICHIGAN,
County of Delta,
Notice is hereby given, that by an order of the Probate Court for the County of Delta, made on the third day of April, A. D., 1882, six months from that date were allowed for creditors to present their claims against the estate of Peter Robarge, late of said county, deceased, and that all creditors of said deceased are required to present their claims to said Probate Court, at the Probate office, in the village of Escanaba, for examination and allowance, on or before the second day of October next, and that such claims will be heard before said court on Monday, the 4th day of September, and on Monday, the second day of October next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of each of those days.

Dated Escanaba, Mich., April 3, A. D., 1882.

22 EMIL GLASER, Judge of Probate. STATE OF MICHIGAN,

[First publication April 8.] DROBATE NOTICE.

STATE OF MICHIGAN,) 45

County of Delta,
Notice is hereby given, that by an order of the
Probate Court for the county of Delta, made on the
3d day of April, A. D., 1882, six months from that
date were allowed for creditors to present their
claims against the estate of Andrew Schoon, late of
said county, deceased, and that all creditors of said said county, deceased, and that an erection of said deceased are required to present their claims to said Probate Court, at the Probate office, in the village of Escanaba, for examination and allowance, on or before the second day of October next, and that such claims will be heard before said Court, on Monday, the 4th day September and on Monday, the 2d day of October next, at to o'clock in the forenoon of each of those days.

of those days.

Dated, Escanaba, Mich., April 3, A. D., 1882.

EMIL GLASER, Judge of Probate.

THETWENTY-FIFTH JUDICIAL CIRCUIT. Terms of Court for 1889 and 1883.

Terms of Court for 1882 and 1883.
State of Michigan, 58.
Notice is hereby given that in pursuance of the laws of the State, I have fixed and appointed the times of bolding the several terms for the years 1882 and 1883 of the Circuit Court in and for the Counties constituting the Twenty-fifth Judicial Circuit of said State as follows, to-wit:

In the County of Marquette, on the first Tuesday in January, the fourth Tuesday in March, the fourth Tuesday in June and the fourth Tuesday in October.

In the County of Delta, the second Tuesday in February and the second Tuesday in August.

In the County of Menominee, the third Tuesday in February, the third Tuesday in May, the fourth Tuesday in November, and the third Tuesday in August. Dated, September 20th, 1881. C. B. GRANT, Circuit Judge of said Circuit.

[First Publication May 6, 1882.] ORDER OF HEARING.

deceased.

On reading and filing the petition, duly verified, of Noel Bisonette, praying, for reasons therein set forth, that an administrator may be appointed on the estate of said deceased.

Thereupon it is ordered that Monday, the 5th day of June next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, be assigned for the hearing of said petition, and that the heirs at law of said deceased, and all other persons interested in said estate, are required to appear at a heirs at law of said deceased, and all other persons interested in said estate, are required to appear at a session of said court, then to be holden at the Probate office, in the village of Escanaba, in said county, and show cause, if any there be, why the prayer of the petitioner should not be granted: And it is further ordered that said petitioner give notice to the persons interested in said estate, of the pendency of said petition and the hearing thereof, by causing a copy of this order to be published in the IRON PORT, a newspaper printed and circulated in said county, three successive weeks previous to said day of hearing.

(A true copy.)

[EMIL GLASER, Judge of Probate.

[First publication May 6, 1882.] DROBATE NOTICE.

STATE OF MICHIGAN,
COUNTY OF DELTA.

At a session of the Probate Court for said County,
held at the Probate office, in the village of Escanaba, on Monday the first day of May, in the
year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and
eighty-two.
Present, Hon. Emil Glaser, Judge of Probate.
In the matter of the estate of Joseph Richards, de-

Ceased.

John M. Wright, the administrator of said estate, comes into court and represent that he is now prepared to render his final account as such administra-

tor.

Thereupon it is ordered that Monday, the fifth day of June next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, be assigned for examining and allowing such account, and that the heirs at law of said deceased, and all other persons interested in said estate, are required to appear at a session of said court, then to be holden at the probate office in the village of Escanaba, in said county, and show cause, if any there be, why the said account should not be allowed:

And it is further ordered that said administrator give notice to the persons interested in said estate, of

And it is further ordered that said administrator give notice to the persons interested in said estate, of the pendency of said account, and the hearing thereof, by causing a copy of this order to be published in the IRON PORT, a newspaper printed and circulating in said county, three successive weeks previous to said day of hearing.

(A true, copy.) 25 Judge of Probate.

[First publication April 15, 1882.] DROBATE NOTICE. STATE OF MICHIGAN,) SS.

County of Delta. } ss.
In the matter of the estate of Philemon Thompson

County of Delta. 5 cm.

In the matter of the estate of Philemon Thompson deceased.

Notice is hereby given, that in pursuance of an order granted to the undersigned, administratrix of the estate of said deceased, by the Hon. Judge of Probate for the county of Delta, on the 19th day of March, A. D. 1883, there will be sold at public vendue, to the highest bidder, at the township of Fairbanks, in the county of Delta, in said state, on Monday, the 19th day of May. A. D. 1883, at one o'clock in the afternoon of that day (subject to all encumbrances by mortgage or otherwise existing at the time of the death of said deceased, or at any time thereafter, and also subject to the right of dower and the homestead rights of the widow of said deceased therein) the following described real estate, to wit: Part of southwest quarter of northeast quarter of section seventeen, township thirty-nine, north of range eighteen, west, described as follows: lying north of Garden Creek, and east and west of Point De Tour state road, excepting a certain piece conveyed by Philemon Thompson and Mariam, his wife to Antoine Deloria, as by deed dated June 19, 1879, described as follows: commencing at center of Garden Creek where state road crosses said creek, thence down the center of said croek fourteen rods, thence east ten rods, thence south until it intersects the east line of said southwest quarter of northeast quarter, thence south to center of said Garden Creek, thence westerly along the center of said creek to the place of beginning.

MARIAM THOMPSON,

MISCELLANEOUS.

Agents Wanted for the Lives and Frank &

ESSE JAMES. Complete and authentic account of these Bold Highwaymen. The latest information about the Shooting of Jease. The most interesting and exciting book ever written. Fully Illustrated. Complete outfit by mail, Forty cents. Terms very liberal, as FORSHEE & McMAKIN, Cincinnati, J. LEGAL.

[First publication April 27, 1882.]

LAND OFFICE AT MARQUETTE, MICE.,
April 17, 1880.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and secure final entry thereof, and said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court of Delta county at the county seat on Thursday, June 1st, 1882, at so a. m.:
Hercule Salva, homestead entry No. for the 2 ½ of sw ½ sec. 14, T 38, n R 24 west.
And names the following as his witnesses, to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said tract, viz:

his continuous restrictions in tract, viz:

Ole Peterson, James Burgeon, Thomas Campbell and Isaac Anthony, all of the township of Ford River Mich.

95 H. H. STAFFORD, Register.

MORTGAGE SALE.

Whereas Philemon Thompson and Mariam hiswife did, on the fourth day of September, A.D. 1867, execute and deliver to Eli P. Royce, all of Delta county, Michigan, a mortgage on the lands hereinafter described to secure the payment of two certain promissory notes of even date with said mortgage. Whereby said Philemon Thompson promised to pay said Eli P. Royce or order, the sum of six hundred dollars with interest at the rate of ten per cent. per annum which said mortgage was recorded in the office of Register of Deeds of Delta county, on the fourteenth day of January, 1868, at 8 o'clock p. m., in Book A of Mortgages, page 181, and the said Eli P. Royce, being now the lawful owner of said note and mortgage, and whereas the sum of six hundred dollars as principal and eight hundred and forty dollars as interest thereon, making in all the sum of fourteen hundred and forty dollars now due and unpaid thereon, besides an attorney fee of thirty dollars attorney fee of thirty dollars as tipulated for in said mortgage, no part having been paid; whereby the power of sale contained in said mortgage has become operative and no suit or proceeding at law or in equity having been instituted to recover said debt or any part thereof, therefore the said mortgage will be foreclosed by sale of the land therein described, by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage which sale will be made by the subscriber at public vendue at the front door of Royce's hall, on Tilden avenue, in Escanaba, Delta county, that being the place of holding the Circuit Court for said county of Delta on the 19th day of June, A. D., 1889, at two o'clock in the afternoon, which said premises are described in said mortgage as the north-east quarter and lot numbered two of section seventeen in township thirty-nine, north of range eighteen west.

March 24, 1882

DAVID OLIVER, Sheriff.

E. P. ROYCE, Mortgagee.

DAVID OLIVER, Sheriff. E. P. ROYCE, Mortgagee.

First publication April 15, 1882. MORTGAGE SALE.

Default having been made in the conditions of a certain indenture of Mortage made and executed by Michael Sell, of the village of Escanaba, in the county of Delta and state of Michigan, of the first part, on the 29th day of June, A. D. 1881, to Covell C. Royce of said village of Escanaba, of the second part, which said mortgage was on the twenty-ninth day of June, A. D. 1882, duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds for said county of Delta in Liber "D" of mortgages, on page one hundred and ninety-eight, which said mortgage was, on the seventh day of April, A. D. 1882, duly assigned by the said Covell C. Royce to John P. Wagner of said village of Escanaba, which said assignment was on the seventh day of April, A. D. 1882, duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds for said county of Delta in Liber "C" of mortgages on page two hundred and twenty-six, on which said indenture of mortgage there is now due and unpaid the sum of one hundred and twenty-five dollars as principal and interest and also an attorney fee of twenty-five dollars provided for in said mortgage should any proceedings be taken to foreclose the same; and no proceedings either at law or in equity having been instituted to recover the amount remaining unpaid or any part thereof, therefore notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale in said mortgage contained, I shall, at 10 o'clock a. m., on the 17th day of July A. D. 1882, at the outer door of Royce's hall, on Tilden avenue, in the village of Escanaba, in the county of Delta and State of Michigan, (that being the last place of holding the circuit court for the county of Delta sell at public auction, to the highest bidder, the premises described in said indenture of mortgage, or so much thereof as may be necessary to satisfy the said debt, interest thereon and expenses of said sale, and also the attorney fee provided for in said mortgage; which said mortgaged premises are situated in the village of Escanaba, in the county of Delta and state of Michigan, and parti to-wit: The north half (n) of lot numbered six (6), of block numbered seventy-seven, of the village of Escanaba as recorded in the register's office of said county of Delta, together with the hereditaments and appurtenances thereunto belonging or in any manner appertaining.

Dated at Escanaba this 14th day of April, A. D. 1882.

33 DAVID OLIVER, Sheriff of Delta Co.

J. W. Pinen, Attorney for Assignee of Mortgage.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Favorite Pepsine Prescription,

DR. MARTIN'S

FOR THE CURE OF

DYSPEPSIA, CONSTIPATION, Flatulence, Torpid Bowels,

Piles, General Debility,

And other affections arising from imperfect digestion.

Nature's Own Remedy, Pepsine,

Is largely involved in the manufacture of this mos priceless boon to suffering humanity. It is put up in the form of a Lozenge, agreeable to taste, convenient

ONE HUNDRED DOSES IN A BOX. TO

ONE DOLLAR. For sale in Escanaba by J. N. MEAD.

> MORRISON, PLUMMER & Co., Wholesale Western Agents, Chicago

HARDWARE.

GET THE BEST!



LEAD ALL OTHERS!

And they, with all articles comprised in a Hardware Stock can be found, and purchased at the lowest market rates at the new store and workshop of

North side of Ludington Street, Escanaba, one door

East of Wolcott Street. Work of every description in COPPER, TIN and

LEAD promptly dispatched-Plumbing, Roofing,

Guttering and Lining on short notice and the most

Builders' Hardware

On hand or furnished upon plans and specifications

TABLE WARE. ATKINS & McNAUGHTAN,

GROCERS

Make a specialty of the best Table Ware. They have just introduced



A Beautiful White Ware decorated in Brown, and IVORY BROWN INDUS



A ware fit for the tables of Princes, and say of them:

"These are stock patterns with us, and can be sold in separate pieces and matched, for years to come, as readily as white ware."

CALL AND SEE THEM.

BUGGIES.

THE Columbus Buggy COMPANY,

COLUMBUS, OHIO Sells the BEST BUGGY on the GLOBE for the MONEY. Send for CATALOGUE and TESTI-MONIALS of HUNDREDS of LIV-

Be sure, before buying, to examine the Name Plate, to be found on the rear of every Buggy manu factured by us, for none are genuine unless they bear the name of

ERYMEN who have used them.

Columbus Buggy Co., COLUMBUS, OHIO.

Many inferior goods are offered as Columbus Buggies, and care should be used to distinguish between "Columbus Buggies" and Columbus Buggy Co's

For Sale by Dealers Everywhere

CLOTHING.

KNUTE NELSEN'S Clothing & Dry-Goods Store

Located on Ludington St., next door to Stack's, where he keeps a full and complete stock of GENT'S FURNISHING GOODS, HATS, CAPS, TRUNKS, VALISES

Which he offers to the public at the lowest prices.

\$5,000 worth of Piece Goods alone, of new and elegant patterns—foreign and domestic textures—carefully selected for MERCHANT TAILORING,

Which he will henceforth make a specialty, and has therefore secured the valuable services of

Mr. John W. Lavender, late from Chicago, an artistic cutter of many years experience in fine tailoring and a thorough journeyman in fact. He knows his business, and don't you forget it. If you want a stylish and perfect fitting garment call at Nelsen's.

F. D. CLARK,

HARNESS AND SADDLES

ALL REPAIRING DONE PROMPTLY AND NEATLY. OLD STAND-TILDEN AVE.

MARBLE WORKS

Mendlik & Spevachek,



Italian & American Marble MONUMENTS, GRAVESTONES, MANTLES, TABLE TOPS, COPING, Erc. Also dealers in the famous Scotch Granite Men-uments and all kinds of Building Stone.

LIQUORS.

Opposite Court House, MARINETTE, WIS.



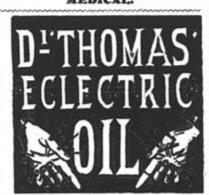
JOHN K. STACK, Wholesale Liquor Dealer.

variety and to suit all tastes. The Ph. Best Brewing Co.'s Beer, in wood and glass, at brewery prices.

Imported and Domestic Wines, Liquors

and Cigars. Tobaccos of every

MEDICAL.



It is Used.

Rheumatism is cured by THOMAS' ECLECTRIC OIL. A Lame Back of eight years standing was positively cured by 50 cents worth of

THOMAS' ECLECTRIC OIL. Common Sore Throat is cured with one dose of THOMAS' ECLECTRIC OIL. Coughs and Colds are cured by

THOMAS' ECLECTRIC OIL. All Throat and Lung diseases are cured by THOMAS' ECLECTRIC OIL.

THOMAS' ECLECTRIC OIL. Burns and Frost Bites are relieved at once by THOMAS' ECLECTRIC OIL.

THOMAS' **ECLECTRIC OIL** Always gives Satisfaction. SOLD BY MEDICINE DEALERS EVERY-

WHERE. Price 50 cts. and \$1.

FOSTER, MILBURN & CO., Prop'rs. BUFFALO, N. Y.

MISCELLANEOUS. Morphine CURED THOUSANDS of references from persons nor until Cured. Dr. J. STEPHENS, Le

GIVEN AWAY. Zimmerman Fruit Dryer How and for Turna, Address ZIMMERMAN FRUIT DRYER CO., Cincinnati, O.



DRUGGISTS, GROCERS AND GENERAL DEALERS SYSRYWHEER. John K. Stack; Escanaba, agent for the Upper

THE IRON PORT.

ESCANABA. 1 4 1 MICHIGAN

NEWS SUMMARY. Important Intelligence from All Parts.

CONGRESSIONAL fun Anti-Chinese bill was the only measure unidered in the Senate on the 25th, speeches made by Messrs, Slater, Hawley and ds....The contested election case of Lynch re. Chalmers was called up in the House, and its consideration was ordered by 155 to 40. The reading of the report consumed ninety minutes, and the remainder of the sestion was occupied in debate. The majority report of the committee declares that Chalmers not and that Lynch is entitled to the seat as representative from the Sixth District of

MR. SHERRAN introduced a bill in the Senate on the 27th repealing the law which forces the collarge of two million standard dollars per month and directing the manufacture of silver dollars when the Secretary of the Treasury deems if accessary for public convenience. The bill torepeal the section of the statutes prohibiting Confederates from holding posi-tions in the army gave rise to an animated disns in the army gave rise to an animated dis-sion. Mr. Educinial 164 the opposition, and sers. Vest, Garland, Maxey and Hampton, oke in favor of the proposition.

action was taken. The conference port on the Post-office Appropria-n bill was adopted, the item for fast tills for the principal cities being made 0,000..... In the House Mr. Townsend (O.) \$00,000.... In the House Mr. Townsend (0.) submitted a conference report favoring the pension feature in the ball to promote the efficiency of the Life-Saving Service. When the Mississippi contested election case came up, Mr. Lynch, the colored claimant, made an argument in his own behalf, while Mr. Chalmers entreated the House not, to disregard the decision of the Surgeme Const. of Mississippi. decision of the Supreme Court of Misregard the decision of the Supreme Court of Mississippi. A message from the President was read; recit-lik the lawless acts perpetrated by cowboys in Arizona, and recommending that the army be permitted to co-operate with the civil authorities.

adopted. Mr. Conger reported a bill repealing the tonnage tax on vessels trading with Canada, as also to reduce the hospital tax to forty cents per month on each sailor. When the Anti-Chinese bill came up, a motion to strike out the section in regard to skilled and un-skilled laborers was lost—20 to 25. After the rejection of several amendments, the bill was passed—32 to 15. Adjourned to May 1....In the House a resolution May 1... In the House a resolution was adopted that the Secretary of War furnish information as to the number of United States soldiers in Arizona, and whether legislation is necessary to guard life and property from de-struction by Indians. In the Mississippi con-tested election case, Messrs, Hooker and Tucker supported the claims of Mr. Chaimers, while Mr. Robeson argued against the decision of the Supreme Court of Missispipi, Mr. Calkins demanded the previous question, but no vote was taken.

THE Senate was not in session on the 29th ult.... In the House a resolution was adopted for sending a sub-committee to New York to take testimony in the Peruvian investigation. In the Mississippi contested election case, Mr. Calkins closed the debate by a speech of two hours. The vote on the minority resolution to seat Mr. Chalmers stood 104 to 125. On the resolution to seat Mr. Lynch, the colored contestant, the vote stood— ayes, 125; noes, 89. Mr. Lynch was excepted to the bar by Mr. Calkins, and sworn in by the Speaker.

DOMESTIC.

A Tucson, Arizona, dispatch of the 26th states that the American mining camp at Backnachi, In Sonora, had been raided by Indians; and all valuables carried away. A meeting was held In Tucson and resolutions were adopted to inform the President and Congress that nearly one hundred pioneers had been murdered by Apaches within a few days. Governor Sheldon had ordered the militis of New Mexico under arms, and General McKenzie had gone to El Paso to arrange for the co-operation of the Government of Chibnahua.

A PITIFUL accident occurred on the 26th on a railroad near Cedartown, Ga. A train-load of 100 convicts was on its way to a wood station where they were to be set to work, all the prisoners being fastened together with a long chain. Some of them got off the cars when the train stopped, but it started suddenly and without warning, and the unfortunate wretches were dragged helplessly along the ground, six of them sustaining fatal injuries.

By the collapse of a trestle, a train on the Hocking Valley Road was wrecked at Sand of State he had insisted that there should be Run on the 26th. W. B. Dewland, the engineer, and his son, the fireman, were instantly killed by steam, and Brakeman Hiles had both legs broken.

THE testimony in the Jennie Cramer trial at New Haven, Conn., on the 26th was given mainly by medical experts summoned by the prosecution, who concurred in the opinion, based upon the appearance of the body, that death was not produced by drowning.

SULLIVAN, the Boston pugilist, has been sentenced to three months' imprisonment in citizen of Boston and fracturing his jaw. THE pink-eye has again made its appear-

ance in the New York sale stables. Ox the 26th two thieves, named Betts and Browning, shot and killed Sheriff Campbell, at Lake City, Col., while he was attempting their arrest. They were captured and impris-

oned, and after nightfall a mob of citizens took them out of jail and hanged them, A zonnado visited Nanceburg, Ky., on the ville a dozen houses were blown down and a church unroofed.

hanged shem to a limb of a tree, side by side, for shooting James Smithing

Ar Uvalde, Tex., as the result of a dispute about the pre-emption of an eighty-acre tract, John Mitchell was tied to a tree on the 27th and whipped nearly to death, while his two for incompatibility of temper. sons were shot dead in his presence by two neighbors.

Mrs. Isaac Thompson, aged twenty-seven, dled in a dentist's chair at Omaha on the 27th from paralysis of the heart, while under the influence of chloreform.

Early on the morning of the 28th a tramp, who had brutally maltreated a four-year-old neapolis, Minn., and hung to a tree in front of

the High School in that city.

ROCHESTER (N. Y.) parties have proposed a

scheme to use Niagara Falls as a generator of electricity with which to light Chicago and New York. Two TRAINS on the Boston, Concord & Mon-

treal Railroad collided and telescoped a few days ago: One conductor was killed and a brakesnan was faially injured. A SAN FRANCISCO dentist named E Woodward recenty fatally shot a woman for refusing to become his wife, and then killed

During the seven days ended on the 27th ult.

there were 110 business failures in the United THE boiler of the Dalton Pall Company, at Elmira, N. Y., exploded on the 28th uft., kill-

ing Newell Olney and Frank Baker, proprietors, and injuring several others. THE annual report of the Lake Shore & Michigan Southern Raffroad, issued on the

28th ult., shows a deficiency of \$412,000. A LABGE body of Apache Indians were raiding along the Gila River, in Artsonn, on the 28th ult. Over fifty bodies of murdered whites had been found and buried.

Tun steamer Marion exploded her boller near Kingsville, S. C., on the 28th ult. There was a picuic party on board, of whom five were lost and four seriously injured.

REARPHARES

Thu wholesale tobacco establishment of Schriber & Co., of Cleveland, valued at \$100,000, was swept away by fire at an early our on the 28th ult.

NORTHERN TEXAS was visited on the 28th alt, by a storm centering near Denison and Sherman. Hall-stones as large as goose aggs are said to have fallen. Mr. Day, of Whitesboro, was killed, and many persons were injured. Stock was badly lacerated, and crops in the stricken belt were ruined. THREE negroes at Greenville, S. C., con-

victed of the crime of arson, were banged on the 28th ult. THE Denver & New Orleans Road on the evening of the 29th ult. drove the last spike

in its-track-between Denver and Pueblo.

A STATEMENT completed on the 20th ult. by the Post-office Department at Washington shows that up to April 22, 1882, there were 45,000 post-offices in the United States. This includes an increase within the month of April of 200 offices-fully fifty per cents of which is exhibited as having occurred in the

Southern States. /) In response to a recent resolution of the United States Senate, the Secretary of the Interior on the 29th ult. transmitted to Congress a letter from the Commissioner of Pensions giving the total number of pensioners upon the pension roll at 269,851, persons, the annual value of whose pensions was \$29,263,-

THE failure of the New Jersey Pottery Company of Trenton was announced on the 29th

ult., with liabilities of \$100,000. AT 8mi Jose, Cal., on the 60th tilt: John Brett and wife were burned to death by their residence taking fire in the night.

A DASTARDLY attempt was made in New York on the 20th ult. by some imiscreants on the lives of William H. Vanderbilt and Cyrus W. Field, by sending them explosives through the mails. Fortunately, the dangerous char-In the Senate on the 28th ult. a conference acter of the packages was discovered by the report on the Life-Saving Service bill was explosionlof one of the instruments in the mail bag while en route to the post-office station, and so, probably, loss of life was prevented.

FIVE HUNDRED White Mountain Apaches had broken out from San Carlos Reservation, on the 29th ult., and were headed for the Gila

JUDGE MCARTHUR, at Washington, on the 29th ult. set aside the verdict of \$190,000 ren dered in the case of Hallet Kilbourne, on the ground of excessive damages, and gave each side twenty days to make further motions.

PERSONAL AND POLITICAL.

Is the trial of Rerdell, one of the Star-route operators, in the Police Court at Washington on the 26th, ex-Attorney-General MacVeagh and ex-Postmaster-General James gave testi-

An Anti-Monopoly Convention was held at Albany, N. Y., on the 26th, at which 400 delegates were present. E. E. Davis was chosen President, and resolutions were adopted det manding the passage of laws compelling transportation .companies to fix rates for passengers and freight at the risk and cost of the service, with a fair profit added; the prohibition of construction the payment of rent were fearfully beaten by companies for works of a public nature; a State Railroad Commission; free canals and a rested liberal policy towards other waterways; prohibition of free passes; efficient laws against bribery and for the purity of the ballot; a public service founded on honesty and capability; equal rights and equal taxation and a free, unsubsidized press; the reservation of the public lands for actual settlers; the issue and control of the currency to be undertaken by the Government; etc., etc.

Воти houses of the Illinois Legislature have passed the bill to cede the Illinois & tion building. Michigan Canal to the General Government, subject to a vote of the people in November next.

MR. BLAINE opened his testimony before the House Foreign Affairs Committee in Washington on the 27th by stating that Mr. Belmont had made two absolute misquotations. He said that his examination had been based upon the assumption that as Secretary no definitive treaty of peace between Peru and Chili except after an adjudication of the Landreau claim, and that he (Blaine) desired that Mr. Belmont should correct this before the investigation ended, or he should not choose to consider Mr. Belmont a gentleman. Mr. Belmont replied that the construction he had put upon the dispatches was t' ret one, and told Mr. Blaine that he wa iy and a coward, and he would deal with him in private. Mr. Blaine said with deliberation: "This man has the House of Correction for knocking down a disgraced his place. He was put here to insult me. I beg to say that it is not in Mr. Belmont's power to insult me. He may say bully and coward as much as he pleases." The examination then closed.

RALPH WALDO EMERSON, the poet and philosopher, died at his home in Concord, Mass., on the evening of the 27th, aged seventy-nine

At Nashville, Tenn., the State Republican 27th, doing considerable damage. Near Mays- form, and renominated Alvin Hawkins for Governor.

Dr. HAYES, of Buffalo, the alleged inventor A MOB at Brookville, Kg., on the 27th took of the vulcanized rubber used in dentistry, William and Bradford Courts from fall and died a few days ago, aged seventy-eight years. PROP. S. I. CURTIS, of Chicago, has been

A DIVORCE has been granted to John B.

Andover Theological Seminary.

A STATE Convention will be held in Topeka, Kansas, on the 28th of June, to nominate a Legislature not having been called together to redistrict the State.

REPRESENTATIVE liquor-dealers from ten counties in Ohio met on the 28th ult. and at Fort Washakle on the 1st while attempting organized a State Protective Association. girl, was taken by a mob from the jail at Min- Leading citizens of Cincinnati had taken ranch and shot a Sergeant dead. steps to enforce the Pond and Smith laws. An Anti-Chinese Convention in San Fran-

cisco on the 28th ult. decided on measures looking to the speedy ejection of the Chinese from the Pacific coast, peaceably or otherwise. MRS. SCOVILLE, the sister of Guiteau, was the main object of her visit was to arrange Territories; that the President can warn for a lecture tour, but the outlook was a rath- the cowboys of Arizona to disperse at once. er gloomy one, and it was doubtful if she and then use the army to restore order, would make the venture.

graduating exercises of the artillery school at tion upon our Ministers and Consuls, to pre-Fortress Monroe on the 28th ult., and General

in the Senate was as follows:

pposed to the bill, were paired with M Gorman, Bayard, Saulsbury, Jackson, McPherson, Bansom, Davis (W. Va.), Jones (Fla.) and Lamar, in the affirmative.

A SECULAR.

A WASHINGTON dispatch of the 29th nlta status that Guiteau still coolly claimed that the Lord would take care of him. From the sale of autographs and photographs he had given Mr. Scoville \$300, and had paid a like amount for having his book printed.

THE funeral services over the remains of Ralph Waldo Emerson took place at Concord, Mass., on the 30th ult. At the house Rev. Dr. Furnessi of Philadelphia, made a few remarks, and at the village church E. Rockwood Hoar delivered a touching address and Bronson Alcott tremblingly read a poem. At the grave in Sleepy Hollow Cemetery, near that of Nathaniel Hawthorne, the Episcopal service was read by Rev. Dr. Hackins.

A COMMITTEE of the Garfield Club of New York went to Washington on the 29th ult. with a petition for the pardon of Sergeant Mason, containing 175,000 signatures.

FOREIGN.

In the city of Kamenetz, Russia, having a population of 22,000, the shops and bouses of all Jews were destroyed on the 26th by incendiary fires, the loss being 500,000 rubles.

Mr. GLADSTONE has announced that he

will soon introduce a bill making a gift to the tenant of all arrears of rent, the landlords to be compensated from the church fund. A raw days ago five convicts in the Quebec provincial penitentiary, while working out-side the walls, tied the Warden and started

off. He released one hand and alarmed the

guards with his revolver, but he was fatally

shot in the struggle which ensued. A DUBLIN (Ireland) woman has been sentenced to jail for six mouths for intimidation. She advocated the non-payment of rent.

PRINCE LEOPOLD, the youngest son of Queen Victoria, was married at Windsor on the 27th, with great pomp and ceremony, to the Princess Helena, of Waldeck. The Archbishop of Canterbury officiated.

THE Grand Trunk Railroad and the Great Western Railroad, of Canada, have been con-

SPECULATIONS in whisky caused the collapse of the London firm of Ruck, Fenwick & Ruck, on the 28th ult., with liabilities of £300,000.

A MARSEILLES dispatch of the 28th ult. states that a surveying expedition in South Oran, North Africa, had been surprised by bandits and forty persons had been killed and forty wounded.

Dr. Lamson, a native of the United States, and grandson of the Robert Schuyler who, many years ago, over-issued a large amount of New Haven Railroad stock, was hanged in London on the 28th ult. for the murder of his brother-in-law. He left a confession declaring that he poisoned the young man for whose murder he suffered.

COUNT FRANZ DE CHAMPIGNY, author, and member of the French Academy, died in Paris on the 30th ult.

A PLAN for the illumination of the Kremlin, at Moscow, by electricity was recently submitted to the authorities, who discovered on the 30th uit. that the intention was to destroy the structure during the coronation ceremonies.

AT Frankford, Ireland, on the 30th ult. a number of persons whose crime consisted in a gang of patriots, thirty of whom were ar-

A Moscow dispatch of the 30th ult. states that the Governor-General of that province had probibited the expulsion of the Jews. ALBERT YOUNG, a railway employe at Don caster, England, was arrested on the 29th ult.

for threatening the life of Oncen Victoria and would be taken to London; ; " NUMBER To Mines were discovered on the 29th ult. under the Moscow Railroad and beneath the imperful pavilion at the Moscow exhibi-

FORTY-THREE of the Egyptians concerned in the conspiracy against Arabi Bey were on the 29th ult. sentenced to exile. Several others would be hanged.

ALL the leading London papers on the 29th ult. published full biographies of Ralph Waldo Emerson, the articles, without exception, expressing sympathetic and affectionate admiration of his sweetness and dignity of character.

LATER NEWS.

HANLAN, the Canadian oarsman, won the \$5,000 hoat race on the River Thames, in London, on the 1st. Trickett, the Australian athlete, was his opponent. Hanlon's time was 27 minutes and 58 seconds.

THE obsequies of the late General Stephen A. Huribut, at Belvidere, Ill., on the 30th ult. were attended by nearly 15,000 people. The deceased was buried by the Masonic order of which he was a distinguished member.

THE Bible stolen from the Senate chamber at Washington was mysteriously returned on the evening of the 30th ult.

An advance guard of one hundred farmers from Holland arrived in New York on the 1st, and would settle on the Missouri River, in Dakots.

SENATOR BLAIR, of New Hampshire, appeared before the Peruvian Investigating Committee in Washington on the 1st and read a long defense of his action. He admitted Convention met on the 27th, adopted a plat- having accepted a retainer of stock for his services as counsel, but said that he returned it to Mr. Shipherd because of the probability that the subject would come up for Congressional action.

THE public-debt statement issued on the 1st makes the following exhibit: Total debt (incalled to the chair of Hebrew literature in the | cluding interest of \$11,898,370), \$1,957,425,-179. Cash in Treasury, \$245,574,580. Debt, less amount in Treasury, \$1,711,850,500. De-Clark, Jr., Membegof Congress from Missouri, crease during April, \$14,415,823. Decrease

since June 30, 1881, \$128,748,213. A LONDON dispatch of the 1st states that a battle had taken place between natives of Congressman at Large from that State, the New Calabas and followers of Oko Jambo, in South Africa, in which 2,000 persons were

slaughtered. JACK, a noted chief of the Utes, was killed to evade arrest. He had borrowed a gun at a

HEAVY snow storms and an earthquake shock were reported from the Alpine regions of Switzerland on the 1st.

In the United States Senate on the 1st Mr. Edmunds, from the Judiciary Committee, reported that no additional legislation is in New York on the 28th ult. She stated that necessary to suppress lawlessness in the Mr. Pendleton called attention to the PRESIDENT ABTHUR was present at the necessity of conferring criminal jurisdicvent outrages on American citizens in the far Hancock presented the diplomas.

The United States Senate on the 28th ult.

Passed the House Anti-Chinese Immigration Mississippi River Canal. In the House bills bill, with but slight amendments. The vote were introduced for the appointment of a special commission to promote commer In the Senate was as follows:

Your.—Beck, Butler, Call, Cameron (Wis.),
Chilcett, Coke, Davis (III.), Fair, Fariey, Garland, George, Grover, Hale, Hampton, Harris,
Hill Coll., Johnston, Jonas, Jones (Nev.), Maxev, Miller (Cal.), Miller (N. Y.), Morgan, Pendleton, Pugh, Saunders, Slater, Vance, Van
Wyck, Vest, Walker, Williams—32.

Naue.—Allison, Blair, Conger, Dawes, Edmunds, Frye, Harrison, Hawley, Hoar, Ingalis,
Laphani, McMillan, Morrill, Platt, Sherman—15.
Messrs, Aldrich, Anthony, Ferry, McDill,
Sewell, Logan, Window, Rollins and Keilogg, THE MARION EXPLOSION.

CRARLESTON, S. C., April 29. Full particulars are received here to-day of the terrible explosion of the steamer Marion yesterday, on the Wateres River, with an excursion party of ladics and gentlemen on board. at the time. The Marion was employed by the Government in removing obstructions from the river, and for some time past had been running up and down the stream, and the officers and crew had become well acquainted and popular with the people living upon the riverbank.

During the past week a number of young ladies and gentlemen living in the upper end of Richland County decided to organize an excursion party for a trip down the river, and sent a committee to the Captain of the Marion with the request that he would grant them the use of the steamer, with which request he courteously complied. The party took the steamer yesterday morning at nine o'clock, there being twenty-three ladies and twelve than at any time since his illness began, and as gentlemen, and they started off with glad anticipations of the pleasure of the day. Be. sides the excursion party, the crew numbered ten persons, making the steamer's load of living freight forty-five.

At eleven o'clock, when the steamer was in midstream, the boiler exploded with a fearful noise. At the time the entire excursion party was on the deck, and all of them in the immediate vicinity of the engine-room. The scene, when the smoke of the explosion died away, was fearful, and beggared description. For one moment the dense cloud of escaped steam hung over the debris, and men and women were senseless and bleeding upon the torn deck. Others had been thrown into the hold, and others still were buried under broken planks. The steamer was at first almost thrown over on her side, but she righted herself. Such of the male passengers and crew as had not been disabled went manfully to work to save the wounded and helpless women. The steamer was headed for shore, and, before she could sink, was run into shallow water. The force of the explosion blew off the entire upper deck. Many of the passengers were thrown into the water, but nany more fell back on the deck, some being seriously hurt and others only slightly bruised. The Captain and crew did brave work in saving the lives of the unfortunates, and but for their prompt action the victims of the disaster would have been trebled.

The saddest feature of the explosion was the absolute extermination of a whole family, the Misses Henry, four sisters, who were among the most loved and popular young ladies in Richland County. They had been standing on the deck directly over the boiler, and the explosion spent its full force upon them. The roungest, Miss Alice, was killed instantly. Miss Minnie, the oldest, was thrown a great distance into the air, and fell into the water. She was one of the first picked up, and died in fifteen minutes. The third, Miss Jane, was picked up in the end of the hold, nearly every bone in her body broken. She lived long enough to murmur "Thanks" to the young gentleman who lifted her mangled body. Tho fourth, a lovely brunette of eighteen, was so scalded as to be almost unrecognizable. Mr. Arnold Stiles, a middle-aged gentleman, one of the organizers of the excursion, was killed, his arms being torn from the body. John Jacobs and Hiram Tiller, two colored boat hands standing in the rear part of the steamer, were killed, it is supposed, by falling timbers, Colonel James Dushelles and Mr. Lawrence Adamson, who were standing near the Misses Henry, were also killed. Three other young ladies were also lost. One of them was to have been married next Friday. The number of persons killed or fatally nded will reach twelve. The extent of the injuries of many others cannot be definitely fixed yet. The town of Columbus was the nearest point at which succor could be gotten. and the presence there of one of the crew created the wildest excitement, and a reliof expedition was at once organized.

The Coroner's Jury this evening rendered a werdiet of accidental death, and exempted the officers of the boat from blame.

Lynched. Several recent horrible outrages in different parts of the country upon the persons of little girls have been summarily avenged by the citizens taking the law into their own hands and at once effectually disposing of the perpetrators of the terrible crimes. A St. Paul (Minn.) telegram of the 28th ult. gives the following account of the lynching affair at Minneapolis: The excitement in Minneapolis over the outrage perpetrated upon little Nina Spear by a tramp yesterday afternoon increased, without any appearance of concerted action, until about midnight, when squads of men began to assemble on the street corners and gradually, converged down Third street and Washington avenue in the direction of the county jail. There was no sound heard except the tramp of feet, and the attempt, so far as it succeeded, was conducted with remarkable discretion. The Vigilance Committee, now numbering about sixty persons, proceeded without noise by sundry routes to the county-anti-slavery in Boston and New York. He was 1:30. There was a noiseless consultation, and, headed by picked men, they marched to the door of the turnkey's room and demanded entrance, which was refused by Sheriff Eustis in person. The demand was repeated and refused. A few brawny shoulders were placed to the door, and it gave way with a crash. The Sheriff still resisted, but was taken in custody by the mob, disguised with handkerchiefs, and was forced into submission in the corridor leading to the cell-room. Then commenced a search for the prisoner, from cell to cell, by a dim light, but up to two o'clock without result. The committee made various demands upon the Sheriff to give up the prisoner, but he stoutly refused. About three o'clock access was obtained to the third tier of cells, where the prisoner was ordered to be confined. Two men suspected of being the one looked for were taken out. A burried investigation resulted in the partial identification of one, giving his name as Cromley, who was found in cell No. 3 on the third tier. He showed the utmost perve while he was being questioned by the vigilants, making no effort to conceal his face, and glibly answering the questions which were put to him. It was exactly 3:10 when he was brought into the corridor, and, escorted by the entire company of vigilants, the prisoner was marched to the house of Mr. Spear, where were gathered several ladies who had seen him before the commission of the act. No sooner was he presented than all the ladies declared positively that he was the culprit, the agonized mother exclaiming: "It is the man! Take him away!" While this dramatic scene was going on in one room, the victim of the outrage lay dying in an adjoining room.

The positive identification of the villain by the ladies was the signal for action, and, without noise or any demonstration, the prisoner was taken to a large oak tree on the southeast corner of the block diagonally across from the high school. The noose was prepared, one of the members of the committee climbing up and placing the rope over the limb. While this was in progress of performance the prisoner was asked if he had anything to say, and, without the least sign of fear, he replied that his name was Tim Cromley, and that he was from Boston, and had been here four months. When he was asked how he came to perpetrate the crime of which was guilty, he denied it, but afterwards confessed, and said it was done while he was drunk. His hands were thereupon tied behind him. The rope was then put over his neck and carefully adjusted under his rightear, and at 3:57, with his hat and books on, he was swing into eternity, the vigilants giving a long pull and strong pull which brought the wretch dangling in the air. The rope was then securely tied to the trunk of the tree. The remains were left dangling in the air, where crowds inspected them, as the news spread crowds inspected them, as the news spread rapidly over the city to the carly risers.

-One Boston house has lost three valuable vessels since the 1st of January.

The Death of Mr. Emerson.

Bosron, April M. Ralph Waldo Emerson died at Concord at ten minutes before nine this evening, passing away very quietly, in the presence of his son, Dr. E. M. Emerson, and his two daughters, Miss Ella Emerson and Mrg. Forbes, his son's wife, and Dr. Putnam, of Boston. He had been growing steadily weaker since Tuesday night, and arrived to-day at the point where delirium took possession of the brain. He labored this forenoon under the impression that he was away from home, and, while he recognized the faces about him, he quietly asked to be taken home. A gentleman who passed a portion of the day at the house, and who saw the dying man twice, says that in the forenoon he was recognized; sai had a brief conversation with him, but that in the after noon he seemed to be wandering and not quite so certain of the identity of those about him In the latter part of the day he suffered more the sunset hour arrived lapsed into uncon clousness, from which he did not awake.

The cause of Mr. Emerson's death was acute pneumonia. No stranger could have visited Concord during the past week and mot the people there without being impressed with the esteem in which Mr. Emerson was held by his neighbors. Men, women, and even little children, spoke tenderly of him and expressed earnest solicitude as to his condition. In 1776 Rev. William Emerson, father of

Ralph Waldo, figured prominently in the Revolution; was Chaplain of the Continental Congress, and was present at the famous fight at Concord.

Ralph was born in Boston, May 25, 1803. At eight years of age he catered the public grammar school and soon after the Latin school. He was noted as "one who loved to tritle in rhyme a little now and then." He entered Harvard in his fourteenth year, but was even then a good classical schoiar. His favorite study was Greek, and he was an apt translator, and excelled in composition and declamation. In his sophomore year he assisted his brother William in teaching a school which was held in his mother's house. In March, 1829, he was ordained minister of the Second Church in Boston, Bronson Alcott, who heard him preach that year, was struck "with the youth of the preacher, the beauty of his elocution, and the direct and sincere manner in which he addressed his hearers." In 1832 he resigned his place and gradually withdrew from the min-

In 1833 Mr. Emerson made a voyage to Europe for the benefit of his health, In England he formed the acquaintance of such men as Coleridge, Wordsworth, Carlyle, Walter Savage Landor and other famous literati. Returning to Boston in the winter, he commenced a series of lectures, and in 1834 preached for a time for the Unitarian Church in New Bedford. In 1855 he delivered a series of biographical lectures in Boston. In 1836, at the laying of the corner-stone of a monument commemorating the Concord fight, an ode written by him was sung. It contains the im-

Here, once the embattled farmers stood

And fired the shot heard round the world." In 1836 his book, entitled "Nature," was published, which met with so slow a sale that after twelve years only 500 copies were sold. In 1838 Mr. Emerson collected and published, in three volumes, "Carlyle's Essays," having previously edited the American edition of Sartor Resartus." In that year he, with Bronson Alcott, Margaret Puller, Parker, Stetson, Clarke and others, formed the Transcendental Club, devoted to the discussion of idealistic religion. He resigned a position as minister of East Lexington in 1838, on account of his increasing liberality of opinion. In 1839-40 he lectured in Boston. In 1840 a quarterly magazize, called The Dial, of which Mr. Emerson was editor, being associated therein with Margaret Fuller, was commenced and was published for four years, and for which he Brook Farm scheme of 1841 he took much interest, but his keen sense of the ridiculous prevented his becoming a resident of "the

esthetic village," as he styled it. In 1847 he published a second series of essays and a volume of poems. In the fall of that year he made a second visit to England. There he was engaged to deliver a course of lectures for the Mechanies' Institute, which had some time previously been organized by the famous Lord Brougham. These lectures were remarkably successful. He published another volume of essays in 1849, and also published in book form some of his contributions to the "Essays on Representative Men" ap-Dial. peared in 1850, "Memoirs of Margaret Fuller Ossoli" in 1832, "English Traits" in 1854, the "Conduct of Life" in 1860, "May Day and Other Poems" in 1867. "Society and Solitude"

in 1870. In 1853 he was in sympathy with the Free Soil party, and stumped for John Gorham Palfrey, who was a candidate for Gubernatorial honors on that ticket. In 1855 he lectured on which they reached shortly-before the friend during life of John Brown, of Harper's Ferry, and his apologist to the end. In 1863 he composed his Boston hymn to celebrate emancipation, and read it at the great meeting in Boston June 1 of that year. He delivered a graphic and beautiful address at the meeting in Concord which was held April 19, 1865, to give expression to the public grief for the death of Abraham Lincoln.

For the past fifteen or twenty years he had ontinued to write and lecture, sometimes to preach. Those who once criticised him found new faith in him as a poet, thinker and critic. What once seemed faults were forgotten, in an admiring recognition of his genius. From far and near he has been henored. Tyndall said of him: "In him we have a poet and a profoundly religious man, who is really and entirely undaunted by the discoveries of

science, past, present and prospective." Mr. Emerson was twice married-in 1829 to Ellen Louisa Tucker, who died of consumption in 1832, and in 1835 to Lydia Jackson, of Plymouth, who has been the beloved companion to the last. He was always interested in the public welfare, and took an active part in the literary organizations of Concord. By his neighbors, those who knew him longest and most intimately, he was regarded with reverence and devotion.

Singular Result of a Laughing Contest.

A number of young men, not conspicuous for their superior intelligence, met in a private apartment of a house on Spadina avenue last evening. Time hung heavy on their hands and the suggestion of one that they relieve the oppressive ennul by laughing for the drinks was hailed with enthusiasm. The conteal commenced, and one of them continued to laugh for half an hour, when his face had changed from red to a darker hue, / Then his friends became alarmed and implored him to desist. This, however, he could not do, and his only response was a continuance of the hoarse, spasmodic noise. He laughed as if doing it by contract. His forehead became livid, and the veins stood out distinct like whip-cord, The arteries in his peck distended almost to bursting; symptons of apoplexy became ap-parent, and it became evident that remedial neasures must be adopted, or he would die laughing. One of the party ran to a drug store and procured a draught, which was administered to the irrepressible eachinnator. The effeet was salutary, and to-day F, does not feel much the worse of his voluntary and dangerous display of laughing.-Toronto (Canada)

-Concerning the strongest New England factories an estimate is made that they pay an average of seven per cent.

women in Canada.

on the investment. -There are 53,000 more men than

COMMERCIAL LAW.

Brief Digests of Late Decisions. [From the St. Louis Commercial Gazette.] USURY BY BANK.

Whenever a national bank charges or stipulates for an illegal rate of interest, payments of interest, and not merely the excess, are illegal. Hence all payments made are to be applied to the principal, because the right of the bank to any interest has been forfeited by the stipulation for usurious interest .- Moniteau National Bank v. Miller, Supreme Court of Missouri.

VENDOR AND AGENT.

An innocent vendor can not be sued in tort for the fraud of his agent, in effecting a sale. In such cases the vendee may rescind the contract and reclaim the money paid, and if not repaid may sue the vendor on implied contract, or he may sue the agent for deceit.-Reiss vs. the North German Lloyd, United States Circuit Court, Eastern District of New York.

WILL AND PUBLIC POLICY.

Where a testator made a specific bequest to trustees for an infant granddaughter, the income to be expended for her maintenance and education, provided she is educated in the Roman Catholic faith-held, that these were conditions subsequent, and, further, that as such they were inoperative to divest the interest in the legacy. The trustees, upon application being made for a portion of the funds for the maintenance of the legatee, replied that the fund was insufficient to provide her maintenance according to the terms of the bequest. Held, that the rule that a donor, in a gift inter vivos, can not claim to have the gift avoided because of his omission to do that which would render it possible to be done, would apply. Held, further, that the condition requiring the legatee to be reared in the Roman Catholic faith was void, as being against public policy. -Magee vs. O'Neil et al., Court of Common Pleas, Charleston, South

Carolina. ACKNOWLEDGMENT.

To impeach the certificate of the acknowledgment of a deed, the proof must show a conspiracy between the officer taking the acknowledgment and the grantee, or that the officer practiced imposition or fraud upon the grantor, and the testimony of the grantor alone is not sufficient to overcome the certificate and the officer's testimony in support of the same .- Fitzgerald vs. Fitzgerald, Supreme Court of Illinois.

MANAGER OF CORPORATION. It is immaterial, as against strangers, whether the person acting as managing director of a corporation receiving a specific appointment to that position from the board of directors or not, if he has long acted in that capacity without objection, and if his services as such have been invariably accepted .- Walker vs. Detroit Transit Railway Com-

pany, Sapreme Court of Michigan. ANTE-NUPTIAL DEBTS.

It is a mistake to suppose that the liability of a husband to pay the antenuptial debts of his wife is in the nature of a liability which is at the same time joint and several, so that an action can be brought to enforce it against both the husband and wife, or against the husband alone. No action can be maintained against a husband alone upon any obligation imposed by law to pay an antenuptial debt of his wife. It is only when he has made a substantive promise to pay such a debt that an action can be brought against him alone, and then the action is not upon the obligation imposed by law, but upon the separate promise which he has made.-Gruen vs. Bamberger, St. Louis Court of Ap-

NEGOTIABLE PAPER. An instrument in the form of a promssory note, but which contains a stipulation for the "payment of collection expenses," lacks the element of negotiability because of its uncertainty as to amount.-Morgan vs. Edwards, Su-

preme Court of Wisconsin.

· SWINDLING. One of the main ingredients of the crime of swindling is that the injured party has been deceived by being told and relying on that which was false, and the information must so set out. But where the pretense is absurd or irrational or such as the party injured had, at the vers time, the means of detecting at hand, it is not within the act. -Buckalew vs. State of Texas, Texas Court of Appeals.

EXEMPTIONS.

State exemption laws are inapplicable to debts due from a citizen to the United States. Upon a return of no property found in excess of the homestead and personal property exemptions allowed by the Constitution and laws of the State upon execution for any debt, on motion of the United States district attorney for an alias execution to be issued to the marshal, and for an order of court directing him to make a levy and sale of the property without regarding such exemption-held that he was entitled to the order asked for .- U. S. vs. Howell, U. S. Circuit Court, Western District of North Carolina.

FIRE INSURANCE.

Where a policy of insurance contained a provision that the increase of the risk without the written consent of the secretary would avoid the policy, it was held that the plaintiff could not recover when the risk was afterward increased without the consent of the secretary-even though at the time the insurance was effected the agent was informed of the contemplated change, and actually did charge a higher premium on that account .- Pottsville Mutual Fire Ins. Co. vs. Horan, Supreme Court of Pennsylvania. 993

-It is proposed to celebrate the fiftieth anniversary of the opening of the old Mohawk Railroad at Schenectady and Albany, Sept 24. Several of those associated with the building and opening of the road are still living, and willjoin in the procession.

A Springfield, Ill., report is to the effect that President Lincoln's form and features have been completely pre-served by petrifaction.—Detroit Post.

-Thurlow Weed isn't above admitting that he always repeats the Lord's prayer before he goes to sleep.

MICHIGAN

much It hides and holds that is beautiful, bitter, or

Think of the glory of color! The red of the Green of the myriad leaves and the fields of Yellow as bright as the sun where the daffodil Purple where violets nod as the breezes pass.

Think of the manifold form of the oak and the Nut, and fruit, and cluster, and ears of corn; Of the anchored water-lily, a thing divine, Unfolding its dazzling snow to the kiss of

Think of the delicate perfumes borne on the Of the golden willow carkin's odor of spring. Of the breathof therich parcissus waxes-pale.
Of the sweet pea's flight of flowers, of the
nettle's sting.

Strange that this lifeless thing gives vine, flower, tree, Color and shape and character, fragrance, too, That the timber that builds the house, the ship for the sea. Out of this powder its strength and its tough-

That the coes ar ong the palms should suck its From this dry dust, while dates from the self-Summon their sweet rich fruit, that our shining

The mulberry leaves should yield to the How should the poppy steal sleep from the

That grants to the grape-vine juice that can made n or cheer? How does the weed find food for its fabric

Where the lilies proud their blossoms pure Who shall compass or fathom God's thought

we can but praise, for we may not under-But there's no more beautiful riddle the whole world round Than is hid in this heap of dust I hold in my

-Celia Thacter, in Youth's Companion,

BROWN OF NEVADA.

"Who's that going into Scrimmage's?" said the senior partner of Hardscrabble & Co. to one of his general salesmen. "Isn't that Brown of Nevada?"

The general salesman jumped and opened wide his eyes, as he always did when Mr. Hardscrabble called his attention to anything, and concentrated all his energies upon a pair of tweed coat tails vanishing into the portals of the rival jobbing house opposite. "By gracious!" he said, "I'm afraid

it is Brown of Nevada." "That's the second time to-day he's gone into Scrimmage's," said Mr. Hard-scrabble. "Just look up Pillikin, will you, and send him into the office,'

The general salesman went in search of Mr. Pillikin with a peculiar "miseryoves-company" expression, and found him looking piteously in the face of a Texas man who wanted his goods at ninety days, twelve per cent. lower than the cost of importation, and the privilege of sending back at the firm's expense, some goods that he wanted to take on trial. The Texas man baited poor Pillikin to the verge of desperation, and walked out of the store with the passing remark that he'd look in again.

Even the soul of the general salesman -and as a general thing this kind of a soul is not made of wax-melted at the haggard visage of Pillikin when he told him that Mr. Hardscrabble wanted to see him in the office. Yet to save his life he couldn't help adding, as Pillikin went dejectedly to obey the summons, that Hardscrabble had just seen Brown of Nevada going into Scrimmage's. The general salesman had so often felt this sort of an iron enter into his own soul? he couldn't help assisting to probe

Pillikin grew deadly pale. "Brown of Nevada," he said, in a hoarse whisper-"into Scrimmage's!"
"It may be only to look around," said

the general salesman, a little shocked that Pillikin took it quite so hard. "My gracious, man, you've got to be prepared for these things."

"I've had too many of them lately." said Pillikin. "I never had such luck in my life as I've had this season. Brown of Nevada is one of the men I thought I could rely upon. I've been looking for him all day.

"So you've slipped up with Brown, have you?" smarled the senior member, as poor Pillikin walked into the office. "It appears to me, Pillikin, you're losing the little vim that you had last season. How long do you suppose we can stand this sort of thing? If you can't do better than this, you'd better not come to the store at all—just draw your salary and stay at home. Are you aware that this is the busy season, the short period when we are supposed to sell goods? If you'll take a memorandum of this fact it may help you a little when you see such men as Brown of Nevada going into Scrimmage's, But pale. the fact is, we can't blame Brown. He wants a live man to deal with, not a wooden one."

A hot flame leaped into the haggard face of Pillikin. "See here, Mr. Hard- | Co.'s!" scrabble," he said; "if you're not satisfied, tell me so, but keep a civil tongue in your head. I don't allow any man to speak in that way to me."

"You don't, eh?" roared Mr. Hardscrabble. But Pillikin had turned upon his heel and walked out of the office, more dead than alive. The flame had died out of his cheeks and left them ness of my cup. Brown has always paler than before. His legs trembled beneath him as he walked on out of the store. The general salesman who had delivered the message from Hardscrabble remarked to another general salesman that "poor Pillikin must have caught it

pretty hard; he seemed all broke up."

Poor Pillikin walked on to the ferry with his head in a whirl of disappoint-said the widow." ment, chagrin, fear and doubt. His "No," said Pillikin, "not dishonorreply to the senior member would undoubtedly loose him his situation, as they would be glad to get rid of him now bought of some other concern, and not that his valuable trade was falling off.

If he could have held on to Brown of Hardscrabble's eyes."

THE IRON PORT. Nevada, all would have been well; and without Brown of Nevada, what would he be worth elsewhere? How could he support his wife and children, and his wife's widowed sister and her little boy, making nine of them in all, upon any salary that he could get without the trade of Brown of Nevada? He was already in debt, and some of the bills must be settled at once; his account was overdrawn at the store. It made him shudder to think of it. The cabin of the ferry boat was stifling. In spite of the lowering clouds and piercing wind, he made his way out on the forward deck, and as he saw the black waves of the East River surging against the slimy sides of the boat, he was strongly tempted to do away with all further trouble for a

party called Pillikin. While the temptation assailed him, the chains rattled, the newsboys' cries were heard on the Brooklyn side, the boat bumped against the dock, the crowd pushed him along, and he found himself plodding his homeward way. He couldn't bear the depressing influence of the horse-cars, so he trudged along on foot, a fierce March sleet beginning to heat upon the only high hat he owned in the world. It was utterly impossible to buy another, but Pillikin didn't care. He probably wouldn't need a high hat in the menial employment he would be compelled to accept when he was kicked out of Hardscrabble & Co.'s, and had lost the trade of Brown of Nevada. When he at last reached home his fingers were so numb with cold he could hardly get the key in the door, but this didn't matter in the least. Several young and energetic parties ran to let him in; his plump pretty little wife took his coat, and kissed him; his still plumper and prettier sister-in-law took to be kissed. The dining-room was warm and cosy; there were his chair and slippers waiting for him by the open fire: an inviting meal was wasting its

unctuous odor in the balls below. "My love," said his wife, "how late

know you expected Brown of Ne-

"Jo, dear Jo-my husband, my love, ny darling-what is the matter?" For poor Jo Pillikin had sunk into a chair, put his head upon the table and

burst into tears. It was weak and unmanly, perhaps; but he had eaten nothing since breakfast, had been badgered and worried, and on his feet all day; the March wind had pierced to the marrow of his bones. To find all this love and cheer and comfort awaiting him, to remember how he had periled them all in his talk with Hardscrabble, how he had been tempted to drown them all in his cowardice while upon the ferry-boat, and, above all, for vadahis sweet sister-in-law to pelt him with the crushing name of Brown of Nevada, the author of all his misery-it was too much for poor Jo Pillikin. He wept, not as a woman, whose tears console and comfort as they flow, but as a strong man weeps when the first keenness is

added to the agony of despair. knees and wept on his shoulder, his sister | vada! O my gracious!" cried upon his other shoulder, and all were crying about save poor Jo, whose mage's to buy goods; it was only to meet tears ceased to flow when he found how a friend." contagious they were.

it was Bridget's day out, and in all this your goods at Scrimmage's?" noisy distress none of the Pillikins heard the bell. Pillikin had in his agitation left of your brother-in-law, as I always do." the door ajar, and nobody had thought ing himself known. When all this soband shocked, and scarcely knew what to

separated the reception from the dining young merchant. table, his head bowed upon his hands, one pretty young woman dressed in some soft, warm, gay material sobbing on one just a mi fell Jo." prettier woman dressed in black sobbing on the other shoulder, and around the room, all about the floor and the chairs, were innumerable children, all howling at the top of their lungs. Pillikin hastily dried his tears and composed his features, and began to soothe his family. He took one of the pretty women on one knee, the other on the other knee, and gave each of his ten fingers to the young brood,

hushing and coaxing them into calm. "There, there," said Jo, "don't cry any more. I'm a heartless brute to have What is it now?" worried you so. But I couldn't help it. I feel better now; but I never was so completely broken up in my life. I don't mind telling you that I've done a very imprudent thing. It has weighed like a mountain of lead upon my heart and conscience; but I feel more courageous now that I know you love me well enough to share the burden. But I ought to have kept my temper. A man ought to think of his family when his situation is at stake, and it was enough to make Hardscrabble lose whatever decency he ever had to see Brown of Nevada go into Scrimmage & Co.'s."

Both the women started and turned "O. Suel" faltered the wife, to her

sister-" Brown of Nevada!" "O, Kate!" gasped the young wid-ow, to the wife-" into Scrimmage &

"Brown of Nevada!" they repeated to-

gether, shaking their heads mournfully. "Yes, Brown of Nevada!" repeated Jo, also shaking his head mournfully, but feeling consoled, in spite of himself. with his family's full appreciation of the disaster that had befallen him. "This was the drop that overflowed the bitterbeen my best card. It was a pleasure to sell to Brown. Most of these men would skin a flea for its hide. But there's nothing mean about Brown."

"There's something very mean in his going to Scrimmage's," said Mrs. Pil-likin.

Here something like a distant cough keep his mind upon what Pillikin was was heard. They all looked around, but thought it must be one of the chilling of drapery outside.

dren. "It was like flinging a red rag in the face of a mad bull," continued Jo. "Hardserabble was white with rage, I tell you there's somebody in the other Poof Jo turned pale again. room. "I'm afraid it's Brown with that bill; I

told him to call around. I can't pay him now; it's impossible But I'll have "No," said his sister-in-law, springing to her feet; "I'll see him. I'll tell him couldn't possibly be two prettier or more

body." "That's a good girl," said Pillikin, with a sigh of relief. "Say that I'll call around next week. Heaven knows

I'll call around." The young widow went around through the hall into the reception-room, and found there a young man of fine proportions and frank, pleasant counte-nance, who immediately began to apol-

"I rang the bell," he said, "but nobody heard me, and finding the door ajar, I took the liberty of walking in. I'm exceedingly sorry to be the cause of any trouble. If you'll first tell Mr. Pillkin that my name is Brown, he'll guess the nature of my errand.

coming here upon the same errand! And and my little orphan boy a home, and

earnestly.

you the first chance. Where is your bill? what is the amount?"

The young man reddened, bit his lips, smiled. "There is some mistake," he said. "Isn't your name Brown, and haven't

you come to collect a bill?" "I have not come to collect a bill. name is Brown, but I don't think it's the same Brown. There are a great many Browns. If you will tell your brother-in-law that I am Brown of Ne-

"O!" gasped the widow; and for a moment Brown of Nevada thought she was going to faint. He sprang to her side to save her from falling, but she recovered herself, and her breath and color came again. She clasped her hands, man weeps when the first keenness is and looked at the young man with her whole soul in her eyes. "Brown of NePretty Mrs. Pillikin got down on her vada!" she repeated—"Brown of Ne-

"Yes, I hurried over here to correct the little Pillikins set up a howl, none of an error that had reached your brotherthem knowing in the least what they in-law's ears. I did not go into Scrim-

"Only to meet a friend," repeated the In the midst of all this uproar a man | widow, still devouring with her large, mounted the stoop and rang the bell, but soft, pathetic eyes; "and you did not buy |

"Certainly not. I shall buy my goods "As you always do!" repeated the to shut it. So the stranger walked into | widow, tears springing to her eyes, her the little reception-room, hoping that he lovely face suffused with a sort of rapwould soon have an opportunity of mak- ture that really embarrassed Brown. "Of course! As you always do! And bing fell upon his ear he was annoyed you are really Brown of Keyada?" And here she began to walk to the door, do. Through a crevice in the door that keeping her eyes still fastened upon the

> " I am really Brown of Nevada." "Dear me! Isn't it wonderful-strange -perfectly splendid? You'll stay here just a minute, won't you? while I go and

"I'll stay here any quantity of min-utes;" and out glided the young widow, leaving Brown in as delicious a daze as she was herself.

"Jo, Jo," said the widow to her brother-in-law, raising his dejected head ones, prepare yourselves. Don't let it come upon you too sudden.' "Good heavens!" cried poor Pillikin,

leaping to his feet; "what has happened? "It's-it's not the Mr. Brown with

the bill, Jo." "Who is it? what is it? Misfortunes never come alone. I'm prepared for

anything!" " It's-it's-oh, Jo, it's Brown of Nevada!"

"Great heavens!" said Jo, springing to the door.

" And he didn't buy his goods of Scrimmage; he went there to meet a friend, and he he will buy his goods of you AS HE ALWAYS DOES," said the young widow, in a crescendo that at last reached a shrill treble; but Jowas already wring-

ing the hand of Brown. " Apart from the fact that you have not gone back on me, Brown," said poor Pillikin, "I don't mind telling you that your presence is a reprieve from all sorts of miseries; but how the deuce did you find me out?"

"Why, one of your general salesmen over there—I forget his name—told me you and Hardscrabble had some words about my going into Scrimmage's. He said you were so cut up about it and didn't appear to be well when you left she store; so I thought I'd take a cab and come over. It was a pleasant nightthat is, not a very pleasant night; but I hadn't anything to do-that is, I had lots of things to do, but hang it, I wanted to come, and I am glad I did!"

"So am I, Brown—God bless you, so am I!" Then poor Pillikin, relieved of the burden of doubt and wretchedness that had oppressed him, and having there before him as his voluntary guest the representative of a worshipful amount of trade—poor Pillikin gathered together —A Georgia man traded an old buggy his scattered dignity and self-esteem, for 600 acres of land some thirty years

The two little women were flying around down stairs in the kitchen, and up stairs in the dining room. The children had their bread and milk, and were and didn't know what he said. I'm washed and put to bed; the widow flew sorry now I allowed myself to reply as down to the kitchen and made some I did. But it was a bitter blow to me to hittle dishes, all in the twinkling of an know that Brown of Neyada, of all cye, their culinary perfection consisting other men in the trade, should——. But in the rapidity with which they were got together, and clapped apon the dumb-waiter and hoisted to her sister in the dining-room above, who whisked them upon the table, and what with the haste and happiness and unexpectedness of it all, when they rang the bell and invited you're not well, that you can't see any- engaging women in the universe; and a more appetizing meal Brown of Nevada never saw or tasted.

From pitying Jo Pillikin, he began to envy him. How hollow and cold and when I can pay him now; but say that altogether unsatisfactory was the life of a bachelor!-particularly out in Nevada. The March wind still roared and howled, and the March sleet yet beat upon the Pillikin window-panes, and nothing would do but Brown of Nevada

must stay all night. He knew it must be the widow's room that he slept in (as indeed it was, that little woman and her orphan boy crowding in with the little Pillikins,) and Brown of Nevada went all around, admiring the pretty knickknacks, and worsted-work and embroidery, that was of course the work of the fair widow's "We all know your errand," said the hands. He went to sleep and dreamed widow. "My poor dear brother-in-law guessed it right away. Around the first difficulties that the widow found the of the month there are so many people piano and stool and music, and even the embroidered cover, were only a drop in his hat and cane, and kissed him; a half- I've got a splendid idea what to do with the bucket; so in her warm generosity dozen rosy children put up their mouths them. My brother-in-law is such a dear she threw herself in, and stood upon told me New Year's day that you were good fellow, he's always robbing himself the piano to be raffled off by the credit- going to restrain that temper of yours." to help others; he's given me a home, ors and friends of Pillikin. Brown threw double sixes every time, and had no wonder he can't pay his bills. But just made arrangements to have the I've got a piano and stool, and lots of widow and piano and stool and music music, and a cover that I've embroidered and cover shipped out to Nevada with with my own hands, and these must be worth something considerable."

"My dear," said his wife's sister, "worth something considerable."

"Something very considerable," said some of those horrid customers. You the stranger, looking at the young widow the stranger, looking at the young widow and blushed still more when the soft innoecnt eyes of the widow met his own I wish to tell you a story.' "And I'm going to make the piano over the potatoes and the muffins, and and stool and music and embroidered scrambled eggs, and the multitude of

> Her orphan boy was a tine little fel- sat down on the hassock at her aunt's obeyed him I should not be an old criplow, and would make a splendid man feet in no enviable frame of mind. The some day if he could be taken where lady put her hand gently on the angry

there was room to grow. likin when he walked into the store the she was a cripple: next morning arm in arm with Brown of Nevada? Mr. Hardscrabble was just headstrong and disobedient. Mother catching a glimpse of this touching had rather let me have my own way spectacle of amnity between Pillikin and linked together the three walked down dread of his hasty temper and harsh the store.

raffle-all except the piano and stool and member, my dear, embroidered cover. These the dear surely bring misery and disgrace. little widow declares she will leave to the young Pillikins .- Harper's Weekly.

The Wrong Infirmity.

In a certain Michigan village there lived, a decade since, a man known as Judge Simpson. No one could remember of his having served in any capacity to gain the title, but he acquired it somehow, and had dignity enough for a whole Supreme Bench. The Judge was an eccentric citizen, well'liked, but he had a terribly bad breath. No one would ride with him, few could talk with him, and everybody wondered why he didn't tramps ever seen in the State. At the man called him in and said:

"Try me once." "Very well. You see that white infirmity."

" I'll doit." "That's all. Simply ask the ques-

tion and I'll hand you the cash." The tramp went his way, and the cross. citizen took his station on a street corand as he gathered himself up at the out of the chair. bottom a boot lifted him clear into the gutter. He started for the river on a mile. Then the citizen overtook him and asked:

"Well, was the Judge in?" "He was!"

" And you put the question?" "Don't I look as if I did? Say, what infirmity has he got?" " A bad breath?"

"The dickens; What a fool I was! Why, I thought his infirmity was in his F was so taken back that he got in two ... Let me think, said he. 'Ten miles I was so taken back that he got in two left-handers on my jaw before I began to fall! Two dollars! Why I'm damaged with a bad cold and cough, now.' to the extent of two millions!"-Detroit Free Press.

-The will of Dr. Joseph M. Leon was probated at Philadelphia recently. He gives \$1,500 a year to an adopted daughter, Josephine. Three years ago she was a chambermaid at the Continental Hotel, in that city. Dr. Leon was struck with her good manners, and adopted her November 1, 1880. At the same time he settled \$30,000 on her. His will disinherits two nephews and two nieces, who failed to show her proper respect.— Chicago Journal.

his scattered dignity and self-esteem, and began to discuss matters of business with a serene and serious enthusiam that bespoke the happiness of the occasion.

As for Brown of Nevada, he couldn't for 600 acres of land some thirty years ago, and the other day he took a trip days. I did not care much about going his wife, a little person less than five then, but now I wanted to go, for aunt feet in height, with a pretty face, and would keep my secret. She thought feet scarcely four inches long.—N. I.

for Doing Beaders.

THE BOY FOR ME. His cap is old, but his hair is gold,
And his face is clear as the sky,
And whoever he meets, on lanes or streets,
He looks him straight in the eye.
With a fearless pride that has naught to hide,
Though be bows like a little knight,
Quite debonair, to a lady fair,
With a smile that is swift as light.

Does his mother call? Not kite, or ball Or the prettiest game, can stay
His eager feet as he hastes to greet
Whatever she means to say.
And the teachers depend on the little friend At school in his place at nine, With his lessons learned and his good marks All/ready to toe the line.

I wender if you have seen him, too.

This boy, who is not too big

For a morning kiss from mother and Sis,

Who isn't a bit of a prig.

But gentle and strong, and the whole day long As merry as boy can be.

gentleman, dears, in the coming years,
And at present the boy for me.

—M. E. Sangster, in Harper's Young People.

DISOBEDIENCE.

"I will go there! and I should like to see any one stop me," said Edith H., rushing into her aunt's room, and banging the door after her. Stamping her foot, she gave her bracelet a twist and flounced into a chair, shoving it against the table, upsetting a goblet of water, causing a general clatter. Her naturally sweet face was red and distorted with anger, and as she lay back in the rich velvet chair, she looked like one of the Furies.

"At at Edith," she snapped out, will you tease mother to let me go to the Unity party Friday night?" The lady thus addressed answered:

"I will think about it; but Edith, you "My temper is no worse than other

people's. I heard cousin Fred say the other day that you used to get pretty high, and do as you pleased before-She did not finish the sentence, for

Then she evened the needles of her scrambled eggs, and the multitude of knitting and pushed them into the ball cover go as far as they will with my brother-in-law's bills. Now I'll give ward she had made with her own hands. carefully in a basket by her side. Edith carefully in a basket by her side. Edith kind and gentle as a woman, and had I

head before her, and twining her fingers But who can picture the pride of Pil- in the soft curls, she told her niece why

"When I was a child, I was, like you, bullying one of the heads of stock, and was a good, weak, easy woman, and than take the trouble to make me obey Brown of Nevada, he rushed forward, her. Father was a cold, stern man, placed an affectionate hand upon the who made us all afraid of him. I think shoulder of each, and thus lovingly my poor, quiet mother lived in mortal words. She would always say: 'Don't And the saying is that whatever you tell your father,' or 'Don't let father all those things he won at that imaginary it was all wrong, and I want you to relisobedience will

gited me to attend a ball at Concord.

the fire and rolled the little table close growled Diogenes. eat onions for a change. No one had the fire and rolled the little table close the courage to mention the matter, and to his chair, with the evening paper vet something must be done or the Judge would be ostracised. In this the trouble to do this, but now I wantemergency along came one of the first ed a favor, so of course I must cater to the world. Great crowds followed him, first house where he called for a bite the come home pleasant! When I heard His name was Alexander. Perhaps he "My friend, are you a brave man?" he would say no, but I said to myself So he was called Alexander the Great.
"Well I never took a back seat yet?" just what I heard you say a few minutes
One day Alexander marched by where

"Father came in with lots of cold air that sent a chill through all of us. Diogenes sat quite still, caring nothing building beside the postoffice? Go up that sent a chill through all of us. Diogenes sat quite still, caring nothing stairs, turn to the left, and you will find Mother said: 'Don't ask him until he about the Emperor. When Alexander a red-faced, bald-headed man called has had his supper.' It seemed as if he passed by Diogenes he noticed this. He shoulder; "Kate, my sister, my dear Judge. What I want you to do is to ask never ate so slowly or dallied so long wondered why this poorly clothed man him why he doesn't chew cloves for his over his tea. At last he finished and paid him no attention. Then he turned

> ner. He saw the brave man go up, and he saw him come down. He went up going to sleep, and then I should have himself: "Do you know that I am gracefully enough but when he came to wait till morning. He opened his Diogenes?" Perhaps we may all addown he bumped every separate stair. eyes with a start that took him almost mire his independence as much as Alex-

dead run, and never stopped for half a want anything?'
mile. Then the citizen overtook him "Yes, father. I have had an invitation to go to the military ball at Concord, next week. Can I go? Say yes, for I do want to go.

"Who invited you!" he said, looking very stern. Ben Fuller asked me. He is to have his father's horse and sleigh, and see, here is a letter from his cousin Kate. Oh! we shall have such a nice

in a sleigh this cold weather, and you "'My cold will be well by Tuesday,' said I, 'and I have nothing to get

ready, for you know I had a new white dress and satin slippers, gloves, rib-bons and everything I wanted for the Christmas party.' "Now stop,' he said, shutting his eyes. 'I do not think it prudent. So go

to bed and say no more about it.' "I left the room feeling the same as you did when you came in here banging the door so furiously. The next day I told Ben I would go, but father was not to know. So we arranged for

him to take my bandbox containing my

ball suit the night before and hide it in

lieved children should have a good time ekill or cure.' So Monday at the break-fast table I told father I was going over to see my baby cousin, and asked him if I could stay all night Yes, three or four days if you like, he replied.

"Aunt Sue said it was all right, that it was the grandest ball of the season, and she wished she could go, too.

"At two o'clock Tuesday afternoon, Ben drove up to the door. I was all ready, so in five minutes we were off.
It had been growing colder since morning, and now it was four or five degrees below zero, but we were young and did not mind the cold. We chatted and laughed, and all west well until we were half way there and a rabbit jumped across the road. The lorge shied, over went the sleigh and out we tumbled. The bandbox rolled down the hill, Ben's valise and a bundle or two were lodged in the brush fence and the buffalo robes and I went on the crust after the bandbox. Ben stuck to the reins and soon stopped his horse, but when the things were gathered and we were seated in the sleigh we were nearly frozen. Ben said we would soon get warm, and I remember he told me his hands and feet were beginning to burn, and as if in a dream I heard him say:

""Wake up! wake up! you must not go to sleep; you will freeze if you do.'
Then he said: 'What shall I do? she is freezing?

"He shook me and told me to stamp my feet and rub my hands, and I thought I did, and it seems to me that I was getting warm and I tried to ask him why he whipped the horse so, but he laughed so loud he couldn't hear me, and then I feared we should be tipped over again, and when the horse stopped at the hotel it seemed as though we were all smashed to pieces! For hours I had no sense of feeling and the next day when the doctor came he said I had rheumatic fever, so they sent for my father. Oh! I was so afraid he would not come. He did, however, and forgave me, although I did not deserve it. He remained with me all the time for weeks. I was very sick and suffered excruciating pains, that is why my hands and feet are so crippled. I learned to love and appreciate my dear father. I then knew for the first time, that he was worried and harassed with business troubles, and that he could be ple to-day."

"Auntie," said Edith, "I have no desire to go to the party, and hereafter I will try and be more gentle, and more obedient .- Golden Rule.

Diogenes.

Many hundreds of years ago lived a very strange man whose name was Diogenes. His home was in the city of Athens, in Greece. The people of Athens are very polite, but this strange man took pride in being very impolite. He made himself very disagreeable. dream in a strange bed is sure to come know,' and so I thought that as long as People stared at him and laughed at true; and I shouldn't wonder, if, when he didn't know that I disobeyed him it him. This was just what pleased Brown went back to Nevada, he'd take was all right; but I found to my sorrow Diogenes. Many people called him a great man. This pleased him more yet. He was so odd, and behaved so strangely, that after a while a good many tried "When I was sixteen, Ben Fuller in- to imitate him and to act as strangely as he did. This pleased him, per His uncle kept the hotel where the par- most of all. Sometimes Diogenes slept ty was to be given, and as I was well in the sand and sometimes on the veranacquainted with his aunt and cousins, das of houses or in doorways. Some-I never dreamed I couldn't go. Ben times he used to take a tub around with was to have his father's horse and him. When night came he would curl sleigh, and such fun as we should have! himself up like a kitten and go to sleep "I ran all the way home from school in the tub. One bright, sunny day, to tell mother of it. She was willing I when the city was full of people, he should go, but said I must ask my took a lighted lantern and walked down father, as he was terribly angry because I went to a skating party the other night without his permission. So I waited in a perfect fever for father to bright daylight?" the peopled asked. come home. I put his slippers before "I am looking for an honest man,"

At this time there lived a great warhis wants. How I hoped he would and threw up their hats, and cheered. him coming I began to tremble for fear was really the greatest man in the world. "Do you want to earn two dollars?" ago: 'I will go, and no one shall hinder Diogenes sat sunning himself in the sand. The people were cheering as dropped into an easy chair, with a tired, to Diogenes with a frown, and said in a weary look, that after all these long. very haughty manner: "Do you know long years I can see distinctly, but then that I am Alexander?" Everybody I did not see it; I thought he was only thought that Diogenes would turn pale and be very much confused. But he "I went up to him and put my hand only looked up and answered with as ander is said to have done. Diogenes "'Oh!' he said, 'is it you, Edith? I always lived this queer sort of a life. believe I am getting nervous. Did you He was an old, old man when he died. -Our Little Ones.

A Parsee's Oath.

A singular incident lately occurred in a London witness-box during the hearing of a case in which a Parsee gentleman was called upon to give evidence. He objected to being sworn either on the Old or New Testament, and not being a Mohammedan, he could not be sworn on the Koran; but he produced from his breast a "sacred relie," and said that by making a declaration and holding the "charm" in his hand, and not concealing it, the act would be binding on his conscience. The Commissioner thought that under the peculiar circumstances he would be justified in taking the witness' declaration, if at the same time he held the "charm" unconcealed in his hand, and declared that he would consider the act sufficiently binding upon him to bear true testimony in the matter at issue. It is said to be usual to swear Parsees holding the tail of a cow, which in India is regarded as a sacred animal.

all suit the night before and hide it in is room.

-Chang Chi Lang, a giant from China, eight feet six inches high, arrived in New York recently from En-

HISTORY of ESCANABA

There was never so fine and varied a stock of general

Dry-Goods, Ladies and Gent's Furnishing Goods.

As are now displayed on our counters and shelves, and as for prices my efforts will be not to make them as low, but lower than any other concern in this place. Try me, I will make good my word.

Respectfully,

P. N. CARDOZO.

THE IRON PORT.

ESCANABA, MICHIGAN, MAY 6, 1882.

Personals.

-Capt. Drisko returned on Sunday from a visit to southern Dakota.

-J. F. Stevens, of Negaunee, the member from Forsyth, visited us on Tuesday.

-H. G. Squires and L. C. Beardsley, of

-Supervisor Lathrop, of Maple Ridge called on us and laid us under obligation for "items," on Wednesday.

-Fred Hiller arrived at home on Monday, from his sojourn in Chicago where he has

taken a course in book-keeping etc. -A. Hakes, of Bark River, was in attendance on the session of the board of supervisors

on Monday, and dropped in on the PORT. -Mike Bond has gone to be a granger, having moved upon his land near Barkville.

He seems to be pleased with the change too. -Mr. Hunt, of the Depere furnace company was a passenger on the W. L. Brown on her last trip, and spent Sunday and Monday

-J. A. Godley, who took Will's place in the Exchange bank, has gone home to Ohio return is doubtful.

-Mr. McDonnell, of Green Bay, architect, it and how little it will cost you. was in town on Monday and Tuesday, on business with the board of supervisors relative to the construction of the court-house.

Range Items.

-An unknown man attempted to cross the Menominee upon the logs in the boom above the falls and falling in was drowned, all on Sunday last.

-The Menominee mining company has placed the Vulcan mines under the superintandence of Captain I. U. Curnow, a graduate of the copper country, and proposes extensive improvements looking to a full development, of the property. -A fire which broke out at 3 a. m. on Mon-

day last at Florence, destroyed the hardware and furniture establishment of Travis & Webb, the hotel of Wm. Scott, and the dwelling house of D. Hall, and damaged the dwelling of H. D. Fisher. Loss \$20,000. Insurance \$3,600.

-Three hundred men wanted to work on the Indiana mine branch. Cady, superintendent of the Chapin mine has resigned and left the range. C. L. Wendel has sold out his Norway drug store. W. H. Buell, of Indianapolis visited John L., his brother. Dr. Mead has returned to the range.-Reporter.

-Between Essington and Sawtelle the Range office is out the amonut of its bill for printing. Sawtelle paid up like a man when he ran his own show. Only limestone yet, but if there is a pound of ore under the Norway swamp the men who have the option are bound to find it. Meyer is again talking of a furnace at Hermansville. If talk would have built it C. J. L. would have been shipping pigiron years ago .- Range.

-Exploration of the swamp at Norway to be abandoned-no ore there. Twelve forties belonging to the Ingalls estate on section 8. near Norway, have been purchased by the Brier Hill company, which will thoroughly explore them. The Menominee range can furnish 1,000,000 tons of ore this season if required. Lewis & Stephenson have two shafts well down on the Cuff property, both however in lean ore. Work on the Benton property has been discontinued and the option will be abandoned,-Chronicle.

-Three pounds corn starch for twenty-five cents at McGillis Bros.'

-Try that Golden Rio Coffee, for fifteen cents per pound, at McGillis Bros.

-Save your clothing by wearing the patent Elastic Overalls, warranted not to rip, sold

only by Ed. Erickson. -Shirts, from the coarsest working to the finest dress, for all ages, at Kratze's, and don't allow it to escape your retentive memory.

-"Perfection" dress shirts - Wamsutta muslin and 2200 linen-made on a new pattern and deserving their name, for only \$1.50, at Ed. Erickson's.

-Pitted cherries twenty-three cents per pound at McGillis Bros.'

-Libby & Spiers patent seamless edge boom shirts for sale by Rathfon Bros., the one-

-A property on Ludington street hill-25 to 100 feet front, with or without the buildings thereon, is for sale. Inquire at this office.

-The "Garland" at \$50, or with a full outfit of furniture for \$55, is the cheapest range Garden were in town during the early days of ever offered the public. Dixon & Cook have them at those figures.

> -For a ribbon, a spray of flowers or a plume; for a switch or a friz or any description of hair-goods call on Mrs. Asch, at her new store next to Bittner's.

> -Words prove nothing-"the proof of a pudding" everybody knows, and that of the Heath & Milligan ready-mixed paints is to use them. Comparison is challenged. Preston

> -John Braithwaite, with all his "tricks, traps and calamities," will be in his new store, north side of Ludington street, four doors west of Wolcott, bright and early on Monday

-Have you broken chairs, a sofa or a lounge in which the screws have worked for a rest. His health is not good and his loose or the glue given out? Take it to Peterson & Norman and see what skill can do for

> -Jacob Buchholtz will, on Monday next May 8, re-open his place of business, next door west of Greenhoot's, with a wholesale stock of Imported and Domestic Liquors, Wines, Cigars and Tobaccos, and solicits a share of patronage, pledging himself to give to every customer as fair a show, both as to goods and prices, as any dealer north of Chicago.

Card of Thanks.

McGillis Brothers upon removing to their new location, corner of Ludington and Campbell streets, desire to return thanks to their friends and the public for the very liberal share of patronage awarded them heretofore, and to pledge themselves anew to every exertion of which they are capable to retain the friends they have and add others to the number.

WANTS-FOR SALE-TO RENT. HOUSES TO RENT. Inquire at the office of

WANTED-A GOOD SMART BOY to work in the Planing mill. HARRIS BROS.

FOR SALE.—House and Lot at foot of Ludington street, Inquire of C. J. SWAN.

FOR SALE.-HOUSE AND LOT. For particulars apply to 25 J. H. McPHERSON.

WANTED, a girl to do the housework of a small family. Apply at the store of ED. ERICKSON.

FOR SALE.—Forty acres of land in Pleasant Grove, near Mr. Danforth's. Inquire of THOMAS KIRBY.

WANTED - TO RENT a Dwelling House.

Leave word at tule office or with

WM. TIMM, Barber.

PERSONAL—Every lady should provide herself with Calling Cards. New sthle cards, with case, can be had at this office.

MIDWIFE-Mrs. Emily Steinke, Midwife (Gep-rufte Deutsche Hebamme). Residence over the Bakery, next to Bittner's new meat market. 24 COAL—Both Anthracite and Bluminous Coal de-livered in any part of the village by WINEGAR

WOOD—Good, well-seasoned body-maple Wood for sale, delivered at any place in the village, by WINEGAR & BURNS.

STORE TO RENT. Well located, on Luding-ton Street. Enquire at F. D. MEAD'S law office, one door west of Godley's Drug Store.

TRESPASSERS—All persons are hereby caution-against cutting wood or timber on N. Ludington Co.'s land, or they will be prosecuted according to law. G. T. BURNS, Agent.

WANTED—Business men to call at this office for Letter Heads, Note Heads, Bill Heads, State-ments, Envelopes, Business Cards, Tags, Placards, or anything in the Printing line.

RAILROAD LANDS FOR SALE—The Chicago & Northwestern Railway Company are now offering for sale their land in Michigan at greatly reduced rates. Their hard-wood and farming lands will be sold to settlers on long time, with a low rate of interest, or a discount of 12% per cent from their regular price will be made for cash.

For all information apply to or address

F. H. VAN CLEVE,

Land Agent, Escanaba, Mich.

BUSINESS CARDS. JOSEPH RAYSON.

Practical Carpenter & Builder.

TWENTY YEARS' EXPERIENCE In first-class work. Heating, Ventilating, and San-itery work a specialty. Estimates for all clauses of building made on ap

Shop on Campbell St., near Orden avenue

THE C. O. D. STORE.

MISCELLANEOUS.

91/2 lbs Granulated Sugar for ths Standard A, II lbs Extra C, 16 bars "Old Country" Soap, 18 bars "Highest Prize" Soap, 25 bars "Japan Olive" Soap, 3 lb box Starch,

16 oz. bottle Bluing, 10 oz. bottle Bluing, Rice, per pound, Prunes, per pound, O. G. Java Coffee, Golden Rio, roasted,

Green, Corn Starch, per pound, Syrup, per gallon, New Orleans Molasses, New Maple Sugar, per pound, New Maple Syrup, 1/2 gallon,

New Maple Syrup, per gallon, CRACKERS.

Soda Crackers, Assorted Jumbles, Breakfast Snaps,

Peerless (Patent), per barrel, Straight, per barrel, CANNED GOODS. Condensed Milk, 1234

Kensett's 3 lb Tomatoes, String Beans, 2 lbs, Lima Beans, 2 lbs, Marrowfat Peas, 2 fbs Burnham & Morrill's Corn, Peaches, 3 lbs, Lobsters, 2 lbs, Salmon, 2 lbs, Clams, 2 lbs, Clams, 1 lb, Raspberries, 2 lbs,

Pine Apple, 2 lbs,

DRIED FRUIT. Evaporated Raspberries, per fb, Evaporated Blackberries, Pitted Cherries, Evaporated Apples, North Carolina Sliced Apples, 12 C.O.Perrine's celebrated Jelly, in blk 7 to 121/2

Potatoes, per bushel, Turnips, per bushel, Ham, per pound,

All goods warranted as represented or money refunded. Give us a call.

1 15

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The Largest,

Best Selected

Most Varied Stock of



and

Summer

Good in all Lines

In Delta County.

--- CAN BE FOUND AT:---

GREENHOOT



A word, to the wise, is sufficient—and the purchasing public is wise.



BOOTS AND SHOES.

121/2

Grand Excursion!

PICNI

The Trains will Start Early.

MONDAY MORNING, MAY 8, FOR FRANK J. DRAPER'S

BOOT AND SHOE STORE

Remaining long enough for you to inspect his complete line of Ladies, Misses, Gent's and Youth's Shoes. Only the Best Eastern Makes Kept, and for one price.

EVERYONE TREATED

Richards Block, Ludington St., west, next to Rathfon Bros., Clothiers:

FRANK J. DRAPER.

FURNISHING GOODS.

KRATZE

Ludington St., West, 4 doors East of Wolcott St., now offers

CLOTHING.

BOOTS & SHOES

HATS & CAPS

GENT'S FURNISHING GOODS

Of every description. Underclothing, Neck-wear, Handkerchiefs, Suspenders, Sleeve and Neck Buttons and Studs and a

WORLD OF NOTIONS. Don't Forget KRATZE.

WINEGAR & BURNS.

WINEGAR & BURNS,

FRESH AND SALT FISH.

Fishermen's Supplies, Wood, Etc.

Knox's Fishing Twines of all sizes and varieties, Gill-Nets and all other supplies on hand.

Orders for Fresh Fish promptly attended to. VESSELS and DEALERS supplied.

Office and Warehouse on Oliver Dock, Escanaba, Mich.

HARDWARE.

DIXON & COOK,

Dealers in Stoves Tinware and Hardware.

Will keep constantly on hand a choice assortment of everything pertaining to the trade.

PRICES MODERATE. 10 JOBBING A SPECIALTY.

Ludington street, three doors west from Dousman street.

81-IT WILL PAY YOU.

Escanaba, Michigan, September 23, 1881.

THE ONLY Furniture House

IN THE CITY.

Elegant Sofas,
Lounges, Parlor and Bedroom Sets,
Spring Beds, Wool, Hair and Excelsior Mattrasses,
Hair, Wool and Feather Pillows,

COFFINS AND TRIMMINGS.

HILLER'S Nos. 81 AND 83 LUDINGTON STREET,

ESCANABA, MICH.

THE POPULAR STORE.

FURNITURE.

THE POPULAR STORE

Is again filled, to the eaves, with goods appropriate to the present and approaching seasons; an Enormons Stock of Merchandize, selected by the proprietor in person,

For cash, and offered to purchasers upon the narrowest margin of profit possible. Reference is made to the local columns of this paper for particulars.

LOUIS SCHRAM.

FURNITURE.

PETERSON & NORMAN.

Ludington St., West, Escanaba.

FURNITURE DEALERS. UPHOLSTERERS & UNDERTAKERS.

Supply or repair all kinds of Furniture, furnish and attend funerals, or contract for house-building the most favorable terms. Both men are mechanics, and all work will be warranted

MEAT MARKET.

HESSEL & HENTSCHEL 45 LUDINGTON ST., & MARY STREET. (Between Ludington Street and Wells Avenue.)

MEAT MARKETS.

Every description of Fresh and Salt Meats constantly on hand at the lowest prices. Fish and Game in season, together with

BUTTER, EGGS AND PRODUCE.

EVERYTHING OF THE BEST!