

THE IRON PORT.

THIRTY-SECOND YEAR

ESCANABA, MICHIGAN, SATURDAY, OCT. 26, 1901.

NUMBER 43

NEW FIRE ESCAPE

Brief Description of Peter McRae's Wonderful Invention.

LADDERS ARE FOLDABLE.

Tower May Be Moved in Transverse Direction so as to Assume Leaning Position While the Truck is Far Away.

After fifteen years of study on the subject, Peter McRae of this city has invented a portable fire escape tower, and received letters of patent thereon covering the United States, Great Britain and Canada. The invention is one of the utmost importance, its chief purpose being the saving of human life, and has met with expressions of favor by experienced fire-fighters in some of the larger cities, where the device has been exhibited. This fire escape belongs to that class which employ a lazy-tongs construction, adapted to be folded compactly upon a wheeled truck, which is calculated to be drawn by three horses. By means of Mr. McRae's escape firemen may enter a burning building at a height of two hundred feet, or more, or occupants of a structure may descend therefrom without fear of accident or loss of life, there being attached to the machine an escape cage, or basket, which may be raised or lowered by motion derived through a train of gearing from a single prime shaft, operated independently of the other services for which the apparatus is designed.

There is novelty in the combination of mechanisms and in the construction and arrangement of parts. There is a shiftable bed mounted on wheeled trucks, and upon this bed rests the extension tower, constructed in crossing relation after the style of an old-fashioned extension hat-rack, and pivoted together by rods, and securely fastened at the base. The lazy-tongs tower, which is operated by means of machinery beneath the shifting bed, is equipped with a series of ladders, which when the tower is extended, afford means to ascend and descend to the topmost point of the tower, in a zig-zag path. The upper portion of the tower is provided with a platform, the carrying capacity of which is reputed to be a ton. From this platform is an auxiliary ladder, which, like the frame of the tower, is pivotally connected, and is adapted to be adjusted beyond the tower. The tower may be moved in a transverse direction so as to assume a leaning position, thus making it possible to have the upper end lie close to a building while the truck on which it rests may be stationed fifty feet away. The position of the tower may be changed to any desired angle when unfolded or extended, this being accomplished by swinging the bed.

Mr. McRae has a perfect working model of his invention, and although it is of aluminum and weighs only six pounds its carrying capacity is astonishingly great. The model was made by Luke Edwards of this city, and shows mechanical skill. It is the intention of the inventor to have several of these portable fire escapes made within the coming year, in which case they will probably be exhibited in some of the larger cities of the country. The estimated cost of building a machine after the patterns are prepared is \$2,500. It will be seen by this that considerable capital will be required to place Mr. McRae's invention upon the market, but in this he is not wanting, propositions to lend financial assistance having been proffered from a number of sources.

WHITE TEETH.

They are Generally Perfect and a Pretty Feature of the Mouth.

White teeth are generally good, and at all events are a much prettier feature of the mouth than dirty and discolored teeth. Then, again, when kept clean and white they are not likely to decay. All teeth preparations are good in a general way—Coburn's drug store, 612 Ludington St., has them all—some are better than others. Myrrh Tooth Wash at 25 cents we know is as near a perfect tooth-cleaner and antiseptic as it is possible to make.

Died at the Hospital.

Felicien DeGrandgagnage, aged 47 years, died at the Delta County

Hospital last Monday night about 11 o'clock from the effects of a stroke of paralysis. The deceased was a widower, and for a number of years had lived immediately west of the city limits. He leaves three children.

HUEBEL IS MIXED UP.

Arrested on Charge of Criminal Conspiracy With Freeman.

Many readers of The Iron Port will remember C. J. Huebel, at one time associated with the Lillie Lumber company at Talbot, and who, several years ago, threatened this paper with a suit for libel for statements made by it regarding his suspicious business transactions in connection with that company. This man Huebel is now under arrest for criminal conspiracy as an accomplice of A. V. Freeman, and is being examined at Marinette, Raber and Watson being the complainants. At Tuesday's session of court an inspection certificate was produced by Raber & Watson, for some timber supposed to have been put into the Menominee river, and supposed to have been inspected by Harry Worth, a lower Michigan man formerly in the employ of the company. The name of Worth was signed to the certificate, and the man swore in court that he had not inspected the cedar, never signed the certificate, and moreover he never inspected a foot of timber on the Menominee River. He declared that the signature was a positive forgery. The certificate represented \$5,000; and this is said to be only one of many similar transactions.

BUCHMAN IS INSANE.

Rapid River Man Committed to Northern Asylum for Insane.

Under Sheriff Olmsted took Aaron Buchman of Rapid River to the Northern Insane Asylum on Thursday, Judge T. B. White having committed the man from the head of the bay to that institution after an examination by Drs. Reynolds & Cotton. Mr. Buchman is a victim of suicidal melancholia. On divers occasions he has made attempts upon his own life, but a watchfulness over his every action prevented him carrying out his design. For some time he was in the general merchandise trade at Rapid River, and afterwards engaged in business at Gladstone, and it was at the latter place about two months since that he attempted to hang himself. Mr. Buchman was brought to Escanaba on Wednesday by Jay Baker of Rapid River.

THIRTY-TWO MILLIONS.

The I. Stephenson Co. Will Log that Amount This Winter.

The I. Stephenson company is preparing for an unusually active season in the lumberwoods this winter. Already two camps have been established and others will follow during the ensuing fortnight. Superintendent McLean says fully 35,000,000 feet will be harvested, consisting of pine, hemlock, hardwood and cedar. Everything of value is cleared from the land.

The large manufacturing plant of the company at Wells is now turning out hardwood flooring and inside finish of the very best quality, special machinery of the latest improved patterns having been installed for the purpose. Heretofore it has been necessary to procure these materials from abroad.

GETS A GOOD THING.

Escanaba Water Works Proves a Lucrative Investment.

"I have just received a letter from the Escanaba Water Works company," said George Gallup to a representative of The Iron Port last Saturday, "in which they state that the sale of the plant would not be considered at any price, which means that their \$125,000 cash purchase is a good thing." According to Mr. Gallup, he had a chance to dispose of the plant to other parties, and had written the owners to set a price upon it, which they refused to do in the communication referred to.

A LITTLE WANDERER.

Two-Year-Old Child Found on Street a Mile From Home.

James Toland of the fire department picked up a little wanderer on Ludington street Tuesday afternoon, and after taking the child to his home instituted a search for the parents of the little one, which were found at 7 o'clock the same evening. They reside at 214 North Charlotte, from where the two-year-old had wandered away.

NEED TWO HUNDRED

University Extension Course May Be Secured for this Sum.

HALF AMOUNT IN SIGHT.

Professor Fellows Discusses Benefits to be Derived Therefrom in an Interesting Discourse at the High School.

Prof. G. E. Fellows of the Chicago University, delivered an eloquent and interesting discourse in the auditorium of the Franklin school building Monday evening, taking for his theme, "The Political and Social Condition of Europe after the Fall of Napoleon." Previous to the lecture, however, the speaker explained University extension work, which lectures are not classed as entertainments, but sufficiently entertaining to those interested therein to attract and hold an audience. The object of the work—which is in no sense experimental, having been in practice in England for more than thirty years and twelve years in the United States—is to continue education after school life in schools and colleges are over. The lecturers who deliver the course are thoroughly familiar with their subjects, being university men, and are competent to give a complete understanding of various topics to their audiences, any member of which may enjoy the privilege of questioning the speaker or entering into a general discussion at the close of the lecture. There is also provided in connection with the course a syllabus containing a synopsis of the lectures and also a traveling library of books especially referring to the various subjects. This library will be permitted to remain in each "centre" during the course, which covers a period of about three months and comprises six lectures. Prof. Fellows' visit to Escanaba was for the purpose of securing a guarantee of \$200 for the course of lectures, and at the conclusion of his discourse fifty subscribers were secured at \$1.50 each for the series. Supt. Ewing, however, hopes to raise the necessary amount within the ensuing week.

WILL NOT BUILD SCHOOL.

St. Joseph's Congregation Abandons Project for Time Being.

St. Joseph's congregation has abandoned, temporarily at least, the project to erect a new school building at the corner of Wells avenue and Elmore street, for which plans had been prepared by Architect Reynolds of Green Bay, and the cost of which was estimated at \$12,000. The pending division of the parish, which will doubtless be brought about in a short time, will make additional school accommodations unnecessary for St. Joseph's. The present commodious building will, however, undergo a radical change in the way of improvement. A stone basement will be constructed under the building, a furnace put in, and the entire interior will be modernized.

STOLE AN OVERCOAT.

Officer Ladue of Schoolcraft Searching for Dave Curtis.

Under Sheriff Ladue of Schoolcraft county was in the city Tuesday in search of a man named Dave Curtis, who is charged with having appropriated to his own use, while at Manistique last week, an overcoat belonging to William Finkney of that place. The officer had been at Sturgeon River, Isabella and Nahma, and finally traced Curtis to this city, but upon arriving here found that his bird had flown.

Curtis is a stone mason, and had worked in Escanaba for some time previous to going to Manistique.

Narrowly Escaped Injury.

As L. A. Hansen, the blacksmith, was driving down Wells avenue, on Wednesday, leading two livery horses, he was pulled from the vehicle by the animals in tow, and dragged a distance of half a block before he gained control of them. Fortunately he escaped with a few slight bruises.

"Booze Pharmacists."

John V. Dunn who published the Escanaba and Gladstone business directory some years ago, is threatened with two libel suits at Appleton.

In Mr. Bunn's directory of Appleton just issued, he classifies one young man bartender as a "booze pharmacist," and another young man in the same business as a "toddy tosser." Mr. Bunn says that when he asked their occupation one replied "a booze clerk." Bunn asked him if he did not think that pharmacist would sound better and he said yes.

MARQUETTE DEFEATED.

Escanaba Wins From the Lake Superior Boys—Score 23 to 0.

The Escanaba Highs defeated the Marquette football team on the local gridiron last Saturday afternoon by a score of 23 to 0. The day was a perfect one for the contest, and a large crowd of spectators, or rooters, were in attendance, among the number being a fairly good representation from the city on Superior. The Escanaba pig-skin chasers are credited with a number of excellent plays, Olmsted, particularly, playing a star game.

The Marquette boys have no excuse to make concerning their defeat. Upon returning home they told a Mining Journal reporter that it was simply a case of being out-classed. The Marquette players, who have contested with both aggregations, consider the Escanaba team a little stronger than that of Ishpeming and think that the championship is likely to go to Escanaba or maybe to Menominee, which latter eleven is also a very fast one. Escanaba, they say, has two of the best halfbacks who ever appeared on upper peninsula gridirons.

The locals will probably meet Menominee in this city next Saturday afternoon, and Marquette is desirous of playing the winning team.

FOR EARLY CLOSING.

Retail Clerks Asks Public to Assist in the Movement.

The retail clerks of this city have issued a circular to the general public, asking assistance in the early closing movement, as follows:

"All of the most prominent and reputable merchants of Escanaba having agreed to close their stores at 8 o'clock every evening except Saturday, we respectfully request the buying public to do their trading early, and as far as possible by day light, which is certainly the most satisfactory. All the stores are open at least thirteen hours a day, ample time for every one to be supplied. By kindly remembering this you will confer a great favor on a large number of clerks who have been working fourteen and fifteen hours. There are one or more union clerks employed in all stores, and by having them serve you, you will be assured fair and courteous treatment."

PROSPECTS ARE BRIGHT.

King Oil Property in Texas Showing Up Unusually Well.

A communication from F. D. Smith states that three offers have been made for the purchase of lands of the King Oil company, whose operations are at Beaumont, Texas, but all have been refused, the managers of the company believing the King too good a thing to let go. Mr. Smith states that holders of stock in the King will realize on their investment within a few months.

The company is represented in Escanaba by Pat Breen, who has sold something over 7,000 shares to local parties, all of whom will receive this good news with no small degree of satisfaction.

HOTEL NORTHLAND.

Headquarters for Hunters Up the Escanaba Road.

J. C. Sweet, formerly of this city, has opened a hotel at Northland, on the Escanaba & Lake Superior railroad, and proposes to make it headquarters for hunters during the deer season, which open November 8th. Northland is located in the heart of a forest, and the hunting grounds adjacent thereto are unexcelled anywhere in this peninsula. The best accommodations are to be had at Hotel Northland at moderate prices.

MONEY FOR LIBRARY.

Public School Library Receives \$300 for Its Betterment.

The library in connection with the public schools has received an appropriation of \$300 for its betterment, and a number of needed volumes will be added thereto in the near future. While the amount is not large it will aid materially in improving the library.

INSTANTLY KILLED

Frank Dupere of Schaffer Run Down By Passenger Train.

IN AN INTOXICATED STATE.

Coroner McFall Holds an Inquest and Relieves Northwestern Co. of Responsibility for the Unfortunate Accident.

"Frank Dupere was accidentally killed by being struck by passenger train No. 2, at 9:20 p. m. Monday, Oct. 21, 1901, while he was walking on the C. & N. W. R'y track between Ford River Switch and Pine Ridge in a partially intoxicated condition."

This is the verdict rendered by Coroner Henry McFall as the result of an inquest held over the remains of Frank Dupere, a single man of 23 years, whose home was at Schaffer. The engineer on No. 2 saw Dupere walking on the track, apparently heedless of approaching danger, but was unable to stop his train, which killed the man instantly, crushing the left side of his face and head, and badly bruising the body.

The remains were picked up by the train which had killed Dupere, and taken to Narenta, from where they were brought to Oliver's undertaking rooms on No. 11, which arrives here at 10 p. m., where they were prepared for burial.

Andrew Dupere, a brother of the man, took the remains to Schaffer on Tuesday for burial.

MOURN HIS DEPARTURE.

Laundryman Keune Leaves Many Escanabans in the Lurch.

Fred H. Keune, who conducted the White Star laundry until a fortnight ago, when he very unceremoniously left the city, has written a friend here that he will not return to Escanaba, a circumstance which will be greatly regretted by a considerable number of people who had trusted him for various amounts. Mr. Keune left the city about two weeks ago ostensibly to get money with which to liquidate his indebtedness to C. A. Cram, from whom he bought the White Star, which amounted to \$906. Nothing was heard of Keune until Wednesday, when he wrote from Marinette that he had decided to quit Escanaba for good. Mr. Cram immediately took possession of the laundry.

Keune owed his help about \$300, besides \$60 rent, a board bill of goodly proportions, liverymen, plumbers, printers, and nearly everybody with whom he had had dealings.

THE POLICE COURTS.

Cases Disposed of As Shown by the Criminal Docket.

County Agent Van Valkenburg went to Lansing Tuesday night, having in charge John Sauder, who he took to the Industrial School for boys. The boy was arraigned in Justice Glaser's court on Tuesday, and was found guilty of being "a disorderly child, and that he frequents and was found lounging about saloons, houses of ill fame and other reputable places," whereupon the magistrate ordered him to the state school.

Mrs. Ann Carney issued a warrant out of Justice Glaser's court for the arrest of her son-in-law, Tim Dunn, charging him with the non-support of his family, and he was arraigned on Monday and fined \$10 and costs.

THE GLIDDEN RAISED.

Steamer Glidden, Sunk in Twenty Feet of Water, Put Afloat.

The wooden steamer James N. Glidden, which was sunk in twenty feet of water on Tuesday last week, by colliding with No. 3 ore dock, was raised and towed to the coal dock last Sunday, where some 300 tons of her cargo was removed. Divers had previously repaired the damages sufficiently to make her water-tight. The vessel departed for Cleveland on Thursday, where she will go into dry dock.

Delta Wins Blue Ribbon.

Delta county apples won the blue ribbon at the Michigan State fair this year. The fruit exhibited belonged to L. Van Winkle, and was raised on his farm in Gardos township.

The Deer Season.

Deer hunting licenses may now be had by application to the county

clerk's office. The deer season will open on November 8, and will continue until the close of the month. The fee for a license is 75 cents for a resident of Michigan and \$25 for a non-resident, while each is allowed in accordance with the amended law, to kill but three deer, instead of five as formerly.

"FOR LOVE'S SAKE."

Strickland Sisters Will Appear Here in This Popular Play.

The Strickland Sisters, who will appear at The Peterson tonight, in their new play "For Love's Sake," have had most flattering success during their whole stage career. Miss Mabel made her debut in ingenue roles under the guidance of her sister, but in a very brief period her talents attracted the attention of the daintiest, most refined and fetching little ingenues of the stage today. Her first pronounced hit was made in the ingenue role in "The Hoosier Doctor." She appeared in the Bijou Theatre, New York, in the "Tarrytown Widow," having been specially engaged for that production after New York managers had decided that "The Tarrytown Widow" was well worth putting in a Broadway theatre with the best people in the profession in the cast. Miss Mabel also played leading roles with "My Friend From India" and a number of other high classed attractions.

Ethel Strickland, in addition to her other talents, possesses a magnificent contralto voice of wonderful strength and sweetness.

WOODSMEN ARE SCARCE.

Operators in Woods Must Necessarily Be Curtailed this Winter.

It is predicted by good authorities that operations in the woods this season will be greatly curtailed by the difficulty of securing men. The logging season is at hand; there are very few idle men available for work in the camps and there seems no certain source of adequate supply of help. The men who have been employed in the western harvest fields have nearly all returned and secured other employment. The activity in the line of railroad building is largely responsible for the scarcity of woodsmen, as the class of labor employed is of the grade that usually works in camps. Preparation are being made for a big winter's work in the woods if the help can be found. Stickney & Johnson of Rapid River are advertising for 500 woodsmen at from \$30 to \$35 per month. Mr. Johnson was in Escanaba a few days ago, and said to The Iron Port that he had never experienced so much difficulty in securing help for the woods. McDonough & Beauchamp want men at Champion, and the other operators are equally anxious to get additional help.

FASHION'S FANCIES.

Some New Things in Shoes for Ladies' Wear.

Two of the most popular lines in fashionable footwear this fall are the patent kid shoes and the "freak" kid shoes. Patent kids have all the beauty of patent leather, with the added value that they don't crack. They are a strictly up-to-the-minute shoe, and fit wondrously neat. The "freak" kid shoes for women represent the extreme in extension sole and "mannishness," but they are the very embodiment of comfort itself, and are one of the largest sellers of the season. Rathson & Young, the Masonic block shoe men, having a strong line of these shoes at \$2 and \$3.50. Their array of men's wear is equally strong, a leader being the Ralston health shoe at \$4. This is a shoe with a reputation, and one of the most popular on the market today.

Sample Copies.

From now until January 1st next The Iron Port Company will send a copy of this paper each week to 1000 persons who are not regular subscribers thereto, and we ask those receiving it to read it, and then if, at the expiration of that period, they desire to become enrolled among our regular subscribers we shall be pleased to place them on our list.

Will Hold Church Fair.

The congregation of the Swedish Methodist church is perfecting arrangements for holding a church fair at North Star hall November 1st and 2nd, at which time many useful and ornamental articles will be on exhibition. Supper will be served each evening.

ASK PAY FOR DELAY

Independent Vessel Owners Object to Steel Trust Methods.

WANT BETTER DISPATCH.

Ore Carriers Are Used as Stock Piles at Lake Erie Ports—Scarcity of Cars Said to Cause the Delay.

Owners of independent ore carriers have begun to think that they are being imposed upon at the Lake Erie receiving ports, and within the past few days there has been considerable talk of taking steps to protect themselves and secure better dispatch or a suitable compensation for the tie-ups.

Something should be done, it is urged, to protect owners of independent vessels from the delay in loading, or unloading, and give them better dispatch at both ends of the line, but at receiving ports in particular.

The scarcity of cars at Cleveland, Ashtabula, Conneaut and other Lake Erie Ports has been given, by the shippers, as the cause of the delays. Since the steel corporation became the biggest factor in the shipment of ore from Lake Superior, the custom of unloading directly from the boats into cars, and thence to the furnaces has been in vogue. Should it happen, as is now the case, and it has been nearly all summer, that there are not enough cars on hand to receive the cargoes from the boats, the latter have been held up until cars arrive, and in this way a delay of as much as a week has not been an uncommon occurrence.

By making the boats hold their cargoes until cars arrive the shippers have saved one handling of the ore, or between 25 and 40 cents a ton, the second handling, as of old, from the dock to the cars, having been dispensed with entirely. While it has been a big saving for the shippers, and for the steel corporation in particular, the vessel owners have been the losers to the extent of several days each trip.

It has been figured that where, last season and previously, eight or nine days was the average time taken for a trip of the ore carriers, the average under the new plan, this year is nearer 12 and 13 days considering the delays at receiving ports.

The remedy suggested for owners outside of the steel corporation is that they get together and inaugurate a new bill of lading providing for pay for the time the boats are held in port on account of the plan of the steel trust to make store houses for their ore out of the vessels bringing it down and holding them until the supply of cars is sufficient to take it direct to the furnaces and thus prevent a second handling, which would be necessary were they to unload the boats upon the docks, and then load it upon the cars for the furnace.

THE CITY IN BRIEF

Congressman Minor of Sturgeon Bay is doing his best to secure a deep water channel in Sturgeon Bay canal and the Ann Arbor railway company and others are rendering him all the assistance possible. Undoubtedly the coming session of congress will pass a measure appropriating the necessary funds to secure the desired depth of water—20 feet—and then when that is accomplished the Ann Arbor company will be ready to run its boats the year round.

Menominee Herald: Levy Valiquett, a lumberjack, came down from Escanaba and went to St. Joseph's hospital, Monday. He was chopping a tree, when the ax struck a stone which was lodged in the trunk, and glance off, striking him on the foot and cutting an ugly gash. The wound was a painful one, but will soon heal with proper attention.

At the Methodist Episcopal church tomorrow: Class meeting at 9:30; morning service at 10:30; Sunday school at 12:00; Epworth League at 6:30; evening service at 7:30; morning theme, "The Wise Man from the West," evening theme, "In His Name;" prayer meeting Wednesday evening at 7:30.

Regular services will be held at the Presbyterian church tomorrow. Rev. Mr. Blue of Milwaukee will occupy the pulpit, in place of Rev. Alexander Urquhart, whose condition is not sufficiently improved to permit of his officiating.

The Arnold Brewing company has awarded the contract for erecting its

brewery at the Soo to Sherley & Le Blanc, the price being \$42,290.

Prof. Geo. T. Knight of Tufts College charges that "all the orthodox churches are filled with hypocrisy." We move to amend by substituting "all the world" for "all the orthodox churches;" for is not hypocrisy found in all walks of life?

The I. Stephenson Co. of Wells closed a deal with the Edw. Hines Co. of Chicago by which it disposed of 2,000,000 feet of lumber to the latter company, most of which is white pine.

The Marquette football team has disbanded for the season.

MAGINERY IS BOUGHT.

Rapid River Oil Company Has Commenced Operations.

The Michigan Oil and Improvement company, which has leases on about 5,000 acres of land eight miles from Rapid River, has bought a drill from Austin & Company of Chicago and the same is expected to arrive this week. The work of erecting the necessary buildings is now under way.

Prof. Raymond, a geologist, has been engaged to examine the territory leased by the company, and from surface indications he will decide where to drill.

TOUR OF INSPECTION.

Commissioner Osborn Makes Trip Over the Escanaba Railroad.

State Railroad Commissioner Chase S. Osborn made a tour of inspection over the Escanaba & Lake Superior railroad on Wednesday, and, considering the fact that the line is a new one, found it to be in excellent condition.

Will Hold Social Session.

The Elks will hold a social session at their hall, corner of Ludington street and Dousman avenue, on November 14th, for which committees were appointed at Thursday night's meeting. Quite a number of invitations will be issued to those outside of the order, and a musical and literary program will be rendered, followed by cards and refreshments.

Improving Their Mill.

Young & McPherson, who have a saw mill at Brampton, have purchased from F. H. Van Cleve the boiler and engine at the old washboard factory at Gladstone, and have this week moved the same to Brampton, where they will be installed in their mill.

Big Potato Crop.

Louis Van Winkle of Garden this year among other products raised over three thousand bushels potatoes which he is holding for \$1 per bushel. The yield averaged 200 bushel to the acre, although as high as 250 bushels were harvested on some of the land.

Issues Writ of Attachment.

A writ of attachment has been issued out of the circuit court for this county "against the lands, tenements, goods and chattels, money and effects" of Mary Gallagher, for the sum of \$909.96, the Carpenter-Cook Company being the plaintiffs.

New Iron Ore Find.

An important mining deal has just been consummated at Norway, whereby a syndicate of capitalists gets an option on 400 acres of land, which contains a valuable deposit of iron ore. It is said that a charcoal furnace will be built.

Death of Robert Finch.

Robert B. Finch, formerly of this city, died at his home in West Superior last week, from heart failure. At the time of his demise Mr. Finch was in the employ of the South Shore road. The remains were taken to Marquette for burial.

Will Open Dancing School.

Prof. W. H. Hogue of Appleton, Wisconsin, will open a dancing school at Clark's hall next Tuesday evening. He is a member of the American National association of master of dancing.

New Time Card.

The steamer Lotus, plying between this city and Masonville, will have a new time card on November 1st. After that date the boat will make only two round trips each day, as has been the custom for years.

The Works Are Busy.

The Escanaba Iron Works is crowded with orders for work and the twenty-three employes are kept as busy as bees. Of late there has been considerable marine and mill work.

Failed to Show Up.

Louis & Austin's minstrels were booked to appear at The Peterson Tuesday night, but they failed to materialize.

Mr. Bryan is rapidly approaching the stage of insignificance when his utterances will cease to be quoted or criticized.

COMMON COUNCIL

Escanaba, Oct. 24, 1901.—The readjourned regular meeting of the common council of the City of Escanaba was held in the council chamber, Thursday evening, Oct. 24, 1901.

Present the Mayor and Aldermen Beck, Defnet, Edouin, King, Kirkpatrick, Lehr, Lucas, Magher, McMartin, Preister, Valentine, White, Wright.—13.

The Board of Review met at the Council Chambers on the 2nd day of October, 1901, at eight o'clock in the evening to review assessment roll No. 1 for sewer assessments, and for the purpose of hearing any objections to said assessment made by any person deeming himself aggrieved thereby, and after hearing such objections, on motion of Alderman Valentine, supported by Alderman McMartin, the following resolution was carried by the following yeas and nays vote:

Yeas, Beck, Defnet, Edouin, Kirkpatrick, Lehr, Magher, McMartin, Preister, Valentine, White, Wright.—11. Nays, none.

Resolved, that the assessment roll reported by the Board of Assessors be confirmed, and that the city clerk report to the assessor a description of the lots and premises contained in said roll with the amount of the assessment levied upon each and the name of the owner or occupant against whom the assessment was made, directing said assessor to levy the said several sums so assessed as a tax upon the several lots and premises to which they were assessed respectively.

It appearing that due notice has been published in accordance with the charter for the construction of sewers in the alleys between Charlotte and Mary streets, Mary and Jennie streets, and Jennie and Fannie streets, from Tweedy street north to Hale street; in Tweedy street from the intersection of the alley between Jennie and Fannie streets east to a point where the alley between Charlotte and Mary streets intersects said Tweedy street, and in Hale street from the point of the intersection of the alley between Fannie and Jennie streets, east to Charlotte street, also in the alleys between First and Second streets in Campbell's Addition in the City of Escanaba, from Bay street west to Mary street and in Mary street north to First street and in First street east to the point where the alley between Mary and Charlotte streets intersects said First street in block three (3) of said Campbell's Addition, thence north in said alley to block three (3) of Proprietor's Second Addition to the City of Escanaba, thence across said block to the center of Tweedy street to a point where said sewer will intersect with the sewer above mentioned in Tweedy street, and that the plans and diagrams of the work and the locality to be improved, were on file in the office of the city clerk for public examination, and of the designation of the sewer district, and that the council would meet on the 22nd day of October, 1901, at 8 o'clock in the afternoon to consider objections thereto, and said meeting having been duly adjourned to the 24th day of October, 1901, at the same time and place, and no objections being made either in writing or orally, on motion of Alderman Valentine supported by Alderman McMartin, it was resolved that the Board of Special Assessors forthwith make a special assessment in accordance with the method heretofore adopted and in pursuance of the estimates heretofore made.

Upon motion of Alderman McMartin the clerk was instructed to advertise for bids for the construction of sewers in the streets and alleys above mentioned, time for receiving said bids to expire at 8:00 p. m. of the 5th day of November, 1901. Carried.

Ayes, Beck, Defnet, Edouin, Kirkpatrick, Lehr, Magher, McMartin, Preister, Valentine, White, Wright.—11.

Moved by Alderman Kirkpatrick that Mr. John S. Linsley be employed as superintendent of construction of the city hall at a compensation of 7 per cent. of the cost of the building, where upon Ald. Lehr moved an amendment that Mr. Loas be employed as superintendent of construction of the city hall at a compensation of 2 per cent. of the cost of the building.

Alderman Wright offered to amend the amendment, that no superintendent of construction be employed at the city hall this fall. The amendment to the amendment was then lost by the following vote: Ayes, Defnet, Wright.—2 Nays, Beck, Edouin, Kirkpatrick, Lehr, Magher, McMartin, Preister, Valentine, White.—9

The original motion was then carried by the following vote: Ayes, Beck, Defnet, Kirkpatrick, Magher, McMartin, White.—7 Nays, Edouin, Lehr, Preister, Valentine, Wright.—5

H. J. ROBERTSON, City Clerk.

employed at the city hall this fall.

The amendment to the amendment was then lost by the following vote: Ayes, Defnet, Wright.—2 Nays, Beck, Edouin, Kirkpatrick, Lehr, Magher, McMartin, Preister, Valentine, White.—9

The original motion was then carried by the following vote: Ayes, Beck, Defnet, Kirkpatrick, Magher, White, Wright.—6

The original motion was then carried by the following vote: Ayes, Beck, Defnet, Kirkpatrick, Magher, McMartin, White.—7 Nays, Edouin, Lehr, Preister, Valentine, Wright.—5

H. J. ROBERTSON, City Clerk.

DANGEROUSLY ILL.

Miss Ida Carroll's Life Despaired of By Attending Physicians.

Miss Ida Carroll, aged 20 years, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. D. H. Carroll, is dangerously ill, and her life has been despaired of. She is suffering from heart failure, and the attending physicians express the opinion that only a few days will elapse before death must ensue.

NEW CHURCH DIRECTORY.

St. Josephs and St. Ann's Parishes Will Issue One Jointly.

The two Catholic churches of this city have arranged for the publication of a church directory, and the same will appear sometime in November. The work will be handsomely illustrated and will contain, besides the directory proper, historical sketches of the churches.

Capt. Hewlett Buys Potatoes.

Sturgeon Bay Advocate: Capt. Hewlett was here from Escanaba during the week and secured a full cargo of potatoes for that market. His vessel has capacity for about 500 bushels. Capt. Hewlett is buying for the merchants of his home city, who are well pleased with the tubers raised in this county. He intends to come again as soon as he delivers his present cargo at its destination.

Real Estate Bargains

"Friend," Why do you pay house rent? Don't you know that the money you pay out for rent will never return to assist you in time of need? Stop paying rent, buy a lot and build a house or—if your means will permit—buy a house and lot. I can supply you with either at very cheap prices and on easy terms of payment. Do not let this opportunity pass, for it is an undisputed fact that real estate values in Escanaba are steadily advancing, and the end is not yet.

The most conservative observers on the situation admit that the real estate outlook in Escanaba is flattering in the extreme. A word to the wise is sufficient. Call on me.

JAMES S. DOHERTY, Real Estate & Insurance.

BITTNER, WICKERT & CO.

Bittner, Wickert & Co.

are sole agents in Escanaba for



Washburn's Best

a flour that is really the best, and so acknowledged in all parts of the world.

—WE ALSO DEAL IN—

Hay, Flour,

Feed, Grain, Etc.

Ludington & Wolcott Sts.

CLOTHING AND FURNISHINGS.

NEW STORE! NEW GOODS!

Having removed from 510 Ludington street to more spacious quarters in the Olson Block at 1109 Ludington street I invite all old customers (and many new ones) to call and inspect my new and more complete line of

CLOTHING

AND GENTS' FURNISHINGS,

Assuring all comers that they will not only be rewarded by getting the highest grade goods made, but will save money as well. We sell the justly celebrated Stein Bloch Co. clothing, than which no better is to be found anywhere in the land.

SHOES

We carry an elegant line of strictly up-to-date Shoes, and want you to be sure and see them before you buy your Fall footwear. Here, too, we promise to save you money.

L. A. ERICKSON,

1109 LUDINGTON.

MILLINERY.

MILLINERY

OPENING.

Mrs. L. A. Kaufmann

Having removed her millinery store from 310 to 1408 Ludington street, wishes to announce that her

Fall and Winter Opening

IS NOW ON!

And invites all her old customers and many new ones to call and inspect her stock, which consists of the very

Latest Designs and Shapes.

MRS. L. A. KAUFMANN.

SCIENCE OF EATING.

It Is Being Studied by the Department of Agriculture.

Selection of Foods with Reference to Human Requirements—Slow Cooking Is the Best of All Cooking.

[Special Washington Letter.] TEMPERANCE lectures are being prepared in the department of agriculture; lectures which teach temperance in all things, such as eating, drinking, tilling, planting, hoeing, mowing, reaping. Every branch and division of the great department of agriculture is working on common sense practical lines.

In one of the divisions to-day it was ascertained that the people of this country do not know how to choose the foods they eat or how to cook them afterward. This burden of ignorance falls most heavily upon the wage-workers who, taking an average among them, use one-half of their money to buy food, this estimate not including the cost of cooking. The poor man wastes in purchasing provender; his wife wastes in preparing it for the table. When an intelligent person buys a coat he has a pretty fair idea as to whether it fits him and how it will wear. But when he invests in meat and potatoes he has little information as to how much nutriment they contain or whether it is of a kind suited to his bodily requirements.

These men of science say that when a man buys coal or wood for the winter he knows exactly how many tons or cords he will need; but that the average man has no idea of the amount or kind of fuel he needs for his body—for food is fuel to keep the human physical machinery going.

It is of interest and value to know that the average human being, leading a moderately active life, requires 59 ounces of food per diem. He consumes 37 ounces of water and absorbs in breathing 30 ounces of oxygen from the air. His total bodily income, therefore, is about eight pounds daily. What he needs for his support each day is four and one-fifth ounces of flesh-forming albumen; two ounces of fat—enough to make a fair-sized candle—17½ ounces of sugar and starch; four-fifths of an ounce of mineral matters, such as common salt, potassium, etc.; two quarts of water, and 150 gallons of oxygen. So much water is contained in solid foods that we may be said to eat as much water as we drink. In order to supply the substances above mentioned a man should eat daily 20 ounces of bread, eight ounces of beefsteak, 30 ounces of potatoes and one ounce of butter, with one quart of water or the equivalent. A human being is composed mostly of water. The body of a man weighing 154 pounds contains 96 pounds or 46 quarts of water. To complete his make-up must be added 13 pounds of albumen, ten pounds of gelatine, 23 pounds of fat, 8½ pounds of phosphate of lime, one pound of carbonate of lime, three ounces of sugar and starch, seven ounces of fluoride of calcium, six ounces of phosphate of magnesium, a trifle of chloride of potassium and a little ordinary table salt.

The students of food do not expect all men and women to know all of these facts by their own experience, but they expect ultimately to be able to teach people the science and art of eating so that life may be greatly prolonged. They have gone so far as to invent and construct an apparatus for measuring the physical income and outgo of human beings.

It is a metal box, inside of which a man is placed. He stays there for



NEW ENGLAND CLAM BAKE.

several days, during which he is fed on carefully weighed quantities of certain foods. A current of air is drawn through the box by a machine pump. Not only is all the waste from the man's body analyzed and weighed, but the air is subjected to analysis before it goes in and after it comes out of the box. By the latter analysis it is discovered just what elements and how much of them have been given off from the lungs of the man in breathing. Everything that goes into the body of the subject being known, as well as the outgo, it is easily ascertained what has been used to build up the tissues, to make blood, etc. The man in the box, which has glass windows, may spend his time in idleness or he may be occupied actively for several hours of the day. In this way comparisons are obtained as to food consumed and results accomplished under varying conditions. What they learn about the man in

the box they will apply to other men. So it will not be necessary for all of us to spend even a small part of our time in boxes. By these practical experiments they dispose of many queer popular notions about food. It is generally imagined and frequently said that an egg contains as much nutriment as a pound of lean beefsteak. As a matter of fact, it has 40 per cent. less of nutriment, pound for pound. Beef sirloin is only 75 per cent. as nutritious as beans and peas. Chicken and turkey are ahead of beans and peas in this respect, being the most nutritious food known. Shad and mackerel are as nutritious as sirloin steak. Lean beef is nearly three-fourths water. Prof. Atwater has invented a new



THE GOSPEL OF MATRIMONY.

contrivance for measuring the energy produced by various foods. The food selected for trial—a definite quantity of it—is burned in a vessel surrounded by water. A thermometer of extraordinary delicacy registers the rise in the temperature of the water, the quantity of which is known. Then an equal amount of the same food is burned in the human body. Of course, all food digested undergoes a process of chemical combustion.

Sir Henry Thompson, a celebrated English physician, is quoted as having said: "More mischief in the form of disease and shortened life is caused by bad habits of preparing and eating food than by bad habits in the use of alcohol." Although people might regard that as an extreme statement—in fact, an exaggeration—the men of science say that it is only an ascertained truth which ought to be widely disseminated. The same authority asserts that fully one-half of the prevalent dyspepsia is due to semi-starvation, because the victims cannot digest badly prepared food. He believes that any shrewd saloon keeper might obtain considerable profit by selling properly-made strong beef soup from the heads, palates and well-cleaned hoofs of beef cattle, or lentil broth from lentils. It would cost him less than his whisky and beer cost, and if put on tap alongside of either would sell freely in place of the liquor, because more than half of the craving for stimulants is due to want of well cooked food. The great secret of good cooking is slow cooking. The New England clam bake furnishes an example. It represents a method adopted by the Indians for centuries before Columbus landed, when tribes from the interior visited the coast for periodical festivals. The whites have simply imitated the process.

At a modern clam bake a platform is made of flat stones gathered on the shore, and these are heated with wood fire. After awhile the ashes are swept away and a layer of wet seaweed or rockweed put on; on this a layer of clams; then another layer of seaweed; then sweet corn in the milk; then more seaweed; then some fish and lobsters; more seaweed; more clams; finally, in tin pans, Indian puddings, made of corn meal and molasses; then a last covering of seaweed, and the whole covered over with sailcloth. The heated stones do the cooking. Along the Atlantic coast from Maine to Florida great piles of shells mark the places where ancient Indian clam bakes were held. The name of a locality in Massachusetts—Squantum—is said to mean the place for a clam bake.

Temperance in eating is taught by the department, it being held that people eat too much; eat for the pleasure of eating, rather than for renewing physical energies. Too much coal and wood are used in cooking. The kitchen range will be abolished when science prevails on all of the people. Cooking must be done with oil or with gas. The department has a list of dietaries, showing how people can live on from 14 to 28 cents each per day. If one spends 28 cents per day, that will include all luxuries. Just think how cheap banquets will become when science takes charge of the kitchen, and when science goes to market with a basket in its arm and a little bit of a pocketbook in its hand.

The parish priest in New York who is preaching matrimony and urging his young people to marry might help along his gospel by adding science to it, as applied by the department of agriculture. The young wives will hear no more about "the pies that mother used to make;" and, with wages saved by science, we will hear no more of the conundrum: "Is marriage a failure?" The future Paul and Virginia will buy all food scientifically and cheaply, and they will have plenty of time to let their dinners simmer. You and I, and some of our children, may not live to see this branch of the millennium, but it is coming just as fast as the men of science can bring it to us.

SMITH D. FRY.

You Bet It Does. "Everything comes to him who waits"—including despair and decay.

BITS FOR THE HOUSEWIFE.

A Batch of Brevities Concerning Various Things in Her Domain.

To stew green cornhusk and clean as for boiled corn: With a sharp knife cut off the top of the grains without cutting close to the cob, and with the back of the knife press out the remaining pulp. When cut in this way the corn is much juicier than when the grains are cut close to the cob. Butter well (to prevent sticking) the inside of a granite kettle, add a cupful of milk, more or less, according to the quantity and the juiciness of the corn. When boiling add the corn, cook from ten to fifteen minutes, or until it loses its raw taste, stirring frequently, and season to taste with salt and pepper, says the Boston Budget.

Tomatoes canned whole for salads will prove convenient in the winter. Small, plump, round ones should be selected for the purpose. To scald them, put them into a wire basket and plunge once or twice in deep boiling water. Peel carefully and put them into jars that have been thoroughly cleaned. Fill jars with cold water and add a teaspoonful of salt to each. Arrange the rubbers and put the covers on loosely. Let the jars in a big boiler on muffin rings or something that will keep them from the bottom. Add cold water until it reaches two-thirds the height of the jars. Boil ten minutes after the water reaches the boiling point.

Nothing is so hard to get rid of as freckles, and the better way is to avoid acquiring them, if possible. You should never go on the water or even to walk without a sunshade, whether you wear a hat or not. If you indulge in sea bathing, be sure to wear a broad-rimmed hat to shade the face. After exposure to sun or wind in walking, driving or bathing, apply a lotion made of one-half ounce of rosewater, three grains of borate of soda and a half pound of orange flower water. It is wise also to apply cold cream to the face; before going out wipe it off with a soft cloth and dust rice powder. Lightly over. With these precautions one is moderately certain to keep free from the blemish of freckles.

Stock, to be used in preparing purees or sauces, is made from the neck or shin of beef. Four quarts of water to four pounds of meat is the proper proportion. Place the meat in the stock pot, add the water and then proceed as directed for consommé.

A dainty little bag to hold soiled neckbands, is made from two lawn handkerchiefs. Choose two alike having a pretty embroidered edge and put them together to form the bag. Those with a rather narrow embroidery should be selected, and they are stitched together around three sides, just below the embroidery, to form a frill. Around the opening at the same distance from the edge stitch a beading through which ribbon of the desired width is run. A narrow ribbon is to be preferred. These can hang at the side of a dressing table or bureau, and are both useful and ornamental.

If a cupful of sour cream is found in the ice box some of these warm mornings try using it for a dressing for the dinner salad of lettuce; beat it up with a whisk, sprinkling in about a tablespoonful of sugar, and toward the end of the beating add a very little lemon juice, not more than a teaspoonful.

A housekeeper who has made the experiment discovers that matting may be sewed like carpet and put down better and easier than in the usual way with matting tacks. Undoubtedly this method would increase the wear and tear of the matting if it were necessary to take it up often. One or two liftings of matting are apt to tear it, unless the greatest care is used.

String beans, covered with French dressing, sprinkled with chives and seasoned with salt and pepper, make an excellent salad. A macedoine salad of beets, carrots, peas, cold boiled and sliced potatoes, string beans and asparagus tips in a combination comprising any or all of these mentioned may be treated in the same manner.

To vary the salad flavorings, sweet marjoram, rosemary, sweet basil, thyme, finely minced tarragon or chervil may be introduced.

Muskmelon that is too flavorless to be served as a fruit may be cut in small pieces, covered with French dressing and added to the salad list.

Rigidly Conforming. "Genevra," pleaded the young man, trying to take her hand, "I can no longer stifle the emotions of my heart! Dearest, I—"

"Ernest," coldly interrupted the heroine of the modern novel, folding her arms and skillfully sidestepping, "you seem to have forgotten that the new mission of fiction is to portray the abnormal and to deal with problems. Love has no place in it. Kindly oblige by giving me your theory concerning the strange attraction which the climbing of icy mountain peaks has for so many persons who appear to be otherwise sane."—Chicago Tribune.

The Cost of War.

A single battleship or large cruiser costs millions, and yet it may be entirely destroyed by a torpedo or by a few shots if they happen to hit the right places. Every new discovery, either in the way of new engines of warfare or of more deadly and dangerous explosives, makes war more costly. A dozen old ships of the line could be built and completely equipped for less than it costs to put a modern battleship into the water. A ton of gunpowder would not do as much damage as a few hundred pounds of melinite or any of the modern explosives.—Cleveland Leader.

PUNGENT PARAGRAPHS.

Merchant—"I want this ad, where everyone will see it." Solicitor—"We charge higher rates for space on the baseball page."—Baltimore World.

"I understand you made money in that stock deal." "Yes, I came out on top." "How did you manage it?" "Go' in on the ground floor."—Philadelphia Press.

Sunday School Teacher—"Now, Tommy, you may give your conception of 'the future state.'" Tommy—"Please, ma'am, it's a territory."—Philadelphia Record.

"Billinger is a little too capitious." "What's the matter with him?" "He prayed for rain and then grumbled because the water wasn't feed."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Mrs. Y—"Before we were married, you used to swear that you loved me." Mr. Y—"Well?" Mrs. Y—"Er—well—I think it's time you stopped swearing."—Philadelphia Bulletin.

"I don't understand your radical change of views. When you were studying for the ministry you were pronounced against eternal punishment." "Yes, but I wasn't married then."—Denver Times.

First Policeman—"Why is the street so blocked? Nobody told me about this procession. What is it?" Second Policeman—"It's the reporters of the city going to see a naval officer who won't talk."—Boston Transcript.

A Philosopher—Wife—"There's a burglar down in the cellar, Henry." Husband—"Well, my dear, we ought to be thankful that we are upstairs." Wife—"But he'll come up here." Husband—"Then we'll go down in the cellar, my dear. Surely a ten-room house ought to be big enough to hold three people without crowding."—Boston Traveler.

DISBANDING A GREAT ARMY.

Retirement of United States Troops That Served in the Philippine Islands.

An important event in the history of the United States was the sailing from Manila of the transport Kilpatrick with the 33 officers and the 1,013 men of the Fifty-third regiment, United States volunteer infantry, in time to enable the war department to carry out the provisions of the law which called for the mustering out of all volunteer troops by June 30, 1901. This was the last regiment to be disbanded, says the Philadelphia Saturday Evening Post.

By act of March 2, 1899, the army was reorganized on the basis of 65,000 enlisted men and 35,000 volunteers, volunteer service being for a term of two years and four months, or until July 1, 1901. There was no trouble in getting enough men. The enlistments showed what has been claimed by our sanest patriots, that when the nation needs help it can obtain all it wants for the asking. The American soldier is the best treated, the best paid, the best fed of any fighters the world has ever known. The consequence is a higher standard of intelligence, conduct and efficiency than in any other army. Whatever may be the fears of other peoples the United States is able to take care of itself, for it has been calculated by political economists that if necessity should arise this country could arm, equip and keep in the field 10,000,000 soldiers.

The volunteer force of 35,000, which is now no more, was nearly 10,000 larger than the whole American army before the outbreak of the war with Spain, and many of the men have enlisted in the regular establishment and will continue to serve their country for years to come. It is decidedly dangerous to make comparisons between volunteers and regulars, but there is glory enough for all. This was illustrated in the operations against Santiago from June 2 to July 17, 1898, for it was only three years ago when our men of the Fifth corps were winning the fight with Spain. The corps were 869 officers and 17,349 men, and the casualties in all the engagements numbered 1,658, of which 1,417 were among the 13,277 regulars and 271 among the 4,941 volunteers present for duty.

To Serve Watermelon.

Some hostesses are serving watermelon this season in fanciful designs. The melons have been on ice for several days, and are cut lengthwise in deep scallops or points, so that each section for a person looks like a small canoe. When the two halves have been deeply notched and placed side by side on a large hand-painted platter, with crushed ice filling the center, the melons have the appearance of huge flowers. Some young hosts are making a specialty (to please their wives) of ingeniously cutting the watermelons to represent the petals of orchids and various flowers. The hostess in that event had her table decorated with orchids or the blooms decored upon. Some persons make a good-sized incision in a large watermelon and pour therein a bottle of champagne. After the melon has been again on the ice for three hours the champagne is drained off and the flavor of the melon is delicious.—Cincinnati Enquirer.

Preserved String Beans.

The best time to do up string beans is in the latter part of October. Select young string beans, and, after freeing them of strings, wash and place them in a kettle of boiling water; cook five minutes; drain and fill the beans in glass jars. Then add to four quarts of boiling water two ounces of salt, and fill the jars to overflowing with this. Close and boil them in a kettle of water 25 minutes; take out the jars, open each one a minute; close quickly; return them to the kettle and cook 40 minutes longer.—Ledger Monthly.



DRESS PARADE.

Captain Great Toe, Corporal Little Toe, Baby courts his men. Five on one side, five on the other side, Five and five make ten! Up, up, Great Toe! Up, up, Little Toe! Baby laughs and crows. All the men come marching up, And over Baby goes! Two big captains, Two little corporals, With their whole brigade— For Baby's major general, And this is dress parade!—Bruce Baxter, in Youth's Companion.

HAS DOUBLE APPETITE.

How a Greedy Horse in Brooklyn, N. Y. Steals His Patient Comrade's Rations.

There is a clever post office horse in Brooklyn which for some time past has been getting double rations, and will probably continue to do so until the post office men discover his trick. From the substation at the corner of Ninth street and Fifth avenue are sent out a number of mail collecting carts through the surrounding districts. When the horses drawing these carts come in they are driven up in front of the station to stand until it is time for another collection. While thus standing they are fed. On the curb in front of each horse is placed a bag of oats. None of the horses are tied, for standing is a part of their business.

This is when the horse with a double appetite has his opportunity to perform a skillful maneuver at each meal. He waits until all the rations are distributed, then, paying no attention to his own allotment, he begins slowly to back. Slowly but surely he backs into the horse below him, which in turn pushes back further and further until in a few moments the clever horse in front who started the backward procession is standing in the place of his neighbor in the rear with his head in that animal's feedbag. Then he begins to eat ravenously, finishes his neighbor's oats as soon as possible and steps nimbly back to his own place, eats his own oats and settles contentedly for a stand-up nap with a well-fed air of placid innocence.

But the horse at the end of the line suffers. That is no affair of the clever inventor of the scheme, however.

DOG CAME TO GRIEF.

Tried to Bark Down a Turtle and Was Rewarded with a Grip He'll Never Forget.

Nick, our black-and-tan dog, we have owned a good many years, but the turtle, Old Ironclad, is a recent acquisition. The boys chipped in their pocket money and bought Old Ironclad "of a feller that must-a-wanted money mighty bad to sell that turtle for seven cents."

Nick knew nothing of his new playmate until the next morning after its



FIRST SIGHT OF IRONCLAD.

arrival. We let him out the back door, and what was his amazement to see a turtle taking his morning airing on the concrete walk. Was he, the terror of all the cats in the neighborhood, going to allow that hardshell the freedom of his backyard? I guess not?

He made a beeline for Old Ironclad, barking in a voice calculated to make the turtle run for its life or to scare it to death on the spot. Old Ironclad was not so easily frightened, however, and simply drew back into his shell and let Nick bark.

And that dog did bark! His hair fairly stood out straight, he was so angry. At the end of half an hour Nick was completely tired, and so hoarse he could hardly bark, but the shell was still lying in the same spot, the turtle cuddled up inside taking a nap.

Finally, Nick thought the situation over, and came to the conclusion that the turtle was either dead or else it was only an empty shell. Old Ironclad maintained his reserve until Nick, overcome by curiosity, jammed his nose against the forward part of the shell and began to sniff.

The pair came to some sort of an understanding at once, for Nick made a remark in a high key, and they started on a tour around the yard. Such inseparable friends as they had become! We tried to catch them and liberate Nick, but it was no use. At last Old Ironclad loosened his grip, and the dog was free, but who would recognize in this crestfallen creature the once domineering Nick?

Old Ironclad is monarch now, and trudges up and down the concrete walk with the air of a conqueror, while Nick dares not set foot in his own backyard. What has that dog to live for now?—Martha R. Fitch, in Chicago Record-Herald.

TOO MUCH FOR JIMMY.

Baltimore Newsboy Has an Experience with an Automobile Which He Will Never Forget.

A newsboy and an automobile created excitement the other afternoon at the corner of Calvert and Baltimore streets, Baltimore. For about three minutes the automobile did what the "newsies" describe as "circus stunts," the latter part of which was not participated in by the particular vendor of news who occasioned the whole affair. The result was a much-frightened boy, who disappeared at a rapid gait down Calvert street; a somewhat bruised and battered automobile and a smashed-up iron railing alongside the new bank building of Alexander Brown & Sons.

The owner of the automobile had brought it to a stop at the curb a little below the bank building. This feat had attracted the attention of a num-



JIMMY'S NARROW ESCAPE.

ber of newsboys, who became all the more interested when the owner jumped from the vehicle and disappeared into a building. All the fine points were admired, and presently whistles were heard, out of which could be distinguished the first muttering of coming trouble in the sentence: "You get in."

One bare-legged youth climbed into the automobile, and sitting on the upholstered cushions, was the envy of all others.

"Pull that there thing in front of you, Jimmy," said one hopeful, and, just to show that he was not afraid, "Jimmy" pulled the lever as far as he could. Then came the trouble. The automobile, a steam affair, had the power reversed, and after a few short puffs it was traveling backwards at a lively pace.

"Whoa!" yelled "Jimmy," but the automobile refused to whoa, but kept going faster and faster. Now the wheels had been turned, and the vehicle described a beautiful circle, and as it started on the second round "Jimmy" escaped by a leap over the dashboard. The automobile would have kept going round, perhaps, had not a yellow dog gotten in the path. The dog went down with a howl beneath the rubber-tired wheels and then the automobile deflected from its path, and, darting over a pile of rubbish, dashed upon the pavement, putting a number of interested spectators to flight. It stopped suddenly, having crashed into the iron railing at the side of the Brown building, breaking it partly down. The force of the contact threw the machine back, and it was preparing for another onslaught when a friend of the owner jumped in the vehicle and turned off the power.

CURIOUS COLLECTION.

Oliver Ryder, a Connecticut Youngster, Is the Proud Possessor of Thirty-Seven Rats.

Master Oliver Ryder, of Stamford, Conn., has a colony of 37 rats, all of them either white or black and white. The rats were a great surprise to Oliver's father and mother. He had asked if he might keep "his rats" in the empty henhouse, and, not dreaming that he could mean to keep more than two, or, at most, three, of the strange pets, they gave him permission without question, says the New York Tribune. But when, one day, in great triumph, Oliver led them into the yard, and, with the warning: "Shut the door, quick, or they'll get out!" allowed them to peep inside the once quiet henhouse, their astonishment knew no bounds. A family council was held and Oliver was forced to tell how his pets became so numerous. His object had been to raise the rats to sell at a few cents each. He had begun with only a pair of them, which he boarded among another boy's pets, because he knew how much his mother disliked them. But soon this other boy's mother refused to house the rats longer, and a third friend, who had also taken a boarder or two, was obliged to return them because he was going away. All the while the numbers had rapidly increased, and it grew harder to make the few sales pay for their board outside. So all the rats had suddenly come back on their owner's hands, and he had established them together in the henhouse. Oliver was at last allowed to keep his rats, but on one condition. If he neglects them or fails to give them their regular food and drink they must be taken away at once, and only constant care of the little animals on their owner's part will save them from immediate destruction.

Better Way to Put It.

Dwight L. Moody once offered to his Northfield pupils a prize of \$500 for the best thought. This took the prize; "Men grumble because God puts thorns with roses; wouldn't it be better to thank God that he puts roses with thorns?"

The Iron Port

BY THE IRON PORT COMPANY.
OFFICIAL PAPER OF ESCANABA AND DELTA COUNTIES.
Subscription Price, per Year, \$2.00
SATURDAY, Oct. 26, 1901.

A PUBLIC LIBRARY.

If Escanaba is really desirous of having a public library, other than the one of the public schools, why not apply to the state board of library commissioners for the establishment of one in this city? The first step necessary is a library spirit; or an appreciation of the educational necessity of a library. A petition should be circulated addressed to the city council and should request that immediate action be taken to establish a library. Afterward the council is persuaded to submit the question of levying a mill tax for the support of a library. Great benefits would result to the toiling masses who could obtain a liberal education. In a circular the state board emphasizes the advantages which will accrue to free public libraries organizing under the act of 1877. They may be registered with the state commission by complying with the following rules: All registered libraries must first be free to the public; the libraries must have a suitable custodian and be placed in a room properly provided with bookshelves and tables, and open at least two days in the week; a township library applying for registration must agree to use such fines as are provided in article 13, section 12 of the state constitution, exclusively for library purposes; a yearly report must be made to the state commission by the officers of registered libraries, blanks therefrom to be furnished by the commission. Registered libraries are entitled to receive from the commission advice and aid regarding the purchase, classifying and cataloguing of books. Catalogues of the state library will be placed in all registered libraries, and books may be borrowed from the state library for a limited time by patrons of the registered libraries.

STRANGE CURES.

Instances of unbounded faith in the efficacy of queer treatment of diseases do not seem to fall off in number or in oddity. One Western man says he was a martyr to the most agonizing form of chronic dyspepsia until he began the practice of taking a small quantity of fine, dry sand into his stomach every day. He insists that he is now completely cured of his malady. But many persons will be inclined to regard the swallowing of sand daily as almost as severe an infliction as dyspepsia.

In Colorado a citizen asserts that by going about constantly bareheaded he has relieved himself of chronic catarrh of the worst type, while a clergyman in West Virginia declares that by eating no solid food for forty days he has conquered entirely the besetting rheumatism which had tormented him for a dozen years. These are interesting cases. How would it do for some adventurous experimenter to try all three systems of treatment on himself at once—to go bareheaded all the time, to swallow sand every twenty-four hours, and to fast from solid food for forty days? What would the autopsy reveal? A constitutional disability, to tell the truth?

President Roosevelt has, upon many occasions, shown his independence and absolute disregard as to what people would say about him or his public and official acts, by doing the unexpected thing and at the unexpected time. He has now surprised all the country and brought down upon his head the wrath of all the southerners, particularly the southern democrats, by inviting Prof. Booker T. Washington to dine with him and his family at the White House.

Prof. Washington is the leading representative of his race in the country to-day; is an educated and refined gentleman, and has done and is doing great things to improve and uplift the colored people, yet the president is being severely criticised by many who want to pick flaws with his course, because he invited a negro to sit at his table with his family. It was, so far as is known, the first time a member of that race was ever a guest of the president at the White House table. It may be the last, but the whole circumstance was not so much a surprise to those who know Mr. Roosevelt.

A fashion note says that belts, gloves, and neckties of rattlesnake skin will be worn by women this fall. We knew the poor rattlesnake would come to it sooner or later. It was the only venom left that women did not wear. Think of a woman being arrayed in a seal skin sacque, ostrich feather hat, goat skin shoes, whalebone stays, kid skin gloves, horse hide belt, tortoise shells combs, fish scale trimmings, stuffed canarybirds, clam shell buttons, Spitz dog muff, mink tail collarettes, alligator hide purse, and now a rattlesnake tie. Solomon in all his glory was not such a menagerie as one of these.

Is wisdom justified of her children? It is now generally admitted that Uncle Sam made a shrewd bargain when he bought Alaska from the Czar of All the Russias. The annual production of gold alone is sufficient large to prove that the purchase was judicious. And yet our government was criticised severely for a time in certain quarters for the acquisition of that vast territory, and many a jester made merry over the annexation of a lot of icebergs, populated only by polar bears. So ran the jokes of that period. Does any intelligent American now regret the raising of our flag over the northwestern part of this continent?

A man, protesting he belongs to Chicago and that his name is Schultz, has been convicted at Lubli Russi Poland, for having a false passport under the name of Degachoff, and has been sentenced to four years penitentiary, and thereafter deportation to the Island of Sakhalien. Schultz avers he was born in New York in 1875 and is a son of Philip Schultz, who died in Chicago in 1895. He says he came to Russia by way of Germany and the embassy did not give him an American passport on account of defective proof of citizenship.

Candidates for congressional honors continue to bob up, notwithstanding the nominating convention is yet many moons away. The copper country seems to be furnishing more than its full quota of candidates, for, besides the present incumbent—who by the way seems the favorite at the hour of going to press—the names of C. A. Wright of Hancock, Robert H. Shields and Judge Norman W. Haire of Houghton are mentioned as having a large number of supporters for the congressional nomination.

North Carolina republicans are getting recruits by hundreds on the invitation to the farmer, mechanic, laborer, manufacturer and business men of the state to join with them in their efforts to maintain the present satisfactory business condition. And it is the same thing in all the states. The existing conditions are due to the republican party and to continue there is to keep the republican party in power.

Nerve to some is a good thing, but the request of the Chinese government that the entire diplomatic corps meet the Emperor and the Dowager Empress outside the walls of Peking and welcome them back to the city was a little too much of a good thing for the Chinese—under the circumstances.

Doubtless the many democratic candidates, local and national, whom Colonel Waterson has helped on their way "through a slaughter house to an open grave," will return the compliment when the Louisville editor makes his run for president.

More trouble for the democratic city government of Chicago. The city comptroller says that more than \$2,000,000 has disappeared from sinking fund, the money has been taken in violation of law to meet current expenses.

It is difficult to place some Southern democrats; they send Booker Washington to beg Federal appointments for them and then howl with rage because President Roosevelt treats him with consideration.

May the McKinley oak, planted during President Roosevelt's visit to Framington, Conn., flourish as long as the memory of William McKinley is cherished in the hearts of the American people, which means to the end of time.

The opening of the Pan-American Congress, in the city of Mexico, was an event of great importance to this continent, as well as a very pleasant occasion for those present.

The manufacturer of the story of an alleged plot to assassinate President Roosevelt, at the Yale University bicentennial celebration, is little, if any better than an assassin.

Mayor Bissell will have to deviate considerably from his present progressive course if he expects to retire to private life next spring.

THE CIRCUIT COURT

Number of Cases, Both Criminal and Civil, are Continued.

REDDY MOORE SKIPS BAIL.

Pioneer Fuel Company is Compelled to Pay Taxes on Coal on Dock at Gladstone-Other Cases Disposed of.

The October term of the circuit court for Delta county convened at the court house in this city Monday morning, the Hon. John W. Stone presiding. Although the calendar was in uncommonly large one, the continuing of several cases and the dismissal or settlement of others shortened what would otherwise have been a lengthy term. The criminal actions against Geo. E. Merrill of Rapid River; Joseph Ladue of this city, and Andrew Peterson of Fayette, charged with embezzlement, obtaining money under false pretenses, and selling liquor without license, respectively, were continued to the January term. Thos. Moore, who is charged with obtaining credits under false pretenses, the complainant being John Gorman, from whom board to the sum of \$550 was obtained, did not respond when called by the court and his bondsman will probably have to settle the amount of bail, \$500. The case against Henry Kaufman, charged with assault with intent to do great bodily harm less than the crime of murder, was settled out of court. David and Archie Lancour of Masonville township pleaded guilty to the charge of violating the liquor law and were fined \$50 each.

The case of Andrew John Johnson vs. The Pittsburg & Lake Superior Iron Co., assumptit, was continued by consent. The non-jury case of Ira J. Jennings as trustee, plaintiff and appellee vs. James Nolan, defendant and appellant, assumptit, was changed to a case of trial by jury and the plaintiff submitted to a non-suit.

Edward Gigure, charged with assault with intent to do great bodily harm, was convicted of assault and battery, but has not been sentenced. Gigure lives in Gladstone, and shot a man in the leg.

The case of D. H. Ball against L. Van Winkle, ejectment, was settled. In the case of Ole Gunderson vs. John L. Johnson, assumptit, the plea was withdrawn and judgment entered for plaintiff, giving him \$617.38 and costs of \$20.

The jury in the case of Charles Cota vs. John Rowe, principal defendant, and Ole Erickson and Murray K. Bissell, garnishee defendants, an action for garnishment, brought in a verdict in favor of the plaintiff, awarding him a judgement in the sum of \$378.45.

In the replevin case of The Pioneer Fuel Co. vs. John Malloy as marshal of the city of Gladstone, the verdict was in favor of the defendant and authorizes the city of Gladstone to collect from the plaintiff the sum of \$1,046.06 for taxes.

Resolutions of Respect.

Whereas, It has pleased our Divine Creator to call from our midst the beloved wife of Brother Otto Nyquist, therefore be it

Resolved, That we, the members of Delta Division, No. 86, O. R. C. extend our heartfelt sympathy to the husband and children who by her death have been deprived of a loving and faithful wife and devoted and affectionate mother.

Resolved, That a copy of these resolutions be printed in the three city papers.

S. J. MURPHEY,
W. E. RODGERS,
F. E. RILEY, Com.

Schoolcraft Praises Delta.

From the Manitowish Pioneer-Tribune we clip the following: "While at Garden this week the writer was presented with a monster apple, by the firm of Discé & Bourdreaux. The apple weighs a fraction less than a pound and doesn't have a blemish of any kind. Of course the apple is a sample of the capabilities of Delta county soil."

No Quorum Present.

The common council held no meeting Tuesday night, to which date it adjourned the regular semi-monthly session, the cause being the absence of a quorum. Another adjournment was taken, however, to Thursday night, the official proceedings of which are published elsewhere.

There are twenty patients at the county hospital.

LEGAL NOTICES.

NOTICE.—Sealed proposals will be received by the Common Council of the City of Escanaba for the construction of sewers in the following streets and alleys in the City of Escanaba.

In the alleys between Charlotte and Mary streets, Mary and Jennie streets and Jennie and Fannie streets from Twenty street north to Hale street. In Twenty street from the intersection of the alley between Jennie and Fannie streets, east to a point where the alley between Charlotte and Mary streets intersects said Twenty street, and in Hale street from the point of the intersection of the alley between Fannie and Jennie streets, east to Charlotte street; also in the alleys between First and Second streets in Campbell's addition to the City of Escanaba, from Bay street west to Mary street, and in Mary street north to First street in First street east to a point where the alley between Mary and Charlotte streets intersects said First street in block three (3) of said Campbell's addition, thence north in said alley to block three (3) of Proprietor's second addition to the city of Escanaba, thence across said block to the center of Twenty street to a point where said sewer will intersect with the sewer above mentioned in Twenty street, according to the plan and specifications now on file in the office of the city clerk. Each proposal should be accompanied by a certified check for one hundred dollars (\$100) payable to the City of Escanaba and should be addressed to H. J. Robertson, city clerk, and plainly marked upon the outside of envelope "Proposal for Sewer Contract."

Time for receiving said proposal will expire at 8 o'clock in the afternoon of the 31st day of November 1901.

The city reserves the right to reject any and all proposals.

H. J. ROBERTSON,
City Clerk.

First publication Oct. 26, last Nov. 9, 1901.

SUITS OF MICHIGAN IN CHANCERY.

Nancy J. Swartz, complainant vs. August Swartz, defendant.

Suit pending in the circuit court for the County of Delta, in Chancery, at the City of Escanaba, in said county, on the 16th day of October, 1901.

In this case it appearing that defendant, August Swartz, is not a resident of this state, but resides at Niagara, Marinette County, Wisconsin, therefore, on motion of Comptroller & Yealand, solicitor for complainant, it is ordered that defendant enter his appearance in said cause on or before four months from the date of this order, and that within twenty days the complainant cause this order to be published in the "Iron Port" a newspaper published and circulated in said county, said publication to be continued once in each week for six weeks in suspension.

JOHN W. STONE,
Comptroller & Yealand, Circuit Judge Solicitors for Complainant.

First publication Oct. 19, 1901, last Nov. 9, 1901.

ORDER OF HEARING FOR GENERAL PURPOSES.—State of Michigan, County of Delta.

At a session of the Probate Court for said County, held at the Probate office in the city of Escanaba on the fourteenth day of October in the year one thousand nine hundred and one.

Present, Hon. Thomas B. White, Judge of Probate.

In the matter of the estate of Mary Coan, deceased.

On reading and filing the petition, duly verified, of John Coan, the husband, praying that administration of said estate may be granted to him or some other suitable person.

Thereupon it is ordered, that Monday the eleventh day of November next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, be assigned for the hearing of said petition, and that the heirs at law of said deceased and all other persons interested in said estate, are required to appear at a session of said court, then to be held in the Probate office, in the city of Escanaba and show cause, if any there be, why the prayer of the petitioner should not be granted.

And it is further ordered, that said petitioner give notice to the persons interested in said estate, of the pendency of said petition, and the hearing thereof, by causing a copy of this order to be published in the "Iron Port," a newspaper printed and circulated in said County, three successive weeks previous to said day of hearing.

Seal.

T. B. WHITE,
Judge of Probate.

First publication Oct. 19, 1901, last Nov. 9, 1901.

ORDER OF HEARING FOR GENERAL PURPOSES.—State of Michigan, County of Delta.

At a session of the Probate Court for said County, held at the Probate office in the city of Escanaba, on the eighteenth day of October the year one thousand nine hundred and one.

Present, Hon. Thomas B. White, Judge of Probate.

In the matter of the estate of Joseph Boudre, deceased.

On reading and filing the petition duly verified, of Edward Disco, a creditor, praying that administration of said estate may be granted to him or some other suitable person.

Thereupon it is ordered that Monday, the eleventh day of November next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, be assigned for the hearing of said petition and that the heirs at law of said deceased, and all other persons interested in said estate, are required to appear at a session of said court, then to be held in the Probate office, in the city of Escanaba, and show cause, if any there be, why the prayer of the petitioner should not be granted.

And it is further ordered, that said petitioner give notice to the persons interested in said estate of the pendency of said petition and the hearing thereof, by causing a copy of this order to be published in the "Iron Port," a newspaper printed and circulated in said county three successive weeks previous to said day of hearing.

Seal.

T. B. WHITE,
Judge of Probate.

First publication Oct. 19, last Nov. 9, 1901.

PROBATE ORDER OF HEARING.—State of Michigan, County of Delta.

At a session of the probate court for the county of Delta, holden at the Probate office in the city of Escanaba, on Monday, the fourteenth day of October, in the year one thousand nine hundred and one.

Present, Hon. Thomas B. White, Judge of probate.

In the matter of the estate of Susan Stonehouse, deceased.

On reading and filing the petition duly verified of Edward Stonehouse, executor, praying that he may be authorized to sell certain real estate described in said petition for the purpose of paying legacies and expenses of administration.

Thereupon it is ordered, that Monday, the eleventh day of November, A. D. 1901, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, be assigned for the hearing of said petition, and that the legatees and heirs-at-law of said deceased and all other persons interested in said estate, are required to appear at a session of said court then to be holden in the Probate office, in the city of Escanaba, and show cause, if any there be, why the prayer of the petitioner should not be granted.

And it is further ordered, that said petitioner give notice to the persons interested in said estate of the pendency of said petition and the hearing thereof, by causing a copy of this order to be published in the "Iron Port," a newspaper printed and circulated in county of Delta, for three successive weeks previous to said day of hearing.

T. B. WHITE, Judge of Probate.

PROBATE NOTICE FOR HEARING CLAIMS BEFORE COURT.—State of Michigan, County of Delta.

Notice is hereby given, that by an order of the Probate Court of the County of Delta, made on the twenty-third day of September, A. D. 1901, six months from that date were allowed for creditors to present their claims against the estate of Patrick Flynn, late of said county, deceased, and that all creditors of said deceased are required to present their claims to said Probate Court, at the Probate office, in the city of Escanaba, for examination and allowance, on or before the twenty-fourth day of March, A. D. 1902, and that such claims will be heard before said court on Monday the sixth day of January, A. D. 1902, and on Tuesday the twenty-fifth day of March, A. D. 1902, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of each of those days.

Dated September 23, A. D. 1901.

T. B. WHITE,
Judge of Probate.

First Publication October 19, 1901, last Nov. 9, 1901.

PROBATE NOTICE FOR HEARING CLAIMS BEFORE COURT.—State of Michigan, County of Delta.

Notice is hereby given, that by an order of the Probate Court for the County of Delta, made on the fourteenth day of October, A. D. 1901, six months from that date were allowed for creditors to present their claims against the estate of Andrew Gustafson, late of said County, deceased, and that all creditors of said deceased are required to present their claims to said Probate Court, at the Probate office in the city of Escanaba, for examination and allowance, on or before the fifteenth day of April, A. D. 1902, and that such claims will be heard before said court, on Monday, the third day of February, A. D. 1902, and on Wednesday, the sixteenth day of April, A. D. 1902, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of each of those days.

Dated October 14, A. D. 1901.

T. B. WHITE,
Judge of Probate.

First publication October 19, last Nov. 9, 1901.

PROBATE NOTICE FOR HEARING CLAIMS BEFORE COURT.—State of Michigan, County of Delta.

Notice is hereby given, that by an order of the Probate Court for the County of Delta, made on the fourteenth day of October, A. D. 1901, six months from that date were allowed for creditors to present their claims against the estate of Frank E. Benway, late of said County, deceased, and that all creditors of said deceased are required to present their claims to said Probate Court, at the Probate office, in the city of Escanaba, for examination and allowance, on or before the fifteenth day of April, A. D. 1902, and that such claims will be heard before said court, on

LEGAL NOTICES.

Monday, the third day of February, A. D. 1902, and on Wednesday, the sixteenth day of April, A. D. 1902, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of each of those days.

Dated, October 14, A. D. 1901.

T. B. WHITE,
Judge of Probate.

DR. J. C. BROOKS,
Physician, Surgeon, Pharmacist
RAPID RIVER, DELTA CO., MICH.

DR. H. L. LONG,
Physician and Surgeon.
Special attention given diseases of the eye, including fitting eye-glasses.
Residence New Ludington hotel, Office 110 South Georgia street.

ESCANABA, MICHIGAN.

O. E. YOUNGQUIST, M. D.,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,
Office 110 South Georgia street.

Office Hours: 9 to 12 a. m. 4 to 7 p. m.

HAROLD W. BANKS, M. D.,
Physician and Surgeon,
Office 614 Ludington St., Residence 208 S. Georgia St. Hours: 10 to 11 a. m. and 2 to 4 and 7 to 8 p. m.

Phones—Finch and Bell. Escanaba, Mich.

ANDREW NELSON, M. D.,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.

Office and residence 110 Ludington St., over city drug store. Hours: 10 to 12 a. m., 2 to 4 p. m. and 7 to 8 p. m. Residence North Mary street.

THE FINCH PHONE.

FINCH

Is the man who made the telephone famous

By bringing prices down to a figure where all may enjoy its privileges in business places or homes. In view of his exertions in their behalf patrons of the telephone should have a

FINCH

Phone. This exchange now has in actual use 378 instruments, reaching a greater number of people than any other system. This in another reason why you should have a

FINCH

Who, a few years ago, would have thought that so great an enterprise would result from so small a beginning, but the old truism that "oaks from acorns grow" has been exemplified. Then professing wisecracks predicted that

FINCH

Could not attain such remarkable success and provide 'phones a such a "ridiculously low price," but that his theory was not at fault has been fully demonstrated, and to-day

FINCH

has one of the largest and best equipped exchanges in the peninsula, answering more than a thousand calls every day in the year. And the end is not yet. New orders come in every day. Get in line and order a

FINCH

Phone by applying at the Exchange or calling up No. 118, which will be promptly answered by "the old man"

FINCH

HARDWARE

E. OLSON'S

Big Hardware Store

CONTAINS JUST WHAT YOU WANT IN THE WAY OF

- Stoves, Hardware,
- Guns, Ammunition,
- Paints, Oils, Windows,
- Doors and Glass,
- Farming Implements,
- Cutlery or Shelf Hardware
- Plumbing a Specialty.

E. OLSON,
1108 LUDINGTON ST., - ESCANABA, MICH

FANCY GROCERIES.



WE CARRY THE BEST GROCERIES

to be found in this section. Every cent expended here will prove to be well spent. Quality is the mainstay of our business. We never let that deteriorate. Prices may vary with the market's fluctuations, but our customers get the benefit of the best deals we can make. Our prices should tickle your pocket.

JOHN GROSS,

Cor. Charlotte and Hale Sts.

PHOTOGRAPHER.



The Wixson Gallery

Opposite the Catholic School, Escanaba,

Is the place to get Finest Pictures at lowest prices. All the newest styles from the

Smallest Button Photos

To the Largest Portraits.

Matts, Frames and other Picture Goods.

WIXSON & ROBB,

THE ARTISTS

FLOUR AND FEED.

Ceresota Flour.



The very best on the market, sold only by

C. Maloney & Co.

1203 LUDINGTON ST.,

Flour, Hay and Grain.

Ring up on Either 'Phone.

PLUMBING, ETC.

GEO. HOGAN,

1211 Ludington St.

PLUMBING, HEATING,

Pumps and

Pump Repairing.

ALL WORK GUARANTEED.

Estimates Cheerfully Furnished.

1211 Ludington St.

FINCH PHONE.

Social and Personal

Mr. Hugh Early and Miss Mary Gallagher were united in marriage at St. Joseph's church Wednesday morning, Rev. Fr. Langan performing the ceremony. Miss Grace Gallagher and Mr. Michael Early acted as bridesmaid and groomsmen, respectively. A reception was held at the home of the bride's parents at 300 Charlotte street in the evening, and the numerous friends of the well known young couple assembled to offer congratulations.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Henke of Gladstone have been in the city a portion of this week, guests of Mrs. Honke's parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Rutherford of Sarah street.

Miss Ida Olson entertained a party of young friends at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Peter Olson, of 1109 Ludington street, last Friday evening.

Mrs. Shann, who has been visiting friends in the city during the month, returned to her home at Ishpeming on Wednesday, accompanied by Mrs. R. D. Ewing.

Miss Anna Fisher, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Jno. Fisher, underwent a surgical operation at Green Bay this week for an abscess of the spine. Jerry Madden, of The Jerry Madden Shingle company of Rapid River, transacted business in this city Wednesday.

Mrs. M. A. Cates, mother of Lew. A. Cates, has returned from an extended visit with relatives in Iowa.

Miss Emily Kornetzke has returned to this city after a lengthy visit with her parents at Marinette.

The engagement of B. D. Vincent of Lake City and Miss Annie Cool of Ford River is announced.

Twenty-five young friends of Miss Celia Roemer tendered her a surprise Tuesday evening.

Archie Naugle has this week entertained his brother, E. Naugle of La Grange, Illinois.

Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Barabe returned Monday from a trip to Chicago.

Mrs. J. A. Burns returned on Sunday from a visit at Fond du Lac.

Rev. F. W. Greene has been at Elk Rapids this week.

Mrs. J. J. Corcoran visited Menominee this week.

A dance and supper will be given at the homes of William and Peter

Blake at Ford River Switch tonight for the benefit of the Schaefer Catholic church. Supper and refreshments will be served at the home of the former, while the "merry whirl" will be at the home of the latter, adjoining. A number from this city will attend.

Ben Bergersen arrived in Escanaba Wednesday from Sweden, where he has been during the past year.

Miss Annie Miller of the Finch Exchange is visiting her parents at Pardeeville, Wisconsin.

A marriage license has been issued to Charles Kirk and Miss Elda Neveaux of Rapid River.

The Woman's Club will meet with Mrs. C. A. Cram on Elm street this afternoon.

Capt. J. P. McCauley was in this port on Wednesday with the Allie E. Shipman.

Jos. Madden of Houghton county has taken a position as clerk at The Oliver.

Andy Burroughs and wife of Gladstone, were in the city on Tuesday.

H. E. Pfeifer of Rapid River was an Escanaba visitor on Monday.

Mrs. M. M. Aird of Depere visited friends here this week.

T. J. Dunn spent Sunday in Marinette.

Supt. R. D. Ewing, Ned. Begle, P. L. Pool and the Misses Chandler, Norris, Van Gunten and Gervin attended the annual meeting of the Upper Peninsula Educational association at Hancock this week.

Geo. Smith, who has been at Cedar River the past two years, has accepted a position with The I. Stephenson company at Wells.

Nick Debeck, who is running a passenger up north, spent a portion of the week at his home in this city.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. Geo. E. Merrill of Rapid River, on Saturday night, a daughter.

Mr. and Mrs. F. H. Atkins left Monday morning for a few days visit in Chicago.

Clayton Voorhis of Gladstone, attended the circuit court here this week.

Mr. and Mrs. John K. Stack were in Chicago this week.

Rev. J. S. Jewell of Gladstone of-

ficiated at the morning service at the Presbyterian church last Sunday, Rev. Alexander Urquhart, the pastor, being ill.

The Woman's Club of Escanaba, organized in September 1894, has completed its study subjects for the ensuing year, Bay View course on Italy, Greece and Switzerland. This afternoon the Club will meet with Mrs. C. A. Cram on Elm street, at which time the following program will be rendered: Mrs. Stella Rolph acting as leader: "Italian Events, Wall map study of Modern Italy, Mrs. Rolph; Reading ancient Roman Religion—Roman Mythology, Mrs. B. Andrews; A National Hymn, Miss Marian Selden.

Mr. and Mrs. Peter Lemmer and Mr. and Mrs. Aug. Olinger will go to Winona, Minn., tomorrow night, there to attend the wedding of John Lemmer.

Chas. F. Juttner of Powers was in Escanaba on Saturday, ostensibly to attend the football game.

The "Jolliest Members in Town" will give a dancing party at North Star hall tonight.

F. H. Van Cleve is at West Baden, Indiana.

J. P. McColl has returned from Battle Creek greatly improved in health.

Mrs. C. J. Stratton, who has lived at the Soo for some time past, will spend the winter at her old home in Bay de Noc township.

Miss Bridget and Julia Boyle returned, on Sunday, from a visit to relatives at St. James.

F. E. Booth of South Haven, Michigan, visited relatives in the city this week. He is on his way home from Yellowstone Park, where he spent the summer for the benefit of his health.

Miss Mary Connahan has gone to Manitowoc for a short visit, after which she will go to Chicago for the winter.

Mr. Farnsworth of Chicago was a guest in the family of John Semer this week.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Farnsworth of Nahma were in the city Thursday.

J. C. Kirkpatrick and J. E. Reinger attended the Cedarmen's meeting at Marinette this week.

James Blake returned on Thursday

from a land-looking expedition in the woods, and reports the swamps full of water and the rivers and creeks unusually high.

On Wednesday afternoon Mrs. Harry Peters very delightfully entertained thirty ladies at pedro. Mrs. C. C. Royce won the prize, it being a handsome Battenberg centre piece. In the evening twenty more guests partook of the kind hospitality of Mr. and Mrs. Peters. Mr. Rathfon was awarded first prize, a book; Mrs. Bert Ellsworth, second prize, a bon bon dish. Music was dispersed during refreshments, which was much enjoyed by all, and it was 1 o'clock before the last guest bade their host and hostess adieu.

Steve Murphy, who for many years past has been conductor of the afternoon passenger train on the Crystal Falls-Powers run, has been transferred to the main line route, running between Green Bay, Escanaba, and Watersmeet. The afternoon Crystal Falls train is now temporarily in charge of Conductor McCourt, but the run will be permanently taken by Dan Gallagher as soon as he sufficiently recovers from his recent accident.

George Jubain left this morning for Kansas City, Mo., where he will attend the nuptials of his brother, Chas. E. Jubain, which will occur on Tuesday next. George Jubain left Escanaba about six years ago, and now has a splendid position with the Missouri Pacific road.

A marriage license has been issued to Henry Waterman of this city, and Kattie Kingston of Mountain, Wis.

Rev. Fr. Mesnard returned yesterday from Kankakee, Ill., where he spent several days.

Miss Lottie Donovan entertained a company of young friends at dinner Thursday evening.

Mr. Barabe went to Menominee today to act as referee.

Robert Holliday, formerly of this city, now engaged in the grocery business at Florence, was married to Miss Weber of that place last week.

Rev. Anthony Lind, pastor of the Swedish Methodist church, was very pleasantly "surprised" by a number of his parishioners last Saturday evening.

H. P. Lucas has spent the week at Chicago and Buffalo.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Carney of Marinette spent Sunday with Mrs. Carney's parents, Mr. and Mrs. D. H. Carroll of Ludington street.

Edward Yockey, now a prosperous attorney in Milwaukee, spent Sunday



Makes Hot Breads Wholesome

Makes delicious hot biscuit, griddle cakes, rolls, and muffins.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 100 WILLIAM ST. NEW YORK.

with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Yockey of Campbell street.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank E. Buell left on Tuesday for Green Bay, where Mr. Buell has a position in the yards of the Chicago & Northwestern company.

Last Saturday evening they were tendered a farewell reception by Escanaba Lodge, No. 118, I. O. O. F., at the lodge rooms, more than seventy-five members of the order being present. Mr. and Mrs. Buell were presented with a handsome rocking-chair as a token of the esteem in which they are held by the Odd-fellows and Rebekahs.

Miss Margaret Kilian visited friends at Marinette this week.

J. J. Sinclair of Marquette spent Sunday with Escanaba friends.

Joel Lucia of Ogontz Sundayed with Mr. and Mrs. E. Hofmann of Wolcott street.

Mr. and Mrs. B. Salinsky entertained Ben. Silverman of Marinette last week.

Mrs. Harry Peters entertained her lady friends at progressive pedro Wednesday afternoon.

Sold His Hotel. Richard Perron has sold the Metropolitan Hotel on West Ludington street to his brother, Joseph Perron.

On January 1st Richard Perron will qualify as under sheriff, succeeding F. M. Olmsted, who will on that date become superintendent of the county hospital and poor farm.

An Ornamental Fuel Saver. Burton's Fuel Economizer is being universally adopted to prevent the usual waste of heat up the chimney and force it to radiate into the room. It increases the heat in the room where the stove is located, and heats one or two additional rooms without additional stoves or labor. It soon saves its cost, \$4.50 or \$5.00, by the reduced amount of fuel used. It is substituted for the second length of stove-pipe above the stove, or used in any room through which the stove-pipe passes. Furnished by all stove and hardware dealers; manufactured by W. J. Burton & Co., 168-170 W. Larned St., Detroit, Mich.

Circuit Court for 1902. The Hon. John W. Stone has appointed the dates for holding the several terms of the Circuit Court for the year 1902-3 for Delta county as follows: January 6; April 14; July 21; October 20.

Experienced young man wants position as cook in hotel, restaurant or otherwise. Apply at this office.

"ONE PRICE" Sellers of Good Goods.

RATHFON BROTHERS.

Masonic Block, Escanaba, Mich.

Don't look for better clothes than we carry. You can't find 'em. We have an H. S. & M. Suit ready for you. Satisfaction guaranteed.

We fit your Pocketbook as well as Your Back.



Hart, Schaffner & Marx Tailor Made Clothes

Special Sale of Men's Suits for next week

Made of pure wool, Cheviots, fancy Cassimeres in brown, green and olive, cut in Military and other styles, lined with durable double warped serge, our special low price each..... **10.00**

Extra Special sale in Men's Fine Suits, swell tailor-made garments, gray, black, brown, blue and olive, cut in military and other styles, lined with durable double warped serge, sale price..... **15.00**

Boys' Fall and Winter Wear. Hundreds of Suits, Overcoats and Reefers for boys and children from 3 to 20 years old, beautiful patterns, nice colorings, wonderful variety.

Youth's Suits. Ages 13 to 20, variety of styles, double and single breasted suits, choicest patterns in all the fabrics and coll'rs **6.50 TO 20.00**

Children's Suits. 3-piece suits dandy Norfolk new and nobby, extra sale next week, price..... **2.00 TO 10**

Children's Russian Overcoats from 3 to 8 choice new line, plain and fancy coll'rs, full and long **3.50 TO 8.00**

Boy's Russian Vests—Just call and allow us to put one on your boy, nothing like them for comfort, 8 to 14 at.... **1.00**

Boy's worsted sweaters, fancy, striped or plain each..... **.75 TO 1.50**

Boy's hygiene fleeces lined Underwear, all sizes at..... **.50**

Canvas Gloves, 3 pair **25c**

Boy's and Children's Caps, special **25, 50, 75, 1.00.**

Boy's Gloves and Mittens, **25, 50c.**



We have the Jersey Overshirt, that made A.C. Staley Mfg. Co. famous, and their fall line of Underwear. Nothing better in the world, at the same price that you pay for inferior Garments.

DONT SCOLD THE BOY! FOR HAVING HOLES IN HIS STOCKINGS. BUY HOME-MADE STOCKINGS ARE KNIT OF THE BEST WORSTED. STAND ALL KINDS OF WEAR-TEAR. WILL SAVE DARNING AND GIVE PERFECT SATISFACTION IF THEY BEAR THIS TRADE MARK. We have 'em 50 cents up. Always the Best.

The Ryton Overcoat

A style made only by Hart, Schaffner & Marx, are the swellest thing in town.

Better try one on here, you can't do better in style or price. Olive, blue and Oxford satin sleeve lining, special price..... **14 TO 20**

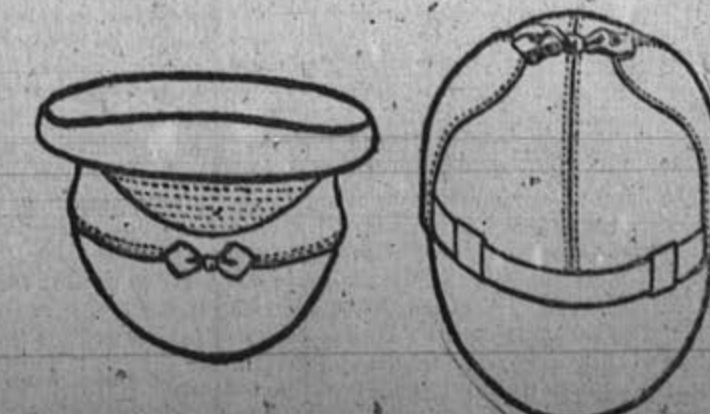
Varsity Overcoats, Broad shoulders, the flare to the skirt, Caledonian coatings, new shades, Oxford, brown and olive, special..... **14 TO 18**

Special Box Overcoat, assortment in every line at..... **13.50**

Merchant Tailoring

Our Mr Frank White has charge of this department, and for Satorial art and Workmanship, he can not be equaled.

Prices to fit your pocketbook **25 TO 40**



For fall and winter, all made from the best of materials, silk lined, new styles, nobby shapes, special price from..... **25 TO 2.50**



Hart, Schaffner & Marx Tailor Made Clothes



Black Cat Brand Chicago-Rockford Hosiery Company Kenosha, Wis.

Wool and Cotton 25c

The Minister's Rescue

By Ethel M. Colson.

"THE Little Minister" everybody on board the *Lucretia* called him inevitably; he was so very little and so obviously a minister. And everybody, before the *Lucretia* was three days out from Liverpool, was gossiping about the little minister's devotion to one of the women passengers—the woman with darkened eyebrows and hair a thought too golden. Everybody would have gossiped still more had everybody heard and understood the whispered words which aroused the curiosity and wonder of the head stewardess on the evening when the little minister set everybody agog by escorting the yellow-haired woman down to the very door of her state-room.

"Courage! Courage! Do not despair!" was the half-comprehended ejaculation with which he bade her adieu.

And everybody, again, would have been nearly frantic with excitement had the manner in which the two became acquainted been publicly known.

The yellow-haired woman was leaning over the rail of the promenade deck, well forward, upon the second day of the voyage, when the little minister, who had been watching her keenly from his unobserved seat behind a music room porthole, strolled easily to her side.

"I wouldn't! Don't think of it," he said, softly. "It really wouldn't be worth while. Pluck up heart and take courage. Your present sorrow will be over in a lifetime, anyway; you'll be sorry for all eternity if you jump overboard, poor child."

"Why do you speak to me like this?" cried the woman, turning wide, desperate eyes on his kindly face.

"Because I, too, have been very close to despair," he made gentle answer, "and, perhaps, with far less reason than you have. I have known despair for my own sins rather than the sins of others. You have sinned, also doubtless, but you have been sinned against as well."

For a moment the woman looked as though she would kill him. Then, suddenly, she laid her weary head down on the rail, and he could feel, rather than see, that she was sobbing. Presently she stepped a little nearer, and, affecting to be deeply interested in the tossing water, spoke to her again, in a very low tone.

"Don't give way here—and now," he exhorted, tenderly. "Others are watching us; you don't want to attract attention. Bear up a little longer; you have been silent so long, I am sure. Let them think you are ill—it is only natural. Steward!" to the blue-jacketed functionary of the lower deck, "some hot beef-tee for this lady, immediately."

"Let me give you my arm to the upper deck," he suggested, when the beef-tee having been absorbed in a sheltered corner, the task of screening her from the inquisitive glances of casual deck-strollers became a little difficult. And there on the upper deck—which was altogether too exposed and too windy to be anything but deserted—the yellow-haired woman related her story. She was moved thereto partly by the knowledge of his cloth and his fatherly manner, partly because she looked through the clergyman, and saw that he was a man and a gentleman as well; more than all, perhaps, because she had reached the point where she could no longer contain the guilt-burdened misery from which a womanly listener might have shrunk with repellant disgust.

It was a pitiful story, more pitiful, even, than the teller of it realized. A desolate child, fatherless, motherless, she had never known a real home or affection. Tossed and buffeted from one unwilling, unloving relative to another, she had flouted them all, at 18, to fall in love with a man many years her senior, and who had never borne a good name. She had gone through the preliminary punishment of the lost in order to be true to him, in his absence. When, a year after he had bidden her good-by until "I can come back and marry you," he had sent her money and directions to cross the ocean and become his wife in Liverpool, she had sacrificed her all, deeming it no sacrifice, but a joyous privilege, to obey him. Two years later, inflamed with the fire of a new passion, he had offered her a goodly sum of money to sign an agreement protecting him from any future demands or embarrassments, and leaving him free to marry the woman of his later choice as he had promised—untruthfully—to marry her.

Stung to the quick of the sensitive nature which had lately known love for the first time, all but maddened, desperate, she had left him—but without taking the money. Now, another year later, she was using the proceeds of 12 months of hard work and semi-disipation to go back to America. The slow passing of the long 14-days' voyage, desirable for financial reasons, had left her time for the bitter thinking and forecasting so long deferred. The *Giant Despair* had her fast in his iron, relentless clutches when the little minister had interfered.

He heard her through in silence—the sympathetic, comprehensive silence so rich in balm and cheer. He, too, had been lonely; he was returning now from the journey undertaken to bid his last living relative a long good-by. His was a nature, also, which, while it could never know real wickedness, suffered much because of fancied sins against God and man. Since the fancy, as now happened,

taught him great sympathy and skill in dealing with other—and greater—sinners it was not, perhaps, without its uses. The yellow-haired woman realized the supposed and actual character of the fancy intuitively; but the knowledge that he believed himself a sore sinner was as indefinitely comforting as his wise silence.

Day after day the little minister cheered, strengthened and encouraged her, heroically regardless of the meaning glances cast toward them by women whose hair was not yellow, and by men who considered facetious speeches concerning flirtations parsons and the latitude of the cloth; day after day he induced her to postpone further compact with the *Giant Despair* at least until she had made effort a little longer. And all went well until the afternoon when he was powerless to fight the recurring battle with her because of the determined obstinateness and questioning of the ascetic maiden lady who wanted his views upon the Athanasian creed question—and also to talk about the yellow-haired woman. The little minister, whose gentlemanly instinct never allowed him to discuss one woman with another, found anxiety dispossessing his patient and polite boredom as he noticed that the yellow-haired woman was leaning through instead of over the rail. But before he could carry out his swiftly formed resolution to go to her immediately there was the flash of a falling figure, a sudden commotion—and he realized that the long-dreaded circumstance had come to pass.

He was in the water almost as soon as she was. Three other men made themselves ready, but were a trifle slower, for various reasons. Before they reached the rail the little minister had caught hold of the yellow-haired woman—who struggled and fought him wildly.

"Don't save me," she gasped, moaningly. "I can't help struggling, but I don't want to be saved. Please, please let me drown!"

For all answer he slipped a hand under the little, round, delicate chin which told such a clear story of the weakness which loves and finds it hard to resist temptation, pushed her at arms-length from him, and swam as strongly as he might until a rope came to him over the stern of the ship. First she was drawn on board safely, then he followed and was hurried downstairs for brandy and hard rubbing. Almost before the two combined brought warmth and vitality back to the limbs which were so insignificantly weak and unfitted to contain the mighty spirit which upheld them a message came to his state-room. The yellow-haired woman hoped he had not been injured in coming to her rescue; she would like to see him to say "Thank you," whenever he should feel inclined to leave his berth. She herself had been commanded by the surgeon to remain motionless for some hours.

When the aisles and state-rooms had been emptied by the dinner-gong the little minister traversed the former and stood at the side of the yellow-haired woman—pathetically weak and young-looking in her physical weakness and spiritual abasement. At sight of him she broke into sobbing, regardless of the now sympathetic stewardess, who considerably slipped from the room.

"Why did you save me?" she asked him, still weeping. "You knew I wanted to die. I want to die now, as God hears me, although I have learned this evening just how sweet it would be to go on living—if one only had a chance to start over."

And then it was that the soul of the man and the gentleman stood up in the eyes of the preacher, and the divine instinct which had healed so many sins and sorrows failed not the little minister, even though the remedy required was unusual.

"I, too, learned something 'while down in the water,'" he said, with the hesitating precision of one who recites a lesson but hastily learned. "I learned that my life will never be quite perfect, never quite what it should be, unless you consent to become part of it, my—my dear. Will you?"—his manner as reverential as though she had been the most conventional of conventional "good women."—"honor me by promising to become my wife?"

The hope and the wonder which flashed out in her face transformed and transfigured it; but the glory died out a moment later.

"You are only saying this for charity's sake, to save me, to give me another chance," she told him.

"No," answered the little minister, with quiet tenderness and gentle determination, "you are quite, quite mistaken, my—my dear. I am saying it because I love you."

And the good God, hearing these words of nobility and resurrection, looked upon them with favor—and made them true.

One Admiring Constituent.

That no man is a hero to his valet is a truism that has come down through a long line of French cynics; but Lord Ripon, ex-viceroy of India, had occasion to demonstrate that he, at least, was appreciated by a faithful retainer. Soon after his return from Calcutta, and when the criticisms of his administration were particularly fierce, Lord Ripon was met by a member of the liberal party, who said to him, enthusiastically: "I congratulate you on your courage and public spirit in pursuing so large-minded and liberal a policy in the east." Lord Ripon smiled as he replied: "It is good of you to say such kind things of me; but to tell you the truth, I don't believe there was anyone in India who really approved of my policy except my old Scotch gardener."—*Youth's Companion.*

THE KAISER'S MOTHER.

Result of Her Efforts to "Reform" Germany According to the English Model.

Empress Frederick did not have a happy life in Germany. She went over to Germany from England with a notion that the Germans were a trifle uncivilized, that they needed to be improved, and that it was her duty to apply to them a curative dose of English civilization. In a way this was Mr. Gladstone's view of Germany. He knew both France and Italy well, and for him the French and Italians were the two European nations in which a high civilization prevailed, says the *Hartford Courant*.

As a matter of course the German women, and particularly the Berlin women, did not agree that they needed to be reformed according to the English model. Empress Frederick,

NEW FUEL PUZZLES FINDER.

Product Recently Discovered Looks Like Wood and Is Found in Vein Like Coal.

Out in Washington they have discovered a new fuel which is believed to be commercially valuable and which cannot as yet be classified by the scientists. This peculiar deposit has been discovered near Asotin and Lewiston. The product has a woody fiber and burns with a bright flame like dry wood. There is on occasions a sputtering as if there were oil in the substance, but there is no book on bitumens that treats of it in any manner. Assayer Fassett says that he has never seen or heard of a similar substance. He says that it appears to him like dried fungus, but that if the reports sent him are correct his theory must be wrong. In



THE MOTOR VEHICLE.

English Expert Says Its Advantages Over Horses Are Too Great to Be Ignored Longer.

Hon. Charles Rolls, one of the foremost automobilists in England, recently delivered a lecture in London concerning the advantage of the motor car over horses. The principal advantages, he explained, were less wear and tear upon the roads, better steering, more room for traffic, owing to the small amount of space the motor car occupies, and cheaper transportation. A ton of goods can be transported in England for 40 miles for less than \$1.50. He also anticipated that the more universal utilization of motor vehicles would result in an improvement of the breed of horses, since several horses would be relieved from traction for which they were neither suited nor intended by nature. For military purposes the motor car was vastly superior in the transport department. This fact was shown in the present war in South Africa. There was one machine plying between Commando Nek and Pretoria, a distance of about 26 miles, which accomplished the work for \$18 that had previously to its introduction cost \$1,200, and also did the same amount of work that 900 trek oxen could perform, and did not require replacing every six weeks, as was the case with animals. The introduction of motors for transport purposes in war would be much more economical, as this instance proves, besides obviating a tremendous amount of awful suffering on the part of dumb animals.

THE BIGGEST BICYCLE.

It Is a Unique Piece of Machinery, Constructed Especially for Exhibition Purposes.

Karl Jatho, the famous German trick bicycle rider, has invented a new bicycle upon which he and his sister have already given a number of performances in public. The gigantic machine has two wheels, of which the drive wheel has a diameter of about 8½ feet, while the other, which is in front, is of ordinary size. The frame-work of the large bicycle is so arranged that it supports two seats, one



UNIQUE MONSTER BICYCLE.

on each side of the drive wheel. The latter is turned by a double system of driving gear worked by pedals on each side of the large wheel. Each rider is supplied with a steering rod with handle bars, which work in sympathy with one another. At every revolution the drive wheel covers a distance of about 25 feet. The tire of the drive wheel, which is the largest in the world, was made to order.

Rome Is Automobile Mad.

Automobiling in Rome has assumed the condition of a veritable craze, although the way it is carried on in the Italian city makes it appear that there is no sport quite so dangerous to life and limb. It makes the onlookers' blood run cold to see a motor car go whizzing by in a little street so narrow that there is no sidewalk, or passing the opening of a side street full of cabs and bicycles, with no more apparent caution than if in the open country. There have been several bad accidents, but they have no appreciable effect on either driver or the public. The post office has taken up the self-propelled vehicles and will use them for the carriage of letters—that is, to convey the postman to distant points, and in this way it is expected that the delivery will be much more expeditious. An additional impetus was given to the craze by the recent visit to Rome of about 50 motor cars on their way south. To the great joy of the local manufacturers, all bore witness to the fact that the Italian vehicles are the strongest and most satisfactory for long trips, being light, durable and comfortable.

Autos in Wheat Fields.

In the immense California wheat fields the modern steam automobiles have cheapened the cost of harvesting wheat so that the grain can be raised there at less actual cost than in the Argentine republic, where farm labor may be hired for only a fraction of a dollar per day. These large autos of the California wheat fields are of 50 horse-power and are provided with driving wheels 60 inches in diameter. They are made to do the plowing, planting and harvesting at the proper season. In the spring they drag across the immense wheat fields 16 ten-inch plows, four six-foot harrows and a press drill for planting the seed wheat. In this way one such machine performs the triple work of plowing, harrowing and planting all in one operation.

MRS. MARY E. BLACKBURN.



This lady, whose engagement to Senator Blackburn, of Kentucky, has just been announced, is the widow of Judge H. H. Blackburn, of Martinsburg, W. Va. Before her first marriage she was Miss McHenry, of Maryland, the daughter of Robert McHenry, a noted lawyer. After her widowhood, about three years ago, she came to Washington and became the companion of her mother, who died a few months later. Mrs. Blackburn is a beautiful woman, possessed of great personal magnetism, and will easily take her place as one of the most popular women of the senatorial circle.

however, was certain that she could not be mistaken, and she took her self-imposed duty in all seriousness. It is probable that she did enlarge somewhat the sphere of activity of the Berlin women; got them to doing things they had not done before; made them understand the functions of a president, secretary and treasurer. But the process was not pleasant for her. Bismarck believed, too, that she mixed in serious politics too much for Germany's good. Then her husband died and she was left without a foothold.

By a not uncommon twist of the conscientious feminine mind, she decided from the first to regard herself as a missionary sojourner in Germany; and this is the position she always held among the German people, down to her last days of illness and pain.

The Shark as a Swimmer.
For long-distance swimming the shark may be said to hold the record,

a letter sent from Asotin the writer states that he has a four-foot ledge uncovered and has sunk on it a distance of six feet, the ledge lying between rock walls. There was a decayed worm found in a piece of the product sent to the assay office, and that is taken to show a vegetable formation. The samples can be split into sections with a knife without encountering any grit. If there is a ledge as described and it is within well-defined walls the substance will be of great commercial value.

RELICS OF ANCIENT MINERS.

Interesting Discovery in a Long-Abandoned Scottish Mine Near Edinburgh.

Archaeologists are much interested in a discovery just made in the Fife coal pit near Edinburgh. During operations by the Wemyss Coal company at an old disused pit at the Blair burn, in order to prevent flood-

WHERE THE LOST LAND OF OPHIR MAY LIE.



Dr. Carl Peters, the famous German explorer, thinks he has discovered the El Dorado of King Solomon, which is referred to in I. Kings, 9:26, in the following words: "And they came to Ophir and fetched from there gold 420 talents, and brought it to King Solomon." Archaeologists declare that Dr. Peters' discovery is probably based on fact, as the country where he is said to have found the mines was, in ancient times, tributary to the queen of Sheba, from which renowned beauty the present emperor of Abyssinia claims descent in a direct line.

as he can outstrip the swiftest ships apparently without effort, swimming and playing around them and ever on the lookout for prey. Any human being falling overboard in shark-frequented waters has very little chance of escape, so rapid is the action of the shark, the monster of the deep. The dolphin, another fast-swimming fish—a near relative of the whale—is credited with a speed of considerably over 20 miles an hour. For short distances the salmon can outstrip every other fish, accomplishing its 25 miles an hour with ease. The Spanish mackerel is one of the fastest of food fishes and cuts the water like a yacht. Predatory fish are generally the fastest swimmers.

Belgian King's Automobile.

The king of the Belgians sports the most expensive automobile ever built. It is a palace on wheels and contains a parlor, a sleeping chamber, toilet rooms and servants' quarters. Its reservoir holds 25 gallons of gasoline. The cost of the car was \$50,000.

ing, the overmen discovered a large number of miners' tools such as were used some 300 years ago. The shovels are all made of wood, some of them being as good as the day they were made; the picks and mells are iron, the pinches are wood with iron points. One of the operators stated that there are huge blocks of coal lying about all cut out with the pick, so large as to puzzle the present day collier how the old miners accomplished the task of cutting them out; the pick handles are of great thickness, approaching almost to the thickness of props used for supporting the roof at the present time. There is a tradition that the old mine was flooded, causing the death of many of the miners, and the conditions of the mine and the fact of so many tools lying about the seams point to the truth of the story.

Cover Many Faults.

Charity and bookbinders cover a multitude of faults.—Chicago Daily News.

SULTAN OF MOROCCO.

He Likes Bicycles and Other European and American Inventions of Every Description.

The sultan of Morocco, Abdul Aziz, whose embassy to King Edward recently reached London, is a young man, and in spite of the seclusion in which he has been brought up, is well informed, as information goes, in his part of the world. He has no education of the western kind, but according to a writer in the *London Daily Mail*, is exceedingly interested in London, and would give anything he possesses to be able to spend a short time in the world's metropolis.

He is exceedingly fond of western toys, and has a bicycle which he rides easily and from which he ap-



THE SULTAN AND HIS WHEEL.

pears to derive great pleasure. His latest hobby is photography, and he has learned to focus properly, to judge distance and even develop and print.

The cinematograph has found its way to the far-off Moorish court. Nothing that Europe or America has since invented has given the sultan more pleasure than the cinematograph. He has had films of nearly every pageant and principal event that has taken place since the process was discovered revealed before him, and has gone into ecstasies of delight over them. The pictures of the late queen's diamond jubilee procession interested him perhaps more keenly than anything else. At those he is never tired of looking.

It is these things more than anything else that have aroused in him a passionate desire to visit London. He longs to get away from the dull monotony of his court and to see the wonders of the western world. But he knows that under the present regime it is impossible. His preference for articles of American and English manufacture is marked, and his ideas along this line are said to have caused great uneasiness among the French, who insist on trying to gain his favor.

SAILS ON BICYCLES.

A South African Sport Which Has Been Introduced Into England with Great Success.

Sails have been used on boats since time immemorial. They have been used on wagons by parties crossing great stretches of open country, they have been used by skaters, and a terrific rate of speed thus secured, but it has remained for two men in Africa to use sails on their bicycles. The man who first tried this combination is T. G. Smith, a citizen of Bloemfontein. He first used a very small sail, which he fastened to his bicycle by means of a strip of wood projecting in front of the handle bars. This he found to be satisfactory, and he strengthened the support by projecting the lines of his bicycle frame until they met at an acute angle a foot or more in front of the machine, between the handle bar and the front wheel. The base of this angle was formed by the short front strip of the frame into which the handle bar fits. At the point of the angle where the two projections joined he placed his sail, a short mast supporting the small balloon sail.

When Mr. Smith had proved the practicability and charm of bicycle sailing his friends and neighbors took it up and enlarged upon his idea, making their sails to suit their fancy and convenience. So popular had this form of sport become just before the outbreak of the English-Boer war that the sailors were known as the Free State navy and every day found them out in squadrons maneuvering in elaborate array.

It is now announced that the sport will be taken up in England, where bicycling is the rage, and there is no reason why American boys and girls should not find it good fun. A small sail should be used by the beginner, as there is danger that the machine may become uncontrollable with too expansive a canvas.

Where to Carry a Camera.

The best method of carrying a camera is a never failing source of debate among wheelmen who like to take photographs while on their summer tours. Almost every part of the bicycle where a camera can be placed has been recommended. A careful study of the question by the entire membership of a large photographic society resulted in the unanimous opinion that there is but one place to carry a kodak on a wheel, and that is on the rear fork of the machine directly under the saddle; the proper place for the tripod being along the upper tube of the frame. Many attempts have been made to carry the camera on the head of the machine or attached to the handle bars. This has two serious disadvantages—the vibration is the greatest at this point, and too much of a load carried on the head throws the bicycle out of balance and causes difficulty in steering.

LEAVES BRITISH TURF.

Whitney Tells Why He Will Not Race Abroad at Present.

WANTS NO QUESTIONS RAISED.

Fears That Under Strict English Rules Some of His Best Horses' Victories Would Be Questioned—Desires to Improve American Tracks, Particularly Saratoga.

America's most powerful racing stable is to be devoted in future to the American turf, and its royal race horses will run under the colors of Mr. William C. Whitney.

Fear of trouble over entries abroad, which might unwittingly detract from the glory of the victories which he believes his horses deserve, together with the fact that he is unable to give the close personal attention he desires to racing abroad, has led Mr. Whitney to the resolution that he will abandon the foreign turf. He will devote his time and money and the abilities of his horses to the improvement of the American turf, desiring to give to Saratoga and other American tracks the best racing possible.

"It is true that I intend to withdraw from the British turf," Mr. Whitney said to a New York Herald reporter the other day. "I am sorry that this statement has been made because it is premature. But since it has been made I confirm it. It seems that some of our friends who did not know that there was anything private in a recent conversation have talked, and the gossip has gone so far that it is necessary to confirm it."

"Yankee, Blue Girl, Nasturtium and perhaps Goldsmith and King Hanover or whatever horses might have been selected to make up the rest of the string I intended to send to England this fall will remain at home. My racing stable in England will be broken up. I shall order the good ones in the lot sent home, and those I do not care to keep will be sold on the other side. I have not decided which ones I shall keep and which shall be sold. I have sent no orders, and, indeed, this whole change of plan has come within the last few days."

"The English rule in regard to entries is very strict. It is much more rigidly enforced than it is in this country, and, while my partnership arrangement with other owners is well understood by the racing authorities here and shown by the records, I am fearful that they are not on the other side."

"I should not care to carry off the honors to which, I believe, my horses are entitled and are able to gain on the English tracks and then have my entries questioned and the honors clouded by a technicality. I have written a full explanation of my position to the authorities in England and had not intended to announce my decision until I had received a reply."

"I have not fully developed my new plans, and I cannot say absolutely that I will not again race in England, but my hopes and plans for the American turf, especially the Saratoga track, are well known. I have decided not to send my horses abroad and to break up my stable in England, but I have some engagements there for the future which I may decide to fulfill. They are too far in advance for me to undertake a decision concerning them at present. My plans have been entirely changed, and I have not considered them with enough care for me to announce in detail just what I shall do."

"My decision has been the outgrowth of many things. I like to see my horses run, and it has been impossible for me to attend the meetings abroad. My son, Harry Payne Whitney, was at the English tracks during the early part of this summer, but I was not able to see the victory of Volodyovski or the other horses. I am deeply interested in many turf plans, and I prefer to have my horses where I can see them run and personally enjoy the sport."

"I cannot say as yet what will be done in the case of Volodyovski. As is well known, the horse belongs to Lady Meux, and I only own the racing qualities of the animal. I have not decided what to do. There are many other good horses in my stable there, including Kilmarnock, Elizabeth M., St. Charles and Elkhorn, who will probably be sent home, but I am not sure about any of these arrangements."

"My entries are all made on a credit basis and the accounts with the racing association balanced at intervals. The stakes and purses are left with them and entrance and forfeit moneys deducted in settlement. In this way it is possible that difficulties in question of ownership, through changes, may have arisen. I do not wish to run the risk of any disputes after my horses have won."

The recent case of the disqualification of Lenora Loring is said to be the immediate cause of Mr. Whitney's change of plan, in that it furnished an example of the disaster which might come from improper registration of ownership. This filly was disqualified because B. G. Thomas, the nominator of her dam, was not the owner at the time. Both Yankee and Blue Girl were nominated abroad by John E. Madden, and Mr. Whitney feared a like result.

A Methodist's Prophecy.
In 1863, while Dr. Daniel Steele was in Chicago giving Bible readings, he attended a course of lectures on "The Making of the West," given by Theodore Roosevelt, then United States civil service commissioner, and was so impressed with the young man and his remarkable knowledge and ability that he made this prediction to his wife, says the Zion Herald: "That man will some day be president of the United States."

How to Grow Short.

If you climb a mountain, your height decreases by three-quarters of an inch, and it may even diminish, exceptionally, by a full inch.

This is a fact known to all experienced mountain and Alpine climbers. On reaching the summit of the heights that form the pleasure ascents of holiday makers in the Alpine districts the stature of the climber is found to have become less to the extent already mentioned.

Doctors think that the attitude assumed of necessity in ascending is the cause of this diminution. Some persons believe that the pressure of the atmosphere produces this shrinking. In favor of the medical theory there is the other unquestionable fact that the decrease of stature is greater in those who carry a heavy pack during the climb.

When the Alpinist has descended to the ordinary level, his height begins to increase, but the normal length of the body is not attained until several hours after reaching the regular surface of the earth.

King of Virginia.

Appropos of the British royal titles a reference to colonial possessions appeared in an English sovereign's designation so long ago as the reign of Queen Elizabeth. The poet Spenser dedicated his "Faerie Queen" to Elizabeth, and then he described her as "queen of England, France and Ireland and sovereign of the Dominion of Virginia." It may also be remembered that the Virginians refused to acknowledge Oliver Cromwell's protectorate until he sent a fleet to compel them to do so. Charles II., in return expression of the colonists' loyalty, had himself proclaimed in Virginia on his restoration as "king of Great Britain, Ireland and Virginia." The further statement has been made that Charles caused the arms of Virginia to be quartered with those of England, Ireland and Scotland. Certain it is that they appear so on English coins struck as late as 1773 by order of George III.—Liverpool Post.

A Turkish Bank Note.

The bill is on imperial green paper, a color held sacred in Turkey, which the government alone is permitted to use. On the top and sides are the following words in Turkish, "To be paid to the bearer, without interest, 20 piasters." At the top of the note is the sultan's toghra, surrounding which is a quotation from the Koran. Underneath are the words, "Twenty piasters, paper money, to be used in the place of gold at the Bank of Constantinople." At the base of the note is the seal of the mint and on the back the seal of the minister of the treasury. The toghra is considered sacred and is guarded by the three highest officials of the mint, whose sole duty is to watch it.

Getting at a Fact.

The colored witness, being asked his age, said to the court: "Well, suh, I wuz a young man w'en freedom broke out." "What year was that?" "Hit wuz de year de Yankees come in, suh." "You do not seem to have a very accurate idea of time." "Oh, yes, suh! Hit wuz 'long 'bout hog killin' time."—Atlanta Constitution.

Nut Foods.

Nearly all nuts contain large percentages of nitrogenous constituents and fats. In the nut kernel there is very little waste—in fact, the nourishment is in a concentrated form, and for that reason nuts are best combined or taken with other foods. They are especially valued for their fine, meaty flavor, which is found in no other vegetable food product.

Turks and Coffee.

Coffee reached Constantinople about 1554 and was of universal use in Mohammedan countries before the close of the sixteenth century. So essential was it deemed to domestic happiness that a Turkish law recognized a man's refusal to supply his wife with coffee as sufficient ground for her claiming a divorce.

Worse Still.

Nodd—I can't ask you to dinner, old man, because we have no cook.
Todd—And I can't ask you because we have one.—Detroit Free Press.

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