

IRON PORT.

A WEEKLY REPUBLICAN PAPER.--J. C. VAN DUZER, Publisher.

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ESCANABA, MICH., SATURDAY, FEB. 11, 1888.

\$2.00 PER YEAR

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

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Surgeon Dentist.
Corner Ludington street and Tilden avenue. Office hours, 9 to 12 a. m.; 1 to 5 and 6 to 7 p. m.
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Sign of the Golden Tooth.

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Will contract for the erection of buildings of any description--for stone, brick or wood work. Or will move buildings. Terms easy and work performed on time and according to agreement.
Residence and shop on May St.

FRED. E. HARRIS,
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Will prepare plans and estimates and contract to erect buildings of every description.
Resawing, Planing and Matching at the mill at the foot of Ludington St. Store fronts, counters and inside work, brackets, etc., a specialty.

INSURANCE. INSURANCE!!
LIFE, ACCIDENT, FIRE.
Northup & Northup, Agents,
ESCANABA, MICHIGAN.
Issue Policies in old, well known and reliable companies, at rates as low as are consistent with safety.

J. B. SWEATT, CONTRACTOR,
Late of Chicago, now located at Marquette, will build
New Buildings
On short notice. Large or Public Buildings a specialty.
MARQUETTE, MICH.

HOTEL MINNEWASCA.
RICHARD MASON, Prop'r.
Thoroughly heated by Steam.
The only strictly first-class hotel in the "Village."
GLADSTONE, MICH.

HORSE SHOEING
AND BLACKSMITHING
I am now ready, at my shop on Harrison street, just off Ludington, to shoe horses (and guarantee satisfaction), and undertake any other work in my line.
Prices Moderate. Give me a trial!
JAMES R. MACDONALD.
Escanaba, Jan. 15, 1888.

ITEMS OF INTEREST.

—Valentines at Preston's.
—Buy Valentines at Mead's.
—Valentines at Godley's too.
—Rubber Stamps at Finnegan's.
—Feed, Meal, Grain and Hay at Wickert's.
—Choice Butter and Fresh Eggs at Rolph's.
—Oranges, Figs, Apples and Pop corn at Rolph's.
—Cigars & Tobacco, Wholesale and Retail at Rolph's.

—Bad cold, eh? Go to Godley's for something to cure it.
—Olives, Pickles, Catsup and all kinds of table delicacies at Rolph's.

—For choice Teas, Coffees and Groceries of all descriptions call on Rolph.

—You don't have to go by Finnegan's to get Valentines. He has every sort.

—Books, Magazines, Papers and Valentines at Godley's and Stationery to please all tastes.

—Mead will sell you a gun, any kind you want, and all that goes with it, for less than any body.

—Valentines both comic and Sentimental—"just for a joke" or "meaning business," at Preston's.

—Finnegan, Druggist, is agent for the Columbia Rubber Stamp Co., and will fill any order for Stamps.

—"Washburn's Best" as well as the old brands, "Cream of the Wheat" and "Island City," at Wickert's.

—Come, before they are all gone, and get your Valentines. Preston has them, of all sorts, sizes and kinds.

—House for Rent--11 rooms, in good order, possession January 1. Inquire of Wikson the Photographer.

—Buckwheat Flour, milled at Berlin, Wis., and all the "Buck" left in, at Bitter, Wickert & Co's old City Feed Store.

Mary, I think you had better try Hibbard's Throat and Lung Balm for your cold, for I hear nothing but the highest praise for it. 14

Rev. S. A. Long, pastor of the M. E. church at Franklin, Mich., says Hibbard's Rheumatic Syrup is wonderful in the cure of rheumatism. 14

—If you want to make a certain mash don't fool away your money on paper Valentines--stop at Kollie's counter and buy her a ring.

Clara, how is the baby? Oh, he is as chirp as a lark. That Hibbard's Throat and Lung Balm is a great remedy. Three doses relieved his suffering, and he was ready for play. 14

Rheumatism is cured by Hibbard's Rheumatic Syrup striking at the seat of the disease and restoring the kidneys and liver to healthy action. If taken a sufficient time to thoroughly eradicate such poison, it never fails. 14

—Flower Seeds.—The Joseph Harris Seed Co. have imported from the best growers in Europe a quantity of the choicest flower seeds. Our readers should try a few of them. For several years, Joseph Harris, who is well known to our readers as the author of "Walk and Talks on the Farms," "Gardening for Young and Old," "Talks on Manures," etc., has sent seeds to children under 15 years of age at 25 per cent. discount. The Joseph Harris Seed Co., of which he is president, continue the same offer. Send for their Seed Catalogue for 1888. It is free. Address, Joseph Harris Seed Co., Moreton Farm, Rochester, N. Y. 13

UNIVERSITY OF MICHIGAN, CHEMICAL LABORATORY, ALBERT B. PRESCOTT, DIRECTOR.
ANN ARBOR, JAN. 21, 1888.

Water from the service pipes of the city water supply, Escanaba, Mich.
1. Results of the analysis:
Parts per Million
Gals. per U.S. Gal.
Albu'oid Am'ia, 0.10 0.0058
Free Ammonia, 0.06 0.0035
Total Ammonia, 0.16 0.0093
Nitrites, none none
Nitrogen of nitr's, 0.92 0.0053
Chlorine of chl'des, 11.00 0.64
Consumption of oxygen of permanganate, very slight
Hardness (Clark's method), 6.00

Sample "23 feet water," near end of supply pipe in the bay:
Albu'oid Am'ia, 0.14 0.0082
Free Ammonia, 0.06 0.0035
Total Ammonia, 0.20 0.0117
Nitrites, none none
Nitrogen of Nitrates, 0.12 0.0007
Chlorine of chl'des, 7.80 0.4550
Consumption of oxygen, Of Permanganate, very slight
Hardness 6°

2. Conclusions from the analysis:
In chemical composition (as represented by this sample) the water is of good quality for a city supply. Its purity equals the average of good waters of cities in the United States. Its purity does not come up to the best of these waters. It does not reach the purity of the virgin waters of the great lakes of Michigan.
ALBERT B. PRESCOTT.

Mr. EDITOR--Enclosed please find copies of analyses of two samples of water made at the laboratory of the university of Michigan. The conclusions accompanied the first analysis. The second was made a little later.
J. SEMER, Mayor.

SAND.

D. M. PHILLEN makes his debtor for Omaha papers.

IT IS SAFE to bet on Seymour's election. —Iron Spirit, Bessemer.

COLD SNAP, and "snapping cold" it was, Wednesday night--28° below.

THE COLD snaps may be nuts for the coal dealers and those who have cord-wood to sell but they're awfully discouraging to our pocket.

NOT QUITE as pure as that of lake Michigan but good enough. Is the substance of Prof. Prescott's report on our drinking water, which will be found elsewhere.

OPERA HALL was crowded last Saturday evening and everybody had enough. The supper was good and the music was good. Try it again after a little.

MARRIED at the residence of the father of the bridegroom, in this city, on Friday, Feb. 3, by Rev. H. W. Thompson, Chas. W. Bouton and Minnie Vassaw, both of Escanaba.

"SEYMOUR is as sure of his election as the thermometer is to mark cold weather up there" said Tim Nester to a Detroit News man. To make Tim a true man republican must come out and vote next Tuesday, though.

THE Delta of last Saturday announced the dissolution of its publishing firm, Mason retaining the business and Bushnell retiring. He will however, we are told, remain in the office as an employe, for the present at least.

MARRIED, on February 4, 1888, at one o'clock p. m., at the residence of the bride's mother, by the Rev. C. H. Tyndall, Charles E. West and Eleanor M., youngest daughter of the late B. W. Brown, all of Escanaba, Michigan.

NO MORE mailing late letters on the trains; it makes too much work for the postal clerks and the department orders it stopped; must get your correspondence into the postoffice before the mail closes or it will lie over until the next mail.

GROUND-HOG cast no shadow on Candlemas day in our neck o' woods. First place, there was no ground-hog; then there was no sunshine, and we're good for the six weeks of winter in spite of the "sign." Hope we may get off with only six weeks.

THE "protracted effort" at the Methodist church continues and is meeting its reward; quite an interest is manifested and several conversions have taken place. Meetings every evening except Saturday. The public and especially the young, are invited to attend.

IT IS NOT "a strictly private matter" that a man who proposes himself for a position of trust and honor and asks the suffrages of the people is notoriously "bad pay;" it is a matter for public consideration, for the consideration of each man who has a vote to cast for or against him.

THERE was no quorum at the annual meeting of the shareholders of the Enterprise A. A. last Monday evening and an adjournment was taken until Monday next, at the same hour and place--8 p. m. at the Delta county bank--at which time shareholders are requested to be on hand.

QUARTERLY MEETING next Sunday at the M. E. church, a good time expected. Rev. H. W. Thompson will preach in the morning, the pastor in the evening--subject "Behshar's Feast." Love feast at 9.30 a. m. Sacrament of the Lord's supper in the evening; reception of members and baptism in the morning.

CAPT. ED. COFFEY succeeds Capt. B. D. Winegar as superintendent of the operations in the waters hereabouts of A. Booth & Sons, the command of their fishing fleet, etc. What Capt. W. intends to do we are not told, but it is not a wild guess that he will be found hunting whitefish, with twine or cash, when the season opens.

IF BRENN had remained a private citizen, or had he appealed for votes to the people of Menominee county (who know him) only, the public would never have heard from us, of his "dead beat" ways. But when he asks for the votes of the people of Delta county (who do not know him) we are bound to let them know what manner of man he is.

AT A TIME not far distant, probably within the ten days next ensuing, the public of Escanaba will be invited to listen to a lecture, delivered in two parts on successive evenings, by Jerome Bowen, a veteran soldier, entitled "Our Republic, its Inception and Growth." The lecturer is a resident of the adjoining county of Schoolcraft and has delivered the lecture at Manistique before a large and critical audience which pronounced it entertaining, instructive and amusing. Judge Bowen is unable, by reason of physical disability, to fill his Schoolcraft county acres and takes the platform instead. He will be introduced here by C. F. Smith post, G. A. R., and one fourth of the gross receipts of the entertainment will go to its relief fund. Tickets will be but 25 cents and we bespeak for him a hearing. It will be a good quarter's worth.

—Order Firewood, as you want it, of Victor Fish.

WE PRESENT below a portrait, hastily gotten up and not at all flattering (Mr. S. is a better-looking man than the picture makes him), of our candidate for representative in congress, Hon. Henry W. Seymour, whom the people of the eleventh district, in honoring by their choice, will also be honored by. He is fit, at all points: A clean man; an able man; a man of acquirements and experience; a "man of business; just the man we want. Get to the polls next Tuesday, every republican, every protectionist, every well-wisher to the industries and prosperity of the U. P., and give him a vote. We may mention, in closing, that he pays his debts, unlike his competitor.



BARTLEY BRENN's true status and characteristics are given us by a correspondent from his own city in a communication too long for the space at our disposal but which we condense:

In the first place as to his claim to standing as a laboring man: He is notoriously the laziest man in the U. P., not having done an honest day's work in fifteen years; he is a speculator in land options--that, and that only--a small potato capitalist and forestaller; a leech, deriving his subsistence, as other leeches do, by blood-sucking.

His legislative career is as fraudulent as his "labor" claims. The bill which bears his name was not his inception or preparation but Judge Grant's, and he had no more to do with its passage than any other of the members whose votes made it law, but by his silly posing before the public in the newspapers he brought the fair fame of his own city and county. "It's an ill bird that defouls its own nest."

He is not the nominee of the labor organizations but of two men, democrats, one the secretary of the democratic committee and the other a federal office-holder, who between them held proxies enough to nominate him and did nominate him over the opposition of the delegations from his own and Delta counties, the men who knew him and his utter unfitness.

He is not the choice of the democrats of any county in the district but is forced upon them by the trick referred to already; John Power, Dick Flanagan, or any one of a hundred who might be named were preferred to him.

His popularity at home is a myth and his boast that he "pulled through" such men as Flanagan and Siles is shown up by a glance at the majorities--they had over a thousand each, he they "pulled through" (hard pull, too) by only two hundred.

He is nothing which involves settled convictions and purpose; he is a demagogue and a trickster, as is shown by a thousand acts of which we can spare time to point out but one: He claims and has received much credit for refusing the free pass tendered him by the C. & N. W. railway company at the opening of his career in the legislature, but it is not mentioned, either by himself or his backers, that he accepted a pass over the Milwaukee & Northern road at the same time and used it during the whole year, yet such is the fact.

Bartley is a first.

So far our correspondent: we may mention that he does not pay his little debts.

DIED at the residence of her parents in this city on Monday, February 6, Nellie J., daughter of T. H. and Hattie A. Hancock. She was born at Grand Haven, Michigan, Dec. 4, 1869, and had therefore just completed her eighteenth year. Lovely in character as in person, she bound her associates and acquaintances by ties of warmest affection, and her untimely demise is to them a sorrow only less poignant than that which befalls those of her blood. She was buried on Thursday from the Methodist church and followed to her resting place in Lakeview by a large concourse of mourning friends.

DR. GELLEN, who was in town on Monday and Tuesday, brought us good news of our sick friends in Fairbanks and Sack Bay. Mr. Huichim's attack was an acute bronchitis, very severe and at the worst stage threatening a fatal termination, but has yielded to treatment and he is now in a fair way of recovery. Mr. Elliott has recovered, partially, the use of his paralyzed limbs and his speech is mending daily, having good appetite and digestion, and will be "out in the spring." Many friends, here as well as east of the bays, will rejoice in their recovery.

Truly Yours
WM. C. HUNTER, Pastor.

MONEY is furnished from Washington to corrupt, if possible, the voters of the 11th district and carry it for Breun, and his canyass is directed and managed by that "eminent friend of labor" Don M. Dickson through that other "eminent friend of labor" the governor of Alaska. But it will not win; the money will not corrupt nor the "bossing" succeed.

IN VIEW of Gov. Swineford's resignation they are already suggesting our Mr. Power or Bartley Breun as his successor. Breun may want it, as a consolation, but our word for it John Power has no use for Mr. Swineford's old shoes--no desire to undergo banishment for a stipend not half as large as the sum of his fees as an attorney here.

BALLOTS for republican voters will be found in the hands of H. C. Ellis Ford River, Frank Provo Escanaba tp., Seth D. Perry Baldwin, Axel Lathrop Maple Ridge, A. O. Blackwell Gladstone, S. S. Snell Masonville, George Bonafeld Bay de Noc, Donald A. Wells Sack Bay, A. Reid Fayette, R. R. Campbell Garden, James McGee Nahma and for the wards of this city at this office.

AS WILL be noted, the city council by resolution extended the time for collection of taxes so as to embrace the current month. There can be no further grace, so hustle round and get the money, and call on the treasurer on or before the 25th instant. Otherwise he must levy and collect personal taxes and the state will sell the land. Tough, but there's no dodging it, so it's best to get there.

"MONT" was unable to get out his Sunday Sun last Sunday--no paper, though plenty had been purchased and committed to the care of the railway company for transportation five weeks before. Maj. Clark had shared with him until there was danger that the Pioneer would have to be suspended also. A representative of the Sun was here Tuesday trying to get track of the errant bundles.

AN ENGINE house 26 by 60 feet on the ground and two stories over it is determined on and bids for its construction asked for. It must be done by May 15. The Gladstone street railway company may build on Delta, Minnesota, Minneapolis, Dakota and Railway avenues and on 1st, 3d, 5th, 7th, 9th and 11th streets, a pretty extensive system it looks on paper, and charge a 5-cent fare. We condense from the Delta.

FROM the Detroit papers and some such men as the one that says Seymour should have "telegraphed \$10,000" home for use as soon as he heard of his nomination, and that when he, Seymour, does arrive "he will kick the barrel open at both ends," we hear of the big sums to be spent by some one to elect Breun but we see none that looks new in circulation in this vicinity. If Bartley had gotten much cash "from Washington" some of our "workers" ought to be flush, but they are not.

ALD. TYRELL, of the committee to which was referred the question of sewerage for the city has corresponded with various parties having knowledge of the subject and laid the answers received before the council last Tuesday evening. From them (as well as from a cool view of the matter from the stand point of business) it is evident that we must employ an expert in such work at the outset--it will not do to blunder, as we should be liable in our ignorance to do, in the plan--we must start right, at any rate.

DAVIDSON is still very low and, if he pulls through with his life, as his physician now hopes he may, must lose the arm which was wounded, as gangrene has set in. We write on Tuesday and the amputation may have taken place before this is printed--the "line of demarcation" between the gangrened and the sound tissues was already forming on Monday.

Since the foregoing was in type, on Tuesday night, Davidson died, and was buried on Thursday by Escanaba Lodge, I.O.O.F., of which body he had been a member in life.

GARDEN, Delta Co., Mich., Feb. 6, '88.
EDITOR OF IRON PORT:

DEAR SIR:--The parsonage erected by the Congregational churches of Fayette, Garden and Nahma was completed before Christmas and is now occupied by the pastor and his family. Many thanks are due to Mr. and Mrs. E. P. Royce for their generous donation of the handsome site on which the building stands, and to many friends, on both sides of the bay, for liberal contributions of money. We feel encouraged to cultivate the grace of giving, and suggest that next summer all experience the luxury of doing good by aiding in the erection of a suitable church building alongside of the parsonage.

The pastor and wife were delighted to receive a visit from a few ladies representing Delta Congregational church, Fayette. After a delightful social tea, we found the larger store, from their baskets, with a large supply of provisions. We shall cherish happy memories of their visit long after their gifts have perished in the using. The ladies of Fayette are foremost in all good works and we are in hopes that another summer will not pass before a suitable place of worship is erected at that favored harbor.

Truly Yours
WM. C. HUNTER, Pastor.

TO THE VOTERS OF DELTA COUNTY WHO FAVOR PROTECTION TO AMERICAN INDUSTRY.

A special election for congressman is to be held next Tuesday. It is of great importance that the republican candidate should be elected by a good majority.

Henry W. Seymour, the republican candidate, is emphatically a man of the people. He has, by his own industry, acquired a modest competence, but is not a rich man as some of his alleged friends (who are really his enemies in disguise) are trying to make you believe.

In the legislature of 1881 he voted against the Ontonagon & Brule River land grant.

In the legislature of 1887 he voted in favor of reducing railroad passenger fares to two cents a mile.

During the same session he voted against extending the land grant of the M., H. & O. railroad company.

He is sound on the tariff. When he takes his seat in congress he will associate with the tariff men.

If Mr. Breun should be elected his associates in congress will be free traders.

It is easy to tell a man by the company he keeps, no matter what he says about himself.

Grover Cleveland has recommended the removal of the duties from raw material, and is endorsed by the democratic party.

Iron Ore is the raw material for making pig iron. Pig Iron is the raw material for making steel. Hence, the democrats are in favor of removing the tariff from ore and pig iron.

We wish to call the especial attention of workmen to the so-called labor party.

Nearly all the leaders of that party are or were democrats.

The so-called labor convention which nominated Bartley Breun was composed almost exclusively of democrats and many of them, at Marquette ten days later, in their real characters as free trade democrats, endorsed him.

Bartley Breun was a democrat until within a year and is nothing else now, his "labor" face is but a mask, an ill-fitting one at that.

He is supported by the free trade organ of the state, the Detroit Free Press, and by the democratic fuglemen of the U. P. (had as they hate the labor party) because he is a democrat.

Is not a man known by his friends?

There are a few men in the labor party who were once republicans but have gone to the labor organization after the importance they could not attain in the republican, and these, unworthy as they are, are paraded and pointed at, used as decoy ducks to toll republican voters into the democratic net.

But in New York, at the late election, the democrats of the labor party abandoned their own organization to give the state to the democrats.

Workmen, choose between the two great parties; you have no other choice.

If you want free trade and low wages; if you want cheap goods and no money to buy with, vote the democratic ticket.

If you want protection against cheap, ill-fed European labor, good wages, good food and good clothing and shelter, vote against it and its free trade heresies.

If Breun is elected it will be claimed as a free trade victory at democratic headquarters, state and national, and as a verdict of the people of the district in favor of the "free iron ore" demanded by the president. Can you afford that?

If you send a man to congress to associate and vote with the free trade democracy what are you but free traders in act, whatever you may be in thought? Can you afford to belie your convictions by a vote for Breun?

Already the evil effect of the president's message and its endorsement by the party to which Breun looks for support, and the support and adoption thereof by the democrats in congress begins to be felt; the ores that went to market last year are largely unsold and no contracts have been made for future delivery, the fear of what the democrats in congress may do has broken the ore market and threatens you with idleness and your children with hunger. Can you afford to strengthen the hands of your enemies?

Lastly, Bartley Breun does not pay his honest debts to laborers or try to do it. Can you afford to honor such a man?

—Firewood; Victor Fish. Send orders by post card or call at the wood yard, Wells avenue.

The Latest.
Amos J. Snell, of Chicago, was killed in his own house by burglars who had forced entrance and robbed the safe.

A St. Louis butcher was torn by his own dog, a huge brute, so that his life is in danger.

The U. S. Brewers' association sustains the master brewers of Milwaukee and condemns the acts of union No. 9.

The German crown prince is suddenly worse and tracheotomy must be resorted to, to prevent suffocation.

NEWS OF THE WEEK.

The Merced canal, which will irrigate 250,000 acres of California soil hitherto worthless for want of water, was opened last week.

Mrs. Hendricks, widow of the vice president of that name, thinks herself as fairly entitled to a pension as Mrs. Garfield, Mrs. Logan or Mrs. Blaine and says the republicans take better care of the families of their fallen leaders than the democrats.

A Pittsburg expert, who has worked up the Chicago natural gas matter says the Leland well may possibly furnish gas enough to light cigars by but not more.

Cincinnati shoe manufacturers last week locked out 3,000 workers on a dispute over an error in the pay of twelve.

The daughter of A. G. Barnes, a Christian county banker, ran away with and married his horse-trainer last week.

Striking miners at Shenandoah, Pa., attacked working miners as they left the mine on Friday of last week and, in the contest with the police, half-a-dozen of them were wounded with pistol shots, but they drove the police to cover and held the town for a day, wrecking the offices of the magistrates and beating the workers wherever found.

The granulating house of the Austin powder mills, near Cleveland, blew up Feb. 3. One man killed.

The strike at the Solar Iron works, Pittsburg, ended in the employment of a non-union force and the works are again in full operation.

A decision of the Wisconsin supreme court holds the directors of Henry Strong's bank at Green Bay liable for the moneys embezzled by Strong. It saves the creditors some \$200,000 but it is rough on the directors.

The strikers attacked the men who returned to work at the Solar Iron works, Pittsburg, last Saturday evening. The men replied to the attack with pistol shots and several of the strikers were wounded.

The gymnasium of Racine college was burned last Saturday. Loss \$29,000.

Tom Ellis, editor of the Hornet, Birmingham, Ala., was fatally shot by a police detective named Sullivan, whose methods had been criticised in the Hornet.

Ben Hopkins was convicted of his share in the wrecking of the Fidelity bank and will join his principal in the penitentiary. His son Charles is in jail on charge of adultery with a Mrs. Butler and if he gets out of jail Butler will go hunting for him. Altogether the Hopkins family seems "down on its luck."

Another Cincinnati bank is in deep water—the Metropolitan National—but may pull through.

Workmen engaged in tearing down an old log house in Evansville, Ind., found a copper casket containing several thousand dollars in gold coin. Some of Murrell's plunder, probably.

A six-day walking match is in progress at the Madison Square garden, New York. Cartwright, Connors, Sinclair, Hart and Hughes are the contestants.

By a disaster caused by a broken frog on the N. Y., P. & O. road, near Jamestown, three persons were killed and a dozen wounded last Sunday.

The employes of four large iron establishments at Pittsburg, a thousand in number, have just given up their membership in the K. of L. and joined the Amalgamated societies.

The labor organizations of Chicago are kicking about the employment of non-union labor on the great auditorium building.

Barnes & Co. and Blakely & Co., printers, were burned out at Chicago Sunday morning. Blakely's office was fitted with the "automatic sprinkler" but it did no good.

Taylor hall, Racine college, was burnt Saturday night last.

Texas is to have a great "inter state drill," open to all volunteer military organizations in the U. S., May 14 to 19, at Austin. Prizes, from \$500 to \$5,000, are offered, and the cash to pay them is in bank.

At Buffalo, Sunday, a horse was touched by a telephone wire which was somewhere in contact with an electric light wire and killed. The driver got a shock that put him to sleep for a time and a man that ran to his aid touched the wire and was killed.

"Winter cholera," whatever that may be, is prevalent near Atchison, Kansas, and the doctors can do nothing with it.

The Metropolitan bank, Cincinnati had to close its doors and its vice president and active manager, John R. De Camp, is in arrest. The bank examiner says that it has lost \$350,000, but will pay its debts.

Two hog-thieves were shot at Hamburg, Iowa, by a farmer, while they were in his hog-pen.

S. F. Funk, an Ohio farmer beat the banks of Lima, Delphos and Yan Wert out of \$50,000 on forged paper and got away with the cash.

The dwelling of T. M. Norton at Anderson, Ind., was wrecked Tuesday by an explosion of natural gas and one Rogers killed.

Best & Co., Green Bay, failed Monday. Assets and liabilities about a stand-off.

Coy and Bernheimer, the Hoosiers convicted of forging election returns, are to have a new trial on writ of error.

Means, president of the Metropolitan bank of Cincinnati, is also in arrest.

One Jencks, of Sioux City, was jealous of his wife and brother and felt like killing, so he killed himself. Best way, if he must kill.

C. H. Woodruff, St. Louis, attempted suicide by cutting his throat, but the knife was dull and he only succeeded in making a mess. Then he hunted a police station and gave himself in charge.

Win. Ball, St. Louis, killed his sweetheart and then himself because she would not wed. If she had chosen she chose wisely; better so than be tortured to death after marriage.

John Kener, who poisoned a whole family last fall, in Missouri, was arrested and broke jail, has just been retaken. What's the matter with a rope and a black jack?

The Effects of Free Trade in England.

The leading feature of the tariff meeting held in Philadelphia last week "to enforce and endorse the recommendations of President Cleveland for revenue reform" was an address by Congressman W. C. Breckenridge, who according to the newspaper accounts of the meeting, "instantly impressed his audience and was frequently unable to proceed because of the applause." There are two or three points in the address made by Mr. Breckenridge which it may not be amiss to briefly consider. He said:

But there is something wrong in Pennsylvania. The people of this State have not been without a labor strike for the past ten years. When labor is discontented the system must be wrong. The surest guarantee of the perpetuity of this government is the content and tranquility of labor. We don't have that now because our system is false and we must abandon it.

In other words, Mr. Breckenridge believes, or at least asserts, that because Pennsylvania has not been without a labor strike for the past ten years "our system of protection is false and we must abandon it." If protection is responsible for the labor troubles, it follows that under a system of free trade there would be no labor troubles, and the masses be contented and tranquil. England has been giving free trade a fair trial, and according to Mr. Breckenridge labor in that country certainly ought not to be "discontented" as it is in Pennsylvania. What are the facts in the case? In order that no one may accuse of us exaggeration or misrepresentation, we will let an Englishman relate in his own words the condition of affairs which prevails in England.

In the last issue of the Contemporary Review, published in London, there is an article by Francis Peck, from which we make a few short extracts:

Not only in London, but in all our large towns, the cry of distress has been loud and deep, while riotous mobs have paraded our streets and large masses of the so called unemployed have assembled to listen to the address of mob orators urging to anarchy and pillage. Moreover, the suffering that exists among the deserving poor is used by political factions to set at defiance the officers of the law, until in the metropolis it has been deemed necessary to call out the military for the preservation of the peace. These facts are alarming enough in themselves, but they assume a still more serious aspect when the comparatively mild character of the past depression is considered. * * * Vagrancy and mendicancy, as has been already said, are rapidly increasing; casual wards, night refuges, free dinners, soup tickets and indiscriminate alms giving are swelling the ranks of the worthless to a most dangerous extent, whilst the penal laws so necessary to repress them have almost become a dead letter. * * * During the greater part of this period bread was being sold at one penny per pound, and all other articles of food have been equally cheap; but notwithstanding these mitigations of the hard times, the cry of distress has been loud and threatening, our statesmen and philanthropists have been at their wit's end to know how to meet it, and the most futile and foolish schemes have been broached, which even a cursory study of the past would have shown could only aggravate the evil.

It is not just as reasonable to ascribe the condition of affairs in England portrayed above to the workings of free trade as to say that protection is responsible for the labor strikes in Pennsylvania? Wherein would be the people of this country benefit themselves by adopting a system which, according to the confessions of the English themselves, can only make the rich richer and the poor poorer?—Age of Steel.

Consumption Surely Cured.

To the Editor—Please inform your readers that I have a positive remedy for the above named disease. By its timely use thousands of hopeless cases have been permanently cured. I will be glad to send two bottles FREE to any of your readers who have consumption if they will send me their express and postoffice address. Respectfully, T. A. SLOCUM, M. C., 181 Pearl St., N. Y.

A True Friend

To the sick and suffering, is Dr. Kaufmann's great Medical Work, finely illustrated. Send three 2-cents stamps, to pay postage, to A. P. Ordway & Co., Boston, Mass., and receive a copy free.

For Sale.

One horse, Harness and working Sleigh, all in good order. Price reasonable, inquire of John Hunt.

Detroit Journal For \$1.00

The Saturday's issue (eight pages) of the Detroit Evening Journal will be mailed to any address for one year for one dollar (\$1.00), or every day for \$5.00.

For Sale Cheap

At the Pump-house, Escanaba, a large sized, locomotive fire Boiler, suitable for a saw mill or other manufactory. It is in perfect order and ready for instant use. Inquire at the office of

ESCANABA WATER WORKS CO.

Dissolution of Partnership.

The partnership heretofore existing under the firm name and style of McNaughtan & Linden is this day dissolved by mutual consent, Mr. O. V. Linden retiring. John A. McNaughtan retains the accounts and assumes the liabilities of the firm and continues the business at the old stand.

JOHN A. McNAUGHTAN, O. V. LINDEN. Escanaba, Feb., 1888.

Itch, Mange, and Scratches of every kind on humans or animals cured in 30 minutes by Woodford's Sanitary Lotion. This never fails. Sold by Justin N. Mead, Druggist, Escanaba, Mich.

RUSSIAN TERRORISM.

General Strelnikoff's plan was to arrest simultaneously a large number of persons belonging to the "untrustworthy" class; throw them into prison, keep them for ten days or two weeks in the strictest solitary confinement, and then subject them to a terrifying inquisitorial examination with the hope of extorting scraps of information, here a little and there a little, which might be pieced together, like the parts of a dissected map, so as to reveal the outlines of a revolutionary plot. If, for example, a young girl belonging to an "untrustworthy" family, and a "suspicious" letter to her had been intercepted by the authorities; or if she had been seen coming out of a "suspicious" house at a late hour in the evening, she was arrested in one of these police raids, generally at night, conveyed in a close carriage to the Odessa prison, put into a small solitary-confinement cell and left to her own agonizing thoughts. No explanation was given her of this summary proceeding, and if she appealed to the sentinel on duty in the corridor the only reply she obtained was "Prkazano no gavarit"—"Talking is forbidden." The effect produced upon a young, inexperienced, impressible girl by the overwhelming shock of such a transition from the repose, quiet and security of her own bedroom, in her own home, to a narrow, gloomy cell in a common criminal prison at night, can readily be imagined. Even if she were a girl of courage and firmness of character, her self-control might give way under the strain of such an ordeal. The sounds which break the stillness of a Russian criminal prison at night, the stealthy tread of the guard; the faintly heard cries and struggles of a drunken and disorderly "assail" who is being strapped to his bed in another part of the prison—cries which suggest to an inexperienced girl some terrible scene of violence and outrage; the occasional clang of a heavy door; the moaning and hysterical weeping of other recently-arrested prisoners in cells on the same corridor, and the sudden and noiseless appearance now and then of an unknown human face at the little square porthole in the cell door through which the prisoners are watched—all combine to make the first night of a young girl in prison an experience never to be forgotten while she lives. This experience, however, is only the beginning of the trial which her courage and self-control are destined to undergo. One day passes—two days—three days—ten days—without bringing any news from the outside world, or any information concerning the nature of the charges made against her. Twice every twenty-four hours food is handed to her through the square porthole by the taciturn guard, but nothing else breaks the monotony and the solitude of her life. She has no books, no writing materials, no means whatever of diverting her thoughts or relieving the mental strain which soon becomes almost unendurable. Tortured by apprehension and by uncertainty as to her own fate and the fate of those dear to her, she can only pace her cell from corner to corner until she is exhausted, and then throw herself on the narrow prison bed and in sleep try to lose consciousness of her misery.—Century.

How Persons Belonging to the "Untrustworthy" Class Are Abused.

General Strelnikoff's plan was to arrest simultaneously a large number of persons belonging to the "untrustworthy" class; throw them into prison, keep them for ten days or two weeks in the strictest solitary confinement, and then subject them to a terrifying inquisitorial examination with the hope of extorting scraps of information, here a little and there a little, which might be pieced together, like the parts of a dissected map, so as to reveal the outlines of a revolutionary plot. If, for example, a young girl belonging to an "untrustworthy" family, and a "suspicious" letter to her had been intercepted by the authorities; or if she had been seen coming out of a "suspicious" house at a late hour in the evening, she was arrested in one of these police raids, generally at night, conveyed in a close carriage to the Odessa prison, put into a small solitary-confinement cell and left to her own agonizing thoughts. No explanation was given her of this summary proceeding, and if she appealed to the sentinel on duty in the corridor the only reply she obtained was "Prkazano no gavarit"—"Talking is forbidden." The effect produced upon a young, inexperienced, impressible girl by the overwhelming shock of such a transition from the repose, quiet and security of her own bedroom, in her own home, to a narrow, gloomy cell in a common criminal prison at night, can readily be imagined. Even if she were a girl of courage and firmness of character, her self-control might give way under the strain of such an ordeal. The sounds which break the stillness of a Russian criminal prison at night, the stealthy tread of the guard; the faintly heard cries and struggles of a drunken and disorderly "assail" who is being strapped to his bed in another part of the prison—cries which suggest to an inexperienced girl some terrible scene of violence and outrage; the occasional clang of a heavy door; the moaning and hysterical weeping of other recently-arrested prisoners in cells on the same corridor, and the sudden and noiseless appearance now and then of an unknown human face at the little square porthole in the cell door through which the prisoners are watched—all combine to make the first night of a young girl in prison an experience never to be forgotten while she lives. This experience, however, is only the beginning of the trial which her courage and self-control are destined to undergo. One day passes—two days—three days—ten days—without bringing any news from the outside world, or any information concerning the nature of the charges made against her. Twice every twenty-four hours food is handed to her through the square porthole by the taciturn guard, but nothing else breaks the monotony and the solitude of her life. She has no books, no writing materials, no means whatever of diverting her thoughts or relieving the mental strain which soon becomes almost unendurable. Tortured by apprehension and by uncertainty as to her own fate and the fate of those dear to her, she can only pace her cell from corner to corner until she is exhausted, and then throw herself on the narrow prison bed and in sleep try to lose consciousness of her misery.—Century.

THE AMERICAN FLAG.

When It Was Adopted and How It Is at Present Constructed.

In a resolution of Congress June 13, 1777, it was decreed "that the flag of the thirteen United States be thirteen stripes, alternately red and white; that the Union be thirteen stars, white in a blue field, representing a new constellation." This flag was established by law in July of the same year. The plan was to add a new stripe for each new State admitted to the Union, but by the rapid admission of new States the added stripe made the flag too large, and by a later act of Congress the stripes were reduced to the original number, thirteen, and a star was added to the Union on the introduction of a new State.

As at present constructed, the flag is symmetrical in shape and proportion. The infantry flag is six feet six inches by six feet and has seven red and six white stripes. The first stripe at the top is red, the next white and so on alternately, the last stripe being red. Each stripe should be half as many inches wide as the flag is feet long, and the Union should be one-third the length of the flag, and cover seven stripes in width. These details differ slightly in flags used in different organizations, in some of which the flag is six feet six inches by four feet four inches, the length being one-half longer than the breadth.

In the War Department the stars in the field are usually arranged in the form of a large star; in the navy they are arranged in straight lines, perpendicular and horizontal. The ordinary flags used for display are generally made with no special regard for the fixed rules for their construction.—American Teacher.

"Hullo! What are you doing here?" the Passing Zephyr lingered a moment in front of the pawnbroker's store to ask a Prince Albert Coat.

"Oh," replied the latter, as it swung slowly to and fro over the heads of the passers-by, "this is where I hang out, now."—Detroit Free Press.

The study of Volapuk, the new universal language, is obligatory upon the students of the Royal Gymnasium of Munich. In Russia it is permitted to be used in telegraphic transmission.

RIISING FROM THE GRAVE.

An Incident Which Relieved the Monotony of Camp Life.

When I was in the army during the winter of 1862 we were camped at the upper end of Metairie ridge, some few miles back of Carrollton, La., and some seven or eight from New Orleans. Toward Lake Pontchartrain there was an almost impassable cypress swamp and on the river side wet sloughs. The ridge was from a quarter to a half a mile in width and thickly settled. For what purpose we had been camped there we never knew, unless to try our constitutions in the very hot-bed of malarial production. The men were giving way very fast, so that it was impossible to make out a picket detail without taking men on the sick list.

Just where our regiment was camped the ridge was divided by a bayou, and back of us, across this bayou, was camped probably a thousand contrabands. The blacks were suffering from fevers and other sickness and dying off very fast, although they were thoroughly acclimated under ordinary circumstances. Our picket line was stationed just back of the contraband camp in the edge of the swamp, but what was expected to come through this morass, except alligators and other indigenous animals, is more than we ever found out. Near the post occupying the northwest corner the contrabands buried their dead with all the solemnity and superstition of the African nature. From comrades who had been stationed on this post we had been told of strange occurrences that, in spite of the solemnity such things usually inspire, would convulse us with laughter.

One day after he was relieved, Joe C. S.—told us of an incident that often recurs to me. The ground, as every one knows, on the Mississippi bottoms of Louisiana, is very low, and at any time in a hole dug the water will come very near the surface. It was so with the graves dug by the contrabands; they would immediately fill with water to within a few inches of the top, which made it necessary to put weights on the dead bodies in order to sink them so they could be covered. There was no such thing to be had as coffins, and the burials were made in blankets.

Just before night Joe saw a contraband funeral approaching his post and through curiosity stopped to watch the proceedings. The corpse was laid in the grave and as it would not sink heavy sods taken from the surface were placed on both head and feet. While the body was slowly sinking the venerable white-haired preacher was exhorting the attendants and committing the body, "Dust to dust." Just as they commenced throwing in dirt, up darted the dead body, head first, half way out of the grave, and the last one of them ran away yelling. Joe burst out laughing, as he saw that the weight that had been placed on the head of the body had slipped off and, of course, the buoyancy of the water quickly forced the corpse into an upright position.

It was some time before the negroes could be influenced to return and complete their burial. They believed there was something supernatural about it, and no amount of talking could convince them to the contrary.—Wilber H. Webber, in N. Y. Graphic.

Pipes Again in Fashion.

"Pipe-smoking is on the increase," said a Fulton street tobaccoist. "Years ago it was not unusual to meet a half-dozen men pulling on briar-roots during a walk of as many blocks, but until recently the custom has been regarded as vulgar, and Patsy with his dudheen was the only man who braved popular prejudice and sauntered home with a pipe in his mouth. During the past few months it is surprising how many pipes have been sold. Nearly all the old stock is gone, and the manufacturers are smiling at the prospect of a rush for the holidays. The profits are not meager, but of course they are nothing to those we make on cigars. The male portion of New York begins smoking nowadays at the age of seven years, and never quits until death. Cigarettes, or "coffin nails," as some persons call them, are bought by every one. Even young women, school-girls and old women blow a cloud occasionally. We should all get rich if there were fewer in the business. The man who doesn't smoke something nowadays is a rarity."—N. Y. Mail and Express.

He Muzzled the Dog.

"Must I put some muzzle on my dog?" he asked at police headquarters yesterday.

"Well, no; not now."

"Dot's how I believe it was myself. Can I do somethings mit a boy?"

"What for?"

"Yhell, a few days ago a boy comes by my place. My big dog vinas out doors. Dot boy half a dog about so high. My dog chaws him oop in two minutes. Dot boy comes in und says if I doan' put some muzzle on my dog he haf him shot."

"I see."

"I puts dot muzzle on. To-day my dog vinas out doors. Dot boy comes along mit his shmall dog. When he sees dot muzzle he cries out: Seek him, Tiger! und dot shmall dog licks my big dog until he can't shtand oop no more. Yhas dot some conspiracy or what? Do I half some false pretense on dot boy, or will he walk around und tell efery body dot it vinas a big shoke on Snyder?"—Detroit Free Press.

—Most of the London churches have offered up prayers for the recovery of the Crown Prince of Germany.

Greenhoot Bro's. FALL AND WINTER STOCK

Is now ready for exhibition and inspection. It is the LARGEST, —THE— MOST VARIED, —AND THE— CHEAPEST

Stock ever brought to the city, and purchasers can not, in justice to themselves, neglect to give it attention. It embraces every variety of

Dry Goods

Adapted to the needs of this locality, and every article is of the LATEST STYLE and BEST MATERIAL. In

:-Clothing:-

It covers the whole ground, containing everything which can be desired. In

Miscellaneous Goods and Notions

The assortment is complete and, which is most important of all, the

PRICES ARE THE LOWEST

At which such goods can be sold.

FOR SALE.

LOTS

IN

SOUTH

GLADSTONE!!

On And After July 6

We will offer lots for sale in our plat of South Gladstone, and invite the attention of investors.

South Gladstone contains some of the most desirable property on the Point and will be offered at low prices.

We also have choice lots for sale in the original townsite, and will furnish information regarding lands in the vicinity.

A general real estate business conducted.

BLACKWELL BROS., Gladstone, Mich.

IRON PORT.

THIS PAPER MAY BE FOUND ON FILE at the P. Russell & Co's. Newspaper Advertising Bureau on Spruce St., where advertising contracts may be made for it in New York.

For Representative in Congress ELEVENTH DISTRICT.

Henry W. Seymour,

OF CHIPPEWA CO.

Special Election.

Michigan, Department of State, Office of the Secretary, Lansing December 30, 1887. To the Sheriff of the County of Delta: Sir—You are hereby notified that a special election has this day been ordered by the governor, to be held in the eleventh congressional district of the state of Michigan, to which your county is attached, on Tuesday, the fourteenth day of February next, to elect a representative for said district to the fifth congress of the United States, to fill the vacancy occasioned by the death of Seth C. Moffatt. The term of said representative to expire March 4, 1889. In testimony whereof, I hereunto set my hand and affix the great seal of the state of Michigan, at Lansing, the day and year first above written.

F. B. EGAN, Deputy Secretary of State.

Michigan Republican League.

In accordance with the provisions of the Constitution adopted by the Republican League of the United States, at its Convention held in New York, Dec. 16, 1887, a call is hereby issued to the Republican Clubs of Michigan, to meet in convention at Detroit, on Wednesday, February 22, at 11 a. m.

The objects of this convention are to form a republican league for the state of Michigan; to supervise and encourage the formation of permanent clubs in every county; and to give unity of action for effective work in order that sound republican principles may be established and maintained.

Each club shall be entitled to as many delegates as it shall elect, but shall have only one vote. Where clubs are already existing, they are requested to send and elect delegates; while in those places not having a club organization, republicans are urged to form one at once and send representatives. Eligibility to membership in the league consists in the republican club having a constitution and a membership of twenty.

The annual banquet of the Michigan club occurring in the evening will call many distinguished republicans to the city, and it is expected they will address the convention. Every republican is most earnestly requested to see to it that his county is represented.

JUNIOUS E. BEAL,

Member Executive Committee for Michigan, National League.

CLARENCE A. BLACK,

Vice-President for Michigan of the National League.

KENNA, the West Virginian senator who tackled John Sherman, "wishes he hadn't fist."

The Greenback organization is now called "in orders," the left wing of the democratic party.

GERMANY and Austro-Hungary have been allies against Russia for nine years but the treaty has just been made public as "a blub" against the czar.

WHILE our borbons are talking about abolishing the duties on pig iron from the Canadian government is paying a bounty on every ton made in the Dominion.

AN ILLINOIS manufacturer, a free trader, says the protection afforded by the tariff is of no value to him—his "workmen take it all," just as they should; that's what protection is for.

BURTON's deal is off, altogether. He can not sell his mines and notices those who hold shares with him that they must "put up" to save their original investments or any part thereof.

TALKING of cheek; the Mining Journal of Monday claims the credit of the eight votes the editor had in the Ishpeming "free for all," instead of acknowledging the injury it did his prospects, as it ought to do.

The supreme court has knocked the "Bohemian oats" swindle on the head by a decision that the purchaser of a note such as the swindlers get, knowing what it is, is not an "innocent purchaser" and can not collect.

SULLIVAN won't fight except on his own terms and the British boxers are equally set in their way, so the chances are that the Boston slugger will come home without having faced anybody in real earnest. That will suit John, too, if he brings away shekels enough to satisfy him.

CHEBOYGAN is in danger of a loss of importance. The secretary of the treasury will consider of doing away with the custom of compelling Canadian vessels passing the straits to report there and shut up its custom house. Going to stand that, from a democratic official, Forsyth?

WE ARE under obligations to Mr Swineford for a copy of his annual report. Congress ought to do what he asks but does not seem inclined to, the bill has just been adversely reported by the committee. You see, A. P., it is a democratic committee and not much can be expected of it except mischief.

The terrific climate and the oppression of the government are driving the Manitobans southward, into Minnesota, Dakota and Montana, in droves. They could endure the climate; but the Dominion government and the C. P. railroad are too much, so they come.

SPONSOR you ask the Judge, Mr. Mining Journal; he's your neighbor. If you did you could contradict the Iron Port, perhaps. As to how we know that Judge Grant was the author of the so-called "Breen law," that has nothing to do with the question of fact. Try that by calling the principal witness, if you wish to.

"THE Sherman" and other of the Pennsylvania "spouters" the great spouter of the Muscat district in Ohio, and all other American oil wells are but small affairs besides those of the trans Caspian oil field, a description of one of which we find in an exchange and clip. It is a spouter for certain:

One of the largest naphtha fountains yet known has broken out near Baku, which threatens to inundate all Balakhan. The naphtha, owing to the pressure of the gases which accompany it, rises to a height of from 280 to 420 feet, and is carried away by the wind to a great distance, falling like fine rain at the more distant parts of the district, but near the fountain coming down in torrents that form rivers and streamlets. Further on it falls like sleet, and settles in a layer on the houses in the neighborhood. These naphtha rivers flow for a distance of more than half a mile, and pass through wells, works, reservoirs, and inhabited houses, etc. Unfortunately, all the reservoirs in the neighborhood were full when the fountain broke out and the oil was thus wasted. Owing to the stillness of the atmosphere, at one time the gases which accompany the naphtha spread in a heavy layer for more than 280 yards, filling the houses and placing the inhabitants in a most dangerous position, especially at night when fires were lit. The sand and dust thrown up by the fountain form a hill of considerable size, and have buried the boilerhouse of the mining company's works and all buildings in close proximity to the fountain. There is no doubt that any exposed flame would set the whole district, from the mining company's works to the Saboianchi railway station, in a blaze. Many efforts have been made to stop the spring, but all have yet proved unavailing, for after five or six hours the fountain would again burst forth with all its former vigor. For some days the fountain has been left to play without hindrance and has increased in power. In consequence of a strong and changing wind setting in, the naphtha has been scattered in every direction, turning the whole district into a petroleum swamp. The naphtha pours from the roofs of houses, on to which also fall the earth and stones carried up by the oil.

HENRY W. SEYMOUR, a man of ability, a man of energy, a man of integrity and unblemished character, a man of enterprise and withal a liberal, progressive man and one against whom no laborer is now pressing claims for services long since rendered and still unremunerated, is presented to the people of the 11th district by the republican party of the district as its candidate for representative in congress at this time. The alternative to his election is that of the man of whom we made mention last week, one selected by the Dalys, Fitzgibbons, Scallons and other parasites who without labor live upon labor, and by them foisted upon the democrats of the district as their candidate; a man without ability, energy, attainments, or standing in the community in which he resides, Bartley Breen. Can there be a doubt as to the result? There ought not to be but, such is the power of party discipline with the democracy and such the wild hope of something, they know not what, to result from the election of a so-called "labor candidate" among a portion of the associations of laborers, and such the conditions under which the election next Tuesday will be held that there may be. Republicans and all who prefer that the district should be represented in congress by one who knows something of its needs rather than a wooden man—by Seymour rather than by Breen—must get to the polls, every man, or the doubt may be settled the wrong way. Get out every republican vote, every one, and save the district from the disgrace which it would suffer by the election of Bartley Breen.

THIS IS how they look at it in the south end of the state. We clip from the Detroit Tribune the following:

The nomination by the republicans of the eleventh district of the Hon. Henry W. Seymour of Sault Ste. Marie to succeed the lamented Seth C. Moffatt will be recognized as a fit and excellent selection by all who know Mr. Seymour. He has served in both houses of the state legislature and is a member of the present senate. He went to the Sault in 1873 from Brockport, N. Y., and has done more than any other citizen to build up this now thriving city, and may easily be called its most prominent citizen. With excellent training as a lawyer and business man, a good speaker and possessed of a large stock of horse sense, he will make an excellent representative in congress for the upper peninsula and its great and growing interests. He is also a clean man, who believes in straightforward methods in politics, and is in sympathy with the best instincts of the republican party.

Get out to the polls next Tuesday and elect the "clean man," Henry W. Seymour.

THE Center contrasts the unanimity of the two conventions of prohibitionists held at Ishpeming and Benzonia with the struggle for the republican nomination and seems quite complacent over it. We don't quite see its grounds for complacency; there was something in our convention to struggle for—in theirs there was only to find some one willing to lend his name; our convention was based upon constituencies—theirs must have been mass meetings; prohibitionists of the Center sort are "scarce as hens' teeth" in the cloyen district. Mr. Steele will have only one boast when all is over, that he has drawn a few score of votes from a good temperance man for the benefit of what its "organ" in this city assures "the whisky men" (its own words) is their party. If that is a satisfaction he will be satisfied.

AND NOW comes the Mining Journal and calls us, by implication at least, a fool for trusting Bartley so long. We'll have to give it up; the case is too clear; but it's a way we have. We hate to cut off the rations of sound republicanism and standard literature from any man—there's hope for the worst, that he may some day be convicted of his political sins and do "works meet for repentance," but we shall have to give up Bartley, he's too tough.

"DICKINSON and Swineford are managing his canvass for him and money, all that is needed, is furnished from Washington." So says a correspondent who knows more than we do of the democratic plans and proceedings. Republicans of Delta county, will you let the game win? You have only to vote to beat it: Will you vote next Tuesday?

A HEROINE, as truly as any that ever lived, is Miss Louise Royce, a school teacher at Eastview, Neb., who, caught by the blizzard with three of her pupils, succeeded in saving one of them alive at cost to herself of both her feet, so badly frozen that they had to be amputated, and the use of one hand.

NEW YORK democrats can stand it no longer and are howling for Postmaster Pearson's scalp. Right; he was kept in to please the mugwumps and to pay him for a paltry trick by which Blaine was deprived of some few votes. The mugs can be of no further service and Pearson has been well paid for his service to Grover; bounce him and give his place to some "dimmycrat."

WHITE, of Indiana, whose seat in Congress was contested by Lowry on a technicality, holds it, enough democrats voting with the republicans to maintain the right against the wrong. The administration made the fight against White and the administration men in the house 105 of them voted to oust him, but Cockran, of New York, and Randall and others were not ready to buckle to Grover so basely—all honor to them.

FREE TRADE preachers and papers can't pull the wool over the eyes of the wool-growers by saying that the tariff doesn't help them any. The wool-growers all over the country, north, south, east and west, regardless of political affiliations, are vigorously protesting against the movement to put wool on the free list. Free traders will have to invent some new scheme to try on the wool growers. The Cobden club has exhausted its resources.—Tribune.

THE Marinette Eagle is of opinion (or pretends to be) that Seymour's money broke the dead-lock and gave him the nomination. Funny, how the buzzard scents carrion, ain't it? The political editor of the Eagle can not imagine any other means whereby the result could have been reached than the use of money; but there was another way. Why, the Chippewa delegation did not even "set up the cigars" until their man was nominated.

CAPT. DICKINSON tells the Mining News that there is nothing new about his boy, Willie; that the "startling developments" published in the Milwaukee Wisconsin are but a rehash, by the imaginative gentlemen of that paper, of "news" over a year old and of no particular value when new, being offered by persons assuming to be "go betweens" but producing no evidence either of the fact of the lad's existence or of their ability to produce him if paid the money they demanded.

AT LAST the gas plant is completed and will start up to-night. Kate Benan came over from Menominee (where she keeps a bagnio which Judge Grant has not yet got on to) and started in to ensanguinate the surface of the city, bringing up in the cooler before the job was half done. Story from Minneapolis about one Coffin being eaten by wolves in Marinette county: Nothing known of such occurrence here: story fishy, very. Cox & Perry running a hotel, half-way house between here and Sturgeon Bay, on the ice.—North Star, Marinette.

A WILD STORY of the mesmerizing of Kitty Rood, at Alamo, Michigan; by her affianced lover, Tad Holmes; of her feigning death at his command and passing into a state from which he could not arouse her; of her being held as dead, a funeral service gone through and her body interred; of his flight and the disinterment of Miss Rood, still alive but unconscious and holding merely a spark of vitality; of the hunt for Holmes in the belief that by his aid only can her life be saved, reads too much like Jules Verne or Haggard for a more extended notice. But if we see Tad we'll tell him.

"HE'D BE a d—d fool to pay for a paper like the IRON PORT," said a democratic neighbor of ours one day this week, speaking of B. B. and our exposition of his account last Saturday. Admitted, for the sake of the argument (although to admit it is rough on our neighbor, who does pay for and read it), but what word or words shall we put in the place of "fool" when we consider that he has taken it all those years and promised payment but never paid? Will "beat" do? It was open to Mr. B. to stop the paper and cut off the growth of the debt at any time but he did not do that—he only accepted our work and goods and refused to pay. Will "dead beat" fill the blank?

THE CLEVELAND brand of civil service reform was such a wretchedly poor imitation of the genuine article that it soon disappeared. Indeed it was known to be spurious from the first, but there were a few enthusiastic mugwumps who had been advertising it so long as the genuine article that they could not bear the idea of having the fraud exposed. They showed that the Cleveland imprint was blown in every bottle and tried very hard to make people judge from the label, instead of the contents, as to whether the stuff was genuine or spurious. Now they have ceased doing even that. They have come to realize that the Cleveland imprint on the bottle is alone conclusive evidence that the contents are a fraud.—Tribune.

ONLY \$9,000 in the river and harbor bill for this harbor. Whether the practice of dumping dredgings from private slips in the mouth of the harbor and using the government pier for private purposes had any effect to cut down the figure we are not informed. A couple of Menominee "bloods" insulted Mrs. Tuttle, of the restaurant, Sunday, got stumped and arrested, and paid round damages to get out of the cooler without publicity. Great deal of work done by the Boom company on the river—Brule river dams and Paint river dams put in order, Sand Portage and the Horse Race blasted out, a new break-water at upper Quinnesec and piers and a boom at Trout river, and the new storage boom in Green Bay.—Eagle, Marinette.

There has been an important change in the condition of the market, brought about by the apparent weakening of the railroads and the reported placing of rail orders to the extent of some 50,000 tons. While this quantity of iron itself is insignificant in comparison with the entire ore interests, it cannot be denied that the break in the ranks of the railway companies has a tendency to stimulate the market. The orders were placed by the Pennsylvania Company, the foremost among the companies that opposed the steel-rail combinations, and the reported price is \$31.50—only half a dollar below the offer of last week. Whether further orders will follow, remains to be seen. It is rumored, however, that the C., B. & Q. Railway has obtained options for a large quantity of rails, for replacement. In the meantime the sale of ore is still held abeyance. The ore dealers have not yet come to an understanding with the vessel men, and are not likely to come to an agreement until something definite is known as to the course to be pursued by the railways. If the latter, in the main, continue to hold off, the ore producers will not feel justified in approaching the lake carriers. In no event, the ore men say, will they sell a pound of ore until they have satisfactory charters, either conditional or engaged. The vessel men appear to have lost some of the confidence with which, a month ago, they claimed everything and when the break comes—which may be any day—they will be found to have curtailed their recent demands. The action of the railway companies in reducing ore freights to lake ports ten cents a ton, will tend to depress vessel rates, and on the whole, furnacemen may reasonably expect cheaper ore this season.—Iron Trade Review, Feb. 2.

SAM RANDALL said, to a deputation of glass makers representing the trade in New York and New Jersey, "You can go home and make yourselves entirely at ease on this subject. There will be no legislation in this congress which will destroy or injure any American industry." And he went on to give reasons for his prediction. Mr. Randall, better than any other man in congress, knows what can and what can not be done in the direction of what the speaker and the president call "tariff reform," because he and the democrats who follow his leadership on that question hold the commanding position; Mr. Mills and his committee may plan, and the president and speaker may use the party whip as vigorously as they will, but all their efforts will avail nothing against the combined resistance of the republicans and the protectionist democrats associated with and led by Mr. Randall. With this assurance, and with the reasonable expectation that the high-tide of free-trade bourbonism is past and the next congress will be more strongly protective in sentiment than the present, the business of the country should be satisfied and the wheels begin to turn. The iron trade (and especially that branch thereof in which we are most interested, the trade in iron ore) has remained idle for six weeks (during which the work of the ensuing season is usually blocked out) awaiting some assurance that its throat would not be cut by legislation such as that desired and demanded by the president, now let it start; Mr. Randall's declaration to the glass makers is such assurance.

IT IS NOT that Bartley owes us a small amount of money and neglects to pay it; that's not the point. It is the fact that it is characteristic of the man to do so, and the further fact that such a characteristic is not desirable in a congressman. We do not expect to receive the cash—will send him a receipted bill after election—but we will make public to the extent of our ability, the dirty character of the man—well known at home—who poses as a representative of the laborers of the district and aspires to a seat in congress. See?

A New Metlakahla.

An event of national importance has recently transpired in Alaska and will receive due attention from congress. It is nothing less than the removal to Alaska of an entire colony of Indians, numbering about 1,000 persons. These colonists are described by Senator Vest and others, as intelligent, industrious and civilized. In Metlakahla, the home which they have left, in consequence of the persecution of whites who wished to obtain control of their property, they had, as Senator Vest says, "A church, store and schoolhouse and a big cannery factory where they put up salmon for market. They had their own boats and learned to make ropes, to weave, to make brushes and to spin. They had a brass band, and in their church an organ." When they moved to their new home in Uncle Sam's domains they brought with them their church bell which they hung on the limb of a tree and rang vigorously while the stars and stripes were being run up on the flagstaff near by. On this occasion an address of welcome was given by the U. S. commissioner which was responded to by one of the Indians. To those who listened to that graceful and eloquent response it must have seemed difficult to realize that, thirty years ago, these same men were not merely savages but cannibals. Then if a wife displeased her husband he contrived to combine duty with pleasure by making a feast of her flesh. Of course wife killing and cannibalism were only the most atrocious of their many crimes. In 1857 William Duncan came among them and has since devoted his life to developing the good he believed them to possess and the results of this labor of love would seem incredible to one who had seen the honest mechanics and artisans which his training has evolved from the savages of thirty years ago. Those who are inclined to underrate the work being done by modern missionaries will be forced to admit that in this instance more has been accomplished by the self-sacrificing, heroic work of one man working in God's strength than by centuries of the wisest legislation or by armies of blood-thirsty soldiers and land thirsty officials.

GOVERNMENT TESTS.

The Royal Baking Powder Declared Superior to all others.

The fact that Royal Baking Powder is, in all respects, the best baking powder offered to the public has been established beyond question.

Prof. H. A. Mott, when employed by the U. S. Government to analyze the various baking powders of the market to determine which was the best and most economical, after an extended investigation, reported in favor of the Royal, and it was adopted for government use.

Prof. Mott has continued his examinations of baking powders sold at the present day, and now affirms it as his deliberate judgment, arrived at after most thorough research and a careful examination of the principal brands of the market, that the Royal is undoubtedly the purest and most reliable baking powder offered to the public. Prof. Mott, in his recent report, says:

"The Royal Baking Powder is absolutely pure, for I have so found it in many tests made both for that company and the U. S. Government.

"I will go still further and state that, because of the facilities that company have for obtaining perfectly pure cream of tartar, and for other reasons dependent upon the proper proportions of the same, and the method of its preparation, the Royal Baking Powder is undoubtedly the purest and most reliable baking powder offered to the public.

DR. HENRY A. MOTT, Ph.D."

Late U. S. Government Chemist.

LOUIS SCHRAM'S

Low Prices To Stimulate Trade!

WHICH, JUST NOW, MOVES SLUGGISHLY.

From this date until the opening of the Spring Trade I will sell my

Winter Goods

At Prices Greatly Reduced---in many Lines Cut in two in the Middle---rather than carry the goods over.

LOUIS SCHRAM.

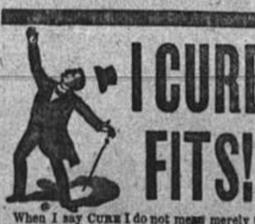


THE JAMES MEANS \$4 SHOE is the best shoe in the world. It is made of the finest leather and is perfectly adapted for the foot. It is the only shoe that will last for years.

JAMES MEANS \$4 SHOE
Will not wear so long as the
JAMES MEANS \$3 SHOE

Because it is made for men whose occupations are such as lead them to wear a higher and more dressy shoe than the JAMES MEANS \$3 SHOE. Our \$4 shoe has established for itself a permanent reputation for comfort and durability such as no other shoe has ever known in the history of the trade. No competitors are able to approach it. The James Means \$4 Shoe is light and stylish, and it is as durable as any shoe of its weight ever manufactured. We confidently assert that in every vital respect the James Means \$4 Shoe is equal to the hand-sewed shoes which have hitherto been rated at \$6 or \$7. It has a double-top and seamless calf vamp. It has a perfectly smooth bottom inside. It fits like a stocking, and requires no "breaking in," being perfectly ready for the first time it is worn. James Means and Co. A. B. C. shoes were the first in this country to be extensively advertised. If you have been disappointed in other advertised shoes, your confidence ought to teach you that it is safer to buy those made by the leaders of a system, rather than those made by the followers. These shoes are sold by the best retailers throughout the United States, and we will place them easily within your reach, in any State or Territory, if you will send us a postal card.

JAMES MEANS & Co.



Tutt's Pills

FOR TORPID LIVER.

A torpid liver deranges the whole system, and produces
Sick Headache, Dyspepsia, Costiveness, Rheumatism, Sallow Skin and Piles.

There is no better remedy for these common diseases than Tutt's Liver Pills, as a trial will prove. Price, 25c. Sold Everywhere.

I CURE FITS!
When I say CURE I do not mean merely to stop them for a time, and then have them return again. I MEAN A RADICAL CURE. I have made the disease of
FITS, EPILEPSY OR FALLING SICKNESS,

A life long study. I WARRANT my remedy to CURE the worst cases. Because others have failed is no reason for not doing receiving a cure. Send at once for a treatise and a FREE TRIAL of my INFALLIBLE REMEDY. Give Express and Post Office. It costs you nothing for a trial, and it will cure you. Address
H. C. ROOT, M. C. 153 PEARL ST., NEW YORK.

Don't trifle with any Throat or Lung Disease. If you have a Cough or Cold, or the children are threatened with Croup or Whooping Cough, use Acker's English Remedy and prevent further trouble. It is a positive cure, and we guarantee it. Price 10c and 20c.

Many of the good things of this life are sorrowfully left alone on account of Dyspepsia. Acker's Dyspepsia Tablets will cure Dyspepsia, Indigestion and Constipation; sold on a positive guarantee at 25 and 50 cents, by

GROCERIES.

You All Want It!
WHAT!
THE EARTH.

Such being the case, call on Rolph with the modest sum of Five Cents (\$0.05) and he will give you the same. Don't fail to avail yourself of this opportunity, as it occurs but once in a lifetime.

FULL LINES of Staple
and Fancy **GROCERIES**

Excelled by none, equalled by few. Largest and Finest Stock of **CIGARS** in the city.

FRUITS, VEGETABLES,
FLOUR, SALTED MEATS AND FISH.

All at Prices that Defy Competition for same class of goods, by

ROLPH.

617 LUDINGTON STREET.

JEWELRY.

DO YOU WANT

Watches, Jewellery, Silver!

OR A CLOCK?

—If so, call on—

LOUIS STEGMILLER,

At the old place—everybody knows it—and you will find the article you want and have an opportunity to purchase it at

Prices too Low to State!!!

HARDWARE.

Builders' : Hardware,

'LIME AND HAIR,

Sash, - Doors - and - Blinds,

Garden and Farm Tools,

—And all articles of—

● **Heavy and Shelf Hardware at Low Prices,** ●

By **W. W. OLIVER,** Carroll Block,

408 LUDINGTON STREET,

ESCANABA,

MICHIGAN.

EPHRAIM & MORRELL.

The Best Goods and the most of them

The Best Cutters AND
The Best Tailors

In the City, are at

EPHRAIM & MORRELL'S!

The result is that there gentlemen get

The Best Suits,
The Most Stylish Suits and
The Cheapest Suits

That can be had in Town.

At the same time they find there the best assortment of

Furnishings, Hats, etc., etc.,

And no customer is permitted to go away dissatisfied. Call, then, on

EPHRAIM & MORRELL.

LUMBER.

N. LUDINGTON CO.,

ARE PREPARED TO FURNISH

Pine : Lumber, : Lath : and : Shingles,

WHOLESALE OR RETAIL, AT THE LOWEST PRICES.

LUMBER YARD IN THE REAR OF "THE IRON PORT" OFFICE.

THE STATE.

The Wexford county petitions were not got in time and no election will be had thereon. The ice in the Straits is rotten and covered with water.

W. R. Burt, of Saginaw, good democrat but fervent free-trade in salt, gets after the Chicago Tribune with a very sharp stick.

The supreme court sustains the will of Francis Palms, overruling the court below, and the estate is held in trust only, by his children for the benefit of the grand-children. So the old skinflint, though dead, controls the estate during a life after his own.

Iscoco county votes on local option Feb. 29, and the contest will be hot and the result doubtful.

Discharged employes charge the management of the Kalamazoo insane asylum with various acts of maladministration. It detracts from the force of their charges that they said nothing about the wrongs they allege as long as they could hold their places and stipends.

George McCarty and A. J. Carpenter, employes of the Grand Trunk railway, "on a spree" together at Battle Creek, "scuffled" and finally McCarty drew his pop and killed Carpenter.

Montgomery county must settle on a permanent location for the county seat by vote. The contest is between Hillman, the present location, and Atlanta.

The business portion of the village of Olivet was burned Feb. 3.

Hasty & Son manufacturers of "shooks," were burned out Feb. 3.

Owosso gave the farmers who held an "institute" there last week, a big banquet when it was over.

Crandall, ex-postmaster at Big Rapids, is accused of beating Uncle Sam out of \$900 in the matter of rent. Guess not—too small a deal.

Tim Nester has been interviewed again, this time by a Journal man at Detroit to whom he imparted the secret of Mr. Hubbell's failure to receive the nomination for congress. It was because he could not get votes enough in the convention.

The republican "kids" in the tenth district are in rebellion against the old bosses—the Packs, et id genus omne—and the row gives the district to the democrats.

McCarty, the Battle Creek slayer of his chum, Carpenter, can hardly be convicted or even held on very grave charge. The evidence goes to show that the killing was unintentional.

Capt. James Gain, of Port Huron, a veteran of the war of the rebellion, brother of Capt. Ambrose Gain, of the steamer Morley, fell dead at that city last Saturday.

Palmer, the husband of the woman murdered at Ithaca, has been arrested and the case looks bad for him.

The local option fight in Washtenaw is hot and the result too doubtful for prediction. Betting is even.

The university gets more "stiffs" than the medical schools need and there is no temptation to "body-snatching."

Scarlet fever has closed the schools of Ithaca.

Owosso saloons, closed by "local option," are already occupied for other business.

The roof of the rink at Reed City was crushed in by the snow upon it. Nobody hurt—nobody there.

John A. Hickey, of the Detroit Stove works, died Monday, of pleuro-pneumonia.

A. E. Burt, of New Haven, has found out all about the cause of poverty and told his brethren of the K. of L. It is Masonry and Odd Fellowship, or else Burt is an ass. We rather incline to the latter hypothesis.

Calhoun county went "dry" by 3,000 votes.

Hon. W. J. Baxter died, at his home at Jonesville, on Monday last.

Stephen Fairchild, paralyzed from the hips down by a wound received in front of Petersburg when a member of the 7th Mich. Inf. and since a valued citizen of Washtenaw co., died last week.

—Dry Frewood, by Victor Fish.

The effect of using Hibbard's Rheumatic Syrup is unlike all medicines containing opiates or poisons, it being entirely free from them. It cures by purifying the blood.

A Sound Legal Opinion.

E. Bainbridge Munday Esq., County Atty., Clay Co., Tex., says: "Have used Electric Bitters with most happy results. My brother also was very low with Malarial Fever and Jaundice, but was cured by timely use of this medicine. Am satisfied Electric Bitters saved his life."

Mr. D. I. Wilcoxson, of Horse Cave, Ky., adds a like testimony, saying he positively believes he would have died, had it not been for Electric Bitters.

This great remedy will ward off, as well as cure all Malaria Diseases, and for all Kidney, Liver and Stomach Disorders stands unequalled. Price 50c. and \$1. at J. N. Mead's.

Worth Ten Dollars.

to any family, is Dr. Kaufman's book on diseases; finely illustrated plates from life; don't be humbugged, but cure yourself. Send three cent stamps for postage to A. P. Ordway & Co., Boston, Mass., and receive a copy free.

PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM
Cures and restores the hair. Promotes a luxuriant growth. Never Fails to Restore Gray Hair to its Youthful Color. Cures itching Scalp and Itching Hair.

PARKER'S GINGERTONIC
Invigorates the Digestive, Golden, Inward Palms, Rheumatism.

PAINLESS CHILD BIRTH
HOW ACCOMPLISHED. Every lady should have a copy. PARKER BROS. CO. 209 N. 3rd St. N.Y. **BERNARD BLOOM**, 201 Madison St. N.Y. Sole Agents for Michigan, Dealers know. Send stamp for trial package. Address as above.

EMERALD WHITE PEARLS—A new discovery. Try one on which ladies can depend to give "soft and true" complexion. Sold particularly in plain envelopes. Send stamp for trial package. Address: **W. L. Y. COLEMAN**, No. 2 Fisher Block, 111 Woodward Ave., DETROIT, MICH.

SCHOOL AND CHURCH.

—At the Wesleyan University, Middletown, Conn., F. B. Henshaw, a sophomore, has become insane from overstudy.

—The total amount expended last year by the New West Commission in their schools among the Mormons was \$61,518.—*Public Opinion.*

—Did you say you were bored by the sermon last Sunday? And did your children hear you? May be you will wonder some day why your children do not go to church.

—Miss Story, the daughter of a clergyman in the north of Ireland, has won the Literature Scholarship of £100 a year for five years, awarded by the Royal University of Ireland.

—The American Home Missionary Society has aided in planting 3,427 churches, and 1,600 ministers are now under commission, 185 preaching in foreign languages.—*Public Opinion.*

—Children have full use of their eyes and ears before their tongues have mastered language, and consequently they are learning lessons of good or evil sooner than many people suppose.

—Dakota is settled by an educated people who have made ample provision for the education of the rising generation. Look over the domain of prairie, and the country school is seen in the most sparsely settled regions.

—The Second Adventists of Long Branch, N. J., have appointed March 31, 1888, as the day for winding up the affairs of this world and their translation into another. Notwithstanding the importance of this matter they are tranquilly following their business without apparent anxiety.

—The Spurgeon family in London is represented by three clergymen. The membership under their care, it is said, constitutes more than one-sixth of the membership in the London Baptist Association. Mr. Thomas Spurgeon, son of Charles H., is pastor of one-fourth of all the Baptists in New Zealand.

—A gift of real estate valued at \$40,000 has been made by ex-Mayor Thomas B. Peedle, of Newark, N. J., to the First Baptist Church for the site of a new church, which Mr. Peedle offers to erect at his own expense at a cost of \$75,000. This is the largest religious donation in the history of Newark.—*Public Opinion.*

—The Wesley chapel of the Methodist Episcopal Church, which was recently burned down as a result of incendiary work in Chattanooga, Tenn., was an old landmark of the city. It was erected in 1847 at Soddy and floated down the river on a raft to Chattanooga, where it was located on the site on which it burned. During the late war it was used for an arsenal and prison.

WOMEN OF GLOUCESTER.

They Try to Look Cheerful While Their Hearts Are Breaking.

Thriftness is uncommon among Gloucester fishermen; drunkenness is almost unknown; harmless banter and bellowing and boasting are the nearest approach to brawls. There is a tender-heartedness among them that is remarkable and almost pathetic. Many go away that never come back. Stand here, if you will, at these crowded wharves, and watch the arrival and departure of fishing fleets; and if you have a heart you will feel something heavy in your throat. The old mothers and fathers, the younger brothers and sisters, the wives and wee fishers' children, are all here, score on score. They are trying to look brave as the vessels sail out. There is pride and loyal valor in their faces all. They shout and shout to the departing ones, who send it all back in good measure, every manner of good cheer and sea lore for luck. As the schooners clear the harbor, out past Ten Pound Island, some will run away around the harbor's edge, as if to keep company to the last. But those who stay, leaning far out over the dark bulkheads, look fixedly on and on until the white sails disappear behind cruel Norman's Woe, or sink behind the horizon; and if you can see in their eyes as they at last turn to the little home-spot for the weeks or months of dreary waiting there is unutterable sadness behind the quivering lids. Then, when the fleet returns, who can picture the gladness, the woe, upon these century-old wharves and slips?

They say that down at brave old Marblehead every third woman is a widow. Here among fisher folk the same is true. And so the going and coming, and going and never coming, have woven a warp and woof of smiles and tears here, which have mellowed and softened thousands of human hearts in a way you can quickly see and feel. Your fisherman who comes, and the wife, sweetheart or child that is here to greet him are o'er tender for it all. The old city is used to it, and does not mind it. It is the way its toilers of the sea have. And so if you ever walk her streets and see a hulk of a fellow holding a woman as he would clutch a life rail or a capstan-head in a heavy storm, you will know he is simply "making fast" with the strong hawser of an honest love to the very anchorage of his life, utterly unconscious of your or anybody's sense of the proprieties. And this tenderness, too, is all-compromising. There are many trusts and funds for the widow and fatherless, and these men give generously to them. On every week-day night the whole year through, when the seaport is stirred by the arrivals of fleets with their "fares" or cargoes of fish, there is a "fisherman's ball," and often many. These are never for individual profit, but invariably for the benefit of women whose hearts are breaking.—*Pittsburgh Dispatch.*

ISAAC A. POOL.

Cabin : Content : Gardens

Bulbs for winter bloom by thousands in pots for house culture, or for planting out doors to bloom in spring; such as Hyacinths, Tulips, Narcissus, Crocus, Lilies and many other varieties cheap as any eastern dealer.

Also, the choicest varieties of Chrysanthemums known to the trade from the famous Chrysanthemum shows of Boston, New York and Philadelphia—70 varieties.

Bouquets!
Bouquets!
Bouquets!

Weddings and Funerals will receive "our artist's" especial attention. Bouquets to order on short notice.

BOUTONNIERES INSTANTLY!
ISAAC A. POOL

DRUGGIST.

Preston's Drug Store!

Is the senior in years and stands at the head of the trade in Escanaba.

IT CONTAINS

- Drugs, the best that skill can produce or money buy :
- Proprietary Medicines, of every description :
- Paints and Oils, in every state of preparation for use :
- Tobacco & Cigars, to please every taste and fancy :
- Choice Wines & Liquors (in spite of threats).
- Cutlery and Fancy Goods, a large assortment.

Books, Magazines and Papers:

Special Attention to the Jobbing Trade.

PRESCRIPTIONS PERFECTLY PREPARED!

Prices in all Lines 'Way Down.

Escanaba, Sept. 3, 1885.

COAL.

J. F. OLIVER,

(Successor to D. M. Philbin.)

COAL! COAL!

ALL KINDS OF

Anthracite, Bituminous, Blossburg & Charcoal

AT WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,

By the TON, CARLOAD or CARGO.

God Quality and Full Weights Guaranteed.
Coal delivered to any part of the city free of cartage

ORDERS LEFT AT MY OFFICE ON THE MERCHANTS' DOCK, OR AT THE HARDWARE STORE OF W. W. OLIVER WILL BE PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO.

WINTER : HOMES !

FOGG & BARCLAY

Now offer for sale, in lots to suit purchasers, lands of every description, both wild and improved, in the

Garden of Florida,

Orange County. Mr. Barclay, of the firm, was long a resident of Delta County, and is now permanently located in Orange County, and will give his personal attention to matters connected to the care of the firm. They have, also,

HOUSES FOR RENT

For residence or business purposes. Residents of Delta or the adjoining counties who may wish to procure or prepare a refuge in the ITALY OF AMERICA from the rigors of winter, would do well to consult

FOGG & BARCLAY,

Altamont Springs, Orange Co., Florida.

IRON PORT.

THE PAPER MAY BE FOUND ON FILE at Geo. F. Rowell & Co's Newspaper Advertising Bureau in Springfield, where advertising contracts may be made for it in New York.

For Representative in Congress

ELEVENTH DISTRICT,
Henry W. Seymour,
OF CHIPPEWA CO.

Special Election.

Michigan, Department of State,
Office of the Secretary,
LANSING December 30, 1887.

To the Sheriff of the County of Delta:
Sir—You are hereby notified that a special election has this day been ordered by the governor, to be held in the eleventh congressional district of the state of Michigan, to which your county is attached, on Tuesday, the fourteenth day of February next, to elect a representative for said district to the fiftieth congress of the United States, to fill the vacancy occasioned by the death of Seth C. Moffat. The term of said representative to expire March 4, 1889. In testimony whereof, I hereunto set my hand and affix the great seal of the state of Michigan, at Lansing, the day and year first above written.
F. B. EGAN,
Deputy Secretary of State.

Michigan Republican League.

In accordance with the provisions of the Constitution adopted by the Republican League of the United States, at its Convention held in New York, Dec. 16, 1887, a call is hereby issued to the Republican Clubs of Michigan, to meet in convention at Detroit, on Wednesday, February 22, at 11 a. m.

The objects of this convention are to form a republican league for the state of Michigan; to supervise and encourage the formation of permanent clubs in every county; and to give unity of action for effective work in order that sound republican principles may be established and maintained.

Each club shall be entitled to as many delegates as it shall elect, but shall have only one vote. Where clubs are already existing, they are requested to meet and elect delegates; while in those places not having a club organization, republicans are urged to form one at once and send representatives. Eligibility to membership in the league consists in the republican club having a constitution and a membership of twenty.

The annual banquet of the Michigan club occurring in the evening will from many distinguished republicans to the city, and it is expected they will address the convention. Every republican is most earnestly requested to see to it that his county is represented.

JUNIOUS E. BEAL,
Member Executive Committee for Michigan,
National League.

CLARENCE A. BLACK,
Vice-President for Michigan of the National League.

KENNA, the West Virginian senator who tackled John Sherman, "wishes he hadn't jist."

The Greenback organization is now called "in orders," the left wing of the democratic party.

GERMANY and Austro-Hungary have been allies against Russia for nine years but the treaty has just been made public as "a bluff" against the Czar.

WHILE our bourbonians are talking about abolishing the duties on pig iron the Canadian government is paying a bounty on every ton made in the Dominion.

AN ILLINOIS manufacturer, a free trader, says the protection afforded by the tariff is of no value to him—his "workmen take it all," just as they should: that's what protection is for.

BURTON'S deal is off, altogether. He can not sell his mines and notices those who hold shares with him that they must "put up" to save their original investments or any part thereof.

TALKING of cheek; the Mining Journal of Monday claims the credit of the eight votes the editor had in the Ishpeming "free for all," instead of acknowledging the injury it did his prospects, as it ought to do.

THE supreme court has knocked the "Bohemian oats" swindle on the head by a decision that the purchaser of a note such as the swindlers get, knowing what it is, is not an "innocent purchaser" and can not collect.

SULLIVAN won't fight except on his own terms and the British boxers are equally set in their way, so the chances are that the Boston slugger will come home without having faced anybody in real earnest. That will suit John, too, if he brings away shekels enough to satisfy him.

CHEROKEE is in danger of a loss of importance. The secretary of the treasury will consider of doing away with the custom of compelling Canadian vessels passing the straits to report there and shut up its custom house. Going to stand that, from a democratic official, Forsyth?

WE ARE under obligations to Mr Swineford for a copy of his annual report. Congress ought to do what he asks but does not seem inclined to, the bill has just been adversely reported by the committee. You see, A. P., it is a democratic committee and not much can be expected of it except mischief.

THE terrific climate and the oppression of the government are driving the Manitobans southward, into Minnesota, Dakota and Montana, in droves. They could endure the climate, but the Dominion government and the C. P. railroad are too much, so they come.

SPOKE you ask the Judge, Mr. Mining Journal; he's your neighbor. If you did you could contradict the Iron Port, perhaps. As to how we know that Judge Grant was the author of the so-called "Green law," that has nothing to do with the question of fact. Try that by calling the principal witness, if you wish so.

"The Sherman" and other of the Pennsylvania "spouters," the great spouter of the Pennsylvania, is a well known name. It can all wells are but small affairs besides those of the trans Caspian oil field, a description of one of which we find in an exchange and clip. It is a spouter for certain:

One of the largest naphtha fountains yet known has broken out near Baku, which threatens to inundate all Balakhani. The naphtha, owing to the pressure of the gases which accompany it, rises to a height of from 250 to 450 feet, and is carried away by the wind to a great distance, falling like fine rain at the most distant parts of the district, but near the fountain coming down in torrents that form rivers and streamlets. Further on it falls like sleet, and settles in a layer on the houses in the neighborhood. These naphtha rivers in the neighborhood of more than half a mile, flow for a distance of more than half a mile, and pass through wells, works, reservoirs, and inhabited houses, etc. Unfortunately, all the reservoirs in the neighborhood were full when the fountain broke out and the oil was thus wasted. Owing to the silliness of the atmosphere, at one time the gases which accompany the naphtha spread in a heavy layer for more than 250 yards, filling the houses and placing the inhabitants in a most dangerous position, especially at night when fires were lit. The sand and dust thrown up by the fountain form a bill of considerable size, and have buried the boilerhouse of the mining company's works and all buildings in close proximity to the fountain. There is no doubt that any exposed flame would set the whole district, from the mining company's works to the Sabouch railway station, in a blaze. Many efforts have been made to stop the spring, but all have yet proved unavailing, for after five or six hours the fountain would again burst forth with all its former vigor. For some days the fountain has been left to play without hindrance and has increased in power. In consequence of a strong and changing wind setting in, the naphtha has been scattered in every direction, turning the whole district into a petroleum swamp. The naphtha pours from the roofs of houses, on to which also fall the earth and stones carried up by the oil.

HENRY W. SEYMOUR, a man of ability, a man of energy, a man of integrity and unblemished character, a man of enterprise and withal a liberal, progressive man and one against whom no laborer is now pressing claims for services long since rendered and still unremunerated, is presented to the people of the 11th district by the republican party of the district as its candidate for representative in congress at this time. The alternative to his election is that of the man of whom we made mention last week, one selected by the Dalys, Fitzgibbons, Scallons and other parasites who without labor live upon labor, and by them foisted upon the democrats of the district as their candidate; a man without ability, energy, attainments, or standing in the community in which he resides, Bartley Breen. Can there be a doubt as to the result? There ought not to be but, such is the power of party discipline with the democracy and such the wild hope of something, they know not what, to result from the election of a so-called "labor candidate" among a portion of the associations of laborers, and such the conditions under which the election next Tuesday will be held that there may be. Republicans and all who prefer that the district should be represented in congress by one who knows something of its needs rather than a wooden man—by Seymour rather than by Breen—must get to the polls, every man, or the doubt may be settled the wrong way. Get out every republican vote, every one, and save the district from the disgrace which it would suffer by the election of Bartley Breen.

THIS IS how they look at it in the south end of the state. We clip from the Detroit Tribune the following:

The nomination by the republicans of the eleventh district of the Hon. Henry W. Seymour of Sault Ste. Marie to succeed the lamented Seth C. Moffat will be recognized as a fit and excellent selection by all who know Mr. Seymour. He has served in both houses of the state legislature and is a member of the present senate. He went to the Sault in 1873 from Brockport, N. Y., and has done more than any other citizen to build up that now thriving city, and may easily be called its most prominent citizen. With excellent training as a lawyer and business man, a good speaker and possessed of a large stock of horse sense, he will make an excellent representative in congress for the upper peninsula and its great and growing interests. He is also a clean man, who believes in straightforward methods in politics, and is in sympathy with the best instincts of the republican party.

Get out to the polls next Tuesday and elect the "clean man," Henry W. Seymour.

THE Center contrasts the unanimity of the two conventions of prohibitionists held at Ishpeming and Benzonia with the struggle for the republican nomination and seems quite complacent over it. We don't quite see its grounds for complacency; there was something in our convention to struggle for—in theirs there was only to find some one willing to lend his name; our convention was based upon constituencies—theirs must have been mass meetings; prohibitionists of the Center sort are "scarce as hens' teeth" in the eleventh district. Mr. Steele will have only one boast when all is over, that he has drawn a few score of votes from a good temperance man for the benefit of what his "organ in this city assures" the whisky men" (its own words) is his party. If that is a satisfaction he will be satisfied.

AND NOW comes the Mining Journal and calls us, by implication at least, a fool for trusting Bartley so long. We'll have to give it up; the case is too clear; but it's a way we have. We hate to cut off the rations of sound republicanism and standard literature from any man—there's hope hope for the worst, that he may some day be convicted of his political sins and do "works meet for repentance," but we shall have to give up Bartley, he's too tough.

"DICKINSON and Swineford are managing his canvass for him and money, all that is needed, is furnished from Washington." So says a correspondent who knows more than we do of the democratic plans and proceedings. Republicans of Delta county, will you let the game win? You have only to vote to beat it: Will you vote next Tuesday?

A HEROINE, as truly as any that ever lived, is Miss Louise Royce, a school teacher at Marquette, Mich. She is a widow with three of her pupils, succeeded in saving one of them alive at cost to herself of both her feet, so badly frozen that they had to be amputated, and the use of one hand.

NEW YORK democrats can stand it no longer and are howling for Postmaster Pearson's scalp. Right; he was kept in to please the mugwumps and to pay him for a paltry trick by which Blaine was deprived of some few votes. The mugs can be of no further service and Pearson has been well paid for his service to Grover; bounce him and give his place to some "dimmycrat."

WHITE, of Indiana, whose seat in Congress was contested by Lowry on a technicality, holds it, enough democrats voting with the republicans to maintain the right against the wrong. The administration made the fight against White and the administration men in the house 105 of them voted to cast him, but Cockran, of New York, and Randall and others were not ready to truckle to Grover so basely—all honor to them.

FREE TRADE preachers and papers can't pull the wool over the eyes of the wool-growers by saying that the tariff doesn't help them any. The wool-growers all over the country, north, south, east and west, regardless of political affiliations, are vigorously protesting against the movement to put wool on the free list. Free traders will have to invent some new scheme to try on the wool-growers. The Cobden club has exhausted its resources.—Tribune.

THE Marinette Eagle is of opinion (or pretends to be) that Seymour's money broke the dead-lock and gave him the nomination. Funny, how the buzzard scents carrion, ain't it? The political editor of the Eagle can not imagine any other means whereby the result could have been reached than the use of money; but there was another way. Why, the Chippewa delegation did not even "set up the cigars" until their man was nominated.

CAPT. DICKINSON tells the Mining News that there is nothing new about his boy, Willie; that the "startling developments" published in the Milwaukee Wisconsin are but a rebash, by the imaginative gentlemen of that paper, of "news" over a year old and of no particular value when new, being but offers by persons assuming to be "go between" but producing no evidence either of the fact of the lad's existence or of their ability to produce him if paid the money they demanded.

AT LAST the gas plant is completed and will start up to-night. Kate Benan came over from Menominee (where she keeps a bagnio which Judge Grant has not yet got on to) and started in to enangulate the surface of the city, bringing up in the cooler before the job was half done. Story from Minneapolis about one Coffin being eaten by wolves in Marinette county: Nothing known of such occurrence here: story fishy very. Cox & Perry running a hotel, half-way house between here and Sturgeon Bay, on the ice.—North Star, Marinette.

A WILD STORY of the mesmerizing of Kitty Rood, at Alamo, Michigan; by her affianced lover, Tad Holmes; of her feigning death at his command and passing into a state from which he could not arouse her; of her being held as dead, a funeral service gone through and her body interred; of his flight and the disinterment of Miss Rood, still alive but unconscious and holding merely a spark of vitality; of the hunt for Holmes in the belief that by his aid only can her life be saved, reads too much like Jules Verne or Haggard for a more extended notice. But if we see Tad we'll tell him.

"HE'D BE a d—d fool to pay for a paper like the IRON PORT," said a democratic neighbor of ours one day this week, speaking of B. B. and our exposition of his account last Saturday. Admitted, for the sake of the argument (although to admit it is rough on our neighbor, who does pay for and read it), but what word or words shall we put in the place of "fool" when we consider that he has taken it all those years and promised payment but never paid? Will "beat" do? It was open to Mr. B. to stop the paper and cut off the growth of the debt at any time but he did not do that—he only accepted our work and goods and refused to pay. Will "dead beat" fill the blank?

THE CLEVELAND brand of civil service reform was such a wretchedly poor imitation of the genuine article that it soon disappeared. Indeed it was known to be spurious from the first, but there were a few enthusiastic mugwumps who had been advertising it so long as the genuine article that they could not bear the idea of having the fraud exposed. They showed that the Cleveland imprint was blown in every bottle and tried very hard to make people judge from the label, instead of the contents, as to whether the stuff was genuine or spurious. Now they have ceased doing even that. They have come to realize that the Cleveland imprint on the bottle is alone conclusive evidence that the contents are a fraud.—Tribune.

ONLY \$9,000 in the river and harbor bill for this harbor. Whether the practice of dumping dredgings from private slips in the mouth of the harbor and using the government pier for private purposes had any effect to cut down the figure we are not informed. A couple of Menominee "blooms" insulted Mrs. Tuttle, of the restaurant, Sunday, got thumped and arrested, and paid round damages to get out of the cooler without publicity. Great deal of work done by the Boom company on the river—Brale river dams and Paist river dams put in order, Sand Portage and the Horse Race blasted out, a new breakwater at upper Quinnesec and piers and a boom at Trout river, and the new storage boom in Green Bay.—Eagle, Marinette.

There has been an important change in the condition of the market, brought about by the reported placing of rail orders to the extent of some 50,000 tons. While this quantity of iron is itself insignificant in comparison with the entire ore interests, it cannot be denied that the break in the ranks of the railway companies has a tendency to stimulate the market. The orders were placed by the Pennsylvania Company, the foremost among the companies that opposed the steel-rail combinations, and the reported price is \$31.50—only half a dollar below the offer of last week. Whether further orders will follow, remains to be seen. It is rumored, however, that the C. B. & Q. Railway has obtained options for a large quantity of rails, for replacement. In the meantime the sale of ore is still held abeyance. The ore dealers have not yet come to an understanding with the vessel men, and are not likely to come to an agreement until something definite is known as to the course to be pursued by the railways. If the latter, in the main, continue to hold off, the ore producers will not feel justified in approaching the lake carriers. In no event, the ore men say, will they sell a pound of ore until they have satisfactory charters, either conditional or engaged. The vessel men appear to have lost some of the confidence with which, a month ago, they claimed everything and when the break comes—which may be any day—they will be found to have curtailed their recent demands. The action of the railway companies in reducing ore freights to lake ports ten cents a ton, will tend to depress vessel rates, and on the whole, furnacemen may reasonably expect cheaper ore this season.—Iron Trade Review, Feb. 2.

SAM RANDALL said, to a deputation of glass makers representing the trade in New York and New Jersey, "You can go home and make yourselves entirely at ease on this subject. There will be no legislation in this congress which will destroy or injure any American industry." And he went on to give reasons for his prediction. Mr. Randall, better than any other man in congress, knows what can and what can not be done in the direction of what the speaker and the president call "tariff reform," because he and the democrats who follow his leadership on that question hold the commanding position; Mr. Mills and his committee may plan, and the president and speaker may use the party whip as vigorously as they will, but all their efforts will avail nothing against the combined resistance of the republicans and the protectionist democrats associated with and led by Mr. Randall. With this assurance, and with the reasonable expectation that the high tide of free-trade bourbonism is past and the next congress will be more strongly protective in sentiment than the present, the business of the country should be satisfied and the wheels begin to turn. The iron trade (and especially that branch thereof in which we are most interested, the trade in iron ore) has remained idle for six weeks (during which the work of the ensuing season is usually blocked out) awaiting some assurance that its throat would not be cut by legislation such as that desired and demanded by the president, now let it start; Mr. Randall's declaration to the glass makers is such assurance.

IT IS NOT that Bartley owes us a small amount of money and neglects to pay it: that's not the point. It is the fact that it is characteristic of the man to do so, and the further fact that such a characteristic is not desirable in a congressman. We do not expect to receive the cash—will send him a receipted bill after election—but we will make public to the extent of our ability, the dirty character of the man—well known at home—who poses as a representative of the laborers of the district and aspires to a seat in congress. See?

A New Metlakahla.

An event of national importance has recently transpired in Alaska and will receive due attention from congress. Is it nothing less than the removal to Alaska of an entire colony of Indians, numbering about 1,000 persons. These colonists are described by Senator Vest and others, as intelligent, industrious and civilized. In Metlakahla, the home which they have left, in consequence of the persecution of whites who wished to obtain control of their property, they had, as Senator Vest says, "A church, store and schoolhouse and a big cannery factory where they put up salmon for market. They had their own boats and learned to make ropes, to weave, to make brushes and to spin." They had a brass band and, in their church an organ." When they moved to their new home in Uncle Sam's domains they brought with them their church bell which they hung on the limb of a tree and rang vigorously while the stars and stripes were being run up on the flagstaff near by.

On this occasion an address of welcome was given by the U. S. commissioner which was responded to by one of the Indians. To those who listened to that graceful and eloquent response it must have seemed difficult to realize that, thirty years ago, these same men were not merely savages but cannibals. Then if a wife displeased her husband he contrived to combine duty with pleasure by making a feast of her flesh. Of course wife killing and cannibalism were only the most atrocious of their many crimes. In 1857 William Duncan came among them and has since devoted his life to developing the good he believed them to possess and the results of this labor of love would seem incredible to one who had seen the honest mechanics and artisans which his training has evolved from the savages of thirty years ago. Those who are inclined to underrate the work being done by modern missionaries will be forced to admit that in this instance more has been accomplished by the self-sacrificing, heroic work of one man working in God's strength than by centuries of the wisest legislation or by armies of blood-thirsty soldiers and land thirty officials.

GOVERNMENT TESTS.

The Royal Baking Powder Declared Superior to all others.

The fact that Royal Baking Powder is, in all respects, the best baking powder offered to the public has been established beyond question.

Prof. H. A. Mott, when employed by the U. S. Government to analyze the various baking powders of the market to determine which was the best and most economical, after an extended investigation, reported in favor of the Royal, and it was adopted for government use.

Prof. Mott has continued his examinations of baking powders sold at the present day, and now affirms it as his deliberate judgment, arrived at after most thorough research and a careful examination of the principal brands of the market, that the Royal is undoubtedly the purest and most reliable baking powder offered to the public. Prof. Mott, in his recent report, says:

"The Royal Baking Powder is absolutely pure, for I have so found it in many tests made both for that company and the U. S. Government.

"I will go still further and state that, because of the facilities that company have for obtaining perfectly pure cream of tartar, and for other reasons dependent upon the proper proportions of the same, and the method of its preparation, the Royal Baking Powder is undoubtedly the purest and most reliable baking powder offered to the public.

DR. HENRY A. MOTT, Ph.D.

Late U. S. Government Chemist.

LOUIS SCHRAM'S

Low Prices To Stimulate Trade!

WHICH, JUST NOW, MOVES SLUGGISHLY.

From this date until the opening of the Spring Trade I will sell my Winter Goods At Prices Greatly Reduced---in many Lines Cut in two in the Middle---rather than carry the goods over.

LOUIS SCHRAM.



THE JAMES MEANS \$4 SHOE OF THE JAMES MEANS \$3 SHOE. According to your needs, positively more goods, more value, more appearance, more style. The JAMES MEANS \$4 SHOE is light and springy, and it is as durable as any shoe of its weight ever manufactured. We confidently assert that in every way it is a perfectly smooth bottom, inside. It fits like a stocking, and requires no "breaking in," being perfectly easy the first time it is worn. James Means and Co.'s shoes were the first in this country to be extensively advertised, if you have been disappointed in other advertised shoes, your only chance to reach you first it is safer to buy shoes made by the leaders of a system, rather than those made by the followers. These shoes are sold by the best retailers throughout the United States, and we will place them neatly within your reach, in any State or Territory, if you will send us a postal card.

JAMES MEANS & Co. Sole Importers of the JAMES MEANS \$4 SHOE and JAMES MEANS \$3 SHOE.

I CURE FITS!

When I say CURE I do not mean merely to stop them for a time, and then have them return again. I MEAN A RADICAL CURE. I have made the disease of FITS, EPILEPSY OR FALLING SICKNESS, A life long study. I WARRANT my remedy to CURE the worst cases. Because others have failed is no reason for not now receiving a cure. Send at once for a treatise and a FREE BOTTLE of my INFALLIBLE REMEDY. Give Express and Post Office. It costs you nothing for a trial, and it will cure you. Address H. C. ROOT, M. C. 183 PEARL ST., NEW YORK

Tutt's Pills FOR TORPID LIVER.

A torpid liver deranges the whole system, and produces Sick Headache, Dyspepsia, Costiveness, Rheumatism, Sallow Skin and Piles. There is no better remedy for these common diseases than Tutt's Liver Pills, as a trial will prove. Price, 25c. Sold Everywhere.

Don't trifle with any Throat or Lung Disease. If you have a Cough or Cold or the children are threatened with Croup or Whooping Cough, use Acker's English Remedy and prevent further trouble. It is a positive cure, and we guarantee it. Price 10 and 50c. Of the good things of this life are sorrowfully let alone on account of Dyspepsia. Acker's Dyspepsia Tablets will cure Dyspepsia, Indigestion and Constipation; sold on a positive guarantee at 25 and 50 cents, by

GROCERIES.

You All Want It!
WHAT!
THE EARTH.

Such being the case, call on Rolph with the modest sum of Five Cents (\$0.05) and he will give you the same. Don't fail to avail yourself of this opportunity, as it occurs but once in a lifetime.

FULL LINES of Staple
and Fancy **GROCERIES**

Excelled by none, equalled by few. Largest and Finest Stock of CIGARS in the city.

FRUITS, VEGETABLES,
FLOUR, SALTED MEATS AND FISH.

All at Prices that Defy Competition for same class of goods, by

ROLPH.

617 LUDINGTON STREET.

JEWELRY.

DO YOU WANT

Watches, Jewellery, Silver!

OR A CLOCK?

If so, call on

LOUIS STEGMILLER,

At the old place--everybody knows it--and you will find the article you want and have an opportunity to purchase it at

Prices too Low to State!!!

HARDWARE.

Builders' : Hardware,

LIME AND HAIR,

Sash, - Doors - and - Blinds,

Garden and Farm Tools,

—And all articles of—

Heavy and Shelf Hardware at Low Prices,

By **W. W. OLIVER,** Carroll Block,

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ESCANABA,

MICHIGAN.

EPHRAIM & MORRELL.

The Best Goods and the most of them

**The Best Cutters AND
The Best Tailors**

In the City, are at

EPHRAIM & MORRELL'S!

The result is that there gentlemen get

**The Best Suits,
The Most Stylish Suits and
The Cheapest Suits**

That can be had in Town.

At the same time they find there the best assortment of

Furnishings, Hats, etc., etc.,

And no customer is permitted to go away dissatisfied. Call, then, on

EPHRAIM & MORRELL.

LUMBER.

N. LUDINGTON CO.,

ARE PREPARED TO FURNISH

Pine : Lumber, : Lath : and : Shingles,

WHOLESALE OR RETAIL, AT THE LOWEST PRICES.

LUMBER YARD IN THE REAR OF "THE IRON PORT" OFFICE.

THE STATE.

The Wexford county petitions were not got in in time and no election will be had thereon.

The ice in the Straits is rotten and covered with water.

W. R. Burt, of Saginaw, good democrat but fervent free-trade in salt, gets after the Chicago Tribune with a very sharp stick.

The supreme court sustains the will of Francis Palm, overruling the court below, and the estate is held in trust only, by his children for the benefit of the grand-children.

So the old skinflint, though dead, controls the estate during a life after his own.

Iosco county votes on local option Feb. 29, and the contest will be hot and the result doubtful.

Discharged employes charge the management of the Kalamazoo insane asylum with various acts of maladministration. It detracts from the force of their charges that they said nothing about the wrongs they allege as long as they could hold their places and stipends.

George McCarty and A. J. Carpenter, employes of the Grand Trunk railway, "on a spree" together at Battle Creek, "scuffled" and finally McCarty drew his pop and killed Carpenter.

Montgomery county must settle on a permanent location for the county seat by vote. The contest is between Hillman, the present location, and Atlanta.

The business portion of the village of Olivet was burned Feb. 3.

Hasty & Son manufacturers of "shooks," were burned out Feb. 3.

Owosso gave the farmers who held an "institute" there last week, a big banquet when it was over.

Crandall, expostmaster at Big Rapids, is accused of beating Uncle Sam out of \$500 in the matter of rent. Guess not—too small a deal.

Tim Nester has been interviewed again, this time by a Journal man at Detroit to whom he imparted the secret of Mr. Hubbell's failure to receive the nomination for congress. It was because he could not get votes enough in the convention.

The rebellion "kids" in the tenth district are in rebellion against the old bosses—the Packs, et id genus omne—and the row gives the district to the democrats.

McCarty, the Battle Creek slayer of his chum, Carpenter, can hardly be convicted or even held on very grave charge. The evidence goes to show that the killing was unintentional.

Capt. James Gain, of Port Huron, a veteran of the war of the rebellion, brother of Capt. Ambrose Gain, of the steamer Morley, fell dead at that city last Saturday.

Palmer, the husband of the woman murdered at Ithaca, has been arrested and the case looks bad for him.

The local option fight in Washtenaw is hot and the result too doubtful for prediction. Betting is even.

The university gets more "stiffs" than the medical schools need and there is no temptation to "body-snatching."

Scarlet fever has closed the schools of Ithaca.

Owosso saloons, closed by "local option," are already occupied for other business.

The roof of the rink at Reed City was crushed in by the snow upon it. Nobody hurt—nobody there.

John A. Hickey, of the Detroit Stove works, died Monday, of pleuro-pneumonia.

A. E. Burt, of New Haven, has found out all about the cause of poverty and told his brethren of the K. of L. It is Masonry and Odd Fellowship, or else Burt is an ass. We rather incline to the latter hypothesis.

Calhoun county went "dry" by 3,000 votes.

Hon. W. J. Baxter died, at his home at Jonesville, on Monday last.

Stephen Fairchild, paralyzed from the hips down by a wound received in front of Petersburg when a member of the 7th Mich. Inf. and since a valued citizen of Washtenaw co., died last week.

—Dry Frewood, by Victor Fish.

The effect of using Hibbard's Rheumatic Syrup is unlike all medicines containing opiates or poisons, it being entirely free from them. It cures by purifying the blood. 14

A Sound Legal Opinion.

E. Bainbridge Munday Esq., County Atty., Clay Co., Tex., says: "Have used Electric Bitters with most happy results. My brother also was very low with Malarial Fever and Jaundice, but was cured by timely use of this medicine. Am satisfied Electric Bitters saved his life."

Mr. D. I. Wilcoxson, of Horse Cave, Ky., adds a like testimony, saying he positively believes he would have died, had it not been for Electric Bitters.

This great remedy will ward off, as well as cure all Malaria Diseases, and for all Kidney, Liver and Stomach Disorders stands unequalled. Price 50c. and \$1. at J. N. Mead's

Worth Ten Dollars.

to any family, is Dr. Kaufman's book on diseases; finely illustrated plates from life; don't be humbugged, but cure yourself. Send three 2 cent stamps for postage to A. P. Ordway & Co., Boston, Mass., and receive a copy free.

PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM
Cleanses and beautifies the hair.
Promotes a luxuriant growth.
Never Fails to Restore Gray Hair to its Youthful Color.
Cures itching dandruff and hair falling out.
Solely at Druggists.

PARKER'S GINGER TONIC
Irresistible for Coughs, Colds, Inward Pains, Exhaustion.

PAINLESS CHILD BIRTH
NOW READY FOR EVERY BODY.
Solely at Druggists.

BERNARD BLOOM, Best Complexion Beautifier, Skin Cure and Bleaching Preparation known.
Solely at Druggists.

EMPOWER WHITE PEARL LIP—A new discovery, one on which ladies can depend in the "best and truest" manner.
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SCHOOL AND UNIVERSITY.

—At the Wesleyan University, Middletown, Conn., J. R. Henshaw, a sophomore, has become insane from overstudy.

—The total amount expended last year by the New West Commission in their schools among the Mormons was \$61,318.—Public Opinion.

—Did you say you were bored by the sermon last Sunday? And did your children hear you? May be you will wonder some day why your children do not go to church.

—Miss Story, the daughter of a clergyman in the north of Ireland, has won the Literature Scholarship of £100 a year for five years, awarded by the Royal University of Ireland.

—The American Home Missionary Society has aided in planting 8,427 churches, and 1,600 ministers are now under commission, 135 preaching in foreign languages.—Public Opinion.

—Children have full use of their eyes and ears before their tongues have mastered language, and consequently they are learning lessons of good or evil sooner than many people suppose.

—Dakota is settled by an educated people who have made ample provision for the education of the rising generation. Look over the domain of prairie, and the country school is seen in the most sparsely settled regions.

—The Second Adventists of Long Branch, N. J., have appointed March 31, 1888, as the day for winding up the affairs of this world and their translation into another. Notwithstanding the importance of this matter they are tranquilly following their business, without apparent anxiety.

—The Spurgeon family in London is represented by three clergymen. The membership under their care, it is said, constitutes more than one-sixth of the membership in the London Baptist Association. Mr. Thomas Spurgeon, son of Charles H., is pastor of one-fourth of all the Baptists in New Zealand.

—A gift of real estate valued at \$40,000 has been made by ex-Mayor Thomas B. Peedle, of Newark, N. J., to the First Baptist Church for the site of a new church, which Mr. Peedle offers to erect at his own expense at a cost of \$75,000. This is the largest religious donation in the history of Newark.—Public Opinion.

—The Wesley chapel of the Methodist Episcopal Church, which was recently burned down as a result of incendiary work in Chattanooga, Tenn., was an old landmark of the city. It was erected in 1847 at Soddy and floated down the river on a raft to Chattanooga, where it was located on the site on which it burned. During the late war it was used for an arsenal and prison.

WOMEN OF GLOUCESTER.

They Try to Look Cheerful While Their Hearts Are Breaking.

Thriftness is uncommon among Gloucester fishermen; drunkenness is almost unknown; harmless banter and bellowing and boasting are the nearest approach to brawls. There is a tender-heartedness among them that is remarkable and almost pathetic. Many go away that never come back. Stand here, if you will, at these crowded wharves, and watch the arrival and departure of fishing fleets; and if you have a heart you will feel something heavy in your throat. The old mothers and fathers, the younger brothers and sisters, the wives and wee fishers' children, are all here, score on score. They are trying to look brave as the vessels sail out. There is pride and loyal valor in their faces all. They shout and shout to the departing ones, who send it all back in good measure, every manner of good cheer and sea lore for luck. As the schooners clear the harbor, out past Ten Pound Island, some will run away around the harbor's edge, as if to keep company to the last. But those who stay, leaning far out over the dark bulkheads, look fixedly on and on until the white sails disappear behind cruel Norman's Woe, or sink behind the horizon; and if you can see in their eyes as they at last turn to the little home-spot for the weeks or months of dreary waiting there is unutterable sadness behind the quivering lids. Then, when the fleet returns, who can picture the gladness, the woe, upon these century-old wharves and slips?

They say that down at brave old Marblehead every third woman is a widow. Here among fisher folk the same is true. And so the going and coming, and going and never coming, have woven a warp and woof of smiles and tears here, which have mellowed and softened thousands of human hearts in a way you can quickly see and feel. Your fisherman who comes, and the wife, sweetheart or child that is here to greet him are o'er tender for it all. The old city is used to it, and does not mind it. It is the way its toilers of the sea have. And so if you ever walk her streets and see a hulk of a fellow holding a woman as he would clutch a life rail or a capstan-head in a heavy storm, you will know he is simply "making fast" with the strong hawser of an honest love to the very anchorage of his life, utterly unconscious of your or anybody's sense of the proprieties. And this tenderness, too, is all-compromising. There are many trusts and funds for the widow and fatherless, and these men give generously to them. On every week-day night the whole year through, when the seaport is stirred by the arrivals of fleets with their "fares" or cargoes of fish, there is a "fisherman's ball," and often many. These are never for individual profit, but invariably for the benefit of women whose hearts are breaking.—Pittsburgh Dispatch

ISAAC A. POOL.

Cabin : Content : Gardens

Bulbs for winter bloom by thousands in pots for house culture, or for planting out doors to bloom in spring; such as Hyacinths, Tulips, Narcissus, Crocus, Lilies and many other varieties cheap as any eastern dealer.

Also, the choicest varieties of Chrysanthemums known to the trade from the famous Chrysanthemum shows of Boston, New York and Philadelphia—70 varieties.

Bouquets!

Bouquets!

Bouquets!

Weddings and Funerals will receive "our artist's" especial attention. Bouquets to order on short notice.

BOUTONNIERES INSTANTLY!
ISAAC A. POOL

DRUGGIST.

Preston's Drug Store!

Is the senior in years and stands at the head of the trade in Escanaba.

IT CONTAINS

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| Drugs, the best that skill can produce or money buy: | Tobacco & Cigars, to please every taste and fancy: |
| Proprietary Medicines, of every description: | Choice Wines & Liquors (in spite of threats). |
| Paints and Oils, in every state of preparation for use: | Cutlery and Fancy Goods, a large assortment. |

Books, Magazines and Papers:

Special Attention to the Jobbing Trade.

PRESCRIPTIONS PERFECTLY PREPARED!

Prices in all Lines 'Way Down.

Escanaba, Sept. 3, 1885.

COAL.

J. F. OLIVER,

(Successor to D. M. Philbin.)

COAL! COAL!

ALL KINDS OF

Anthracite, Bituminous, Blossburg & Charcoal

AT WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,

By the TON, CARLOAD or CARGO.

Good Quality and Full Weights Guaranteed.
Coal delivered to any part of the city free of cartage

ORDERS LEFT AT MY OFFICE ON THE MERCHANTS' DOCK, OR AT THE HARDWARE STORE OF W. W. OLIVER WILL BE PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO.

WINTER : HOMES !

FOGG & BARCLAY

Now offer for sale, in lots to suit purchasers, lands of every description, both wild and improved, in the

Garden of Florida,

Orange County. Mr. Barclay, of the firm, was long a resident of Dela County, and is now permanently located in Orange County, and will give his personal attention to matters confided to the care of the firm. They have, also,

HOUSES FOR RENT

For residence or business purposes. Residents of Dela or the adjoining counties who may wish to procure or prepare a refuge in the ITALY OF AMERICA from the rigors of winter, would do well to consult

FOGG & BARCLAY,

ap 21

Altamont Springs, Orange Co., Florida.

IRON PORT.

ESCANABA, MICH., FEB. 11, 1888.

UPPER PENINSULA.

Mason & Co. are getting coal out of the wreck of the Plymouth at a great rate. The body of Dan. Donovan, killed at Rock Island Junction, will arrive here to-day and be buried to-morrow. A Negaunce young man [?] slapped his sister's face in the street. The Ishpeming water works are all right, say the commissioners [All but the source of supply]. Six hundred pounds per hour is the rate at which the ammonia goes into the C. & H. mine.—M. J., 3d.

J. H. McNaughtan was called in to help on the Current. The hardware firm is now "Wallace and Ramsdell." Not a pound of Menominee range ore has been sold, yet, and the mining companies contemplate a reduction of forces and a decreased output.—Current, Norway.

From the quantity of pine wood smoke that escapes all along the line wherever it has a chance, from fifty feet north of Hecla No. 1 shaft to about 100 feet north of Calumet No. 2 shaft, it would look as if there was still considerable fire in the upper levels of the mine. Persons who have worked in the mine for years and know it thoroughly, venture the opinion that the fire in the lower part of the mine, where there is no air, has been extinguished, (from certain indications we doubt this) but that as the air cannot well be excluded in the upper levels, owing to the old open cuts and made ground, they think it will be very difficult to there extinguish the fire, which from appearances they think is spreading north and south, and from the fact that the large pipes, which are to convey the gas from the new kiln direct to the mine, are being laid down Calumet No. 1 and Hecla No. 2, it would look as if the mine officials were of the same opinion. But if the idea of the fire being confined to the upper level is correct, it is to be hoped that the large pipes will be able to soon fill the upper levels with gas, and so extinguish the fire; but should the attempt unfortunately not succeed, then there will only be the last resource to fall back upon, viz: to open up the No. 1 Hecla shaft in the hope that by doing so all the fire will be drawn to that spot, or leave the fire to burn itself out. But how long that will take there is no calculating.—News, Calumet.

The office of the Alpha, at Au Train, and Doggett's saloon were burned last night. John Dillon is coming. Quite a number of Marquette people are studying "Volapuk." Miss Catherine Henwood died on Tuesday at the residence of Jos. Sellwood. The office of the W. U. telegraph at Ishpeming is to be removed to the new bank building. The new shaft at the Ropes mine is in rich ground.—M. J., 4th.

Erick Bergstrom, employed in the Commonwealth mine had the iron bar with which he was working driven through his body by a fall of rock and died Sunday, after a week of suffering. Three minor accidents, productive of wounds only, occurred in the Florence mine during the week. Snow crushed in the roof of Molloy's carriage shed and damaged his summer vehicles stored therein.—Mining News, Florence.

A fifty-thousand-dollar business block, an opera house and divers other new structures are proposed for erection next summer. "We're getting there." The race on rollers for the gold medal was declared off on account of fouls and is to be done over, each contestant having the floor to himself and going "time." The temperature of the C. & H. mine is steadily dropping, no steam or smoke now escapes and hopes are bright. C. T. Reynolds & Co., doing business at the National mine, have assigned. About 25 cents in the dollar for the creditors. Power is talking for Breen.—M. J., 6th.

Water was let into the Edison water-power canal Wednesday. The city lock-up is unfit for use as a place of confinement for human beings and a menace to the public health.—Democrat, Sault Ste. Marie.

Drs. Pommer and Grignon collided at the postoffice to-day. The fight was soon decided, Pommer getting the worst of it and being arrested afterward for carrying a "cane-gun." Rev. D. B. Johnson is on the war-path, promising to make it lively for the saloons that have games in them and to close barbers' shops and livery stables on Sunday.—Democrat, Menominee.

Fred Meisted and Charles Edmussen were suffocated in the Germania mine—went into a mine too soon after a blast—last night.—Miner, Hurley.

Geo. M. Buckley has gone to Washington to look after the interests of the homesteaders in this vicinity. James Harrington, charged with selling liquor on Sunday, was acquitted. Seymour is the man, vote for him.—Reporter, Iron River.

A packing house of the Hancock Chemical works [Powder mill] blew up Monday and three men were killed—one Canadian and two Finns. No ice for the pile driver to stand on, so the contractor has had to build a scow, and the work on the ore docks will be begun in a week. Careless handling of a bag of Hercules [Why did it not explode?] set it on fire and a shaft house of the Hecla burned down Monday. A sash and blind factory is to be established at Ishpeming. The parties who have explored the "Mulholland tract" have organized the "Kilworth" company and will proceed to develop the find. The defence to the suit brought against John Peterson by the mother of Schwaberg will set up the theory of suicide. Bartley is going to make a little speech, himself, at Negaunce.—M. J., 7th.

Colby ore goes to Birmingham, Ala., to mix with their own. Capt. Christopher has taken charge of the Palms mine. Laborers, don't be fooled. Breen is only a third-rate man; Grant drew the bill that bears Breen's name and Jay A. Hubbell drew the mine inspector bill. Seymour is the man; vote for him. Tomlinson, alias Alberts, must go back to Pennsylvania, Judge Williams so decides.—Pick & Axe, Bessemer.

Capt. Cable, of the Astor house, returns from Mt. Clemens much improved. Depot building damaged by fire, not much, Wednesday. The fire engine broke down but the Algoma's pumps put the fire out. The supreme court has turned Billy McLain out of the penitentiary. The Hamlin claim is of no force, the widow of August Hamlin had clear title to the property she sold. Going to build, ourselves, this season; some good buildings, among them a ten-thousand dollar school house.—Republican, St. Ignace.

Vote for Seymour. B. B. can't get that. Peter Ouderirk is again running the livery stable here. Wish he'd move here, altogether.—Pioneer, Manistique.

In the trial of Curtis for the shooting of Wentworth, at Houghton yesterday, Mrs. Curtis confessed that she had sustained criminal relations with Wentworth. Curtis will undoubtedly be acquitted. Negaunce folks talk of insisting that candidates for mayor shall be pledged to Tim. Nester's plan of assessment. Federal officeholders are not, as has been charged, working hard for Breen [One, to wit, Dan. McVichie, collector, is]. Power spoke for Breen at Ishpeming Tuesday evening and Dick Trevellick will speak there to-night.—M. J., 8th.

The term of court lasted only two days: P. Rahr, accused of keeping a brothel, was acquitted; Alfred Bell, shooting with intent to kill, was convicted and given five years.—Drill, Crystal Falls.

Ed. Bartlett and Paul Symons will fight an eight round glove fight, Queensbury rules, Monday evening Feb. 20. M. L. Martin and Louise Wetmore were married and started for Detroit yesterday. John Bice, foreman in the Lucy mine, was killed by a stick of timber which fell down the shaft yesterday. Wages of laborers and miners were cut slightly on the 1st inst. Charles Lehman died at Ishpeming Monday. Samples of the vein stuff from the pits on "the Gingrass forty" show, by two assays just made, \$365.28 to the ton of rock, nearly all gold.—M. J., 9th.

The Verdict Unanimous. W. D. Smit, Druggist, Bippus, Ind., testifies: "I can recommend Electric Bitters as the very best remedy. Every bottle sold has given relief in every case. One man took six bottles, and was cured of Rheumatism of 10 years standing." Abraham Hare, druggist, Belleville, Ohio, affirms: "The best selling medicine I have ever handled in my 20 years' experience, is Electric Bitters." Thousands of others have added their testimony, so that the verdict is unanimous that Electric Bitters do cure all diseases of the Liver, Kidneys or Blood." Only a half dollar a bottle at J. N. Mead's drug store.

We have often been asked, why it is that Johnston's Extract of Sarsaparilla has proved such a success. The only reason we can give, is that it is a medicine which has proved by test to be superior to any preparation known for the relief of blood diseases. 13

Acute rheumatism can be effectually and permanently cured by the use of Hibbard's Rheumatic Syrup and Plasters. 14

Great Excitement at the Valley City Mills, Which the Foreman Explains as Follows: Dear Friend:—Yours of the 26th instant was received, and I beg pardon for not answering it sooner. The fact is, I am working day and night; have not been as well in fifteen years. That trouble with my stomach and the rheumatism nearly killed me has been entirely cured by Hibbard's Rheumatic Syrup and Plasters. Mother is now taking it and thinks there is no medicine in the world equal to it. A. W. THOMPSON, Valley City Mills, Grand Rapids, Mich. Dec. 29, 1887. 12

Buckley's Arnica Salve. The best salve in the world for cuts, bruises, sores, ulcers, salt rheum, fever sores, (etter, chapped hands, chilblains, corns and all skin eruptions, and positively cures piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by J. N. Mead. 11

THE GREAT German Remedy. TRUTHS FOR THE SICK. For those deathly Bilious spells depend on SULPHUR BITTERS it will cure you. Do you suffer with that tired and all gone feeling? If so, use SULPHUR BITTERS; it will cure you. Operatives who are closely confined in the mills and work-shop, clerks who do not procure sufficient exercise, and all who are confined in droops, should use SULPHUR BITTERS. They will not then be weak and sickly. If you do not wish to suffer from Rheumatism, use a bottle of SULPHUR BITTERS; it never fails to cure. Don't be without a bottle. Try it; you will not regret it. Ladies in domestic health, who are all run down, should use SULPHUR BITTERS, and feel better for it. Do you want the best Medical Work published? Send 3 cent stamps to A. P. ORPWAY & Co., Boston, Mass., and receive a COPY FREE.

SULPHUR BITTERS THE GREAT German Remedy. TRUTHS FOR THE SICK. For those deathly Bilious spells depend on SULPHUR BITTERS it will cure you. Do you suffer with that tired and all gone feeling? If so, use SULPHUR BITTERS; it will cure you. Operatives who are closely confined in the mills and work-shop, clerks who do not procure sufficient exercise, and all who are confined in droops, should use SULPHUR BITTERS. They will not then be weak and sickly. If you do not wish to suffer from Rheumatism, use a bottle of SULPHUR BITTERS; it never fails to cure. Don't be without a bottle. Try it; you will not regret it. Ladies in domestic health, who are all run down, should use SULPHUR BITTERS, and feel better for it. Do you want the best Medical Work published? Send 3 cent stamps to A. P. ORPWAY & Co., Boston, Mass., and receive a COPY FREE.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria. When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria. When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria. When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

Farm for Sale.

One-half mile South of the Village of Garden.

80 acres of farming land, 12 acres under cultivation, young bearing orchard, small fruits, etc. 2-story frame house, 20x31, well and outhouses.

I will sell the above, cheap, for cash or will take part cash and balance on time. Also, nearly forty acres platted land in the village of Garden.

For terms address, N. M. MULHAUPT, Garden, Michigan.

OH! MY BACK!



DR. HILL'S ENGLISH BUCHU is One of the Best

INVESTIGATORS IN USE.

Will cure all diseases of the Kidneys, Bladder, Irritation of the Neck of the Bladder, Burning Urine, Gleet, Gonorrhoea in all its stages, Mucous Discharge, Congestion of the Kidneys, Bright Spot, Diabetes, Inflammation of the Kidneys and Bladder, Dropsy of Kidneys, Acid Urine, Bloody Urine, PAIN IN THE BACK, Stenosis of Urine, Prostatic Obstruction, Gravel in all its forms, Inability to Retain the Water, particularly in persons advanced in life. IT IS A KIDNEY INVESTIGATOR that restores the Urine to its natural color, removes the acid and burning, and the effect of the excessive use of intoxicating drinks.

PRICE, \$1 Three Bottles for \$2.50. Delivered free of any charges.

W. JOHNSTON & Co., Sole Agents, DETROIT, MICH.

ARBUCKLES' COFFEE

name on a package of COFFEE is a guarantee of excellence.

ARIOSA COFFEE is kept in all first-class stores from the Atlantic to the Pacific.

is never good when exposed to the air. Always buy this brand in hermetically sealed ONE POUND PACKAGES.

If you would enjoy your dinner and are prevented by Dyspepsia, use Acker's Dyspepsia Tablets. They are a positive cure for Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Flatulency and Constipation. We guarantee them. 25 and 50 cents.

Old and reliable Medicines are the best to depend upon. Acker's Blood Purifier has been prescribed for years for all impurities of the Blood. In every form of Scrofulous, Syphilitic or Mercurial diseases, it is invaluable. For Rheumatism, has no equal. FOR SALE BY GEO. PRESTON.

"MAY GOD BLESS YOU!"

A Boston Paper-Hanger's Trouble and How He Got out of it—Plain words from the Sunny South.

When we are in trouble we cry for help. When we are relieved we often forget to be thankful. But not always. Mr. W. W. Griffin, of Trout Creek, St. Clair co., Ala., writes: "I had a bad attack of chills and fever. My system was full of malaria. For two years I was scarcely able to work at a time. Some times my heart would palpitate for two hours at a time. My legs would get cold to the knees, and I fully expected to die. In September 1881, I bought a bottle of Shaker Extract of Roots, or Seigel's Curative Syrup, of your agent, Mr. R. M. King, and before I had taken the first bottle I felt better, and in a short time was able to go to work. May God bless you for the good you have done."

Mr. Wm. J. McCann, 99 Randall St. Boston, writes: "Six months ago I began to throw up my food after eating. I thought I was going into consumption. I soon began to have pain in the chest and stomach and sides. I got little sleep and woke all tired out. I once lost five pounds in four days. I began using Shaker's Extract of Roots, or Seigel's Syrup, and when I had finished the sixth bottle I could eat three square meals a day, and go to sleep the minute I struck the bed. I am a paper hanger by trade, and have worked every day since I took the second bottle, and gained eighteen pounds. I ought to be thankful and I am."

This remedy opens all the natural passages of the body, expels the poison from the blood and enables nature to rebuild what was diseased and destroyed. Shaker Extract of Roots, or Seigel's Syrup, is sold by all druggists, or send to the proprietor, A. J. White, 54 Warren street, New York.

INVENTION has revolutionized the world during the last half century. Not least among the wonders of inventive progress is a method and system of work that can be performed all over the country without separating the workers from their homes. Pay liberal; any fee can do the work; either sex; young or old; no special ability required. Capital not needed; you are started free. Cut this out and return to us and we will send you free, something of great value and importance to you, that will start you in business, which will bring you in more money right away, than anything else in the world. Grand Offer! Free. Address: Tux & Co., Augusta, Maine.

RICHLY rewarded are those who read this and then act; they will not take them from their homes and families. The profits are large and sure for every industrious person, many have made and are now making several hundred dollars a month. It is easy for any one to make \$1 and upwards per day, who is willing to work. Either sex, young or old; capital not needed; we start you. Everything new. No special ability required; you, ready, can do as well as any one. Write to us at once for full particulars, which we mail free. Address: Stinson & Co., Portland, Maine.

WANTS-FOR SALE-TO RENT.

MIDWIFE-MRS. EMILY STEINKS. Capable, Deutsche Hebraische. Residence south side of Wells avenue, one block west of Presbyterian church, between Harrison ave. and Wolcott street.

RAILROAD LANDS FOR SALE. The Chicago & Northwestern Railway Company are now offering for sale their land in Michigan at greatly reduced rates. Their land-wood and farming lands will be sold to settlers on long time, with a low rate of interest, at a discount of 15% per cent. from their regular price will be made for cash. For all information apply to or address F. H. VAN CLEVE, Land Agent, Escanaba, Mich.

TRESPASSERS-ATTENTION. All persons are hereby cautioned against cutting wood or the like on N. Ludington Co.'s land, or they will be prosecuted according to law. G. T. BURNS, Agent.

LAND. For Partly Developed

CASH PAID

Large importations of LINENS just cleared at the Custom House here. Send for Circular regarding them.

MINING PROPERTIES, Pine and Mineral Lands.

JULIAN M. CASE, Marquette, Mich.

PUMPS, ETC.

SAM. STONHOUSE, Practical

PLUMBER Steam and Gas Fitter.

Keeps in stock a full line of Pipes, Pumps & Fittings

Drive Wells and Pump Repairs

A specialty. Orders in the city or country promptly attended to.

ESCANABA, MICH

THE CHICAGO AND NORTH-WESTERN RAILWAY.

Penetrates the Centres of Population in Illinois, Iowa, Wisconsin, Michigan, Minnesota, Dakota, Nebraska and Wyoming.

Its TRAIN SERVICES are carefully arranged to meet requirements of local travel, as well as to furnish the most attractive Routes for through travel between important

TRADE CENTRES. Its EQUIPMENT of Day and Parlor Cars, Dining and Palace Sleeping Cars is without rival.

Its ROAD-BED is perfection, of stone-ballasted Steel.

The North-Western is the favorite route for the Commercial-Traveler, the Tourist and the Seekers after New Homes in the Golden Northwest.

Detailed information cheerfully furnished by H. A. BARR, Agent, Escanaba, Mich.

J. M. WHITMAN, H. C. WICKER, Gen. Mgrs., Traffic Manager.

E. P. WILSON, General Passenger Agent.

Manilla Tabs

FOR Grocers and Others, Call at this office for them when in need of a supply.

DEEP Sea Wonders exist in thousands of forms, but are surpassed by the marvels of invention. Those who are in need of profitable work that can be done while living at home should at once send their address to Hallett & Co., Portland, Maine, and receive free, full information how either sex, of all ages, can earn from \$1 to \$25 per day and upwards wherever they live. You are started free. Capital not required. Some have made over \$50 in a single day at this work. All succeed.

JAMES MORGAN PURCHASERS PLEASED!

Economists Enraptured!

Our massive markings of Dry Goods have met with fervid favor on the part of our country customers, if the numerous "outside" orders we've received for them be any criterion. Here are a few more: CATCHING Chances of which our friends should avail themselves:

27 inch English Cashmere, blacks, navy blues, medium and seal browns, wines, myrtles, etc., etc. (worth 15c) 10c

36 inch Diagonal Suitings, same colors as the Cashmères, (worth 25c) 15c

34 inch small checked Fancy Suitings, in green, blue, wine and brown mixtures, (worth 35c) 25c

38 inch Fancy Homespans, in light and dark mixtures, originally 60c 37 1/2c

46 inch Cashmères, wines, terra cotta, plums and dark gobeelin blues. Have sold all along for \$1.00. Just a few (which don't last many days) to close out at 62 1/2c

52 inch All Wool Suitings, in checks and stripes. Real-dollar-a-yard goods. Cheaper to wear than prints at 62 1/2c

All wool Double Shawls. Extraordinary enticements \$4.00

Large importations of LINENS just cleared at the Custom House here. Send for Circular regarding them.

Capture the Chances!! James Morgan's, 385, 388, 390 East Water St., Milwaukee, Wisconsin. Mail Orders Filled Promptly.

Standard Java @ 35c or 3 lbs FOR \$1.00.

FOR

ATKINS' Blend, or Plantation Java @ 25c, are specialties. Try Them!

Frank H. Atkins, Sole Agent.

NEW TYPE, NEW PRESSES! NEW STYLES ATTENTION TO BUSINESS

And work done on time as the inducements offered business men at this office.

DRUGGIST. WHEN IN NEED

Of Medicine, whether prepared for ready use or prescribed by a physician.

Go to Finnegan's, North side of Ludington St., third door west of Wolcott.

AND GET

it—you will find perfect service and low charges, and you will find, also, Books, Papers, Stationery, Fancy Goods, Cigars, in short

Whatever You Want that is usually kept by druggists and Stationers.

H. L. MEAD Is Agent at Escanaba for the

U.S. Insole Company's

Magnetic Appliances For the relief of sufferers with Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Paralysis, etc. Call at Mead's and see the goods.

Schulenburg M'g Co. MANUFACTURERS OF POOL & BILLIARD TABLES.

38, 100 & 102 RANDOLPH ST., DETROIT, MICH. Send for Catalogue and Price List.

LEGAL.

First Publication Dec. 21, 1887. ORDER OF HEARING.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, ss. County of Delta. At a session of the Probate Court for said county, held at the Probate office, in the city of Escanaba, on the 17th day of January in the year one thousand eight hundred and eighty eight.

Present, Hon. Emil Glaser, Judge of Probate. In the matter of the estate of Mary L. Fry, deceased.

On reading and filing the petition, duly verified of David Thomson, acting as executor, for the further settlement of said estate, it will be convenient and necessary to appoint a trustee for the purpose of receiving, taking charge of, managing, invest and distributing of said estate belonging to such heirs as law of said deceased as reside outside of this state and praying for the appointment of John A. McNaughtan as such trustee.

Therefore it is ordered, that Monday, the 15th day of February next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, be assigned for the hearing of said petition, and that the heirs at law of said deceased and all other persons interested in said estate, are required to appear at a session of said Court then to be held at the Probate office in the City of Escanaba, Michigan, and show cause, if any there be, why the prayer of the petitioner should not be granted.

And it is further ordered that said petitioner give notice to the persons interested in said estate, of the pendency of said petition and the hearing thereof, by causing a copy of this order to be published in the Iron Post, a newspaper printed and circulated in said county of Delta for three successive weeks, previous to said day of hearing. (A true copy.)

EMIL GLASER, Judge of Probate.

First Publication Jan. 21, 1888. ORDER OF HEARING.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, ss. County of Delta. Probate Court for said County.

At a session of the Probate Court for said County, held at the Probate office, in the city of Escanaba, on the 17th day of January, in the year one thousand eight hundred and eighty eight.

Present, Hon. Emil Glaser, Judge of Probate. In the matter of the estate of John Cunningham, deceased.

On reading and filing the petition, duly verified, of Bridget Cunningham praying that a certain instrument now on file in this court, purporting to be the last will and testament of said deceased, be admitted to probate, and that letters of administration with the will annexed, may be granted here- upon.

Therefore it is ordered, that Monday, the 13th day of February next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, be assigned for the hearing of said petition and that the legates and heirs at law of said deceased, and all other persons interested in said estate, are required to appear at a session of said Court then to be held at the Probate office in the City of Escanaba, Michigan, and show cause, if any there be, why the prayer of the petitioner should not be granted.

And, it is further ordered, that said petitioner give notice to the persons interested in said estate, of the pendency of said petition and the hearing thereof, by causing a copy of this order to be published in the Iron Post a newspaper printed and circulated in said county, three successive weeks previous to said day of hearing. (A true copy.)

EMIL GLASER, Judge of Probate.

First Publication Feb. 4, 1888. MORTGAGE SALE.

Whereas default has been made in the payment of a certain mortgage executed by Mary M. De Regue to Malcolm M. Aird, dated the 21st day of December, A. D. one thousand eight hundred and eighty-five, which mortgage was recorded in the register's office of the county of Delta, state of Michigan, in Liber "B" of mortgages, on page 25, on the 15th day of December, 1887; and which said mortgage was duly assigned by said Malcolm M. Aird to Jennette Lee Aird, by a deed of assignment, dated the eleventh day of January, A. D. one thousand eight hundred and eighty-six, and recorded in Liber "F" of mortgages, on page 75.

And whereas there is now claimed to be due upon said mortgage the sum of five hundred and fifty-five and fifty-four hundredths dollars, at the date of this notice, and no proceedings at law or in equity having been taken to recover the principal sum or interest, or any part thereof, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, given in pursuance of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and of the statute in such case made and provided, the premises described in said mortgage, to-wit:

The south-west quarter of the north-east quarter of section sixteen (16) in township thirty-eight (38) north, of range ten east of the sixth principal meridian in said county of Delta, will be sold at public auction at the front door of the court house in the city of Escanaba in said county, that being the place of holding the circuit court for the said county, on the thirtieth day of April, A. D. one thousand eight hundred and eighty-eight, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, to make the amount then due on said mortgage and the costs of these proceedings.

Dated this first day of February, A. D. one thousand eight hundred and eighty-eight.

F. D. MEAD, Attorney, JENNETTE LEE AIRD, Assignee.

First Publication Feb. 11, 1888. ORDER OF HEARING.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, ss. County of Delta. At a session of the Probate Court for said County, held at the Probate office, in the city of Escanaba, on Monday the 6th day of February in the year one thousand eight hundred and eighty-eight.

Present, Honorable Emil Glaser, Judge of Probate. In the matter of the estate of John Stenhouse Sr. deceased.

On reading and filing the petition, duly verified of Samuel Stenhouse administrator of said estate, praying that he may be appointed as such administrator in said petition described, for the purpose of paying the debts of said deceased.

Therefore it is ordered, that Monday, the 5th day of March next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, be assigned for the hearing of said petition and that the heirs at law of said deceased, and all other persons interested in said estate are required to appear at a session of said court then to be held at the Probate office, in the city of Escanaba and show cause, if any there be, why the prayer of the petitioner should not be granted.

And it is further ordered, that said petitioner give notice to the persons interested in said estate, of the pendency of said petition and the hearing thereof, by causing a copy of this order to be published in the Iron Post a newspaper printed and circulated in said county three successive weeks previous to said day of hearing. (A true copy.)

EMIL GLASER, Judge of Probate.

First Publication Feb. 11, 1888. PROBATE NOTICE.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, ss. County of Delta. At a session of the Probate Court for the county of Delta, held at the Probate office, in the city of Escanaba, on the 6th day of February in the year one thousand eight hundred and eighty-eight.

Present, Honorable Emil Glaser, Judge of Probate. In the matter of the estate of James H. Davidson, deceased.

On reading and filing the petition, duly verified, of James J. Miller executor in said estate, now on file in this office, purporting to be the last will and testament of said deceased, may be admitted to probate, and that letters testamentary may be granted him in accordance with the last will and testament of said deceased.

Therefore it is ordered, that Monday, the 5th day of March next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, be assigned for the hearing of said petition, and that the legates and heirs at law of said deceased, and all other persons interested in said estate, are required to appear at a session of said court, then to be held at the Probate office, in the city of Escanaba and show cause, if any there be, why the prayer of the petitioner should not be granted.

And it is further ordered, that said petitioner give notice to the persons interested in said estate, of the pendency of said petition and the hearing thereof, by causing a copy of this order to be published in the Iron Post a newspaper printed and circulated in said county, three successive weeks previous to said day of hearing. (A true copy.)

EMIL GLASER, Judge of Probate.

GOMFORT.

No More Cold Feet! No More Corns!

Dolge's Felt Shoes and Slippers.

Ladies' Felt Shoes.



Felt Slippers.



Men's Felt Shoes.



Felt Arctics.



ED. ERICKSON'S

Enormous Stock of WINTER GOODS now on exhibition! The public is earnestly invited to call and inspect it! Nothing is lacking and PRICES ARE WAY DOWN!

IRON PORT.

ESCANABA, MICH., FEB. 11, 1888.

W. C. T. U.

BY THE LADIES OF THE W. C. T. U.

[Pledge of Temperance Union: "In the full belief of the existence and power of Almighty God, and acknowledging our accountability to Him, we solemnly promise that we will not make, buy, sell, use, furnish or cause to be furnished to others as a beverage any spirituous liquors, and by all just means in our power to banish the use of intoxicating liquor from our land and to advance the cause of temperance."]

To the voters of the eleventh congressional District.

Fellow Citizens:—We are called upon to fill the vacancy occasioned by the sad death of our esteemed fellow citizen, Hon. S. C. Moffatt, in the 50th congress of the house of representatives of the United States. The prohibitionists of this district have surprised me in the use of my name in this important canvass for the vacant seat which I may not decline and remain true to my convictions of duty. I recognize the important results underlying the prohibition movement, and sincerely hope that from a sense of duty to God and the government rather than from personal considerations, the vote will commensurate with the results pending the issue. It is apparent that the time has fully come as indicated by divine providence, when the American people must unite to throttle the saloon power or to be throttled by it.

The people must rally in this gigantic work at the expense of party affiliation or our most sacred institutions will be overthrown by its aggressive and dominating influence. Already too long have we slumbered over imminent perils that threaten us. Help only can come through the well directed and harmonious efforts of all lovers of sobriety, good order and a pure government. Let us awake to the rescue for God, Home and Native Land.

Thankful for the honor conferred in using my name in this important canvass, I subscribe myself,

Respectfully,
S. STEEL.

PERSONAL.

—Bert Ellsworth was here on a short visit Tuesday.

—Dr. Geizer came across the bays Monday and returned Tuesday.

—Geo. D. Sanford, Lansing, registered at the Ludington Tuesday.

—A. Ellsworth started last Wednesday to visit his son Ed. at Blair, Nebraska.

—E. P. Lott, of the Iron county bar but no longer a newspaper man, was in town yesterday.

—Mr. Stone, of the Neenah Gazette, visiting in our city last week, made us his debtor for a call.

—Fred Sensiba, of Talbot, in town on business, called on us on Tuesday, much to our gratification.

—Messrs. Wm. Chandler and J. H. Goff, who may have been looking after Mr. Seymour's fences a bit, passed north Wednesday on number two.

—E. S. Watson, a representative of the Michigan (Bell) Telephone Co., was in town this week but did not succeed in getting a show for his company from the council.

Card of Thanks.

To our friends, both of this city and Ford River, we desire to tender heartfelt thanks for their many acts of kindness and expressions of sympathy during the affliction which has befallen us in the illness and death of our beloved daughter, Nellie, now at peace.

T. H. HANCOCK
H. A. HANCOCK.

ESCANABA, FEB. 10, 1888.

SEE HERE: Don't believe that lie. Mr. Seymour did not vote to submit the prohibition amendment. On the contrary he both spoke and voted against it.

MR. SEYMOUR is no prohibitionist and no vote by him was ever given for prohibition in any shape. Don't be deceived by any dem. ocrat lies.

MR. SEYMOUR VOTED AGAINST the submission of the prohibition amendment to the constitution. If any supporter of Bad Pay Brown tells you otherwise tell him you know better.

GOSSIP says that F. J. McKenna and Miss Richardson will enter "the holy estate of matrimony" on Valentine's day, Tuesday next, and that Del. Brotherton and Miss Buckley will take like vows during the coming week. To each our benison.

City Council.

ESCANABA, Jan. 30, 1888.

A special meeting of the city council was held at the council chamber, Monday evening, Jan. 30. Present Ald. Dinneen, Schram, Fogarty, Aspinall, Tyrrell and Stephenson. Meeting called to order by pres. pro tem Dinneen.

On motion of Ald. Schram, seconded by Ald. Fogarty, the time for collection of taxes was extended to March 1. Ayes unanimous.

On motion of Ald. Fogarty, the registration and election boards of the city will be in session on Saturday February 11, and Tuesday February 14 respectively in the following places: 1st ward, fire engine house; 2d ward, R. Hall's barber shop; 3d ward, hose house on Mary street; 4th ward, hose house on Charlotte street. Adjourned.

PAT. H. TORMEY, City Clerk.

ESCANABA, Feb. 7, 1888.

The regular meeting of the city council was held on Tuesday evening Feb. 7, 1888. Present Ald. Dinneen, Fogarty, Corcoran, Tyrrell, Schram, Stephenson.

Minutes of last regular and special meetings read and approved.

Monthly reports of Justice Glaser, Marshal McCarthy and Policemen Bridgman and Stern, and Street Commissioner Anderson were read and on motion approved.

The following bills were allowed and ordered paid:

Ed. Donovan, straw for lock-up	\$ 55
P. Finnegan, labor on hose carts	1 00
V. Fish, cords of wood	11 00
Dinneen & Manley, stoves etc.	28 50
A. S. Wain, board of prisoners	7 50
P. J. McKenna, printing	4 40
P. Finnegan, labor on lock-up	2 00
A. LaDuke, hauling hose cart	2 50
Dinneen & Manley, supplies st. dept.	7 75
Ulling Bros. & E. Election seals	4 40
Pat. H. Torney, express fee	1 30
Erick Anderson, labor with team	50 50
Fred Anderson, 4 1/2 days labor	7 87
Charles Sanders, 1 day labor	11 50
Jos. Vinbead, 1 day labor	1 75

The liquor bond of Jno. Cook, with Q. Hessel and Ole Erickson as sureties was presented and on motion accepted. A petition from residents and tax payers of block 29 was read, praying that the grade of said block be established two feet above present grade, and on motion of Ald. Tyrrell the petition was laid on the table until next regular meeting.

An ordinance looking to the establishment of gas works, laying gas mains, etc. was presented by Mr. Higgins.

Ald. Stephenson made a motion that gas ordinance be laid on table for further investigation. Ayes, Stephenson and Tyrrell—2. Noes, Schram, Fogarty, Corcoran and Dinneen—4. Motion lost.

On motion of Ald. Fogarty a committee consisting of Ald. Corcoran, Schram and Tyrrell was appointed to confer with city attorney regarding the gas ordinance and to get any other information possible. The committee on purchasing fire bells reported that they had ordered two 500 lb. bells from Troy N. Y. and were advised that bells would be shipped as soon as they could be got ready.

On motion of Ald. Stephenson, the report of the committee was accepted and committee continued.

Communications were read from civil engineers and others, by sewerage com. and on motion committee continued.

P. H. TORMEY, City Clerk.

Fayette Happenings.

Dr. Geizer visited Escanaba Monday returning Wednesday.

All our sick people—Mr. Elliott, Mr. Hutchins and Wm. Kee (who was brought here from Nahma last fall)—are doing well. Mr. McMillan, who was hurt near Little Harbor has so far recovered that he will be brought here, to Mr. Watson's house, soon.

A number of our young people attended a "mouth organ dance" at Kate's Bay Tuesday evening.

Patsy Casey's nets were seized Tuesday. Meshes were too small to satisfy the law. Clio does not deem it worth while to notice the stems in last week's Delta except to say that the writer did not stick to the truth; there was no "trio" business. CLIO.

The Commander-in-Chief.

of the Grand Army of the Republic, Major George S. Merrill. Few remedies are better known in this vicinity than Sulphur Bitters; their sale has been very general throughout this section, and the number of reliable and well attested cases of beneficial results and recovery by their use, is large and beyond dispute.

The Year Has Turned,

Winter's Grip Slackens

—AND—

ED. ERICKSON

To prepare for the Spring Trade will

CLEAR : OUT

His Stock of Winter Goods

REGARDLESS OF COST,

At whatever the goods will bring. The stock is not one of odds and ends but consists of

STAPLE GOODS

In the best of condition and is slaughtered to make room for new goods in their season and for no other reason.

It will pay purchasers to buy them to carry over to another winter.

A GREAT CHANCE

FOR PROFITABLE INVESTMENT.

Remember the Place

ED. ERICKSON'S.

H. J. DEROUIN.

H. J. DEROUIN.

HAS JUST RECEIVED

FALL AND WINTER GOODS

In All Lines. Among Them will be Found

BROCADED SILKS, CORDED SILKS, GENOA VELVETS,

The Latest Patterns in GINGHAMS, PERCALES AND PRINTS,

The Best of

WORSTED DRESS GOODS

Of the most fashionable and the most serviceable styles and shades. The best, in fact, of everything in each of the lines he carries, and he carries everything that ought to be found in a Dry Goods Establishment of the first class. Ladies and Gentlemen alike are invited to

—EXAMINE THE GOODS AND ASCERTAIN PRICES.—

ESCANABA : WATER : WORKS : CO.,

W. H. LAFLEUR, Supt.,

Office, 113 Tilden Avenue

Attends promptly to orders for Water, furnishing estimates in advance when desired.

Bath Tubs, Sinks, Water Closets, Lawn Sprinklers, Hose and all other appliances for the use of water.

Plumbing and Sewerage estimated for and executed on the shortest notice and the most moderate terms.

All work warranted against freezing where instructions are followed.

Cold weather will soon be upon you and the work of putting in water be necessarily increased, pumps will freeze and inconvenience result. Order city water now.

GET YOUR JOB PRINTING DONE AT THIS OFFICE.

WE HAVE AMONG OUR LARGE STOCK OF

Clothing and Dry Goods

Rubbers, German Socks, Mackinaws, Kersey Pants, Gloves and Mitts in great variety, also a complete line of Clothing, Boots and Shoes, Hats, Caps and Gent's Furnishing Goods, all at prices that will enable everybody to keep warm.

A few more Ladies' Misses' and Children's Cloaks, Mikado Hoods, Shawls, Blankets, Quilts, etc., etc., which we are selling off to make room for Spring Goods. It will pay you to call and examine our stock and prices before buying elsewhere.

— ALL THIS CAN BE HAD AT —

Kratze's : Double : Store,
608-10 Ludington Street.

J. N. MEAD.

J. N. MEAD,

The Druggist,

The Jeweler.

PRESCRIPTIONS COMPOUNDED ACCURATELY.

The Celebrated Quick Train ROCKFORD WATCHES.

Jewelry, Silverware, Guns, Patent Medicines, Wall Paper, Drugs, Paints, Oils, Etc., Etc.

GROCERIES.

EAST END GROCERY.

JOHN G. WALTERS,

Successor to John A. McNaughtan,

CORNER TILDEN AVENUE AND LUDINGTON ST.

GROCERIES ONLY

But every article of a grocer's stock at rock bottom prices. Don't pass the old place without calling.

NEW AD.

SPECIAL Discount Sale!

To make room for Spring Stocks, from Monday, February 6, until March 10, we will make a Special Discount of 15 per cent. on Leather, Felt and Rubber Goods. Call and take advantage of the reduction.

P. S. MUMFORD & CO.

FURNITURE.

D. A. OLIVER, DEALER IN FURNITURE! CARPETS, OIL CLOTHS,

Undertaking Promptly Attended to. Furniture Made or Repaired to Order. Everything in Stock. Sewing Machines and Attachments.

LUDINGTON STREET, NORTH SIDE.



Registered Percheron Horses FRENCH COACH HORSES.

SAVAGE & FARNUM, Importers and Breeders of Percheron Horses and French Coaches. ISLAND HOME STOCK FARM, Green Isle, Wayne Co., Mich. All Percherons Registered in Percheron Stud Books of France and America. From 100 to three hundred horses constantly on hand to select from. We guarantee our Stock, make Close Prices, and sell on Easy Terms. Visitors always welcome. Large Catalogue Free. Address SAVAGE & FARNUM, Detroit, Mich.