

PRESIDENT ASKS RECALL OF AMBASSADOR DUMBA

GERMAN NOTE ON ARABIC DECLARES NO INDEMNITY NOR COMPENSATION CAN BE GRANTED UNITED STATES

Imperial Government "Expresses Regret Because of Loss of Americans," but Defends Action of Under-water Raider--No Damages Can Be Admitted, Document Adds, Stating That, If Desirable, Matter May Be Referred to The Hague, Decision Not to Affect Submarine Warfare.

Berlin, via London, Sept. 9.—In its note to the United States on the sinking of the White Star liner Arabic, the German government says that it "most deeply regrets that lives were lost through the action of the commander. It particularly expresses this regret to the government of the United States on account of the death of American citizens," adding: "The German government is unable, however, to acknowledge any obligation to grant indemnity in the matter, even if the commander should have been mistaken as to the aggressive intentions of the Arabic."

Washington, Sept. 9.—A note from Germany regarding the sinking of the liner Arabic reached the state department by cable from Ambassador Gerard today, soon after the arrival of a mail report from Ambassador Page at London enclosing affidavits of the Arabic's survivors.

U. S. NOW WILL PLAN COURSE.

With all available information concerning the case at hand President Wilson and Secretary Lansing now are in a position to consider the course to be pursued by the United States. In connection with the German explanation they will give consideration to the assurances given, since the Arabic incident, that German submarine commanders are under instructions to destroy no more liners without warning.

It is understood that the German note is quite long, embodying the instructions under which the German submarine officers have been operating, in order to demonstrate that they were instructed to take all proper precautions, consistent with their own safety, to avoid the killing of non-combatants.

The sufficiency of the German excuse for attacking the Arabic is believed to hinge, in some degree, upon the movements of the liner just before the explosion.

The affidavits of survivors, it is understood, indicate that the vessel, when torpedoed, was doing no more than following the tactics commonly pursued when the presence of a submarine is suspected—zig-zagging in the hope of escaping a torpedo.

SAYS SHIP CAME TO HIM.

The note, which was communicated to American Ambassador James W. Gerard for transmission to Washington, is in the form of a memorandum under date of Sept. 7. The text follows:

"On Aug. 19 a German submarine stopped the English steamer Dunsley about sixteen nautical miles south of Kinsale and was on the point of sinking the prize by gunfire after the crew left the vessel. At this moment the commander saw a large steamer making directly toward him. This steamer, as developed later, was the Arabic. She was recognized as an enemy vessel, as she did not fly any flag and bore no neutral markings.

"When she approached she altered her original course, but then again pointed directly toward the submarine. From this the commander became convinced that the steamer had the intention of attacking and ramming him.

"In order to anticipate this attack he gave orders for the submarine to dive and fired a torpedo at the steamer. After firing he convinced himself that the people on board were being rescued in fifteen boats.

"According to his instructions the

commander was not allowed to attack the Arabic without warning and without saving the lives, unless the ship attempted to escape or offered resistance. He was forced, however, to conclude from the attendant circumstances that the Arabic planned a violent attack on the submarine.

RAIDER FIRED ON ONCE BEFORE.

"This conclusion is all the more obvious as he had been fired upon at a great distance in the Irish sea on Aug. 14—that is a few days before—by a larger passenger steamer apparently belonging to the British Royal Mail Steam Packet company, which he had neither attacked nor stopped.

"The German government most deeply regrets that lives were lost through the action of the commander. It particularly expresses this regret to the government of the United States on account of the death of American citizens.

GERMANY REFUSES INDEMNITY.

"The German government is unable, however, to acknowledge any obligation to grant indemnity in the matter, even if the commander should have been mistaken as to the aggressive intentions of the Arabic.

"If it should prove to be the case that it is impossible for the German and American governments to reach a harmonious opinion on this point the German government would be prepared to submit the difference of opinion, as being a question of international law, to the Hague tribunal for arbitration, pursuant to article 38 of The Hague convention for the pacific settlement of international disputes.

"In so doing it assumes that as a matter of course the arbitral decision shall not be admitted to have the importance of a general decision on the permissibility or the converse, under international law, of German submarine warfare."

MAY LET THE HAGUE DECIDE.

Outside of a narrow official circle it was not known in Washington, until the Associated Press tonight received the text of the memorandum from Berlin, that Germany had refused to admit any obligation to pay indemnity for the loss of Americans with the Arabic, even if it should be proved that the submarine commander was mistaken in believing the liner intended to attack him.

Secretary Lansing during the day referred to the communication only in the most general way and indicated that there would be no comment until the matter had been given the most careful consideration. Press dispatches from Berlin recently, saying Germany would offer to refer the matter of reparation to The Hague, were followed by intimations from high officials here that such a proposal would be acceptable. At that time, however, there had been no suggestion of a proposal to arbitrate the question of a right of a submarine commander to launch a torpedo at a passenger-carrying vessel under the circumstances of this case.

FOREIGN FINANCIERS NEARING NEW YORK ABOARD THE LAPLAND

New York, Sept. 9.—Two of the six members of the Anglo-French commission, coming here to confer with local bankers in an effort to float a big foreign credit loan, believed to be about \$500,000,000, were heard from by wireless late tonight from aboard the steamship Lapland. They were Baron Reading, lord chief justice of England, and chairman of the commission, and Sir Edward Holden, Sir Ernest Cassel, one of England's leading financiers, also is aboard.

Wireless messages did not mention the other members of the commission who are believed to be aboard the Lapland. The ship was spoken when approaching Sandy Hook and was not due to dock until tomorrow.

W. T. White, Canadian minister of

finance, left Ottawa tonight to confer with the commissioners here.

FORTRESS OF DUBNO FALLS TO AUSTRINIANS

London, Sept. 9, 10:20 p. m.—A dispatch to the Central News from Vienna says it is officially announced that the Austrian landwehr cavalry entered the fortress of Dubno in the Lutsch-Dubno-Rovno triangle of fortresses yesterday.

FRAGMENTARY REMAINS OF NINE OF F-4'S DEAD PUT IN FOUR COFFINS

Honolulu, T. H., Sept. 9.—The dead of the submarine F-4, in eight caskets draped with the American flag, were placed today aboard the United States steamship Supply to be sent home. Shortly afterward the steamer weighed anchor and sailed for San Francisco.

Four of the bodies which have been identified occupied separate coffins and will be sent to relatives. The fragmentary remains of only nine others of the remainder of the crew of 22 were recovered from the debris-filled wreck of the submarine; and these occupied the other four coffins, which will be sent to the National cemetery at Arlington, Va.

BERLIN TELLS OF AIR ATTACK OVER LONDON

Berlin, via London, Sept. 9, 8:35 p. m.—The chief of the admiralty staff has issued the following report:

"Our naval airships attacked, during the night of Sept. 8-9, with good results, the western part of the city of London, the great factories near Norwich and the harbor works and iron works at Middlesbrough. There were heavy explosions and numerous fires were observed. Our airships were heavily fired at by hostile batteries, but all returned safely."

NO AMERICANS KILLED IN RAID.

Washington, Sept. 9.—No Americans were killed or injured in the Zeppelin raid on London, according to a state department dispatch received late today from the American embassy at London. The message, a four-line cable, said the Zeppelins had dropped bombs on the city and that there were a number of casualties.

ACCUSES THE RAILWAYS OF CHEATING GOVERNMENT

Los Angeles, Calif., Sept. 9.—In a speech today before the United Association of Postoffice Clerks, in convention here, Congressman C. H. Randall, of California, who was once a railway mail clerk, charged that the railroads of the country were defrauding the government in the matter of payments for handling the mails.

MOTOR BOAT TRAVELS AT 54.4 MILES AN HOUR

Chicago, Sept. 9.—Disturber IV broke all records today in winning the second of the motor boat races for the national championship and the Ripley cup when the big racer covered the thirty-mile course in 33:03 1/5 or at the rate of 54.4 miles an hour. The previous record for the distance was at the rate of 50.5 miles an hour, made by Baby Speed Demon II at Lake George, N. Y., in 1914.

SPORTING GOODS MAKER IS DEAD IN CALIFORNIA

San Diego, Calif., Sept. 9.—A. G. Spaulding, the well-known sporting goods manufacturer, died at his home here late tonight.

TODAY'S WEATHER.

Washington, Sept. 9.—The following is the weather bureau's forecast for Upper Michigan: Fair Friday and probably Saturday.

VILLA QUITS TORREON WASHINGTON IS TOLD; CARRANZA REPLY TODAY

Washington, Sept. 9.—Advices to the state department tonight from Laredo contained a report that the Villa forces have evacuated Torreón. Torreón is the present objective point of the Carranza army moving northward, and its evacuation probably would lead Carranza forces north to Chihuahua before any decisive engagement.

Secretary Lansing announced today that General Carranza's reply to the Pan-American appeal for a peace conference probably would be received tomorrow or Saturday. Although there were no advices regarding the nature of the reply Carranza's adherents here gave assurances that it would be a courteous refusal to enter a conference such as the secretary of state and Latin-American diplomats have proposed.

ALLIES IN WEST ATTACKED HOTLY BUT HOLD LINES

Washington, Sept. 9.—Ambassador Penfield at Vienna has been instructed by cable to inform the Austro-Hungarian government that Dr. Constantin Dumba no longer is acceptable as an envoy to the United States, and to ask for his recall.

Secretary Lansing formally announced the action tonight. It was the answer of the American government to Dr. Dumba's explanation of his intercepted letter to Vienna outlining plans for handicapping plants in this country making war supplies for the allies.

NOTE BRIEF, BUT POLITE.

Ambassador Penfield was instructed by cable yesterday to deliver the following note to the foreign office:

"Dr. Constantin Dumba, the Austro-Hungarian ambassador at Washington, has admitted that he proposed to his government plans to instigate strikes in American manufacturing plants engaged in the production of munitions of war. The information reached this government through a copy of a letter of the ambassador to his government. The bearer was an American citizen named Archibald who was traveling under an American passport. The ambassador has admitted that he employed Archibald to bear official dispatches from him to his government."

DUMBA'S PLANS IMPROPER.

"By reason of the admitted purpose and intent of Dr. Dumba to conspire to cripple legitimate industries of the people of the United States and to interrupt their legitimate trade and by reason of the flagrant violation of diplomatic propriety in employing an American citizen protected by an American passport as a secret bearer of official dispatches through the lines of the enemy of Austria-Hungary, the president directs me to inform Your Excellency that Dr. Dumba is no longer acceptable to the government of the United States as the ambassador of his imperial majesty at Washington."

WOULD CONTINUE FRIENDSHIP.

"Believing that the imperial and royal government will realize that the government of the United States has no alternative but to request the recall of Mr. Dumba on account of his improper conduct the government of the United States expresses its deep regret that this course has become necessary and assures the imperial and royal government that it sincerely desires to continue the cordial and friendly relations which exist between the United States and Austria-Hungary."

GRAVE RESULTS POSSIBLE.

While everywhere it was admitted tonight that the situation created by the American note might prove a serious one in its effects upon the relations between the two governments, it was pointed out that the language of the communication indicated clearly a desire to have Dr. Dumba recalled without making a diplomatic issue of the case.

If the Vienna government should take this view of the case and withdraw Dr. Dumba without entering into the question as to the propriety of his conduct or its right to control the action of Austro-Hungarians in this country, it

ENVOY NOT ACCEPTABLE, HAVING ADMITTED PLANS TO HINDER U. S. EXPORTS

Refusal of Vienna to Comply With Request Would Result in Ending Diplomatic Relations, It Is Stated.

ALTHOUGH GRAVE RESULTS ARE POSSIBLE AUSTRIA IS EXPECTED TO GRANT WISH

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It is declared that there would be an end to the situation, for the present at least. On the other hand persons versed in diplomacy say that a decision at Vienna to uphold the ambassador would be followed by a severance of diplomatic relations between the two governments.

ACTION IS BIG SURPRISE.

In making his announcement Secretary Lansing explained that it had been delayed in order that the note might reach Vienna before its publication in this country. Ambassador Penfield had not been heard from tonight, but it was assumed that he received the communication some time during the day.

News that Dr. Dumba's recall had been requested created a sensation in the capital. It had been known in official and diplomatic circles that President Wilson and Secretary Lansing regarded the conduct of the ambassador as a grave breach of propriety, but there had been a well-defined impression that the only immediate step would be the cancellation, announced today, of the passport of Archibald, the American who carried the intercepted dispatches.

FRANKLY ADMITTED HIS OBJECT.

Dr. Dumba left yesterday for the summer embassy at Lennox, Mass., to await word whether the administration was satisfied with the explanation he made to Mr. Lansing Tuesday. He had come to Washington on his initiative after news of Archibald's detention and extracts of his dispatches to Vienna had been published in this country. No statement was made either by the ambassador or Secretary Lansing concerning their conference, although it was learned later that Dr. Dumba frankly admitted having employed Archibald as a messenger, and told of his plans for withdrawing Austro-Hungarian labor and handicapping American plants making war munitions for the allies.

DETAILS EVOLVED BY SELF.

It was stated at the embassy that the ambassador had been instructed by the foreign office to give the widest publicity possible to a decree against the aiding by Austro-Hungarians in the manufacturing of munitions for enemies of their country and that this was the only step contemplated in orders so far received. The plans proposed for embarrassing plants and calling out laborers in bodies originated with the ambassador, who was said to be taking no action toward putting his ideas into effect pending further instructions from Vienna.

The choice of Archibald as a dispatch bearer both for the German and Austro-Hungarian governments, it was declared, was without orders or sanction from abroad.

VIENNA WILL ASSENT.

Diplomats in close touch with the Austro-Hungarian embassy declare, however, that there is little room for doubt that Dr. Dumba will be immediately recalled upon receipt of Secretary Lansing's request. Baron von Zwiernik, counselor, probably would be made charge d'affaires to remain as head of the embassy until the end of the year. While ordinarily, it was explained, the failure to send a successor to an ambassador would indicate the displeasure of his government over the request for his recall, the difficulties which would attend the coming of a new ambassador made a distinct difference in this case.

It is understood that Ambassador

Dumba will not be handed his passports, but will be permitted to follow his own course and await word from Vienna. If he should desire to return home it would be necessary for the American government to secure a safe conduct for him from the allies.

Constantin Theodor Dumba presented his credentials immediately after the inauguration of President Wilson, succeeding Baron Hengelmueller, then dean of the diplomatic corps. It is significant that in an interview given out shortly after his arrival in America Dr. Dumba sounded the keynote of his whole activity in the country—improvement in the conditions among Austro-Hungarian laborers in America. He has been one of the most popular members of the diplomatic corps, and although in his term of nearly three years in Washington there had until recently been no momentous matter that has brought him into official relations with the American government his personality and his frank manner made him a welcome visitor at the state department.

CAREER LONG AND SUCCESSFUL.

Thirty-four years in the diplomatic service, including posts in London, St. Petersburg, at the Quirinal, Bucharest, Paris, Serbia and Sweden, rounded out his career which, if it had not been for the present difficulty, probably would have closed here with retirement at the end of the war.

According to a recent statement to a friend, when the possibility of his recall was mentioned, the ambassador's main regret was that he would be forced to leave his post, thus destroying his only chance to serve his country in her time of need. He said because he was unfit to take part in military activity his only opportunity lay in representing Austria-Hungary in the capital of her greatest friend among the neutrals.

DR. DUMBA NOT AT HOME.

Lenox, Mass., Sept. 9.—When word of the request for the recall of Dr. Constantin Dumba, Austro-Hungarian ambassador, was taken to the quarters of the summer embassy tonight it was said Dr. Dumba was not there. His secretary said he believed the ambassador was in New York. He thought Dr. Dumba might return to Lenox tomorrow, but added he had no definite information of his intended movements.

Officials at the embassy expressed doubt as to the accuracy of the Washington dispatches regarding the recall. "It cannot be believed," one of them said, adding that a day or two would prove the unreliability of the reports.

TEUTONIC DIPLOMATS WON'T TALK

New York, Sept. 8.—Dr. Constantin Dumba, the Austro-Hungarian ambassador, dined tonight with Count von Bernstorff, the German ambassador, at the latter's hotel. Both denied themselves to callers. Dr. Dumba, it was learned, received a copy of the note sent to Ambassador Penfield requesting that the Austro-Hungarian ambassador be recalled, but he declined to comment on it.

TRIES TO DEFEND DUMBA.

London, Sept. 10, 1:10 a. m.—An Amsterdam dispatch to Reuter's Telegram company says that the Wolf bureau of Berlin has issued a semi-official note stating that if Ambassador Dumba only warned his countrymen against committing acts which the Austrian military penal code threatens to punish severely "that was not only his right but also his duty."

Copper Country

FAIR TO FEATURE ATHLETIC EVENTS

Wrestling, Trapshooting and Baseball to Be Conducted at Palaestra Grounds This Month.

The Twin Counties Agricultural fair, which opens at the Palaestra in Laurium the last week in September, is going to make a special feature of athletic events.

In addition to the wrestling, or rather as the principal sporting feature of the fair, there will be a trapshooting tournament conducted on one day and in which all gun clubs of the county are invited to participate.

Another Wrestling Tourney. Encouraged by the success of the tournament at Ahmeek on Labor Day, the Ahmeek Athletic association has arranged for a tournament at the Calumet, Calumet, on Oct. 30.

The association announces it is in a position to pay a \$5 dividend to the contributing members, but will await the Calumet tournament, after which a \$5 dividend will be paid.

FRED LAMORA MOURNED.

The news of the death of Fred LaMora of Houghton shocked his many friends yesterday. Mr. LaMora was electrocuted Wednesday evening while at work on the Houghton County Electric Light company's line at Seneca.

The clubs of Calumet and vicinity are arranging for the opening of their new club year and are planning according to the programs announced, a busy season.

SENTENCES ARE IMPOSED. Judge O'Brien has imposed the following sentences on defendants pleading guilty at the opening of the term:

William Grose, liquor law violation; \$50 and costs. Stephen Valle, liquor law violation; \$25 and costs.

COMPLETES A LARGE RECORD. Court Reporter Ingram yesterday completed and delivered to the attorneys, Messrs. Burrill & Merritt, the record in the John Lalama murder case.

SHOOT SET BACK ANOTHER WEEK. Engineers' Team Goes to Detroit a Week from Saturday Night.

The annual shoot of the Michigan National Guard will be conducted on the rifle range at Grosse point, near Detroit, Sept. 20 to 25, it is announced.

THE SHOOT COMES SOON AFTER the annual encampment. Some of the men, too, cannot afford to lose the time necessary. It is possible that Captain H. R. MacDuff, Sergeant Cowley and some of the other leading shots of the company will be able to make the trip.

AGRICULTURAL NEWS NOTES. Value of Practical Education—Failure of the Sweet Corn Crop.

Leo M. Geismar, county agriculturist for the Houghton County Farm bureau, tells this little incident.

BAR ASSOCIATION'S ANNUAL BANQUET

Houghton County Attorneys to Enjoy a Lake Cruise and Dinner at Onigaming Club.

Allen F. Rees, chairman of the committee in charge of the banquet of the Houghton County Bar association, appointed Monday by President J. T. Finnegan, yesterday announced the arrangements for the event.

FOUR JUDGES AS GUESTS. Mr. Rees announces that invitations have been sent to Hons. Patrick H. O'Brien, judge of the Houghton county circuit; S. S. Cooper, Gogebic county; Richard C. Flannigan, Marquette county; and Louis H. Fead, Chippewa county, to be guests of honor at the banquet.

County Clerk Kaiser has placed on call in the circuit court room thirteen cases that are to be tried before Judge Fead, who comes to Houghton next Monday to sit for Judge O'Brien in cases in which the latter was interested as an attorney before assuming the bench.

SEATS WILL BE OBTAINED THE PUBLIC at Kerredge's This Morning.

George A. Osborn of Sault Ste. Marie left Houghton yesterday for Fresno, Cal., where he will be associated with his brother, Chase S. Osborn, Jr., in the publication of a paper the two young men purchased several months ago.

SPEND WINTER OUT WEST. Sault Newspaper Man Here Yesterday Enroute to New Field.

George A. Osborn of Sault Ste. Marie left Houghton yesterday for Fresno, Cal., where he will be associated with his brother, Chase S. Osborn, Jr., in the publication of a paper the two young men purchased several months ago.

OPEN THEATRICAL SEASON. "September Morn" Premiered at the Kerredge Next Wednesday.

The 1915-16 theatrical season in the copper country will open next Wednesday evening with the presentation of "September Morn" at the Kerredge theater.

M. W. YOUNGS CONVALESCENT. Editor of Calumet News Getting Around After Three Months' Illness.

M. W. Youngs, editor of the Calumet News, who was removed recently to his home in Red Jacket Public hospital, after an illness of three months, following an operation for ruptured appendix.

SURPRISE WEDDING IN BUTTE. Norbert Murphy, Mining College Graduate, Becomes a Benedict.

Norbert Murphy, formerly of Calumet, a graduate from the Michigan College of Mines, now an engineer on the staff of the Anacroma Copper company at Butte, was married in that city Monday to Miss Margaret Leonard, daughter of a prominent Butte attorney. Mr. Murphy was a popular student of the mining college, being inter-

the shoot comes so soon after the annual encampment. Some of the men, too, cannot afford to lose the time necessary. It is possible that Captain H. R. MacDuff, Sergeant Cowley and some of the other leading shots of the company will be able to make the trip.

Views of Land Cruiser. Thinks State Should Declare Closed Season for Certain Game.

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John Coughlin, of Hancock, a veteran land cruiser, thinks the state should declare a closed season of five years on deer and partridge. Mr. Coughlin sees where this will be absolutely necessary before the end of another decade.

Two conditions are cited to explain the disappearance of game. The first is the wholesale slaughter that was permitted for years; the other the rapidly with which the country is being settled.

"TANGO TOWN" SALE. Seats Will Be Offered the Public at Kerredge's This Morning.

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Views of Land Cruiser. Thinks State Should Declare Closed Season for Certain Game.

Baseball

STANDING OF THE TEAMS.

Table with columns for American League, National League, and Federal League, listing teams and their records.

WHERE THEY PLAY TODAY. American League, National League, Federal League.

AMERICAN LEAGUE. Boston, Sept. 9.—Although obtaining one hit off Tyler today, Brooklyn defeated Boston in the final game of the series.

NATIONAL LEAGUE. Philadelphia, Sept. 9.—Philadelphia made it three straight victories over New York by winning the doubleheader.

FEDERAL LEAGUE. No games scheduled.

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION. Milwaukee, 1; Cleveland, 4. Second game: Milwaukee, 3; Cleveland, 11.

EXHIBITION GAME. Pittsburgh (Nationals), 4; Chicago (Americans), 2. Called in the eighth inning to allow Chicago to catch a train.

DIFFICULT PAINTING JOB. Contractor Joseph J. Wilmers of Laurium has been awarded one of the most difficult painting jobs given out in Calumet this year.

EXPLICIT DIRECTION. Andrew Lang once invited a friend to dinner when he was staying in Marlowe's Road, Earl's Court, a street away from the end of that long Cromwell Road.

WELSH RAREBIT. Take two cups of grated Peacock Brand cheese, yolks of two eggs, one-half cup of milk and salt and cayenne to taste.

CUDAHY BROTHERS CO., PACKERS, CUDAHY, WISCONSIN.

MRS. NICHOLS ACCOMPANIST. Houghton Pianist Will Assist at the Datsun-Feiler Recital.

ADDITIONAL INTEREST ATTACHES to the song-piano recital to be given next Saturday night at the Kerredge theater.

TO MARQUETTE CONVENTION. All Teachers in Copper Country Can Go to N. E. A. Meeting.

EVERY TEACHER in the public school systems of the copper country will be privileged to attend the annual conven-

tion of the Upper Peninsula Educational association at Marquette Oct. 6 and 7. The school rooms of those who go will be closed during the days of the convention.

PEACOCK BRAND



Take two cups of grated Peacock Brand cheese, yolks of two eggs, one-half cup of milk and salt and cayenne to taste. Put milk in first and when boiling hot add the cheese. Stir continually until the cheese is melted, then add salt, cayenne and yolks.

Cudahy Brothers Co., Packers, Cudahy, Wisconsin.

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Is it possible there is a woman in this country who continues to suffer without giving Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound a trial after all the evidence that is continually being published, which proves beyond contradiction that this grand old medicine has relieved more suffering among women than any other one medicine in the world?

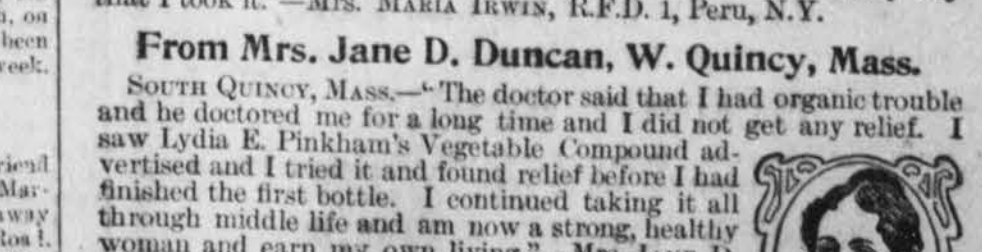
We have published in the newspapers of the United States more genuine testimonial letters than have ever been published in the interest of any other medicine for women—and every year we publish many new testimonials, all genuine and true. Here are three never before published:

From Mrs. S. T. Richmond, Providence, R. I. PROVIDENCE, R. I.—"For the benefit of women who suffer as I have done I wish to state that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has done for me. I did some heavy lifting and the doctor said it caused a displacement. I have always been weak and I overworked after my baby was born and inflammation set in, then nervous prostration, from which I did not recover until I had taken Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. The Compound is my best friend and when I hear of a woman with troubles like mine I try to induce her to take your medicine."—Mrs. S. T. RICHMOND, 84 Progress Avenue, Providence, R. I.

From Mrs. Maria Irwin, Peru, N.Y. PERU, N.Y.—"Before I took Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound I was very irregular and had much pain. I had lost three children, and felt worn out all the time. This splendid medicine helped me as nothing else had done, and I am thankful every day that I took it."—Mrs. MARIA IRWIN, R.F.D. 1, Peru, N.Y.

From Mrs. Jane D. Duncan, W. Quincy, Mass. SOUTH QUINCY, MASS.—"The doctor said that I had organic trouble and he doctored me for a long time and I did not get any relief. I saw Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound advertised and I tried it and found relief before I had finished the first bottle. I continued taking it all through middle life and am now a strong, healthy woman and earn my own living."—Mrs. JANE D. DUNCAN, Forest Avenue, West Quincy, Mass.

Write to LYDIA E. PINKHAM MEDICINE CO. (CONFIDENTIAL) LYNN, MASS., for advice. Your letter will be opened, read and answered by a woman and held in strict confidence.



Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. (CONFIDENTIAL) LYNN, MASS., for advice. Your letter will be opened, read and answered by a woman and held in strict confidence.

Advertisement for Calumet Baking Powder, featuring a cartoon character and the text "Which? Calumet Baking Powder".

Advertisement for Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey, featuring an owl logo and the text "Folks who are Wise Get Duffy's and Keep Well".

MAVERS GAME ACT DIED AT LEGISLATORS' HANDS

Attorney, Compiling Laws, Discovers a Purported Error Which Repeals the Measure.

Big Rapids, Sept. 9.—The original statute upon which the entire structure of the Michigan game and fish laws is based was unintentionally repealed by the legislature at its recent session, according to Attorney Archibald Broomfield of this city, a member of the commission for compilation of the Michigan statutes.

To Mr. Broomfield has fallen the work of revising the game laws and he has discovered an error in the construction of Act 44 of 1915 which repeals Act 28 of Series 1887, instead of Act 280 of the same series, as evidently was intended by the legislature.

Act 28, the first section of which was repealed by the Odell bill when it transferred the power to appoint state game wardens from the governor to the public domain commission, is an act describing the duties and powers of the chief game warden and his deputies. Its revocation strips from the game and fish department all powers to prosecute game violations and right of search and seizure, leaving the laws for the protection of all game open to violation as far as the warden and his deputies are concerned.

CONDENSED TIME TABLE

MUNISING, MARQUETTE & SOUTHEASTERN AND LAKE SUPERIOR & ISHPEMING RAILWAYS.

WEEK DAYS. MARQUETTE AND PRINCETON. Leave—Marquette .6:45 am Princeton .9:55 am

SUNDAYS. Leave—Marquette .8:45 am Princeton .10:30 am

MARQUETTE AND MUNISING. WEEK DAYS. Leave—Marquette .6:45 am Munising .10:10 am

SUNDAYS. Leave—Marquette .8:45 am Munising .11:00 am

MARQUETTE AND BIG BAY. WEEK DAYS. Leave—Marquette .9:25 am Big Bay .10:45 am

SUNDAYS. Leave—Marquette .8:50 am Big Bay .10:10 am

MARQUETTE AND BIRCH. WEEK DAYS. Leave—Marquette .9:25 am Birch .10:10 am

SUNDAYS. Leave—Marquette .8:50 am Birch .9:37 am

MARQUETTE AND ISHPEMING. WEEK DAYS. Leave—Marquette .9:25 am IshpeMING .10:30 am

SUNDAYS. Leave—Marquette .10:20 am IshpeMING .11:15 am

MUNISING AND LITTLE LAKE. WEEK DAYS. Leave—Munising .6:25 am Little Lake .9:30 am

SUNDAYS. Leave—Munising .8:05 am Little Lake .10:14 am

MUNISING AND MUNISING JCT. WEEK DAYS. Leave—Munising .12:25 pm Munising Jct. .12:30 pm

SUNDAYS. Leave—Munising .8:05 am IshpeMING .11:15 am

MUNISING AND CUSNO. WEEK DAYS. Leave—Munising .8:20 am Cusno .12:35 pm

SUNDAYS. Leave—Munising .8:05 am Cusno .12:35 pm

MUNISING AND PRINCETON. WEEK DAYS. Leave—Munising .6:55 am Princeton .9:55 am

SUNDAYS. Leave—Munising .8:05 am Princeton .10:30 am

warden and his deputies will be at sea until the supreme court decides upon the validity of Act 44. Act 44 is an act for the protection of the owners of stallion horses. Act 280 is an act requiring the registration of the same. It is evident that the intention of Act 44 was to repeal Act 280 of 1887. The final cipher was dropped, however, and Act 28 of 1887 was repealed instead.

DISTRESS ACUTE IN SYRIA.

Alexandria, Egypt, Aug. 20.—(Correspondence of the Associated Press.)—The latest throng of refugees to be brought here from Beirut by the United States collier Caesar state that the economic distress in Syria is becoming more acute every day. Lack of transport is in part responsible. Improper fuel has burnt out the locomotives, so there is only one train a week between Beirut and Damascus and the Aleppo-Rajah service has been reduced to one train every three days. Meantime the number of horses, mules and camels is constantly reduced by commandeering. Outbreaks are feared as the result of famine. There is a credible rumor that the Turks are cutting down olive trees for fuel. Many of these trees are centuries old, and their loss will bring further misery after the war is over.

The Syrian Protestant College, an American institution, not only has had the compulsory teaching of Turkish imposed on it by Djemal Pasha, but the refugees say Turkish is also made the principal language of instruction.

VILLARD PLEADS MORE AMERICANISM

Himself of German Birth, New York Post Editor Deprecates Hyphenation.

Stockbridge, Mass., Sept. 9.—Oswald Garrison Villard, publisher of the New York Evening Post, in an address before the Laurel Hill association here declared that the movement among American citizens of foreign, especially German descent, to form bodies apart from the citizenship presented far-reaching domestic issues which the American people must face.

Villard said that an important factor in the continuance of the "American melting pot" lay in educating immigrants to the proper duties of citizenship. He asserted that in most instances heretofore, naturalization examinations had been a farce, and that the award of "what ought to be the most highly prized of diplomas had occurred, in New York, at least, in dim, dingy rooms, under circumstances not as dignified as attend the registering of a letter."

He also held Britain's "national consciousness" and "disorder" to be in part responsible for the outbreak of the present conflict. The Post is among the papers bitterly attacking the head of Eton, in answer to his charges it cites the role taken by Prussia in the partition of Poland, Germany's seizure of Schleswig-Holstein from Denmark and Alsace-Lorraine from France, and on the other hand the cession of Heligoland to Germany and the occupation of German Africa by British consent, to say nothing of Germany's Pacific islands, section of China and a preponderant interest in Turkey. German's Baltic frontage is also mentioned to refute the charge of being a humbug.

"In Dr. Lyttleton's view we are a nation of Pharisees, whose great grudge war about," comments the Post, "while we publicly thank God that we are not as these Germans. The Germans are bad, he says, but the English are also bad. Only Dr. Lyttleton remains pure in a world of woe."

DOG'S ARE ALIKE THE WORLD OVER. Their Nature Seems to Be the Same Everywhere. Fisher Ames, the revolutionary hero, but one of his descendants, once remarked to me that a dog is a better friend than a human being, says a writer in the Philadelphia Ledger. "For," says the dog will lie at your feet, ready at any moment to respond to your mood, while a human being will go off in a huff if you do not respond to his mood."

AMERICAN FAMILY SOAP. For Seventy-five Years this pure soap has been used by careful housewives. Always the same quality—Harmless to Clothes and Hands.

CONSTIPATION. The Most Prevalent of Ailments. The Cause of Almost All Illness. If you are constipated, your blood is full of impurities, your kidneys are overworked, your skin rough and sallow, your mind inactive, your liver full of old bile, your muscles weak and flabby.

Land Is the Basis of All Values

EVERYONE CAN BECOME A LAND OWNER

About a million acres of rich agricultural, grazing, timber and mineral land soon to be opened for sale by the

U. S. GOVERNMENT IN SOUTHEASTERN OKLAHOMA

The greatest agricultural section of the new State. Land will produce large crops of corn, wheat, oats, kafir corn, milo maize; alfalfa yields 4 to 6 cuttings a year and will average from \$70 to \$100 an acre.

All vegetables yield two crops a year and fruits and berries that can be grown in any temperate zone thrive in abundance; average rain fall 38 to 42 inches a year; good markets already established; near railroads a towns. You buy these lands directly from the government and become the first individual owner, thus you buy them for much less than they are actually worth.

The government gives you two and three years to pay for it and does not require any residence or improvements as the homestead act does not apply.

The Indian Land Schooling Car is now in Marquette equipped with maps, charts, photographs of the land together with a display of fruits, grains and vegetables grown on adjoining lands and a corps of skilled demonstrators to school the public in securing these lands.

Remember the land is not sold on the ear. We are here simply to advertise the sale and help those who desire to purchase the land from the government. Car will only remain a few days.

Car Located on Track at the Third Street Crossing Near the South Shore Freight House

Open from 9 A. M. till 9 P. M., including Sunday. Admission and Information Free

VISCOUNT CURA FORCED TO RETIRE

Aftermath of Bribery Scandal is Serious for This Japanese Statesman.

Tokio, Aug. 20.—(Correspondence of the Associated Press.)—To divest himself of all titles and honors and to retire into seclusion probably for the rest of his life, is the punishment that has fallen on Viscount Kanetake Oura, home minister in the Okuma cabinet, whose connection with the parliamentary bribery scandal led to the resignation of the Okuma ministry. The lot of Viscount Oura is typically representative of that which befalls one of distinction in Japan whose acts have caused a national scandal.

In addition to resigning his portfolio in the cabinet and his seat in the house of peers, Viscount Oura has withdrawn from all public associations and activities including his leadership in the governmental Doshikai group and has even transferred his residence to the country. He expects to spend the remainder of his days in obscurity. His fall is all the greater when it is borne in mind that as home minister he would have been a leading figure in the great coronation festivities in November and for his services would have been granted enviable honors subsequent to the coronation.

Viscount Oura has occupied a foremost position on the political stage of Japan for many years. His life embodies a rise from humble circumstances to great honors by capacity and energy. He began as a sergeant in the Tokyo police forces when the modern police system was inaugurated in 1871. He rose rapidly until, resigning his post, he entered the army and took part in the Formosan expedition in 1874. He later was engaged in the Satsuma rebellion. After holding a succession of civil offices he became governor of various provinces, and in 1889 was appointed to the important post of superintendent-general of police. Two years later he was recognized as a ministerial timber and became minister of communications in the Katsura cabinet. It was about this time that the title of viscount was conferred upon him.

He became very active as a supporter of Prince Katsura in the formation and extension of influence of the Doshikai party, the leadership of which he shared with Baron Kato, minister for foreign affairs.

Viscount Oura is known to many people in Great Britain in consequence of his visit there in 1910 as president of the Anglo-Japanese exhibition. While in Europe he made an investigation into the reputation of Japanese merchants abroad. It is recalled that upon his return to Japan he delivered some very caustic criticism to Japanese merchants concerning their commercial morality and urged an immediate reform.

If the political crisis created by the resignation of the Okuma cabinet shows the extent of political intrigue in Japan and has shocked Japanese because of the revelation of bribery, it has at the same time been an occasion of considerable rejoicing. This is due to the fact that the independence of the Japanese judiciary has been established in a way to satisfy the most exacting. It is pointed out that had the Okuma cabinet not been honest it might have used its influence to smother the judicial inquiry into the bribery scandal. However, despite the fact that the investigation must inevitably lead to the collapse of the ministry, the inquiry under the direction of Mr. Ozaki, the minister of justice, was pushed on to the end.

ATTACKS ETON HEAD.

London Post Sarcastic Over His Defense of Germany.

London, Aug. 30.—(Correspondence of the Associated Press.)—Dr. Lyttleton, the headmaster of Eton, who had the press buzzing about his ears last winter for saying in the pulpit that it was the duty of the British Christians to forgive the Germans, is again in trouble because of his sentiments. This time Dr. Lyttleton has aroused the British patriots by finding an excuse for the German foreign policy.

"Germany," he said, at a public gathering, "has for the past 50 years been hemmed in and that by methods that might be none too creditable to other nations." He also held Britain's "national consciousness" and "disorder" to be in part responsible for the outbreak of the present conflict. The Post is among the papers bitterly attacking the head of Eton, in answer to his charges it cites the role taken by Prussia in the partition of Poland, Germany's seizure of Schleswig-Holstein from Denmark and Alsace-Lorraine from France, and on the other hand the cession of Heligoland to Germany and the occupation of German Africa by British consent, to say nothing of Germany's Pacific islands, section of China and a preponderant interest in Turkey. German's Baltic frontage is also mentioned to refute the charge of being a humbug.

"In Dr. Lyttleton's view we are a nation of Pharisees, whose great grudge war about," comments the Post, "while we publicly thank God that we are not as these Germans. The Germans are bad, he says, but the English are also bad. Only Dr. Lyttleton remains pure in a world of woe."

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NORTHERN STATE NORMAL SCHOOL

MARQUETTE, MICHIGAN

Fall Term opens September 27, 1915

New Buildings — New Equipment

The Northern State Normal offers a two years' Life Certificate and Diploma Course for graduates of high schools.

It offers regular courses leading to the Graded School Certificate and Rural School Certificate.

The school also offers courses for training teachers for special work in Kindergarten, Music, Drawing, Nature Study and Domestic Science.

It has exceptionally strong corps of instructors who are specialists in their departments, and its training school gives an excellent opportunity for the training of teachers.

There is an excellent dormitory in connection, which makes an ideal home for students. Its expenses are moderate.

Students who finish the Life Certificate Course are granted fifty-six hours credit at the University of Michigan.

For information or catalogue write to

DORIS I. BOWRON, Secretary. JAMES H. KAYE, President.

admitted in the saying that "The dog understands his master's nod."

The Orientals of Palestine, however, have always looked with contempt on dogs, or we should not have had that famous question: "Is thy servant a dog that he should do this great thing?"

Where Shameless Sin and Flaunting Pleasure meet, Amid the noisome footprints finds the faint vestige of Thy feet."

THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, Western District of Michigan. Whereas, on the 20th day of August, 1915, John W. Shine, proctor for libellant, filed a libel in the District Court of the United States for the Western District of Michigan, against the gasoline launch "Optimist" and have her in my custody.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE

Marquette County Savings Bank

At Marquette, Michigan, at the close of business September 2, 1915, as called for by the Commissioner of the Banking Department:

RESOURCES. Commercial department—\$222,201.51 Savings department—138,818.69 Bonds, Mortgages and Securities, viz: Commercial department—88,000.00

LIABILITIES. Capital stock paid in—\$100,000.00 Surplus fund—1915—25,000.00 Undivided profits, net—1,496.19 Dividends unpaid—30.00

STATE OF MICHIGAN, I, W. B. McCOMBS, Cashier of the above named bank, do solemnly swear, that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief and correctly represents the true state of the several matters therein contained, as shown by the books of the bank.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 7th day of September, 1915.

G. A. CARLSON, Notary Public. My commission expires April 29, 1916.

CORRECT—Attest: N. M. KAUFMAN, S. R. KAUFMAN, FRED S. CASE, Directors.

The Peninsula Bank Ishpeming, Mich.

Statement of Condition at the Close of Business Sept. 2, 1915. Condensed from Statement to Commissioner State Banking Department.

RESOURCES:		LIABILITIES:	
Loans, Discounts and Bonds	\$799,364.80	Capital Stock	\$50,000.00
Banking House	15,000.00	Surplus Fund	75,000.00
Overdrafts	3.45	Undivided Profits, Less Expenses and Taxes Paid	18,816.93
Cash Resources	143,632.95	Dividends Unpaid	60.00
		Deposits	778,634.27
		Reserve for Interest	10,999.00
TOTAL	\$928,001.20		\$928,001.20

DIRECTORS: THOS. WALTERS, H. F. HEYN, JOHN KANDELIN, GEO. F. THONEY, LARS HOYSETH, JOS. MITCHELL, OTTO EGER, THOS. W. HUGHES, W. T. POTTER.

Three per cent interest paid on Savings Accounts. Safety Deposit Boxes for rent at \$2.50 per year.

Ishpeming Department

SCHIEBER-GUNVILLE NUPTIALS YESTERDAY

COURT HAD GOOD MONTH.

Receipts of Municipal Tribunal for August Totalled \$282.50.

The monthly report of Municipal Judge St. John, presented to the council Wednesday evening by Alderman Wallin, showed collections of \$280.40, itemized as follows: Fines in criminal cases, \$145; costs in criminal cases, \$77.40; civil cases, \$40. The county treasurer was paid \$165 for fines collected, leaving a balance of \$117.40.

Poundmaster Tasson reported that he had impounded fourteen head of cattle, and collected \$7.00 in fines. The bills and payrolls for the month of August called for an expenditure of \$12,064.63. Of this amount \$5,969.44 was for bills and \$7,095.19 for payroll. The amounts charged to the different funds are as follows:

Highway fund	\$2,455.72
Sewer fund	143.33
Water fund	161.15
Cemetery fund	103.00
Fire fund	193.05
Police fund	79.00
Street lighting fund	1,141.29
Library fund	171.61
General fund	750.62
Total bills	\$5,969.44

Payroll—

Official	\$1,712.46
Highway	4,084.72
Water	906.21
Sewer	216.40
Total payrolls	\$7,095.19

"THE SEARCHLIGHT GUN"

Eighth Episode of Popular Serial to Be Shown This Evening.

An exceptional picture program will be offered this evening at Ishpeming theatre. It includes the eighth episode of "The Romance of Elaine," entitled "The Searchlight Gun," and "A Pair of Queens," a Vitagraph feature comedy, in two reels.

In "The Searchlight Gun" Elaine Dodge, whose sweetheart, Craig Kennedy, has mysteriously disappeared, receives a gift. It is a revolver with a light-casting device under its barrel. Elaine tries it out and finds that the shots go true where the light is cast. Marcus Del Mar, a foreign agent, engaged in mining America's harbors, has found Elaine's presence a great interference to his work. He gives to one of his assistants a bomb to be placed in Elaine's house that night. The man takes the bomb to his hiding place on the seashore, where he places it in readiness for his drive, stops by the roadside to pick some flowers, and wanders off down to the shore comes on the bomb. She is taking it to Prof. Arnold, the mysterious stranger interested in the case of the foreign secret agents, when she and Jameson are attacked by Del Mar's men. Jameson throws the bomb out of their car, a deep gash. Del Mar's car, coming along behind, cannot stop in time to avoid being ditched. Del Mar's chauffeur is killed, but Del Mar rises from the wreck of his car and, with some of his confederates, starts out in pursuit of Elaine and Jameson. They fire a few shots and destroy Elaine's car. Elaine and Jameson abandon it. Del Mar, weak from loss of blood, abandons the pursuit, which is taken up by his men. In the chase that follows, Elaine uses her new gun to advantage, killing her former pursuer and wounding the next in line. She and Jameson visit Professor Arnold aboard his yacht and tell him their story. Meantime, Del Mar, informed by one of his men of Elaine's mission, mans a submarine to torpedo Prof. Arnold's yacht. Jameson sees the periscope of the approaching submarine and shouts his warning. They get off the yacht in time to avoid being blown to the four winds. They jump into a motor-boat and start for the shore. Del Mar, seeing his first torpedo has failed, discharges another at the motor-boat. Skillful manipulation of the steering-gear just saves the motor-boat and the torpedo passes within a foot of it.

Cook With Gas

Fall and Winter
Spring and Summer

The Cheapest,
Most Convenient
and Best
at All Seasons.

Marquette County Gas & Electric Co.
Ishpeming and Negaunee.

THE PITTSBURGH & LAKE ANGELINE IRON CO.

WILL OFFER AT
PUBLIC SALE

On the 15th Day of September, 1915

at 10 o'clock a. m., in front of its office in the city of Ishpeming, Marquette county, Michigan, ALL of its property, real, personal or mixed, in the state of Michigan, as follows:

City of Ishpeming, Marquette County

Lots 1, 2, 3, 4 and 5, Section 15, and the surface right to a lot containing 1.77 acres, more or less, on which are located the mine office, barn, machine shop, carpenter shop and one dwelling house.

The above comprise what is commonly known as the Pittsburgh & Lake Angeline mine.

Lands in Tilden Township, Marquette County

W 1/2 of SE 1/4, Sec. 21, T. 47 N., R. 27 W.
NW 1/4 of NE 1/4, Sec. 28, T. 47 N., R. 27 W.
S 1/2 of NE 1/4, Sec. 28, T. 47 N., R. 27 W.

The above comprise what is commonly known as the Mitchell mine.

NW 1/4, Sec. 34, T. 47 N., R. 27 W.
S 1/2 of SW 1/4, Sec. 26, T. 47 N., R. 27 W.
NE 1/4 of SW 1/4, Sec. 26, T. 47 N., R. 27 W.
N 1/2 of SE 1/4, Sec. 29, T. 47 N., R. 27 W.

Land in Spurr Township, Baraga County

SW 1/4 of NE 1/4, Sec. 26, T. 48 N., R. 31 W.

Lands in Champion Township, Marquette County

SW 1/4, Sec. 36, T. 48 N., R. 29 W.
N 1/2 of SE 1/4, Sec. 35, T. 48 N., R. 29 W.

Lands in Forsyth Township, Marquette County

Lots 2 and 3, Sec. 5, T. 45 N., R. 24 W.
SW 1/4 of NW 1/4, Sec. 5, T. 45 N., R. 24 W.
W 1/2 of SW 1/4, Sec. 5, T. 45 N., R. 24 W.

Land in Ely Township, Marquette County

N 1/2 of NW 1/4, Sec. 12, T. 47 N., R. 28 W.

Land in Humboldt Township, Marquette County

SE 1/4 of SE 1/4, Sec. 10, T. 47 N., R. 29 W.

All personal property on hand at the day of sale.

For circular covering details or for further information apply to W. G. Pollock, Secretary and Treasurer, 206 Western Reserve Building, Cleveland, Ohio, or to Thomas Walters, Ishpeming, Michigan.
Dated August 10th, 1915. (8-11-4f)

RUSSIA'S CREDIT IS SAFE.

Some people are inclined to have misgivings as to Russian credit, but I believe such fears may be dismissed. No nation of 170,000,000 people, with the huge resources that Russia has, is going to be unable to pay its debts. Further, Russia has in the past shown scrupulous regard for her obligations. Throughout the Crimean war, with Great Britain as a bitter enemy, Russia sent gold to London periodically, to pay the coupons on her bonds that were held by English investors. That was a notable testimony to her determination at all costs to preserve her financial integrity.—American Magazine.

At 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon, Miss Azaline M. Gunville, daughter of Joseph Gunville, of South Pine street, was united in marriage to Harold I. Schieber, of Stambaugh, at St. John's parsonage, Rev. J. A. Keul, the pastor, performing the ceremony. Miss Florence Brayton attended the bride, and W. E. Tipping, of Iron River, was best man.

The bride was becomingly gowned in a traveling suit of green cloth, trimmed with martin fur, with hat to match, and wore a corsage bouquet of orchids and lilies of the valley. Miss Brayton wore a black and white suit, black hat and wore a corsage bouquet of sunset roses.

Following the ceremony the bridal couple went to the home of her parents, where a wedding dinner was served to the immediate relatives and a few other guests. The Gunville home was prettily decorated for the occasion with pink and white sweet peas.

Miss Gunville, who is a member of one of Ishpeming's oldest families, was born and brought up here and has a host of friends. She is a graduate of the Ishpeming public schools, also of the Marquette Normal, and taught school at Stambaugh for one year, resigning at the close of school in June.

Mr. Schieber, who is a mining engineer in the employ of the Pickands-Mather company at Stambaugh, is the son of David Schieber of Bueyrus, and has been located at Stambaugh for a few years.

Mr. Schieber and his bride were the recipients of a large number of beautiful presents.

Mr. and Mrs. Schieber departed on the midnight train for Duluth, from where they will take a boat for a trip down the lakes. They will visit at Bueyrus. Upon their return they will begin housekeeping at Palatka, where Mr. Schieber has a pretty home in readiness for his bride.

ISHPEMING IN BRIEF.

A. A. Miller, of Calumet, is here to spend a few days.

H. J. Pearson, of Menominee, was an Ishpeming visitor yesterday.

William Palo, manager of the Pastime theatre at Republic, was a visitor in the city yesterday.

Charles Emmons and son, Eldren, of Ontonagon, visited with Ishpeming relatives and friends yesterday.

Miss Edna Persons left last evening for Battle Creek, to resume her work as teacher in the public schools.

John S. Olson has returned from a ten days' business trip to Saginaw, and other points in the lower peninsula.

Thomas Bovin motored here from L'Anse yesterday, and will spend a few days in the city as the guest of friends.

Ona Maues, of Marquette, wire chief for the Michigan State Telephone company, was in the city yesterday, on business.

Miss Loretta Harrington has returned to Turin, where she teaches school. Miss Harrington spent the vacation here, visiting with her parents.

H. J. Keating, of Escanaba, trainmaster for the Chicago & Northwestern railway, was in the city yesterday on business for the company.

Mrs. Percy Gill and son will leave for Flint, where they will reside. Mr. Gill, who went to Flint several months ago, has a good position in an automobile factory there.

LaVigne's orchestra will furnish music at the opening of Woolworth's at the corner Main street and Cleveland avenue, this afternoon and evening.

Jack Mahaney, of Clampton, is being held at the city jail on a serious charge preferred by a Champion woman. He was unable to furnish \$2,000 bonds, and will be given an examination before Judge William St. John on Monday.

August Engb, Oscar Bruns and the Misses Jennie Johnson and Mildred Ronsdahl, of Calumet, who were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Roy Mathew for the past three days, departed by automobile for their homes yesterday.

Harry Baer, of Ironwood, was in the city yesterday, visiting with friends. He drove an Overland automobile from Ironwood in twelve hours, including the time that he stopped for meals. The distance from Ironwood here he recorded as 208.2 miles.

The teachers at the Central, Grammer and Ridge street schools have received enlarged portraits of the late E. F. Sculcher, which they subscribed for a few months ago. The portraits, which have been framed, will be hung in the halls of the three buildings.

ANOTHER MARQUETTE CASE.

It Proves That There's a Way Out for Many Suffering Marquette Folks.

Just another report of a case in Marquette. Another typical case. Kidney ailments relieved in Marquette with Doan's Kidney Pills.

Mrs. Dan Reynolds, 534 E. Hewitt Ave., Marquette, says: "For a long time my back ached constantly and when I tried to straighten after stooping, sharp pains caught me in my sides. Mornings I always felt tired and ached all over. I had severe headaches and dizzy spells and I was extremely nervous. The action of my kidneys was irregular and cold settled on my kidneys, making me feel worse. After I had used several kidney medicines without benefit, I took Doan's Kidney Pills and a couple of boxes greatly relieved me. I have had very little trouble since."

Price 50c. at all dealers. Don't simply ask for a kidney remedy—get Doan's Kidney Pills—the same that Mrs. Reynolds had. Foster-Milburn Co., Props., Buffalo, N. Y.

COUNCIL PROCEEDINGS.

The council Wednesday evening accepted an agreement between the Cleveland-Cliffs Iron company and the city, giving the city a license for the sewer constructed last winter in the northern part of the city. The license is contained in a lengthy resolution, which gives a detailed description of the land through which the sewer passes.

Alderman Wallin directed the council's attention to the fact that the walk abutting the property of August Vidlund, on North Pine street, was a menace to public safety, inasmuch as it is some twelve feet from the ground and has no railing. The city, he said, should take immediate steps to make the walk safe in order to avoid a possible suit for damages. The matter was referred to the committee on streets and alleys and board of public works.

Alderman Peterson presented a resolution calling for the construction of walks in front of, and adjoining, the properties of Ole Olson, Albert Beerling and Andrew Gustafson on Michigan street; Nels Thompson estate, T. M. Trenberth, Carl Tollefson estate, and Andrew Erickson of North First street. The walks now in front of these properties are in bad repair. The owners are to be instructed to begin the construction of the new walks within two weeks. The resolution was unanimously adopted.

A petition from Mrs. August Wallenstein, 313 North Fifth street, asking to be exempted from the payment of water taxes was referred to the committee on water works.

Jacob Flack, James Green, Frank DeCaire, Joseph H. Harris, James Luicks and 100 other residents of the National Mine location sent the following communication to the council:

"We, the undersigned, respectfully ask that four (4) lights be placed on the highway connecting the city of Ishpeming and National Mine, for the benefit of those working in Ishpeming and living in National Mine. This highway is used at the best of the night, both in summer and winter, and it would be a great convenience to the citizens of both places to have these lights." The mat-

ter was referred to the committee on street lighting.

A petition from Mrs. Emma Crane, 778 East Maurice street, asking that she be exempted from the payment of sewer and sidewalk tax on her lot in the Cleveland-Cliffs Iron company's third addition, was referred to the committee on streets and alleys.

DISGRACED TURKISH LEADER DISAPPEARS

Rome, Sept. 9.—Gemal Pashal, who had fallen into disgrace owing to the failure of the invasion of Egypt and had been transferred to Bagdad, has mysteriously disappeared. It is suspected that he is in hiding somewhere in Arabia where it is believed he is plotting for an Arab revolt against the Young Turks.

BIGGEST WAR PLANE TESTED IN TORONTO

The Canada, 102 Feet Across, Carries Bombs and Gun and Is Remarkably Speedy.

New York, Sept. 9.—The first of a fleet of giant aeroplanes being built in Canada for the British government received its unofficial try-out last Friday at the flying grounds in Toronto and proved to be an unqualified success, according to a letter received by The Times.

This airship is larger than any ever before built. It is called "The Canada," and is fitted with a number of new devices. It carries the latest developments in control and is so arranged that absolute accuracy is obtained in bomb-dropping.

"The first flights of 'The Canada' were everything that could be desired," the letter says. "Tony Jannus was the pilot and went up for a short flight and then came down and the machine was thoroughly gone over, while the motors were left running. Then on the second flight, he took up a passenger and they made a more extended trip. Everything worked beautifully. The two 100-horsepower Curtiss standard motors never missed a shot, and speed of nearly 100 miles an hour was developed. All the attachments worked perfectly."

To Carry Gun and Bombs.

"The Canada" is of the type of "The America," which was built before the war to make the trip across the ocean, but is much larger. Its wings are 102 feet across, and it is built to carry more than 2,000 pounds. This will allow a heavy calibre rapid fire gun to be carried and a large quantity of bombs.

"The new developments are the most wonderful things about it. The Sperry stabilizer is used and by a new arrangement a telescope is fitted to it so that the pilot always knows his exact vertical. That is, he always knows the angle his machine has with the horizontal. This, with other fittings, the nature of which cannot be explained, allows the pilot merely to pull a lever to drop bombs on any specified object. This will eliminate the wasteful method of bomb dropping hitherto employed and will make these new aeroplanes the most deadly weapon that the war has yet developed.

"The new machine allows the pilot exactly to know what effect his speed and the wind will have on the falling bomb, and makes their destructive power a certainty instead of a hit-and-miss proposition, as it has been to date.

"The Canada" was built by the Curtiss Aeroplane company at their workshops in Toronto, and will cost about \$10,000. The sister ship or other aeroplanes of the same model, will all be standardized with it, and everything has been planned so that the British government will have several squadrons of these giant machines all of exactly the same model and with all their parts interchangeable.

"The Curtiss company has orders for 100 of the same model as the America, which is still in service. It is acting as a convoy for troop ships and other vessels. With its large calibre machine gun, it has proved a formidable foe to submarines, and is said to have destroyed three to date. Flying while on scout duty about 200 miles above the Channel or the Irish Sea, the pilot can see twenty miles in every direction, and at a speed of more than sixty-five miles an hour can catch anything that looks suspicious. In England they say a gun-carrying aeroplane is worth five destroyers or cruisers, and their use is strongly advocated, because they release the fleet units for battle use.

"At the training school of the Curtiss company in Toronto seventy-five men are always being schooled for the British aviation corps. Thirty-five have already joined the colors, and several are leaving each week. There is activity as has never been seen before at the flying field. At least six aeroplanes are always in the air. The men are being trained on machines that average eighty-five miles an hour. When they have finished their course they are ready to take part in the war work, and those who have been on active service have been highly commended.

"In addition to the other types of machines ordered, the Curtiss company has an order for 400 of what is known in the British service as Model R. This is a fast reconnoitering or scout machine, and a number are being shipped every week. Many of these are being made in Buffalo.

"Anthony Jannus will take the machine out on the final or government test and a number of the aviators about to leave for England will take turns in flying with him. Several will accompany the giant on its trip abroad, and from now on a selected corps of aviators will be trained at the Curtiss school in the handling of these machines.

"There is talk about fitting some of

them so that they can carry men instead of explosives. It would be quite possible for a dozen men to be carried, and in the near future tests will be made in the handling of the machines with soldiers on board.

"When the official tests are over I will let you know, if possible, how the machine acted, as it will be of interest to everybody, these being the greatest that have ever been built."

LOVE OF THE FLAG.

Why not make more general use of our country's flag until the present unrest and agitation subside and conditions become normal? If men, women and children wave miniature flags of red, white and blue ribbons on their coats or waists as an emblem of patriotism and American honor, it would go a long way toward establishing a deeper and more far-reaching respect and love for our flag and country. Such a public manifestation of loyalty in the individual would signify in the most impressive manner the potential of unity in the masses. Let our children, our men, and our women, then, whether they are laborers in the nation's vineyard or are pleasure seekers in the mountains or at the seashore, adopt this standard of patriotism; let our automobiles, our cabs, our railroad trains, our ships and boats display the Stars and Stripes whenever it is possible as a symbol of a united people standing for liberty, enlightenment and righteousness. In short, let all of us who are true Americans show that we are in spirit willing to do and die for America and to ever uphold the honor of her flag.—Edward J. Burke, in the New York Times.

AURORA BOREALIS.

Many people believe that the aurora borealis is a phenomenon peculiar to modern times. But this is not true. The ancients used to call it chammata, bonies and trapes, names which expressed the different colors of the lights. The scarlet aurora was looked on by the superstitious barbarians as an omen of direful slaughter; so it is not unusual for descriptions of bloody battles to contain allusions to northern lights. In the annals of Clonmacnoise it is recorded that in 888 A. D., accompanying a terrible battle between Leinster and Munster, Ireland, a purple aurora-lit the northern skies, foretelling the slaughter.

MOSQUITO PROBLEM SOLVED.

The editor of an Illinois paper is a public benefactor, and when he dies the people of his county ought to erect a monument to the honor of his memory. He has discovered a new way to get rid of mosquitoes. He tells you simply to rub alum on your face and hands. When the mosquito takes a bite it puckers his gizzard so it can't sting. Then it sits down in a damp place, tries to dig the pucker loose, catches its death of cold and dies of pneumonia.—Pemberville Leader.

Mrs. George Voelker

announces the opening of the Fall term, Sept. 1915, at her studio, 245 W. Barnum St.

Teacher of Vocal Culture, Piano and Sight-Reading.

A Savings Account

is the best start towards SUCCESS.

Ready money permits SEIZING OPPORTUNITY.

Start an account NOW.

The Miners' National Bank
ISHPEMING, MICH.

Special Announcement

MISS M. J. MUIR, of the Reed Brothers Waist Company, Milwaukee, will be with us all day Saturday, September 11th, showing their complete sample line of Fall Waists. Whether you wish to buy or not we will be pleased to have you call and examine this handsome showing and, if you desire something exclusive, you can, without doubt, select it from this display. We are also showing a complete line of new Fall merchandise.

JOSEPH SELLWOOD & CO.

Ishpeming Theatre

Merchants' Matinee

Every Monday Except Labor Day

Continuous Shows, 1 to 5 p. m.

Merchants' tickets good at no other time.

Program Monday afternoon different from the one in the evening.

The following merchants are giving their patrons tickets, one with each 25c purchase. Not more than four tickets on a purchase. Void after Oct. 11.

CITY DRUG STORE	THE ELECTRIC SHOP.
N. E. SKUD ESTATE, Dry Goods.	ANDERSON & CO., Jewelers.
JOHNSON BROS. CO. Clothing and Shoes.	BRODINE & VILLENEUVE, The New Hat Shop.
WILLIAM LEININGER, Furniture.	QUAYLE & CLAVEN, Candies, Ice Cream, Etc.
GOUDGES, 5, 10 and 25c Variety Stores, Ishpeming and Negaunee.	TREMBATH BROS., Paints, Oils, etc.
JOCHIM HARDWARE CO.	CITY BAKERY, B. PICCO, Gold Crust Bread
GEORGE H. BELL, Tailoring and Men's Shoes.	BILLINGS HOTEL AND RESTAURANT.

ISHPEMING THEATRE TONIGHT

"The Searchlight Gun"

eighth episode of Romance of Elaine

This is one of the most exciting pictures of the series.

"A Pair of Queens"

A delightful Vitagraph 2-reel comedy

The McGreaves

in a comedy sketch, entitled "Back To The Farm"

introducing singing, talking, juggling and comedy slack wire.

TOMORROW

Eight-reel Matinee at 2:30

AMONG THE PICTURES.

"The Greater Courage"

Essanay three reel feature drama.

"Mr. Jarr and Gertrude's Bean"

Vitagraph comedy.

Attraction Extraordinary

Sept. 13, 14 and 15

THE BERLO GIRLS

A sensational comedy swimming and diving act, with special scenery. Said to be the biggest and most expensive act in vaudeville. At bargain prices —5c, 10c and 15c. Matinees Tuesday and Wednesday.

Next Tuesday

RETURNING BY REQUEST

Charles Chaplin in "WORK"

one of his biggest laughing hits, in two reels.

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WORKING IN A RUT

We all are prone to do it. We become accustomed to the daily routine, the commonplace way of doing things, the familiar conditions of our work.

A little money—a few hundreds or thousands—has enabled many a man to step out of his rut straight into the opportunity of his lifetime. And, what is more, you can get this money. A savings account at the First National Bank, and a few years of careful living, will put it into your hand. Isn't it worth the effort?

FIRST NATIONAL BANK

Capital and Surplus, \$200,000

Negaunee, Michigan

Markets

WAR STOCKS, RAIL SHARES SOAR HIGHER; METALS DROP.

New York, Sept. 9.—Further phenomenal advances in war specialties were the main features of today's market. Bethlehem Steel made the new high record of 326, an overnight gain of 27 points, and General Motors, at an advance of 10 points to 295, surpassed its previous record by that amount. Crucible Steel rose four points to 91 1/2, coming to within 1 1/2 of its record, and again was the second most active issue of the session.

Metal stocks were backward, despite the announcement of several increased dividend disbursements. Railroads shared in the rise to a better extent, presumably in consequence of yesterday's glowing crop report.

Trading languished in the final hour and prices shaded from their best on profit-taking. Total sales amounted to 37,000 shares.

Decrease of foreign selling imparted firmness to the bond list with total sales (par value) of \$3,900,000.

United States coupon 3 1/2 advanced 1/2 per cent on call.

BOSTON "COPPERS"

Boston, Mass., Sept. 9.—The Boston coppers were very dull and featureless today, closing almost last night's close. No sales of the metal were reported today in New York to speak of, but they still hold around eight cents—Fitzgerald, Hubbard & Co.

Laurium, Mich., Sept. 9.—There was plenty of excitement in the New York list today, but not very much was doing in the coppers. Bethlehem Steel closed tonight twenty-three points above yesterday's last sale. Crucible Steel and the other steel stocks were also active and stronger. The investment demand for steel preferred raised an advance in that issue to 11 1/2, and practically all the gains made by the steel shares were maintained. The porphyry companies announced dividends today as follows: Utah Copper, 81; Chino, 73 cents; Nevada Consolidated and Ray Consolidated 37 1/2 cents each. Besides these declarations, the Phelps-Dodge company posted a dividend of \$5.50, and Magna declared fifty cents. These dividends by these copper share companies call for a total distribution of over \$60,000,000. Butte & Superior, as expected, posted regular dividend of seventy cents and an extra dividend of \$5. The Magna dividend was an initial one. This is the property that adjoins Lake Superior & Arizona in the Superior district.—J. A. Minnear & Co.

Final prices for the day are reported by Minnear & Co. as follows:

July	15.92	N. Copr.	84.69	9
Aug.	16.00	Ala. C.	37.92	39
All.	22.91	Oneco	1.62	13
Amc.	70.84	Ojib.	15.02	2
A. Con.	88.61	S. Lako	64.02	65
Arc.	95.61	S. & B.	2.20	25
B. & H.	67.82	U. Verde	6.06	62
C. & A.	22.92	W. A.	1.50	13
C. & H.	54.19	W. A.	1.50	13
Cent.	19.22	W. A.	1.50	13
Chgo.	47.92	W. A.	1.50	13
Cop. R.	24.92	W. A.	1.50	13
E. Little	12.92	W. A.	1.50	13
Frank	28.92	W. A.	1.50	13
Greene	28.92	W. A.	1.50	13
Gran.	32.92	W. A.	1.50	13
Han.	19.92	W. A.	1.50	13
L. Roy.	23.92	W. A.	1.50	13
Lasal.	14.92	W. A.	1.50	13
Lake	13.92	W. A.	1.50	13
Mas.	22.92	W. A.	1.50	13
Mayf.	31.92	W. A.	1.50	13
Nev. C.	14.92	W. A.	1.50	13
N. Lake	16.92	W. A.	1.50	13
O. Col.	3.92	W. A.	1.50	13
Quin.	24.92	W. A.	1.50	13
R. Don.	28.92	W. A.	1.50	13
Osce.	20.92	W. A.	1.50	13
Ray.	22.92	W. A.	1.50	13
Sban.	25.92	W. A.	1.50	13
Sip.	29.92	W. A.	1.50	13
Trin.	33.92	W. A.	1.50	13
W. Con.	12.92	W. A.	1.50	13
Y. Con.	15.92	W. A.	1.50	13

Precious

Ala. C.	37.92	Ala. C.	37.92
Amc.	70.84	Amc.	70.84
A. Con.	88.61	A. Con.	88.61
Arc.	95.61	Arc.	95.61
B. & H.	67.82	B. & H.	67.82
C. & A.	22.92	C. & A.	22.92
C. & H.	54.19	C. & H.	54.19
Cent.	19.22	Cent.	19.22
Chgo.	47.92	Chgo.	47.92
Cop. R.	24.92	Cop. R.	24.92
E. Little	12.92	E. Little	12.92
Frank	28.92	Frank	28.92
Greene	28.92	Greene	28.92
Gran.	32.92	Gran.	32.92
Han.	19.92	Han.	19.92
L. Roy.	23.92	L. Roy.	23.92
Lasal.	14.92	Lasal.	14.92
Lake	13.92	Lake	13.92
Mas.	22.92	Mas.	22.92
Mayf.	31.92	Mayf.	31.92
Nev. C.	14.92	Nev. C.	14.92
N. Lake	16.92	N. Lake	16.92
O. Col.	3.92	O. Col.	3.92
Quin.	24.92	Quin.	24.92
R. Don.	28.92	R. Don.	28.92
Osce.	20.92	Osce.	20.92
Ray.	22.92	Ray.	22.92
Sban.	25.92	Sban.	25.92
Sip.	29.92	Sip.	29.92
Trin.	33.92	Trin.	33.92
W. Con.	12.92	W. Con.	12.92
Y. Con.	15.92	Y. Con.	15.92

Chicago Grain Market

Chicago, Sept. 9.—Urgent demand from millers and shippers today more than offset the bearish effect of the crop report. Closing prices: September wheat, 95 1/2; December wheat 92; September corn, 71 1/2; December corn, 57; September oats, 36; December oats, 35 1/2.

Chicago Produce Prices

Chicago, Sept. 9.—Butter, eggs and poultry, unchanged. Receipts of eggs amounted to 12,412 cases.

The Negaunee State Bank

COMMERCIAL DEPARTMENT
SAVINGS DEPARTMENT
INSURANCE DEPARTMENT

Every individual or business enterprise has affairs requiring the services of one or more of the above departments of business conducted by this bank. Our policy is to render the best possible service in all departments and solicit your business with this assurance.

POPE WILL ACT ALONE IN FUTURE PEACE MOVE.

London, Sept. 9.—A dispatch to the Daily Telegraph from Rome says concerning the visit of Cardinal Gibbons to the White House and the United States.

"The pope is a stranger to any initiative that Cardinal Gibbons may have taken. The pope is awaiting an opportunity to take fresh steps when the moment shall arrive. At present any démarche would be premature.

"I have learned that the pope judges that mediation by the United States would be less suitable at the present moment, because relations between that country and Germany are not of the best, and because the whole policy of the United States appears to tend towards the Entente.

"According to the pope's belief, mediation could only be offered by governments which were in no way committed toward belligerents, such as Switzerland, Spain, or perhaps the Scandinavian countries. But when the time arrives the pope will not seek for an alliance with civil states."

The correspondent goes on to comment that the pope as the head of the Roman Catholic church "will continue to raise his voice in favor of peace, and it will be so much the better if some civil states desire to range themselves by his side."

THREATENS SUBMARINE WAR WILL CONTINUE.

Berlin, Sept. 9.—The Vossische Zeitung devotes three columns to discussion of the situation as regards Germany and the United States, under the heading "The agreement with America."

"After implicitly expressing dissatisfaction at the message conveyed by Ambassador von Bernstorff to the Washington authorities, it declares:

"Comrade humanity regards in Germany in the wish to maintain unaltered peace between Berlin and Washington Ambassador von Bernstorff's explanation must not be taken either as an admission of any guilt in past procedures or as an indication of fear or weakness.

"It must be reiterated that the torpedoing of the Lusitania, no matter how lamentable from a humanitarian standpoint, left no stain upon Germany's honor. The same holds true for the Arabic. If it ever becomes possible to clear up this case through unobjectionable evidence, it will be shown that the captain of the Arabic himself was guilty of his fate and that of his passengers.

"It must also be specifically pointed out that submarine warfare against merchant vessels will now, as formerly—and, it is to be hoped, with unremitting vigor—be carried on. There can be no talk of any 'result' for Great Britain. British merchant marine losses will not be lessened in the future. Great Britain must not permit herself to hope she may succeed in the future through sordid manipulations in making use of German good-nature."

HOW TO GIVE GOOD ADVICE.

The best way to give good advice is to set a good example. When others see how quickly you get over your cold by taking Chamberlain's Cough Remedy they are likely to follow your example. This remedy has been in use for many years and enjoys an excellent reputation. Obtainable everywhere.

J. A. MINNEAR & CO. BROKERS

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Negaunee Department

MINING INSTITUTE IS HELD AT CROSBY

A. J. Yungbluth of Ishpeming Is Elected Secretary of the Organization.

Of the visit to the Cuyuna range of the mining men who are attending the annual meeting of the Lake Superior Mining Institute, a press dispatch from Crosby, Minn., says:

The members of the Lake Superior Mining Institute held their meeting and went by special train to Hamline, where they attended the state fair.

At the business session the following officers were elected: President, P. E. Lawrence, Palatka, Mich., general superintendent of the Verona Mining company; secretary, A. J. Yungbluth, Ishpeming, Mich., secretary of the Cleveland Cliffs Iron company, re-elected; treasurer, E. W. Hopkins, Commonwealth, Wis., general manager of the Ogilby-Norton company.

There was nearly 300 in the party, which arrived from Duluth by special train early in the morning.

They were taken over the range on flat cars arranged with special seats, and visited the Armour, Thomson, Kennedy, Dennington, Cuyuna-Mills Lacs and Hill Crest mine, and finally were taken to Riverton to inspect the Kove mine and concentration plant.

While at Riverton the members were guests of Superintendent Barr at a Dutch lunch. The party returned to Crosby by special train, and held a business meeting in the Franklin school building, listening to papers prepared on mining subjects.

At 5 o'clock all were given a big barbecue by the Commercial club and George H. Crosby at his Hickory lodge farm. A 340-pound steer was roasted and served with plenty of side dishes.

Well Known Men in Party.

Among wellknown mining and railroad men in the party are: J. E. Jopling, Ishpeming, chief engineer of the Cleveland, Duluth, assistant general manager of the Oliver Iron Mining company; Charles Fairbairn, Birmingham, Ala., of the Republic Iron & Steel company; Earl E. Hunner, Duluth, of the Great Northern Ore company; P. A. Wildes, Hibbing, mining inspector; J. C. Madson, captain of the Lectiona mine, Hibbing; W. C. Hart, superintendent of the M. A. Hanna company, Wakefield mine; Captain Barr and Frank Hutchinson of the Pittsburgh Steel Ore company; John Lutes of the Pennington mine; W. E. Kearney, of the Ishpeming mine; J. C. Carlsson of Hibbing and DuLuth; Francis J. Webb, superintendent of the Republic Iron and Steel company on the Mesaba; C. A. Stillman, president and general manager of the Rogers-Brown Ore company; W. A. Barrows, Captain Zepf, of the Republic mine; general superintendent of the Pickands-Mather company, Mesaba range; L. P. Brewer of the committee on arrangements; N. P. Flodin, Marquette, Mich., of the Lake Shore Engine works; Mr. McNair, president of the Houghton School of Mines, Duluth; J. M. Rosenthal, superintendent of the Lake Superior Division Northern Pacific railway; L. W. Burnham, traffic agent Northern Pacific, St. Paul; Felix A. Vogel, Florence Iron Mining company, New York; D. E. Sutherland, superintendent of the Oliver Iron Mining company, Ironwood, Mich.; J. L. Rosenthal, Iron Mountain mine, Cuyuna range; William Kelly, general manager Cambria Steel & Iron company, Vulcan, Mich.; George H. Abel, Ironwood, Mich.; Capt. Peter W. Pascoe, Cleveland-Cliffs, Republic, Mich.; Capt. William Pascoe, Cuyuna-Mills Lacs, Republic, Mich.; Capt. J. J. Richards, Crystal Falls, Mich., general manager Cortigan-McKinney company; Capt. H. M. Lawry, Iron River, Mich., formerly in charge of Adams mine, Cuyuna range and many others.

Chaplin stuck to the lunch and this morning was waggled a nearby Japanese fishing village, which sent out a dory with provisions. Chaplin afterward got under way and proceeded to Chamel Island.

CHORUS GIRL WITHOUT FEET IS KIDNAPED.

New York, Sept. 9.—Miss Daisy James, a former chorus girl, lost both her feet when an express train on the Lackawanna railroad ran over her at East Orange, N. J., June 19, but she did not lose her happy nature nor her high spirits. Since the seven weeks in the hospital ended she has been perched in a chair by the window of her mother's little apartment.

June Price and May Torney, both chorus girls, called on Daisy Wednesday night, and all held a chorus girls' party that became so hilarious that Mrs. Nellie Stowell, Daisy's mother, was moved to protest.

"All right," all three said, "if we can't have a good time here we'll go some place else."

With that Daisy was placed in her wheel chair, a taxicab was called and the wheel chair put up on the front seat with the driver. And Mrs. Stowell hasn't seen her daughter since. She notified police headquarters that her daughter had been kidnaped.

Miss James has a damage suit for \$100,000 pending against the Lackawanna railroad for loss of her feet.

WIDOW NAMES MAYO AS CHILD'S FATHER.

Cincinnati, Sept. 9.—Mrs. Estelle Cooper Gay, a New York widow, took the stand in common pleas court today in her suit against her mother-in-law, Mrs. Laura Mullins, and Dr. S. J. D. Meade, a prominent physician, for recovery of her child and told a remarkable story of her relations with the late John C. Mayo, Kentucky multi-millionaire and politician.

Mayo, she declared, was the father of her boy, now two years old, and had paid Dr. Meade a fee of \$4,000 for his services at the time of the boy's birth. It was arranged by Mayo, she said, to have the child removed immediately after birth and cared for by a woman unknown to Mrs. Gay. She has not seen the child since.

Mrs. Gay charged that Dr. Meade has secreted her boy. She testified Dr. Meade had seized her trunks and letters vital to her case, that he had threatened her life, and that upon promises to restore her baby to her, he induced her to write letters declaring the child had died.

Judge Hoffman continued the hearing for two weeks to give Mrs. Gay's counsel time to gather evidence in other states.

PURCHASED OIL ENGINE.

Fred Roberts, who owns a farm north of the city, yesterday received from Joseph N. Ikela, the agent for the International Harvester Machinery company, a fifteen-horsepower oil engine, which he will use on his farm for threshing. He will also rent it to other farmers in the county who may have occasion to use it for threshing, or other purposes. During the winter months he will use the engine to run a portable sawmill. It is set on a stand which is mounted on wheels, and can be moved from place to place by a team of horses.

CARD OF THANKS.

We wish to thank those who helped to lessen our burden of sorrow in our recent bereavement, especially our kind neighbors and friends who did so much for us during the illness and following the death of our beloved Mildred. We wish, particularly, to thank those who sang at the funeral services, also those who sent floral offerings.

SAMUEL ALLEN and Children.

CONSTIPATION THE FATHER OF MANY ILLS.

Of the numerous ills that affect humanity a large share start with constipation. Keep your bowels regular and they may be avoided. When laxative is needed take Chamberlain's Tablets. They not only move the bowels, but improve the appetite and strengthen the digestion. Obtainable everywhere.

MILWARD-BOWN WEDDING.

Young People of Diorite Married at Home of Mrs. Elijah Toms.

George Milward and Miss Harriett Gertrude Bown, of Diorite, were married at 5 o'clock Wednesday afternoon at the home of Mrs. Elijah Toms, of Barn street, with whom the bride had made her home for some time. The ceremony was performed by Rev. R. L. Hewson, pastor of the Mitchell Methodist church, assisted by Rev. Prouse of Trimountain and Rev. Miller of Champion.

The bride, who wore a gown of white serge, was attended by Miss Mable Chapman, of Diorite, and Oscar Bown, brother of the bride, was best man. John Toms, Jr., was ring bearer.

Following the ceremony dinner was served to the wedding party and their guests. Both the dining room and parlor of the Toms home were beautifully decorated.

Mr. Milward and his bride left on the evening train for the copper country on a wedding trip. On their return they will begin housekeeping at Diorite.

SHOT CUB BEAR.

Ira Thomas, son of S. S. Thomas, and William Parala arrived in the city yesterday morning from the latter's farm south of Palmer. The men brought with them the carcass of a cub bear which they killed Wednesday night on Mr. Parala's farm. The bear is the second the two men have killed in the past two weeks. They expect to bring in several more before winter. The animal weighed seventy pounds and it was shipped to Chicago last evening. The country near Palmer is said to be infested with bears. One farmer from that district reported yesterday that it is necessary for him to stay up nearly every night to keep the animals from carrying off his live stock.

LOCAL LACONICS.

John Jacobson and family spent yesterday at Marquette.

Mrs. Nicholas Jobs visited yesterday with friends at Marquette.

Clarence Pope and Jack Williams visited yesterday at Marquette.

Joe Block is spending a few days visiting with friends at Escanaba.

Leslie Gaffney and Jack Price were visitors yesterday at Marquette.

E. J. Tobin, of Escanaba, was a business visitor in the city yesterday.

H. A. Rudolph, of Iron Mountain, is in the city to spend a few days on business.

Henry Levine, of Republic, is spending a few days here as the guest of relatives.

A daughter was born yesterday to Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Denofie, 229 Tobin street.

Mrs. John Honka and daughter, Priscilla, visited yesterday with Marquette friends.

Jacob Levine, of Champion, was in the city yesterday, visiting with relatives and friends.

Thomas Pellow left last evening for Chicago, where he will spend a few days on business.

A. M. Halley, a mining man of Virginia, Minn., is spending a few days in the city on business.

Mrs. Bonnie DeWinton, of Chicago, is here to spend a few days visiting with relatives and friends.

Mrs. George Feigel and daughter, Mrs. Carl Leininger, spent yesterday attending the county fair.

William Ellis, who spent the past few days in the city visiting with his parents, has returned to Duluth.

A luncheon was given yesterday afternoon at the Golf club by Mesdames J. M. Perkins and E. W. Adams.

Mr. and Mrs. Howard Houston, who spent the past two months visiting with relatives and friends here and at camp at Little Lake, will leave tomorrow for their home in Chester, Pa. They will go to Chicago.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE GWINN STATE SAVINGS BANK

At Gwin, Michigan, at the close of business Sept. 2, 1915, as called for by the Commissioner of the Banking Department.

REASOURCES:

Loans and Discounts, \$ 61,215.05
Savings department, 12,372.29
Bonds, mortgages, and other securities, 106,647.91
Commercial deposits, 11,445.00
Savings department, 50,231.74
Overdrafts, 21.96
Furniture and fixtures, 700.00
Due from other banks and bankers, 5,717.69
Items in transit, 1,675.00
Reserve, Commercial Savings, 1,675.00
Total, \$ 202,493.52

LIABILITIES:

Capital stock paid in, \$ 25,000.00
Surplus fund, 9,000.00
Undivided profits, net, 6,622.69
Commercial deposits, 11,445.00
Subject to check, \$ 54,945.80
Due to banks and bankers, 3,164.91
Savings deposits (book accounts), 1,650.31
Savings certificates of deposit, 161,225.03
Interest, 645.80
Total, \$ 202,493.52

STATE OF MICHIGAN, ss.
County of Marquette, ss.
I, Chester D. Masters, cashier of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief and correctly represents the true state of the several matters therein contained, as shown by the books and records of said bank.

CHESTER D. MASTERS, Cashier.
Subscribed and sworn to before me this 7th day of September, 1915.
B. MUELLER, Justice of the Peace.
CORRECT—Attest:
G. SHERMAN COLLINS, R. M. DUNCAN, D. H. MACINTYRE, Directors.

NO COST

It costs you nothing to keep a bank account at this bank.

We furnish the Pass Book, Check Book, and do the work.

Deposit all your income here and see what a great convenience a checking account is.

You will receive courteous treatment.

We pay 3 per cent on savings deposits.

The Negaunee National Bank

Designated U. S. Depository
NEGAUNEE, MICHIGAN.

GOVERNMENT'S DEMAND THOUGHT UNREASONABLE.

London, Aug. 29.—(Correspondence of the Associated Press).—The principal topic of conversation in wool circles is the government notification that wool at the docks will be removed to Manchester or other port for storage unless traders take it away themselves. This is, of course, pretty hard on the trade generally when the congestion difficulty has been largely brought about by the government commandeering rolling stock and transport vehicles, but, in the long run it will be beneficial to the trade to have the docks cleared for future arrivals.

It is claimed in many quarters that the dock authorities cannot deliver wool to railway companies at the present time owing to shortage of labor, and that the railway companies in turn cannot move large quantities, so that the result of the government order is interestingly awaited. The suggestion made in some quarters that larger exports should be allowed is deprecated by some as likely to immediately raise values of wool all round.

Only a very small quantity of merino wool has changed hands since the close of last auctions at fractionally excessive prices in sympathy with the fall in "tops" but selling brokers are understood to be refusing sales under assistance parity and a further fall is not considered likely. There is practically nothing doing in crossbreds. American inquiries continue to come along for merinos but permits are being handed out only very slowly and the quantity going out to the United States is very small. Imports of "tops" from that quarter are practically nil.

Bradford and Huddersfield machinery is still working on ordinary cloth and old contracts for the allies, and there is no movement on the part of the authorities, with regard to fresh orders for the winter. These however, would probably not be put out till next month, as there is known to be a large stock of cloth on hand. When the latter comes to be worked up, however, there will naturally have to be a quantity of reserve cloth made up, and the trade is not unduly pessimistic about the future course of prices.

It is estimated on the basis of 2,000,000 automobiles that American motorists spend \$730,000,000 annually for running expenses. 9-10-31.

STANDS CLOSED; ROSS TO RESIGN

Chief of Police McIntosh Stops Lottery Games at Fair Grounds by Order of Acting Mayor Sherman—Doll, Poodle Dog, and Candy Booths Out of Commission

Secretary, Indignant, Announces He Will Not Be in Charge of the Fair Next Year—He Regards Business as Legitimate—Trombley Wins the Ten-Mile Race.

When Chief of Police E. E. McIntosh, acting under instructions from Acting Mayor J. E. Sherman, yesterday afternoon closed three of the most profitable stands operated by the J. B. Henderson United Shows at the fair grounds, W. A. Ross, secretary of the Marquette County Agricultural society, announced that he would resign from the organization and would not conduct the fair next year. The opposition which the society has received in its efforts to conduct a successful fair had reached such a point, he said, that he no longer felt it worth his while to sacrifice himself by becoming the target for every person with a grouse.

Mr. Sherman had received many complaints during the week about the operation of the stands. James Fendell, he said, was one of those who had objected. He therefore gave instructions yesterday to Mr. McIntosh to close the stands. The poodle dog, doll, and candy stands were consequently closed. They are operated by selling chances on a wheel and only one person gets a prize each time. That is gambling according to the interpretation of the authorities. Similar games were stopped at last year's fair, said Mr. Sherman.

An Amusement Feature.

The carnival people were very indignant yesterday when their wheel business was stopped. Mr. Henderson said he knew that his show was as clean as any in the country and at no state fair had he ever appeared had the candy and doll lotteries been denied permission to do business. It was largely an amusement feature, he said, for the total received on the chances was no more than the articles would bring in the open market. Persons who took a chance knew what they were doing and the features provided more amusement than regret on the part of losers.

Mr. Sherman said last night that the step was taken advisedly and the authorities could not go at the work of regulating such matters in a hasty and heated manner. The lottery game had been stopped entirely in the city and those who have complained have done so on the ground that outsiders should not be given liberties which are denied residents of the city. The Teddy bear stand was closed by the police at last year's fair for the same reason and Mr. Sherman said he thought it only proper that the authorities be consistent in their action. He had not personally investigated the propositions, he said, but he had ordered Mr. McIntosh to investigate and the order was issued after a report had been made. He said he personally regretted the inconvenience and trouble caused the officers of the Agricultural society; but he believed the sentiment against the lotteries too strong to be ignored.

Considerable ridicule was heaped on the city's action last night and it was felt quite generally that the lotteries are too innocent to be dangerous to the public morals.

TRAINS TO FAIR GROUNDS.

The South Shore will run special trains to and from the fair grounds on Thursday, Friday and Saturday, as follows: Leave Marquette passenger station 1:30 p. m., 2:00 p. m., 5:15 p. m., 5:45 p. m.; leave fair grounds 1:45 p. m., 2:15 p. m., 5:00 p. m., 5:30 p. m., 6:00 p. m. Be for the round trip—15c. This is the easy way out to the grounds, and the easy way back. 9-9-31

SUIT CLUB MADE GOOD HAUL HERE

Ninety to a Hundred Women Entered Into Lottery Scheme Worked in Marquette by Gang With Headquarters in Calumet—Last Collection Made July 16.

Many Marquette women are wearing their last year's suits this summer because they entered into a little scheme last fall to "get something for 'bing." Members of the gang which did business under the name of the Acme Cloak & Suits House, now being sought by the sheriff of Houghton county on a wholesale swindling charge, carried on a lucrative business in Marquette all last winter without the knowledge of city authorities and carried away from one to two thousand dollars for which they made no deliveries of orders.

STATE MOVES TO CONSERVE DEER

Public Domain Commission Will Establish Game Preserves to Aid Propagation.

The public domain commission plans to maintain several game preserves in Michigan. It has already established one on the Hanson military reservation at Grayling and before the winter is over several more will be started in other parts of the state, on state land. The pinning down of the hunters to one deer by the last legislature gives impetus to the new movement to conserve deer. "With the law as it is now and with other conditions remaining the same, there is every promise that the deer will increase rapidly," says David R. Jones, special assistant to Game Warden William R. Oates.

"The last three or four years in this state have done wonders for the deer," continued Mr. Jones. "While man-made laws have served to keep down the deer, the deer have been protected by the nature of the game wardens. We have not had a general forest fire. All our fires have been local ones and the deer have been enabled to get away from them and into places of refuge. Then, the cut over lands, the best known habitat for deer, are growing up so that now they form an excellent cover. Heavy storms in the winter do not make the woods open to the deer as they did a few years ago, and danger from storms will gradually lessen as the timber on the cut over lands becomes heavier still. In a few years we should have plenty of deer in Michigan."

The one-deer law, while it will cut down the number of deer killed to a great extent, will also, it is expected, curtail some of the state revenue. This is especially expected to occur in the deer hunting by non-residents. Under the old law, when two deer were allowed each hunter, the non-resident was permitted to take but one deer out, but he could kill two.

When a man comes from another state, pays his expenses, plus the \$25 license fee and gets one deer, he will learn that venison will not cut down the high cost of living, and that this haunch will have cost about \$3 or \$4 a pound.

ALL GO TOGETHER.

We all go up and down together. You can not do justice to the railroad without hurting the man with the wheelbarrow. You can not smite the employer without hurting the employe, and you can not cure the lethargy and depression of business unless the remedy reaches from its arteries to its entire body.—Leslie's.

WALTER DOBSON MUST SPEND NEXT NINETY DAYS IN COUNTY JAIL.

Walter Dobson, tried on a charge of assault with intent to commit rape, was found guilty of assault and battery on a fourteen-year-old girl by the jury in the circuit court yesterday morning and was sentenced by Judge R. C. Flannigan to serve ninety days in the county jail.

The Dobson case was the second assigned for the criminal calendar and the last to be tried at this term, the other three set for trial being disposed of before the jury returned with the verdict yesterday morning. Cyril C. Nadason, charged with battery, entered a plea of guilty. John J. McCarthy, who appealed from the justice court on a charge of assault and battery, agreed to pay the penalty exacted by the justice of the peace and the costs of the case and his case was dismissed. Victor Mantilla, charged with a violation of the liquor laws, upon application got his case continued.

The first case on the issue of fact looked was that of Alvin Laukkari vs. the Cleveland-Cliffs Iron company for damages, and it is expected the case will drag through most of today's session. It is being heard for the third time, the jury having disagreed in the two former trials. The plaintiff contends that he is entitled to compensation in consideration of injuries suffered in a fall in shaft No. 2 of the North Lake mine on May 4, 1911, he having been overcome by gas just before the accident. George C. Driscoll of Iron-wood is representing Laukkari and Wm. P. Heiden is the attorney for the defendants.

Theatrical

"The Eternal City" Today.

Hall Gaine's "The Eternal City," in eight reels, will be presented on the screen at the opera house this afternoon and evening. "This beautiful feature film in which Miss Pauline Frederick appears in the character of Donna Roma," comments the New York Evening Mail of recent date, "proved a revelation. No expense was spared by the Famous Players in presenting this literary masterpiece. The principals were taken to Italy so that the exterior scenes could be made in the true localities of the story. Some remarkably beautiful photography resulted. The story itself is big—it is almost tremendous. Yet the picture version has taken this story and developed it so that the thread of action is plain at all times. Miss Frederick was beautiful, charming and effective in a very difficult part, and her support was all that might be asked. Nothing adds more to a film than to be given away every week to some member of the club, the lucky person to be selected according to the company's judgment. One woman got her cloak after three payments, but there were few lucky ones. It seemed to be a general practice on the part of the gang to make twenty-nine collections and then neglect to make the last one. The woman, not satisfied to wait until the last payment was made, went to Calumet and paid for the suit in full. Her measurements were taken, but she waited in vain for her suit. "The Acme Cloak and Suit House expressly reserves the privilege of choosing the party to whom it desires to make the gift in such a manner as they think will be beneficial to the business of the company."

Another tender hearted scheme worked very nicely in Marquette. It appears that the club we met started at the same time. It would, of course, be inconvenient to have one mature before the members of the other clubs had contributed their quota to the good of the cause. Therefore the sympathetic swindlers told the customers of the first club organized that on account of the hard times they would make collections very semi-monthly instead of weekly. The women thought this was "awfully nice" and so they waited a few months longer until the other clubs were properly "worked."

Contracts Not Binding.

The contracts were cleverly worded and were not binding on the company in any manner. The lottery feature was framed in this language: "The Acme Cloak and Suit House expressly reserves the privilege of choosing the party to whom it desires to make the gift in such a manner as they think will be beneficial to the business of the company."

A DANGEROUS FEATURE.

In a recent address Benjamin F. Yousum of the San Francisco railroad system exposed a dangerous feature of public ownership and operation which had been observed that while government ownership of railroads would be objectionable in itself, it would be even more serious because of the virtual control it would give the government over other industries. If the government owns the railroads, it is the purchaser of one-third of all the steel and iron products of the country and one-quarter of the largest producers of coal and oil. The government can fix prices for the things it buys and produce and thus will practically fix prices for the public. The effect of this will be felt not only in the industries named, but also in all those tributary to them. Paternalism will be carried to an extreme, to the serious detriment of private enterprise. Yousum argues that instead of taking possession of the railroads, the government should encourage their proper development.

WRIST WATCHING.

It begins to look as if the long, upthrust flight of the wrist watch for serious male recognition was almost won. Uncle Sam has ordered 400 of the species for his cavalry officers. Peeping from beneath the khaki sleeve and spanning the fanned and corded carpus of the fighter, they would at least appear safe from the jibes of cartoonists and café warriors. Recognition was almost won, too, was rebuked lately by his chief for wearing one may now have his revenge.

300 CANAL PASSAGES.

Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., Sept. 9.—(Special)—Upbound vessels passing the canal the last twenty-four hours were: The America, midnight; Snyder, 12:30 a. m.; Frick, 2:30; Monroe Smith, 3:30; North Wind, 4:30; Widener, 6:30; Walter Scranton, Miss Francis Robbins, McWilliams, 7:30; Morrell, 8:30; Ball, 9:30; Ream, 10; Oleott, 10:30; Dinkey, noon; Queen City, 1 p. m.; Cole, 2:30; Maletoa, Huronic, Westarian, 3; Cort, Nasmyth,

MONEY; 4; Andrew Upson, 4:30; William Rogers, Osler, Norway, 5:30; Manitoba, Block, 6; Ohl, 7; Angeline, 7:30.

GIVEN HEAVY SENTENCE.

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3 Per Cent Interest Paid on Savings Accounts

STATEMENT OF THE CONDITION OF THE First National Bank

MARQUETTE, MICH.
Condensed from Statement to the Comptroller of the Currency, September 2, 1915

RESOURCES:	
Time Loans	\$ 777,506 14
Demand Collateral Loans	\$411,914 94
Cash, Exchange and due from U. S. Treasurer	386,208 15
U. S. Bonds and Other Bonds at par	798,123 09
Bank Building and Real Estate	641,352 83
Stock in Federal Reserve Bank	43,000 00
	6,000 00
Total	\$2,265,982 06
LIABILITIES:	
Capital Stock Paid in	\$150,000 00
Surplus and Profits	67,919 33
Discount Collected, not earned	63,196 22
Reserved to Pay Interest	1,734 79
Reserved to Pay Taxes	3,843 39
National Bank Notes Outstanding	143,050 00
Dividends Unpaid	6 00
Deposits	1,846,232 33
Total	\$2,265,982 06

Designated United States Depository. Capital, Surplus and Profits, \$250,000

OFFICERS:

LOUIS G. KAUFMAN, President.
EDW. S. BICE, Vice President.
C. L. BRAINERD, Cashier.
W. O. JOHNSON, Ass't Cashier.
O. E. BROWN, Ass't Cashier.

Send for Our Booklet entitled "MODERN BANKING"

DIRECTORS:

L. G. KAUFMAN,
N. M. KAUFMAN,
S. R. KAUFMAN,
A. O. JOPLING,
EDW. S. BICE.

Farmers, Attention!

Fire Insurance

on Farm Property.

For rates and application blanks, apply to

PETER WHITE & CO.

MARQUETTE, MICH.

Another Carload of Buicks Sold in Marquette County

The Six-cylinder, Five-passenger, Model D, 45 Horse-power Buick at \$985.00 F. O. B. Flint—Immediate delivery.

This is the ideal five-passenger car for those who desire the best. It has proved to be the most successful car that the Buick Automobile Co. has ever manufactured. It takes all hills in high gear. Demonstration of this wonderful car will be given upon request.

The Cloverland Auto Co.

Baraga Ave. Telephone 600
Note: We have some excellent bargains in second-hand cars

Jacob Rose

THE STORE OF QUALITY

Fall Hats

Your fall hat is ready! The most complete line of smart hats shown anywhere. You should see the Stetson "Event"—it's really the hat event of this season—then there's the "Jason" feather weight with its military straight edge—and such pretty colors as pearl, glen gray, ivy, carbon and moselle.

English knock-a-bout hats—made by "Ward," London, in beautiful heathers and grays—cloth hats, too—just the thing for early fall wear.

See our Arcade Window Display

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