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MARQUETTE, MICH., JUNE 24. Entered as mail matter of the second class in the postoffice at Marquette, Mich.

Mr. Bryan now appears to be a member of the Democratic "In Bad" club.

Guessing what Mr. Roosevelt is having to say to his numerous visitors is one of the popular diversions of the day.

The crop scare having been laid, what are the gentlemen who are everlastingly planning to thimble the markets going to turn to now?

A terrible fuss has been kicked up because a Wisconsin fisherman kidnapped a Michigan deputy game warden. He must have gotten away with one of the occasional good ones.

Mr. Holt, member of the tax commission, thinks tax valuations in the entire state need an overhauling. Certainly if they are to be overhauled at all they should be overhauled in the entire state.

Representative Fordney says he did not meet a single insurgent during his visit to Kansas. Strange, isn't it, under those circumstances that Representative Caldwell should have given him a hurly-burly call for help?

If you want to know what Mr. Roosevelt thinks of course you can subscribe to the magazine of which he is editor in chief. He cannot afford to spoil the value of his copy by being too lavish of his opinions.

A chauffeur at Manistique wrecked and burned up \$4,500 of automobile in a joy ride, terminated by disaster, the other night. The capital of Schoolcraft county is surely getting to be thoroughly metropolitan.

Now if Tex Rickard will only take Johnson's automobile away from him the sporting public will be able to settle back with a feeling of considerable certainty that the big Fourth of July show will be held according to program.

One of the disappointments of the Browne trial was the failure of Senator Lorimer to take the stand to relate, in greater detail, how the defendant is familiar with his Bible from cover to cover and therefore is quite incapable of the heinous offense of handling bribe money.

While Lieutenant Governor Kelley is visiting Marquette on the nation's birthday, Chase S. Osborn will be the guest of honor at Caro, where he will be the orator of the day. Mr. Musselman's Fourth of July whereabouts have not yet been made a matter of press comment, but presumably he will be looking after his political fences wherever he may happen to be.

"Who is this Roosevelt, anyhow?" asked a bystander at Battery park, as Colonel Roosevelt landed with the plaudits of the multitude ringing in his ears. Evidently this unfortunate man was one of those who take democracy at its face value, and who, moreover, was troubled with a sense of humor, a trifling cynicism, but nevertheless active, says the Detroit News. Seeing all this and after a fellow-citizen, he asked in a challenging and provoking way: "Who is this Roosevelt, anyhow?" "Whack! Splash! Splash! Cling, Gurgle-gurgle! Help! That was the answer of outraged democracy on its Roman holiday. They threw him in the river, a policeman pulled him out, and an ambulance took him to the hospital. You mustn't display any levity with a populace, when it is plunged in a profound indulgence in hero-admiration.

The Chicagoans who made a two weeks trip of the Lakes Michigan and Superior ports, on the steamer Theodore Roosevelt, are now homeward bound. Presently they will perhaps, tell us whether it was worth the while. The Chicagoans are experienced trade junketers, yet it has been frequently commented that there are some things about the business that they can still learn. As observed in this region, it appears that they do not cultivate the business interests as closely as they might while they are visiting each city. They seem to lose sight of the business man in their efforts to give the business man's customers a pleasant recollection of their visit. For their own purposes, it would probably be better if they would concentrate their attention on the business man, to the exclusion of the element familiarly known as "holi poloi" who are not present or possible customers of the Chicago manufacturers and jobbers. As a matter of fact, in most of the trade seeking excursions the business man—who is the only man it is important that the trade seekers should see—is put out in the shuffle, and frequently he is lost out because he cannot feel that he has been treated with the consideration to which he believes he is entitled.

Senator Dickinson continues to have the field to himself, as far as the Republican nomination for lieutenant governor is concerned. Colon C. Lillie was a candidate for this office up to the time he accepted an appointment as state dairy and food commissioner, and would have given Senator Dickinson a merry race for the honor of being the second man on the state ticket. But no one has stepped forward to take Mr. Lillie's place, and it begins to look as if Senator Dickinson might have tolerably easy sailing. Certainly if he is to be effectively opposed the man who will do it must step forward quickly, for the senator is making much political hay these sunny days and will soon be so far in the lead that he cannot be headed. He is well-informed regarding state affairs, his term in the senate having been preceded by a term in the house. He has been more prominently identified with direct primary measures than with any other legislation, and has had much to do with shaping the various Michigan statutes on that subject.

We have arrived, or at least they in Germany have arrived, at that stage in the development of navigation of the air when airplanes will arrive and depart on a regular schedule and carry passengers, much as railroad trains do. Count Zeppelin's dirigible, the Deutschland, this week made its first trip on its passenger schedule from Friedrichshafen to Dusseldorf, with a passenger list of twenty persons, making the distance of 300 miles in nine hours, and traveling at an average rate of speed of thirty-three miles an hour. From now on the Deutschland will make more or less regular trips, carrying passengers, and it is expected to demonstrate the feasibility of practical and steady use of dirigibles for commercial purposes. Whether or not it does this, Count Zeppelin has certainly made the most interesting demonstration of his career as an air navigator, and has served to again call attention to the rapid and surprising progress that has been made within the past decade in perfecting dirigibles.

Concerning the splash that the upper peninsula Elks will make at Detroit the Houghton Gazette says:

The Elks from the copper and iron districts of Michigan will appear as real miners in the big parade at Detroit and they will be headed by a real miners band, a band having been concluded with the Calumet & Hecla band to accompany the iron and copper delegations. It is unfortunate that the Elks from the other upper peninsula towns, Escanaba, Manistique and the Soo could not be induced to acquiesce in the arrangements made by the local enthusiastic representatives of the Best People on Earth, but that is because they don't know what they are missing. We remember what a big hit the local Elks made when they went to Milwaukee with that miners band and the barrel of coppers a few years ago and that band not only made a hit but it pulled down \$1,000 prize money as well. There is reason to believe that the Elks will outperform at Detroit next month. We are more than pleased to understand that the lodges in the iron and copper towns are going to send strong delegations to the Detroit gathering and to know that they are going to the gathering in style and will march in the parade behind the best band in the country. It will show a great many Detroit people that we have a good many fine folks up this way.

MEXICO'S NATIONAL ELECTION. The coming national election in Mexico, to occur next Sunday, will naturally attract attention in this country, but not so much as it would were there any real uncertainty as to the result. As a matter of fact, the re-election of President Diaz and Vice President Corral is practically assured, the opposition to the present administration having largely subsided, at least so far as any organized movement is concerned. It will therefore be simply another case of "going through the motions" with the voters of Mexico.

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According to some reports which have emanated from Mexico, President Diaz is open to the criticism of having adopted dictatorial methods to smother and suppress opposition to his administration—a charge that has been regularly made in every previous campaign in which Diaz has figured. Doubtless it is true that Diaz has taken steps to keep his more active and bitter enemies within check, but his friends will insist he is justified in following this course. Certainly Mexico has progressed and prospered wonderfully during the tenure of office of President Diaz, and while the same political freedom that which is characteristic of American politics is not found in that country it is just possible that Mexico is all the better for it.

Mexico, in other words, is still in a state of transition, both politically and industrially, and it will be many years before the people are educated to the same appreciation of the principles of self government which prevails in this nation. President Diaz may be something of a dictator, but, generally speaking, he is a mild and benevolent dictator, having high ideals and commendable ambitions for his country. It has required a strong hand to bring Mexico out of the disorder and chaos which were prevalent when Diaz assumed control, and it is greatly to his credit that he has accomplished so much with so little friction. He has made enemies, of course, for no man could fill so difficult a position without making enemies. But so long as Diaz is willing and able to retain his present position it will probably be better for Mexico to keep him in office.

The real test of Mexican stability and power of self-government will come when Diaz dies, or is forced to step aside on account of feebleness. As Diaz is now past eighty this test cannot possibly be long deferred.

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We gather from his statement that he believes the country ought to be perpetuated, and that the navy should be at least seaworthy. As to the burning questions of tariff revision, postal savings banks, parcels post, conservation, the popular election of United States senators, the rescue of the Republican party from the designs of corporation campaign contributors, Mr. Burrows has nothing to say. Although he has been under strong and constant criticism by people of his state for their own expediency he has shown to the masters of the senate, he neither excuses nor explains himself, nor does he, by word or intimation, give us the slightest reason to expect that, if returned to the senate, he will pursue any course other than one he has followed most of his life.

Julius Caesar Burrows' indifference to the opinion of the people of Michigan is sufficient, if no graver reasons existed, to warrant his retirement from public life. His promise of party loyalty is without point in his case, it means not allegiance to the best interests of the party, but allegiance to whatever powers or interests happen for the time being to have usurped the control of the party for their own ends.

Thirty or forty years ago, when the nation was in a quiescent state, so far as political progress was concerned, Senator Burrows' platform might have been vaguely satisfying, but today it is as perilous to the nation as the alphabet for the solution of pressing problems.

Mr. Townsend's announcement, on the other hand, bears the marks of the times in which he lives. He is not a politician, but a man who is not content to be forgotten by his party. He does not plead for a senatorial job. He simply says to the people, "If you send me to the upper house of congress I will stand there and so on this measure and that." And the measures he discusses are those of today. He does not hide behind vague pledges of "party loyalty," but he defines what he means by that phrase. To Mr. Townsend "party loyalty" does not mean loyalty to the necessities of politics, who seize parties for raids on government, it means loyalty to certain fixed and definite Republican principles, which remain stable and true in spite of the defections and selfishness of temporary bosses. When he speaks of Republican partisanship he means to be synonymous, he remains Republican, even though for a time he is compelled to cease to be a partisan. He is insistent against anything that debiles or dilutes or contradicts the Republic, whether it be a party, a body, a man, or a measure. He refuses to bow to the infallibility of a Vice President Sherman, or a Joe Cannon, or a Nelson W. Aldrich, and it is a safe assertion that had Charles E. Townsend been in the senate last term the record would not have shown him voting "Yes" only when Mr. Aldrich voted that way, and "No" when Mr. Aldrich saw fit to vote "No," as it shows Julius Caesar Burrows to have done.

It really isn't worth while to discuss this question of party, for in the presence of a man with statesmanly gifts partisanship doesn't matter. No one is particular what party Mr. Roosevelt espouses, and Mr. Townsend is a Roosevelt kind of man. Mr. Townsend's Republicanism has been called in question on two counts, first, because he doesn't approve of the way tariffs are made, and second, because on some matters he joined with the insurgents. Now, as to the first, Mr. Townsend is a good enough Republican for Theodore Roosevelt to choose to lead the fight against the interests on the floor of the house, and as to the tariff matter he seems to be a good enough Republican to be in exact harmony with President Taft, who doesn't like the way tariffs are made, either. The president says our tariff tinkering isn't scientific, and so says Mr. Townsend. Now, to question Mr. Townsend's Republicanism is to question himself in an embarrassing predicament with reference to the head of the party. It is noteworthy, however, that comments of Mr. Townsend's Republicanism come chiefly from the Democratic side, allied or reasons best known to the world.

Mr. Townsend is a Republican, and he can not be expected to expound Republicanism with accuracy, anyway. On the second count, Mr. Townsend was an insurgent against any rule that prevented the humblest congressman from doing his duty to his constituents. He was absolutely opposed to any man, speaker or party leader, having power to gag the representative of any section of any state. He was largely instrumental in

breaking down this monstrous assumption of power. The beauty of his stand lay in the fact that he was not fighting for recognition of himself. He is a man of sufficient reputation and power to gain a hearing in congress at any time, and his speeches have made him known as an authority on such questions as he has discussed, but he could not sit still and see a presumptuous cannon, supported by a Payne and a Tawney, deliberately agree to muzzle any congressman or set of congressmen. Mr. Townsend fought against the majority on this question, and so moving were his appeals that at last the majority came to see the essential injustice of it all, and the rules of congress were amended in two important particulars. Mr. Townsend's insurgency differed from that of others in that he was not fighting out a personal grudge against Joe Cannon, nor trying to spite the president, but he was fighting for a substantial reform that should outlive both Mr. Cannon's and the president's official terms.

Mr. Townsend's party status is fixed. Moreover, his record as a promise-keeper is fixed. Three times he has served his district, and each time he has done precisely what he promised to do. He has followed a straight line without stepping aside to discredit political alliances. Everybody who has known him has known where to find him on all questions. In view of this, his promise of what he will support if approved by the people's advisory vote for senator, is more than a mere candidate's promise. It is the promise of a man who has a splendid political record to keep unmarred.

Mr. Townsend promises to vote for a constitutional amendment making it possible for the people to elect their own United States senators.

He promises to use his whole power against any legislative trust or combine such as now exists in the senate.

He declares himself in favor of the proper regulation of corporations.

He believes in the conservation of natural resources, but not in a vague way. He cites the case of Alaska where land-grabbing corporations are swarming to gobble the natural wealth that should be conserved for the benefit of the whole people.

He believes in the parcels post, but anticipating the strong opposition of express companies, he advises a local parcels post to begin with, for the benefit of rural residents.

Economy in government offices, the tariff commission, postal savings banks wherever desirable and the Roosevelt-Taft Policies, are among the matters he specifically discusses.

In fact, the date 1910 doesn't look a bit out of place on the Townsend platform.

Mr. Townsend has missed many an opportunity to play to the grandstand of late, but that is to be counted in his favor. He isn't much of a showper. He is a serious, studious, hard-working representative and that sort wears long sleeves. Size him up from any angle and he is the superior—head and shoulders—the only man to appear so far as a senatorial candidate who is the kind of man needed at this time to help in the breaking up of the old senate ring, and to give the people their rightful measure of influence in the upper house.—Detroit News.

HERE AND THERE. With the admission of Arizona and New Mexico, the roll of the states will be full. No more can be added to the "old United States," unless Texas be divided—an event legally permissible but most unlikely. Any new state that is formed must be in Alaska or an island of alien speech.

When the late Speaker Reed was in congress he picked out two men from home for his personal service. Amos Allen, a lawyer, who knows Maine politics like a book, he picked out for his private secretary. Asher Hinds, a reporter on the Portland Advertiser, he took along as office clerk. When Reed retired from congress Allen was elected as his successor. Now Allen after twelve years' service will retire and Hinds will probably succeed him.

Within the last forty years Ohio has elected five Democratic governors, as follows: In 1877, by a plurality of 22,529; in 1883, by 12,529; in 1889, by 10,872; in 1905, by 19,008; in 1908, by 19,372. The large plurality of the Democrats in 1905, when Patterson defeated Herrick for reelection, was due in a measure to the speech of President Taft, then secretary of war in President Roosevelt's cabinet, delivered at Akron, in which he attacked the Republican organization of the state in general and Boss Cox's Cincinnati organization in particular. It will be observed that in all those years Harman was the only successful gubernatorial candidate in a presidential year.

This little story is told by Napoleon Bonaparte Broward of Florida who is to be elected Senator Tallahassee in the United States senate in March next: "His most interesting activity was as owner and commander of the celebrated tug Three Friends, which ran the blockade with frequency and daring for a year or two before the Spanish war in order to supply the Cuban insurgents with arms and ammunition. The Three Friends kept the United States authorities busy a good part of the time enforcing or endeavoring to enforce—the neutrality laws. If there is to be any filibustering from Florida should be able to give some valuable suggestions about it."

Much indignation is expressed by newspapers in Berlin over the suggestion which comes from the celebrated Dr. Doyen of Paris that the Kaiser's ailments are due to alcoholism. Dr. Doyen, whose investigations into the nature and origin of diseases of the blood have attracted a great deal of attention, is quoted by the Paris Matin as saying in regard to the emperor's condition: "The end one on the knee, when we remember that the patient is no longer young, and who, like all Germans, has probably drunk a good deal of beer and alcohol, and whose kidneys no doubt are not in perfect condition, might be due to a generalization of an infection. From telegrams I have read, I don't think the treatment he has received has been suited to his complaint." To meet this a statement has been published describing the Kaiser's temperate habits and asserting that, for the last three years, he has been an almost total abstainer. His favorite beverages, it is said, are lemonade and orangeade, while at banquets he has a specially prepared drink which resembles champagne in appearance but which is nonalcoholic.

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It really isn't worth while to discuss this question of party, for in the presence of a man with statesmanly gifts partisanship doesn't matter. No one is particular what party Mr. Roosevelt espouses, and Mr. Townsend is a Roosevelt kind of man. Mr. Townsend's Republicanism has been called in question on two counts, first, because he doesn't approve of the way tariffs are made, and second, because on some matters he joined with the insurgents. Now, as to the first, Mr. Townsend is a good enough Republican for Theodore Roosevelt to choose to lead the fight against the interests on the floor of the house, and as to the tariff matter he seems to be a good enough Republican to be in exact harmony with President Taft, who doesn't like the way tariffs are made, either. The president says our tariff tinkering isn't scientific, and so says Mr. Townsend. Now, to question Mr. Townsend's Republicanism is to question himself in an embarrassing predicament with reference to the head of the party. It is noteworthy, however, that comments of Mr. Townsend's Republicanism come chiefly from the Democratic side, allied or reasons best known to the world.

Mr. Townsend is a Republican, and he can not be expected to expound Republicanism with accuracy, anyway. On the second count, Mr. Townsend was an insurgent against any rule that prevented the humblest congressman from doing his duty to his constituents. He was absolutely opposed to any man, speaker or party leader, having power to gag the representative of any section of any state. He was largely instrumental in

breaking down this monstrous assumption of power. The beauty of his stand lay in the fact that he was not fighting for recognition of himself. He is a man of sufficient reputation and power to gain a hearing in congress at any time, and his speeches have made him known as an authority on such questions as he has discussed, but he could not sit still and see a presumptuous cannon, supported by a Payne and a Tawney, deliberately agree to muzzle any congressman or set of congressmen. Mr. Townsend fought against the majority on this question, and so moving were his appeals that at last the majority came to see the essential injustice of it all, and the rules of congress were amended in two important particulars. Mr. Townsend's insurgency differed from that of others in that he was not fighting out a personal grudge against Joe Cannon, nor trying to spite the president, but he was fighting for a substantial reform that should outlive both Mr. Cannon's and the president's official terms.

Mr. Townsend's party status is fixed. Moreover, his record as a promise-keeper is fixed. Three times he has served his district, and each time he has done precisely what he promised to do. He has followed a straight line without stepping aside to discredit political alliances. Everybody who has known him has known where to find him on all questions. In view of this, his promise of what he will support if approved by the people's advisory vote for senator, is more than a mere candidate's promise. It is the promise of a man who has a splendid political record to keep unmarred.

Mr. Townsend promises to vote for a constitutional amendment making it possible for the people to elect their own United States senators.

He promises to use his whole power against any legislative trust or combine such as now exists in the senate.

He declares himself in favor of the proper regulation of corporations.

He believes in the conservation of natural resources, but not in a vague way. He cites the case of Alaska where land-grabbing corporations are swarming to gobble the natural wealth that should be conserved for the benefit of the whole people.

He believes in the parcels post, but anticipating the strong opposition of express companies, he advises a local parcels post to begin with, for the benefit of rural residents.

Economy in government offices, the tariff commission, postal savings banks wherever desirable and the Roosevelt-Taft Policies, are among the matters he specifically discusses.

In fact, the date 1910 doesn't look a bit out of place on the Townsend platform.

Mr. Townsend has missed many an opportunity to play to the grandstand of late, but that is to be counted in his favor. He isn't much of a showper. He is a serious, studious, hard-working representative and that sort wears long sleeves. Size him up from any angle and he is the superior—head and shoulders—the only man to appear so far as a senatorial candidate who is the kind of man needed at this time to help in the breaking up of the old senate ring, and to give the people their rightful measure of influence in the upper house.—Detroit News.

HERE AND THERE. With the admission of Arizona and New Mexico, the roll of the states will be full. No more can be added to the "old United States," unless Texas be divided—an event legally permissible but most unlikely. Any new state that is formed must be in Alaska or an island of alien speech.

When the late Speaker Reed was in congress he picked out two men from home for his personal service. Amos Allen, a lawyer, who knows Maine politics like a book, he picked out for his private secretary. Asher Hinds, a reporter on the Portland Advertiser, he took along as office clerk. When Reed retired from congress Allen was elected as his successor. Now Allen after twelve years' service will retire and Hinds will probably succeed him.

Within the last forty years Ohio has elected five Democratic governors, as follows: In 1877, by a plurality of 22,529; in 1883, by 12,529; in 1889, by 10,872; in 1905, when Patterson defeated Herrick for reelection, was due in a measure to the speech of President Taft, then secretary of war in President Roosevelt's cabinet, delivered at Akron, in which he attacked the Republican organization of the state in general and Boss Cox's Cincinnati organization in particular. It will be observed that in all those years Harman was the only successful gubernatorial candidate in a presidential year.

This little story is told by Napoleon Bonaparte Broward of Florida who is to be elected Senator Tallahassee in the United States senate in March next: "His most interesting activity was as owner and commander of the celebrated tug Three Friends, which ran the blockade with frequency and daring for a year or two before the Spanish war in order to supply the Cuban insurgents with arms and ammunition. The Three Friends kept the United States authorities busy a good part



Come on in, the water is fine. But before you go, come in and see our new stock of

Fishing Tackle

M. R. MANHARD & SON, LTD.

We Are Now Ready to Fill Your Order for Genuine

POCAHONTAS COAL

The same excellent quality that we had last season.

Jas. Pickands & Co. Ltd.
Both Telephones No. 90.
209 Front St. Marquette, Mich.

If you want the BEST order from

F. B. SPEAR & SONS.

C. C. B. Pocahontas Smokeless Scranton Anthracite

Blue Grass Cannel

YOUGHIOGHENY SOFT LILLIE SMITHING

BOTH PHONES 117.

LET US HAVE YOUR ORDERS FOR

Door and Window Screens

before the flies arrive.

Measurements taken free of charge.

Consolidated Fuel & Lumber Co.

Building Material

Lumber, Lath and Shingles

All Interior Finish

Lime, Cement, Wood Fiber, etc.

Polished Birch and Maple Flooring.

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Both telephones. Marquette.

WILLIAM DORAIS

Dealer in Heavy Draft and Driving HORSES

...and...
NEW MILCH COWS

Sales Stables South Marquette, 502 Division St. Bell telephone 89

Write Your Invitations

for the Fourth on the paper that shows you to be up to date. You can get it here better than anywhere else. Also the pen, the ink, the blotting pad to go with the paper. If you are well supplied in that way come look at the newest picture postal cards of local scenes. You might like to send a few away.

The People's Drug Store

Marquette, Michigan.

Fresh Strawberries
RECEIVED DAILY.

SOME FRESH VEGETABLES
Asparagus, Ripe Tomatoes, Cucumbers, Spinach, Head Lettuce, Leaf Lettuce, Radish, Parsley, Celery, Green Onions, Horse Radish Root.

Imported Swiss Cheese
Roquefort Cheese
Royal Luncheon in jars
Pimento Cheese in jars
Cream Cheese - Brick Cheese

D. MURRAY'S
114 South Front street.

THE BEST LINE OF FRESH FRUITS and VEGETABLES are found at **DEL'S GROCERY, 133 Washington St.**

Nineteen per cent

OF ALL YOU EAT IS WHEAT FLOUR

Let **CERESOTA** be the nineteen

Roses

for Commencement

Yellow, Red and Pink, also

Carnations, Sweet Peas and

Flowers for Decorations

Sorensen's Greenhouses
T. M. SORENSON, Prop.

Down town store Washington St.
Greenhouses Third St.

Both telephones.

WE R

Sole agent for the ORIGINAL and old RELIABLE RUBEROID ROOFING.

If you have any roof troubles try **RUBEROID** for a permanent cure.

The Superior Lumber Company

Both telephones No. 90.

Look for **"THE SQUARE DEAL"** Sign.

City Brevities

Willis Manthei has returned from Ann Arbor to spend the summer with his parents.

Wm. Beaudry, of Chicago, is visiting with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Antoine Beaudry.

Bruno C. Primeau and Lowell Youngquist arrived home last night from the University of Michigan.

Miss Marian Marcotte has resigned as assistant chief operator for the Michigan State Telephone company.

Mrs. Joseph Seifert returned to Duluth last night, after having visited her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Peter Primeau.

The Presque Isle car will start on a 15 minute schedule this morning at 9 o'clock instead of 12 o'clock, for today only.

The Catholic Ladies Aid society will meet this afternoon with Mrs. Murray, Magnetic street, at 3 o'clock this afternoon.

Miss Grace O. Hodgkins has returned from Menominee, Wis., where she completed a course in domestic science at the Stout school.

Miss Anna McClelland, formerly of Marquette, has accepted a position as stenographer with the American Carbonate Sales company of Duluth.

The Ladies Aid society of the Methodist church will meet at 3 o'clock this afternoon at the home of Mrs. J. A. Knight, 305 East Howitt avenue.

Miss Katherine D. Wright has returned home from the University of Wisconsin to spend the summer with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. E. W. Wright.

The Sunny South Juniors defeated Holy Kings team in a game of baseball played at the rolling mill grounds yesterday, by the score of 13 to 0.

The Woman's society of the Presbyterian church will meet with Mrs. Dr. Cunningham at 3 o'clock this afternoon. This will be the last meeting before the summer vacation.

Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Primeau left yesterday for Ann Arbor, to be present at the graduation of their son, Joseph H., from the law department of the University of Michigan.

The wives of the members of the Golf club are requested to meet at the home of Mrs. S. S. Ormsbee this morning at 10:30 o'clock. A committee to arrange for Saturday afternoon teas at the Golf club house will be appointed.

Fell Heir to Fortune—Wm. Becker, of Duluth, is spending a week in the city. Mr. Becker recently fell heir to a fortune willed him by his uncle, William Becker, of Toronto. The beneficiary of this bequest is widely known throughout the United States and Canada as a landscape painter, and in the near future intends to leave for England, where he will study art.

White-Agnew Wedding—Miss Iona White and George Agnew were united in marriage last evening at St. Paul's rectory by the Rev. Bates G. Burt. Miss Florence, a sister of the groom, acted as bridesmaid, and Jasper White, a brother of the bride, as best man. After the ceremony, the wedding party and immediate relatives partook of a supper at 109 North Fifth street, where Mr. and Mrs. Agnew will be at home after July 1.

Bridge Contract Let—At a special meeting of the park, cemetery and street commission yesterday afternoon the contract for constructing a wooden bridge across Deadriver at the light and power station was let to F. W. Sambrook & Son for \$245. For some time the bridge at that point has been so rickety that it is unsafe to drive over it and many persons have been caused inconvenience. The contract provides that the bridge must be completed by Aug. 1.

Had Good Workout—The baseball players had a good workout at the fair grounds yesterday afternoon. Magnum, the new first baseman, performed in a manner that greatly pleased members of the board of directors who witnessed the practice. He holds his position exceptionally well and handles himself like a finished player. With Magnum on the first sack and Jacobs behind the bat it is certain that the Marquette team will present the strongest lineup in the games at Crystal Falls tomorrow and Sunday it has had at any time this year.

Grasshoppers Numerous—According to F. H. Vandenberg, grasshoppers are very numerous and are doing great damage to the pastures and meadows. These pests have become a serious menace to upper peninsula farmers who last few years have done great damage to hay and other crops. They seem to go in droves, and while one field may be devastated, another nearby is left untouched. Thus far, they have not attacked the growing corn to any extent, outside of meadows and pastures, but huge plants suffer most from their ravages.

Experiment With Binding—The park, cemetery and street commission has decided to experiment this summer with several kinds of commercial binding preparations for macadam streets. It has been demonstrated in this city that macadam streets without some binder, such as tar or asphalt, are not lasting. Furnace tar was used for this purpose last year, but owing to the impossibility of getting it of the same consistency at all times, it has not been an entire success. When an entirely satisfactory binding material is found, the street commission will have solved one of its most troublesome problems.

INSURE WITH PETER WHITE & CO.
500 CANAL PASSAGES.

List of Boats That Have Passed the Locks, Bound for Superior Ports.

Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., June 23.—The following boats have passed through the locks, bound for ports on Lake Superior: John Reiss, 8; Otorara, 9; Cuddy, 10:30; Merida, 11:30; Genoa, midnight; Jay Morse, 12:30; Maryland, Kenora, Lyman Smith, 1; Tope, 2; Algomquin, 2:30; Mammelon, Northern Queen, 3:30; Reed, 4; A. E. Aues, 5; Turret Court, Elenborn, Halley, 6; Phipps, Taylor, 6:30; Australia (small) Fitzgerald, Hart, 6:30; Roman, 8; E. L. Wallace, 9:30; Dinkey, 10; Frontenac, Chattanooga, M. Youth, Iroquois, 1; Geo. King, Tonic, Gaven, Helena, Danson, Maudie, 2; Crete, 2:30; Haddington, 3; Westford, 3:30; Peter White, 6; Plankington, Wells, 6; Alcona, Marengo, 7:30.

CATHEDRAL SCHOOL GRADUATES EIGHT

Commencement Program in Baraga Auditorium Last Evening Was Well Received.

Eight young women received diplomas in Baraga auditorium last evening, signifying that they had satisfactorily completed the course of study in the Cathedral High school. The diplomas were presented by Bishop Eis at the close of a most interesting commencement program. The eight graduates were: Elsie Fassbender, Margaret Hanley, Josephine LaFave, Mildred Mack, Helen McCarthy, Mary Myers, Margaret Scully and Iva Winkler.

The program of the evening was in two distinct parts, the first a presentation of the musical lyric, "Ruth," by A. R. Gaul, by members of the Cathedral High school, and the second an address by Rev. Father Herulean, O. S. F., of Calumet. The musical part of the program was a very commendable effort and was enthusiastically received.

The Old Testament story of Ruth was impressively and beautifully told in music. The solo parts were taken by Rose Donckers, Josephine LaFave, Catherine Carpenter and William Schneck. All were sung with warmth of feeling and facility of expression, the numbers rendered by Miss Donckers and Mr. Schneck being particularly well received.

The choruses showed the results of thorough and efficient drill and its members are entitled to unstinted and unqualified praise. Those in the choruses were as follows: Mildred Mack, Helen McQuire, Catherine Broderick, Margaret Hanley, Clara Messier, Lauretta Sheridan, Helen McCarthy, Jessie McKinnon, Mabel Constance, Iva Winkler, Alice Grant, Coletta Downey, Mary Myers, Mabel Myers, Agnes McCarthy, Margaret Scully, Mary Griffin, Irene Stokney, Elsie Fassbender, Mary McCarthy, William O'Reilly, Irene Bush, Marie Mullaly, Grover Quarters, Mary Siegel, Catherine Mulvey, Frank Mullaly, Helen Green, Norine Turner, James Layne, Frances Fagan, Theresa Dillon, Leo Stafford and Mildred DuShane.

Father Herulean took as his subject "Education of the Day," and upheld the advantages of Catholic schools and the desirability of all Catholics sending their children to parochial schools. He declared that the Catholic education was the only education which educated the heart as well as the mind, the product of which was a man or woman fitted to face the moral and spiritual battles of life. The large audience paid close attention to and evidently was deeply interested in his address.

THEATRICAL.

Grace George Tonight.

Grace George's gowns in "A Woman's Way," which will be played at the opera house tonight, are a treat. They are simple in outline, well cut, and altogether admirable beyond criticism. The first act gown is of white cloth made with the modified high waist line that is in accord with the new models. With this is worn a lace coat of the shape that is certain to be quite generally adopted. Then there is a most becoming little Leghorn hat of a bright gold color trimmed with a white willow plume. Miss George's dinner gown is a tunic of white net covered with crystal bugles and beads and made over with pink and blue lines of the front and back panels are considerably broader than those recently seen—they are of the new season—and these panels are held together at the sides by means of broad straps.

SPECIAL STEAMER SERVICE.

D. & C. Lake Lines Now Operate Through Steamer From Cleveland to Mackinac.

The large and comfortable Steamer City of St. Ignace is the Special Steamer of the D. & C. Mackinac Division. This boat makes two trips weekly between Cleveland, Detroit and Mackinac, and with the two regular D. & C. Steamers maintain a six-trip-a-week schedule to Northern Michigan Resorts. A stop is made at Goderich, Ont., once a week in each direction.

Send two-cent stamp for illustrated pamphlet which shows map, time tables, cost of fare and accommodations. Address, D. & C. LAKE LINES, 6 Wayne St., Detroit, Mich.

Feed your children on Vandenberg's Special Milk, the most perfect infant food in the market. (6-29-10)

ADRAIN—Rosa Kalr, aged about thirty, and believed to have been mentally unbalanced, perished in a fire which destroyed a barn on her farm home near Clayton village. She was last seen going toward the barn with a pan of chicken feed and soon afterwards the fire was discovered. The barn and contents were entirely destroyed and afterward a search disclosed a heap of bones believed to have been Miss Kalr's. Miss Kalr, with her brother, Ernest Kalr, came to this country from Switzerland sixteen years ago. For eight years they had occupied a farm a mile and a half south of Clayton. The serious illness of the brother is thought to have deranged the woman's mind. She is believed to have set the fire. An inquest was decided to be unnecessary.

BIDS WANTED.

Sealed bids will be received by Dr. E. H. Campbell, secretary of the hospital board trustees, at Newberry, Mich., up to 12 o'clock noon, June 28th, 1910, for additions to the dining room building at Newberry, Mich.

Plans and specifications may be seen at the office of the secretary at Newberry, Mich., or at the office of the architect, 411 Adams building, Sault Ste. Marie, Mich. A certified check for five per cent of bid amount each bid, made payable to the secretary, the board reserves the right to reject any or all bids.

EDWARD DEMAR, Architect.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

Sealed proposals will be received by Edw. S. Hew, secretary of the Board of Education, public schools city of Marquette, Michigan, until 12 o'clock noon of Thursday, June 30, 1910, for the building and completion of an addition to the present school house at North Marquette. Plans, specifications and instructions to bidders can be seen at the aforesaid secretary's office, also at the office of the architect, Marquette, Michigan, and Milwaukee, Wisconsin.

The right to reject any and all bids is reserved.

CHARLTON & KUENZLI, Architects.



Panama Hats

Panama Hats will be all the go this season, and we are showing the best shapes—blocked in the latest models.

\$5, \$6, \$7.50, \$8 to \$10



Straw Hats, of course, in every wanted style

\$1, \$1.25, \$2 and \$2.50 and the fine Knox makes at **\$3.00 and \$4.00**

For Little Men and Children

We have Play Hats and Dress Hats in very handsome styles.

25c up to \$1.50.

Where in the world would you expect to find the best Hats if not right here in this store?

ORMSBEE & ATKINS
Nester Block, Washington St.

BIJOU

Entire Change of Vaudeville Today

BERT R. BERTRAND

will introduce a new line of songs and dances.

See his new steps.

They're Great.

Matinee Daily at 4.
Evenings, 7:15, 8:15, 9:15

Prices: Matinee, Adults, 10c
Children, 5c.

EVENINGS, 15c TO ALL.

GEORGE P. BROWN,
Attorney-at-Law.

CITY HALL, MARQUETTE, MICH.
7-23-10

Palace Livery Stable
FAY & BRICKER, Props.

First-Class Livery Service at all hours.

First-Class Boarding Stables.

Teams of All Kinds.

FOR SALE—Driving and Draft Horses to suit any wants.

Charlton & Kuenzli
ARCHITECTS.
MARQUETTE, MICH.

Let Me Demonstrate One of the Famous

BUICK

AUTOMOBILES

I am agent for a full line of Automobile Accessories.

WARD POWELL



J. L. WALTON
MERCHANT TAILOR

Nester Block, Marquette.
4-21

TENTS - AWNINGS

All Canvas Work.

Now is the time to place your orders. Let us quote you prices.

KELLY HDWE. CO.
Bell 506. Marquette, Mich.
2-15-10

BRUSH'S
CASH GROCERY

Both Phones.
Fifth and Washington Sts.

New Fresh Fruits and Vegetables

Strawberries, Cherries, Apples, Peaches, Pineapples, Bananas, Oranges, Lemons, Cantaloupe, Cucumbers, Radishes, Green Onions, Lettuce, Cabbage, Horse Radish Root, Beets, Carrots, Spinach, Asparagus, Rhubarb, Wax Beans, Silver Skin Onions and Garlic.

Strictly Fresh Eggs, 24c per dozen.

Creamery Butter, 33c

California Evaporated Peaches, per pound.....12c
California Evaporated Peaches, large cans.....15c
California Evaporated Apples, per pound.....10c
California Evaporated Apples, large cans.....13c
Evaporated Apples, bright red, cut, per pound.....13, 15c
Sweetened Raisins, very best, per pound.....9c
Sweet Santa Clara Prunes, per pound.....12c, 10c, 8c
Seedless Muscatel Raisins, per pound.....8c

25-lb. Sack Best Granulated Sugar, \$1.50

Extra Standard California Peaches or Pears, large cans.....22c
Extra Standard California Apples, large cans.....18c
Cherries, red or white, and Singapore Pineapple Chunks, per can.....15c
Preserved Strawberries, per can.....18c
California Apples in Syrup, large cans.....15c
Pie Peaches and New York Plums in Syrup, large cans.....12c
Extra Preserved and Raspberries, or Strawberries, the finest put up, per can.....25c
Lima Beans, String and Wax Beans, Succotash, Hominy, Slicebach, per can.....10c
Pumpkin, solid pack, and Sardines in Mustard, per can.....8c
Best Standard Tomatoes, per can, 10c, 6 cans.....55c
 Snyder's Sunnyside Baked Pork and Beans, Tomato Sauce, 3-pound cans.....10c
Standard Tomatoes, Early June 7 cans for.....25c
Sardines in Oil.....25c
Table Corn Syrup, gallon can.....40c
Runkel Bros.' or Baker's Cocoa, 10-pound sack.....22c
25c can K. C. Baking Powder.....18c

49-lb. Sack Best Flour, \$1.60

All 5c grades Unbleached Japan, Gunpowder, Oolong and English Breakfast Tea, per pound.....39c
Runkel Bros.' or Baker's Baking Chocolate, per pound.....38c
Graham Flour, 10-pound sack.....35c
Yellow Corn Meal, five pounds.....13c
Quaker Oats, large package.....23c
Rice, full head Japan, four pound.....25c
Beans, best hand picked, per pound.....5c
Prepared Pancake or Buckwheat Flour, two-pound package.....10c
Shaker's Catsup, pint bottles.....20c
Santa Claus or Queen Ann Soap, 10 bars for.....38c
Sola Crackers, fresh baked, 10-pound box.....\$1.45

NEW YORK BANKRUPT SALE

—AT—

FOSTER'S

CLEAN and up-to-date merchandise bought at 40 and 50 per cent on the dollar, bought for Spot Cash, to be sold for Spot Cash, at **Bankrupt Sale Prices.** It was our good fortune to be in the New York market at a time when business was stagnant and money scarce; the goods had to be sold under the hammer, and prices were slaughtered right and left; we took advantage of this opportunity and secured some of the Greatest Bargains this store has ever had.

The lines bought consist of Ribbons, Silks, Woolen Suitings, Gingham, White Goods, Table Linens and Napkins, Drapery Swisses, Damask Drapery, Battenburg Pieces, Infants' and Children's Silk and Woolen Vests and Bands, Silk Gloves, Hosiery, Kimonas and Dressing Sacques, Petticoats, White and Colored Dresses.

Sale Starts TODAY, June 24th, at 9 a. m.
Extra Salespeople to Wait on the Crowds.

We Quote Some of the Prices to Give You a Clearer Understanding of the Magnitude of the Sale:

Bankrupt Prices on Silks

One lot of Taffeta and Surah Silks, 50c and 60c values, Bankrupt Sale price, yd. **19c**
 One lot of 27-inch Silk mull, all colors, 50c value, Bankrupt Sale price, yd. **25c**
 One lot of 21-inch Messaline Satin and Taffetas, 75c value, Sale price, yd. **39c**
 15 pieces extra fine quality Messaline Silks, \$1 and \$1.25 value, at, yd. **59c**
 One lot 27-inch Diagonal and Crystal Silk and 36-inch fancy check, \$1.25 value, at, yd. **69c**

Everybody in Marquette Can Afford to Wear Silks at These Prices.

Bankrupt Sale Prices on Woolen Dress Goods

15 pieces 36-inch Wool Panama Suitings, regular 60c value, at, yd. **29c**
 One lot Shepherd checks, in black and white, 60c value, at, yd. **39c**
 One lot Cream White English Mohair, 65c value, at, yd. **45c**
 56-inch wide English Cravenette, \$1.25 value, at yd. **89c**
 54-inch Diagonal Cloth, all wool, and worth \$1.50 per yard, Bankrupt Sale price. **95c**
 56-inch extra fine quality Cream White Serge, \$1.75 value, at, yd. **\$1.00**

Coupons With Every Purchase
 But no coupons will be redeemed during this sale.

Sale Starts Friday, June 24 at 9 a. m.
J. H. Foster Co.
 Opera House Block, Marquette, Mich.

Bankrupt Prices on RIBBONS

One lot No. 80 Fancy Polka Dot Ribbons, 18c value, for, per yard **8c**
 One lot of No.'s 80, 100 and 150, plain Taffeta and Satin Liberty Ribbons 25c 30c and 35c values, bankrupt sale price, yard **15c**
 One lot of No.'s 150 and 200, plain Taffeta, Liberty Silk and Moire Ribbons; values 50c and 60c a yard; bankrupt sale price, yard. **25c**

Wash Dress Goods

At Bankrupt Sale Prices.
 About 40 pieces of plain, striped and checked Linen finish Suiting, seasonable goods, all perfect; regular 15c and 18c values; bankrupt sale price. **10c**

One lot of Dress Gingham, in pink and blue check and fancy stripes, 12½c and 15c values, for, yard. **10c**
 One lot India Linens, special value at this sale for, yard. . . **4c**
 One lot White Goods, in Dimity, check, stripe and fancy, 15c and 18c values, at, yd. . . **10c**
 One lot fine Sheer Lawns, for hot weather wear; they are just what you want now; bankrupt sale price, yd. . . **10c**

TABLE LINEN

At Bankrupt Prices.
 66-inch, all Linen, Bleached Damask, regular 75c value, for, yard **50c**

Curtain Swiss and Madras Drapery

At Bankrupt Prices.
 About 30 pieces of Swiss and Madras Drapery, in white and colored, all perfect goods, and worth from 12½ to 20c a yard, choice of any for this sale, yard. **9c**

One lot 50-inch Damask Drapery, for Portiers and furniture covering; regular \$1.00 yard value, bankrupt sale price, yard **59c**

Bankrupt Sale Prices on Kimonas and Dressing Sacques

500 Ladies, Sacques, made of fine Sheer Lawn, buttonhole scalloped edges, sensational price, per garment. **10c**
 Limited to Not More Than Three to Each Customer.
 One lot of fine Kimonas, made of soft, fine Challie, and Satin trimmed; a regular \$1.75 garment; bankrupt sale price **\$1.25**

White Embroidered and Lace Trimmed
Lingerie Dresses
 At Bankrupt Sale Prices.
 These are worth from \$7.50 to \$12.50 each; you can have your choice out of this lot for. . . **\$5.00**

Ruben's Patent Shirts and Bands

in fine quality Wool Merino and Silk Lisle, bought at Bankrupt sale.
A 25 Per Cent Discount off from the regular retail price during this sale. Mothers, don't overlook this item; it's what you want for the baby girls and boys.

Bankrupt Sale Prices on Boys' and Girls' Stockings

75 dozen, or 900 pair, extra quality fast black Stockings, in sizes 6 to 10; no seconds, but all perfect goods; 20c and 25c a pair value, for this sale, all sizes, at, pair. **12½c**

Laces at Bankrupt Sale Prices

50 dozen yards Lace Insertion; perfect goods; Sale price, for one dozen yards. **5c**
Yes, it's true, Foster's do no other way.
 50 dozen, or 600 yards, of Pillow Case Lace, at yard **2c**

HANDKERCHIEFS! HANDKERCHIEFS!

1500 OF THEM.
 Ladies' and Children's Hemstitched Handkerchiefs, choice at, each. **2c**
 Or 5 for **10c**

Sale Starts Friday, June 24, at 9 a. m.
J. H. Foster Co.
 Opera House Block, Marquette, Mich.

THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK

NEGAUNEE, MICHIGAN,

'The Best Prophet of the Future is the Past

For twenty-three years we have stood for everything that represents good banking. Our complete facilities, equipment and experience enables us to render perfect service and we can meet every requirement of people who discriminate.

We pay interest on Savings Accounts of One Dollar or more and compound it semi-annually.

The Negaunee State Bank

F. A. BELL, Pres. THOS. PELLOW, Vice-Pres.
THOS. PASCOE, Cashier.

Commercial and Savings Accounts Solicited.

3 per cent interest on savings accounts, interest payable June 1st and Dec. 1st.

Ask for our rates on Money Orders, payable either in the United States or any foreign country.

Safety Deposit Boxes for Rent at \$3.00 Per Year.

SWANSON BROS.

Successor to T. A. FREIBERG

Plumbing and Steam Fitting

We furnish plans and specifications for plumbing and heating without charge.

Jackson St. SWANSON BROS. Negaunee.

M'DONALD'S OPERA HOUSE

Wrestling Match

Friday Evening, June 24



CHRIS PERSON

Chris Person vs. Jake Miller

Duluth Chicago

Best 2 out of 3, catch-as-catch-can.

\$100.00 A SIDE

35c, 50c, 75c.

Reserved seats at J. M. Perkins' drug store.

Our Want "Ads" Bring Results to Advertisers.

Negaunee Department

SHOOTING SCRAPE WEDNESDAY NIGHT

Tony Nastasi Uses Gun on Three Countrymen at Their Boarding House.

Tony Nastasi, a young Italian, nineteen or twenty years of age, shot up Peter Sino, Peter Certo and Frank Catanese, at Peter Sino's boarding house, near the Marquette County Gas & Electric company's power plant, Wednesday night at 11 o'clock. Sino was shot through the back of the left hand. The bullet that struck Certo grazed his left arm, near the elbow. Catanese is more seriously wounded than either of the other two men. He was shot in the right shoulder, the bullet striking the bone and taking a downward course into the body.

Catanese and Nastasi had a quarrel in front of the house, it is said. The men inside heard the loud talking, and Sino and Certo went out to pacify the men. One report is that they had been outside the house but a short time when Nastasi began shooting. It is also said that Nastasi fired the shot at Catanese before the other men left the house. Nastasi fired but three shots, all of them taking effect, and as the men were only a few feet from each other it is certain that he deliberately aimed at all of them. When he fired the last shot, he started on a run toward Ishpeming, and within a minute or so was lost sight of. Dr. N. J. Robbins and his assistant, Dr. Warren Pearce, were called to the boarding house immediately after the shooting. The wounded men were taken to Dr. Robbins' hospital, where their wounds were attended to. The doctors probed for the bullet in Catanese's body, but could not locate it. Dr. Robbins says that Catanese's wound may prove serious, as the bullet may have entered a lung or some other organ.

Nastasi is well known to the Italians of Negaunee, as he had lived here the greater part of the past fourteen months. He also lived in Ishpeming for a few weeks some three months ago, and is known to a number of his countrymen there. He worked at the Hartford mine for several weeks until the property was closed down, but since then he has been idle. He was not a steady man and he has worked at nearly every mine in Negaunee.

The men at the boarding house could give no explanation as to why Nastasi and Catanese quarreled, and the latter is also disinclined to give any reason. Nastasi is a native of Southern Italy, most of the Italians in Negaunee come from the northern part of that country. None of the men were drinking at the boarding house, and it is said that they were all sober, though it is thought that Nastasi had a few drinks down town, before returning home. Marshal Rough did not hear about the shooting until 2:30 o'clock yesterday morning, when he was called by one of the other officers. He started a search for the fugitive and remained up the remainder of the night. He notified the Ishpeming police officers to be on the lookout for Nastasi. He has procured a good picture of the man, and he remembers having seen the fellow around town. It is thought that Nastasi is hiding in that city, or is in the woods to the north.

Meals prepared quickly and cheaply with a gas stove. Marquette County, Gas & Electric company can supply it on short notice. (6-14-10)

BAND CONCERT.

Negaunee City Band Will Give Program This Evening in City Square.

The Negaunee City band will give a concert in the city band stand this evening, starting at 8 o'clock. The program will be as follows: March, "Emblem of Freedom"; King Grand Descriptive Fantasia, "Joan of Arc"; By Round. The above selection contains the following movements: Vision of Joan, and her resolve to take up arms in defense of her country; fanfare visit to the village church; the blessing army in the distance on the march; Joan joins the troops; prayer; attack and victory; general rejoicing. Cornet solo (by special request), "Columbia"; Ernest Hawke; Funeral March, "Dead March in Saul"; Chopin Grand selection, "Poet & Peasant"; F. V. Suppe March, "Fort Monrose"; A. Burgliose.

Housekeepers, how do you manage to get along without gas stoves? Put one in and save labor and expense. The Marquette County, Gas & Electric company. (6-14-10)

MANY BALL PLAYERS.

Manager T. A. Thoren of the Negaunee baseball team has, during the past week or two, received a number of letters from baseball players wanting positions. It is doubtful if there will be any more changes in the Negaunee team, as the present line-up suits the management as well as the fans. The ability of practically all the men on the team is well known and their work averages up as well as those of the best players of the other teams in the league. The Negaunee players will have an opportunity of seeing the Ishpeming and Escanaba nines in action this afternoon at the Union park grounds.

Have you a gas stove, the kitchen's greatest necessity, and the cook's most faithful friend? Order one from the Marquette County, Gas & Electric company. (6-14-10)

"It cured me," or "It saved the life of my child," are the expressions you hear every day about Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy. This is true the world over where this valuable remedy has been introduced. No other medicine in use for diarrhoea or bowel complaints has received such general approval. The secret of the success of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy is that it cures. Sold by The People's Drug Store.

TODAY'S CELEBRATION.

Scandinavians Showing Much Interest in Old Time Market.

With favorable weather, it is certain that a record-breaking crowd will attend the Scandinavian society's celebration today at Cleveland Park. All of the members of the society and their families are thoroughly interested in the celebration, which will be in the nature of an old-time Swedish market.

The opening feature of the festivities will be a parade this morning, starting at 10 o'clock. The members of the Negaunee society are asked to meet at their hall at 8:30 to prepare for receiving the visitors who are to participate in the parade. The arrangement committee plans to start the parade at 9:45, if possible, and if not, at 10 o'clock at the latest. The Ishpeming societies will come over in special street cars.

Several members of the society worked at the grove yesterday, putting up tents and making other preparations for the event. A merry-go-round is located near the entrance to the park, at the foot of the ski hill. The principal tent will be the one containing the Swedish antique display. A man will be on hand to explain to the visitors what the different articles are used for and a number of men and women will appear in native costume. There will be dancing in the afternoon and evening at one of the pavilions and the grounds will be brilliantly illuminated. Among the electric displays will be a high tower. Refreshments of various kinds will be on sale and a number of interesting features, including fortune telling, etc., will be introduced.

WRESTLING MATCH TONIGHT.

Wrestling fans will see an interesting contest tonight at McDonald's Opera House, where Chris Person, the well-known copper country athlete, and Jake Miller of Chicago, will come together. Person weighs 185 pounds, and Miller 180. The latter has a good reputation in the middle west, and particularly in Kansas. Person is one of the best known wrestlers in the northwest. The match is for \$100 a side and will be in three falls. There will be preliminaries before the main bout. The prices will be thirty-five, fifty and seventy-five cents. Seats can be reserved at Perkins' drug store.

LOCAL LACONICS.

Fred Lirette has returned from a visit in the lower peninsula.

Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Pearce of Green Bay were visitors here yesterday.

There will be no choir practice at St. John's Episcopal church this evening.

Mrs. L. A. Miller and daughter, Grace, left for the South Shore, D. & C. excursion yesterday for Detroit.

Miss Mary Moll left yesterday for Detroit, where she will enter a hospital to take a course in trained nursing.

Edna Rains arrived in Negaunee Wednesday night from Sault Ste. Marie, where she spent two days visiting friends.

Mrs. Peter Trotter has returned to her home in Chicago, after a few days' visit with her mother, Mrs. Mary Sheehan.

L. A. Swanson and family are preparing to begin housekeeping in the Swedish Lutheran church parsonage on Cyr street.

Mrs. Con Thompson, formerly Miss Mae Greenier, of this city, left yesterday for her home at Cobalt, Canada, after a visit of a week with relatives.

The flagman's shanty at the Gold street crossing was moved yesterday to a point farther south between the last two tracks. The shanty stood on the new depot site.

Thermometers here yesterday morning at 5:30 o'clock registered from 70 to 72 degrees above zero, but it was considerably cooler during the day than on any previous day of the week.

The solicitors for the celebration to be conducted here on the fifth will complete their work today or tomorrow. A meeting will be held Tuesday evening for the appointment of committees, etc.

While today will not be generally observed as a holiday in Negaunee many of the men employed at the mines will take a day off. The stores will close at noon, remaining closed the remainder of the day, and the barber shops will be closed all day.

The report that Mrs. Samuel Goodman, who had been confined to St. Mary's hospital, was critically ill Wednesday, was erroneous. Instead of her husband being called down there to see her, he went down to bring her home. Mrs. Goodman's many friends in Negaunee will be pleased to learn that she is getting along nicely.

L. I. Miller has a night blooming cypress at his home that opened Wednesday night and closed yesterday morning. A number of friends were invited in to watch the beautiful flower open. It is thought that it is the only flower of its kind in the city and is said to be the first one that has ever bloomed here. A few months ago an enterprising proprietor of a Milwaukee greenhouse advertised the opening of one of these flowers and thousands of people were on hand to witness it. This flower opens after sundown and closes before sunrise, and it opens but once in its life time.

DEAFNESS CANNOT BE CURED by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube is inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed, deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out of the ear by constitutional remedies, the hearing will be destroyed forever; never cases out of ten are caused by Catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surface. We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by catarrh) that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circular, free. P. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O. Sold by Druggists, etc. Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

E. N. BREITUNG, President. C. MEILLEUR, Vice-President.

THE NEGAUNEE NATIONAL BANK

NEGAUNEE.

HERMAN WAGNER, Cashier.

CAPITAL AND SURPLUS \$120,000.00

This Bank is chartered by and under the supervision of the UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT. It is offered by a strong and conservative Board of Directors. Our customers are extended the most liberal treatment consistent with sound and careful banking methods.

We would be pleased to have your banking business—commercial or savings.

3%

INTEREST PAID ON SAVINGS ACCOUNTS.

FOREIGN EXCHANGE

ISSUED AT LOWEST RATES, ALSO

BANK POST REMITTANCES

BOARD OF DIRECTORS:

E. N. BREITUNG A. E. BOSWELL J. F. MILLER
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C. MEILLEUR PHILIP LEVINE JAS. F. FOLEY

FOR SALE—The Adelphi roller rink, Geo. W. Winter, Negaunee, Mich. 6-24-10

FOR SALE—House on southeast corner of Clark street and Teal Lake avenue. Purchaser to move house. Leon Guilford, Cambria location. 6-16-10

Farming Implements

of all kinds, also the "Dairymaid" Cream Separator Wagon Building and Blacksmith Repairing. J. N. IKKELA, Marquette St., Negaunee, Mich. 5-23-10

CUT FLOWERS

American Beauties, Carnations, Tea Roses, Calla Lilies, Easter Lilies. POTTED PLANTS: Geraniums, Primulas, Begonias, Daisies, yellow and white, Double Petunias, Pelargoniums. FERNS and PALMS

Orders promptly filled and shipments made by American or Western Express. Telephone or telegraph your orders. BOTH 'PHONES.

NEGAUNEE GREENHOUSES

SEALER'S CASH GROCERY

Peace Block, Iron St. All New Stock

Give us a trial order and you will see how much lower our cash prices are.

- Flour, 49 lbs. \$1.60
- Best Creamery Butter... 32c
- Fresh Eggs, per doz... 23c
- Teas, 50c and 60c grades ... 38c
- Lipton's Tea A No. 1... 60c
- Sugar, 25-lb. sack... 1.45
- Best Peas, 3 cans for... 25c
- Standard Tomatoes, 3-lb cans, 3 cans... 25c
- Best Calif. Apricots... 23c
- Standard Apricots ... 15c
- Green Gage Plum, large can ... 15c
- Best Peaches ... 23c
- Standard Peaches ... 17c
- Rolled Oats 5-lb. pkg... 22c
- Prunes ... 12c, 10c and 8c
- Mixed Nuts ... 15c
- Raisins, 1-lb. pkg... 8c
- Jurrants, 1-lb. pkg... 9c
- 10 Bars Queen Anne or Lenox Soap ... 38c
- 10 Bars Fels Naptha Soap ... 45c

Goods delivered to any part of the city.

BOTH PHONES. 5-23-10

Ishpeming County 'Phone 92. Ishpeming Long Dist. 'Phone 82.
Negaunee County 'Phone 93. Negaunee Long Dist. 'Phone 190.

GEORGE F. RUEZ

BROKER

Robbins Block 116 Main St., ISHPEMING.
First National Bank Block, NEGAUNEE.

BOTH OFFICES OPEN EVENINGS.

Paine, Webber & Co.'s private wire to Boston, New York and all markets. Daily market letter, also Walker's Weekly Copper Letter, mailed free upon request.

LONG DIST. 'PHONE 88. COUNTY 'PHONE 395.

D. T. MORGAN & CO.

BROKERS

108 Front St., Ishpeming, Mich.

WE SPECIALIZE IN

LISTED - Coppers - UNLISTED

Direct private wire service to New York and Boston. Our Daily Market letter MAILED FREE upon request.

THE PENINSULA BANK

ISHPEMING, MICHIGAN.

ORGANIZED OCTOBER 27, 1887.

Capital \$50,000. Surplus and Undivided Profits \$65,000

THOS. WALTERS, President. GEO. F. THONEY, Vice President.
HERMAN JAEDECKE, 2nd Vice President.
J. G. WELSH, Cashier. PETER HANDBERG, Ass't Cashier.

DIRECTORS:
Thos. Walters, Herman Jaedecke, Lars Hoyseth, H. F. Heyn, Geo. F. Thoney, Thos. W. Hughes, Jas. Mitchell, Thos. H. Bargh, Otto Eger.

Spring 1910

We are ready to supply in the latest productions

Knox Hats, Hanan and Tilt Shoes

in addition to our unexcelled lines of

CLOTHES and MEN'S FURNISHINGS

L. W. ATKINS & CO.

Stenographers Wanted

Opening for nine stenographers were brought to your attention last week; five in Marquette, two in Negaunee, one in L'Anse, and one in Skanee. We were able to fill four to date, and may possibly fill one or two more of them. We never have stenographers to fill all our calls.

THE PRACTICAL BUSINESS COLLEGE CO.

P. H. ROSS, President.

Proprietors of
Marquette Business College, Marquette, Mich.
Ishpeming Business College, Ishpeming, Mich.

"The Schools that are teaching the Youth to do things—not merely to talk about them."

Get ready. You may enter NOW.
Read our ad. on Marquette page Monday.

Ishpeming Theatre TONIGHT

SPECIAL

MOTION PICTURES OF THE

ROOSEVELT EXPEDITION IN AFRICA

These pictures, which show the only authentic scenes of the ex-president's great trip, were taken by W. D. Boyce, the artist, who accompanied Mr. Roosevelt. Mr. Boyce has given the Independent Motion Picture company the exclusive right to produce them, having recently refused \$6,000 offered by the Trust Film people for the privilege.

TWO OTHER BIG SUBJECTS. NO EXTRA CHARGE.

Adults, 10c; Children, 5c. Two shows, at 8 and 9 p. m.

Ishpeming Department

REPUBLICAN MAN COMMITS SUICIDE

Recent Robbery of His Earnings Unbalanced Kito Suomi's Mind.

The body of Kito Suomi, a Finnish resident of Republic, was found Wednesday floating in the Michigan river at a point near the Republic water works station. Suomi disappeared from his boarding house a week ago last Sunday. His disappearance had not been reported to the officers, and no search was made for him. It is believed he committed suicide, as he had shown signs of being mentally unbalanced. Coroner Prin was called to Republic, and the jury he impaneled returned a verdict of suicide.

It is thought at Republic that Suomi's mental derangement was caused by the loss of money which he had claimed was stolen from his trunk in his boarding house. The robbery occurred some three months ago. Suomi said he lost in the neighborhood of \$250. A fellow boarder was suspected of the theft. Alex Lestrom, who is the deputy sheriff at Republic, went to the copper country and arrested the suspect. He was given a hearing in Republic, but the evidence against him was insufficient to prove his guilt, and he was released.

Suomi worried greatly over the loss of the money, and he talked about it almost constantly. Until finally his friends noticed that he was losing his reason. The day before his departure he tore up the sidewalk in front of his boarding house, which is on the west side, and about a mile from the river. When asked what he was tearing up the sidewalk for, he said that he was looking for his money. Later in the day he washed his face and hands in coffee. Coroner Prin went through his trunk and he found \$33 in cash in it, also a considerable quantity of clothing. Suomi was an industrious fellow and had worked at the Republic mine for several years. He was about thirty-five years of age and single. All of his relatives live in Finland.

F. Braastad & Co. announces radical price reductions on ladies' dresses, ladies' suits and coats at half price. (6-22-10)

ROOSEVELT IN AFRICA.

Authentic Pictures of Ex-President's Trip at Ishpeming Theater.

Motion pictures of scenes in Africa taken during President Theodore Roosevelt's expedition were shown last night at the Ishpeming theater and were so favorably received that the management will present them again this evening. The pictures are genuine, and W. D. Boyce recently refused \$6,000 from the Trust Film for the exclusive privilege of exhibiting them. Mr. Boyce is the artist who accompanied Roosevelt and his party to Africa to secure pictures for the Saturday Blade and the Chicago Ledger.

The pictures show the arrival of Roosevelt in Africa where he was greeted by the governor and thousands of soldiers and natives. They also show scenes at Mombasa, in parts of Africa trolley cars are propelled by native leg power. The natives employed on the cars take their turns in running alongside of them. When one pair becomes tired they get up on the car and rest while they are relieved by others. The pictures showing the "trolley" cars, also the passenger trains, are interesting.

Another picture shows John T. McCutcheon, the noted cartoonist of the Chicago Tribune, as Mr. Boyce's guest in a balloon ride. The balloon ascension is witnessed by thousands of natives and is an interesting scene.

Special sale of ladies' dresses today at Braastad's. (6-22-10)

MONSTER HOGS.

John Walters of Second street has received a letter from his nephew, Frank Walters of Platville, Wis., advising him that he recently sold two hogs that weighed 1,200 pounds. Mr. Walters has two brothers living at Platville, who recently cleaned up \$11,000 from lead secured on a small parcel of land in the city. The tract is located at the end of one of the streets of the city and the owners were preparing to turn it into a park, when, in sinking a hole, they struck the mineral. The Walters brothers, together with two hired men, made the clean-up in less than a year.

The cheapest and best fuel for your kitchen is gas. Order a gas stove from the Marquette County, Gas & Electric company. (6-14-10)

INJURED ON MESABA.

Oldest Son of Ernest Bengry Lost Foot in Railway Accident.

Percy Bengry, oldest son of Ernest Bengry, Ishpeming cashier of the Chicago & Northwestern Railway company, was injured Monday night about 10:30 o'clock, while following his occupation as brakeman on one of the Oliver Iron Mining company's trains running between Taconite and Coleraine, on the Mesaba range.

Mr. Bengry did not know of the accident until Wednesday evening, when he received a letter from the boy. Although this foot, which was run over by one of the wheels of the engine, was horribly crushed and amputation was necessary, he was able to write the letter, which was a lengthy one. He assured his father that he was in excellent condition and that he expected to be out of the hospital very soon. He said that his leg had been amputated five inches above the ankle, but did not say which foot had been taken off.

Young Bengry was born and reared in Ishpeming. He worked in the Chicago & Northwestern Railway company's local warehouse for some years. He left here about eighteen months ago for the Mesaba, to take a place as brakeman with the Oliver company. He is confined to the company's Coleraine hospital. He wrote that he will come to Ishpeming as soon as he is able to travel.

Ladies' trimmed hats at half price. (6-22-10) F. BRAASTAD & CO.

ENTERS BRENNAN CO.

Commercial Man, Wellknown Here, Takes Interest in Milwaukee Concern.

Edward F. Bretz, salesman for the Bonesho Shading company, has become a member of the Brennan company, organized five years ago by A. G. Brennan, who preceded Mr. Bretz as the Bonesho Shading company's upper peninsula salesman. Both Mr. Bretz and Mr. Brennan are very wellknown in this region.

While the Brennan company started on a small scale, it is said to be making rapid strides. Mr. Bretz is at present enjoying a two weeks' vacation, and it is expected that he will make his territory within the next month, for the Brennan company.

This is the season when you will appreciate a gas stove. With your kitchen sizzling hot, how can you get along without one? The Marquette County, Gas & Electric company will put one in for you on short notice. (6-14-10)

George F. Rue's Review.

"Conflicting crop reports caused some of the New York list this morning, against, however, were well taken on fractional declines and the close is practically unchanged. The market was entirely neglected. Transactions recorded were a fractionally lower price. Chief consolidator was the feature on the curb advancing from bids at 18 to sale at 15-16 on the receipt of some favorable department news from the property. Short stock was also in good demand around 28. The balance on the list was dull and unchanged. Advice from Boston today are for the effect that sales of copper listed aggregated between 25 and 30 million pounds at around 12 1/2 cents per pound."

The Miners' National Bank

Capital \$100,000 --- Ishpeming, Mich.
SURPLUS \$80,000

UNITED STATES DEPOSITORY.

We solicit your business, large or small, and we pay interest on all savings accounts. We sell money orders payable in all parts of the world. Get our rates before you buy elsewhere.

DIRECTORS: D. T. MORGAN, F. BRAASTAD, A. B. MINER, W. H. JOHNSTON, A. MAITLAND, H. O. YOUNG, JAMES CLANCEY, DR. T. A. FELCH, M. M. DUNCAN.

OFFICERS: F. BRAASTAD, Pres., A. B. MINER, Cashier, H. O. YOUNG, Vice Pres., O. G. AAS, Ass't Cashier, GEO. HATHAWAY, 2nd Ass't Cashier.

TO HAVE HALF HOLIDAY.

The Miners' National and Peninsula banks will close today at noon, giving the employees a half holiday. The mercantile establishments of the city will also close at noon. Midsummer day is generally observed as a holiday by the workmen of the city. Several picnics will be held and there will be a baseball game this afternoon, commencing at 3 o'clock, at Union Park grounds between the Ishpeming and Escanaba teams. The Scandinavian and Swedish Home societies will attend the celebration at Cleveland Park. The members of the Sunday school society of the First Methodist Episcopal church will go to Presque Isle for their annual picnic and the members of the Salisbury Methodist church Sunday school society will hold their annual picnic in the grove near the church. The Ishpeming band will accompany the Scandinavian society to Negaunee in the morning, and will play at the Salisbury picnic in the afternoon. The Swedish Home society will be accompanied to Negaunee by the Light Guard band.

You'll find the largest assortment of wash dresses at Braastad's. New models arriving daily. (6-22-10)

ISHPEMING IN BRIEF.

J. A. Telesstrom of Ironwood spent yesterday in the city.

F. J. Millwood, of Iron River, was an Ishpeming visitor yesterday.

B. Eiling of Brimley transacted business in Ishpeming yesterday.

Miss Eugenie Pariseau of Iron Mountain is visiting Miss Katherine Laughlin.

Francis Molloy, who was overcome by the heat Monday, is able to be around again.

Edward H. Southey and wife, 825 South Pine street, are the parents of a daughter.

Miss Selma Hoyseth has returned from Ann Arbor, where she has been a student at the university.

Mr. Trebilcock and Clifford Jaedecke, students at the University of Michigan, are home for the summer vacation.

Mrs. N. E. Skud and son, Elmer, have departed for Detroit, where they will spend a few weeks visiting relatives.

Ed. St. John will be in the box for the Ishpeming team in the ball game this afternoon at the Union park grounds.

The nine-months-old son of Patrick Belting died Wednesday evening from bronchitis. The funeral will be held today.

The members of the senior class of the Ishpeming High school may secure their cuts by calling at The Mining Journal branch office.

Mrs. W. E. Schaffer and daughter, and the Misses Mary and B. Laughlin, left yesterday morning for Detroit, Cleveland and Buffalo, on a two weeks' visit.

The Owl club will conduct its annual midsummer hop tonight at Braastad's Hall. Over 500 invitations have been issued and a large attendance is expected.

J. S. Wahlman and family left yesterday for their summer cottage at Lake Michigan, where they will remain until Monday. Lawrence Butler accompanied them.

The Misses Mary Donohoe, Margaret Cronin and Ida Burke left yesterday on a lake trip. They will visit Buffalo, De-

WANTED—Ladies and gentlemen for light employment.

Salary \$2.50 per day. Travelers \$18 per week. Ans. "M. Y. Z." care Mining Journal office, Ishpeming. (6-22-10)

FOR SALE—Building lot on North Oak street.

Inquire Mrs. F. E. Olson, Anderson House, Ishpeming. (6-21-10)

FOR SALE—House and lot.

Inquire 821 North Second street, Ishpeming. (6-22-10)

FOR SALE—New milk cow, guaranteed.

John Waldron, 357 West Johnston street, Ishpeming. (6-18-10)

Upholstering

Mattress Making.
Furniture Repairing.
Furniture Packing.

Franklin Wade

With Swanson & Person, Cleveland avenue. 4-2-11
Bell phone, 35. County, No. 129.

THE MIND OF A BEAST.

French Scientist Says It Works Like That of Human.

Professor Lipinay, who has made long researches into the habits of domestic animals, in a lecture the other day at the new Dogs and Cats' home near Ruel, said that he was convinced that animals have a certain amount of reasoning power. He declared that a simple kind of reasoning and reflex thought must be admitted to exist among them.

Cats more than dogs, he said, learn to imitate their masters' voices. A pet canine has different ways of asking for different things; and their cries are easily understood. This fact seems to prove that the animals make an effort to raise themselves to the level of human beings.

It is also wellknown that dogs, cats and birds, having become familiar friends, understand the meaning of certain words without a person's gesture. The intelligence of a bird is compared to that of a child. If a strange canary is placed in a cage containing several others, all will stop their chirping and singing to look at the newcomer; and it has often been observed how one of the birds will pick a feather out of the stranger and bound away. This is merely to tease the intruder, as children are seen to do when a stranger comes among them.

As for animals in distress which are so clever. This cleverness Professor Lipinay attributes to habit rather than any particular intelligence.—Paris Correspondence.

Lame shoulder is almost invariably caused by rheumatism of the muscles and yields quickly to the free application of Chamberlain's Liniment. This liniment is not only prompt and effectual, but it is in no way disagreeable to use. Sold by The People's Drug Store.

The Store of the Future Must Serve Well Today

Present and Future—A blending of tenses that is important to the store that seeks to "Arrive." It is a succession of successful todays that makes the path into the future bright and hopeful. The Gately store is happy in doing its best today, with the firm intention to make that best better tomorrow. These are the days when good service counts. Many a home is being refreshed for summer comfort. Housekeepers should see our nice line of draperies, which with the delightful floor coverings and cool summer furniture, promise comfort even in the hottest days.

Welcome to come and see—to choose if you like, with our Best Service, and small monthly payments, to make it easy and pleasant for you.

Buy a White Enamelled Refrigerator today, solid Ash, Golden Oak finish, White Enamel lined, and well insulated, Wire Shelves, Great Ice Savers, 50 pounds in capacity. . . . \$18.00

Complete showing of Refrigerators. A number of styles and sizes, prices. . \$15.50, \$29.00.

See our fine line of Porch Furniture.

Agents Wanted—Good inducements to capable men. Apply in person or by letter.

GATELY-WIGGINS

ISHPEMING • CALUMET
COR. MAIN & BANK STS. 325 S. DODD ST.

HOUGHTON IRON MOUNTAIN
159 SHIELDON ST., 121 STEVENSON AVE.

The Eating Proves

what a difference it would make in your cooking to use the healthful Rumford Baking Powder. Its raising action is certain and uniform. It makes food light, digestible and of fine texture—

How Delicious are Gems and Cakes Made With

this most wholesome of powders! Pure—with no alum. Most effective, it is most economical—costs 25 cents a pound. There is never a failure and no waste with

RUMFORD BAKING POWDER

—The Best of the High-grade Powders—

WHY I HAVE BEEN A FAILURE.

The "Remittance" Man Isn't at All Backward in Telling What Laid Him Low.

In the back room of a river front saloon I found the "remittance" man. He wasn't drunk. In fact, few habits of the vile smelling little place could truthfully have said that they ever saw him well.

"He isn't more of them proud gals what won't speak to you when he's got a dollar in his pocket," quoth the white aproned soda swabber, giving "Sir Arty" a favorable send-off. "No, sir, he's a good sort, an' as long as he's got a dime he'll divide with you. He's just been unfortunate, that's all. But they say he comes of good stock over in England, an' I know that at times he gets money from there. But that don't last no time, an' he just can't seem to work, but spends his days an' evenings here an' sleeps in most any old dump. He's a queer chap, he is, kind of disappointed or something like that."

"Sir Arty" wasn't a bit communicative regarding his family tree. "Let them think what they want," he said bitterly, when the subject was broached. "It's enough that I'm a younger son gone wrong. Where I'm from doesn't matter to these ruminates. But you—you'd like to know how I've come to make a failure in life."

He looked straight at me through the pall of tobacco smoke which filled the room, then lowered his eyes and drummed lightly on the table for a minute or so as if collecting his thoughts or trying to determine whether to make any reply.

"The man who said it was hell to be poor got things reversed," he said at length, choosing his words carefully, and speaking slowly as though to drive every utterance home. "It is the other way around. The worst thing that can happen to a young fellow is to be born rich—that is, if he hasn't sense enough to realize that life is something more than a chance to spend your waking hours in idleness. And that was my fix."

"As far back as I can remember I always had everything I desired. My father belonged to the aristocracy, and he proposed raising his sons as gentlemen. The very thought of my ever having to labor was abhorrent to the governor. He meant all right, too, and of course his attitude didn't excuse me for making such a dismal failure in life. That was the way his father and his father's father and so on back for several generations had been brought up. We got the same chance."

"It wasn't any hardship for me to remain idle. I acquired the habit early in life, and worked faithfully at it. The governor always gave me a liberal allowance, and if I wanted extra money it was forthcoming without question. I never had to plan anything, and until I was well past my majority never knew the value of a dollar."

"Things came so easy I got the idea into my head there wasn't anything in life but spending money and trying to have a good time. It was a gay lot of fellows I trained with, all of them situated about like me. We certainly went some, and money flowed like water when we met. Then I got to gambling and before I was aware of what was happening I had lost a thousand pounds—more than I could ever hope to raise. I didn't dare tell the governor and I was afraid to let the fellows know I didn't have that much, so I forged the governor's name to a note, forging I'd have a run of luck and get the money back before the note came due."

"Things went against me, though, and I got in deeper than ever. There was nothing to do but make a clean breast to the governor, and see what he'd do. He was furious, I'll never forget what he said about having a thieving sneak

of a forger for a son. And what could I say. I didn't blame him, although it cut like a whiplash, and I couldn't help wishing that the governor had woke up before it was too late and made me get out and hustle. He bought me a ticket for America, gave me a hundred pounds, and told me he didn't want to see me again until I had made a man of myself."

"When I struck New York I was as helpless as a newborn babe, never having done a bit of work. I meant to make good, though, but somehow the indolent habits I'd cultivated all my life kept coming to the front. When the last of my money was gone I had to do something, so I found a position as clerk in an office. The pay wouldn't say more than keep soul and body together, but that meant something to me. I couldn't apply myself to the work no matter how hard I tried. One morning after another I'd be late in reporting, and the clock hadn't struck ten in the afternoon until I was away from there. Of course that couldn't last, and I was released. The next place wasn't any better. It simply wasn't in me to work."

"Then just as I was beginning to think it was the broad line for me along came a letter from the governor, who found out through a friend of the family in New York where I was located. It was just a brief note in which he expressed the hope that I had seen the folly of my way and was doing well. But in the letter was a check for ten pounds. Money never looked so good to me. I sat down and wrote the governor a note, telling him the first and only time I ever did—that I was getting along nicely. That ended our correspondence until I came to Detroit, but every month came ten pounds. This was the last thing needed to get the notion of working clear out of my head. I often tried to settle down to something, but the old lack of application cropped out. At first I was ashamed of myself. I've got over that now, and taking the money doesn't bother me any."

"Sometimes I wonder what the governor and the rest of the family would say if they knew the true state of affairs. But they won't. Nobody here knows me. They call me 'Sir Arty,' because I'm English, but I don't mind that. And yet, do you know that once in a while I find myself wondering what I might have amounted to if I hadn't been born rich and lazy. Talk about being poor. Its hell to be rich—and not have even common sense."

BATHTUBS FOR MULES.

A huge concrete bathtub, some forty feet long, and a few inches more than four feet deep, has been installed in the Henry Colliery of the Lehigh Valley Coal company at Plains, Pa., for the accommodation of the mine mules.

This unique mine improvement is built at the entrance of the mule barn. The long-eared beasts are pretty tired when they conclude the day's work, but when they strike the bath all fatigue disappears and they rush in, crowding each other for the deepest place in the tub.

The bath is expected to prolong the vigor and vitality of the mules. The mine who are not absolutely in sympathy with the innovation, the bath keeping them in the mine ten or fifteen minutes longer than before, yet the enjoyment of their dumb charges seems more to offset this inconvenience to a great extent.

If you are not satisfied after using according to directions two-thirds of a bottle of Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets, you can have your money back. The tablets cleanse and invigorate the stomach, improve the digestion, regulate the bowels. Give them a trial and get well. Sold by The People's Drug Store.

FALL CAMPAIGN TO BE "REGULAR"

Congressional Committee Will Defend the Administration—Controversy With Insurgents Will Not Admit Harmony and Compromise Would Smack of Failure

There Is Some Talk of a New Third Party, but It Is Not Taken Seriously—Specific Lines Established for the Speeches of the Republican Orators.

Washington, June 22.—President Taft's decision to take the stump for the Republican party next fall is evidence that the campaign will be laid out upon "regular," rather than insurgent lines. The controversy between the two factions is too serious to admit of harmony. Dilliver's speech in the senate was only one of a dozen evidences of that. It is a matter of political existence between the old guard and their new found enemies. The issue can be decided only by the complete defeat of one side or the other. Either the Republican party and all it has stood for and done in the last dozen years, including the last twelve months, must be justified before the people and the victory won on that record, or another party must take control of the government. There would appear to be no two courses possible from the conditions as they exist now.

Third party talk is rife, but not ripe. Many politicians are pointing toward Roosevelt in this connection. It is the ambition of Senator Albert B. Cummins of Iowa to lead this third party, but the result in his state primary has left him weaker than before, while Washington politicians just at this moment already are predicting the defeat of his colleague, Dilliver, two years hence. The successful contest for reelection of Judge Walter R. Sweeney is being pointed on every hand as the type of contest the old guard ought to conduct everywhere.

The Republican campaign will be directed more or less by the Republican congressional committee, which the insurgent Dilliver characterized as "a campaign committee presided over by a multimillionaire street car magnate McKinley of Illinois, with a treasury filled with rotten money, pouring out its steady stream of muddy literature to defame the congress and the party."

Progressives of the Old Guard. Some specific lines of action have been decided on by the regulars, among them the following: 1.—The new tariff law shall be defended as the best piece of tariff legislation ever enacted. 2.—The rule of the regulars in congress will be defended. 3.—The present method of legislating in congress will be upheld. 4.—No apologies will be made for any act of the Republican party; the party will be defended as an organization that has solved every problem it has been called upon to meet.

Until recently a good many representatives of the old guard were advising that Speaker Cannon be kept out of the campaign. Indeed, some of them went so far as to suggest that the speaker announce that he would not be a candidate for reelection in the coming year. Cannon at no time seriously thought of consenting to any proposition of this sort, but there does appear to have been a season in which he was more than half willing to promise to stay out of the campaign as a public speaker.

Will Cannon Try to Stick? As the situation stands today, the country will be left in doubt whether the venerable speaker will be a candidate for reelection in case the Republicans have the house. His intimate friends understand that he does not desire to be speaker again, but they say that Mr. Cannon to announce his unwillingness to stand for the place again would be a confession on his part that he has lost his grip with his party.

The theory on which the campaign is to be conducted, according to members of the congressional committee, is that if the party in power can win at all, it must do it by defending its record. "To admit that the Republican rule in congress has been detrimental to the welfare of the country would be suicidal," said one member of the congressional committee today. "It would also be the height of folly to admit that there is anything wrong with the new tariff law. If there is any chance for us to win the next house of representatives, it is by going out and convincing the people that the party's record is all right. This is what we propose to do."

Programs Will Be Let Alone. The plan of campaign does not provide that an open fight shall be made against progressives who have been nominated for office. The plan is to leave the insurgents, or progressives, to their own resources. This program means, of course, that there will be many mix-ups. In many instances there will be congressional districts that have nominated progressive candidates—that is to say, candidates that are publicly committed against Cannonism as well as against the tariff law. In other districts in the same state will be Republican nominees who seek reelection as supporters of the Cannon rule in the house and as supporters of the new tariff law. A member of the congressional committee when asked today how the committee would handle a situation of this sort replied:

"It will be the duty of the congressional committee to assist those candidates for congress who ask for assistance. If a candidate shall ask for help, we will send into his district speakers who will uphold the record of the Republican party from A to Z. Any candidate who does not want speeches of this sort made in his district had better not ask the committee for assistance. I suppose the thing will work out about this way: We will be asked to send our speakers and our literature into certain districts in a state, and not asked to

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M. C. SCULLY, Agent. Marquette, Mich.

send speakers or literature into other districts in the same state. Yes, this will be rather a remarkable performance, but I do not see how it is to be avoided. The committee does not intend to conduct two brands of campaign. We shall have but one prescription. Politicians may take it or let it alone."

Each State for Itself.

As for purely state campaigns, each state will, of course have to lay out its own course. The stampatters are somewhat sanguine that with few exceptions state organizations will follow the example set by the national congressional campaign committee. Indiana, of course, is to be one of the exceptions. What Iowa will do will be determined when the party in that state holds its convention in August. A little later in the year other states in which the progressives are up and coming—Kansas, Nebraska, the Dakotas, Minnesota and others—will decide what their plan of campaign shall be.

The Democratic congressional committee is greatly elated over the final decision of the Republicans to stand by the old guard. Members of that committee are more confident than ever before that such a plan of campaign can mean nothing but disaster to the party in power.

"And yet I am frank to say I do not see what else the Republicans can honorably do," said one of the officers of the Democratic committee today. "It certainly would be suicidal for the party to go before the congress and admit that it has failed in congress. It has simply got to go out and defend its record. The very moment it began to apologize it would be hopelessly lost. It will be interesting to see how the people will receive Joseph Cannon and the other stampatters as they go forth to defend themselves and the action of their party within recent years."

THE JAP QUICK AT FIGURES.

Using an Abacus, a Typical Mongol Beat a Bank Clerk with an Adding Machine.

At a meeting of the Tacoma chapter of the American Institute of Bank Clerks the other night a Japanese clerk, using a "saroban," put it all over a Tacoma bank clerk with a modern adding machine in casting up a long column of figures.

The Japanese, with his "saroban," did the arithmetical "stunt" in thirty seconds while the bank clerk, with his modern adding machine, took fifty-four seconds to obtain a total and afterward it was found the clerk or the modern adding machine had made an error, while the Japanese with his little abacus or "saroban" obtained the correct result the first time. The question test the Japanese might make an error, as did the bank clerk. However, it is significant that the Japanese did not err and that he obtained a correct result far more quickly than he used an ancient arithmetical device.

The Japanese that won the contest in adding was once a clerk in a bank at Osaka, Japan. He disclaims being an expert in adding and says many Japanese are much faster on the "saroban" than he. The little old-fashioned adding machine used by the Japanese, which we call an abacus. Years ago in our public school rooms the abacus was hung on the wall, and it was sometimes used in the study of arithmetic. It is not used much nowadays, though being revived from the speed and accuracy of the Japanese, it might be employed with good results.

The abacus in use in China is known as the swan pan. The Chinese are also rapid calculators. The abacus is a very simple adding machine, which is in form similar to that now used in Japan, China, Arabia and Russia. The word is traced through the Greek to a word meaning "dust." It is said that dust was spread upon a board and that numerals were inscribed in the dust.

In early times the Greeks used such a board, and it is supposed that geometry as well as arithmetic was taught with the use of that kind of an abacus. Later an abacus was developed in which beads slid on wires in grooves, the beads having a value depending upon column. This was probably like the abacus now used in Japan and China. The word "calculate" is traced to a Greek word meaning pebble. It is supposed that pebbles were used in the early abacus.

The victory of the Tacoma Japanese with his "saroban" over one of our bank clerks with a modern adding machine is not an exceptional instance. A few months ago, when the Japanese commissioners visited the United States, a contest was held in which a Japanese came out ahead in a calculation contest in which he used an abacus.

GLAD TO RECOMMEND THEM. Mr. E. Weakley, Kokomo, Ind., says: "After taking Foley's Kidney Pills, the severe backache left me, my kidneys became stronger, the secretions natural and my bladder no longer pained me. I am glad to recommend Foley's Kidney Pills," a yellow package. Sold by all druggists.

THE MANCHURIAN TIGER.

A Difficult Animal to Shoot—Held in Awe and Veneration by Natives.

The long haired tiger is found throughout Manchuria wherever there is hilly country, but I never heard of them being found on the plains. They are extremely difficult to bag and are by no means numerous. The only time when it would be possible to systematically hunt them would be in the winter when the snow is on the ground, the months of January and February would be the best. I hunted in Manchuria in October and November, and although I saw a good deal of sport I never saw or heard a tiger or even heard of one having been seen in the neighborhood.

A Chinese farmer told me that during an experience extending over forty years he had only twice seen a tiger; this man was a keen hunter and did not confine himself to one district, so that tigers must be very scarce. Before the snow falls there is really no method that one can adopt for tiger hunting. The natives hold the tiger in a certain amount of veneration and awe and would not, I fancy, be willing to impart any information even if they had it. I tried leaving out kills, but met with no success. Any attempt at beating the thickets and long grass would be quite out of the question, as it would be impossible to get the hunters very close to the tiger without being completely on a tiger is very small.

A few tigers are, however, trapped and shot every winter by native hunters, and the procedure seems to be as follows: Whenever fresh tiger tracks are seen in the snow they are followed up by two or three men, and if they are discovered early in the day and the sun be shining the tiger is often found lying asleep among rocks on the crest of a ridge. If he be found in this way the hunters creep up silently and all fire at the animal together, as no Chinaman would venture to tackle a tiger single handed. If, however, the spot is not seen until late in the day and if the weather be cloudy the hunters content themselves with watching at some point where the tiger has passed, as they say it always comes back on its tracks and they may be able to get a shot as it passes, or if it does so in the night they can follow it up the next day.

I was unable to verify this statement, as although I did once find tracks in the snow they were soon obliterated by fresh snow falling. The winters in Manchuria are very severe and tigers could not possibly be used; one would have to live in one of the sable trappers' huts that are scattered throughout the forest.

Tigers do occur in Korea, at any rate in the north, but from what I have heard the conditions there are even more unfavorable than in Manchuria and the state since the Japanese occupation. In addition to tiger the following game may be found in Manchuria: black bear (two species), roe deer, wild pig, leopard and lynx—all, however, very scarce and hard to bag, with the exception of the roe deer and pig—Field.

SUICIDE OF RATTLESNAKES.

The venoms of serpents, fishes, scorpions, centipedes, spiders, etc., as well as the venoms of insects, are all due to the presence of toxins similar to those which are secreted by bacteria. In both cases the toxins are specific products of the activity of living cells. They are very poisonous, non-crystallizable coloring matter, and are very sensitive to the action of heat and light, and are easily destroyed by digestive ferments and consequently are innocuous when swallowed.

There is a great variety of these toxins. Snake poison alone contains half a dozen distinct toxins, each of which exerts a specific action on the nervous system, the red or the white blood corpuscles, etc. It is possible to produce in any animal an artificial condition of immunity to the effects of any kind of animal venom. This is accomplished by the repeated injection of the venom in doses, each of which is too small to cause death. After a larger or smaller number of injections the animal acquires the power to resist the action of many times the quantity of venom that would suffice to cause death if it were injected into the veins of a non-immunized animal.

The blood of the immunized animal now contains a new substance, an antivenin which has the property of neutralizing the toxin of the venom, and this blood (or rather its watery part, or serum) may be employed to combat the toxic action of the venom in a non-immunized animal.

The ichneumon, the hedgehog and some other animals which devour venomous serpents exhibit an extraordinary

S.S.S. CURES SKIN DISEASES

The skin is composed of two distinct layers. One is known as the epidermis, or outer skin, which has no fibres, and serves principally as a covering to the body, and a protection from outward dangers to the delicate flesh beneath. The other layer is known as the derma, or true skin, and is composed of elastic fibres, fat tissue, glands, lymphatics, nerves, etc. The thousands of tiny veins and arteries with which it is interlaced constantly supply every fibre and tissue with healthful properties from the circulation to keep the skin smooth and perfect.

This is changed, however, when the blood becomes infected with humors, acids or impurities. Instead of constantly supplying rich, nutritive properties to the skin, the circulation deposits the acid impurity with which it is contaminated, into the sensitive fibres and tissues. This causes irritation and inflammation, which splits or breaks the thin outer cuticle, while the tissues beneath ulcerate and discharge upon the surface in the form of Eczema, Salt Rheum, Tetter, etc. There is likewise a dry form of skin diseases, such as Acne, Psoriasis, etc. In these varieties the humor in the blood diseases and inflames the glands, hair follicles, etc., causing them to swell and protrude to the outer surface. Pimples, rashes, eruptions and like troubles, are all dependent on imperfect blood, and no one can have a good complexion, free from humiliating blemishes, unless the skin is kept healthy by good blood.

S.S.S. cures Skin Diseases of every kind by neutralizing the acids and removing the humors from the blood. It cools the acid-heated circulation, builds it up to normal strength, multiplies its rich, nutritious corpuscles, and adds to its purity in every way. Then the skin, instead of being irritated, inflamed and diseased by acid impurities or fiery humors, is nourished, soothed and softened by a cooling, healthy stream of blood. S.S.S. is the greatest of all blood purifiers, and therein lies its ability to cure skin diseases. Book on Skin Diseases and medical advice free.

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.

S.S.S. CURED HER.

Some time ago I was troubled with a severe skin affection called Acne. Small pimples would appear on my face and neck which would in time foster and become inflamed. My complexion was muddy and sallow and most unsightly. I chanced to read about S.S.S., and concluded to give it a trial; the result was entirely satisfactory. My complexion soon became clear and bright, my skin soft and smooth. I cannot too highly recommend S.S.S. to any who are likewise afflicted.

MRS. LUCY GOODING. Pollock, La.

any resistance to the effects of their bites. This natural immunity is explained by the presence of antivenoms in the blood of these animals. Serpents are also little affected by their own venom. In general it is almost impossible to kill a venomous animal by inoculating it with the venom of its own species, of which it can support very large doses with impunity.

These facts demonstrate the absurdity of the stories of rattlesnakes and scorpions committing suicide by means of their own venom. It is asserted that a scorpion or a rattlesnake imprisoned in a circle of red-hot coals will sting itself to death. This is a physiological impossibility.—Cosmos.

A QUEER MILLIONAIRE.

His House Had Barely Enough Furniture for Actual Needs.

One of the richest men in North Carolina died not long ago. He was a millionaire, but he didn't put on any frills about it and he lived in a manner simple and unostentatious. He lived the simple life, says the Louisville Courier-Journal. It was so simple, indeed, that it would have been painful to almost anybody who believed in any considerable extent in the maxim, "Live while you live."

This wealthy man of North Carolina occupied a farmhouse of primitive design. The house furnishings were severely plain. There was barely enough furniture for actual needs. The floor was without carpets and the window shades had been broken out years ago and none of them had been replaced. The little special telegram which chronicles these facts does not go much deeper into details, but all of us have seen farmhouses of that sort. The front gate sags on its rust-entangled hinges, the chimney is ragged and moss-grown and the roof lies in the sunshine and the rain. It is hard to conceive of a millionaire living and dying in that sort of a house, but we occasionally hear of a case of that character.

This North Carolina Croesus didn't have any motorcars or automobiles. He had no bathtubs in his house. When he got up for breakfast every morning he washed his face at the horse trough, the toilet was a wooden tub, and the rest of the time. He owned a rickety buggy and a faithful horse. The buggy needed repair if he had fewer burrs in his mane, and doubtless would have felt better for a liberal application of curryscomb, but his master didn't believe in "wasting

money on articles of horse toilet. When the old man went to the county town he drove tither in his rickety buggy and he carried his dinner with him in a tin pail, not omitting to take along a few ears of corn for the horse. Nobody would have suspected from his appearance that he was worth a million. He would have been about the last man on earth to be shot by an anarchist who cherished a blood-thirsty prejudice against millionaires. Nevertheless, it was ascertained when he died that he owned stocks and bonds in some of the biggest corporations of the country and was the possessor of real estate in several states of the union. The returns are not all in yet, but his executors figure that the estate will run pretty closely to \$2,000,000.

How would you like to be a millionaire on that rigorously simple plan? Would the game be worth the candle? Probably the old man enjoyed it in his crude way, for he was a miser and a mossback and he mostly wanted money. This is a strange world, fellow-citizens, and there are a lot of strange people in it.

CURE YOUR KIDNEYS.


No Need to Take Any Further Risks. Why will people continue to suffer the agonies of kidney complaint, backache, urinary disorders, lameness, headache, languor, why allow themselves to become chronic invalids, when a certain cure is offered them?

Doan's Kidney Pills is the remedy to use, because it gives to the kidneys the help they need to perform their work. If you have any, even one, of the symptoms of kidney disease, cure yourself now, before diabetes, dropsy or Bright's disease sets in. Can Marquette residents demand more convincing proof than the following:

H. H. Bradford, 610 River Ave., Iron Mountain, Mich., says: "I gladly recommend Doan's Kidney Pills as I have found them to be a reliable kidney remedy. They relieved me of backache, regulated the passages of the kidney secretions, and improved my health. Other members of my family have taken this excellent preparation with the same good results."

For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, New York, sole agents for the United States. Remember the name—Doan's—and take no other.

Chamberlain's Cough Remedy is sold on a guarantee that if you are not satisfied after using two-thirds of a bottle according to directions, your money will be refunded. It is up to you to try. Sold by The People's Drug Store.



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GOVERNMENT RESTS CASE

First Witnesses for the Defense in the Beddow Trial Will Be Called at the Opening of Federal Court This Morning—Will Take Several Days Yet.

Prosecution Has Introduced an Immense Amount of Documentary and Other Evidence for the Purpose of Showing the Guilt of ex-Assistant Cashier.

At 4:45 yesterday afternoon, the ninth day of the trial of George H. Beddow, Assistant District Attorney Clute announced that the government rested their case. The attorneys for the defense now have an opportunity to present their evidence, tending to show Beddow's innocence. Mr. Riley, chief counsel for the defense, stated last night that the examination of their witnesses would likely consume two days, and perhaps more, which makes it reasonably certain that the trial will continue into next week.

From the vast amount of documentary and other evidence introduced, the government believes to have established Beddow's guilt of the offenses of embezzlement, misapplication of funds and the making of false entries in the books of the bank, as charged in the indictment, the prosecution claiming that the total amount of Beddow's alleged embezzlement is about \$20,000. The efforts of Mr. Clute, however, have not been confined to proving the specific crimes charged in the indictment. Evidently anticipating that the defense would to some extent base their case on the alleged absence of wrongful intent on Beddow's part, the assistant district attorney has introduced a score or more items and entries not contained in the indictment, thus making it more difficult for the defendant to show that he was at no time guilty of intentional wrongdoing.

Points Given Most Stress.

The most stress seems to have been laid on the Stanlake draft and the Ed Johnson memorandum check, in both of which instances it is undisputed that drafts drawn by E. G. Brady on George H. Beddow were charged to other persons' accounts without their knowledge or consent; on the entries made in the bank books showing credits by remittances to outside banks, which remittances, as a matter of fact, were never sent; on the alleged "confession" made by Beddow to J. R. McCormick, in which the latter admitted that he knew the purpose of certain illegal transfers he made; and on the fact that Beddow's attorneys have thus far refused to disclose the contents of the safety deposit box found in the bank, to which Beddow holds the key.

Cross-examination of the witnesses has shown it the purpose of the defendant's attorneys to prove that all of these

things were done by Beddow without any knowledge or intent of wrong doing and at the orders of his superior officers, Larson and John. In the case of the Stanlake draft, the defense has endeavored to show that Beddow was not in Ironwood when the draft was presented to the bank for payment. Further proof of these claims is promised in the evidence to be offered today and tomorrow.

Bank Examiner Logan was on the stand most of yesterday. On direct examination, Logan was called upon to explain the meaning of many entries found on the bank books and to state how, by making them, it might be possible to abstract moneys from the bank without being discovered by the bank examiners. This testimony was given largely in response to hypothetical questions and consumed a great deal of time.

On cross-examination, Mr. Riley sought to show that all these entries might have been made by Beddow, or any other bookkeeper, without knowledge or intent of doing wrong. Mr. Riley also questioned Mr. Logan closely relative to the quarrel between them at the time the safety deposit box was opened last September, on which occasion Beddow turned over certain papers to Mr. Logan that were the property of the bank. It is the contention of the defense that all bank property was turned over to Mr. Logan at this time, which Mr. Logan, Mr. Tillinghast and Mr. Clute refuse to concede.

JUDGE DENISON INTIMATED YESTERDAY AFTERNOON THAT HE WOULD INSTRUCT THE JURY TO DISCARD ALL TESTIMONY FROM WHICH IT APPEARS BEYOND A REASONABLE DOUBT THAT BEDDOW HAD ACTED ON THE ORDERS OF HIS SUPERIOR OFFICERS WITHOUT ANY KNOWLEDGE OR INTENT OF WRONG DOING OR OF THEREBY DEFRAUDING THE BANKING ASSOCIATION OR ITS DEPOSITORS.

IN LIVELY MESS.

Prisoner Out on Parole Sentenced for Another Crime.

Fred Myers, alias Fred Miller, was brought to Marquette prison yesterday by officers of Saginaw county, where he was sentenced to from seven and a half to fifteen years, with a recommendation of seven years, for burglary. Miller, as he had given his name in Saginaw county, was no sooner received at the Marquette prison that he was recognized as Fred Myers, a convict sent up from Montcalm county March 29, 1906, and who was paroled Aug. 23, 1909, for a period of one year, and who failed to send in a single report. Miller, or Myers, did not let the Saginaw authorities know that he was a paroled prisoner. Yesterday he admitted violating his parole as soon as he left the shadow of the prison walls in August of last year. He went to Negaunee and there caught a train for Chicago, breaking the conditions of his parole by leaving the state. Under the two sentences hanging over him Myers can be kept in prison the greater part of twenty years.

Deputy Warden Catlin went to Trout Creek yesterday afternoon to get Lawrence Plant, another convict who has violated his parole. He is a young man under twenty years of age who was let out in November of last year.

Over 100 babies are now being fed on Vandenberg's Special Milk and all are thriving splendidly. (5-26-1m)

FIREMAN DROWNED AT THE COAL DOCK

Paul Utler Falls from the Gang Plank of the Centurion to a Watery Grave.

Paul J. Utler, single, aged about thirty, whose home is at 519 Twelfth street, Altoona, Pa., was accidentally drowned at the Pickands coal dock at 5:30 yesterday afternoon. Utler was a fireman on the steamer Centurion, which is unloading coal at the dock, and fell off the gang plank while in the act of going on shore.

The gang plank from the boat to the dock had been lowered some time before in order to permit two women to visit the boat. These visitors had just returned to shore when Utler also decided to leave the boat. Meantime, the boat had been moving back and forth slightly, because of the undertow and not being moored tightly and the boat end of the gang plank had moved out of position until the plank was held up at one end only.

When the fireman stepped on the gang plank, not noticing its position, the plank turned, throwing him into the water between the boat and the dock and he went down like a stone. Captain Cleary of the life saving crew was at once notified by telephone and in just twenty-five minutes the body was recovered. In the hope that life might not yet be extinct, several men worked for nearly an hour in an attempt to restore respiration, but without avail. The remains were then taken to Tonella & Johnson's undertaking rooms. An inquest will be held this morning at 9:30 in Justice Cray's office.

According to the captain of the Centurion, Utler was a man of excellent habits and a valuable workman. In fact, the captain states that he was one of the best firemen he had in his employ for several years and his untimely death is mourned by the whole crew of the steamer.

CARD OF THANKS.

We desire to express our sincere thanks to all our friends and neighbors for the kindly acts and expressions of sympathy tendered during our recent bereavement; also to the donors of the beautiful floral offerings.

HENRY DUPUIS and Family.

That little La Magnita cigar, Baronet size, is the best 5-cent cigar in town. Sold by the F. Bendig Co. (5-5-1f)

Don't wait until the baby is ill before you order Vandenberg's Special Milk—do it now and save the Doctor's bill. Bell phone 225. (5-26-1m)

SLEEPING CAR LINE CALUMET TO ST. IGNACE.

The South Shore have inaugurated through sleeper tri-weekly service between Calumet and St. Ignace, leaving St. Ignace Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays and leaving copper country Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays. (6-16-134)

NOTED LECTURER TONIGHT.

Professor J. C. Monaghan to Speak at Baraga Auditorium.

Professor J. C. Monaghan, who is to lecture in Baraga auditorium this evening under the auspices of Marquette council, Knights of Columbus, will arrive in the city this afternoon. Professor Monaghan is one of the most able Catholic lecturers on the platform and those who hear him may be assured of a rare intellectual treat. He has lectured this week in Menominee and in the copper country and the newspapers of both places speak of his address in the highest terms. His subject tonight will be "How the Other Half Lives", and will be in the form of travelogues. He carries his audience through different countries of Europe, setting forth the ways of customs of their people and pointing out characteristics which America could well afford to emulate. He is said to be a very entertaining speaker and he deserves to be greeted with a large audience.

IRON-COPPER LEAGUE.

Interesting Prognostication as to Baseball Situation Next Year.

It is practically certain that next season will see the organization of an Iron-Copper Country Baseball league of six strong teams, for matters are now shaping themselves in this direction and there seems every probability that Calumet and Hancock will be the copper country towns to be included in the circuit of the proposed new organization, says the Houghton Gazette. Recently an iron country baseball magnate was in Calumet for the purpose of looking over the situation and investigating the proposition and he returned home with the feeling that both of these towns would be red hot baseball towns and would support good league ball teams playing two games per week, Saturdays and Sundays.


The Iron Country league, which includes teams from Marquette, Negaunee, Ishpeming and Crystal Falls, is providing high-class baseball and the games are being attended by large crowds. If the fans up here would turn out that way they could have fine baseball.

The best of the copper country stars are playing at present with teams of the Iron Country league, but, in the event of teams being put in from Calumet and Hancock, they can be induced to stay at home. The iron country towns are anxious to have at least one copper country team step into the league, but they are hoping that clubs can be put into two towns up here.

There is little doubt but that Calumet and Hancock would be the two best towns to include in the circuit of the proposed league, not only because these two towns have the players but because they have good parks and the largest centers of population in the copper district.

WHAT A SUMMER COLD—MAY DO

A summer cold if neglected is just as apt to develop into bronchitis or pneumonia as at any other season. Do not neglect it. Take Euley's Honey and Tar promptly. It loosens the cough, soothes and heals the inflamed air passages, and expels the cold from the system. Sold by all druggists.



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Banking by Mail is so safe and convenient that every year finds thousands of new depositors who transact their banking business in this efficient way. You can send your deposits to The First National Bank by postoffice or express money order, bank draft or registered letter.

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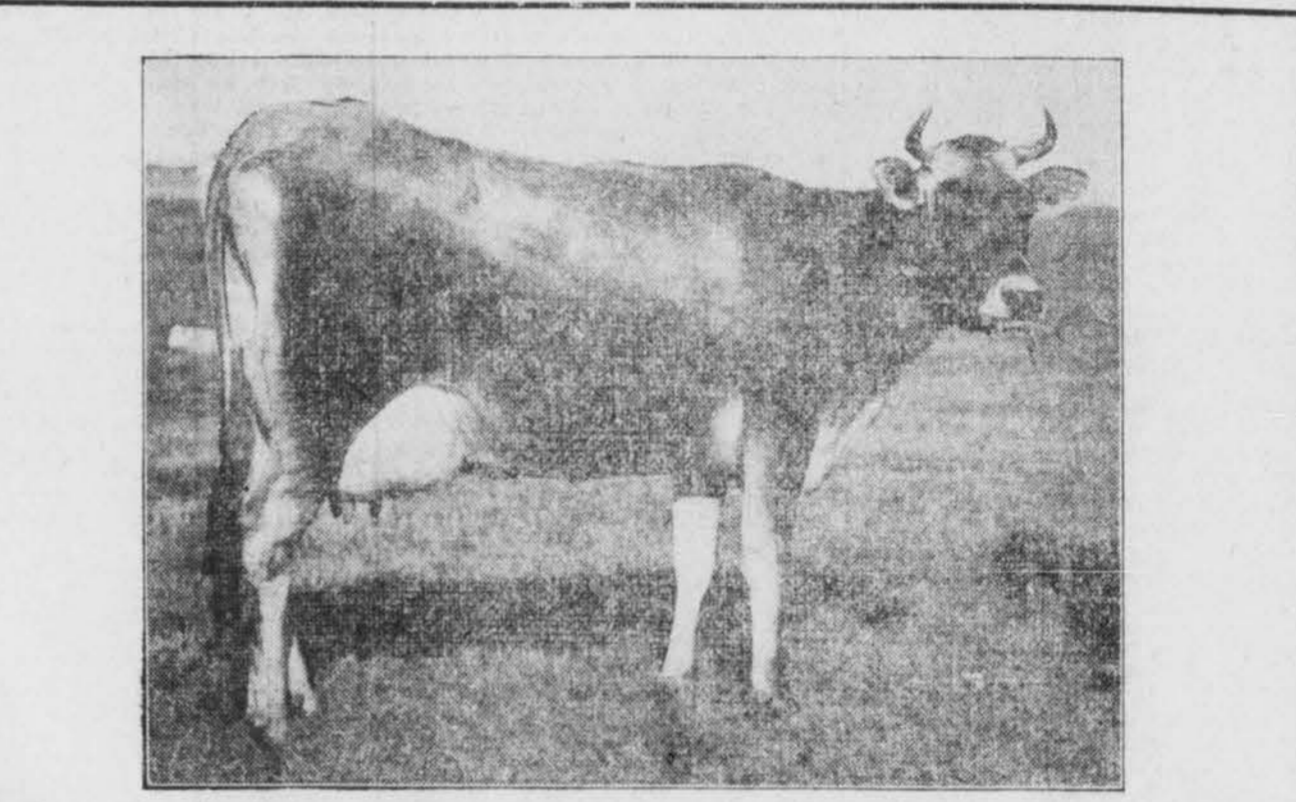
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Marquette Opera House

ONE NIGHT ONLY

FRIDAY, JUNE 24

Closing Attraction of the Dramatic Season

GRACE GEORGE

Direction of Wm. A. Brady, in

"A Woman's Way"

PRICES: Box Seats, \$2; Divans and three rows back of Divans, \$2; first two and last three rows lower floor, \$1.50; first two rows Balcony, \$1.50; balance Balcony, \$1; Gallery, 50c.

Seats on sale at Bigelow & Co.'s store, Wednesday, June 22, at 8:30 a. m.
Mail orders filled as received. Carriages at 10:45.

Press Comment

Duluth News-Tribune, June 20.—"Miss George has all the characteristics—daintiness of manner, naiveness, beauty and accomplishment—which go to make a lovable character such as her part pictures. She used them all to the greatest advantage last night, and it is safe to say that no actress present in Duluth, in a long time, made a more favorable impression than did she.

"Many of the situations in the comedy are such that they would appear unreal and forced in the hands of a less clever actress than Miss George, but so spontaneously did she give vent to bursts of humor, expressions of love or distress that it was hard to realize that she was speaking the lines of a play and not living the part.

"As the recalcitrant husband, C. Aubrey Smith was decidedly good, and in no place did his acting appear strained, although much was demanded of him. Jack Standing as Oliver Whitney, a friend who aids the wife to open her husband's eyes, was excellent, and Carolyn Kenyon in the part of Mrs. Elizabeth Blakemore, a wealthy widow who has impressed the husband with the belief that she is his affinity, was all that could be asked. Edward Cromwell in the part of a reporter for an afternoon paper typically portrayed the news gatherer for a 'yellow' newspaper.

"Humor and wit, woman's wit, bubble from all Miss George's lines, and there is not a dull minute of the play. There is not a situation that Miss George is not fully equal to. It is seldom so acceptable a play is staged."

Houghton Gazette, June 23.—"The comedy is a very light affair with a tenuous plot but it gives Grace George an opportunity to exploit her art along light comedy lines, playing a young wife with a sense of humor and an ability to laugh herself out of difficulties. The play, with has placed at Miss George's command many delightfully witty speeches and throughout the piece she indulges in raillery and banter that relieves it of a tendency to become talky. A comedy of manners is refreshing in these provinces which have been regaled with little else than musical comedy with an occasional serious drama.

"Chief in Miss George's support is Jack Standing who has to proffer a character which is to this environment much as the village cut up is to the l'gosh drama. Mr. Standing has an easy, natural style but he actually has so little to do in the piece that last night his greatest applause winning effort was one long whistle of astonishment executed late in the second act. Carolyn Kenyon personated the Mrs. Blakemore, the cause of the trouble. It would seem that Miss Kenyon offered a character who is more of an adventuress of the melo-drama school than the purpose of the play warrants because Mrs. Blakemore is supposed to be a woman who is really entitled to accept Mrs. Stanton's invitation. Probably the way to put this is to say that Miss Kenyon is unfortunate in that she makes Mrs. Blakemore look the part.

"A Woman's Way" is good hot weather entertainment. It is light and laugh-compelling and it is offered by a company of good looking people. It is really too bad that something in detail might not be said about Miss George's gown but that task would be beyond the skill of one L. P. C."



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