

DIFFICULT TASK CONFRONTS TAFT

To Induce Congress to Adopt a Tariff Report Wholly in Line With the Views of the President Will Be No Easy Matter.

Protests Against the Free Raw Material Program Are Coming Even from the Progressive Republicans, Who Fought the Hardest for Downward Revision, and It Is Stated That a Combination Is Being Formed for the Purpose of Defeating It.

Washington, July 19.—All the Republican members of the tariff commission have been invited by President Taft to take dinner with him on Wednesday at the White House. It is assumed that the president expects to be ready to report progress in getting votes for the abolition or the reduction of the duties on raw material.

Senator Crane spent an hour with the president today, and later talked with Senator Aldrich. He endorsed the attitude of the president on the question of reducing the duties on raw materials.

When Mr. Cannon left Senator Aldrich's room tonight, he said that the conferees must frame a program for passing the conference report through congress, and that the representatives of the two branches must have to assume the responsibility for their action.

Many of the progressives come from states interested in the tariff raising, and they are opposed to free hides, or even to a reduction in the duty. Other in-surgents, notably Senators Bristow and Cummins, who are not particularly interested in free hides, iron, oil or coal, expressed the opinion that the president should bring his influence to bear in the movement looking to reductions in the duties on wool and woolen goods, cotton goods and other articles which enter into wearing apparel.

Senator Fernald stated today that if the free raw material program was adopted, he declares that it should not be confined to raw materials.

Combination of Senators Is Forming. The Idaho senator is authority for the report that there is in progress of organization a combination of senators who will be pledged to defeat the conference report if it should provide for free coal and free hides. These men are not concerned over the proposition to place oil and iron ore on the free list.

Today there was a report prevailing that the president would not be satisfied with free iron ore and oil and reduced duties on coal, hides and lumber. Conservative senators believe that the president's recent statement is conclusive evidence that he would not demand that all these articles should be made free, but would insist upon the revision of the tariff downward. The conservatives argued that the compromise program that has been under informal discussion since Saturday was directly in line with the statement.

Among the older members of the senate, and house it was predicted that the president would demand every concession possible to obtain without endangering the adoption of the report. These conservative members asserted that the president realizes how difficult it would be to get an agreement in the senate if all of the principal raw materials are made free.

Work of the Conference Committee. Today the conferees devoted their attention mainly to the revised corporation tax provision, which was adopted, and to the removal of a great deal of the chaff left from the formal consideration of the bill. Many items, however, are now being adjusted. There was no serious controversy regarding any of the amendments.

An effort was made today to dispose of the wool pulp and print paper schedule. The retaliatory provision concerning pulp wood was rewritten, and it is now believed that it will prove satisfactory to the American mills. The duty on print paper is still in controversy.

One Richmond, Wis., July 19.—Fire in the yards of the Willow River Lumber company this afternoon destroyed property valued at \$50,000. For a time the entire town was in danger of destruction and aid was asked from St. Paul. Before the fire apparatus was started from St. Paul, however, the fire was under control.

OLD WORLD POWERS WAXING CURIOUS

Just What Is the Meaning of the Attitude of the United States Towards China Causes Them to Do Some Deep Thinking.

President Taft's Appointment of Charles R. Crane, a Man Unknown in Diplomatic Circles, as Minister at Peking and Agent of the New Policy, Also Arouses Deep Interest—That America Will Side Against Japan Seems to Be the General Supposition.

Pekin, July 19.—The appointment of Charles R. Crane, of Chicago, a man unknown to the Eastern world or in diplomatic circles, to be United States minister to China, is recognized in Peking official quarters as breaking new ground, as well as being the most striking appointment with reference to American representation in China for the last fifty years. The appointment has aroused corresponding interest among Europeans, who say that only the United States is in a position to make appointments of this kind and succeed.

The powers are curious regarding the meaning of America's new attitude toward China as the center of the American foreign policy. The Russians and the French in the Chinese capital have attached special significance to the transfer of W. W. Rockhill from Peking to St. Petersburg, which means a Russo-American alignment on Chinese affairs. Chinese statesmen are cognizant of the possibilities of American intervention and aid, and they recognize in the policy recently enunciated by President Taft, which Minister Crane engages to carry out, a definite meaning with reference to the attitude of Japan towards China and the Anglo-Japanese alliance.

High Chinese officials declare that Japan is China's greatest enemy, that nation, concurrent with the change in China that the Anglo-Japanese alliance is stronger than at present, and has urged, on account of the European situation, that China devise an amicable relations with Japan. China more than ever recognizes America's neutral influence, and the personal of the government is keenly interested in the arrival of the representative of the new policy.

Spanish Losses Serious. Rebellious Moors Give the Dons a Hard Battle at Melilla.

Madrid, July 19.—Official despatches received here today indicate that the fighting yesterday between the Moors and Spaniards at Melilla was more grave than at first believed. The Moors returned to the attack during the night, and the battle was still raging this morning, when the last advices were received. The Spanish losses are important, among the dead being three officers.

Roosevelt a Trifle Homesick. However, His Trip Is Quite as Interesting as He Anticipated.

Washington, July 19.—Former President Roosevelt, to judge from a letter received from him by a friend in this city today, is having quite as successful and interesting a trip as he anticipated, although he apparently has a touch of nostalgia now and then.

Horses from England. One Hundred and Fifty-Two, Valued at \$300,000, Arrive at New York.

New York, July 19.—One hundred and fifty-two Percheron horses, valued at \$300,000, were part of a cargo which arrived here from London today. They will be shipped to buyers in Illinois and Indiana.

Ferryboat Capsizes. Twenty Farm Laborers Perish in the Kama River in Russia.

Perm, European Russia, July 19.—A ferryboat on the Kama river capsized today. Twenty farm laborers were drowned.

THE WEATHER.

Washington, July 19.—The following is the weather bureau's forecast for Upper Michigan: Local showers, Tuesday and Wednesday; light to moderate variable winds, mostly south.

BASEBALL.

Table with columns for National League, American League, and Western League, listing teams and scores.

SCHEDULE FOR TODAY.

Table listing baseball games for today, including National League, American League, and Western League.

YESTERDAY'S GAMES.

Table listing results of baseball games from yesterday, including National League, American League, and Western League.

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However, the Young Woman's Stories of Being a "White Slave" Victim Are Denounced as Unfounded and Untrue, and Agreement Is Possible Only Because There Is Attached to the Verdict a Clause Exonerating Miss Barrette in That Connection.

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NOVEL PROCEDURE AT M'KEES ROCK, PA.

Courts Are Asked for a Double Injunction Restraining Both the Men and the Employers from Acts Calculated to Prolong the Strike at the Plant of the Pressed Steel Car Company.

Pittsburg, July 19.—With the five hundred striking employees of the Pressed Steel Car company clinging desperately to the hope that they could win an order from the court to prohibit the employers from acts calculated to aggravate or prolong the strike, and on the decision rendered at that time will depend the future of the conflict. It is loudly proclaimed in labor circles that in the event of the court declining to pass on the merits of the dispute, the men now holding the strikers in check will find it impossible to longer assert this restraining influence, and that riot and bloodshed will again prevail.

The employers declare that they will dispute the court's jurisdiction in the matter and will oppose the issuance of any injunction preventing them from permanently discharging the first six hundred men who walked out of their shops and precipitated the strike. The fight of the court to prohibit the importation of strike breakers will also be challenged.

BULLS UNLOADING STOCKS.

Realizing Sales in U. S. Steel Weaken the Wall Street Market.

New York, July 19.—The stock market today showed the good effects of last week's rising tendency, in an accretion of buying orders from outside sources. These were not strikingly large, but their effect on speculative sentiment was impressive as an evidence that a demand might be attracted at the present level of prices, which was left questionable by the sluggish movement of the general market last week.

The early efforts of the market centered in St. Paul, this movement being designed, apparently, as a pendant to the four-point spurt in Union Pacific Saturday. That "stake," also, was carried a fraction higher than Saturday's record price of 108 1/2. These efforts were supplemented by other advances during the day, but they had to contend with the obvious efforts that were making to effect realizing sales in United States Steel, to take advantage of the high price to which it had risen last week.

An analysis of last week's operations disclosed that United States Steel embraced rather more than 30 per cent of the aggregate dealings in all the stocks for the week. The field of operations and the implied motives have no difficulty in understanding the necessary effect of the movement to resell the stock. Union Pacific, also, did not continue its strong appearance after the advance of the first few minutes. These changed conditions weighed somewhat on speculative sentiment as the day wore on.

Saturday's bank statement was held to prove the immunity of the bank position from harm by the special requirements of last week. Call loans were perceptibly easier again. The pressure of the realizing sales increased as the day progressed and made the closing easy, with a mixture of net declines.

PEACHES SAVED LIFE.

Western Prospector Discovered Camed Fruit When Dying of Thirst.

San Bernardino, Cal., July 19.—Silver Craney, a justice of the peace at Silver Lake, owes his life to a can of peaches left in a miner's cabin in the Avawatz Mountains, Craney and Frank Trautman were prospecting Mexican placer mines and ran out of water. Boys started to search for a spring. Craney was preparing to die when he found a prospector's deserted cabin and in a cache discovered one can of peaches. Invigorated by the food, he continued to walk and reached Frank Biggs's water hole where he found Trautman, who arrived at the well almost exhausted.

SAILORS LAND SHARK.

Catch a 1200-Pound Fish on a Hook Cast for Halibut.

COURT OF INQUIRY BEGINS ITS WORK

Tragic Death of Lieut. James Sutton, U. S. Marine Corps, Two Years Ago, Is Being Investigated for the Second Time.

R. E. Adams, a Former Classmate of the Deceased, and One of the Principal Actors in the Fight Which Cost the Young Officer His Life, Occupies the Witness Stand Throughout the Day, and His Testimony Is Replete With Dramatic Situations.

Annapolis, Md., July 19.—The opening session here today of the court of inquiry which is conducting the second investigation into the death of Lieutenant James Nuttle Sutton, United States Marine Corps, was replete with dramatic situations.

Lieutenant Robert E. Adams, Sutton's former classmate at the academy, and one of the principal actors in the midnight fight which cost the young officer his life nearly two years ago, occupied the witness stand during the entire session and told a graphic story of the incidents leading up to Sutton's death.

Struggle Enacted in the Court Room. With a nervous demeanor and momentarily confused at times, an almost defiant under the severe cross-examination of Henry K. Davis, counsel for Mrs. Sutton, Lieutenant Adams sat facing Sutton's mother and sister during his examination. At one point in his testimony Lieutenant Adams admitted an orderly enacted in the court room the struggle with Sutton. The witness' chair was removed, and they both lay prone upon the floor.

The witness was still under cross-examination when the inquiry was adjourned until tomorrow morning. Attorney Davis succeeded in bringing out a number of discrepancies in Lieutenant Adams' testimony today, compared with his version of the tragedy at the former investigation, when the board of inquiry found that Sutton had died by his own hand.

A ride to the marine camp in an automobile with Sutton and two other officers of the marines, Lieutenants Utley and Osterman; an altercation between Sutton and the witness, and a deferred encounter when the senior officer interfered as the automobile stopped short of the camp with the intention of avoiding being caught returning after hours; the later accidental meeting of the witness and Sutton on the border of the woods near the barracks, and the fight between the two men with Sutton armed with a revolver in either hand and firing five shots, the last of which he directed at his own head while lying on the ground—these were the points in Lieutenant Adams' testimony.

The witness said that he had risen from the prostrated form of Sutton, whom he believed to be exhausted, and stood a few feet back of him when he saw Sutton raise his right hand and fire a bullet into his own head. Just previously some one of the officers who had come upon the scene had cried that Lieutenant Edward P. Roelker had been shot and killed, the witness said.

Lieutenant Adams made no attempt to take the revolver from Sutton's hand when he broke away or was pulled away from him, he said, in reply to Attorney Davis' oft repeated question. Sutton had previously threatened to kill him, and was generally avoided by the marines because of his wild talk and actions, according to the witness.

After the session today Attorney Davis said that it was not his intention to fasten the responsibility of Sutton's death on any one, but that every effort would be made to discredit and refute the suicide theory.

Ohio Man Incriminates Adams. Wheeling, W. Va., July 19.—According to a statement made tonight by Harry B. Thomas, of Martins Ferry, O., Edward P. Roelker, the witness, wanted in the Annapolis investigation into the death of Lieutenant Sutton, and for whom a search has been made, is in Wheeling at present. Thomas said tonight that Sutton had showed him a letter from Lieutenant Adams, charging the marines with the death of Sutton, and he said he was returning to go to the city when an automobile came up in front of the hall with Sutton, Adams and Utley. Adams was seated with the chauffeur. Continuing, Mr. Thomas said:

"Without apparent warning, Adams jumped from the machine and grappled with Sutton. A loud and angry argument followed. I could hear Sutton from where I was standing state that he would not get into any mix-up, but Adams and Sutton went on to a fight in which Sutton got the worst of it. They were finally parted by persons standing by."

Thomas and Sutton went to the latter's room, and later walked together to the gate. Blood was flowing from a cut in Sutton's cheek. He spoke of Adams taking his girl away from him, and seemed much troubled.

MRS. PECK, AUTHORESS, IS DEAD. Denver, July 19.—Mrs. James Sidney Peck, the authoress, sister-in-law of former Governor Peck, of Wisconsin, died here today from a cerebral hemorrhage. She was enroute to Seattle to visit her daughter.

Copper Country

BOY LOST IN THE WOODS.

Fear That Melbourne Dollinger Met With Mishap Is Dispelled.

Ed Monette and Andrew Gauthier, two Houghton boys, returned home Sunday night and announced that Melbourne Dollinger, an eighteen-year-old boy, son of John Dollinger, a well known land-lubber, was lost in the woods. The three boys had gone out on the Otter river, a few miles from Houghton, Saturday night to fish over Sunday.

FOREST HILL IS NEGLECTED.

Necessity for an Organization for Its Care Is Apparent.

Residents of East Houghton may see on the hillsides of Forest Hill a stream moving in the direction of Forest Hill cemetery, people who are going there to pay a tribute of love and memory to friends and relatives gone, and the sight recalls to some memories of the many who have been called to rest in the cemetery.

KEPT MARRIAGE QUIET.

Fred W. Meyer and Miss Minnie Blice Were Married June 30 in Houghton.

Some people in Hurontown were astonished and others were not convinced when the announcement was made a day or two ago of the wedding of Fred W. Meyer and Miss Minnie Blice. They had seen no indications of a wedding, and now that Mr. Meyer coyly admits that he will accept congratulations many of his friends believe that he is having fun with them.

MANY NEW CONCRETE WALKS.

Houghton Property Owners Are Spending Money for Improvements.

The most important public improvement visible in Houghton this summer is the large number of concrete walks which can be seen in every part of the village. The total amount of walk laid is not very great, but it is enough to show that real owners are willing to improve their properties and their streets, and it is an encouraging sign.

RAIN HELPED THE FARMERS.

But the Dry Summer Was Too Much for the Keweenaw Hay Crop.

The farmers of Keweenaw county were benefited greatly by the recent rains and are hoping that there will be more showers this month and during August. The rains of last week did much to help the potato crops, and it is now believed that the harvest of tubers will amount to considerably more than last year.

WHITE PLAGUE CAMPAIGN.

One Tangible Result Secured from Activities of the Society.

The first authenticated instance of the tangible benefits which will accrue to sufferers from consumption through the campaign of the Houghton County Anti-Tuberculosis Society has been made known by the publicity committee of the organization.

PRESIDING ELDER'S DATES.

Rev. James Pascoe Announces Days for His Quarterly Conferences.

- Rev. James Pascoe of Hancock, district superintendent of the Houghton district of the M. E. church, has announced the following appointments for the various churches he will visit in his district.
- Laurium, July 20, July 18, a. m.
- Houghton, July 19, July 18, p. m.
- Calumet, July 20, July 19, a. m.
- Marquette, July 21, July 20, a. m.
- Mape Ridge, July 24, July 25, a. m.
- Turn, July 25, 4 p. m.
- Lathrop, July 25, p. m.
- Princeton, July 26, conference.
- Marquette, July 27, conference.
- Marquette, July 28, conference.
- Marquette, July 29, conference.
- Isle Royale, July 29, 7 p. m. conference.
- Isle Royale church July 29, 8 p. m. conference.
- Marquette, July 29, conference.
- Salisbury, July 31, Aug. 1, a. m.
- National Mine, Aug. 1, 8 p. m.
- Michigan, Aug. 2, p. m. conference.
- Champion, Aug. 2, conference.
- Lake Linden, Aug. 4, conference.
- Dollar Bay, Aug. 5, conference.
- Phoenix, Aug. 8, a. m.
- Cliff mine, Aug. 8, p. m.
- Calumet Mission, Aug. 10, conference.
- Anassa, Aug. 13, conference.
- Iron River, Aug. 14, Aug. 15, a. m.
- Iron River, Aug. 15, p. m.
- Iron Mountain, First church, Aug. 16, 7 p. m. conference.
- Iren Mountain, Central, Aug. 16, 8:30 p. m. conference.
- Baraga, Aug. 20, conference.
- L'Anse, Aug. 21, Aug. 22, conference.
- Sawtooth, Aug. 26, conference.
- Bessemer, Aug. 27, conference.
- Ironwood Mission, Aug. 28, 7 p. m. conference.
- Ironwood, F. church, Aug. 28, 8 p. m., Aug. 29, 2 p. m.
- Jessville, Aug. 29, a. m.
- Borland, Aug. 30, conference.
- Even, Aug. 31, conference.
- Ontonagon, Sept. 3, Sept. 4, a. m.
- The Rockland, Sept. 4, 8 p. m.
- Winona, Sept. 5, conference.

ONTONAGON STRAWBERRIES.

Mammoth Fruit Now Crowding the Houghton County Markets.

The Ontonagon strawberry has been in copper country markets for some days, and the fruit is now coming in such plentiful quantities as to get common. Ontonagon has made a great reputation for strawberries in recent years, and the growing of the fruit has come to be a big industry there.

When You Think

Of the pain which many women experience with every month it makes the gentleness and kindness always associated with womanhood seem to be almost a miracle.



Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription makes weak women strong and sick women well, and gives them freedom from pain. It establishes regularity, subdues inflammation, heals ulceration and cures female ailments.

Sick women are invited to consult Dr. Pierce by letter. Free. All correspondence strictly private and sacredly confidential.

If you want a book that tells all about women's diseases, and how to cure them at home, send 21 one-cent stamps to Dr. Pierce to pay cost of mailing only, and he will send you a free copy of his great thousand-page illustrated Common Sense Medical Advice, revised, up-to-date edition, in paper covers. In handsome cloth-binding, 31 stamps.

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The Duluth golfers who visited Houghton Saturday returned on Sunday with a profit. It is probable the Portage Lake club will give the Duluthians a return match very shortly. The Portage Lake club is also planning a match with the Ishpeming club.

Professor Seaman, three instructors and a party of students left Houghton Sunday for the iron country. It is the annual Michigan College of Mines geological trip. The party will return Sept. 1.

A postmaster is wanted and wanted badly at Delaware Mine, and the municipal salary of \$43 for the year will likely "prove attractive" to those who desire to enter Uncle Sam's service in that capacity.

The examination preliminary to the appointment of the postmaster will be conducted at Mandan Aug. 7. The office at Delaware Mine is a four-room office in the new building.

The first authenticated instance of the tangible benefits which will accrue to sufferers from consumption through the campaign of the Houghton County Anti-Tuberculosis Society has been made known by the publicity committee of the organization.

The conclusion must be drawn that if this man had not been taken up by the society he would probably now be dead. His lungs were so ruined by the disease that he would probably have been dependent on the county. His adherence to the rules of living laid down by the society shows that this situation is likely to prove permanent in the case.

The case is an interesting one and it is the first result obtained by the society. There is no objection on the part of the society to making known the name of the patient for the benefit of such persons as may require evidence before taking up the treatment.

It should be remembered that if all the legislatures should act favorably the official certificates of ratification could not reach congress earlier than February, 1911, less than a month before the adjournment of a short session.

This would mean that no income tax law based on the new amendment to the constitution, could be enacted at that time, but that the whole question would go over until the following December, when a long session of congress would begin, and a presidential campaign be taking form.

When the income tax question is again before congress it will be there strictly on its merits. The opposition to it will be protracted and bitter. Members of both houses who recently voted to submit the personal views and voted to submit the income tax to the legislatures will come out in their true colors as opponents of the income tax in principle.

The legislature will probably pass in the end, but the country will know that there has been a fight.

There will be an organized effort on the part of capital to defeat the income tax in twelve of the legislatures, and failing that to prevent the vitalization through statutory enactment. Already in the past states there are signs of such an organized effort and these signs will be more plain as the months go by.

Assuming the failure of twelve states to disapprove the tax, then comes the question of levying the new tax through act of congress. That proposition will bring on a new contest, second in vigor and fierceness to the one just closed. This corporation tax contained in the new tariff bill will then be on the statute books, and there will come a demand that it be repealed in favor of the income tax just approved by the people.

This preliminary question of the repeal of the corporation tax will take up much of the time of congress and will be interesting to people in all parts of the country.

Feature of Next Presidential Campaign. This brings the income tax question close to the presidential campaign of 1912, even if the legislatures act promptly and favorably. That it will be prominently in that campaign is one of the possibilities. The country

act on Sunday, but they made their escape. The game warden is investigating.

The construction of a concrete walk between the county building and the new juvenile court building was completed yesterday. Prisoners are doing the work.

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This would mean that no income tax law based on the new amendment to the constitution, could be enacted at that time, but that the whole question would go over until the following December, when a long session of congress would begin, and a presidential campaign be taking form.

portant results have been disclosed. Work at the Medora shaft is still under way, with no changes reported. The management hopes to get some promising lode located this summer so that a shaft can be sunk upon it before the snow is on the ground.

The Sullivan shaft on the Eureka property of the Corliss Copper Company is down about 200 feet. This week the shaft entered an ore body generally believed to be the same that is being opened up by the Miami. Sufficient depth has not yet been attained to determine the values, but the management is confident that they will at least equal those at the Miami. It is proposed to sink the shaft several hundred feet deeper before doing much lateral work.

Captain James Wilcox, president of the Calumet-Corbin company, has left for Wicks, Mont., where he will inspect late development at the project of which he is the head. The prospect at the 200-foot level has not yet reached the main ore body although several stringers have been seen. Captain Wilcox states that if the ore is not reached soon the mine will be abandoned. It is confident that all possible work will be done on the property has the making of a profitable mine.

Harry F. Fay has resigned as president of the Alouez and Centennial companies and has been succeeded by Quincy A. Shaw. Mr. Fay still continues as a director. George G. Endicot, who has been secretary and treasurer of the six so-called Fay mines for the past ten years, has been appointed assistant treasurer and secretary of the Alouez and Centennial companies and other Calumet & Hecla subsidiaries. He assumed his new duties under the Calumet & Hecla management last week. C. James Morris, who has been assistant to Mr. Endicot for several years, has been appointed secretary and treasurer of the Old Colony, Mayflower, Elm Haven and Union Lake companies. Mr. Fay will continue as president of the last named companies. He has lately taken a considerable interest also in Colant properties.

A new record in smelter construction is to be made by the International Smelting & Refining company. At the new smelter site in Pine canyon, near Salt Lake, a deal of heavy structural iron has been delivered and workmen are on the ground placing it almost as fast as unloaded from the cars. Work on the mammoth stack has begun, the foundation having just been completed. Material of every character is being delivered, and an army of skilled mechanics is rushing the buildings to early completion. A considerable amount of new machinery has arrived. Some of this is being utilized to advantage. The contract with the Utah Consolidated calling for the delivery of one three thousand ton mine to the smelter beginning April 1, next year. That the smelter will be ready for the receipt of ore by that date is admitted by E. P. Mathewson, general manager. In fact, the purchasing agent for the International expects to be able to make contracts for ores by the first of the year. A reserve ore supply will be accumulated in the bins before the furnaces are blown in.

Provided there are no hitched anywhere, it is doubtful whether the income tax amendment can be ratified earlier than 1911, in the earlier months of which the majority of the legislatures will be in session, while a better and safer guess would be 1912.

The legislatures in a few states will hold extra sessions for the purpose of taking up the income tax question. Gov. Johnson of Minnesota has already announced he is thinking of calling an extra session of the legislatures of that state in January, 1910.

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When the income tax question is again before congress it will be there strictly on its merits. The opposition to it will be protracted and bitter. Members of both houses who recently voted to submit the personal views and voted to submit the income tax to the legislatures will come out in their true colors as opponents of the income tax in principle.

The legislature will probably pass in the end, but the country will know that there has been a fight.

There will be an organized effort on the part of capital to defeat the income tax in twelve of the legislatures, and failing that to prevent the vitalization through statutory enactment. Already in the past states there are signs of such an organized effort and these signs will be more plain as the months go by.

Assuming the failure of twelve states to disapprove the tax, then comes the question of levying the new tax through act of congress. That proposition will bring on a new contest, second in vigor and fierceness to the one just closed. This corporation tax contained in the new tariff bill will then be on the statute books, and there will come a demand that it be repealed in favor of the income tax just approved by the people.

This preliminary question of the repeal of the corporation tax will take up much of the time of congress and will be interesting to people in all parts of the country.

Feature of Next Presidential Campaign. This brings the income tax question close to the presidential campaign of 1912, even if the legislatures act promptly and favorably. That it will be prominently in that campaign is one of the possibilities. The country

act on Sunday, but they made their escape. The game warden is investigating.

The construction of a concrete walk between the county building and the new juvenile court building was completed yesterday. Prisoners are doing the work.

W. E. Miller, president of the village of Houghton and secretary of the Upper Peninsula Brewing association, returned yesterday from Menominee, where he attended a meeting of the association.

The Duluth golfers who visited Houghton Saturday returned on Sunday with a profit. It is probable the Portage Lake club will give the Duluthians a return match very shortly. The Portage Lake club is also planning a match with the Ishpeming club.

Professor Seaman, three instructors and a party of students left Houghton Sunday for the iron country. It is the annual Michigan College of Mines geological trip. The party will return Sept. 1.

A postmaster is wanted and wanted badly at Delaware Mine, and the municipal salary of \$43 for the year will likely "prove attractive" to those who desire to enter Uncle Sam's service in that capacity.

The examination preliminary to the appointment of the postmaster will be conducted at Mandan Aug. 7. The office at Delaware Mine is a four-room office in the new building.

The first authenticated instance of the tangible benefits which will accrue to sufferers from consumption through the campaign of the Houghton County Anti-Tuberculosis Society has been made known by the publicity committee of the organization.

The conclusion must be drawn that if this man had not been taken up by the society he would probably now be dead. His lungs were so ruined by the disease that he would probably have been dependent on the county. His adherence to the rules of living laid down by the society shows that this situation is likely to prove permanent in the case.

The case is an interesting one and it is the first result obtained by the society. There is no objection on the part of the society to making known the name of the patient for the benefit of such persons as may require evidence before taking up the treatment.

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The legislature will probably pass in the end, but the country will know that there has been a fight.

The Efficiency

of our banking service insures dependability. Every item, no matter how small, receives our prompt and careful attention. Your account, subject to check, is invited.

CAPITAL \$50,000.00

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BANKERS AND BROKERS, BOSTON, MASS.

BRANCH OFFICES: Marquette, Houghton, Milwaukee, Calumet, Duluth, Butte, Great Falls.

Direct Private Wires to All Markets. Curb Stocks Given Special Attention.

Marquette Office, W. H. Schweitzer, Resident Manager

We solicit your stock business. Our daily quotation sheet and market letter sent for the asking. Office open from 7:30 a. m. to 8 p. m.

The Great Lakes Trip

A fine journey on the inland seas is the most economical vacation trip in America. The ever varying scenery of the shore line and the picturesque beauty of the islands afford delight to every mile of the trip. All the important ports on the Great Lakes are reached regularly by the excellent service of the D & C Lake Lines. The large steamers of this fleet have all the qualities of speed, safety and comfort. Every boat of modern construction and propelled by powerful engines. The Clark Wireless Telegraph Service is used aboard.

Tickets reading via any rail line between Detroit and Buffalo, Detroit and Cleveland, in either direction, are available for transportation on D & C Line Steamers.

The D & C Lake Lines operate daily trips between Buffalo and Detroit, Cleveland and Detroit, four trips weekly between Toledo, Detroit, Mackinac and Sault Ste. Marie, and two trips weekly between Detroit, Bay City, Saginaw and Muskegon. A Cleveland to Mackinac special steamer will be operated from June 15th to September 10th, leaving Cleveland direct for Mackinac stopping at Detroit, Toledo, Sandusky and Goddard, Ont., every other trip. Special daylight trip between Detroit and Cleveland during July and August. Send 2-cent stamp for illustrated pamphlet and Great Lakes Map. Address: L. G. Lewis, G. P. A., Detroit, Mich. P. H. McMILLAN, President. A. A. SCHANTZ, Gen. Mgr.

THE COAST LINE MACKINAC Detroit & Cleveland Nav. Co.

Upper Peninsula

Teachers Get Good Salaries—Memorine paid its teachers more last year than it did the year before. The treasurer's report shows that in 1908 the teachers received a total of \$32,991.20 while during 1909 they received a total of \$35,991.85. From comparison with the salaries paid other teachers in the state it is found that Memorine teachers receive fully as much as the instructors in any of the schools in Michigan and a salary higher than that paid in most of the schools. Another feature of the Memorine schools is the fact that more home teachers are employed now than ever before. The board has made it plain that wherever possible it will employ home, provided the exclusion of imported lumber is available. Another feature of the schools last year was the fact that the average enrollment was larger than the previous year and the average daily attendance was also greater. In 1908 the average enrollment was 2,199 and the average daily attendance was 2,023. In 1909 the average enrollment was 2,188 and the average attendance was 2,063. The report shows three more teachers employed last year than during the preceding year.

Big Veneer Plant to Start Soon—"Not later than Aug. 15th" is the date set by C. T. Tuxford, manager for the Escanaba Veneer company, when the factory which is now under construction will go into operation. Work is progressing rapidly, and everything about the big building looks as if Mr. Tuxford is not placing the opening date too early. One of the massive veneer cutting machines is already in position and all set up and the other is in position and nearly set up. The immense bed of concrete upon which the engine will be put in place within the next few days. This new industry will be a busy one right from the moment it goes into operation. The company has enough orders for its product now on file to keep the factory busy for some time, and the demand for veneer is practically unlimited. The factory will not be without stock, either, for an especially fine lot of timber is already being piled in the yard and is being added to each day. The factory will give employment to about fifty men. While this is not as large as some of the other industries in the city, it will by no means be an unimportant one, as the plant will be operated twelve months in the year, and it is the all-year industries which Escanaba needs.

Peculiar and Pertinent. The men of Australia outnumber the women by 247,000. The Cambridge experimental farm has begun an investigation of the inheritance of horns and face color in sheep. The cost of living in British cities is very little over half the corresponding one in American cities and wages are proportionately lower. The revolutionary party in Persia is circulating on post cards and in larger forms a picture descriptive of "Persian justice" which shows three bandits hanging by their feet from the city gates of Tauris.

MEANS MORE FEDERAL REVENUE

Loeb's Change in Collecting Beer Duties Pleases American Brewers.

New York, July 19—Collector Loeb has made an extra \$250,000 a year for the government by recommending a change in the manner of collecting import duties on beer that comes from Austria-Hungary and Germany to quench the American thirst. The change will be welcomed by the American brewers. His action will have the effect of adding forty cents to the tax now collected on every half barrel of beer that comes into the country. The difference will have to be settled by the importer and the exporter according to their own views, because the price imported beer to the consumer is now all that the retail trade can hope to get out of it. It now averages double the retail price of domestic beer.

The imports of beer from Germany and Austria-Hungary, these being the two nations that make up the bulk of the imported beer competition, amounted in 1908 to 4,810,978 gallons. Where a half barrel came along containing six gallons, it was the custom of the government to take the importation at two gallons less, indicating that the brewers had placed less than the full amount in the barrels to allow for gas or shrinkage in the barrel. This pair of gallons of beer thus given a pass into the country for years was worth forty cents of tax that had never been collected. Collector Loeb, in looking over the situation, found that the government in which the beer was made, careful inspection of the product and stamped into the barrels in terms of liters the amount of contents. He also found that this original stamping showed that the country was being annually trimmed of \$25,000 in revenue that ought to have come from the beer makers.

With this information the collector has made to Washington the recommendation that the customs officials be directed to take the stamp of the foreign government as the measure of the United States' right to take toll on the product.

A valuable thing to a man who has gone through a college is what a lot he could have learned anywhere else.

The more a girl could help around the house the more she'd rather let mother do it.

NOTES OF COPPER NEWS.

A director of the Ohio Copper company says: "The impression seems to have gained currency that F. A. Heinz is the power behind the Ohio Copper throne, but such is not the fact. Mr. Heinz at one time controlled the Ohio Copper company, but he sold the control, retaining a 50,000-share interest and a block of the bonds. James MacFarlane of Denver, is not only president of the Ohio Copper company, but he represents the controlling interests and comes pretty near running the property. Mr. Heinz is a director of the company and his advice as to mining and milling operations has been valuable, but I think it is generally realized that Mr. Heinz's troubles in New York have done the company no good and it is not unlikely that he will retire. On the decline side of the company's shares there has been a large Salt Lake City investment in the property by people who know it and believe it will make good in all proportions. We can do so with 12,000 tons capacity as the treatment of only 600 tons per day would do to greatly increase the costs of our copper. The Ohio Copper company is a strong organization. It has a well-demonstrated property with reserves opened up years ahead of it. It has a mill which will stand comparison with any in the country."

Observer Wiesner of the Houghton weather bureau returned yesterday from a business trip to Milwaukee.

A party of twenty copper country fishermen went to the Elm River Sunday, and spent the day fishing. They were taken to the stream by the tug Valerie.

Grace, twelve-year-old daughter of William McVickar, died at her home on Douglas street, Houghton, yesterday morning, following a long illness with diphtheria.

A number of fishermen reported yesterday to Game Warden Willson that they had been working on the Pilegrim river. Two of them were caught in the

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TAKE A KODAK WITH YOU

We have a complete line, selling from **\$1.00 to \$25.00**

Also a lot of **SECOND-HAND CAMERAS** to be sold at half price. Look them over.

We develop, print and mount, and do good work.

The Stafford Drug Co.

Lawn Mowers, Garden Hose

and a general line of

Shelf and Heavy Hardware

at

M. R. Manhard & Son Ltd.

We have just received a new supply of the very best

Pocahontas

SMOKELESS COAL

And are prepared to make prompt deliveries.

Jas. Pickands & Co., Ltd.

209 Front St. Both Phones No. 90.

Portland Cement

Wood Fibre Plaster Common Brick
Grand Rapids Plaster Fire Brick and Clay
Petoskey Lime Flue Lining
Crushed Stone Sewer Pipe

Write Us for Prices on Building Material.

F. B. SPEAR & SONS.

BOTH PHONES 117.

ORDER YOUR SCREENS NOW

We will take the measurements and hustle them out for you.

Consolidated Fuel & Lumber Co.
Marquette.

SODA

is the great American drink. It cools and refreshes without ill effects.

At People's Drug Store

It is properly served--cold, made from the best supplies. Plenty of delicious crushed fruit. We make our own syrup. They're fine. Try a glass. All flavors.

The People's Drug Store

S. B. JONES, Mgr.
Marquette, Michigan.

Rockyford Melons, Florida Grape Fruit, Strawberries, Pine Apples,

Asparagus, Spinach, Cucumbers, Lettuce, Wax Beans, Cauliflower, Egg Plant, Pie Plant, Radish, Head Lettuce, Parsley, at

D. MURRAY'S
114 South Front street.

THE BEST OF EVERYTHING

Fresh Fruits, Vegetables

and Groceries

at **Delf's Grocery**

Marquette.

Up to Grade Always

CERESOTA
From Minnesota

Call at the

Sorensen Flower Store

When in need of

Sweet Peas, Peonies, Carnations, Roses and any kind of Garden Flowers.

Our Flowers are fresh and lasting.

Bell 'Phone - 172.
County 'Phone - 168.

WE HAVE A LINE OF

AKRON

SEWER PIPE and FITTINGS

When in the market would be pleased to figure on your requirements.

THE SUPERIOR LUMBER COMPANY

City Brevities

Today's weather: Partly cloudy; warmer.

Yesterday's temperatures: Seven a. m., 60 degrees; noon, 64; 7 p. m., 61. Maximum, 65 degrees; minimum, 55.

Dr. McKenzie, of Munising, was a Marquette visitor yesterday.

Mrs. William Hookins, of Chicago, is visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Rose.

Miss Margaret Barnes and Misses Rose, Lucile and Kate Wallace left yesterday for a lake trip on the steamer Ishpeming.

Mrs. Geo. Charlan and two children of Warren, Ark., are in the city, visiting with Miss Kathryn McCarthy, 201 Hampton street.

Mrs. John Phelan, of Tonopah, Nev., and Mrs. A. L. Wadley, of Kankakee, Ill., are visiting at the home of their sister, Mrs. John Sticker.

Mr. and Mrs. A. Stadlauer, of Marquette, who were united in marriage the day in the city, went to Sault Ste. Marie on the Juniata last evening.

Deputy County Treasurer Wright has received a supply of maps of the Coeur d'Alene and Flathead reservation lands, which are soon to be distributed by lottery.

Yesterday afternoon at 4 o'clock Miss Ellen Elizabeth Erickson and Edmund Ross Altzinger were united in marriage by the Rev. Amos A. Maywood at the home of the bride's mother, Mrs. Sophia Erickson, 229 West Crescent street.

Dudley Thompson, the young boy who was seriously burned when a firecracker ignited his clothing during a premature Fourth of July celebration, was removed to his home from St. Luke's hospital yesterday, and is now on the rapid road to recovery.

Baseball Practice This Evening—The Marquette baseball team will practice at the fair grounds this evening. The trip to the park will be made in the 6 o'clock car. Every member of the team is urged to turn out.

Camp Owners' Meeting—An effort is being made to call a meeting of camp owners some time today to organize a protective association along the lines laid down in a preliminary set of articles, drawn up a few weeks ago, which have been generally signed. Marquette owners of summer and hunting camps have suffered greatly in the past from persons breaking into their camps and doing damage, often wantonly. If the proposed association is formed, there will be a fund provided for the purpose of apprehending and convicting this class of offenders.

With the Ore Carriers—At the South Shore docks, the Neilson and City of Rome cleared for Cleveland. The Frontenac is at the Pickands' dock with a cargo of coal, and will unload as soon as the Corona gets away. At the L. S. & I. dock, the Tampa and Ishpeming cleared for Lake Erie ports and the Donaldson and Senator will load today.

To Have Uptown Office—The Consolidated Fuel & Lumber company has rented the building recently vacated by the cigar store, which will be used as an uptown office and, it is hoped, will prove a great convenience to customers. It is understood that the company will move into the new office today.

Red Lodge Band Tonight—The Red Lodge Military band, of Butte, Mont., will give a concert at the opera house this evening. This Finnish musical organization is declared to be one of unusual excellence and local residents of that nationality are especially anxious that a good crowd should turn out to hear them. The band is on its way from Butte to the Finnish Temperance convention at De Kalb, Ill., and as an effort to be made to have the next convention of this organization, held in Marquette, it is especially desired that the members of the band obtain a good impression of our city and its people. Those who should know, say the Red Lodge band is superior to the Finnish band of Ashland, O., which was here last summer, and made a decided hit with local musicians.

Employing Increased Force—The Marquette Stone company, operating an extensive crushing plant below the prison, has increased its force to twenty men, and is now outputting about 100 tons of rock a day. Shipments are being made to the Detroit park commission, the rock being used in the Detroit park system. The company is also furnishing rock to the town of Gladwin, which is macadamizing the Cherry creek road, and the Marquette county road commission, which has not been able to put its plant in operation because of the non-arrival of the motors which are to operate the machinery. The company has orders for 1,200 tons of rock for concrete work in a number of nearby places, which are to be filled as rapidly as possible. It expects to employ a large force of men for the remainder of the season.

INSURE WITH PETER WHITE & CO. A CAUSE FOR THANKSGIVING.

One fine summer night the whole village was disturbed in its slumbers by the deep tones of Nasreddin giving praise and thanks unto Allah. "What hath befallen thee, O Nasreddin," they inquired, "that at this hour of the night thou doth give praise and thanks unto Almighty Allah?" "As I lay half sleeping on my divan," replied the Bedja, "I looked up, and suddenly beheld a white thing flapping by this window. This must be a ghost or jinn, or some other evil spirit, sent by Sheitan to torment true believers, methought, so I seized my bow and drove an arrow through it. I forthwith arose and beheld it was no jinn, but my own shirt which the arrow had transfixed. Wherefore do ye see me giving just praise unto Allah, the Compassionate and the Merciful?" "It is indeed fit, O Nasreddin, at all times to render thanks unto Allah for his infinite compassion, but wherefore dost thou not wait until the hour of the dawn-prayer? Indeed, we see no great matter for such thanksgiving."

"Oh, thick of pate and slow of understanding," replied the Bedja, "I fancy how terrible it would have been if my body had been inside the shirt!"—T. P.'s Weekly.

Delay in commencing treatment for a slight irregularity that could have been cured quickly by Foley's Kidney Remedy may result in a serious kidney disease. Foley's Kidney Remedy builds up the worn out tissues and strengthens these organs. Sold by all Druggists.

Upper Peninsula

Saloonists to Have Press Agent—

It is stated that the liquor interests will employ a first class newspaper man to conduct their campaign in Schoolcraft county. It will be his duty to advance the arguments for that side of the controversy.

Former Newberry Man Interested—

From a copy of the Ypsilanti Daily Press it is learned that that city is to have a half million dollar radiator plant and the council has donated the site for the installation of the principal organizers, according to the Press, is W. T. Crocker, a former resident of Newberry.

Railroad Station Is Moved—

The Chicago & Northwestern Railroad company sprung a great surprise on the people of this township when, entirely unexpected, the bridge crew came in at noon and began the work of moving the depot from the Metropolitan end to the Felch end of the town, writes a correspondent at Felch, Dickinson county. The people of Felch have been kicking for the change for the past seven years and not until it was taken up with President Hughtit did anything result therefrom.

Long Trip in Automobile—

Mr. and Mrs. John E. Young of Chicago have arrived at Manistique after having made the entire trip via automobile except from Escanaba to Van's Harbor, which was made by boat. The journey took five days. Mr. Young reports that he experienced a little trouble in making a sand hill between Garden and Manistique and that it required five runs for the hill before he gained the summit. The return trip will be made by automobile, via the lower peninsula.

Grasshoppers a Pest—

The city of Iron Mountain has been invaded on the north, east and south sides by a multitude of grasshoppers. As yet, the hoppers have not made an appearance on the west side. The insects have glorious appetites. On the east side the invasion is particularly strong. The gardens, lawns and sidewalks are covered—there's billions of 'em—and they are doing much damage. Hoppers are also said to be doing much damage to crops north of the city along the St. Paul road and east on the Northwestern.

Automobile Displaces Delivery Team—

Wallace McPherson of Menominee has adopted a unique idea in the way of advertising as well as trucking lumber and building materials. During the last several days Menominee people have been astonished to see the little rumble of Mr. McPherson hauling good-sized loads of lumber from the McPherson yards to purchasers of the material. The little automobile owned by Mr. McPherson has been run steadily for five years and has been through many accidents, yet the running gear is as good today as when the machine was turned out of the factory.

Their Launch Capsized—

Harold Garland, Fred Griffin, George and Nick Deemer of Manistique had an experience on Indian lake the other day, and one that they do not care to repeat. They were fishing in a launch, and when they attempted to tie the launch to a head land the occupants of the boat happened to be on one side of it and caused the craft to capsize in water about eight feet in depth. Owing to an airtight chamber in the bow of the boat, that portion of the craft remained out of the water and gave the boys an opportunity of hanging on until Nick Deemer, who was in a row boat nearby, picked them off.

Escanaba Wants Taft—

President J. V. Moran, of the Escanaba Businessmen's association, spent Thursday at the Soo, where General Frederick Dent Grant and Senator William Alden Smith were the guests of the Lock City people. Mr. Moran took the opportunity of securing the services of Senator Smith in securing the presence of President Taft at Escanaba in August. The president will visit Mackinac Island in August and will pass through Escanaba on his way to Minneapolis. It is believed that he can be induced to stop off at the Iron Port and officiate at the laying of the cornerstone of the government building.

Miscreant Cuts Log Booms—

The booms belonging to the St. James Cedar company on the Tahquamenon river were cut by some unknown party at Newberry the other night, allowing several hundred pieces of timber to escape, the current carrying them miles down the stream, where they will probably never be recovered. Suspicion points to a launch owner, who it is claimed, has a grievance against the company for blocking the river with the log booms, and who it is said has been heard to sneer at the services of St. James is highly indignant over the outrage and states that he will spare no expense to bring the perpetrator to justice. It is a serious offense, one that is punishable by a jail sentence.

Menominee Eyesore Disappears—

The improvements at the Chicago & Northwestern depot at Menominee have been completed and with their completion one of the eyesores of the city has disappeared. The building has been repaired and repainted. The roofs are a dull red and the body of the building a light green. What was formerly a hollow roadway of sand alongside the depot is now a grassy plot, with a driveway through it, banked by whitened stones. The whole aspect of the place is neat and pleasing and the people no longer need to feel bad when they meet visitors at the train and show them the first view of the city. It is to the Woman's club that the city is indebted for the improvements.

League Ball Team Proposed—

Manistique has more ball players to the square inch than any other town in the peninsula, but the sport has been woefully neglected by the citizens as a whole, comments the Pioneer-Tribune of that city. The teams that are at present engaged in the sport have had but scant support. Just now plans are being perfected by Manager McPhail of the Tigers that may result in something tangible. He thinks that the driving park could be secured for a ball park, and he has assurances from the business men that they will subscribe liberally toward the project if the park can be secured. If the support is forthcoming, some outside talent will be engaged next season, and an effort made to put a strong team in the upper peninsula league. If this is done Manistique will give a good account of itself. In regard

ball circles, the city has for many years had the banner team in the upper peninsula and has defeated some of the best teams in the lower peninsula.

Suspicious Explosion Mystifies—

An attempt was made last Saturday night to blow up the dry at the Doherty mine, says the Iron River Reporter. One corner of the structure was badly demolished, but fortunately no one was injured. The night watchman had a bedroom in the building, and it is thought someone may have been laying for him, with the intention of getting rid of him. There are also several other reasons given for this act, among which is that the watchman himself may have had something to do with it. It is claimed there is a woman in the case, the wife of the watchman. Another man is said to be paying considerable attention to her, and that he may have been interested in blowing up the dry. Again it is alleged that the husband may have planned the affair himself, with the intention of gaining the sympathy of his recreant spouse, or for the purpose of ending his own life, but at the last moment he got cold feet and left the building just as the blast went off. At any rate the affair has created considerable interest, but nothing definitely can be learned, as the deed was performed when no one was around. Had the man been in the building when the blast went off there is no doubt that he would have been killed or severely injured. As neither happened to him the affair certainly has a suspicious look, but whether the perpetrator will ever be discovered is questionable.

Senator Smith's Position—

While at the Soo last week, Senator Wm. Alden Smith, discussing the tariff, said: "The contest has been a long and at times an acrimonious struggle. The two bills of the house and senate are now before the conference committee. I expect President Taft will take a hand in the fight now and I look for a general reduction in the schedules as a result of the work of the conference committee. Whatever recommendations in the way of reductions the conference committee reports shall have my support and vote. I had a talk with the president just before leaving Washington and assured him of my support in an effort to have the bill changed to meet his views and those of the country at large. While the bill was before the senate I voted for every reduction in the schedules which went into the bill." Senator Smith looks upon the proposed duty on iron ore largely as revenue producing expedient. "I am confident," said the senator, "that ten to twelve million tons of Cuban ore will be imported into this country in 1910. I can see no good reason why the government should admit this ore free to the personal benefit of Mr. Schwab and his associates and the correspondent loss of revenue to the government."

On the question of the tariff on pulp and print paper, the senator holds the view that the outcome will be the admission of pulp free of duty and possibly a duty of three dollars a ton on print paper. Senator Smith voted for the one dollar duty on lumber, which he expects will be the figure named in the final draft of the bill.

Pleased With the Chatham Farm—

Former State Senator A. J. Doherty of Clare, member of the state board of agriculture, was in Munising the past week, with former Senator Waterbury of Highland and W. H. Wallace of Bay Port, also members of the board. They had just inspected the state experiment farm at Chatham. "The News-Senator Doherty said: "You can say that I am much pleased with what I saw at Chatham." While the senator did not absolutely commit himself as to whether or not he would favor the removal of the experiment station from Chatham to Menominee county, he did say that he had a great deal more light on the subject than before he visited Chatham. From an unofficial source the News learns that Menominee will give the state \$20,000 to locate the experiment farm in Chatham. During his stay at Munising Senator Doherty interviewed C. V. R. Townsend, land agent of the Cleveland-Cliffs Iron company, to ascertain if the state could obtain from the company what land it required contiguous to that which it now owns. Mr. Townsend's reply was reassuring. The state is now spending about \$5,000 a year on the upper peninsula experiment farm and Senator Doherty believes that a sum amount—perhaps twice that sum—should be expended in order to make the farm all that it should be. From what can be learned the members of the state board of agriculture are divided in opinion as to whether the experiment station should be moved from Chatham to Menominee. Alger county people and others who favor a central location for the upper peninsula instead of one away off in the southern corner of the peninsula will do well to get busy at once.

Delay in taking Foley's Kidney Remedy if you have backache, kidney or bladder trouble, fastens the disease up on you and makes a cure more difficult. Commence taking Foley's Kidney Remedy today and you will soon be well. Why risk a serious malady? Sold by all Druggists.

MIDSUMMER Clothing Clearance Sale

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Broken lines of all our **\$18, \$20, \$22.50, \$25, \$27.50 and \$30 Suits**, priced now without reserve at

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All our **\$12, \$14, \$15 and \$16 Suits** at

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Teams of All Kinds FOR SALE—Drying and Draft Horses to suit any wants!

NOTICE. JOSEPH ZALK


You will save dimes and dollars by calling at 222 S. Third St., between railroad tracks and Spring St. I am now located with complete lines of Stoves, Furniture and Household Goods, bought, sold and exchanged; also repair work done. Bell 'phone 304 black. (1-2-1f)

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A competent chemist tests every ingredient that enters into HUNT'S PERFECT Extracts and Baking Powder. Both are always reliable.

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GET A CAN AND A BOTTLE TODAY.



AWNINGS

Get busy and have the awning man measure your windows and submit prices. We make Awnings, Porch Curtains, Boat Spray Hoods and Cushions to your order.

Kelly Hardware Co.

Economy

is a virtue few cultivate as one of the cardinal blessings of life, the possession of which is almost indispensably necessary to any degree of success.

The spendthrift can never hope to reach the goal of contentment or happiness, for his cravings will remain unsatisfied, his desires unfulfilled. And in time he will come to the end of his resources; constant dropping wears away the hardest stone, and in a like manner the largest fortunes soon can be wasted by reckless expenditures.

Marquette National Bank

Marquette, Mich.

MARKETS

NEW YORK STOCKS.

Paine, Webber & Co's correspondent at New York yesterday telegraphed as follows: "Considerable strength was displayed up to noon but after that hour the list became reactionary and in most cases closed slightly below Saturday's level. The railway equipment shares were the exception, particularly Car Foundry, which was in active demand on reports of large orders being placed with the company. Cotton Oil was also higher on pool buying. The Steels and Harbinger issues were sold freely on the theory that outside interest was of such a moderate extent that a reaction could be easily forced. Foreign buying was reported in this early session, but otherwise there was nothing developed to affect the market sentiment, and the character of the trading was therefore the same as has been witnessed for some time.

The final quotations follow:

Amalgamated..... 82	M. K. & T..... 42
Anaconda..... 47 1/2	Reading..... 15 1/2
A. C. S. L..... 40 1/2	Steel..... 12 1/2
Am. Smelt. & R. Co..... 94 1/2	St. Paul..... 12 1/2
C. & O..... 78 1/2	St. P. & N. E..... 12 1/2
Erie..... 45 1/2	Union Pk..... 12 1/2
Gen. Sigsbee..... 45 1/2	Wis. Cent..... 12 1/2
Mo. Pac..... 75	

Boston "Coppers."

Wireing from Boston yesterday. Paine, Webber & Co had the following to say of the stock market: "The market opened strong and continued so during the greater part of the day, selling off slightly at the close. The Boston market was rather quiet, the exceptions being North Attle and Gorton. The former said to be under pressure all day, while the latter closed at 10, the result of a large buying order. This market looks as if in the near future it would broaden, and the better class of stocks should sell very much higher. Foreign copper closed steady and there were fairly large sales."

Closing prices were:

Adv..... 6 1/2	U.S.S. R. & T..... 48 1/2
Am..... 3 1/2	Utah Cop..... 49 1/2
Ala..... 4 1/2	W. Va..... 49 1/2
Al..... 8 1/2	Wyandot..... 25 1/2
Am. C. L..... 40 1/2	Wolverine..... 14 1/2
A. C. S. L..... 24 1/2	Winn..... 15 1/2
B. C. S. L..... 15 1/2	Amherst..... 18 1/2
B. C. S. L..... 15 1/2	Amherst..... 18 1/2
B. C. S. L..... 15 1/2	B. & M..... 10 1/2
B. C. S. L..... 15 1/2	B. & M..... 10 1/2
B. C. S. L..... 15 1/2	B. & M..... 10 1/2
B. C. S. L..... 15 1/2	B. & M..... 10 1/2

Copper Metal Prices.

New York, July 19.—Copper advanced to \$28.12, 6c for spot and to \$29.12 for futures in the London market today, but unchanged, with Lake quoted at 13.25@13.37 1/2, electrolytic at 12.62 1/2@12.87 1/2 and casting at 12.50@12.75.

CHICAGO GRAIN MARKETS.

Chicago, July 19.—Liberal arrivals of grain from the 1909 crop here and in the Northwest caused a further slump in wheat today. The market was inclined to be weak nearly all day, although at times some firmness was manifested, owing to the covering of shorts. Clearing weather generally throughout the wheat belt, which will greatly accelerate the marketing of the newly harvested grain, helped depress the prices. The close was weak 1/2 to 1 1/2 lower. The July opened at 119 1/4 to 119 1/2; highest, 121; lowest, 118 1/4; closing, 118 3/4.

Corn.

The market displayed considerable strength at various times during the day, despite the extremely slack shipping demand, the liberal receipts and the exceedingly favorable crop reports. The market appeared to be oversold today, owing to the liberal sales of the last few days, and the first appearance of any support was sufficient to force the price upward. The close was steady, 3/4 lower to 3/8 higher. The July opened at 69 1/4; highest, 70 1/2; lowest, 69 1/4; closing, 70 1/4.

Oats.

The trade was on a large scale, and with the exception of the July the market was weak nearly all day. On covering by shorts the July advanced 1/4, but the gain subsequently was lost. Favorable crop reports prompted much selling. The first ear of new oats was received here today, it coming from Lexington, Ill. The prices at the close were 1/4 higher to 3/8 lower. The July opened at 45 1/4; highest, 46 1/2; lowest, 45 1/4; closing, 45 1/2.

Demand for the Metal Improving.

Boston, July 19.—The copper market opened today with substantial sales of electrolytic at 13 cents for September delivery. With the tendency towards increasing commitments by consumers, producers are figuring on a fractional rise in price. For round tonnages it is considered improbable that sales have been under 12 1/2 cents, although second-

should be an easy matter to force a decided break in prices. A change was noticed in the temper of the trade, largely due to the fact that cash wheat, appeared to be in excellent demand at good stiff prices, leaving cash tonnage taking No. 2 hard at 120 1/2, to 121 and No. 2 red at 122. Southwest receipts while large were far below last year. Even with the help of lower cables from all foreign markets and some confirmation of gains in Argentina, the trade failed to raise the selling during the morning and a strong recovery took place when least expected. During the last hour the railroads finally found out the receipts for this market tomorrow would be about 150 cars. Some of the southwest messages were reporting larger yields than heretofore estimated. The forecast is for clear and warmer weather, very favorable for drying and marketing the new wheat. The total visible supply is down close to seven million bushels. We believe the buyers' side of the market on oversold spots.

AMERICAN NAVY SECOND.

Both France and Germany Have Dropped Behind.

Total Tonnage of the United States Ships Is 685,000—In Battleships, This Country Is Strong—Is Short, However, in Destroyers and Torpedo Boats.

Washington, July 19.—The American navy ranks today second among the naval powers of the world. Only Great Britain surpasses it. France, which for many years has held second place, has given way to the United States, while Germany, long a rival of the United States, is a third.

The wonderful strides made by the United States navy are set forth by a statement just prepared by the navy department. It gives the present total of the world's naval powers. Great Britain, maintaining its policy of supporting a navy equal to the combined forces of the two strongest naval powers, easily holds first place. In the table prepared by the navy department the United States is ranked third, on the basis of tonnage of the fleet as it exists today. The United States would be second. Only when vessels under construction are included in the estimate does France surpass the United States. The official table, however, fails to give credit for the two 22,000-ton battleships authorized at the last congress. When these are added to the United States table it gives a total which puts our navy in second place, with a clear lead over France.

The fighting ships of the American navy aggregate the enormous total of 685,000 tons. Other vessels embracing a tonnage of 135,000 are under construction. The total tonnage, built and building, aggregates 820,000. The best France can show against this is, built, 620,000 tons; building, 172,000 tons; total, 792,000 tons.

Germany, which was long a source of worry to the Washington government, has been distanced by the United States in the matter of naval strength. The kaiser has a total tonnage available at present of 524,000 tons. He has building 157,000 tons of ships, giving him a total force of 681,000 tons. At the time of the Spanish war, Germany's navy was stronger than that of the United States. The great boom given to our navy following the struggle with Spain resulted in overhauling Germany.

The Japanese navy should give no serious concern to our strategists. The total tonnage of Japanese warships built and building, is not much more than half that of the United States. It aggregates 545,000 tons. Most of this, however, represents finished vessels, as only 73,000 tons of warships under construction.

In computing the fighting power of a navy the most important factor is battleship strength. Here the United States navy shows up in an especially gratifying manner. More than fifty per cent of its tonnage is represented by ships of the battle line. Of the total tonnage of 820,000, 450,000 tons represent battleships of the first-class. France has a battleship tonnage of 330,000, Germany 350,000, and Japan only 190,000 tons.

The vessels represented by this tonnage are as follows: United States, 31; France, 24; Germany, 25; Japan, 13.

Great Britain also realizes the value of battleships, although her percentage of tonnage is less than that of the United States. Of a total tonnage of warships, built and building, aggregating 1,572,000, only 808,000, or less than fifty per cent, is made up of first-class battleships. Great Britain has sixty-eight of these fighters.

The United States is sadly deficient in the matter of torpedo boats and destroyers. All the European nations go in heavily for these fast and treacherous vessels. This is made necessary by the close geographical association of the rival powers of Europe and the fact that torpedo boats are depended upon largely for coast defense purposes. France leads all nations in this style of equipment. She has 808 torpedo boats and 296 torpedo boats and 72 destroyers. Great Britain has 61 torpedo boats and 167 destroyers, Germany has 85 destroyers and 42 torpedo boats.

Japan's equipment of torpedo boats is almost double that of the United States. She has 57 destroyers and 43 torpedo boats. The United States has 31 destroyers and 32 torpedo boats. We are also behind European nations in the matter of submarines. France leads here again with a total of 94, as against Great Britain's 69 and Germany's six. Japan has 19 submarines, while the United States has 19.

States, 19; France, 94; Germany, 6; Japan, 10.

Russia ranks sixth in the list of naval powers and after Japan, with a total tonnage of 320,000, comes next with 284,000 tons and Austria with 148,000.

When it comes to paying the bill for maintaining the navy, the United States again claims second place. Only Great Britain expends more money annually supporting her navy than does the United States. When one considers the enormous armada supported by England and compares her expense with that of the United States, it forces a suggestion that they know more about economical administration over here than our officials in the navy department do.

With a navy considerably more than double ours in size, Great Britain's naval expenditures last year were only about \$27,000,000 greater. The estimated expenses for this year are \$33,334,000 for England, \$171,000,000 for the United States, \$121,000,000 for Germany, and Japan will expend \$86,000,000 and France will expend \$66,000,000.

WASHINGTON GOSSIP.

Long Conference Follows President's Example of Auto Rides by Night.

Washington, July 19.—President Taft has started the fashion in official circles of long, cool automobile rides by night. It was heralded forth how he took "Uncle Joe" Cannon out for two or three hours the other night, and talking over schedules. Now the tariff conferees are following suit—those of them fortunate enough to possess a touring car or having an obliging friend with such a vehicle.

Senator Lodge, who has been a great friend of the horse, and Senator Hale of Maine, who has been an antagonist to the automobile as he is to the telephone, rested the other evening, after a long and hard day's labor, by a long drive into the adjacent country. While he is not of the conferees, Senator Lodge has been pressed into the service of preparing information for the senate conferees to use. The Maine and Massachusetts senators found riding along in the late afternoon a very good way to rest. In fact, it is the fighting forces in conference, is also including in night rides, and finds they refresh him for a sound sleep and for aggressive operations against the low tariff enemy.

A crowd of manufacturers are watching the doors of the tariff conference. The senate filed a multitude of rates to suit those visitors, who trooped into Washington as soon as the tariff bill came over from the house. Some wanted specific duties in the tariff, others wanted a general duty. Further, the substitution of a specific for an ad valorem duty means, in 99 cases out of 100, that the duty is relatively higher. Some wanted a specific for an ad valorem duty, others wanted an ad valorem for a specific.

Once a manufacturer is protected by a specific duty, there is no reason to worry about undervaluation and kindred evils. Furthermore, the substitution of a specific for an ad valorem duty means, in 99 cases out of 100, that the duty is relatively higher. Some wanted a specific for an ad valorem duty, others wanted an ad valorem for a specific.

Weeks ago the manufacturers departed in high feather. When the bill went into a conference, however, they realized that senators must have help in keeping their feet on the ground. They are now in the "tariff bill" as it was passed by the senate.

Representatives and a lot of other people are now in the city. They are all craning their necks to see what will be the result of the tariff conference. The hotels and boarding houses are filled with business travelers, and the city is a hive of activity.

On the other hand Washington never has a dull moment. The session of Congress has not been in session until late in July for twelve years. More than 2,000 people are detained in town by reason of the deliberations at the capital. The hotels and boarding houses are filled with business travelers, and the city is a hive of activity.

HEADS OF NEW COMPASS.

Navy Department After German Invention—On Gyroscopic Principle.

Washington, July 19.—The navy department is much interested in reports that there has been perfected in Germany a new compass, which works on the gyroscopic principle. It is possible, the department hopes to obtain one of them with a view to experiments. The new compass is said to be a radical departure, and many years have been spent by German scientists in perfecting it.

The present-day compass, which has been in use in practically unchanged form since the time of its invention, is affected seriously by iron and steel work contained in vessels, so that the needle is often deflected. One of the most difficult tasks of the bureau of equipment is to secure freedom of compasses, especially those intended for use on submarines, where the magnetic influence of the steel hulls is more marked. The gyroscopic compass is said to obviate the prevailing defect.

Elmer A. Sperry, a New York inventor, has introduced a bill in the senate for a new "active" gyroscopic compass. The gyroscopes, now in use are dependent upon the motion derived from the rolling of the ship. The Sperry gyroscopic compass is operated independently by the power, and has, it is said, greater power in the regulation of the rolling of ships. The navy department is much interested in what Mr. Sperry has described in his invention. In January last he promised to submit a model to the department for experimental purposes, but so far he has not done so. He is now in Europe perfecting his invention.

PAYS \$100 FOR \$5 HE TOOK.

Atlanta, Ga., July 19.—Fifty years ago a prominent doctor of Nashville, Tenn., then a small boy living at

What Else Please?

WASHBURN-CROSBY'S

GOLD MEDAL FLOUR

Nothing Else Thank You
Just GOLD MEDAL FLOUR



Thomas, Ga., picked up a \$5 bill on the floor of the drug store of Dr. J. H. Harvell, and kept the money. Recently Mrs. J. W. Payne of this city received from the physician a check for \$33.34, her share of \$100, repaying to herself and her two sisters, with interest, the \$5 bill picked up a half-century before in her father's store at Thomaston. The doctor explains that the \$5 was worried him through all these years, and that he determined to return it when he learned of the whereabouts of Dr. Harvell's heirs. Mrs. Payne withdraws the doctor's name, but says he is a leader in his profession at Nashville.

CHILD KNEW TOOTH.

Burnt Cork Didn't Deceive Her and a Board-Jumper Paid.

Wilkesbarre, July 19.—As a reward for being good, Mrs. Elizabeth Weiss, a boarding house keeper, took her 12-year-old granddaughter to a nickel theater. The girl, a black-faced minstrel act was put on the boards the child said: "Look, grandma! That man has the same kind of a gold tooth as David Slate, who skipped his board bill, had." Mrs. Weiss looked, called a policeman and the performer was arrested. Beneath the burnt cork Slate was found. He paid the \$30 he owed and settled the case.

HETTY GREEN ON PAY ROLL.

But It Was Only a Government Employee Who Has Just Married.

Washington, July 19.—Curiosity was aroused throughout the treasury department when it was announced that Mrs. Hetty Green had been placed on the payroll as an assistant plate printer in the bureau of engraving at \$8.50 a day. That the "richest woman in America" had been obliged to seek and had obtained a government job at first excited sympathy. Excitement and speculation subsided when it was found that Hetty Ross, a bureau of engraving employee, had married a Mr. Green. Under the rules of the government, her name had to be removed from the payroll and restored in its amended form.

BOY STILL A CRIMINAL.

Operations Fail to Cure Him of the Tendency to Do Wrong.

Pottsville, Pa., July 19.—Notwithstanding an operation was performed upon William Rommel of Pottsville at the Minkers' Hospital, which it was asserted would cure him of all crime tendencies, Justice H. B. McCool later committed him to prison without bail for attacking five-year-old Carol Devoe. The boy was caught in the act and acknowledged the crime. Several years ago Rommel, while coasting, crushed in a pole and injured his skull. After recovering from the accident he showed criminal tendencies. Dr. J. C. Riddle removed a large section of his skull that was pressing on his brain, and for some time afterward he was apparently changed. A few weeks ago the old inclinations began to assert themselves.

BEAT THE DELEGATION.

The Protestors Had Sent Word of Their Coming.

In 1885 the Chicago street railway companies, dissatisfied with the twenty-five-year limitation of their rights, put their heads together, and by a rail which nobody could see, they succeeded in passing a bill through the legislature, introduced a bill into the legislature extending their franchise from twenty-five to ninety-nine years.

This bill was on the eve of passing when Chicago heard of it. There were no words too strong for the indignation of the town. The newspapers, particularly the Tribune, thundered at the "Horse Railroad Swindle." Mass meetings were held which the companies tried to pack with horse-car drivers and conductors, but where substantial citizens outnumbered them ten to one. A petition of 9,000 names was prepared and a delegation started for Springfield to protest. They were unheeded enough to wire they were coming, and the bill was disposed of before they arrived.—American Magazine.

A REBELLIOUS WIFE.

"The Confession of a Rebellious Wife," in the American Magazine, opens up the subject of marriage again. Why do not happiness last in marriage? The article explains why in one marriage it disappeared within a few years. The reason was that the husband was wedded both to his wife and to his business. For a time he dove to his wife, but he dove to business. Hence these tears!

In this particular instance the wife does not conclusively prove her case. It is plain that she is a natural born rebel. But the point she makes is clear enough to all observers of what is going on in our hurried, one-sided civilization. "I often look out of my window," said a clever woman the other day, "and I envy the hand-organ man and his wife who are working together in the street. They, at any rate, 'she added bitterly, 'have interests in common.' The rebellious wife does not claim to

be a suffragette. In fact, no reference whatever is made to women's rights. But it is plain that she believes herself shut out by the narrowness of the husband from some of the most interesting activities of life. Here she voices a rebellion that is expressing itself all over the civilized world, where it will lead to one hesitates to prophesy. But there can not be any question that it is going to make some drastic changes in the aspect of society.

One point in the article is likely to strike a responsive note in the hearts of many women. The rebellious wife has band through her apparently lives on a scale of magnificence, stints his partner in her spending money. Here the lady touches on a subject that the neurologists say is one of the chief causes of marital unhappiness and of nervous illness. It is certainly one of the worst results of the happy-go-lucky American marriage system. And it imposes a special hardship and humiliation on those wives who, before marriage, were wage-earners, used to spending money their own way, and who, after marriage, propose a return to anything even remotely resembling the European system of dowries. He would be hooted, but something ought to be done to put marriage on a business basis that shall be fair to the wife!

The rebellious wife is likely to surprise those persons who maintain that American women are the happiest and most spoiled wives in the world. In this instance the wife can hardly be said to have been spoiled, though in her feelings she has plainly been damaged. If she is typical of the wives of her kind, which would include the wives of all successful business men, and suggests that American women are suffering from an appalling restlessness. It may explain why so many of them land in hysteria and other nervous disorders. If she is typical of the wives of her kind, which would include the wives of all successful business men, and suggests that American women are suffering from an appalling restlessness. It may explain why so many of them land in hysteria and other nervous disorders.

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That there is a vast amount of such human waste in American society no one can deny. Many a splendid woman is fretting her life out because she has not found a suitable field of activity. It may be that among the large number of so-called "spare" women who are left out of the race, there will be another "For the Guidance of Rich Men's Wives Into Wholesome Service."—Boston Herald.

IN BRITISH NORTH AMERICA.

United States a Big Territory on the Maps, but Canada Is Racing It.

Rapid progress of settlement and of railroad building in Canada indicates that within a few years it will be competing with the United States for the attention of the world. There will be a population of twenty millions, and ere long of twenty million more; but the difficulty of maintaining permanently a large population mainly on a "wheat basis" will after a while begin to appear. For what? After a time the world will be a vast arena of competition where the immense area of what lands in the climate of Canada will support the mixed agriculture necessary for small farms and large population.

The area of the Dominion of Canada is about 3,700,000 square miles—excluding that of the United States, including Alaska. But much of the country is rugged and practically uninhabitable, so that no population commensurate with such an area can ever be expected to emerge from Canada. However, it will be an exaggerated estimate to suppose that within the present century there will be a population of twenty millions in British North America. At the beginning of the nineteenth century the whole population was but 200,000. It is now estimated at more than six millions, nearly one-half of which has been gained within the last twenty years. The country about Hudson's Bay had been occupied by the English during more than two centuries, and now is receiving considerable accession to its population; for what is grown in the country down to the borders of Hudson's Bay, where there will be large shipping ports at no distant day.

Canada formerly sent large numbers of people to the United States, but the reverse movement has been in progress for some years, and great numbers of new settlers are "Americans." The wheat lands of the country are very attractive, in spite of the climate and other drawbacks. Not a few families have gone from Great Britain and the North Atlantic states; for what is money, and there is no surer way of making money with reasonable rapidity than on good wheat lands. The railroads and the Dominion government alike do everything in their power to attract settlers and to establish them in the country. But we have plenty of territory ourselves, and good wheat land, and dairy land, so of course these people of the moving habit will do as they please—it is not at all necessary for any to leave our states for Canada.—Portland Oregonian.

THE BIGGEST BAROMETER.

The little town of Faenza, in the north of Italy—whence comes that delicate pottery known as "faience"—was the birthplace of Torricelli, the inventor of the barometer, and its citizens recently celebrated the tercentenary of that famous mathematician's birth. Arising out of the celebrations, Father Alfani, a local priest, conceived the idea of erecting a unique permanent memorial to Torricelli's barometer in existence. Torricelli was a pupil of Galileo, and he was the latter's perplexity as to the reason why a column of water in a closed tube never rose above 33 feet which induced his pupil to attempt a solution of the problem with the result that he proved, not only that the water was sustained at that height by atmospheric pressure, but that a similarly suspended column of mercury was shorter than the column of water in exact proportion to its greater specific gravity.—Dunlop Advertiser.

EUTHANASIA IN ALASKA.

That the custom among the Eskimos of making away with helpless invalids and the aged to whom life has become a burden is not yet altogether abandoned, is proved by at least two instances during the present year. The last case has just been reported from the Colville river country. An old man by the name of Tillemut was the willing victim of this custom, which runs through centuries of the dim, legendary history of these people. Tillemut was a very old man. For years he had suffered from tuberculosis. The wonderful vitality of these people enables them to resist this disease for many years, sometimes for half a century.

But it was telling on this old man. He lay on his back and coughed miserably. He knew that he would never be well again. So he called his children around him and said that he wanted to die. He reached for the old Hudson Bay gun that he had carried since boyhood. He cocked it and handed it to his eldest son, telling him to put him out of pain. But the boy had been told by the whites somewhere that it was a sin to kill in this way, and he refused to grant his father's last request. The others also refused. Then the aged Tillemut took the weapon, placed the muzzle in his mouth and touched the trigger with his toe.

On the Russian Diomedes, an island in Bering strait, another old man met death in a somewhat similar manner. In this Diomedes case, however, the sons obeyed the father implicitly. They helped their father to get up, and he was taken to the beach. There was no shooting. It was in a large igloo, the roof of which is supported in the middle by a stout beam. To this beam the boys fastened a strip of walrus skin, at the end of which dangled a noose. They helped their father to the edge of the bunk, fastened the noose about his neck, and let him swing off his high bed and strangle to death. These people are not cruel. No more affectionate people can be found in the world than the Eskimos. Blows are seldom struck; harsh words are seldom uttered. But until recently the ending of hopeless suffering by suicide or by killing the patient was the rule all over the Arctic world.

To kill a suffering relative or friend was considered an act of kindness and mercy, just as we consider it an act of mercy to kill animals that we know cannot recover. This may recall the Spartan parents who let their weak or deformed children on the mountainside to die. But such cruelty is unknown in Eskimo society; the children here are nursed and the most unfortunate and misshapen receive the tenderest care.

Nevertheless, when death was plainly approaching and the sufferer asked to be relieved, his request was always granted. Even infants were thus put out of pain. Although there is none of the conspicuous demonstration of grief that characterizes the saddest moments of a more impulsive people, the sorrow for the dead in an Eskimo household is just as bitter as it is in any home in the world.

33 feet which induced his pupil to attempt a solution of the problem with the result that he proved, not only that the water was sustained at that height by atmospheric pressure, but that a similarly suspended column of mercury was shorter than the column of water in exact proportion to its greater specific gravity.—Dunlop Advertiser.

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In spite of the white ruling man's idea concerning the taking of life in this way, the Eskimos still more than half believe in it. The ordinary death is reported as follows: "He died himself. This means that he died without the aid of being buried along either by his own hand or that of a friend or relative."

CLOCK MADE OF BICYCLES.

A clever Frenchman named Alphonse Ducloux has constructed a timepiece twelve feet high, composed entirely of bicycles or their component parts.

The framework is a huge bicycle wheel, round which are arranged twelve ordinary sized wheels, all fitted with pneumatic tires. A rim within the large wheel bears the figures for the hours, the figures themselves being constructed of crank rods. The hands are made of steel tubing which is used for the frames work of bicycles. The minute strokes on the dial are small nickel-plated pieces. The top of the clock is an arrangement of twelve handle bars.

The clock strikes the hours and the quarters, bicycle bells, of course, making the chiming. The pendulum is made of various parts of a bicycle frame. It is said that the clock, besides being a curiosity, is an excellent timepiece.—Tit-Bits.

Ishpeming County Phone 92. Ishpeming Long Dist. Phone 82.
Negaunee " " 93. Negaunee " " 190.

GEORGE F. RUEZ

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First National Bank Block, NEGAUNEE.

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False, Webber & Co.'s private wire to Boston, New York and all markets.

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BROKERS

106 Front St., Ishpeming, Mich.

WE SPECIALIZE IN

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Direct private wire service to New York and Boston; Our daily market letter MAILED FREE upon request.

FROM MORGAN'S CURB LETTER.

Copper shares opened stronger, and in most cases fractionally higher, with good trading throughout the list. Trading in the aggregate was not as heavy as had been anticipated, but the market is broader, and shows some evidence of public participation. Groux Cons. was once more the feature on the Boston board, as well as the New York curb, and transactions were on an enormous scale. Heavy buying in it still continues, and while some profit-taking must naturally ensue around 10, indications are that the advance has not culminated. Superior Copper held well around 45, the buying in it coming from the Lake. The balance of the list did not show much change, but strong interests are accumulating stocks on all recessions. Cactus and Chief Cons. were steady and still in good demand around \$8.18 and \$1.21, respectively. Live Oak is wanted at 6, and offerings are somewhat lighter than they were last week. San Antonio is the good request at 10. There were fairly large sales of electrolytic copper Friday on a basis of thirteen cents a pound. However, several of the leading agencies and producers are holding out for higher quotations. In view of the better demand for copper at the low prices, the consensus of opinion is that quotations will show an improvement before the close of the month. We believe that the turn has come in the market for the shares, and look for a gradual improvement and a broader trade. The shaft which Adventure is sinking to develop its three newly discovered lodes, is now down over forty feet. It is expected that the first of the three lodes will be reached at somewhat lower than 900 feet. It is believed that an assessment of \$1 a share will be levied in the near future to finance the new plans for development.

Yesterday's prevailing prices were:

	Bid.	Asked.
Almerek	\$187.00	\$189.00
American Saginaw	2.50	
Arizona & Mich.	1.06	
Arizpa		.22
Black Mountain	1.12 1/2	1.27 1/2
Butte & London	.20	.25
Boston Ely	1.00	1.12 1/2
Chemung	15.00	16.00
Cumberland Ely	7.02 1/2	7.75
Cordova, \$2 paid	1.00	1.75
Cordova, full paid	4.25	4.50
Carmen	1.06	1.18
Cactus	3.21	3.50
Chief Consolidated	1.31	
Corbin Copper	6.50	7.50
Davis Daly	5.37 1/2	5.50
Denn Arizona	4.37 1/2	4.50
First Nat. Copper	5.00	5.25
Globe, full paid	3.87 1/2	4.50
Globe, \$2 paid	1.37 1/2	1.87 1/2
Helvetia	6.02 1/2	6.75
Lake Sup. & Ariz.		3.00
Live Oak	6.12 1/2	6.25
National Mining	.40	.42
Nevada Utah	2.00	2.12 1/2
Ray Consolidated	16.75	17.00
Javen	.20	.25
San Antonio	10.00	10.50
Savannah	1.25	
Seneca	.08	
Shattuck	18.00	18.50
Superior & Pitts.	16.50	16.75
Superior & Globe	.90	.95
Vanderwater		1.75
Warren	3.00	
Wolverine & Ariz.	.95	1.00
Yama	10.75	
Beagle	10.00	11.00
Belmont	.75	.80
Comibus Cons.	1.45	1.60
Fluorene Mining	2.87 1/2	3.00
Goldfield Cons.	6.25	6.37 1/2
Tri Bullion	.36	.65
Trough Mining	6.02 1/2	6.87 1/2
Yukon	5.50	5.75
McKinley Dar	.84	.88
Silver Leaf	.10	.12
Silver Queen	.33	.38

A PREACHER'S WAGES.

Here is One Who Gets Something, but Not Riches.

Norman Duncan writes in the July Harper's of a Western preacher, Rev. Francis Edmund Higgins, who ministers to the men in the lumber camps and leads a life of unselfish devotion.

One asks: "Why does Higgins do these things?" The answer is simple; because he loves his neighbor as himself—because he actually does, without

Ishpeming Department

POPULAR COUPLE MARRIED YESTERDAY

WILL DIE TODAY.

Former Ishpeming Young Man Will Be Executed in England.

William Hampton, who a short time ago was sentenced to death for the murder of a sweetheart, Emily Frederica at St. Paul, England, will be executed today according to advices received from London. The date first set for the execution was last Thursday, the 15th, but the attorney who defended Hampton asked for a reprieve, with a view to appealing the case. The grounds cited were that the judge in his charge had misdirected the jury. The motion for a new trial was overruled, although the time of execution was extended until today. It is understood that Hampton will be executed on the gallows at Bedlam.

STATE MILITARY SHIFT.

Mustering Out of Ishpeming Company Brings About Series of Changes.

By reason of the recent mustering out of Company I of Ishpeming, Third Infantry, some little shuffling up has been made in Michigan National Guard circles in order to prepare for the vacancy made by the disbandment.

The mustering out of Ishpeming left the Third Infantry incomplete, and in order to refill the depleted ranks Company M of the Second Infantry, located at Marquette, was transferred to the Third, and given the title of the old one, Company I.

This leaving a vacancy in the Second, a new company was formed and mustered in at Kalamazoo, giving the celery city two companies.

At present, the new company was given the letter of the transferred Marquette company, M, and was mustered in July 8 by Brigadier General Wagner of Port Huron, inspector general.

In order to place Company M alongside the other Kalamazoo companies in the First Battalion, it became necessary to transfer Company L of Adrian to the Second Battalion, commanded by Major F. J. Falardeau of Big Rapids, which was left with three companies by the withdrawal of Marquette.

ONE ON DAVE MORGAN.

After Damaging Automobile, Bicyclist Wanted the Broker to Settle.

D. T. Morgan is the victim of a joke, which he has been telling with a good deal of amusement, Sunday morning he and Mrs. Morgan and a lady friend were driving along East Ely street in his automobile when a Finn came speeding over on a third street on his bicycle. The flagman at the railway crossing on Third street waved to the bicyclist to halt, as there was a train approaching. When Mr. Morgan noticed that the fellow had lost control of the wheel he stopped the car just before turning the corner onto Third street. The wheelman did not slacken his speed, but crashed into the front of the automobile, which had been brought to a dead stop. The fellow took a bound upward like a sky-rocket and dropped to the ground with a thud, injuring one of his shoulders. His wheel was almost completely demolished, while the mud guards of the car were bent and the wind shield was completely shattered, causing a damage to the automobile of some \$25 or \$30.

After the cyclist had recovered his senses, he apologized to Mr. Morgan and asked him how much damage he had done to the car, stating that he would gladly pay the bill right there. Mr. Morgan replied, "Never mind now; come along to the Miners' bank in the morning and we will fix it up." The Finn was on hand promptly and he had blood in his eyes. Instead of offering to settle the damages for the car, he demanded from Mr. Morgan the price of a new bicycle. Mr. Morgan was rather surprised at the change in attitude and he called the man's attention to it. "Yes, yes," said the Finn, "but I am a poor man and you are rich and you should pay for my bicycle."

The man hung on so long and made such a strenuous demand for the price of his bicycle that Mr. Morgan felt as though he should pay him something for the nerve he was displaying, if not for the wheel. "The boys" at the bank, all of whom heard the conversation, got a great deal of amusement out of the affair.

DR. MCINTYRE TO WED.

Former Ishpeming Physician to Marry Milwaukee Girl.

The Milwaukee Free Press of Sunday contained the following announcement of the intended marriage of Dr. Donald McIntyre, formerly of the Ishpeming hospital staff, now chief physician and surgeon for the Cleveland-Gilts Iron company on the Swanzy range:

"One of the weddings of next month will be that of Miss Carolyn Merritt King, daughter of General and Mrs. Charles King, of Donald Ross McIntyre, Mich., which takes place on Aug. 3 at 7:30 o'clock at night, in St. Paul's chapel. Miss Elinor King will be maid of honor and Dr. Dowland, Lake Linden, Mich., will be best man. A reception will follow the ceremony at the home of the bride's parents, 230 Biddle street. Dr. and Mrs. McIntyre will get abroad on their wedding trip."

The bride-to-be is a daughter of General King of the United States army, who retired from the service some time ago. Mr. King is a noted author, his army stories being among the most popular in recent years.

TO Y. M. C. A. CAMP.

Under the direction of Assistant Secretary Clark and Physical Director Westerman the boys of the Young Men's Christian association will leave this morning for their camping grounds at Lake Independence. A special car will take the boys, who will number about fifteen. While at camp they will enjoy games and sport of all kinds, which will include swimming, fishing and hunting. The following boys have signified their intention of taking the trip: Herbert Potter, Bernard Eager, Julius E. Lorraine, Minton Nelson, John Schand, Carl Sackrider, Paul Ameen, Pleman Johns, Berthal Olson, Willie Quine and Herbert Raisky.

BEWARE OF OINTMENTS FOR CATARRH THAT CONTAIN MERCURY.

Mercury will surely destroy the sense of smell and completely derange the whole system when entering it through the mucous surfaces. Such articles should never be used except on prescriptions from reputable physicians, as the damage will do is tenfold to the good you can possibly derive from them.

Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, O., contains no mercury, and is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. In buying Hall's Catarrh Cure be sure you get the genuine. It is taken internally as made in Toledo, Ohio, by F. J. Cheney & Co. Testimonials free.

Sold by druggists. Price, 75c per bottle. Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

The Miners' National Bank

Capital \$100,000. --- Ishpeming, Mich.
SURPLUS \$80,000

UNITED STATES DEPOSITARY.

We solicit your business, large or small, and we pay interest on all savings accounts. We sell money orders payable in all parts of the world. Get our rates before you buy elsewhere.

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F. BRAASTAD, Pres., A. B. MINER, Cashier. H. O. YOUNG, Vice Pres. O. G. AAS, Ass't Cashier. GEO. HATHAWAY, 2nd Ass't Cashier.

If you need any we have all kinds, rough and finished.

LUMBER

Send us your inquiries.

Both 'Phones, Ishpeming. **B. J. GOODMAN.** Office, Robbins Blk.

Pine, Hemlock, ready now.

CITY EMPLOYEES WON.

Business Men's Ball Team Defeated Yesterday by Score of 8 to 10.

The fans who attended the contest witnessed a most exciting and spectacular game of baseball at Union Park yesterday afternoon. The Business Men's team went down to defeat at the hands of the city officials by the score of 8 to 10. Alfred Johnson, the star batter for the business men, distinguished himself by striking out four times, not even getting a foul tip. Old-timers like Joe Forvilly, George Wanek and Ed Carney were out in full bloom. Marshal Trearrow did some spectacular batting and base running.

Andrews pitched for the business men, and had ten strike-outs to his credit. McLaughlin, for the city officials, had seven strike-outs, and Burke had three. Both St. John and Skoglund did good work behind the bat. Seven hits were secured off McLaughlin, and nine off Andrews. A feature of the game was Forvilly's stealing home and stopping the ball with his ear.

The summary follows:

City Officials	A. B.	H.	R.	E.
St. John, c.	4	1	0	0
McLaughlin, p.	4	1	2	0
Burke, lb. and p.	4	3	1	0
Olds, 2b.	4	0	0	0
Lundquist, 3b.	4	2	2	4
Andrews, ss.	4	1	1	1
Trearrow, h.	4	1	1	0
Johnson, cf.	3	0	1	0
Martin, rf.	3	0	2	0
	34	9	10	5

ISHPEMING IN BRIEF.

John O. Flack was here from Gwinn yesterday.

D. J. Blaney and F. G. Huber of Champion were in the city Sunday.

Charles Johnson is putting new sills under his business block on Cleveland avenue.

Emil Erickson of Mass, Mich., is in the city visiting his sister, Mrs. George Bradston.

R. H. Shaver and daughter, Miss Grace, went to Gwinn yesterday, to be absent a few days.

Miss Marie McEnroe of Chicago is the guest of her uncle, Captain John McEnroe, and family.

Miss Alice Shaver left Sunday night for Augustana hospital, Chicago, where she will take a course in nursing.

Mrs. R. H. Shaver and son Smith have gone to Canada, where they will visit until the latter part of August.

H. E. Stewart, commercial agent of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway company, was in the city yesterday.

The Misses Nellie and Mary Donahue and Margaret Shney arrived home Sunday from Grand Island, where they spent a week.

The funeral of the late Michael Hickey was held yesterday morning from St. John's church, and was largely attended.

John and Marie Jones of Milwaukee are in the city on a visit to their grandmother, Mrs. John Coumors, of Barnum street.

Miss Minnie McCarthy is here from Gladstone on a visit to her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Dennis McCarthy, of West Superior street.

Miss Anna Gayne departed for her home in Fond du Lac yesterday, after a ten days' visit with Mrs. Henrietta Ruez and family.

John Hickey, a former resident, has been called home from Pennsylvania on account of the death of his uncle, the late Michael Hickey.

The funeral of the late Mrs. Adolphe Ayotte, held yesterday morning from St. Joseph's church, was attended by an unusually large number of relatives and friends.

J. G. Welsh, cashier of the Peninsula bank, and his two sisters, the Misses Bridget and Margaret, left yesterday for Quebec and other points in Canada, to be absent two or three weeks.

Nicholi Volti was given a heavy fine yesterday morning in Judge Andrews' court for being drunk and disorderly and doing a "wild west" act with a 44-caliber gun on the streets Sunday evening.

A regular meeting of the Country club will be held today. The first bus will leave the home of Dr. G. G. Barnett at 2:30 and the second bus will start from the Peninsula bank building at 3:30 o'clock.

Peter E. Erickson, secretary of the Lake Umbagog company of Jackson, Mich., is here on a visit to his sister, Mrs. George Bradston, 134 Barn street. Mr. Erickson was accompanied to the city by his father-in-law, E. Ruede.

Score by innings:

City Employees	0	1	0	3	1	5	10
Business Men	1 <td>3 <td>1 <td>2 <td>1 <td>0 <td>8</td> </td></td></td></td></td>	3 <td>1 <td>2 <td>1 <td>0 <td>8</td> </td></td></td></td>	1 <td>2 <td>1 <td>0 <td>8</td> </td></td></td>	2 <td>1 <td>0 <td>8</td> </td></td>	1 <td>0 <td>8</td> </td>	0 <td>8</td>	8

Struck out by McLaughlin, 7; by Burke, 3; by Andrews, 7; hits, off McLaughlin, 5; off Burke, 2; off Andrews, 10; three-base hits, Lundquist, Carney; two-base hits, Lundquist, McLaughlin, Covann; bases on balls, off McLaughlin, Covann, Carney, Schott; off Andrews, Johnson.

PRIZES GIVEN AWAY AT THE BIJOU

In the future one or two valuable and useful prizes will be given away at the Bijou theater every Friday night. Every 10-cent ticket purchased throughout the week entitles the purchaser to a chance on these prizes. The only condition of the drawing is that the lucky ticket must be held by someone in the audience on this night. If the first number out of the box is not held by someone who is present the drawing will continue till a number is brought out that is held by someone who is in the theater at this time.

The prize to be given away next Friday is a pretty and comfortable rocking chair, purchased from Quayle's furniture store. The chair will be exhibited at the theater at each performance this week. Save your coupons, you may be the lucky one. (7-20-09)

MUNICIPAL FORESIGHT.

The city of Dueseldorf, Germany, has established a special land fund department with a credit of a million and a quarter dollars furnished by city funds. It is the business of his department to acquire land against the future needs of the city. It has power to sell and lease and it is required to pay the interest on the bonds issued on its account out of the rentals and the profits on sales. The city through this department is pretty and squarely in the real estate business. Whenever any other department of the city needs a piece of land held by the land fund, the lot is transferred and its value paid over to the fund by the department in question. Just how many European cities are showing this increasing aggressiveness in

acquiring and holding land for miscellaneous purposes I cannot say, nor can I say whether the policy has had much influence as yet upon the physical plan of the cities concerned. But if it is pursued with tolerable intelligence and honesty, there can be little doubt that in the long run it will have a marked influence in supplementing the already notable tendency of systematic city planning to bring about a reasonable, convenient, and equitable distribution of playgrounds, squares, parks, and sites for school houses and other public buildings.—Frederic Law Olmsted in the July Survey.

FOR SALE—No. 8 steel kitchen range. Cheap. R. H. Shaver, 318 Maple street. 7-20-09

FOR SALE—Cheap; one standard typewriter in good condition. Ishpeming Business College. 7-20-09

LOST—Ladies' pocketbook, between Michigan St. and Ishpeming country. Contained eye glasses and money. Reward. Return to Mrs. Nelson, 611 Michigan street. 6-16-09

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ISHPEMING THEATRE

FRIDAY, JULY 23

Return of the Famous Montana Band

...OF... Red Lodge

Entire Change of Program

25c, 35c, 50c.

Seats at Nikander's.

JULY CLEARANCE SALE NOW IN ACTION

BARGAINS IN ALL DEPARTMENTS.

JOSEPH SEIWOOD & COMPANY

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New Idea Store.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK

NEGAUNEE, MICH. UNITED STATES DEPOSITORY

Capital and Surplus - \$ 170,000.00 Total Resources - 1,392,948.68

If you are not a depositor wouldn't it be well to start now? When your money is in such a bank as this, you can always feel contented as to its safety.

Our safety deposit boxes are a source of great satisfaction to those using them for the protection of their valuable papers and jewelry.

Our savings department pays you 3 per cent interest. Our "Banking by Mail" booklet explains the advantages of the department.

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DIRECTORS: A. Maitland. Geo. J. Maas. J. H. Winter. A. B. Miner. T. C. Yates.

HANDS ACROSS THE BORDER.

Plans for Meeting of the Rulers of Two Nations.

Taft and Diaz Will Exchange Greetings on a Bridge Over the Rio Grande, So Arranged That Neither President Will Leave His Own Country—Official and Diplomatic Circles Much Interested in the Program.

Washington, July 19.—Keen interest attaches in official and diplomatic circles to the proposed meeting between President Taft of the United States of America and President Diaz of Mexico on the Rio Grande, between El Paso and Juarez, next fall.

HOW GOLD LEAF IS MADE.

Metal, Pounded for Hours by Men, is Finished by Girls.

In one of the down town business streets may be seen sticking from one of the upper windows a massive arm and hand, the hand grasping a huge hammer and the whole sign gilded. It is the sign of the gold beater's establishment, where thousands of gold sheets are turned out after having been packed by girls.

Gold leaf is packed more by the aid of the breath than by the hands. The operation of transferring a sheet of almost transparent gold leaf from one place to another is so delicate that it is possible to do it only by a light puff of the breath. It takes most girls six weeks to acquire this knack and some girls are never able to acquire it.

The gold reaches the "beaters" first in wire bars or nuggets, and has to be weighed, melted and cast into inch squares and beaten with a hammer wielded by a man. When each leaf has been beaten thin it is transferred to a mold, where it is beaten four hours more. The beating is done with a wooden hammer weighing from seven to eight pounds, on a sheepskin cushion which rests on a granite block.

After the gold has been beaten it is handed over to the girls who lift the misshapen leaf from the mold with a pair of wooden pincers, flatten it out on a sheepskin cushion by gently blowing on it, cut it to a perfect square, replace it between the leaves of a book and flatten it out with the book.

There are twenty-five leaves in a book, and a skilled girl can pack seventy books in a day, for which she gets from two and one-half to three cents a book.—New York Times.

WILL PLAY THURSDAY.

Negaunee and Ishpeming Elks' Teams to Meet at Union Park.

The members of the Negaunee and Ishpeming Elks' lodges are showing much interest in their second annual baseball game, to take place Thursday afternoon at Union Park.

Miss Elsie Zimmerman, who has been in Chicago for some time, arrived home Sunday, in response to a telegram announcing the death of her father, the late Fred Zimmerman.

The Red Lodge band of Montana gave a delightful concert last evening at McDonald's opera house.

The management of the Buffalo base ball team claims a tie score with the Marquette team in the game played Sunday at Marquette.

Oliver Johnson has finished the plans and specifications for the Scandinavian society's new block, to be erected on Grand street.

Most of the members of English Oak lodge, Sons of St. George, who attended the grand lodge convention and reunion at Ironwood last week, returned home Sunday.

The girls with the most cheek don't do the most blushing.

It is just as well to have a short acquaintance with the fellow who is always broke.

An idle rumor gains currency, which is more than an idle man is apt to do.

It requires no knowledge of botany to recognize a blooming idiot when you see practically deserted.

Negaunee Department

NEGAUNEE'S HAY CROP ONE-THIRD NORMAL

THE BEST MEADOWS ABOUT THE CITY ARE NOT AVERAGING MORE THAN A HALF TON TO THE ACRE THIS SEASON.

If the hay crop is no better in other parts of the Northwest than it is in the upper peninsula, many poor people may not be able to keep their cows through the winter, as the price will be unusually high. The farmers in and near Negaunee are greatly disappointed over the almost complete failure of their hay crop, but they expect to make up at least a part of their loss on their potatoes and other vegetables.

A Negaunee farmer, who has inspected the greater part of the hay fields in and near here, with a view to ascertaining if the other farmers are as badly off as himself, yesterday said that the best meadows will not produce more than a half ton to the acre which is about one-third the normal yield.

The shortage of the hay crop is already indicated by the recent advances in the price. The Negaunee dealers are now getting from \$10 to \$18 per ton for hay, and none of them are heavily stocked, as old hay is scarce and little of the new crop has yet come into the market.

Some new hay has been received from points in Illinois, but the Negaunee dealers are reluctant to offer, practically all of them will keep their entire output for their own use, as they now believe that they will pay higher prices than those prevailing before the winter is far advanced.

New potatoes are now bringing from \$1.75 to \$2 per bushel, but it is expected that they will be considerably cheaper within the next few weeks.

LOCAL LACONICS.

W. Haywood, former deputy game and fish warden was here yesterday from Lathrup.

John Heisel and wife, former residents, are here from Duluth on a visit to relatives.

M. T. Murphy is preparing to build an addition to his block on the corner of Iron and Tolin streets.

Mrs. George Wicklander and son Roy, are here from Chicago on a visit to her aunt, Mrs. August Olson.

C. G. Grifley, former editor of The Iron Herald, is here from Rochester, Mich., on a few days' business mission.

Mrs. F. E. Nightingale visited friends in Negaunee the past two or three days, she having accompanied her husband from Duluth.

Otto Boehme, who a short time ago gave up his position with Winter & Sues, left yesterday for Charleroi, Pa., where he is to engage in the sausage making business.

Robert G. Jackson left yesterday morning for Jackson, Mich., to attend the quarterly meeting of the board of control of the Old Fellows home, to be held today.

James McNeil, who sustained injuries by falling down stairs leading to the Braiding House basement the day following Memorial day, is able to be around again.

Miss Elsie Zimmerman, who has been in Chicago for some time, arrived home Sunday, in response to a telegram announcing the death of her father, the late Fred Zimmerman.

The Red Lodge band of Montana gave a delightful concert last evening at McDonald's opera house.

The management of the Buffalo base ball team claims a tie score with the Marquette team in the game played Sunday at Marquette.

Oliver Johnson has finished the plans and specifications for the Scandinavian society's new block, to be erected on Grand street.

Most of the members of English Oak lodge, Sons of St. George, who attended the grand lodge convention and reunion at Ironwood last week, returned home Sunday.

The girls with the most cheek don't do the most blushing.

It is just as well to have a short acquaintance with the fellow who is always broke.

An idle rumor gains currency, which is more than an idle man is apt to do.

It requires no knowledge of botany to recognize a blooming idiot when you see practically deserted.

EXTRAVAGANCE FOUND.

War Department Prepares to Put a Stop to Waste of Funds.

Due to Laxity in Discipline and Administration, Uncle Sam Is a Heavy Loser Through the Condemnation of Property That Is Still Serviceable, It Is Charged.

Washington, July 19.—According to statements made here, the inspecting officers of the army this year in their examination into military conditions at various posts have been instructed to give careful consideration to what is described as the avoidable waste of property. The records show a startling extravagance, it has been asserted, and it is desired by those in authority who are responsible for economical disbursement of the army fund to have this excess kept under better control.

Both the water and sewer extensions to the Cyr addition have been completed, and the only work remaining for the city to do is to finish up the alleys. These have been partially filled. Four new dwellings are nearing completion in the Cyr addition and work on a home for A. Bartusio, the barber, will be started today by Charles Erickson, who has the contract. It will be a story and a half house, with seven rooms, and will be provided with modern conveniences.

It is expected that the city will do some work on the streets in the addition soon after the water and sewer systems are installed.

The recommendation has been made by one inspecting officer, whose report has been received by Inspector General Gorington, that there be published each year in circular form a list of companies, troops and batteries, showing the money value of property destroyed for each organization during the year by survey and inspecting officers.

This would be a sort of advisory list, a modified form of report which shows the relative care exercised by commanding officers in protecting public property entrusted to their keeping or issued to the soldiers under their command. In this way, it is believed, the attention of commanding officers and inspectors would be called to cases where waste in government property is going on, and commanding officers would be made to feel that they are under special surveillance.

Among the officers who have been giving attention to this subject is General Thomas H. Barry, lately in command of the troops in Cuba. "It is not one of those who believe it expedient to publish an annual list showing the money value of property destroyed for each organization, its objection to this system comes mainly from the fact that it would add to the 'paper work' imposed upon commanding officers without justifiable return for the effort. He believes that great care should be exercised by inspecting officers in ascertaining the causes of waste and to identify those where the most undesirable records are made. Another possible way of controlling the situation, General Barry thinks, would be in keeping captains with their companies longer than is now the case.

Major William Lassiter of the field artillery, who is on duty with the inspector general's department, in a report on this subject says: "I have been impressed with the belief that there would be much less waste of property—especially ordnance property—if steps were taken to insure a larger measure of repairs being made by the artificers of different organizations. The claim now made is that these artificers have neither the knowledge nor the tools to do the work. I think it would be desirable to designate one of the regimental non-commissioned staff officers, a color sergeant—as master armorer of each regiment, and charge him with the duty of instructing and supervising the company artificers. A suitable kit of tools should be provided for this purpose. A corollary of such a scheme would be to assign artificers to the fact that the idea in mind of making it possible for company artificers to repair parts most likely to break. For example, the snap hooks now provided on sixteen strap and blanketroll straps should be sewn to the webbing or the leather and not bearing thereto. If a rivet were used in cloth or leather, it is generally impracticable to make repairs. I have noted many instances where a whole article of equipment was rendered useless because some minor part which should have been readily replaceable was broken."

The value of clothes especially chosen with a view to hiding defects opens up a wide field of thought, for just as there the certain cloth to be avoided by tall women, and others to be adopted by short ones, so also can obesity or scragginess be hidden by properly selected clothes.

Stout women will do well to avoid anything approaching overelaboration of design or trimming. All material having horizontal lines or big checks or civil colors must also be avoided, and it is an excellent idea to have skirts cut in long, graceful panels, if one would hide the effects of corpulence. Another precaution is to wear loose rather than tight-fitting clothes, and to wear the lines of the bodice as long as possible.

Scragginess is even easier to hide by means of properly cut dresses trimmed with a profusion of frills, ruffles, soft outlines of lace, etc.

The thin arms can be hidden by adopting elbow sleeves made into deepening arrangements of lace, rather than short, puff sleeves. In cases where the skin of the arms is red and coarse, it is an excellent plan to line all sleeves with a creamy tint of mousseline de sole over an inner lining of fine white net.

A big waist can be frequently rescued by a skillful dressmaker who avoids anything like a contrast at the waist, or by skillful folds, and careful fitting and boning reduce the appearance of a waist several inches.

The great prominence of the bust may also be hidden by well-arranged bodices made on a fitted lining and arranged so that the fullness is lost sight of. Prominent hips may be reduced and disguised by a well-cut corset and a skirt cut and designed with the idea of remedying the defect.

Round shoulders, which have not become too pronounced, may be hidden by a little careful arrangement and the skillful drapery of a flim-flam trimming.

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HERE'S A BUSINESS POINTER

Send for us when you want PLUMBERS who know their business from A to Z.

Fred J. Merten NEGAUNEE, MICH. Bell Phone, 194. County Phone, 123.

WE SOLICIT YOUR BUSINESS AND GUARANTEE PROMPT SERVICE AND SATISFACTION.

Telephone or telegraph your orders. Bell and County Phones.

NEGAUNEE GREENHOUSES

Wholesale and Retail Florists, NEGAUNEE, MICH.

LAKE SUPERIOR & ISHPeming RAILWAY CO. MUNISING RAILWAY CO. MARQUETTE & SOUTHEASTERN RAILWAY CO.

TIME TABLE. In Effect May 30th, 1909. WEEK DAYS.

TRAINS LEAVE MARQUETTE. For Pictured Lake, Buckroe, Birch, Antlers and Big Bay, 9:15 am.

TRAINS LEAVE ISHPeming. For Marquette, Harvey, Mangum, Yalmer, New Dalton, Skandia, Carlshead, Little Lake, Gwin, Princeton, Rumely, Chatham and Munising, 6:50 am.

TRAINS LEAVE MUNISING. For Chatham, Rumely, Little Lake, Gwin, Princeton, Skandia, New Dalton, Yalmer, Mangum, Carlshead, Birch and Big Bay, 6:50 am.

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TRAINS LEAVE MARQUETTE. For Chatham, Rumely, Little Lake, Gwin, Princeton, Skandia, New Dalton, Yalmer, Mangum, Carlshead, Birch and Big Bay, 6:50 am.

CHILDREN WHO ARE SICKLY

Mothers who value their own comfort and the welfare of their children, should never be without a box of Mother Gray's Sweet Powders for Children, for use throughout the season. They Break up Colds, Cure Feverishness, Constipation, Teething Disorders, Headaches, Stomach Troubles, THRESH POWDERS NEVER FAIL. Sold by all Drug Stores, 25c. Don't accept any substitute. A trial package will be sent FREE to any mother who will address Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

JOKES BY DUMAS. E

As Alexandre Dumas had dined with a state minister somebody asked him if he had enjoyed himself. He replied: "If it had not been for me I would have been bored!" Dumas was in the habit of giving 2 francs (40 cents) to a beggar whenever he met him. Once he had only 10 centimes (2 cents), which he gave. "Oh, M. Dumas!" exclaimed the beggar, reprovingly. "Give them to a beggar," Dumas replied.

CHINA'S POPULATION.

The official census of 1902 gives the population of the Chinese empire as 430,000,000, covering an area of 4,274,352 square miles, and while the vast area is sufficiently great to comfortably accommodate the population if properly distributed, many are driven on account of climatic conditions and agricultural advantages to certain sections, while the localities lacking in natural conditions that would insure an existence are practically deserted.

EVERYONE WOULD BE BENEFITED BY TAKING FOLEY'S DRUGS.

Everyone would be benefited by taking Foley's Dr. Laxative today! Sold by all Druggists.

WOULD BUY POWER FROM CITY PLANT

STREET RAILWAY COMPANY OPENS NEGOTIATIONS WITH LIGHT AND POWER COMMISSION.

SEEKS TO CUT EXPENSES

Management Believes It Cheaper to Buy Water Power Than to Operate Present Steam Plant.

A special meeting of the light and power commission was held yesterday afternoon to consider a communication from the Marquette City & Presque Isle Railway company, asking whether the commission would entertain a proposition to furnish power for the operation of the street car system, at least during a part of the day.

It is well known that the street car company is not and never has been a paying proposition, and that it is now in financial straits. During the lifetime of the late Peter White, he often furnished pecuniary relief to the company in times of financial stress, but now that he is gone, it is believed by many that some sort of a reorganization will have to take place or the company in time go out of business.

By obtaining all, or even a part of its power from the city plant, it is thought that the running expenses of the street car company could be materially reduced and that the management might at least be able to break even at the end of the year. As is known by most residents of the city, the street car plant is a steam plant, whereas the city lighting plant is operated by water power, which has proven at least 50 per cent cheaper than steam power.

Capacity at Times Insufficient. Superintendent Charles Bettelle, of the light and power commission, states that the capacity of the city lighting plant is not sufficient to supply the necessary current for the street railway company during the hours when large amounts of light and power are used, but that during the middle of the day they would probably be able to do so. This means that the present steam plant would have to be maintained by the street railway company to supplement the city power at certain hours.

However, it is believed that it would be cheaper for the railway company to buy power from the city, at such times as it can be furnished, even if the steam generating plant must also be maintained. The principal new machinery that would be needed in order to make use of the city current would be a transformer to change the current to the proper voltage. By banking the fire at the steam plant during the day, but little coal would be consumed, and at the same time it could be called into service, whenever the city was unable to furnish power.

The members of the light and power commission feel that the street railway company has placed an important problem before them, as they do not wish to do anything to jeopardize the remarkable success of the city lighting plant in recent years, and yet are anxious to help the street car company out of its difficulties if possible.

DECISIONS AFFIRMED.

General Land Office at Washington Sustains Marquette Office.

Receiver John Jones has received notice from the general land office at Washington that two of the decisions of the Marquette office have been sustained, although one was somewhat modified by the Washington officials.

In the case of Matt Mattson vs. Edmund D. Engle, involving the latter's right to land in Baraga county under the homestead laws, the Marquette office decided in favor of the cancellation of Engle's entry some months ago, on the ground that the entryman had not established a residence upon his claim. Engle made no appeal within the specified time and the entry has now been cancelled by the Washington office.

The other case involved the right of Mrs. Harriet Carey to a homestead in Delta county. Complaint was made by Special Government Agent C. T. Foraker that Mrs. Carey, who is a widow, was not living on her claim. The case was tried in Marquette several weeks ago, and a decision was rendered in favor of Mrs. Carey. The Washington office finds that Mrs. Carey established residence on her claim in November, 1907, on which she made entry in April, 1908. As she did not establish residence until two years after making entry, it is ordered that she must make commutation proof by paying \$1.25 an acre for her claim.

TURKISH BATHS AND CHIROPODY.

Facial Treatment.

Miss Hollie Oster, Werner block, removes superfluous hair, moles and warts by electric needle. Ladies' and gentlemen's manicuring. Bel. phone 61. (7-16-11)

JULY CLEARING SALE AT THE BEE HIVE.

We are now making big reductions on everything, particularly our summer goods, such as ladies' wash suits, shirt waists, belts, oxfords, etc. L. Getz, Prop., 220-222 S. Front St., Marquette, Mich. (5-19-11)

DRY HARDWOOD.

Two dollars per cord in two-cord lots. (2-13-11) F. B. SPEAR & SONS.

Now is the time to order your awnings. We make awnings of all descriptions, also anything in canvas work. 3-13-11 KELLY HARDWARE CO.

NOT DISPOSED OF.

Question as to Jurisdiction in Cases of Youthful Car Breakers.

Thomas Musolf, aged sixteen, and Joseph Ellis, perhaps a year younger, who are charged with having broken a car seal at the Upper Peninsula Brewery with the evident intent of stealing beer from the car last Friday night, were brought before Justice Byrne yesterday afternoon, and with them six other boys who admit having been implicated in similar escapades. The owners of the brewery have been annoyed for some time by a gang of boys who broke into loaded cars and stole therefrom small quantities of beer. A watch was set last Friday night with the result that two of them, Musolf and Ellis, were caught. The boys confessed and implicated six others, who, it is alleged, had been parties to former thefts of beer from the cars.

It appeared from the stories told by the boys to Justice Byrne yesterday that Musolf was the boy who usually broke into the cars, and that others helped him dispose of the goods. As the justice was not certain just what course to pursue, the cases were held over until the latter part of next month.

At that time the juvenile court, authorized by the last legislature, over which Probate Judge Potter will preside, will be in existence, and the boys will likely be taken before him. The only thing Justice Byrne could do would be to bind them over to circuit court, and by the time of the September term, that court would have no jurisdiction, as the two boys are under seventeen years of age. However, the boys did not get away until they had been soundly lectured on the error of their ways by the justice.

BODY OF MAN FOUND UNDER SPEAR'S DOCK

BOYS FISHING YESTERDAY AFTERNOON MADE GREUSOME DISCOVERY—REMAINS IDENTIFIED.

While fishing off Spear's merchandise dock yesterday afternoon four Marquette boys, James Clune, Joseph Pelletier, James Lane and Frank Johnson, made a greusome find. The boys had gone down the lowered track on the south side of Spear's warehouse, and when near the east end started to crawl through the south dock between the bulkheads, but were greatly frightened to see something that resembled a man lying face downward under the dock with his head, feet and shoulders submerged in a pool of water. This was between 3 and 4 o'clock.

The boys ran to Wm. Ross, who has charge of Spear's warehouse, who at once saw that the form was that of a corpse. Coroner Cray was notified and the body was gotten out into the open. It was found to be badly decomposed, probably having been under the dock for two or three weeks.

Further investigation disclosed the remains of a man about forty years of age, and papers in his pockets showed his name to be Thomas Nolan, and that he had been in the employ of the Northern Lumber company at Birch. The features were so distorted and discolored as to make recognition almost impossible. No money was found on his person, the contents of his pockets being an empty whisky bottle, a time book, a Northern Lumber company credit check book, a St. Mary's hospital ticket, a business letter from M. F. Goldberg, of this city, written last March, and a cheap gold watch.

It seems altogether probable that the empty whisky bottle reveals the secret of Nolan's death. The supposition is that he crawled under the dock, while intoxicated, perhaps to sleep, and in moving about had fallen into the pool of water and was too drunk to extricate himself from his predicament. The position in which the body was found makes it improbable that he was washed in from the lake.

Nolan was seen in this city two or three weeks ago, probably the last time by Charles Wickstrom, who is employed by Pickands & Co. Wickstrom states that he saw Nolan coming out of the Queen City hotel very drunk two or three weeks ago. A front street barber reports having shaved him about that time, although he was sober on that day. Others say that Nolan has been employed at Stewart's livery barn in times past.

A coroner's jury was impaneled shortly after the body had been discovered, who viewed the corpse at Tomella & Johnson's undertaking rooms and looked over the place where he had been found. A formal session will be held in Justice Cray's office this morning, where it is altogether probable that a verdict of accidental death by drowning will be returned.

THEATRICAL.

"The Burgomaster." A good-sized crowd witnessed the production of "The Burgomaster" at the opera house last evening, played by a very fair cast headed by Harry Hermanson. Decidedly the best feature of the production was the singing, there being some excellent voices among the soloists and in the chorus as well. The musical comedy proved to be a roaring farce from beginning to end, although at times it was rather more nonsensical than funny. The staging, scenic and electrical effects were pleasing and adequate.

Harry Hermanson, the Burgomaster, was a success in the part, being extraordinarily funny at times and possessed of a good voice. Next in order should be mentioned Katharine Lockhart, who was cast in the role of Willie Astorhill. Miss Lockhart is gifted with a remarkably sweet soprano voice which she used to special advantage in "I Wish I Had a Girl," "The Tale of the Kangaroo," and "Cupid Does Not Marry." In the last act, the Lockhart sisters, Misses Euphonia and Etta, performed a splendidly executed dancing number. Robert W. Albright and Marie Grandpre were other soloists who acquitted themselves creditably. Of the comedy parts, those taken by Leo Kendall, Fred W. Bailey and Marion Mack are worthy of favorable mention. George McKissock was especially good in the role of Indian Chief Blue Feather.

Drink Vandenberg's buttermilk—it aids digestion and improves the health. (7-2-11)

COMMERCIAL CLUB JOINS W. F. T. ASS'N

MEMBERS GREATLY INTERESTED IN SECRETARY LARISH'S DISCUSSION OF FREIGHT RATES AND THEIR MAKING.

At the meeting of the Queen City Commercial club held yesterday forenoon, it was unanimously voted by those present that the organization become a member of the Western Freight Traffic association, such action being taken after F. A. Larish, secretary of the association, had thoroughly explained the work done by the organization and the benefits that might be expected to accrue to Marquette from membership in it.

No charge is made the Commercial club for joining the Western Freight Traffic association, other than that the members give their moral support to work of the association. In return for that moral support, the association agrees to study the freight conditions of Marquette as compared with other cities having about the same geographical and natural advantages, and if Marquette is not getting justice from the railroads in the matter of freight rates, to report the same to the Commercial club and to assist the club in any fight that may be made to have the unjust freight tariffs rectified.

Mr. Larish spoke before the club for over an hour and explained in detail the history of the association, its objects and what it had accomplished in lower freight rates for the cities of eastern Wisconsin. He gave much interesting information regarding the way the railroads make up their freight tariffs and showed how discriminations of ten occur in spite of the earnest efforts of the railroads to avoid them. Members of the Commercial club informed Mr. Larish that they were paying \$1.15 per hundred on first class shipments from New York to Marquette, and the latter informed them, after consulting his rate sheets, that the preferential first class rate should be \$1.09, but that freight could be shipped in a more round-about way from New York for 8.65 per hundred.

Another interesting point brought out was that the freight rates from Marquette to Ontonagon are higher than the rates from Chicago to Ontonagon, which injustice, in Mr. Larish's opinion, could be rectified by making an appeal to the railroads interested through the association, membership in which would give the club a last resort, by presenting the matter to the interstate commerce commission.

Mr. Larish will spend the next week or more in the city, during which time he will visit the merchants, manufacturers and shippers to induce them to join the association, membership virtually meaning that the shipper will turn over the management of his railroad business, including routing, rating and classification of shipments, both incoming and outgoing, to the association, for which service the association, of course, will exact a reasonable charge.

Be wise and have a glass of good "Sallada" Tea when you feel warm. A small piece of lemon will add to its flavor.

SOO CANAL PASSAGES.

Boats Locked Through, Bound for Ports on Lake Superior.

Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., July 19.—The boats whose names are here appended have passed the canals the last twenty-four hours, bound for ports on Lake Superior: Kensington, Roman 11 p. m.; Dismal, midnight; Grinco, 10 a. m.; Thomas Horton, 2:29; Aquatic, 3:30; Fitzgerald (large), 5; Wilpou 5:30; Philip Misch, Stanton, 6:30; Perkins, 7; Hebard, 8; Pontiac, Dunn, Mackay, 9; Monroe, Smith, 9:30; Rochester, 10:29; Crete, 11; Vanilise, 11:30; Marcella, South, 12:01; Arctic, 12:01; Warner, Thompson, W. W. Beau, Gratwick (small), 2; Sierra, 2:00; Jones, 3:20; Mary Boyce, Mariska, Stenberger, Portage, Burns, 4; Sultiva, 4:30; Midland King, 5; Morgan, Dickcirkle, 5:30; 5:30; North-west, Hoover, Kerr (small), 7; Ward, Ames, 8; Arvick, 8:30; McDougal, Bell, 9; Waddo, 9:30.

NOTICE.

To the property owners, taxpayers and other persons interested in the following proposed improvement, to-wit: For the grading, curbing and macadamizing of Ohio street, from the east line of Spruce street to a point 400 feet east thereof, together with estimate of the expense of making said improvement and profile of the work to be done and district to be improved, and assessed to pay the cost thereof, are now in the office of the city controller for public examination.

The district to be assessed to pay for said improvement comprises all the property abutting on said portion of Ohio street on both sides thereof.

The common council of the city of Marquette will meet on Monday, the 20th day of August, 1909, at 8 o'clock p. m., at the council chamber in the city hall, and consider any objections to said proposed improvement, and the district assessment roll prepared therefor, and for the confirmation of said roll.

Dated, Marquette, Mich., July 19th, 1909.

DANIEL S. DONOVAN, Recorder of the City of Marquette. (7-20-11)

GO TO DUQUETTE'S

1000 North Third street, for staple and fancy groceries, candies, fruit, sweet cream, milk and ice cream. Everything the best, and fresh. Remember Duquette's when you want things good. (6-17-11)

Brocton Port and Brandy and Chase's Kentucky Whiskey are pure goods, and sold always by The Stafford Drug Co. (5-7-11)

Eli Couvion, the trucker, is taking up the work of Mr. Orchard to remove garbage. If you will give me a trial, call me up. Bell phone, 458-7. 6-7-11

Many people with chronic throat and lung trouble have found comfort and relief in Foley's Honey and Tar, as it cures stubborn coughs after other treatment has failed. L. M. Ruggles, Reoson, Iowa, writes: "The doctors said I had consumption, and I got no better until I took Foley's Honey and Tar. It stopped the hemorrhages and pain in my lungs and they are now as sound as a bullet." Sold by all Druggists.

A WHIRL IN NECKWEAR

Have you seen those new four-in-hand Ties? Choice patterns and colors, in the popular widths, 50c quality silks, which we offer for 35c or three for \$1.00

Holeproof Hosiery

Another shipment received of the celebrated Holeproof Hosiery, in black and colors. Men's med. weight, sizes 9 to 12; 6 pairs for... \$1.50 Men's Luster, 6 pairs for... \$3.00 Ladies' med. weight, sizes 8 1/2 to 10, 6 pairs for... \$2.00 Ladies' Luster lightweight, 8 1/2 to 10, 6 pairs for... \$3

Can furnish smaller and larger sizes and outsize on special order.

ORMSBEE & ATKINS

Nester Block. Washington St.

CANDIES

New line of high-grade Chocolates and Bon Bons

Chocolate Walnut Fudge. Chocolate Cream Patties. Chocolate Peanuts. Chocolate Maplettes. Chocolate Almonds. Chocolate Caramel Creams. White Cherries Maraschino. (Chocolate Dipped) Chocolate Creams and Bon Bons. These candies have just come in. They are delicious and fresh, at

BIGELOW'S

7-10

BIJOU

(The House of Features) "In the Bad Lands" (A great Western picture staged in Dakota.)

"The Crazy Barber" "Who Has My Sky Piece?"

Matinee 2:30 to 5. Evening 7 to 10 Adults, 10c; Children, 5c. 8-2-11

About Spices

When a druggist buys spices he has a chance to exercise his judgment and conscience. Spices are commonly inferior and there are often four or five grades. They are among the little things a druggist handles, but this is a store that looks after little things and we allow no spices to come here that are not exactly what they should be. It will pay you to come here for them, for we guarantee the strength and reliability of those we sell.

Desjardins' Pharmacy, 417 North 3rd Street.



THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK

MARQUETTE, MICH. UNITED STATES DEPOSITORY CAPITAL, SURPLUS AND PROFITS - - - - - \$250,000.00

Send for our Booklet, MODERN BANKING, which fully explains how our system of Banking by Mail is made both safe and convenient.

Marquette County Savings Bank

SAVINGS BANK BUILDING, MARQUETTE.



Special attention to BANKING BY MAIL. Send a postal for booklet.

You Will Enjoy Your Vacation More

If, before going away, you stop at the First National Bank and deposit a few dollars to your credit. It will give you great pleasure and comfort to know that you are providing for future happiness, as well as for the present, by putting your money where it will accumulate at interest.

3 Per Cent Paid on Savings Accounts and Time Certificates.

THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK MARQUETTE, MICH. UNITED STATES DEPOSITORY

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HOUGHTON, MICH. IRON, BRASS, STEEL AND ALUMINUM CASTINGS

Automobile Repairs of all kinds. Vulcanizing done on short notice. Full line of Automobile Supplies carried in stock.

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Marble is entirely out of date. Granite soon gets moss-grown, discolored, requires constant expense and care, and eventually crumbles back to Mother Earth. Besides, it is very expensive. WHITE BRONZE is strictly everlasting. It cannot crumble with the action of frost. Moss growth is an impossibility. It is more artistic than any stone. Then why not investigate it? It has been adopted for over one hundred public monuments, and by thousands of delighted customers in all parts of the country. It has been on the market over 25 years and is an established success. Many granite dealers have bought White Irons for their own burial plots. I have hundreds of beautiful designs of all grades of work, and want to have you see them if you are interested in a monument, headstone, marker or grave cover. On receipt of a postal card will be pleased to call with designs and samples of White Bronze.

Geo. E. French, MARQUETTE, MICH. Agent for the Monumental Bronze Co., of Bridgeport, Conn. GENERAL TEAM WORK.

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Along with the better grade of Malt and Hops. A trial order will convince you. Your doctor will tell you that it is health-giving. U. P. BREWING CO. MARQUETTE, MICHIGAN.

To The Northwestern Collection Agency

Marquette, Mich. (Extract from letter received lately.) IONIA, MICH., JUNE 3rd, '09.

Received your check this morning. Many thanks. Account was sent you on the 26th, and in less than one week, same is settled. Am enclosing others for your consideration.

John W. Green, M. D.