

THE IRON PORT.

THIRTY-FIFTH YEAR

ESCANABA, MICHIGAN, SATURDAY, APRIL 22, 1905.

NUMBER 18

YOUNG MEN FOUND GUILTY

Gallagher & Young Must Serve Prison Sentences.

ARE YOUNG HOLD-UPS

Case of Joseph Young, Alleged Accomplice, Continued Until Next Term.

Peter Gallagher and Harry Snow, charged with assaulting and robbing Henry Wirth on the night of March 23, were tried in circuit court on Tuesday and found guilty of the lesser charge of assault with intent to rob.

The chief witness against the two young men was Joseph Young, an alleged accomplice with Gallagher and Snow. Young confessed that he had been with Snow and Gallagher on the night of Mar. 23, and that Gallagher had suggested the holding up of Wirth. It was Gallagher, he said, who ran after Wirth and struck him with a stick of wood taken from a nearby wood pile. He also said that Gallagher and Snow had robbed Wirth after knocking him senseless and that he ran away from the scene of the robbery having taken no part in it. Snow and Gallagher both testified that it was Young who committed the act and both denied that they had anything to do with the assault and the robbery. They said they knew that Young was a hold-up man and that he committed the assault and robbery. An attempt was made by the defense to prove that Young was a bad character. Harry Wirth, the victim of the assault, told of his actions on the day of the assault. He said that after spending the afternoon at the brewery he started for home about eight o'clock. He said he knew he had a \$5.00 bill with him besides some change. He remembered hearing some one run up behind him and then nothing more until he regained consciousness in the hospital. All of his money was gone. The charge of which the young men have been found guilty has a maximum penalty of 15 years imprisonment.

NUT BEARING TREES

Experiments Are Made With Them at Experimental Station.

Supt. Leo M. Geismar, of the Upper Peninsula Experimental station has been making experiments with nut bearing trees which will prove of great value to farmers in this section of the country. About 600 trees, such as butternuts, oaks, white ash, mulberries, catalpas, tulip poplars, locusts and other valuable forest trees have been started at the Experiment Station, the butternuts having come out in perfect condition after the severe winter of 1903-1904, and the mulberries having blossomed last summer. Success with such trees will materially assist in demonstrating the superiority of the climatic conditions of the upper peninsula, and through the results of this and many similar experiments, the station will become self-supporting in a much broader sense than that which is understood by certain ill-advised critics who seem to have derived their information from a common and untruthful source.

COMMITTEES APPOINTED

Mayor Names Men to Act to the Various Committees of the Council.

Mayor A. J. Valentine named the following committees at the council meeting Tuesday night to act for the coming year:

Finance: Lawson, Jensen, McMartin. Fire: Beck, Chevalier, Kratze. Ordinance: Tolan, Beck, Chevalier. Sewer: Folio, McMartin, Nelson. Auditing: Kratze, Tolan, Lawson. Health: Smith, Folio, Nelson. Building: McMartin, Priester, Kratze. Parks: McCarthy, Martin, Smith. Street: Jensen, Priester, Tolan. Police: Chevalier, McCarthy, Folio. Sidewalks: Martin, Elliott, Beck. Printing and Purchasing: Priester, Tolan, Jensen. Poor: Elliott, McCarthy, Martin.

Race Track Secured.

Officials of the Soo Driving association have closed a deal with Victor E. Metzger for the use of the Metzger race track for one year. Half of the rental for the entire year was paid down and the papers binding the agreement were signed. Thus the Soo is assured of a season of interesting sport on the turf, a feature of local life that has been lacking for the past two years. Workmen will be engaged at once to put the track in first-class condition and within a short time local and visiting horses will be speeding round the oval.

BIDS FOR STREET PAVING

Ludington Street Bids Opened By Council Tuesday Night

NINE BIDS RECEIVED.

Bids are for Brick, Asphalt, and Bituminous Pavements.

At the meeting of the common council on Tuesday evening bids for the paving of Ludington street were opened by the council. Before the bids were opened Alderman Jensen offered a resolution to the effect that bids be received on any kind of brick even though the brick had not yet been tested by the city engineer. Alderman Jensen explained that through some oversight several kinds of bricks were not mentioned in the specifications and said he believed no one on the council desired to bar out any bidder on this technicality. Alderman Smith, chairman of the street committee, replied to Mr. Jensen and stated that no oversight had been made and that the reason for barring some kinds of bricks was because the engineer had not received samples of them to test. The council decided to accept Alderman Jensen's resolution.

Among the most favorable bids submitted for the construction of a brick pavement was that made by Neo Moran & company of Escanaba and the principal items of their bid were as follows: Metropolitan block \$1.97, per square yard, Logan block \$1.90, Robinson block \$1.90, Pennington block \$1.91, sandstone curbing in place 45 cents per lineal foot, recutting and resetting old curb 12 cents per lineal foot, excavating 17 cents per cubic yard and filling 12 cents per cubic yard.

Among other favorable bids submitted were the following: John O. Jones of Racine, Nelsonville block \$2.10 per square yard, Irundeville block \$1.97, Union block \$1.98, Logan block \$1.97, Medal block \$1.94, Metropolitan block \$2.06, Rosalee block \$1.95, 1-2, Canton block \$2.04, the paving block \$1.93, Athens block \$2.10, limestone curbing 71 cents lineal foot, sandstone curbing 68 cents per lineal foot, recutting and resetting old curb 16 cents per lineal foot, recutting old curb 12 cents per lineal foot, excavating 25 cents per cubic yard, filling 25 cents per cubic yard.

Barber Asphalt Paving company: Trinidad Pitch Lake asphalt \$2.05 per square yard, Bermuda Lake asphalt \$2.05 per square yard, Soledad asphalt \$1.95 per square yard, bituminous macadam with concrete foundation \$2.05 per square yard, limestone curbing 55 cents per lineal foot, sandstone curbing 65 cents per lineal foot, recutting and resetting old curb 20 cents, recutting old curb 10 cents, excavating 22 cents per cubic yard, filling 50 cents per cubic yard.

James Forrestal Co. of St. Paul, Medal block \$1.85 per square yard, Trimble block \$1.91, Wassow block \$1.90, Glouster block \$1.94, Puritan block \$1.88, Logan block \$1.97, Metropolitan block \$1.99, Canton block \$1.98, Nelsonville block \$2.04, Athens block \$2.02, limestone curb 53 cents, sandstone curb 43 cents resetting old curb 17 cents, recutting old curb 7 cents, excavating 24 cents per cubic yard and filling 50 cents per cubic yard.

Central Bitulithic Paving company of Detroit, Metropolitan block \$2.26 Nelsonville block \$2.31, Athens block \$2.29 Canton block \$2.24 Bitulithic paving with a concrete foundation \$2.30 per square yard, Achme asphalt \$1.86 per square yard, recutting and resetting old curb 30 cents, recutting old curb 20 cents excavating 23 cents per cubic yd.

J. G. Bannan company Milwaukee, Nelsonville block \$2.10 Athens block \$2.07, Metropolitan block \$2.01, Logan block \$2.02, Puritan block \$1.94 Medal block \$1.90, Limestone curb 50 cents, sandstone curb 40 cents, recutting and resetting old curb 7 cents, recutting old curb 5 cents, excavating 20 cents.

BOYLE NOT GUILTY

Jury Decides That Boy Who Stole Horse Is Imbecile.

James Boyle, who a short time ago stole a horse and rig from the county poor house and was captured near Schaffer, was tried Monday afternoon in circuit court. C. D. McEwen, who was appointed by the court to act as attorney for the defendant argued that Boyle was an imbecile and therefore incapable of having criminal intent. After being out but for a few minutes the jury returned a verdict of not guilty.

Many Boats Arrive.

Since the opening of navigation on Monday there has been a steady stream of boats arriving and taking on cargoes of ore at the local docks. Present indications point to a very busy season.

PLANTING TROUT FRY

Annual Distribution now Being Made in Upper Peninsula.

SOME PLANTED HERE

Nearly Two Million Fish will be Planted in Streams in Upper Michigan

The annual distribution of brook trout from the state fish hatchery is now in progress. The state fish commission car left Sault St. Marie on Monday at Sault St. Marie for Marquette and Ishpeming, from which points a large number of fish were planted in near by streams. The car started Wednesday for a trip along the Soo Line to Escanaba and up the Lake Superior railway through Delta county.

After its return the car will be loaded for a trip through the territory west of Ishpeming in the neighborhood of Michigan.

Superintendent Harry Marks of the Soo Hatchery announces that the hatchery will distribute this year 1,850,000 brook trout, an increase of about half a million over last year's output. All of these fish will be planted in upper peninsula streams between the Soo and the Gogebic county.

Superintendent Marks says this year's distribution will be divided up between a larger number of applicants than ever before and that while individuals will receive a smaller quantity than heretofore, more fish will be planted in each locality than ever before. It has been the practice of the management of the hatchery to fill all applications and as the interest in the planting of fish fry has increased a larger number of citizens have made application for young fish. Thus while individual citizens may receive a smaller quantity of fish than last year the grand total will be larger than ever and every locality will be given its full share.

Superintendent Marks says that while all the rivers emptying into Lake Superior are natural trout streams the fish seem never to have reached the upper waters above the falls, and the planting of fry is made to supply localities in which trout has not heretofore been found. The young fish are invariably placed in brooks and small tributaries to the large rivers.

Just now the fish hatchery is a busy place and the long narrow tanks and vats are full of eggs in every stage of the hatching process. Besides the trout eggs and fry on hand the lake trout and whitefish tanks are full and a large quantity of these fish will also be distributed a little later.

Superintendent Marks is taking especial pains with a large shipment of landlocked salmon eggs, recently received from the United States hatchery at Green Lake, Maine. These fish will be kept until they are about finger length and planted in St. Mary's river.

MAY BE SOLD

Ann Arbor Railroad Said to Have Been Sold by Present Owners.

Control of the Ann Arbor railroad of Toledo has passed from the Gould people, and it will no longer continue as a part of the Gould system, the deal for the sale of the property being practically closed.

The Ann Arbor railway is worth \$13,000,000. A bonded debt of \$7,000,000 stands against the property and the purchasers are understood to have paid \$5,200,000 for control of the road and car ferry system.

It is said that either the Great Central or interests closely allied to the Big Cincinnati, Hamilton and Dayton-Pere Marquette combination are interested in the purchase.

A syndicate of which Eugene Zimmerman is the head has bought control of the Detroit Southern railway, and may hook it up with the Ann Arbor railway, making a through line from the Ohio river to Lake Michigan and the upper peninsula.

Iron Mountain to Have Team.

A meeting of the Iron Mountain Athletic association has been held and a decision arrived at to have a ball team in the field the ensuing summer season. Plans for the team are now being considered. It has been suggested that a team organized entirely of local talent, with the exception of perhaps the pitcher and catcher, be put in the field at the start. The Iron Mountain team will pick up games with independent nines. Last season the rivalry between Iron Mountain and Crystal Falls furnished the chief baseball interest on the Menominee range.

Forty-eight saloon keepers of Iron Mountain were found guilty of violating the liquor laws, and collectively paid \$1,800 in fines and \$350 in costs during the past week.

WILL NOT USE CEDAR BLOCKS

Majority of Property Owners Asked for Modern Pavement.

TWO PETITIONS HEARD.

Many Who Signed Petition for Cedar Blocks Cancelled Their Signatures and Signed Petition for Brick.

The sentiment in favor of a cedar block pavement, which appeared in such force before the council a few weeks ago gradually lost ground until at the last meeting of the council, which was the time set for the hearing of objections, nothing was heard in favor of the cedar block pavement other than the reading of a petition from less than fifty per cent. of the property owners. As many names on this petition had been cancelled by the signers who asked for a brick pavement in a later petition, and as no one in the audience spoke in favor of the cedar blocks, the council took no action in the matter, assuming that the use of a modern kind of pavement was satisfactory to a majority of the property owners.

The estimates of cost of a cedar block pavement was read by the city clerk and showed that a cedar block pavement would cost \$68,921.51, if new planks for a foundation were put in and \$51,771.98 if 50 per cent. of the old planks were used.

Upon the conclusion of the reading of this estimate, Mr. J. K. Stack arose in the audience and withdrew his name from the petition for cedar blocks, saying that the cost was much greater than he was at first led to believe and that he preferred some modern kind of pavement. Mr. Eugene Cleary, who was also a signer in favor of cedar blocks, withdrew his name from that petition.

TALLEST MAN IN STATE

Houghton Boy Holds Record for Height in Michigan.

Louis Moilenon, of Houghton, is the tallest man in the state. He is only nineteen years of age, but is seven feet, eight inches in height, weighs 370 pounds and is still growing. He is well proportioned, and is as strong as an ox. He is of Finnish birth, and is at present "employed" at the Board of Trade Palm garden.

Louis worked underground in the Quincy mine until F. M. Sackdriff of Houghton copped him out and rigged him up as a gentleman of leisure. At the Quincy it took about all Louis could earn to buy his clothes and shoes, as everything he wears has to be made to order and requires considerable more material than for an ordinary sized man. He is the center of attraction at the Board of Trade, where he officiates as floor walker and looks "wise." The young man's parents, who reside on Quincy hill, are under-sized people, his mother weighing less than 100 pounds.

DREW BIG CROWDS

John L. Sullivan Appeared at Ben's Theatre This Week.

John L. Sullivan, ex-champion pugilist of the world, appeared from Monday until Thursday at Ben's Theatre. That "John L." still remains the idol of at least a portion of the people was evidenced by the large crowd that went to see him and the enthusiasm with which the old time ring champion was greeted. Mr. Sullivan appeared in three performances each day. In the afternoon he gave a short talk to the audience in which he told a number of laughable stories.

In the evenings a sparring exhibition took place between Sullivan and his trainer John McCormick.

MULLEN FOUND GUILTY

Man Who Stole Clothes From Bark River Young Man Must Serve Term

Walter Mullen, charged with stealing clothing valued at \$100 from Alvin Olson of Bark River, was found guilty in circuit court, Wednesday afternoon. Mullen was arrested a month ago at Grand Rapids where he had gone from Bark River. The stolen clothes were discovered in the express office consigned to him and when he called for the package he was placed under arrest.

"HELEN WOOD" SOLD

Sheriff Perrow Sells Fast Horse to Soo Man.

Sheriff Perrow, has sold his fast horse "Helen Wood" to D. J. Gallaher of Sault St. Marie. Helen Wood last season established a mark of 2:15. Escanaba horsemen are sorry to see the horse leave this city.

BRIDGE KNOCKED OVER

Steamship Hit Structure Over Portage Canal at Houghton.

The Mutual line package freighter Northern Wave, bound down, hit the bridge between Houghton and Hancock, last Saturday, knocking it entirely off the abutment and into the river. Navigation is completely blocked and railroad traffic suspended. The bridge hit by the Northern Wave connects the centers of Houghton and Hancock. It is a double-decked bridge, the railroads operating across the lower section, close to the water and street cars and foot and wagon traffic using the upper section. It is a center pier bridge and the openings on either side are less than sixty feet. In order to give vessels the greatest possible width the shore abutments were close and there was no piling protection around the center pier. The only means of communication now between the two cities will be by ferry boat until the bridge, which is an extremely heavy structure, can be replaced.

Sam Hartman, engineer of the bridge, seeing a collision was inevitable, drove a dozen children off the draw just in time to save their lives, the engineer going down with the bridge, but he escaped with slight bruises. As a result of the wrecking of the bridge four railroads and the interurban street car line are cut and the northern part of the copper region, with a population of 60,000 is an island.

LIKELY TO PASS

Direct Voting Bill May go Through Senate.

Senator D. W. Jenks, of Harbor Beach, who is working on the Donovan-Frazier contest, is the particular member of the senate elections committee about whose position on the Double Ivory-Dickinson bill there has been the most doubt. He has asked what position he will take on the bill and he replied:

"I have not yet read the bill, but, as a general thing, I think it will be passed. I should be opposed to rushing it through under suspension of the rules, because I believe a number of changes ought to be made, and it is important a matter to be disposed of in a hurry. I do not think the election committee will try to hold up the bill, but that it will be given honest and fair consideration. One thing that ought to be done is to put in the measure a specific provision that the bill, but that the question of voting directly on the nominations of senators shall be submitted to the people.

Senator Cook, another member of the elections committee, and who is one of the most extreme direct voting members of the legislature, declared that the bill ought not to be rushed through, but ought to go before the committee on elections for careful consideration.

NO MORE SLOT MACHINES

Ontonagon Sheriff Instructed to Get Rid of All in County.

In the saloons and other business places in Ontonagon county slot machines will soon be a thing of the past. Last week during a session of the circuit court this matter was brought up by Judge Haire. He instructed Sheriff McFarlane to procure search warrants if necessary, seize all machines and destroy them.

At the last term of court Judge Haire ordered that the use of these machines be stopped and that they be removed from the buildings. In a large measure the order was complied with, but some of the machines were stored in the back rooms of the saloon and it is reported that at one place in the south end of the county some of the nickel-gathering devices have been openly run during the past few weeks.

Sheriff McFarlane will make it a point to see that this order of the court is rigidly enforced. If there are any lagards the machines will be confiscated and a bonfire will ensue.

TRAINING FOR TRACK

High School Athletes Getting in Shape For Track Events.

A number of the boys of the high school are training for track events this spring. Escanaba is desirous of being well represented in the Upper Peninsula track meet and the boys will train hard. Mayor A. J. Valentine has consented to use of the city hall basement for dressing rooms.

A base ball schedule is now being arranged and two games are already scheduled with Manistique.

Got Small Verdict.

A judgement of \$38.15 was granted to the Lyon Taylor company against Peter J. Lindblad, a Gladstone merchant which was a portion of the amount demanded by the company for a bill of goods sold to Mr. Lindblad, by a jury in the circuit court Wednesday.

Mr. Lindblad claimed the goods shipped to him by the company were not up to the samples from which he had purchased the stock.

NAVIGATION IS OPEN.

Steamer Aurania Entered Harbor Monday.

SHIPPING SEASON ON

Boats are Now Arriving Rapidly and Enter Harbor Without Difficulty.

With the arrival of the steamer Aurania last Monday, navigation at this port opened and the ore shipping season of 1905 began. The Aurania remained in the ice opposite the light house for many hours and did not make port until Tuesday afternoon. On Tuesday afternoon four boats entered the harbor and made up at the U. & S. W. docks for ore. To the steamer Republic belongs the honor of reaching port first with the Selwyn Eddy a length behind and the steamer Pentland of Fairport in the rear.

The Aurania proceeded through mistake to the St. Paul docks and had to return to No. 4 dock.

Road Wants Facts.

The Chicago & Northwestern Railway company has just issued a letter to agents explaining the disability of securing definite information regarding opportunities offered to industrial enterprises desiring to locate along its lines.

The co-operation of all civic organizations is requested by the company.

The object is to develop to the fullest extent in population and commercial importance the rich country reached by the lines of the Northwestern. The letter was written by Marvin Hughtit, Jr., freight traffic agent, and the information which he seeks is explained as follows: "Every feature of civic activity enters into and has a direct bearing upon a satisfactory presentation of your advantages to prospective investors, and you are urged to provide us, so far as you are able to do so, facts as to your facilities for supplying raw materials, cheap fuel and reliable water power, together with a statement as to labor conditions and market possibilities, and, in case your public bodies offer special inducements for free factory sites, give detailed information on that subject. The population of the town should be stated and the conveniences mentioned, including the number of banks, stores and factories of various kinds. If there is a local organization qualified to enter into negotiations with concerns seeking locations for their plant, give the name of the secretary, and supply us with copies of all literature issued by them.

LARGEST OUTPUT IN HISTORY

March Was a Banner Month for Lake Superior District.

The month recently ended was the first in the history of this district to record an output of 19,000,000 pounds of refined copper, this despite the fact that production was slightly interfered with at some of the mines owing to labor disputes, says S. J. Beshan. The falling off on this account, however, was comparatively small, and, as the month contained more than the average number of working days, and immediate increases of any volume are not looked for from any source, its record is not likely to be duplicated for some little time. The Michigan copper production for the first quarter of 1904 aggregated 47,067,400 pounds, while for the same period of the current year the yield has been about 55,420,000 pounds. The increase, however, is not entirely due to a broader scale of operations, as during the period of last year production at several of the larger mines was interfered with on account of strikes.

Vaudeville for Menominee.

Menominee business men are back of a move to establish another theatre in Menominee. It is planned to open a similar to the Bijou theater in Marinette for vaudeville and light attractions. The old Forville house on Ludington avenue has been secured and will be remodeled to suit its new purposes.

Deserter Is Wanted

Frank C. Reynolds, is a deserter from Fort Brady. Reynolds is a man weighing 150 pounds, dark complexion, brown eyes, smooth shaven scar under one eye, five feet nine inches tall, dressed in dark suit. A reward of \$50 will be paid for the man's return to the fort.

Search Continues.

Recently efforts to find some trace of Ole Sundstrom of Bay de Noc township who disappeared last fall have been renewed. No trace of the missing man has as yet been found. It was expected that when the snow left his remains would be found.

THE IRON PORT.

THE IRON PORT CO., Publishers.
ESCANABA, MICHIGAN.

SUMMARY OF A WEEK'S EVENTS

MOST IMPORTANT HAPPENINGS AT HOME AND ABROAD IN CONDENSED FORM.

THE WAR IN THE FAR EAST

Progress of Hostilities Between Russia and Japan—Doings at Washington—Items of Interest from All Over the World.

RUSSO-JAPANESE WAR.

There is every reason to believe that Admiral Rojestvensky is sailing north to meet Togo, in a decisive engagement, with the firm resolve of winning the struggle or perishing in the attempt.

London naval experts are of the belief that the great naval fight in far eastern waters will not take place until early in May, and then will be fought before Vladivostok, where Togo can consolidate his vessels.

The Japanese have closed the port of Kelung to foreign ships until further notice. Kelung is a port on the north end of the island of Formosa. It is believed at Washington that the action of the Japanese government in closing Kelung indicates that this port will be used by Admiral Togo as a base for his fleet.

Japs captured two more towns in Manchuria by driving out Russians.

Gen. Linevitch concentrated Russians on the Kirin road, and another big land fight is expected soon.

Both Oyama and Linevitch report success in battles in Manchuria.

Japan learns that Russia is preparing Vladivostok for a siege, manning the fortress with 100,000 troops.

Members of the Russian Old Faith have offered the czar \$500,000,000 for war expenses in return for religious freedom.

MISCELLANEOUS.

George W. Atkinson, former governor of West Virginia, has been appointed judge in the court of claims to succeed the late Judge Lawrence Weldon, of Illinois.

The private bank of M. I. Stewart & Co., of Owosso, Mich., closed its doors because of loans to a carriage firm.

Gen. John Palmer, former commander-in-chief of the G. A. R., died in Albany, N. Y., from an old wound received in the war of the rebellion.

President Roosevelt, on his way from Newcastle, Col., to his camp, killed a 600-pound bear.

A bill has been favorably reported to the Wisconsin assembly to tax all bachelors over 30 years old \$10 a year.

Dr. D. K. Pearson, the Chicago philanthropist, celebrated his eighty-fifth birthday, and announced a gift of \$150,000 to five colleges in the southern mountain district.

Gen. Halbert E. Payne, a lawyer of national reputation, died in Washington, aged 80 years. He was conspicuous as a defender of Washington during Gen. Jubal A. Early's raid in 1864. He was a Wisconsin member of the house of representatives from 1865 to 1871.

Rev. Father John Kieley, professor of French in the St. Louis (Mo.) university, dropped dead while visiting a parishioner, who is ill.

Nearly 1,000 delegates, the owners and operating officials of upwards of 400,000 miles of railway in 44 different countries, constitute the personnel of the International Railway congress which is to hold a ten days' session in Washington, beginning May 4 next.

William Livesey, who served three terms as state treasurer of Pennsylvania, died in Detroit, Mich., from apoplexy after six weeks illness, aged 72 years.

Charles Easting was stabbed in the neck and killed in an altercation with C. R. Shaer, in the village of Latham, Ill., the knife blade struck behind the left ear, severing the jugular vein.

Louis Heck, Jr., musical director of Keith's Chestnut street theater, Philadelphia, and his wife, known on the vaudeville stage as May Belle Eckert, were found asphyxiated by gas in the bedroom of their apartment.

Ambassador White has arrived in Rome and reports Secretary Hay greatly improved in health.

Dr. Lee Adams, chief of the claims division of the United States internal revenue bureau, died in Washington, aged 63 years. He had been in the internal revenue office for about 40 years.

Five elephants were lost at sea from a steamer bringing a cargo of animals from Calcutta to the United States.

James H. Hyde issued a statement charging President Alexander of the Equitable Life Assurance society with using his office to care for his relatives, at a cost of \$200,000 a year.

Fuller reports of the damage done by the cyclone in Madagascar early in April show it to have been greater than first reported. Numerous villages were destroyed by floods, over 100 natives were drowned, roads were cut, the railroads were greatly damaged and crops were destroyed.

The Ohio republican state central committee has decided to hold the state convention at Columbus May 24 and 25. William H. Taft will be temporary chairman.

A hurricane near the island of Tahiti and north of there caused much damage to shipping.

Commissioner Garfield's real work in the oil inquiry has begun. He is making a thorough investigation in the southern part of Kansas.

The finding in Belgium of the body of Schlesinger, partner of Miller in the "\$20 per cent." swindle in New York, clears a mystery and may lead to the recovery of \$170,000 of plunder.

The next general session of the National Educational association will be held in Asbury Park and Ocean Grove, N. J., next July.

Three hundred thousand employees of Italian railroads began a strike in protest against the passage of a law controlling state railway employees. The government will run trains with soldiers.

The United States' need of a powerful navy of larger and faster battleships and cruisers is emphasized by the present war between Russia and Japan.

Capitalists fear President Roosevelt's Panama railway schemes may foster a demand for public ownership.

St. Louis passed a gloomy Sunday under the new Sunday closing law, practically all business being suspended, and citizens going not only thirsty, but hungry, in many instances. Nearly every line of business was closed down with the exception of druggists.

United States Senator J. R. Burton, of Kansas, was re-elected by the federal grand jury in St. Louis on the charge of accepting fees to the amount of \$2,500 from the Rialto Grain & Securities company of St. Louis, in whose behalf, it is alleged, he acted as attorney before the post office department in Washington.

The body of John Paul Jones was discovered in a cemetery in Paris, and the remains have been identified by the highest French medical experts as unquestionably that of the famous American admiral who founded the American navy.

The playing season of the two leading baseball organizations—the National league and the American league—has opened.

The next annual session of the Farmers' National Congress will be held in Richmond, Va., September 12-22.

Two more bodies were taken out of the Leiter mine at Zelger, Ill., making the total number of bodies recovered 52. There are known to be three more bodies in the mine, making the total number killed by the explosion 55.

The Massachusetts senate rejected by a vote of 11 to 12 the bill to authorize the submission to voters at the various elections of all questions of public policy.

Fallures during the week ending April 14 numbered 214 in the United States against 225 last year, and 29 in Canada compared with 16 a year ago.

Earl McKinstry, 29 years of age, and Fred Harrison, 19, of Fisher's Station, were killed a mile south of Nobleville, Ind., Friday by a northbound Pennsylvania passenger train.

The paper mill of the West Ware Paper company at West Ware, Mass., burned Friday. The loss is estimated at \$75,000.

The extensive porcelain industry at Limoges, France, is threatened with serious interruption. The leading factories, including the Haviland works, have decided to shut down, owing to the demands of the workers. About 20,000 workmen are idle.

Alexander and Wesley Miller, brothers, aged 55 and 69 years, were instantly killed at Cincinnati by a Big Four passenger train which crashed into their wagon at a crossing.

Mrs. Susan B. Anthony declared that divorce is a refuge for women, but her plea did not prevent the National Women's Council in Washington from adopting condemnatory resolutions.

James H. Hyde returned to the Equitable \$135,000, his action being the first restitution from the big profits made by officers of the society from underwriting deals.

An indictment for conspiracy against Nan Paterson was quashed at New York on motion of District Attorney Rand.

A contract has been let for the construction of a new island to be part of the Ellis Island immigrant station at New York.

C. E. Torrington, of Chicago, one of the survivors of the massacre by Yaqui Indians in Mexico June 19 last, says claims aggregating \$450,000 will be made against the Mexican government.

Fresh earthquake shocks caused a great loss of life in Sultunpur, India.

The British bench and bar gave Ambassador Choate a farewell dinner in London. Lord Halsbury praised him as the greatest apostle of the modern school of diplomacy.

Mrs. Cassie L. Chadwick, in Cleveland, pleaded not guilty to the new indictment recently returned charging her with aiding and abetting Cashier A. B. Spear of the Oberlin bank in making false entries in the bank's books and untrue statements to the controller of the currency.

Carrie Nation, Myra McHenry and Mrs. Lucy Wilhoit were found guilty in Wichita, Kan., of destroying property, and were given heavy sentences, punishment being suspended pending good behavior.

Lawyer Charles M. Reed, who pleaded guilty at Boston to embezzling from estates of which he was trustee, was sentenced to state prison for from six to eight years.

Weekly trade reviews report improved conditions due to the good crop outlook, the opening of lake navigation and the increased use of money.

A slight earthquake was felt in and near Keokuk, Ia. Buildings were shaken, but no serious damage was done.

The king and queen of England arrived at Palma, Island of Majorca, on the royal yacht Victoria and Albert and were enthusiastically welcomed by a large assemblage.

As a result of the breaking of a steel cable in a power block in Cleveland, O., an elevator was hurled to the bottom of the shaft, killing one man and fatally injuring another.

A lawyers' congress has started to overthrow the autocracy in Russia through a national league of educated classes. A parliament is demanded.

Russian peasants seized more land and Cossacks were sent to crush them.

A crisis in the Russian revolt is expected on May day, and the people are much alarmed. Large quantities of bombs and arms have been smuggled in and bloodshed on a large scale is expected.

A fund of \$1,000,000 was bequeathed by Benjamin F. Ferguson to the Chicago Art Institute, the income of which is to be devoted to municipal art in Chicago.

The R. B. Grover company and its agents were declared to be blameless for the explosion which destroyed its shoe factory at Brockton, Mass., on March 20, and caused the death of 57 persons, by the finding of Judge Fred M. Bixby.

Claude Whistler was bound over to the grand jury at Bloomfield, Ia., on a charge of manslaughter for the murder of Frank Ogden, his wife's former sweetheart.

Admiral Schwartz, who assisted on board the frigate Niagara in laying the first Atlantic cable in 1857, is dead in St. Petersburg.

Dr. Edward Anderson Alderman was installed president of the University of Virginia at Charlottesville, Va.

Gov. Robert M. La Follette, of Wisconsin, signed the anti-cigarette bill. The measure prohibits the sale or manufacture of cigarettes or cigarette tobacco or paper, or the giving away of cigarette papers. The bill goes into effect on July 1.

Six unknown robbers robbed the private bank of Oscar Gandy & Co., at Chertusko, Ind., of \$8,540. Mrs. Gandy, wife of the banker, was shot in the neck by one of the two guards stationed outside while the safe was being blown open with nitroglycerin. She will recover.

James Lewis (colored) was stoned to death by John Morton (also colored), in a fight at Lexington, Ky.

Mrs. S. W. Vidler, the wife of a newspaper man, shot and killed Mrs. H. C. Douglass, of Colorado Springs, in the National hotel in Cripple Creek, Col.

Seven hundred democrats attended the Jefferson day banquet of the Democratic club of New York at the Waldorf-Astoria. Alton B. Parker was the principal speaker.

The Wisconsin senate concurred in the anti-freeracker bill, which was previously passed by the assembly. The bill prohibits any dynamite crackers in this state, and any other crackers except those not larger than five inches in length and five-eighths inch in diameter.

William Conway, aged 65 years, choked to death on a piece of ham taken from a free lunch in a saloon at Janesville, Wis.

The National Council of Women, in session in Washington, elected Mrs. Mary Wood Swift, of San Francisco, president.

The Virginia Park summer hotel, four miles from Holland, Mich., owned by Peter McCarthy, of Chicago, burned to the ground Thursday. Loss, \$40,000.

The gold standard will go into effect in Mexico without postponement May 1. President Roosevelt has ended his hunt in Oklahoma and started for Colorado.

The beef grand jury in Chicago indicted six employees of Schwartzchild & Sulzberger company on the charge of obstructing service of a subpoena.

Commissioner Garfield is investigating the raising of freight rates on oil in Kansas simultaneously with the completion of the Standard's pipe line.

Nan Patterson appeared in a New York court in connection with the charge of conspiracy between herself and J. Morgan Smith and his wife to extort money from "Caesar" Young.

Before she could make an outcry Mrs. George Lucke, formerly of Clinton, Ia., was forced to see her husband drink a fatal potion of carbolic acid at Minneapolis, Minn.

The president will use the Panama route to compete with the transcontinental lines, the rates to be greatly cut.

Plans are reported completed for a merger of the Union Pacific, New York Central and Northwestern railroads.

The czar appointed a special commission to devise means of giving Russian farmers more land.

Germany wants to act with the United States in settling the Morocco trouble.

Sir Henry Campbell-Bannerman promises Ireland practically home rule if the liberal party regains power in Great Britain.

All negotiations for a settlement of the Chicago teamsters' strike have been declared off after a failure of employers and labor men to come to an agreement.

The employers refused to grant arbitration of the garment workers' strike, while the union leaders declared that any arbitration plan must include the garment workers.

Henry C. Frick, acting for an investigating committee of the directors of the Equitable Assurance society, has called on President Alexander for full details of the society's doings.

Joseph Chamberlain comes out for a stronger and a permanent Anglo-Japanese alliance.

St. Petersburg thinks President Roosevelt has offered the czar his aid in making peace with Japan, because of Ambassador Meyer's reception at Tsarskoe Selo.

Arthur Lutchford, secretary and treasurer of the Mechanics savings bank of Rochester, N. Y., committed suicide at his home by shooting.

Miss Howard Weeden, the southern poet and artist, is dead at Huntsville, Ala.

Judge W. N. Allison, once prominent in politics in Ohio, was run over and killed by a switching engine at Snyder, Okla., while attempting to cross the track. He was 85 years of age.

One person is dead, one fatally injured and five seriously as the result of a fire in a saloon and boarding house at Grand Rapids, Mich.

The demand of Russian Rear Admiral Prince Ouktomsky for a court-martial has been granted. Ouktomsky was blamed for the Russian defeat in the sea battle off Port Arthur last August.

The French senate has voted \$24,500,000 to enlarge the navy.

HORROR IN INDIANAPOLIS

NEWSBOYS IN CRUSH AT ENTRANCE TO THEATER.

Cry of Fire Causes Panic—Lads Trample Each Other in Effort to Escape—Four Killed.

Indianapolis, Ind., April 18.—Frenzied by a false alarm of fire several hundred eager newsboys, struggling to obtain their share of free tickets to a local theater, which were being distributed by a traveling representative of a patent medicine company, stampeded in a narrow stairway in the Masonic Temple Monday night, crushing the life out of four boys, and it is believed, fatally injuring several others.

The dead are: Ed. Morrissey, aged 12; Louis Schelger, aged 15; Carl Laurel, aged 13; Homer Williamson, aged 11. Thirty-one boys were injured, six of these seriously. Mothers, fathers and relatives of the boys looked to the place, and, frantic with grief, they forced their way into the dense crowd, weeping, moaning and crying for their loved ones. The police could not allow them to flock into the hall and around the injured boys. This fact caused an agonizing suspense for many. The catastrophe evidently had little effect on about 400 of the "newsies," who, instead of returning home to relieve the minds of anxious parents, went to the theater.

Long before the time appointed for the distribution of the tickets, the stairs of the Masonic Temple, at the southwest corner of Washington street and Capitol avenue, were crowded with a pushing, yelling crowd of newsboys, each anxious to be first to receive his pass. When the distribution began, the excitement became more intense, and the efforts of several policemen who had been detailed to prevent trouble, were unavailing. It is alleged by a witness that one of the boys, in the endeavor to hasten the exit of those who had received their passes, shouted: "Fire." Immediately those at the top faced about and with almost superhuman strength began to force their way to the bottom of the stairs. Shrieks and physical encounters followed for a few seconds when, from some cause, those near the top fell headlong upon the struggling mass at the bottom.

CAN'T LIMIT WORKING DAY

Supreme Court Says Man May Labor More Than 60 Hours a Week if He Chooses.

Washington, April 18.—A state law limiting the number of hours in a day and a week that a laboring man may work interferes with the free exercise of the right of contract between individuals and therefore is in violation of the United States constitution. So decided the supreme court Monday when it held that the New York state law making ten hours a day's work and 60 hours a week's work in bakeries in that state is unconstitutional. The decision is declared by Justice Harlan to be one of the most important rendered by the United States supreme court in a hundred years. The immediate result may be a strike of 85,000 union bakers throughout the United States, if the employers of New York refuse the demands for a ten hour day on May 1. The supreme court was far from being unanimous in the opinion. Justices Harlan and Holmes both read dissenting opinions, and Justice White and Day concurred in Justice Harlan's view.

FRUIT SUFFERS SEVERELY

Crops Prospects Damaged by Killing Frosts in Central and Southern States.

Chicago, April 18.—Reports from the south and central states show that killing frosts prevailed Sunday night as far south as Kentucky, Tennessee, Maryland and Georgia, and it is feared that the fruit crop in those states has been ruined. Frost was reported in northern Florida, a fact unprecedented in the annals of that state.

Throughout the fruit belt of Michigan and Illinois there was heavy frost, and in some localities the cherry and plum trees were stripped of blossoms. Considerable damage was also reported from Ohio. Wind accompanied by severe cold stripped many trees in Indiana, as indicated by reports received at the Purdue experiment station. The loss to fruit growers in that state alone is estimated at \$100,000. The loss in apples is also heavy. It is said another frost like that of Sunday night would practically ruin the entire fruit crop. The fruit in South Carolina and West Virginia is thought to be entirely ruined.

AT BED TIME I TAKE A PLEASANT HERR DRINK

The next morning I feel bright and new and my complexion is better. My doctor says it acts gently on the stomach, liver and kidneys and is a pleasant laxative. This drink is made from herring, and is prepared for use as easily as tea. It is called "Lane's Tea."

LANE'S FAMILY MEDICINE

All druggists sell by mail 25c, and 50c. Buy it for 10c. Lane's Family Medicine moves the bowels each day. In order to be healthy it is necessary. Address, Box 293, La. Hay, N. Y.

Two Students Probably Drowned.

Charlevoix, Mich., April 18.—John Paddock and Carl Lamphead, both 17 years old and high-school students, are supposed to have been drowned Sunday in Pine lake while canoeing to Ironton, seven miles from here. A stiff wind was blowing and there was a good deal of ice running in the lake. They did not reach Ironton and Monday their canoe was found near an ice floe.

D. A. B. in Session.

Washington, April 18.—The annual meeting of the Daughters of the American Revolution began in this city Monday afternoon. The sessions will be held in the new Memorial Continental hall, which was dedicated Monday.

Kills Brother and Self.

Stockton, Cal., April 18.—William Mohr, son of Henry Mohr, a farmer from San Joaquin county, killed his brother George with a rifle Monday and then killed himself, following a quarrel.

CATCHING AN AMAZON.

Lawyer's Wit Turned Against Woman's Defiant Words Against Herself.

About a year ago there was tried in a court of Kansas City a case in which there was retained as counsel Mr. Bartholdi, who is a representative from Missouri in congress.

Among the witnesses for the opposing side who were cross-examined by Mr. Bartholdi, says the New York Herald, were a man of diminutive stature and sheepish manner and his wife, an individual of Amazonian proportions and a correspondingly aggressive air. The husband was evidently very much cowed by his better half, for when he was being questioned he would from time to time glance timidly at the lady, as if to seek permission to reply to the interrogatories.

During the cross-examination to which the lady in turn was subjected by Mr. Bartholdi she evinced considerable impatience. Finally, when one question was urgently repeated to her several times, she suddenly exclaimed in an angry tone: "Now, you needn't think you can catch me that way. You've tried that three or four times already. No, sir, you can't catch me!"

"Madam," observed Mr. Bartholdi, with the politest of bows, "you have no cause for alarm. I have, I assure you, no desire whatever to catch you, and your husband looks as if he were sorry he did."

Miserable Conditions.

Of body and mind, always result from a torpid liver, which leads to bile poisons being absorbed into the blood, and poisoning all the nerves and tissues. This dreadful state, some of the symptoms of which are headache, bitter taste, nausea, lack of appetite, yellow complexion, constipation, etc., can be quickly cured by taking Dr. Caldwell's (Laxative) Syrup Pepsin. It relieves the strain on your liver, relaxes the tightened bowels, purifies the blood, strengthens the stomach, and makes it as clean as a whistle. The result is perfect health, and freedom from pain and discomfort. Try it. Sold by all druggists at 50c and \$1.00. Money back if it fails.

In France women can wear trousers by paying ten dollars a year. Consequently, as a rule, they do not care to. Perhaps this is fortunate, considering the American habit of following French fashions.

"The Adirondacks and How to Reach Them" is a nice folder with maps and directions to localities, hotels, boarding houses, mountains and rivers in the great wilderness of Northern New York known as the Adirondack Mountains. If you visit this region once, you will be sure to go again. A copy of "The Adirondack Mountains and How to Reach Them" will be mailed free, postpaid, to any address, on receipt of a two cent stamp, by George H. Daniels, General Passenger Agent, Grand Central Station, New York.

This is an illustration of English as she is spoke: I once said to a girl: "Will you not marry me?" And she said: "Yes, I will not marry you."—N. Y. Times.

Cheap Lands For Sale.

The Central Minnesota Immigration Co. has fifty thousand acres of choice hardwood lands for sale in the Park regions of North Central Minnesota, fine farming opportunities, excellent soil, low prices, easy terms. For further information write S. D. Works, Sec'y, Mankato, Minn.

He who is firmly seated in authority soon learns to think security, and not progress, the highest lesson of statecraft.

I Always Had a Headache

But since using Dr. Pushock's-Kuro it has disappeared entirely. This is the best medicine I ever used and I have informed many in Clayton about it.

Jupiter, with his six moons, if the planet is inhabited, must be a lovely place for lovers.—Boston Globe.

Do not believe Pico's Cure for Consumption has an equal for coughs and colds.—J. F. Boyer, Trinity Springs, Ind., Feb. 15, 1900.

Some men want to make hay even when it is raining.—N. Y. Times.

My doctor says it acts gently on the stomach, liver and kidneys and is a pleasant laxative. This drink is made from herring, and is prepared for use as easily as tea. It is called "Lane's Tea."

FREE GOVERNMENT LANDS FREE

Close to Seattle. Cheap Homes. Lots and Acreage, close in on terms of \$5 down and \$1 per mo. Fortunes here for a poor man. Plenty of work at good wages. Enclose 10c to cover postage, etc., and we will send map of Washington and full particulars.

Address: C. D. HILLMAN CO., SEATTLE, WASH.

Good Health
and how to obtain it, will be taught you by a booklet sent out by Dr. Pushock, Chicago. Write for it; it is free. Pushock's-Kuro is a wonderful medicine and cures where all others have failed, especially in Rheumatism, Pains, Weakness and Stomach Trouble. It is the best Blood and Nerve Tonic. Write to-day.

Judging from the Sex.
She—Is there any difference between a fort and a fortress?
He—Why, I should imagine that a fortress would be cr—harder to silence!—Bitary Stories.

St. Jacobs Oil
Safe and sure for
Lumbago
and
Sciatica

It is the specific virtue of penetration in this remedy that carries it right to the pain spot and effects a prompt cure.

SICK HEADACHE

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

Positively cured by these Little Pills. They also relieve Distress from Dyspepsia, Indigestion and Too Hearty Eating. A perfect remedy for Biliary Stagnation, Dizziness, Headache, Nervousness, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Coated Tongue, Pain in the Side, TORPID LIVER. They regulate the Bowels. PURELY VEGETABLE. SMALL PILL. SMALL DOSE. SMALL PRICE.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS. Genuine Must Bear Fac-Simile Signature
Wheat Food
REFUSE SUBSTITUTES.

THE FISH BRAND SLICKER A VALUED FRIEND

"A good many years ago I bought a FISH BRAND Slicker, and it has proven a valued friend for many a stormy day, but now it is getting old and I must have another. Please send me a price-list." (The name of this worthy doctor, obliged to be put in all acts of weather, will be given on application.)

HIGHEST AWARD WORLD'S FAIR, 1904.

A. J. TOWER CO. TOWERS
Boston, U.S.A.
TOWER CANADIAN COMPANY, Limited TOWER
Toronto, Canada
Wet Weather Clothing, Suits, and Hats for all kinds of wet work or sport

PISO'S TABLETS
The New Boon for Woman's Ills.

SILENT suffering from any form of female disorder is no longer necessary. Many modest women would rather die by inches than consult anyone, even by letter, about their private troubles. PISO'S TABLETS attack the source of the disease and give relief from the start. Whatever form of illness afflicts you, our interesting treatise, Cause of Diseases in Women, will explain your trouble and our method of cure. A copy will be mailed free with a Generous Sample of the Tablets, to any woman addressing

THE PISO COMPANY
Clark and Liberty Streets, WARREN, PA.

FREE GOVERNMENT LANDS FREE

Close to Seattle. Cheap Homes. Lots and Acreage, close in on terms of \$5 down and \$1 per mo. Fortunes here for a poor man. Plenty of work at good wages. Enclose 10c to cover postage, etc., and we will send map of Washington and full particulars.

Address: C. D. HILLMAN CO., SEATTLE, WASH.

Say Plainly to Your Grocer

That you want LION COFFEE always, and he, being a square man, will not try to sell you anything else. You may not care for our opinion, but

What About the United Judgment of Millions of housekeepers who have used LION COFFEE for over a quarter of a century?

Is there any stronger proof of merit, than the

Confidence of the People
and ever increasing popularity?
LION COFFEE is carefully selected at the plantation, shipped direct to our various factories, where it is skillfully roasted and carefully packed in sealed packages—unlike loose coffee, which is exposed to germs, dust, insects, etc. LION COFFEE reaches you as pure and clean as when it left the factory. Sold only in 1 lb. packages.

Lion-head on every package. Save these Lion-heads for valuable premiums.

SOLD BY GROCERS EVERYWHERE
WOOLSON SPICE CO., Toledo, Ohio.

WIFE AND MOTHER

THE JAPANESE WOMAN AMONG THE WORLD'S BEST.

Her One Great Virtue Implicit Obedience—The Girl of Sixteen Is Expected to Marry—Her Maternal Care Is Irreproachable—No Servant Problem in Japan—She Never Seeks to Hide Her Age, as Years Bring Respect.

BY EDMUND BUCKLEY, PH. D.
(University of Chicago, formerly professor in the Doshisha college, Kyoto.)

(Copyright, 1905, by Joseph H. Bowler.)
For a twelvemonth the astonished gaze of the civilized world has been intently fixed upon the naval and military achievements of the Japanese. The reason? A nation of scientists and soldiers compact in one mind, a nation that is gifted to do just two things, but those the two indispensable to success: to see a condition clearly and to meet it fairly.

This vision and action correlated in one heroic man would be impossible but for one heroic woman, the man's mother that forms his ideals and the man's mate that shares them. Consider the heroic Nogi, that spared not his own first-born to storm Nanshan mountain, nor his last-born to take Meter hill, the pivotal points in the capture of Port Arthur; and then draw conclusion to the wife and mother of these heroes, unreported in the messages, but revealed in the men!

Foreign observers have hitherto actually held that the Japanese woman even more than matches the man for pre-eminence in the qualities that distinguish her sex. The continuous chorus of praise maintained by these observers has raised a suspicion of woman-worship; but this position is untenable because, in fact, women are as conspicuous in the chorus as are men. In particular Miss Alice M. Bacon, of famed New England stock, and above suspicion for integrity of purpose and soundness of judgment, has made her "Japanese Girls and Women" a telling tribute to the rare traits of its subjects. She concludes her book with an epilogue: "If, through this work, one person setting forth for the land of the rising sun goes better prepared to comprehend the thoughts, the needs, and the virtues of the noble, gentle, self-sacrificing women who make up one-half of the population of the island empire, my labor will not have been in vain."

What Miss Bacon has substantiated in her prose, Mr. Hezrn—who himself married a Japanese lady—has summed up in well-chosen poetic phrase. "Before this ethical creature, criticism should hold its breath; for there is here no single fault of a moral charm unsuited to any world of selfishness and struggle. . . . Thus to succeed required angelic goodness and patience; and the Japanese woman realized the ideal at least of a Buddhist angel. A being working only for others, happy only in making pleasure for others, a being incapable of unkindness, incapable of selfishness, incapable of acting contrary to her own inherited sense of right,—and in spite of this softness and gentleness, ready at any moment to lay down her life, to sacrifice everything at the call of duty; such was the character of the Japanese woman." It will surely prove worth while to peer a little closely into this paragon of virtue, that may serve as a pattern for some hitherto unsuspected ideal.

No one that knows her entertains any doubt as to the moral power of the Japanese woman. It is certainly peculiar, but as certainly true, that one hears nothing bad about her. She has no outstanding vice or even foible, unless, perchance, devotion to her mate be one, and what an infirmity of the noble mind that would be! The conscience of Samurai women has been compared to that of a New Englander transmitted through the bluest of Puritan blood. And once her duty is recognized by this peer of the Puritan neither mortification, timidity, nor even chastity is allowed to thwart its execution; and of course mere selfishness or indolence offers no obstruction at all worth the name. It is on record that a school girl read before her literary society, with breaking voice often interrupted by sobs, confession of shortcomings in filial piety to her loving and lately deceased grandmother.

The first two Samurai ladies to serve as nurses in wartime went to the front at the civil war in 1877 to make atonement for past disloyalty to the mikado, when their clans opposed his restoration to active rule in 1868, 11 years before. Samurai women were taught the old feudal regime were taught fencing and were expected to defend their lord's castle in the absence of men. A favorite theme for the stage represents a lady's maid who avenged the disgrace unto death of her mistress by the skill of her own sword exercised upon the offender. When the Russian taraswitch, visiting in Japan, had been attacked by a fanatic, some heroic maid wiped out the stain upon her beloved country's honor by committing suicide before the gate of the imperial palace in Kyoto.

But chastity! How could that thwart the execution of a woman's duty? This, according to the hierarchy—that is, the order of precedence—of duties in the Japanese moral scheme. Loyalty in man and obedience in woman are above all; and must be preserved, if need be, at cost of other lower virtues. The Japanese woman is taught that if she can retrieve the falling fortunes of father or husband—that is, in one word, of the family—

by selling her honor, she should do it. The theme of many a novel and play in Japan is supplied by the girl of gentle manners and tender heart, that hates her life and would gladly destroy it, but refrains because her purchase-money has enabled her father to pay his debt, and she is bound not to injure herself. Such is the heroic spirit that leads a woman to the brothel, as it leads her brother to the battle, to disease or death in either case; and both errors must last until ideals of purity and peace shall prevail in Japan and elsewhere.

Meanwhile the Japanese woman fulfills righteousness, as known to her, by the three obediences: to father while a child, to husband while a wife, and to eldest son while a widow, though this last is rarely exacted in any strictness. She makes no promise to "love, honor and obey," but does so without hesitation, debate or murmur; because universal opinion holds her responsible for the success of the home, just as it does her husband for success in business. For this exacting test she has been sedulously trained in self-control, from infancy onward, and thus has acquired a practically perfect temper. To say that she enjoys more freedom and education than any other Asiatic woman fails to cover the case; for, whereas those others have very little, she has very much. During the last two centuries she has been fairly educated in private schools and now shares education with her brother, in the ratio of one to two, in the public schools. She was never confined, as in Indian zenanas, nor had her feet bound, as in China, but was almost as free to walk and visit as in our own land. Social intercourse between men and women, however, is very slight; the wife entertaining her lady friends, but appearing only to serve refreshments to her husband's male visitors.

The Japanese maiden of about 16 is expected to marry as a matter of course. Though usually allowed her choice in regard to whether she will marry a certain man or not, she is expected to marry a certain one, and not to take too much time in making up her mind. Simple toleration for the groom is regarded as a feeling ample to the requirements of marriage, while affection is looked for later. The new pair make their home with the husband's parents, to whom the wife owes no less obedience than to her own. Though divorce be theoretically easy, practical limits are placed to it by disfavor from the wife's relatives; and concubinage is limited to some five per cent. of the married men. Though this condition is better than sometimes supposed, it is bad enough; and reforms are painfully needed where one marriage in three ends in divorce, which has become far commoner during the recent transitional conditions and in the treaty parts than elsewhere and throughout the empire now.

The maternal care for children is irreproachable, and her training of them direct and personal, whether there be many servants or none. Children never leave the house, nor return to it, without going to their mother's room to make the bows and repeat the phrases customary upon such occasions. Similarly, when the mother leaves, servants and children escort her to the door, and, upon her return, welcome her by crying "o fferi" (honorable return). The father has little to do with the training, but the children are taught to look to him as head and to yield him respect and obedience, and thus undoubtedly are prepared for observance of the laws later on. The good wife also performs many acts of personal attention to her husband, and even the empress is not exempt from these. Moreover she makes not only her own garments and those of her children, but her husband's as well.

She is, too, that must manage the exchange of presents, doubtless more frequent in Japan than elsewhere on earth. At birth of a child with a return present 30 days afterwards, at a betrothal simultaneously, at a wedding with a return three days afterwards, on the seventh day of the seventh month, at New Year's time, on returning from a pleasure trip or even from visiting a festival, and in general upon any slight occasion, good Japanese form requires that presents be made. Sometimes they are slight gifts, such as a fish, a cake, or fruit, or eggs, and any article may be passed on, should it prove unsuitable. The good judgment needed in such matters is exercised by the wife.

There is no servant problem in Japan, nor is there likely to be, so long as servants continue to receive such consideration there. Their pay is small indeed, but for it they render not only manual service, but mental judgment and faithful protection of interests in whatever sphere. This boon is a bequest from the late feudal system wherein the household servant might rank above farmer or artisan, and stayed by the same family for generations. Conversely, the servant is treated well, as was the New England "help" in contrast with the modern "girl." Of an evening maid servants join the family circle at a respectable distance, to see or listen to the conversation, or on occasion to join in the parlor games. Callers must exchange salutations with the servant that admits them, and will be received by the same in case the mistress is absent.

An advantage peculiar to the ancestral system is that, as the woman grows older, she receives increasing honor and attention. Hence she takes pains that the quieter color and smaller patterns of her dress, the smaller size of her hair-puff, as well as diminished number, size and variety of hairpins—all which serve as signs of age with considerable precision—shall proclaim to all what she is entitled to. Now comes the time when the whilom server must be served, when the stay-

at-home may go freely abroad; for ingratitude to parents or disrespect for the aged must not be even named among Japanese.

The verdict of foreign observers runs, of course, that the Japanese woman is unduly subordinate to the man and suffers variously and severely in consequence. Religion, law, morality, and social structure have combined to oppress the weaker sex. Buddhism viewed woman as a chief snare to its ascetic monks. Patriarchal law made the chief man ruler of the family. Confucian morality taught woman's sole duty was obedience. And militant feudalism relegated noncombatants to an inferior place. Custom and etiquette followed suit and thus made the verdict unanimous. Woman was treated far better than elsewhere in Asia, and was not beaten, as sometimes happens elsewhere; but was never considered the equal and therefore the companion of man with equal rights and privileges. Also she often enjoyed the affection of her husband, but she had to win this after marriage at great risk of failure. The faces of older women rarely indicated a soured temper or cross disposition, but frequently reveal suffering and disappointment patiently and sweetly borne. This is less noticeable wherever woman has an economic value other than that as wife and mother, namely, in farming, especially in the tea and silk culture, where she is as capable as man.

It was inevitable in progressive Japan that the need for reform in woman's position should be observed, and it has already been partly met. The new Law Code of 1898 bestowed manifold advantages upon woman, so that she can now become head of a family, inherit and own and manage property, and is a party to the disposal of her children. Further legislation would be useless until this has been assimilated. Meanwhile, one and a half million girls are in the public schools, and are there acquiring a new independence and force of mind. Further changes will depend upon the results of this procedure; but all parties agree that the old-time sweetness and charm, in which the Japanese woman stood unrivaled, must not be sacrificed to any new trait.

OVERCOMING A HABIT.

How the Exclusiveness of a Great Writer Was Eventually Overcome.

The habit of seclusion was a distinct trait in the family of Nathaniel Hawthorne. One person, however, writes Mrs. Davis in "Bits of Gossip," had no mind to encourage this habit in the great novelist. This was Miss Elizabeth Peabody, Mrs. Hawthorne's sister. It was her mission, she felt, to bring the great novelist out from solitudes where he walked apart, to the broad ways of common sense. Mrs. Davis happened to be present at her grand and last coup to this end, and describes it as follows:

One evening I was with Mrs. Hawthorne in the little parlor, in Concord, when the children brought in their father. Suddenly Miss Peabody appeared in the doorway. She lighted the lamp, went out and brought in more lamps, and then sat down and waited with an air of stern resolution.

Presently Mr. Emerson and his daughter appeared, then Louisa Alcott and her father, then two gray old clergymen, who were formally presented to Mr. Hawthorne, who now looked about him with terrified dismay. We saw other figures approaching in the road outside.

"What does this mean, Elizabeth?" Mrs. Hawthorne asked in an aside.

"I did it. I went around and asked a few people in to meet our friend here. I ordered some cake and lemonade, too."

Her blue eyes glittered with triumph as Mrs. Hawthorne turned away. "They've been here two years," she whispered, "and nobody has met Mr. Hawthorne. People talk! It's ridiculous! There's no reason why Sophia should not go into society. So I just made an excuse of your visit to bring them in."

The little room was quite full when there rustled in a woman who came straight to Mr. Hawthorne. I never heard her name, but I knew her at sight as the intelligent questioner who coaxed you into idiocy by her fluent cleverness.

"So delighted to meet you at last!" she said, seating herself beside him. "I have always admired your books, Mr. Hawthorne. And now I want you to tell me all about your methods of work. I want to hear all about it."

But at that moment his wife came up and said that he was wanted outside, and he escaped. A few moments later I heard his steps on the floor overhead, and knew that he was safe in the tower for the night.

Beautiful Behavior.

J. D. Benedict, the superintendent of the Indian territory schools, pointed out a sturdy and grave young Indian girl. "She is a maid," he said, "in the house of a friend of mine, and the other day she was left in charge of the children while her mistress went for a long drive. The mistress on her return said to the maid: 'How did the children behave during my absence, Caroline?' Well, I hope. 'Beautifully, madam,' Caroline answered, 'and at the end they fought terribly together.' 'Why did they fight?' the mother asked. 'To decide,' said Caroline, 'which was behaving the best.'"

Well Trained.

Visitor.—How beautifully still the children sit while you talk to them!

Schoolmaster.—Yes; I've got them pretty well trained. I told them at the start that every time I caught a boy moving in his seat while I was talking to them, I would talk ten minutes longer.

—THE BITA.

PASS PRIMARY BILL

REFORM MEASURE CARRIES EASILY IN MICHIGAN HOUSE.

DICKINSON IDEA DEPOSED

Amendment to Ivory-Double Document Solves Problem and Sponsors See It Go Through—Other Legislative News.

(Special Correspondence.)

Lansing, Mich., April 17.—There is not a more disappointed man in Lansing this week than Mr. Dickinson, whose pet idea, the state-wide primary bill, after having been accepted by the house committee of the whole in place of the Ivory-Double local option measure was the next day turned down and the latter bill taken in its place. After accepting the Ivory-Double local option bill with an amendment making nominations in the case of governor and lieutenant governor compulsory and giving the counties option the house passed the measure by a vote of 52 to 1. Warner, who had always held out for the elimination of the governor and lieutenant phase of the primary reform question, gave up the ghost in order that the Ivory-Double bill might be passed, and then, with the amendment added, the measure was



REP. L. D. DICKINSON.

rushed through the house with but one lone dissenter to oppose it. The whole contest lay in the question of nominating the governor and lieutenant governor, and the cry of "stand pat" has been the by-word of the administration members for weeks. With this concession from Warner's forces, the entire lower branch fell into line to pass the bill. Time and again it has been declared that a blending of the Dickinson and Ivory-Double bill was impossible because of the great difference between the leading features of the two, but the solution has been found in extracting the single clause from the Dickinson bill and attaching it to the latter. By this process the state will receive the finest sort of a measure, and it cannot be said that the legislature has accomplished nothing during this session. The deadlock of two years ago has been avoided in accordance with the governor's expressed wish and from present indications the road of the Ivory-Double primary reform bill is smooth.

Fight Possible in Senate.

After passing the house, the Ivory-Double primary reform bill will be seen in the senate, and here it is that all interested expect the fight of the session. That the governor was in dire straits when the announcement came to him of the acceptance of the Dickinson measure is evidenced in a statement given out by him the night of the house's decision. It is very probable that this statement, combined with the concession granted, is accountable for the passage of the Ivory-Double measure. As the governor said, he had conducted his campaign standing squarely upon the republican platform, and having expressed his party beliefs, was obliged to stand by them when the question of a primary reform measure came up.

Warner Supports Bill.

Gov. Warner is exceedingly enthusiastic over the prospects of the measure passed in the house. Although, as he points out, it does not exactly correspond with his platform ideas, it will give the state a satisfactory measure which should coincide with the ideas of all to a reasonable extent. The governor says: "The bill should pass the senate and become a law before the end of the week. I believe that the deadlock will be avoided and that the two houses will get together and agree upon the measure. If the senate takes as speedy action as I hope for, it will mean a speedy completion of the work of the legislature and an early adjournment."

Three-Cent Fare Probable.

Second only in importance to the passage of the primary bill comes the three-cent fare agitation, incident to the introduction of three bills in the house aimed to give municipalities power over public utility corporations. One is a bill to fix street car fares, the second to confer on boards of supervisors power to fix and prescribe reasonable fares, rates and tolls to be charged by corporations, or persons engaged in the street railway, gas, water supply, telephone or electric

Anti-Trust Measure In.

(Special Correspondence.)
What is considered as a very effective anti-trust measure was introduced by Mr. Lord, of Wayne, and referred to the private corporations committee. The bill is an amendment to the general corporation law and prevents corporations outside this state securing stock in Michigan corporations. It also prevents corporations in this state from transferring their stock to outside corporations unless such provision is made in the acts by which they are incorporated. In cases now existing where stock is held

lighting business, or public service within their several counties, and the third confers the same power on cities.

The first bill fixes maximum street railway fares as follows:

The first bill fixes maximum street railway fares as follows:
Cities of 200,000 or more (Detroit), three cents, one ride with transfers; for the first six miles, one cent a mile or fraction thereafter. Aggregate fare from one point in one city to a point in another must not exceed one cent per mile.
The bill obliterates all local acts and grants contravening.

Thirty days of violation of act may result in order proceedings against the corporation, forfeiting of franchise. Defense may be made on ground of unreasonableness of rate.

The bill obliterates all local acts and grants contravening.

Aim at "Harvester Trust."
The so-called harvester trust is the target which the bill of which Senators Fyfe and Peck are sponsors, aims at. The measure provides that contracts made for the purpose of restricting, prohibiting, limiting or controlling the sale of machinery, tools, wagons, etc., or to control prices in these lines shall be deemed illegal.

The bill provides that any person entering into such contracts shall be punished by a fine of from \$10 to \$100 or be sent to jail for not more than 90 days, or by both fine and imprisonment. Any corporation using such contracts shall forfeit its rights to do business in this state. It is made the duty of the attorney general to begin proceedings, and any person injured through the operations of such illegal contracts is authorized to collect damages in the courts. It is declared that the trust is backed by the Rockefeller millions. Young McCormick, a close relative of the oil king, is at the head of the largest company, thus accounting for the antagonistic attitude of the senators.

Evil Less in Michigan.

Owen W. Lovejoy, of New York city, assistant secretary of the national child labor committee, who is going through Michigan for the purpose of organizing a branch committee of the organization, says of the condition in the state: "I find that Michigan is one of the better states of the union in regard to child labor. Not because of the laws of the state, for they are very inefficient, but because there is not a sufficient invitation for it in the community. The situation in Michigan is vastly different from that in the cotton growing district of the south and the coal fields of Pennsylvania, or the glass-blowing districts of New Jersey.

"There are several evils in the state which should be rooted out in order to give the unfortunate child all possible benefits. There is no English qualification in the schools, and more than this in the rural districts the children are obliged to attend school but four months of the year. Worse than either of these things, there is no proof of age. The word of the child or the word of the parents or guardian is taken as proof, but there is no absolute way in which one can be sure of the exact age. The need for vital statistics is a crying one.

"But if there are no such evils in the way of child labor in Michigan as there are in some other states of the union, there are others which, while they do not involve as large a number of children, are fully as noxious in their way. Young boys who are employed as messenger boys, bell boys, and in other similar positions, have their minds as much cramped, and are deprived of as many privileges and opportunities as the workers in the coal-breakers or in the cotton mills.

"It should be easier to fight the evils of child labor in Michigan than in some other states because there are none of the great industrial combinations such as are encountered in the south and east to contest the efforts of the organization."

Other Legislative Doings.

Mr. Ward, of Shiawassee, is being advertised as the 1907 speaker of the house. Mr. Dickinson introduced a bill prohibiting the sale of giving away of liquor within three miles of the state university, normal schools or colleges.

The legislature passed a joint resolution providing for a recount of the votes cast in the judicial Wayne county elections.

The attempt to resurrect the municipal ownership bill for Detroit proved a failure.

Mr. Lord's resolution for adjournment on May 19 was buried under an overwhelming vote. The sojourns consider the time too early to look forward to adjournment.

Mr. Adams' bill, providing that a court may in its discretion disenfranchise a man upon his conviction of felony, has been reported out.

The \$20,000 appropriation bill for the extension of the horticultural work of the Michigan State Horticultural society up to June, 1907, passed the house.

A committee of the house is raising \$500 with which to purchase a portrait of Senator Burrows to hang in the assembly room of the lower branch.

"Hurry Up" Yost, coach of the Michigan university football team, spoke to the house for a few minutes recently, and his remarks caused wild enthusiasm.

ELLERY.

MICHIGAN STATE NEWS.

Well-Known Farmer Dies.
Mason.—Amos F. Wood, who for nearly a third of a century was the foremost farmer and stock-grower in Ingham county and for many years officially connected with the Michigan State Agricultural society, passed away at Maple Ridge farm, one mile west of Mason, where he had lived since 1866. He was 81 years of age. Mr. Wood led a strictly agricultural life and has had much to do with agricultural advancement in Michigan. In his hours of activity Mr. Wood's herd of Short-horn cattle, his pens of Leicester sheep and Essex swine, his coops of mammoth bronze turkeys and light Brahma fowls were among the prominent attractive features of the Michigan state fairs. He specialized with Short-horn cattle and carried off many prizes on his blooded stock.

Involves Many Homesteads.
Grand Rapids.—United States District Attorney Covell will present evidence in the case of the United States against the Grand Rapids & Indiana railway. This action was begun ten years ago to force the railway company to relinquish title on certain lands deeded by the government as a grant for the construction of the road. The homesteads of scores of householders in Emmet, Antrim and Charlevoix counties hinge on the result of the case. It is claimed by the government that an error was made in granting the patent. The company disposed of the land to settlers, who are now face to face with losing all they have.

Michigan Bankers.
Detroit.—It has been decided that the date upon which the members of the Michigan Bankers' association will start on its annual trip this year will be June 19. A steamer has been chartered and Houghton, Calumet and the other prominent cities in the copper country will be visited. It is expected that the party will be gone about a week. The business sessions of the convention will be held aboard the boat. The largest attendance ever known is expected.

Earnings Increased.
Lansing.—The Michigan earnings of railroad companies for the month of February, as reported by Railroad Commissioner Atwood were \$2,242,735.94, or \$179,837.96 greater than in February, 1904. The earnings in this state for January and February of the present year were \$100,830.28. This is an increase of \$514,091.82, or 7.8 per cent. over the same period of last year.

Buried in One Box.
Bay City.—Formless pieces of flesh, skin and bone, all contained in a black box of about half a bushel capacity, were all that represented the remains of George Godfrey, George Ulbricht and Moses James, victims of the recent nitroglycerin explosion, at the funeral services the other day. The box was interred in the village cemetery.

Blocks Railway.
Traverse City.—John Brown has closed the Pere Marquette branch railroad near Kalkaska by digging a big trench. A year ago he barricaded the road, shutting in an entire log train with its crew and guarding them with a Winchester rifle for 24 hours.

News Briefly Stated.
Ann Arbor.—The attendance at Michigan university this year is announced as 4,136.

Menominee.—As the result of a fall down a flight of stairs in a hotel at Powers, Henry Crook, aged 66, is dead.

Manistee.—Plans have been practically completed for the organization of a military company.

Kalamazoo.—Small boys are becoming adept in catching fish which swim up the creek and become suffocated by refuse from the paper mills, so that capture with the hands is easy.

Portland.—The citizens voted to pledge the support necessary to obtain a \$10,000 Carnegie library.

Milan.—John Scott was killed by falling on a saw.

Detroit.—The Michigan Central railroad has decided to take hold of the refrigerator car problem itself, and has ordered 500 refrigerator cars, which will be built immediately.

Mt. Pleasant.—Lightning struck wires leading into the Pere Marquette freight house, and it was destroyed by fire. Loss, \$2,500.

Grand Rapids.—Kent county growers report prospects good for the peach, plum and pear crops.

Petoskey.—A falling ledge of rock at the works of the Michigan Lime company instantly killed Peter Trappen, a workman.

Holland.—President Kollen of Hope college has been advised that Andrew Carnegie has presented the college with \$20,000 to build a gymnasium and a reception hall.

Pigeon.—Herbert Forbes, aged 19, of Stockbridge, while learning the work of a brakeman, was knocked from the top of a freight caboose and fell on the track in such a way that both his arms were cut off at the elbows.

Saginaw.—While Bost & Co. bakers, were making fried cakes a kettle of lard exploded, causing a \$2,000 fire.

Lansing.—The receipts at the Lansing post office for the month of March, 1905, were \$10,588.53, which is a great increase over the same month last year, when they were \$7,380.37.

Grand Rapids.—Twenty-two out of the 23 aldermen of the council have voted to give back their passes to the street railway company.

Ontonagon.—Horace W. Bigelow, aged 79 years, for 30 years a resident of this vicinity, died of a broken heart. He had been in poor health many months and was so grieved at the death of his wife on March 24 that his mourning caused his death.

THE IRON PORT.

BY THE IRON PORT CO. G. F. Mc Ewen, Mgr.

Entered at the postoffice at Escanaba, Mich., as second class matter. Subscription price, \$2.50 per year, in advance.

SATURDAY, APRIL 22, 1905.

The Lieutenant Governor

Marquette Mining Journal: Upper peninsula comment on Double-Ivory Dickinson primary reform bill has so far been unsuccessful in getting away from a contemplation of the sad fact that the passage of this measure will foreclose the upper peninsula's mortgage on the office of lieutenant governor.

It is likely that in this event both governor and lieutenant governor will be lower Michigan men for ages to come, for lower Michigan possesses the bulk of the votes and is unfamiliar with upper peninsula leaders.

However, the state ticket is to be made up, with the exception of these officers, by a state convention. Cannot the upper peninsula be consoled with a secretary of state, a superintendent of instruction, a treasurer or other office? If it cannot be consoled with two.

On the supposition that the Double-Ivory-Dickinson bill will be a good thing for the state, shouldn't the upper peninsula be willing to renounce its squatter's right to the office of lieutenant governor for the general good?

Of course the Double-Ivory-Dickinson bill may not be a good thing, and then the U. P. would have made its sacrifice in vain. However, an obstinate people seems set on experimenting with the bill, or something very like it so the upper peninsula might as well sit back look pleasant and reconcile itself to trying potluck with the rest of the state.

The young men in this city who are inclined to believe there is an easier way to obtain money than by just and honest means should profit by the experience of the two young men were this week tried in circuit court and found guilty of assault with intent to rob.

The verdict returned in this case should and undoubtedly will have some effect upon the operations of this class of citizens.

County Correspondence

Big bunch of Personal and News Notes Gathered Throughout the County by the Iron Port Correspondents.

BARK RIVER

John Oberg returned the first part of the week from a visit with his brother at Moscow, Idaho. Mr. Oberg was very favorably impressed with Idaho and will move his family to that place within a few days.

G. W. Douglas has been busy lately making syrup. He makes a very choice article.

O. V. Linden, of Escanaba, was here Tuesday.

Holy week has been observed for the last three days at the Bark River Catholic church.

A large quantity of ties and poles are now being shipped out. Cars which were so hard to get a month ago are now plentiful.

Ernest Legerquist and Mary Johnson were married last Saturday.

Two Polish families have purchased lands south of town from Bergman & Gasman. They arrived last week with their goods and have taken possession.

The Easter Monday dance which will be given on April 24, by the local lodge of the Mystic Workers of the World promises to be a very enjoyable event. Coming as it does immediately after Lent, it will undoubtedly be largely attended.

The Catholic church choir has been making special preparations for Easter. Ed. Douglas is director and it is expected that a very fine program will be given.

The spur to Heath's mill is now said to be complete and ready for hauling. The success of this winter built piece of track will be watched with interest.

Mrs. Edna Silverman, of Escanaba, will give piano and mandolin lessons to a class of pupils here.

H. C. Lumberman, representing the De Laval Separator Co., was here last Friday.

A maple sugar party took place last Sunday at the farm of A. A. Hakes.

Bark River merchants report a brisk trade. The saw mill started to cut logs Monday.

Mr. Bolton made a trip to Nadeau Saturday.

Sam Mackevich visited Menominee on Friday of last week.

Rev. Father Barth, of Stephenson, spent Monday and Tuesday with Father Corcoran.

Born, on April 10, to Mr. and Mrs. Edward Doure, of Schaffer, a baby girl.

The wedding of Albert Marranger and Corinda Derouin of Schaffer, will take place in the near future.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Kasten, of Ford River Switch, are rejoicing over the arrival of a baby, born last Sunday.

Mrs. A. Taylor, of Schaffer, is confined to her home by sickness.

Father Corcoran will deliver his lecture on "The Life of Christ", illustrated with stereopticon views, at Schaffer Sunday night.

Louis Belanger is now employed as clerk in J. B. Frechette's general store.

M. J. Hutt has been called to sit as a juror in the United States court at Marquette. The court opens May 2.

Mr. Hutt is busy making out the assessments and does not like to go at this time—but the U. S. court won't listen to excuses—it's the busy men they want.

Theodore and Eddie Larson have purchased an 80 acre farm from Bergman & Gasman. It is located one mile south of town.

Mrs. Kessler accompanied her mother to Algoma, Wis., on Monday.

RAPID RIVER

Henry Barabeau was injured this week by being kicked by one of his horses.

Andrew Erickson, Jack Dempsey, Con Bertrand and Will Aekley drove to Escanaba this week to see John L. Sullivan.

Achie Forrester has gone to Manistique to work in the shingle mill.

Mose Buchman returned Thursday from Escanaba where he has been on the jury this week.

A number of Rapid River people took in "Twelfth Night" at Gladstone this week.

Abe Buchman is home from Traverse city for a few days vacation.

Timothy Killian, of Escanaba, was here Thursday with some trout fry to plant in streams in this vicinity.

Mrs. F. E. Darling transacted business in Nahma this week.

Bessie Lenhart, of Masonville, was operated upon for appendicitis at the Laing hospital this week.

Mrs. Cardin will open ice cream parlors next to S. Buchman's store.

Achie Connors and H. W. Cole made a trip to Escanaba Monday night.

Mrs. Mabel Rodgers and Miss Alice Dausey went to Escanaba Thursday.

Mr. Archambeau has moved his family to Garth.

Maud Rabideau is on the sick list.

Wm. Vetzke has moved his family into town.

Charles Rabideau is sick with an attack of pneumonia.

Christianson & Savoie will open a saloon at Masonville.

A Gladstone man had a mishap while driving on Wheeling avenue one day this week. Two wheels from his rig dropped off and came near causing a smash-up.

Walter Thompson was an Escanaba caller on Wednesday.

Mrs. Leo James, of Blaney, has been here this week attending her husband who is under treatment at the Laing hospital.

Miss Clarissa Guerno has returned from a two weeks visit at Rice Lake, Wis.

An Easter program will be given at the Congregational church tomorrow evening. Special services will also be held at St. George's church.

"A Burglar's Sweetheart" will play at the opera house Monday night.

Silvers Minstrels will appear here next Wednesday night.

The Jolly Ten will give a grand ball Saturday night, April 29.

Path master Gravelle is making a record for himself in repairing the streets.

Charles Betstrom has returned from a trip to Chicago and other points.

Mrs. Mary Gravelle made a trip to Escanaba Wednesday night.

August Goodman expects to sail for Sweden in the near future. It is said that he may have a bride to accompany him before he goes.

Cearley Rabideau, Peter Jonas, Ed. Golden, Levi Rabideau and George Goodchild have accepted positions in the shingle mill at Munising.

C. W. Hamilton and Andrew Erickson drove to Gladstone Sunday night.

Adam Shaibel transacted business in Escanaba this week and incidentally went to see "John L."

A base ball game has been arranged between the local team and the Blue Ribbons of Escanaba, to take place May 14 on the home grounds.

A boxing tournament will take place tonight. A six round bout will be pulled off between Clarence Cunningham of Gladstone and Jack McKay of the Soo.

Arthur Miller and George Thomas will box six rounds. Spider Kelley of Rapid River and Battling Olson of Whitefish will go four rounds. Alex Lesperance of Oconto and W. Anderson of Masonville will wrestle.

A contest has been started in the Knights of the Maccabees. Two sides have been chosen and the side which gets the most new members before June 21 will be entitled to a banquet at the expense of the losing side.

GLADSTONE

Wm. Oak, returned from Mexico Wednesday.

Messrs. Bellaire, Neagor and Blake drove to Escanaba Wednesday.

Mrs. H. Henke, left for Milwaukee Wednesday, where she will make a visit of a week or so.

W. A. Miller, finds himself very busy these days. He is making two delivery wagons one for T. O'Connell and one for Louis Bros.

The young people of the Presbyterian church gave a social in the Green Block and it was a social and financial success.

H. B. Laing drove to Rapid River Tuesday.

Mr. N. J. Lepine is in Escanaba this week doing jury duty.

Messrs. Parise and Gearlson drove to Escanaba Monday.

Tenth street dock was badly damaged Wednesday by the ice, one side was completely demolished.

The Basket Ball team will play a game with Manistique, on the 29th.

Miss Jessie McDonald, spent Easter with her parents.

Mrs. Gravelle, of Rapid River visited here Wednesday.

Wm. Pease returned on the jury this week.

P. R. Legg, transacted business in Escanaba Thursday.

F. W. Asett this week purchased the Livingstone property.

Wm. Hammell expects his new automobile in a few days.

Mr. Austin Farrell, is in the city this week.

Mrs. P. R. Legg, visited Manistique this week.

Mrs. Wm. Buchman, visited in Manistique this week.

Boats are very plentiful at the docks this week.

John McDonnell, has accepted a position as night foreman on the St. Paul ore dock at Escanaba.

C. C. Ireland, has resigned his position at the docks and expects to go to Winnipeg to take charge of a large hotel.

Three Days to California.

This is the first time between Chicago and San Francisco made by The Overland Limited. Leaves Union Passenger Station, Chicago, 6:05 p. m., arrives San Francisco the third day in time for dinner. Route—Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway, Union Pacific and Southern Pacific Line.

Another good train for California leaves Union Passenger Station, Chicago, 10:25 p. m. daily, and takes a few hours longer to make the run. F. A. Miller, General Passenger Agent, Chicago, or W. S. Howell, 331 Broadway, New York.

Ayer's Sarsaparilla

You know the medicine that makes pure, rich blood—Ayer's Sarsaparilla. Your mother, grandmother, all your folks, used it. They trusted Sarsaparilla.

Rich Blood

Ayer's Pills are gently laxative. They greatly aid the Sarsaparilla.

LIBEL SUIT BEGUN

First Step is Taken By Mayor of Gladstone to Bring Suit.

With the serving of the necessary papers by Sheriff Perow on Thursday a libel suit was begun by Mayor Charles D. Mason, of Gladstone, against I. E. Shelley, a well-known merchant of that city, and I. G. Champion, proprietor of the Delta County Reporter.

Three charges are made by Mayor Mason in the papers which he has filed in the suit. He charges Mr. Shelley first, with making the statement that the mayor was the tool of a corporation and sought re-election in the interests of the Cleveland Cliffs Iron company to secure a reduction of the taxes of that corporation at the expense of the other tax payers.

The amount of damages which is asked by Mr. Mason is \$5,000. Before starting the suit a request was sent to both Mr. Shelley and The Reporter asking that they publicly withdraw their accusations. This they refused to do, saying that they could prove their statements.

Happy Hooligan Coming. That remarkably successful farce "Happy Hooligan" will appear at Peterson's Opera House Wednesday April 26th. For pure, wholesome fun this production is unequalled and its former success in this city will undoubtedly guarantee a large house.

First pub. April 1. Last pub. May 4. STATE OF MICHIGAN, The Circuit Court for the County of Delta, In Chancery. Zilda Seavey Complainant vs. Daniel Seavey Defendant.

In this cause it appearing from affidavit on file, that the defendant Daniel Seavey is not a resident of the State of Michigan but resides in the City of Milwaukee, in the State of Wisconsin.

On motion of C. D. McEwen, complainant's solicitor, it is ordered that the said defendant Daniel Seavey, cause his appearance to be entered herein, within 4 months from the date of this order and in case of his appearance that he cause his answer to the complainant's bill of complaint to be filed, and a copy thereof to be served on said complainant's solicitor within twenty days after service on him of a copy of said bill and notice of this order; and that in default thereof, said bill be taken as confessed by the said non-resident defendant.

And it is further ordered, that within twenty days the said complainant cause a notice of this order to be published in the Iron Port a newspaper printed, published and circulating in said County, and that such publication be continued therein at least once in each week for six weeks in succession, or that cause a copy of this order to be personally served on said non-resident defendant, at least twenty days before the time above prescribed for his appearance.

J. W. STONE, Circuit Judge.

C. D. McEwen, Solicitor for Complainant. Escanaba, Mich. STATE OF MICHIGAN, The Circuit Court for the County of Delta, In Chancery. Florence Merrill Complainant vs. William Merrill Defendant.

In this cause it appearing from affidavit on file, that the defendant William Merrill is a non-resident of this state but resides in Castawa in the State of Wisconsin. On motion of C. D. McEwen, complainant's solicitor, it is ordered that the said defendant William Merrill, cause his appearance to be entered herein, within four months from the date of this order and in case of his appearance that he cause his answer to the complainant's bill of complaint to be filed, and a copy thereof to be served on said complainant's solicitor, within twenty days after service on him of a copy of said bill and notice of this order; and that in default thereof, said bill be taken as confessed by said non-resident defendant.

And it is further ordered, that within twenty days the said complainant cause a notice of this order to be published in the Iron Port a newspaper printed, published and circulating in said County, and that such publication be continued therein at least once in each week for six weeks in succession, or that cause a copy of this order to be personally served on said non-resident defendant, at least twenty days before the time above prescribed for his appearance.

J. W. STONE, Circuit Judge.

C. D. McEwen, Solicitor for Complainant. Escanaba, Mich.

BUSINESS DIRECTORY. COLEMAN NEE, Brick, Lime, Cement, Plaster, Hard and Soft Coal and Fire Wood. ESCANABA, MICH. MARTIN T. LYONS, Embalmer, Funeral Director. 609 LUDINGTON ST., ESCANABA. F. H. ATKINS & CO., Groceries and Provisions. Bell Phone No. 8, Finch Phone No. 4. 402-4 LUDINGTON ST., ESCANABA. Mandolin, Guitar and Benjo. Taught by a most competent instructor 1 St. Anne's School, 217 Elmore St. Terms reasonable.

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BLOOD POISON On account of its terrible effects, blood disease is called the king of all diseases. It may be either hereditary or contracted; so while it may not be a crime to have the disease, it is a crime to permit it to remain in the system. It may manifest itself in the form of Scrofula, Acne, rheumatic pains, stiff or swollen joints, itching of the skin, eruptions or blotches, ulcers in the mouth or on the tongue, sore throat, falling out of hair, disordered stomach, and a general depression of the system. If you have any of these symptoms don't neglect yourself. You have heard of Quacks and Fakirs. OUR NEW METHOD TREATMENT is guaranteed to cure this disease, never to return. Best BLOOD WILL PROTECT YOU. Our treatment is not injurious in any way, but reaches the very root of the disease and eliminates all poisons from the system. The symptoms of disease gradually disappear. The blood becomes pure and enriched, the whole system is cleansed and purified, and the patient feels prepared anew for the duties and the pleasure of life. CURE GUARANTEED OR NO PAY. 25 Years in Detroit. 250,000 Cured. Consultation Free. Question Blank for Home Treatment and Books Free. Drs. KENNEDY & KERGAN Cor. Michigan Ave. and Shelby St., Detroit, Mich.

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NERVOUS DEBILITY, Vital Weakness and Prostration from overwork and other causes. Humphreys' Homeopathic Specific No. 20, in use over 40 years, the only successful remedy. \$1 per vial, or special package for serious cases, \$5. Sold by Druggists, or sent prepaid on receipt of price. Humphreys' Med. Co., William & John Sts., N. Y.

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To Cure a Cold in One Day The Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. Cures Croup in Two Days. On every box 25c.

LIVE CITY NEWS ITEMS.

Many Minor Municipal Matters Gathered from Various Sources.

ESCANABA AND VICINITY

The Iron Port Reporters' Weekly List of Information, Gathered in Their Daily Rounds of the City—General Notes.

Dr. and Mrs. D. C. Cameron, of Pickford, visited in the city Monday.

The Stetson "Uncle Tom's Cabin," which opens an engagement at Peterson's Opera House commencing Tuesday, April 25, travel in their own train of special cars, magnificently fitted up at a cost of \$10,000.00. These cars will be sidetracked at the Northwestern depot and will remain there during the company's stay in this city. The public is invited to inspect them.

Mrs. Ora Malloy, of Lathrop, is visiting Mrs. Stanley Tyrrell on Charlotte street.

John Tyrrell is home from Ann Arbor, to spend the Easter vacation.

In Ironwood they have an ordinance providing a fine of \$50 for using profane or indecent language within the city limits. The officers are enforcing the law and a number of arrests for violations have been made recently, mostly boys.

After a two weeks illness, Minnie Evers the ten-year-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Benjamin Evers, died Sunday night at the home of the family at 111 North Tilden avenue.

H. A. Barr returned Tuesday from a trip through the west.

Nick Kandels, of Metropolitan, died April 8. His wife and family live in this city.

If you have trouble with your eyes or with your glasses see G. H. Cook. A specialty made of difficult cases. Calls and examinations free. Office and residence 322 S. Campbell street. tf.

An attractive program has been prepared by the Baptist Sunday school to be given on Sunday evening. The program will take the place of the regular evening service at that church and as a great effort has been made to make the program an interesting one it is expected that many outside the regular congregation will be attracted on Sunday evening.

Gold crowns and bridge teeth \$5.00 each at Dr. Winn's. tf.

Because of the rapid growth of Delta County and the increase of business in the circuit court at the last few terms Judge John W. Stone issued an order today that hereafter each panel of jurors for service in that court shall contain 36 names. Under the former order the panel was composed of but 30 names and in many cases the full panel is exhausted and the sheriff is forced to call candidates for jurors from the audience in the court room.

A full set of teeth for \$10.00 at Dr. Winn's. tf.

Charles Hamilton, a woodsman, age 38, died Monday night after a two weeks illness. The body was taken to D. A. Oliver's undertaking rooms to await until his relatives can be communicated with.

Prof. J. H. McDonald, Supt. of the Gladstone public schools, visited the high school here for a few days this week.

Edward Deloria, of Garden returned to his home Tuesday after a visit in this city.

M. J. Ryan, left Monday for a business trip to Chicago and Lansing.

John Hancock, of Manistique, transacted business in the city this week.

John O. Jones, of Racine, was in the city this week.

A. M. Ingalls, of Gladstone, was in the city Tuesday.

Harry Tyrrell, of Spalding, spent Sunday with his parents.

AN ESCANABA CASE.

Many More Like It in Escanaba.

The following case is but one of the many similar occurring daily in Escanaba. It is an easy matter to verify its correctness. August Anderson, of 324 North Fannie St., Escanaba, Mich., says: "Doan's Kidney Pills are the only thing that ever gave me any permanent relief from backache and urinary weakness. I suffered from this trouble nearly all my life especially lack of control of the secretions at night. I sent all over the country for different remedies but none gave me any permanent relief until I got Doan's Kidney Pills at the Mead Drug Co's store. They first removed the pain in my back and I soon noticed my kidneys were regulated and finally the trouble left me entirely. Although I consider myself cured I keep Doan's Kidney Pills in the house and always expect to. You cannot praise them too highly to suit me.

For sale by all dealers Price 50 cents. Foster-McBarn Co., Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the United States. Remember the name Doan's and take no substitute.

Throat Coughs

A tickling in the throat; hoarseness at times; a deep breath irritates it;—these are features of a throat cough. They're very deceptive and a cough mixture won't cure them. You want something that will heal the inflamed membranes, enrich the blood and tone up the system.

Scott's Emulsion

is just such a remedy. It has wonderful healing and nourishing power. Removes the cause of the cough and the whole system is given new strength and vigor.

Send for free sample
SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists
409-415 Pearl Street, New York
50c. and \$1.00. All druggists

NOTICE

Statement of votes given in the several Wards and Townships, in the County of Delta, State of Michigan, at the general election held in said county, on Monday, the third day of April, A. D. 1905, for the office of County Road Commissioner.

The whole number of votes given for the said office of County Road Commissioner was Two Thousand Seventy-two votes (2072), and they were given for the following persons, viz:

John Gaaman received Two Thousand Seventy-two votes (2072). Total 2072.
STATE OF MICHIGAN, } ss.
COUNTY OF DELTA, }

We do hereby certify that the foregoing is a correct statement of the votes given in the several townships and wards of the said County of Delta, in said State of Michigan, for one County Road Commissioner, for the full term of six years, at the general election held in said County, on Monday the third day of April, in the year one thousand nine hundred and five.

Dated at Escanaba, Michigan, this 18th day of April, A. D. 1905.

CLARENCE A. CLARK, Chairman,
JOHN M. MILLAR,
CHARLES W. MALLOCH,
Board of County Canvassers.

Attest:
A. P. SMITH,
Clerk of Board of Canvassers.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, } ss.
COUNTY OF DELTA, }

The Board of County Canvassers of said County of Delta, of said State of Michigan, having ascertained and canvassed the votes, given in the several townships and wards of said county, at the general election held in said county of Delta, on Monday, the third day of April, in the year one thousand nine hundred and five, for one County Road Commissioner, for the full term of six years, do determine that at said election John Gaaman, was by the highest number of votes duly elected County Road Commissioner of said county, for the full term of six years, from and including the first day of May next ensuing.

All of which the said Board of County Canvassers do hereby certify and in testimony thereof have caused these presents to be signed by their chairman and attested by their Clerk at Escanaba, this thirteenth day of April, in the year one thousand nine hundred and five.

CLARENCE A. CLARK,
JOHN M. MILLAR,
CHARLES W. MALLOCH,
Board of County Canvassers.

Attest:
A. P. SMITH,
Clerk of Board of Canvassers.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, } ss.
COUNTY OF DELTA, }

I, Alfred P. Smith, Clerk of said county and ex-officio Clerk of the Board of County Canvassers of said county, do hereby certify that I have compared the foregoing copy of statement of votes given for the office of County Road Commissioner of said County, at the general election held in said county on Monday, the third day of April, A. D. 1905, and of the determination of the Board of County Canvassers of said county; that the original statements and records thereof, now remaining in my office, and have found the foregoing to be correct transcripts therefrom, and of the whole of such original record.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and affixed the seal of the Circuit Court for the county of Delta, at my office in the City of Escanaba, this fourteenth day of April, in the year of our Lord, one thousand nine hundred and five.

ALFRED P. SMITH,
County Clerk.

GRAVEL WANTED

Many Property Owners on Wells Ave. Ask for Change of Material.

Although the contract has been awarded for the paving of Wells avenue with stone macadam, two petitions, from a total of 81 property owners along that street, were presented to the council Tuesday night asking that the kind of material used be changed from stone macadam to Fitzpatrick gravel. It seems there is some dissatisfaction with the stone macadam and that a change of sentiment in favor of gravel has occurred. The petitions were referred to the street committee. In order that a change of the material to be used may be made, the consent of the contractor to whom the contract was let must be obtained.

Presbyterian Church
Subject in the morning "The Hope of Immortality." In the evening "The Power of the Resurrection." Special music will accompany both services. In the evening particularly, a fine musical program has been arranged.

To Cure a Cold in One Day.
Take LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE Tablets. All druggist refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grov's signature on each box. 25. 42-52 t.

R-I-P-A-N-S Tablets
Doctors find
A good prescription
For mankind.

The 5-cent packet is enough for usual occasions. The family bottle, (60 cents) contains a supply for a year. All druggists sell them.

Miss Mary Belton and Mr. Stephen McDonnell of Kalispell, Mont., were married at 6 o'clock Monday evening at the home of the bride's parents on Birch street by the Rev. James Pascoe of the first Methodist Episcopal church.

It's Like This

We don't expect to retain our high position as sellers of

PIANOS

without effort. We know that resting on past achievements is the beginning of decline. We don't propose to do that if it can be helped. So you can depend on it that the Piano you get here will always be a little better than you can get elsewhere and and considerably cheaper. Have we made ourselves plain?

E. A. TIFFANY,
806 LUDINGTON ST.



CERESOTA FLOUR

Enjoy the reputation of being the best Flour on the market. Sold only by

C. MALONEY & CO.

Everything in the line of Flour, and Feed at lowest prices.

G. A. GOLDBER, PRESIDENT. M. A. ALBIN, SECRETARY
STATE BUSINESS COLLEGE
MINNEAPOLIS, MINNESOTA.
Dayton Block, corner Nicolette Avenue and Seventh St. S.

"HOW TO DO THINGS." This is what we teach. Ablest instructors in Twin Cities. Courses complete and taught thoroughly. We especially request all young men and women to write for our terms, methods, etc., before selecting a school to attend. Special attention given to preparatory work and all instruction made easy. Send for catalog.

Farm For Sale.

80 Acres, two miles from Spaulding.
60 Acres cleared, balance in pasture.
Large house and barn. Two good wells and fine spring. Horses, cattle and sheep. Wagons, sleighs, in fact everything to carry on a farm in first class shape.

The Brotherton Company.
Stack Block. 703 Ludington Street.

HICHERSTER'S ENGLISH PENNYROYAL PILLS

Beware of Counterfeits. Refuse all Substitutes.
Safe. Always reliable. Ladies, ask Druggist for HICHERSTER'S ENGLISH PENNYROYAL PILLS in Blue and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other. Refuse dangerous imitations and substitutes. Buy of your Druggist, or send 5c. in stamps for Particulars, Testimonials and "Relief for Ladies." In letter, return Post. 10,000 Testimonials. Sold by all Druggists.
HICHERSTER CHEMICAL CO.,
1100 Madison Square, PHILA., PA.
Made in U.S.A.

This is a picture of ANDREW B. SPINNEY, M. D. the only Dr. in this country. He has had forty-eight years experience in the study and practice of medicine, two years Prof. in the medical college, ten years in sanitarium work and he never fails in his diagnosis. He gives special attention to throat and lung diseases making some wonderful cures. Also all forms of nervous disease, epilepsy, St. Vitus dance, paralysis, etc. He never fails to cure piles.
There is nothing known that he does not use for private diseases of both sexes and by his own special methods he cures where others fail. If you would like a solution of your case and what it will cost to cure you, write out all your symptoms enclosing stamp for your reply.
ANDREW B. SPINNEY, M. D.
P.O. Box City Sanitarium, Reed City, Mich.

J. C. MAYNARD

EXCLUSIVE
UNDERTAKING

Next door to postoffice. Both phones at store and residence.

ESCANABA, MICH.

CALIFORNIA

Do you want to live where the climate is mild the year round—where labor is never oppressed by stress of weather, and where animal vitality is never lost by mere conflict with cold?

Do you want to live in a region where the resources are more varied than in any other equal area in the world, where the division of great ranches affords a fine opportunity to get a small farm that will assure you a competence?

Do you want to live where, with a minimum of labor, you can grow profitable crops of grapes and small fruit, oranges, lemons, olives, prunes and almonds, alfalfa and grain, where crops are sure, business is good and capital easily finds profitable investment?

Then go to California, where both health and opportunity await your coming.

The Chicago, Union Pacific and North-Western Line

is the most direct route to the Pacific Coast, and there are two fast through trains daily via this line, over the famous double-track railway between Chicago and the Missouri River. One-way Colonist tickets are on sale daily, March 1 to May 15, at the rate of \$33.00 from Chicago, with correspondingly low rates from all points, give you an unusual chance to make the trip.

\$33

These tickets are good on daily and personally conducted excursions, on which a double berth in a Pullman tourist sleeping car from Chicago costs only \$7.00. Round-trip tickets are always on sale from all points at reduced rates via the

Chicago & North-Western, Union Pacific and Southern Pacific Railways.

W. B. KNISKERN,
P. T. M. C. & N.-W. Ry., Chicago, Ill.
Please mail free to my address, California booklets, maps and full particulars concerning rates and train service.

FILL IN THIS COUPON
AND MAIL IT TO-DAY.

HEALTH is the Most Important

No one can tell good baking powder from bad merely by the appearance;

The price is some guide, but not an infallible one;

Some cheap brands may raise the dough, yet contain unwholesome ingredients.

There is one safe, sure way, i. e., to follow the recommendations of the

U. S. GOVERNMENT ANALYSTS,
THE HIGHEST AUTHORITIES ON HYGIENE
THROUGHOUT THE WORLD,
THE BEST HOUSEKEEPERS EVERYWHERE—

ROYAL BAKING POWDER
ABSOLUTELY PURE

QUEER SECT WATCHING FOR MILLENNIUM'S DAWN

"Israelites," Under the Leadership of Benjamin and Mary, Gathering at Benton Harbor, Mich., to Welcome Christ.

RETURN FROM HEAVEN EXPECTED ANY DAY

The Year of 1916 Fixed as the Time When Christ, Aided by "Israelites," Will Begin His Thousand Years' Reign Over the Earth—Other Peculiar Tenets of Their Faith Are Celibacy, Vegetarianism and Unshaven Locks and Beard.

Benton Harbor, Mich.—A half truth is always dangerous. A strange mixture of truth and error has brought a large company of people together in this city in preparation for the second coming of Christ, and the inauguration of the millennial age.

Benjamin and Mary, the long-haired prophet and prophetess of these Israelites as they call themselves, for they claim to have discovered themselves as one of the lost ten tribes, can quote you the Scripture which would seem to justify their ideas, for the many peculiarities of their faith are taken from the Bible.

So does Dowie use the Word of God, for he bases all his strange claims upon the teachings of the Sacred Book. So does Mrs. Eddy use or misuse it, finding, as she believes, teachings which have given the world Christian Science. So have scores and hundreds of other people in this day and in days gone by used God's Word to bolster up their peculiar ideas of religion.

It has been said that it is possible to go to the Bible and find seeming authority for any faith or practice which distorted or diseased human mind or heart could want. And it is also true that no matter how absurd or pernicious a doctrine one may advance, there are always people to be found who will accept and follow it as the truth.

But we did not start out to deliver a lecture on the use and misuse of the Bible, but our purpose is to tell the story of the colony of the House of David, formerly known as the "Flying Rollers," or the "Holy Rollers," as clearly and fairly and fully as possible, believing that the story will prove interesting as well as instructive. But we wanted to emphasize the fact that the doctrines which the "Israelites" believe and teach find their seeming justification in the Bible. Certain truths are taken from their own interpretations, and into others their own interpretations are read, so that we find a strange jumble, a confused mass of truth and error, and, as we have already said, a half truth is always a dangerous truth.

Millennium Coming.
The "Israelites" believe that the end of the present age will come in 1916, and

angels, the messengers sent by God to the inhabitants of this world. And this is how they figure it out:

The Seventh Angels.
Benjamin and Mary are the seventh from Johanna Southcott, the English woman who founded the strange sect more than a century ago. She was said to have succeeded in interpreting the "Flying Roll," spoken of in the book of Revelation, or the apocalypse of St. John. Of course, before interpreting she had to find it, as St. John merely saw it in one of his visions and he failed or neglected to translate it. But the English woman saw it again. She not only saw it. She read it. It was in the vernacular of "old merric England" and she succeeded in copying it into terse and vigorous English. She was the first "messenger" of a new faith. After her came three other messengers. Then came John Wroe, who was the fourth messenger, and next came the somewhat famous James J. Jezreel. Benjamin, therefore, is clearly the seventh in descent. But he alone of the seven messengers is to have the crowning glory of an immortal body, for Benjamin is the last of the "messengers" and it has been determined that he "shall see the millennial age and Christ, its only ruler," and that after 1,000 years on earth he shall ascend into Heaven with the entire host of the 144,000 to be numbered among the elect.

It is the teaching of Benjamin that with the exception of Christ, Elias, Enoch and a few more of the celebrated Scriptural personages, the 144,000 constituting the elect, with Benjamin himself at their head, shall be the only human beings whose physical bodies will ever be found in Heaven. The "souls and spirits" of all the other inhabitants of earth, from the beginning to the end of time, may ascend into Heaven, but their bodies will stay forever in their graves or somewhere in the universe, or in chaos, as physical, material substance. When the Bible extends the promise of a resurrection of the body at doomsday it is not the real body but the "spirit" which will rise, the Israelites say, from the graves of mother earth. The spirit, not the body, is what is

scheduled to arrive in 1916. But this appears to have been a sad mistake. It is the "end of the world," or, more accurately speaking, the end of the "present order of things," that is timed to arrive in 1916. The change from the present order to the holy reign of Christ during the millennium may require some time for inauguration, say Benjamin and Mary.

They are emphatic in declaring that the "end of the present order" will take place in 1916; that in that year the Christ will have successfully launched the millennium, and that thereafter He will reign and govern for 1,000 years as the acknowledged sovereign and ruler of all the earth.

They assert that the presence of the person of Christ may not at first be recognized by any but the few, and that He may be some years on earth before He will make manifest His identity with the stupendous miracles foretold in the Scriptural Book of the Revelations. Here is where the Israelites have the advantage of the rest of us—they expect that Christ will make Himself known to them first, as they say that He will know they have thoroughly fitted themselves to receive Him and accept His Divine leadership on earth.

Strict Celibates.
In reference to their system of celibacy, Benjamin and Mary have this to say:

"Our institution of celibacy is not the race suicide the American president condemns. The teaching as well as the practice is this: When a person discovers that he or she is one of the number chosen to await the second coming of Christ—the visitation appointed for 1916 or soon before that time—that person is expected forthwith to adopt the mode of life of a celibate, so as to be of that noble purity of mind and body that can alone be deemed fitting and worthy in all who are preparing to greet the Redeemer on His second advent upon this earth. If the persons who accept this call to the holy life have been married and have had children there is no harm done. All that is required of them is that they become celibates when they join our movement and that they remain true celibates thereafter to the end.

"It is easy to see how different is this from the race suicide condemned by your great president. In the first place, we hold that after the end of the present order, which event is to take place in 1916, it will be found that it would not have made much difference whether the present inhabitants of the world had race suicide or not, provided the race suicide had been accomplished by the lawful abstinence known as 'celibacy.' For with the inauguration of the millennium, under the glorious rule of Christ, there will be a transformation of the human body that will render it immortal. By the exercise of His Divine power at His second coming the Christ will cause the blood in our bodies to become transformed into spirit. This replacing of the blood with spirit will render the body immortal. Only in this way can the body be saved. It was the way in which were saved the bodies of Enoch, Elias and Eodras, who, without enduring the ordeal of death, ascended gloriously into Heaven.

"It is our belief that when Christ inaugurates in 1916 His glorious reign of the millennium He will find here on earth, but especially in Benton Harbor's House of David, the Israelite remnant described in the book of David as the 144,000 that shall constitute the elect. These, because they have faithfully awaited His second coming, will escape death. Their bodies will become immortal and they shall rule jointly with the Redeemer until the millennium ends with the destruction of the earth. Then they shall ascend with Christ into Heaven, where, because of their Christ-like and perfect bodies, they shall sit nearest to the Heavenly throne and be greater than the angels, even as in the Scriptures Christ Himself is said to be greater than all the host of angels and seraphs and cherubim."

There were addenda by another of the Israelites, a matronly lady known as "Mary II." She was formerly Mrs. Mary MacDermott, of Los Angeles. But she left a comfortable home and a happy family to take up the Israelite's life of abnegation and vigil at Benton Harbor. She said:

"We will not depopulate the earth with race suicide practices like celibacy after the millennium is inaugurated. On the contrary, the Israelites—that is to say, the elect, or the people engaged in this movement of ours—will then populate the earth with immortal beings. We believe that our celibacy saves possible children from possible suffering. What's the use of having children now, if the world, as at present constituted, is to come to an end in 1916?"

Preaching in Many States.
Disciples of Benjamin and Mary are now preaching their cult in many states of the union, especially in the south and southwest. The disciples travel in "prairie schooners" overland and preach out of doors in city, town, village and gulch. Chicago has been let alone so far. But it will not be for long, as extensive plans are now being made for a descent upon that metropolis, where the devil is supposed to be well entrenched.

The colony of "Israelites" is located about a mile outside of this town, and it is the mecca to which the "remnant," or the "lost tribes of Israel," are turning in these days, that is, according to the statement of Benjamin and Mary.

A company of 36 Australians recently arrived, after a long two months' pilgrimage by way of the Suez canal and England. They claim to be one of the lost tribes. The patriarch of the party is William G. Bulley. He is 70 years old and has been an "Israelite," or "Holy Roller," or "Flying Roller," as they are variously known, for 54 years.

"I went to Australia with nothing but my grip in my hand 60 years ago," he said, "and have seen the movement grow. We were not so far advanced as the Benton Harbor branch. We obtained

a dispensation from the fifth angel, or messenger, John Wroe. As soon as Mary and Benjamin came to us we recognized they were possessed of divine power and we left all to follow them."

The Colony.
The colony buildings comprise a group in which the members of the cult are housed and fed and employed. The largest of the frame structures is the administration building which stands in the center. There is a carpenter shop, a bakery, the kitchen, where the vegetables and other food, exclusive of meats, are cooked, for the Israelites among their other peculiar tenets hold that vegetarianism is the only dietary pathway along which the elect of God should walk, and so the flesh of beast, bird and fish is barred from the colony with as much rigor as ordinary people would observe in guarding against smallpox or other scourge.

But what they lack in meats they make up in vegetables, and on the day that the Australian pilgrims arrived

one young woman whose red hair hangs down her back like a curtain of flame and there are several men with hair hanging about their shoulders. Many of the men are both handsome and distinguished in appearance.

In the hall or "Tabernacle," Benjamin is a striking figure as he addresses his followers. On the occasion of our visit he wore a white flannel suit, with white canvas shoes to match. Jewelry that made a great display, although not especially valuable, adorned his person. In his shirt front was a magnificent topaz stone, whose saffron glint was dazzling as the speaker swayed and surged on the billows of his vehement oratory. His preaching was ultra-emotional and exceedingly rapid. His object seemed to be to give a bird's-eye view of the peculiar cult of which he is the apostle.

In his delivery of the reasons for the faith that is in him Benjamin touched upon a wide range of topics. His reasoning was not always the most cogent that

PEOPLE OF PROMINENCE

Pope Pius goes on as he began, preaching and practicing the simple life. He has been reducing display on the one hand, and salaries on the other. This, as may be imagined, is not quite satisfactory to the hosts of persons employed about the Vatican. While thus discouraging luxury, the pontiff remains as affable and accessible as ever to friends of former days.

Archbishop Messmer, of Milwaukee, has been forced to ask police protection against the importunities of beggars. Not long ago some mention was made in the papers of a few of his deeds of charity. Since then appeals for money have been made so often, most of them by professional mendicants, that the archbishop has been forced to take the course mentioned. As many as a dozen applicants a day have besieged the prelate's residence.

Mayor Collins, of Boston, says it is a habit, which he formed long ago, not to communicate his views about public affairs or party matters to the public in the form of interviews. This is his straightforward way of putting it: "When I have anything to say about politics in which I think the public is interested, I make a speech and say it, and when the time comes for me to make public anything relating to the city hall business, I do it in the form of an official message. I'm not talking, I'm attending to business."

A Heavy Fine.

Under the Elkins law, any railroad company which pays rebates in any form, or any shipper who accepts them, is liable to a fine of from \$1,000 to \$20,000, upon conviction. It also prohibits the carrying of freight at less than the published tariffs. The Interstate Commerce Commission is empowered to detect and prosecute violators of this statute. President Knapp, of the Commission, states that since this law was passed, rebate paying has been as rare as forgery.

HEADS WITH THE CROWNS.

The czar has always been devoted to Wagner's music.

Prince Arthur of Connaught, who is an especial favorite of the king, had an ambition as a small boy to become a clock-maker.

No fewer than 57 British peers have no heirs to succeed them. That number of titles is, therefore, likely to become extinct on the death of their present holders.

The royal palace at Belgrade, Serbia, called the Konak, has been entirely refurbished by King Peter. The furniture came almost entirely from Paris and Vienna.

The kaiser has decreed that women's décollete dresses shall not be cut square, and that men not entitled to wear uniforms shall appear in white knee breeches and hose.

No foreign sovereign knows the English language better than the king of Italy, who, when a boy, was made to speak it in place of his native tongue. As a youngster King Victor Emmanuel III. kept a diary, in which he recorded the events of his life in English.

Had the present king of Italy been born in the United States, he might have been in the way of attaining, through merit, the post of secretary of agriculture at Washington. The king has for years manifested a lively interest in the tilling of the soil, and lately adopted the project of an American friend for an international institution devoted to the fostering and development of agriculture.

Some of the czar's children are free of speech, unfettered of action, and fully appreciative of their exalted rank. This is particularly true of the fair-haired, blue-eyed Grand Duchess Olga, who has often been known to stop her little pony carriage in the parks of Peterhoff—the czar's summer residence—to call to order some passerby who had failed to accord her the attention she considered due to an emperor's daughter.

Fast Flier.
The speed of a wild duck is about 90 miles an hour.

HONEST CONFESSION.

A Doctor's Talk on Food.
There are no fairer set of men on earth than the doctors, and when they find they have been in error they are usually apt to make honest and manly confession of the fact.

A case in point is that of an eminent practitioner, one of the good old school, who lives in Texas. His plain, unvarnished tale needs no dressing up: "I had always had an intense prejudice, which I can now see was unwarrantable and unreasonable, against all much advertised foods. Hence, I never read a line of the many 'ads.' of Grape-Nuts, nor tasted the food till last winter.

"While in Corpus Christi for my health, and visiting my youngest son, who has four of the roughest, healthiest little boys I ever saw, I ate my first dish of Grape-Nuts food for supper with my little grandson. I became exceedingly fond of it and have eaten a package of it every week since, and find it a delicious, refreshing and strengthening food, leaving no ill effects whatever, causing no eruptions (with which I was formerly much troubled), no sense of fullness, nausea, nor distress of stomach in any way.

"There is no other food that agrees with me so well, or sits as lightly or pleasantly upon my stomach as this does. I am stronger and more active since I began the use of Grape-Nuts than I have been for 10 years, and am no longer troubled with nausea and indigestion." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

There's a reason.
Look in each pkg. for the famous little book, "The Road to Wellville."



they had a 16-course dinner for their delectation, all provided without recourse to meats, or meat gravies or soups. And there were cakes and pies and cookies and doughnuts galore. The cooking in the kitchen is all done by steam, the prophet Benjamin having designed the apparatus himself when not busy with his preaching and other duties.

There is a printing department in the colony, and a school, and the "Tabernacle," where the meetings are held. So much for what might be called the plant of this peculiar sect. Now as to the appearance of the members of this colony.

The People.
It is striking to say the least. No razor or shears are allowed to touch face or head, and both men and women alike wear their hair hanging loose down their backs. The dress of the women is extremely plain, and queer little poke bonnets of straw are worn. The men follow no style or rule in their clothing, the main purpose seeming to be to have something to put on. Some of them wear queerly-tilted, flat-topped hats, and most of them have strong intellectual faces.

Benjamin.
Benjamin, the prophet, is a man of about 46 years of age. He was born in Kentucky, but since his early childhood he has been a wanderer. He has visited nearly every state in the union in his travels. He was converted to the new religion about 14 years ago and since that time has been preaching its doctrine. For a number of years he was in Ohio. He came here two years ago with his wife, Mary, who was also born in Kentucky, and she shares with her husband the duties of leader of the House of Israel.

Benjamin is of medium height, rather slenderly built and has an extremely fine face. His hair is of light reddish brown and hangs down on his shoulders in long silken curls. His beard is silken and curly and his features are aquiline and well formed. His complexion is clear, pink and white, and his eyes are blue and clear. His manner is gentle and well bred. His hands are white. Every movement is as of a man at peace with himself and the whole world. He teaches and preaches gentleness and peacefulness and he impresses his personality upon all with whom he comes in contact. He undoubtedly has a wonderful influence over men, for his followers listen to his voice as though it were the voice of deity. They eagerly drink in every word he says and believe implicitly that he has been sent to lead the world into the millennial period.

Mary, the coworker and assistant leader, is a slender woman, with jet black hair, an aquiline nose, snappy black eyes, and aggressive wide-awake manner. She is a nervous little woman and bears the weight of her duties easily. She shares with her husband all the honors attached to his position and is his constant helpmate. She wears her hair down her back, never uses a hairpin and attires herself in calico except on Sunday, when she dresses well. There are many other believers in the faith in the house on Superior street. There is

could be desired and it would hardly satisfy the "higher criticism." But it satisfied his auditors, few of whom have more than the merest rudiments of enlightened education. They sat there in awe and wonderment, drinking in the saving gospel which they believe came from this man as an inspiration from the Almighty. They did not notice his anachronisms, his poor grammar, his faulty science and his badly-mixed metaphors—or, if they noticed them, their faith was not weakened thereby, but made the more strong, perhaps, because of the unpolished channel through which the gospel of salvation was coming to them in so marvellous a manner.

"Like the waters that cover the sea, our faith will cover the world," was a dogma that he reiterated many times.

Believes Other Religions False.

He said that all the other religions "are false religions" and that the greatest of the world's theologians knew not whereof they spoke. The central point in his religious system seemed a revival of the Buddhist doctrine of reincarnation. But it was a doctrine that had more than a germ of flattery for himself and his followers. It expressed his belief and promise that himself and his followers, to the number of 144,000, were and are simply the "incarnated angels" who participated in the great battle fought between Satan and Michael, the archangel, in Heaven on the occasion of the great rebellion in Heaven.

Some Curious Prophecies.

They say that seven vials of wrath mentioned in the Bible are to be poured out upon the earth in a short time and they look for bloodshed, for disaster and for all manner of evil immediately before the ushering in of the thousand years of peace. It is asserted that those gathered in Benton Harbor will escape all the trouble and wrath and will come out unscathed from the fiery trials to be given the remainder of the earth.

The new city—destined, they say, to be the capital of the world—is to be governed by the son of man; or, in other words, by Benjamin. He is to be the head of the city and he is to have four pillars to assist him. Besides these four, there will be 12 kings, 24 elders and 70 preachers. It will be the duty of the latter to go through all the world and to tell the people what is to come. It was announced that they would not be sent out until they receive the power from on high, as Christ is said to have received it, and then when they went they would be able to perform miracles and convert the people rapidly. They are out now over all the land, but it has not been heralded abroad that they have performed any miracles.

Benjamin says that a time will come when there will be a second pentecost. The Holy Ghost will descend upon the people as upon Christ at the River Jordan and, instead of blood in their veins, the people will have spirit. Then they will be pure and powerful and be able to withstand all manner of temptation and overcome all evil.

Gold Output.
New Zealand's gold output last year was 467,647 ounces, \$1,000 above 1902.



that then will be inaugurated the thousand years' reign with Christ.

They are looking for the return of Christ to earth again at any time now, and because of their peculiar fitness and preparedness he will present himself to them at the Benton Harbor mecca.

The strictest celibacy marks the life of the colony, and this they hold is one of the ways that they will prepare themselves in flesh and spirit for Christ's coming.

The special claims which they make for themselves are that they are the long-lost tribe of Israel and that they are the 144,000 spoken of by Daniel, the prophet, who shall share with Christ in the rule over the world during the millennial period.

Benjamin and Mary are by no means any class messengers, and if messengers they mean the type of messengers spoken of in the Bible—that is to say

sleeping in the grave," they say, "and only the spirit will resurrect, as the body has returned to dust its elements and must so remain," excepting "the one hundred and forty and four thousand" of the elect.

Mission of the Sect.
It is the mission of the "Israelites" to prepare the world for Christ's second coming and to keep a holy vigil until the reappearance of the Redeemer upon earth once more. They assert that the second coming is due now and may be expected to be made manifest at any moment to all the world.

This is more decidedly startling than anything that the "Israelites," the whilom "Flying Rollers," had announced at any time before. It was understood in Benton Harbor that the "second coming," an event which is to precede the beginning of the millennium, was just 13 years away—that it had been

FREE!

China given away free. Beginning tomorrow we hold a tremendous clearing sale of fancy imported Haviland, German, Austrian, Japanese China at unheard of prices.

If you buy one piece of china at say 50c, we will give you another worth 25c free of charge.

Or in other words if you buy 50c worth of fancy china at our regular price you can select another quarter's worth which will be given to you free of charge.

The Fair Savings Bank.

Department Store
ESCANABA, MICH.



Get one of our special price lists of religious and devotional articles.

See our circular ju cut for other prices during this sale.

GROCERIES.

Strictly fresh eggs per doz.....	19c
Same in case per lots doz.....	18c
Fancy potatoes, per bu.....	42c
Plenic hams per lb.....	8c
Regular hams per lb.....	13c
Premium hams lb.....	14c
Winchester bacon per lb.....	14c
Premium bacon per lb.....	18c
Fancy cabbage per lb.....	2c
Irish mackerel each.....	5c
Large Jumbo celery.....	10
Large fat bananas per doz.....	19c
Silver Dragoon tea, best Jap tea that is grown, call for sample, per lb.....	50c
Our regular 30c grade fine coffee per lb.....	18c
6 lbs. for.....	\$1.00
Easter dyes, per package.....	3c
Nabisco fancy sugar wafer.....	24c
8 lb barrel ginger snaps.....	24c

EASTER SALE Immense Showing of New Novelties for Easter.

YOUR EASTER SUIT IS HERE.

No man wants to waste away his time at a tailor shop, when a better fit, a newer style, a smarter appearing garment is had at 1/2 the price asked by a tailor. For business, here are the snappy new sack suits in single and double breasted cut in the swell brown and mixed chevrons.

Men's all wool black clay worsted suits, 4 button cutaway sack, latest military cut, all sizes.....	\$11.45
Men's fancy mixtures, pepper and salt effect suit, 3 button double-breasted sack, neat and nobby, all sizes at.....	\$8.45
Men's all wool suits, an elegant shade of solid brown, 3 button double-breasted sack all the rage this season.....	\$15.00
Men's all wool mixture with a visible stripe military cut, a very stylish suit, all sizes for.....	\$10.00
Men's Spring Top Coats in dark or light colors, choice.....	\$12.45
Men's better grade Spring Top Coats in many different shapes, choice.....	\$15.00
Men's R and W Make Mackinette Rain Coats, in dark patterns, choice at.....	\$10.00
Men's better grade R & W make Mackinette Rain Coats ranging in prices \$13.50, \$15.00, \$17.50.....	20.00
Men's silk bow ties each.....	05c
Men's string ties in plain and fancy colors, each.....	17c
Your choice of 2 solid cases of men's string ties in plain and fancy colors, choice.....	50c

Special Easter Showing in Our Dress Goods Room.

It's simply wonderful how the designers and manufacturers manage to bring out something new and prettier each season. You'd think there surely is a limit—that they'd sometimes reach the point where they couldn't get up anything different. They haven't reached that point yet—the showing for easter in new novelties for women eclipses anything they ever yet brought out.

36 inch Black Taffeta Silk, worth \$1.25, Easter sale yard.....	98c
Fancy Silks for waists and shirt waist suits, Easter sale yard.....	49c
79c yard for silks worth up to \$1.39 yard, all colors, Easter sale, yard.....	79c
Chiffon Taffeta in black, \$1.19 quality for this Easter sale, yard.....	89c
Ladies' Jersey Gloves in black, mode, grey, at other stores 25c, here.....	15c
46 inch Mohairs, all colors and black, pure yarn, dyed and shrunk, Easter sale yard.....	95c
36 inch Mohairs and mixed novelties in woolen dress goods specially priced for this Easter sale.....	48c
Cravenette Cloth in all colors, 54 inches wide very desirable just now, Easter sale, yard.....	\$1.69
Plain Suitings 50 inches wide, all wool \$1.25 quality Easter sale yard.....	85c

GROCERIES.

Searchlight matches per box.....	4c
3 lb. box soda crackers.....	2c
Bulk mustard per pint.....	4c
Large black prunes per lb.....	4c
Whole Japan rice per lb.....	4c
Bulk starch per lb.....	4c
Runkle Bros. baking chocolate per lb.....	32c
Pint bottle salad dressing.....	21c
Pint bottle best catsup.....	8c
Fancy evaporated apples, per lb.....	8c
Fancy evaporated peaches per lb.....	12c
Large fancy prunes per lb.....	9c
German dill pickles per doz.....	12c
Sour mixed pickles per quart.....	10c
Sweet mixed pickles per qt.....	15c

Uncle Tom's Cabin.
At the Peterson Opera House commencing Tuesday, April 25, we are to have "Uncle Tom's Cabin" on a larger and grander scale than ever before. J. W. Washburn's big \$30,000 production is certainly the most pretentious that has ever been given Harriet Beecher Stowe's immortal work. It cost \$80,000 to put it on the stage. Scenically, it has never been equaled. The cast numbers sixty people, at the head of which is the inimical Frank Leo, the prince of black-face character actors and minstrel men without a peer. The balance of the company has been selected with special care, and it is said to be unsurpassed since the day of New-ton Getbold, Stockwell and Eva Miller. Many bright specialties enliven the scenes. Buck and wing dancing and jubilee shouting are a special feature. The company will make a special grand street parade every day during its stay. Its brass bands, pickaninnies and golden chariots attract much attention.

Ann Arbor Car Ferries.
Commencing Monday April 17th the Ann Arbor car ferries will operate between Frankfort and Menominee as follows: Leaving Frankfort Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 9:30 A. M. and arriving at Menominee at 5:30 P. M. Returning, leaving Menominee 11:30 P. M. arriving at Frankfort Tuesday, Thursday Saturday at 7:30 A. M. Between Frankfort and Manistique, leaving Frankfort Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 9:30 A. M. arriving at Manistique 9:30 P. M. Leave Manistique at 9:30 P. M. and arrive at Frankfort Wednesday, Friday and Sunday at 9:30 A. M. making close connections with the Ann Arbor trains for all points south and east. For further information apply to J. J. Kirby, G. P. A. Toledo, Ohio or J. Hancock, Agt., Manistique.

A Burglar's Sweetheart.
In entering the vast theatre-going public it is the constant effort of the author and producer to learn what the public wants. He who learns and supplies its wants has but to demonstrate the fact and he is assured gartification of artistic and financial success. During the many years that Myron L'ingwell has devoted to writing plays and offering them to the judgement of the patrons of the drama, there was one with a sweet story full of thrilling situations and comedy which he gave the title of "A Burglar's Sweetheart" a true and tragic life story, which seize

to pity the heart and brings tears to the eyes of every person who attends this play; then all of a sudden it changes to the best comedy, which is up to date interwoven with specialties, which in all make it one of the best up to date plays ever written. "A Burglar's Sweetheart" will be at Peterson's Opera House Sunday evening April 23.

Salary for Mayor and Aldermen.
In accordance with the action of the common council, a bill is to be presented to the legislature recommending the city charter of Menominee so that the term of office of the mayor shall be two years, instead of one, and his salary any amount fixed by the council not exceeding \$500 a year. It is proposed also that each of the aldermen draw not to exceed \$150 per annum. The changes will go into effect, if the bill is passed, in April, 1906, and April, 1907, the former provision for the mayor and the latter for aldermen. Thus every member of the present official family will have finished his term of office before any increase whatever goes into effect. It is probable that the salaries at the start will be fixed at \$300 and \$100, respectively.

A Guaranteed Cure For Piles.
Inching, Blind, Bleeding Piles. Druggists refund money if Pazo Ointment fails to cure any case, no matter of how long standing, in 6 to 14 days. First application gives ease and rest. 50c. If your druggist hasn't it send 50c in stamps and it will be forwarded post-paid by Paris Medicine Co., St. Louis, Mo.

For Sale.
A good new Ladies wheel for sale, at a very low price for cash. Inquire at this office.

WHY GET SOAKED
WHEN YOU WEAR TOWER'S FISH BRAND OILED CLOTHING.
IT WILL KEEP YOU DRY.
HARDEST STORM!
GUTHRIE'S FULL LINE OF HATS AND CAPS.
S. G. GUTHRIE CO., BOSTON, MASS., U.S.A.
WHOLESALE DEPOT: 170-172, TORONTO, CANADA.



MILLINERY and LADIES' FURNISHINGS.

AT Mrs. F. V. Greenlaw's

New 1905 spring and summer styles early easter display in ladies' tailor made suits, silk and mohair skirt, waist suits, cravenette rain coats, jackets, skirts, waists and other wearing apparel. Now ready for your inspection, I extend a cordial invitation to the ladies of Escanaba and vicinity to call and see the many beautiful and exclusive styles in ladies' wearing apparel and head wear.

Chas. A. Stevens & Bros., The Great Style Store of Chicago, Ladies Fine Tailor made Suits \$9 & up, Shirt waist Suits \$2.75 and up, Jackets \$5.00 and up, Cravenette Rain Coats \$4.50 and up, Waists \$1.00 and up

The Stevens' garments are recognized everywhere as the standard of excellence. The marvelous perfection in styles and the beautiful fit, workmanship and finish attained in them have given their garments an individuality which no others possess to such a pleasing degree. An early call will prove interesting as well as profitable.

Mrs. F. V. Greenlaw, 721 Ludington St.

Will Form New Line.
Further information has been given out by Thomas Hume, of Hackly & Hume of Muskegon concerning the management of the Barry line steamer Chas. H. Hackly, which was bid in by the firm at a libel sale here, last week. A

new company will be formed from the old Barry line to operate the boats and to run a daily service between Muskegon and Chicago. It is again rumored that a railroad company, probably the Grand Trunk, will become a heavy stockholder in the concern.

The largest craft ever on the Great Lakes was on Saturday launched at South Chicago. She is 569 feet long, 56 feet beam and 30 feet deep, with a capacity of 10,000 tons. She has been christened the Elbert H. Gary, and her length exceeds that of the Wolvin by nine feet.

Section Hands' Pay Increased
The section men on the Northwestern railway have received a raise in wages to \$1.40 per day to date from April 1. The men are greatly pleased at the action of the company, as no demand for an increase had been made by them.