

A TOOTH BRUSH



We defy the Cold

Frost King

The Stafford Drug Co.,
MARQUETTE, MICH.
SEND US YOUR ORDERS.

THE PIANOLA

.....WITH.....

CONKLIN'S MUFFLER ATTACHMENT

Is the greatest PIANO PLAYER of the age. This combination can be purchased only from

CONKLIN'S.

MILLS. Eagle Mills, Michigan. YARDS AND PLANING MILLS. Marquette, Michigan. Ishpeming, Michigan.

F. W. READ & CO.,

(INCORPORATED.)

BILL TIMBER. SHINGLES. LATH. SASH. DOORS. MOULDINGS, ETC.

INTERIOR FINISH.

General Office, Marquette, Mich.

LUMBER,

General Office, Marquette, Mich.

TURKISH BATHS.

FOR LADIES AND GENTLEMEN.

Universally recommended for Rheumatism, Lumbago, Paralysis, poor circulation and colds, and all skin diseases.

HOME MASSAGE A SPECIALTY.

Frank Keough, Masseur. **St. Lukes' Hospital,** MARQUETTE, MICH.

TONELLA & JOHNSON,

Funeral Directors and Practical Embalmers.

307 SOUTH FRONT STREET.

Night Call: C. TONELLA'S RESIDENCE.



IN STOCK AND FOR SALE AT

M. R. MANHARD'S HARDWARE STORE.

RICH OLD WINE

WINE THAT MAKES BLOOD.

We want to stimulate business. For a limited time we will sell

Superior Old Port, in quarts, 50c.
Sherry, rich and old, in quarts, 50c.
Angolica Wine, in quarts, 50c.
Muscatel Wine, in quarts, 50c.

CREAM RYE, HUNESTAD RYE, LIQUORS FOR MEDICAL PURPOSES ONLY.

S. B. Jones, Mgr. **THE PEOPLE'S DRUG STORE,**
S. W. Cor. Front and Washington Streets, Marquette, Mich.

..CALL AT..

D. Murray's

For Your

GROCERIES.

Order your goods early and they will receive prompt delivery

D. Murray,
Both 'Phones. 114 S. Front St.

FRESH FISH AND LIVE LOBSTERS,

Fresh Vegetables, AT DELF'S GROCERY.



SPICE

WHEN YOU WANT a complete line of spices on hand we have a complete assortment of SPICES, EXTRACTS, ETC., that are absolutely fresh, at prices that will prove very satisfactory. You can find here, too, all other things necessary to insure perfect success in cooking.

F. WERNER & SON.

COAL!

ANTHRACITE, BITUMINOUS, SMITHING, CANNEL.

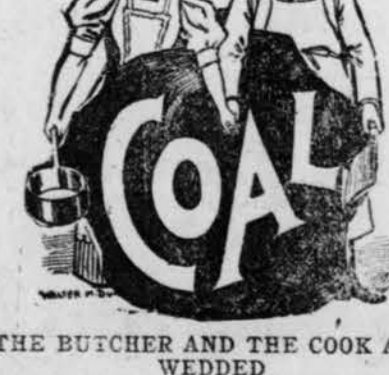
The Best Grades Only. Wholesale and Retail.

F. B. Spear & Sons.

Instead of Looking Up That Train

CALL LONG DISTANCE AND Do Your Business BY TELEPHONE.

Michigan Telephone Company



COAL

THE BUTCHER AND THE COOK ARE WEDDED

Jas. Pickands & Co.

THIRTEEN ARE DEAD

TERRIBLE RESULT OF EXPLOSION OF GAS IN CHICAGO.

ENTIRE FAMILY IS WIPED OUT

FLAMES SHOOT FROM MANHOLES AND ATTACK BUILDINGS.

Chicago, Feb. 5.—Thirteen lives were lost, many people were slightly injured, two buildings at 372 and 374 Twenty-second street were wrecked and \$50,000 worth of property destroyed by an explosion of gas tonight at the intersection of Twenty-second street and Archer avenue.

The dead:

OTTO TROSTEL, butcher, aged 35.
MRS. OTTO TROSTEL, Jt., 2.
LENA TROSTEL, 7.
ANNIE TROSTEL, 9.
MAMIE TROSTEL, 11.
FRED TROSTEL, butcher, nephew of Otto Trostel, 23.
SOPHIE KNEIPPE, domestic in the Trostel family.
MARY ROSTHAL, 32.
MRS. M. KAUFERT.
EDWARD KAUFERT, 14.
MAMIE KAUFERT, 4.
ANDREW KOLB.

List of the Injured.

The injured:

Lucy Merranosky, cut on head and face by glass; Andrew Finstaki, cut and internal injuries; Augustus Rosler, cut about face; Sing Wah, blown through window, cut and bruised; Nellie Merchant, cut by glass; Kate Sawyer, cut on face and head; Emma Foltz, cut by glass; Mrs. J. W. McLeod, cut and badly bruised; Timothy Moynihan, fireman, hands badly burned; P. E. Donohue, fireman, left arm cut with axe; Peter Damsund, cut by glass; J. P. Collins, street car conductor, blown through car from end to end and slight internal injuries; A. Barnes, street car conductor, blown from car into street, badly bruised.

The list of the injured might be extended to seventy-five or one hundred, as many in the neighborhood sustained slight injuries from flying glass or slight bruises caused by falls, but whose names have not been reported.

No Trace of Twelve.

Only one of the bodies of the dead, that of little Lena Trostel, has been recovered. All that is known of the fate of the other twelve reported dead is that they are thought to have been, most of them known to have been, in the demolished houses, and since the explosion no trace of them has been found.

The cause of the explosion is unknown and it has not yet been determined whether it was sewer or illuminating gas. The mains filled with the latter were instantly ablaze after the explosion and a succession of explosions followed, the flames shooting up through the manholes in the street. It will be difficult to ascertain whether illuminating gas exploded or whether the mains were broken by the explosion of sewer gas.

Manhole Thrown Into Air.

A manhole, half a block south of Archer avenue, was blown into the air. The flames leaped and roared from the hole. The fire spread below the street and smaller manholes were blown into the air.

The flames from the first gas main shot high into the air and reached, with the aid of the wind, the butcher shop. The building, a three-story frame structure, had been weakened and nearly wrecked by the shock. It is supposed the occupants were knocked unconscious or were too panic stricken to rush from the place. The dry, rotting wood was food for the fire, and in an instant the flames had enveloped the structure. The building collapsed and the occupants, with one exception, were carried with it to the basement.

Fire Wall Checks Flames.

The adjoining building, a two-story structure, flared up, the next building was wrapped in flames, and then another caught. It seemed as though the whole block would be wiped out. The fire wall of a brick building at Archer avenue and Twenty-second street held the fire in that direction, while on the west a vacant space gave the firemen an opportunity for heading off the fire.

Window glass throughout the neighborhood was broken and glassware in dwellings and stores was thrown down and broken.

Many persons in buildings near by were knocked down. Scores of men and women, many carrying children, rushed to the streets. They were greeted by a glare of fire from the manholes. Fearing further explosions, people rushed down the street, many women screaming with fear.

Street Car Windows Smashed.

Street car windows were smashed and the passengers were severely shaken up. The sight of the flames gushing from the ground caused a panic in the cars and a number of persons were bruised and knocked down in their excited exit. One car filled with passengers was thrown from the tracks.

Among the dead are supposed to be the children of the Trostel family, whose bodies have not yet been recovered. It is not known positively that they were in the house at the time, but

DEADLOCK STILL EXISTS.

Miners and Operators Are Unable to Agree Upon a Scale.

Indianapolis, Feb. 5.—The labor of solving the scale problem between the mine operators and the United Mine Workers was taken from the joint scale committee today and turned over to a sub-committee with instructions to enter an appeal on the consideration of the scale propositions submitted by the miners and report at the earliest possible moment to the general committee which will then call the joint conference together to act upon the report.

The sub-committee adjourned at midnight after being in session four hours, but no agreement was reached. Many of the delegates are getting anxious to start back home and some of them are insisting that some kind of an agreement be reached by Saturday.

Boer Delegates Appreciate Efforts Made Toward Peace.

The Hague, Thursday, Feb. 6.—As the outcome of a conference the Boer delegates have issued a communication thanking the Dutch government for its efforts toward bringing about peace in South Africa, and denying the British statement that they have had no instructions from South Africa since March, 1900. It is understood the Boer delegates, with Dr. Leyds, the European representative of the Transvaal, will have another conference with Kruger today.

CONFIRMATIONS OF SENATE.

Washington, Feb. 5.—The senate today confirmed the following:

George A. Farr, collector of customs, district of Michigan; surveyor of customs, Robert Calvert, LaCrosse, Wis.

WOULD ANNEX CUBA

REPRESENTATIVE NEWLANDS' PLAN REGARDING ISLAND.

INTRODUCES A JOINT RESOLUTION

IDEA TO MAKE REPUBLIC A PART OF THE UNITED STATES.

Advices Territorial Form of Government First, With a Delegate in Congress to Represent the People, and Ultimate Statehood.

Washington, Feb. 5.—Representative Newlands of Nevada, of the ways and means committee, who was the author of the resolution annexing Hawaii, today introduced a joint resolution inviting the republic of Cuba to become a part of the United States, first as a territory and then as a state of the union, to be called the state of Cuba; also authorizing a twenty-five per cent reduction in the duty on the present crop of Cuban sugar in consideration of Cuba's granting preferential rates to the United States. The resolutions confine the twenty-five per cent reduction to the period prior to Jan. 1, 1903. The provision as to annexation is as follows:

"That, in the meantime, the republic of Cuba is invited to become a part of the United States of America, and her people to become citizens of the United States with the assurance that Cuba be entitled at first to a territorial form of government under the constitution and laws of the United States, with a delegate in congress to represent her people, and ultimate statehood be granted when, in his judgment of congress it is advisable to admit Cuba, including such islands of the West India islands belonging to the United States as may be deemed advisable, as a single state in the union, to be called the state of Cuba."

SIoux MAKE OBJECTIONS.

Do Not Want Lands on Standing Rock Reservation Leased.

Washington, Feb. 5.—Secretary Hitchcock and Commissioner of Indian Affairs Jones today were served with papers directing them to appear in the supreme court of the District of Columbia on the thirteenth instant to show cause why they should not be enjoined from approving the lease to William I. Walker of 400,000 acres of pasture land on the Standing Rock Indian Reservation in South Dakota. The matter was brought before the court by attorneys for the Sioux Indians.

NEW TARIFF SCHEDULE.

Pere Marquette Places Milwaukee on Same Footing as Chicago.

Milwaukee, Feb. 5.—The Pere Marquette railroad has issued a tariff schedule placing Milwaukee on the same footing as Chicago in regard to freight rates to Michigan points, ignoring the differential agreement. The rate across the lake has been the same from Milwaukee to points east of Buffalo and Pittsburg as the rate out of Chicago, but there was discrimination as to points in Michigan. Now they will be equalized.

THREE BURN TO DEATH.

Waterloo, Ia., Feb. 5.—Mrs. Ed. Bushner and two children were burned to death in their home last night in a fire caused by the overturning of a lamp. Another child was fatally burned and three others were seriously injured.

WIFE MURDERER SENTENCED.

Merritt Chism, of Bloomington, Ill., Given Seventeen Years in Penitentiary.

Bloomington, Ill., Feb. 5.—Merritt Chism, who was today convicted of murdering his wife and was sentenced to seventeen years in the penitentiary, is reputed to be worth \$250,000.

The couple had quarreled early on Sunday morning, May 12, 1901. Later, while Mrs. Chism and some of the children were in a buggy about to start for church, the quarrel was renewed. Chism stabbed his wife a dozen times. A son ran to the assistance of his mother with a bat, which Chism took from him and stabbed the boy. He again attacked his wife, pounding her head with the bat until she was unrecognizable. He attempted to suicide by jumping into a well, but failing, came to Bloomington and gave himself up.

GERMAN YACHT ON THE WAY.

Hohenzollern Arrives at St. Thomas, D. W. I., and Will Leave There Today.

St. Thomas, D. W. I., Feb. 5.—The German imperial yacht Hohenzollern arrived here this morning. She will leave here Thursday and leave Saturday for Bermuda, where she expects to arrive after a run of two and one-half days. At Bermuda the yacht will coal and remain a day and a half and then sail for New York.

GET AWAY WITH CASH.

Robbers Blow Open Safe at Fort Smith, Ark., and Secure \$6,000.

Fort Smith, Ark., Feb. 5.—At Clarksville early this morning robbers blew open the safe of the bank with dynamite, secured \$6,000, killed Sheriff John Powers who attempted to capture them, and escaped.

IRISH QUESTION IS ALSO TOUCHED UPON.

Premier Makes Flippant Speech at Dinner Following Unveiling of Statue of the Late Queen at a London Club.

London, Feb. 5.—Lord Salisbury unveiled a life-sized marble statue of the late Queen Victoria at the Junior Constitutional club tonight.

In speaking at the dinner afterwards the premier referred to the recent Dutch note in a tone, for him, of unusual flippancy. He said he was unable to imagine the object of the Dutch government or what they had to gain by the step.

"Any peace which recognizes fully the rights of a sovereign, and gives us security for an empire, we should accept not only with willingness, but with delight," said Salisbury. The only result that can compensate for the sacrifice of blood and treasure is that, for the future, there shall be security in that part of the empire upon which the ambition of Kruger has poured this abundance of sorrow and desolation."

branching off to the Irish question, Salisbury said: "The maintenance of our position in Ireland is the most vital object the empire has, and it can only be attained by strenuous exertions. An Irish government with power to accumulate arms and ammunition would constitute a more serious threat than have the Boer."

Concluding he said the duty of the unionists was to maintain a permanent junction between England and Ireland, and it was by sustaining this junction that they would maintain the greatness of the constitution and the splendor of the British empire.

INDEPENDENCE NEVER DEMANDED.

Commenting on ex-Senator Chandler's article reviewing the diplomat's incidents preceding the Spanish war, General Woodford, ex-minister to Spain, said the independence of Cuba was never demanded. If he had made such a demand he would have been ordered sooner than it came.

The only suggestion along that line was from the president and was intended for Woodford's guidance. He answered that independence was impossible without the prior action of the courts, which did not meet for a month.

Thereafter his instructions looked to an armistice. Purchase was never suggested by the administration, but on his own motion he sounded one or two in Madrid and found that as impracticable as independence.

REFUSED ABSOLUTE PARDONS.

James and Cole Younger Must Remain in Minnesota.

St. Paul, Feb. 5.—The state board of pardons late this afternoon refused to grant the petition for the absolute pardon of James and Cole Younger, and the two noted convicts will have to remain in prison or parole but limited to the state borders.

UTICA CURLERS CHAMPIONS.

Utica, N. Y., Feb. 5.—Utica today won the curling contests for the Gordon medal, which carries with it the championship of the United States.

THAT SPANISH NOTE

CIRCULAR TELEGRAM ISSUED PREVIOUS TO THE WAR.

DISPATCHES ARE NOW MADE PUBLIC

PEACEFUL SETTLEMENT WITH UNITED STATES WAS DESIRED.

Protest Made Against Presentation to Congress of Report of Maine Commission Before Communicating It to Spanish Government.

New York, Feb. 5.—The Associated Press has been put in possession of the dispatches comprising Spain's circular telegram to her representatives abroad and excerpts from the replies of the powers.

The Spanish note, dated March 25, 1898, protests against the presentation of the report of the Maine commission to congress before communicating it to the Spanish government or having the Spanish report communicated to the United States. The Spanish representative to communicate the facts to the government to which he is accredited, and to request its friendly offices to induce the president of the United States to maintain within the jurisdiction of the executive everything bearing on the subject of the differences with Spain in order to bring them to an honorable settlement.

Arbitration of Powers Asked.

She then asks, if this end is not attained, arbitration of the powers for a settlement of the difficulties. "But only for her own sake, but also for the consequences which war, once begun, might have for the other countries of Europe and America."

The Spanish minister at Paris reports having presented the case to the minister of foreign affairs, urging Franco to address England "in view of the traditions of international politics regarding Cuba from the beginning of the century, and proposing that both nations act in common with a view to peace.

The minister of foreign affairs accepted this and asked me to give him time to think about the matter to a council of the ministers."

From Rome, Spain's minister reports that Cardinal Rampolla "approves the answer which you intend to give to the American government; praises the calmness and moderation of our government, and recommends that we endeavor to induce the European cabinets to use their influence in Washington to avoid war. He is convinced that France, with its form of government, cannot inspire suspicions to the United States, and is animated by the most friendly sentiments toward Spain."

Considered by British.

The minister at London says Balfour, the under secretary of foreign affairs, had taken into consideration the peaceful purposes of the Spanish government, and that the British cabinet regretted any incident that would unnecessarily disturb the relations between Spain and the United States; also that the British ambassador at Washington had been directed, if he found the opportunity, to inform the secretary of state of Spain's conciliatory attitude.

Austria is represented as considering the "maintenance of peace to be one of the most important questions of Europe today, and that diplomatic action should be principally based thereon."

On March 27, 1898, the Russian minister of foreign affairs expressed great sympathy for Spain and enthusiasm for the queen, and assured the Spanish minister that the emperor was animated by friendly sentiments.

Italy is quoted as approving the position of France and that "the Italian government, being animated by the most friendly sentiments toward the queen regent and the Spanish nation, will immediately act in the direction indicated."

CRUGER IS BLAMEDREPRESENTATIVE NEWLANDS' PLAN REGARDING ISLAND.INTRODUCES A JOINT RESOLUTIONIDEA TO MAKE REPUBLIC A PART OF THE UNITED STATES. Advices Territorial Form of Government First, With a Delegate in Congress to Represent the People, and Ultimate Statehood. Washington, Feb. 5.—Representative Newlands of Nevada, of the ways and means committee, who was the author of the resolution annexing Hawaii, today introduced a joint resolution inviting the republic of Cuba to become a part of the United States, first as a territory and then as a state of the union, to be called the state of Cuba; also authorizing a twenty-five per cent reduction in the duty on the present crop of Cuban sugar in consideration of Cuba's granting preferential rates to the United States. The resolutions confine the twenty-five per cent reduction to the period prior to Jan. 1, 1903. The provision as to annexation is as follows: "That, in the meantime, the republic of Cuba is invited to become a part of the United States of America, and her people to become citizens of the United States with the assurance that Cuba be entitled at first to a territorial form of government under the constitution and laws of the United States, with a delegate in congress to represent her people, and ultimate statehood be granted when, in his judgment of congress it is advisable to admit Cuba, including such islands of the West India islands belonging to the United States as may be deemed advisable, as a single state in the union, to be called the state of Cuba." SIoux MAKE OBJECTIONS. Do Not Want Lands on Standing Rock Reservation Leased. Washington, Feb. 5.—Secretary Hitchcock and Commissioner of Indian Affairs Jones today were served with papers directing them to appear in the supreme court of the District of Columbia on the thirteenth instant to show cause why they should not be enjoined from approving the lease to William I. Walker of 400,000 acres of pasture land on the Standing Rock Indian Reservation in South Dakota. The matter was brought before the court by attorneys for the Sioux Indians. NEW TARIFF SCHEDULE. Pere Marquette Places Milwaukee on Same Footing as Chicago. Milwaukee, Feb. 5.—The Pere Marquette railroad has issued a tariff schedule placing Milwaukee on the same footing as Chicago in regard to freight rates to Michigan points, ignoring the differential agreement. The rate across the lake has been the same from Milwaukee to points east of Buffalo and Pittsburg as the rate out of Chicago, but there was discrimination as to points in Michigan. Now they will be equalized. THREE BURN TO DEATH. Waterloo, Ia., Feb. 5.—Mrs. Ed. Bushner and two children were burned to death in their home last night in a fire caused by the overturning of a lamp. Another child was fatally burned and three others were seriously injured.

CRUGER IS BLAMED

REPRESENTATIVE NEWLANDS' PLAN REGARDING ISLAND.

INTRODUCES A JOINT RESOLUTION

IDEA TO MAKE REPUBLIC A PART OF THE UNITED STATES.

Advices Territorial Form of Government First, With a Delegate in Congress to Represent the People, and Ultimate Statehood.

Washington, Feb. 5.—Representative Newlands of Nevada, of the ways and means committee, who was the author of the resolution annexing Hawaii, today introduced a joint resolution inviting the republic of Cuba to become a part of the United States, first as a territory and then as a state of the union, to be called the state of Cuba; also authorizing a twenty-five per cent reduction in the duty on the present crop of Cuban sugar in consideration of Cuba's granting preferential rates to the United States. The resolutions confine the twenty-five per cent reduction to the period prior to Jan. 1, 1903. The provision as to annexation is as follows:

"That, in the meantime, the republic of Cuba is invited to become a part of the United States of America, and her people to become citizens of the United States with the assurance that Cuba be entitled at first to a territorial form of government under the constitution and laws of the United States, with a delegate in congress to represent her people, and ultimate statehood be granted when, in his judgment of congress it is advisable to admit Cuba, including such islands of the West India islands belonging to the United States as may be deemed advisable, as a single state in the union, to be called the state of Cuba."

SIoux MAKE OBJECTIONS.

Do Not Want Lands on Standing Rock Reservation Leased.

Washington, Feb. 5.—Secretary Hitchcock and Commissioner of Indian Affairs Jones today were served with papers directing them to appear in the supreme court of the District of Columbia on the thirteenth instant to show cause why they should not be enjoined from approving the lease to William I. Walker of 400,000 acres of pasture land on the Standing Rock Indian Reservation in South Dakota. The matter was brought before the court by attorneys for the Sioux Indians.

NEW TARIFF SCHEDULE.

Pere Marquette Places Milwaukee on Same Footing as Chicago.

Milwaukee, Feb. 5.—The Pere Marquette railroad has issued a tariff schedule placing Milwaukee on the same footing as Chicago in regard to freight rates to Michigan points, ignoring the differential agreement. The rate across the lake has been the same from Milwaukee to points east of Buffalo and Pittsburg as the rate out of Chicago, but there was discrimination as to points in Michigan. Now they will be equalized.

THREE BURN TO DEATH.

Waterloo, Ia., Feb. 5.—Mrs. Ed. Bushner and two children were burned to death in their home last night in a fire caused by the overturning of a lamp. Another child was fatally burned and three others were seriously injured.

THREE BURN TO DEATH.

Waterloo, Ia., Feb. 5.—Mrs. Ed. Bushner and two children were burned to death in their home last night in a fire caused by the overturning of a lamp. Another child was fatally burned and three others were seriously injured.

THREE BURN TO DEATH.

Waterloo, Ia., Feb. 5.—Mrs. Ed. Bushner and two children were burned to death in their home last night in a fire caused by the overturning of a lamp. Another child was fatally burned and three others were seriously injured.

THREE BURN TO DEATH.

Waterloo, Ia., Feb. 5.—Mrs. Ed. Bushner and two children were burned to death in their home last night in a fire caused by the overturning of a lamp. Another child was fatally burned and three others were seriously injured.

Copper Country Department

RICHARDSON, HILL & CO., BANKERS,

40 WATER ST., BOSTON, MASS. STOCKS AND BONDS.

Bought and Sold in all Markets. MEMBERS NEW YORK AND BOSTON STOCK EXCHANGES.

J. RANSOM BRIDGE & CO., Stock and Bond Brokers, Members Boston Stock Exchange.

Hornblower & Weeks, Bankers & Brokers, 53 STATE ST., BOSTON, MASS. 10 WALL ST., NEW YORK, N. Y.

Special Attention Given to Copper Stocks. Marquette, Ishpeming, Escanaba, Sault Ste. Marie, Mich.

Laidley Commission Co., 104 Savings Bank Block, Marquette, Mich. STOCKS, BONDS, GRAIN, PROVISIONS.

Direct Boston, Chicago and New York Wires. Special Attention Given to COPPER STOCKS.

HAYDEN STONE & CO., Members New York and Boston Exchanges. W. H. LAIDLEY & CO., of Chicago.

Thos. H. Perkins & Co., Stock Brokers, Members Boston Stock Exchange, 68 Devonshire Street, BOSTON, MASS.

A. B. TURNER & BRO., Bankers and Brokers, 16 State St., Boston, Mass. Members of Boston Stock Exchange.

WILLIAM A. PAINE, Member Boston Stock Exchange. CHAS. H. FAINE, Member New York Stock Exchange.

PAINE, WEBBER & CO., Bankers and Brokers, 27 State Street, Cor. Devonshire, Boston, Mass.

Will C. Brown, Resident Manager, Marquette, Mich. Correspondence Solicited. Michigan College of Mines

CHURCH PLANS ARE ELABORATE.

Hancock Methodists Will Have a Handsome Edifice Erected.

The plans made by Architect C. Archibald Pearce of Hancock for the new Hancock Methodist church, which is to be erected in the spring on the site adjoining that of the village hall on Quincy street, are quite elaborate.

The arrangement of the interior of the building was largely suggested by the pastor, Rev. A. Raymond Johns, who worked in conjunction with the architect in making the plans.

The paragon adjoining will be very conveniently arranged. The floor plans were taken from sketches made by Rev. Mr. Johns. It will contain twelve rooms and will match the church in style of architecture.

At the next meeting of the Copper Country Engineering society to be held at Science hall at the Michigan College of Mines, Houghton, on the evening of Saturday March 1, President McNair of the college, who is a member of the organization, will address the mining and mill men on the plumbing of shafts.

President McNair to Give Interesting Address at College of Mines.

At the next meeting of the Copper Country Engineering society to be held at Science hall at the Michigan College of Mines, Houghton, on the evening of Saturday March 1, President McNair of the college, who is a member of the organization, will address the mining and mill men on the plumbing of shafts.

Several months ago when two plumb lines were dropped down the new No. 5 shaft of the Tamarack mine, which is down to a vertical depth of over a mile, the two plumb bobs were slightly further apart down in the shaft than were the two wires at the surface when they should have shown a slight convergence because of the curve of the earth being pointed toward which all perpendiculars take a direct line.

Mr. McNair's work to ferret out the meaning of the divergence of the lengthy plumb lines which upset certain scientific theories but a few months ago. Mr. McNair has discovered some new facts. It is said, in relation to the particular experiments he conducted and will discuss those. He has not arrived at any definite conclusion, however, and will probably only suggest an explanation.

Mr. McNair's findings will likely be the basis for an interesting scientific paper. A discussion of firing boilers will also be taken up among the members at the meeting.

Those for the Hancock Postoffice Will Be Installed Sunday.

The long expected new lock boxes for the Hancock postoffice will be installed Sunday. A new paper case will also be put in place at the same time.

To Cure Grip in Two Days. Laxative Bromo-Quinine removes the cause. E. W. Grove's signature on every box.

CHILD WORTH MILLIONS. 'My child is worth millions to me,' says Mrs. Mary Bird of Harrisburg, Pa. 'yet I would have lost her by a cough had I not purchased a bottle of One Minute Cough Cure.'

Where to Stop When in Detroit. Hotel Metropole, Woodward ave., opp. City Hall. European plan, \$1 per day; with bath, \$1.50

WILL BE A BIG UNDERTAKING.

Quincy Mining Company Plans to Terrace Quincy Hillsides.

Whether or not the Quincy Mining company is the most interested in the terracing of the Quincy hill cannot be ascertained, but at any rate it is having extensive and elaborate plans made for the work.

The plan, if carried out, will transform a tract of land practically valueless in its present form into one of the best resident portions in the country. There is nothing like it in the Lake Superior region.

At the same time, simply robs the body of the patches of ground that carry the highest grades of copper, and it is as natural for men to select the best parts as it is for water to run down hill.

To develop a mine and furnish a stamp mill with a daily supply of rock at the same time, simply robs the body of the patches of ground that carry the highest grades of copper, and it is as natural for men to select the best parts as it is for water to run down hill.

The plan, if carried out, will transform a tract of land practically valueless in its present form into one of the best resident portions in the country. There is nothing like it in the Lake Superior region.

At the same time, simply robs the body of the patches of ground that carry the highest grades of copper, and it is as natural for men to select the best parts as it is for water to run down hill.

VERDICT FOR MRS. BARTLE. Jury in Circuit Court Awards Injured Woman Damages to Amount of \$3,000.

The case of Mary Bartle versus the Houghton County Street Railway company for \$10,000 damages for injuries alleged to have been received last summer through the negligence of a street car conductor, was given to the jury in the circuit court shortly before noon yesterday.

This morning in the circuit court the case of the Bosch Brewing company, of Lake Linden, versus John Harper, et al., will be on trial.

GOES TO WASHINGTON. Government Engineer Will Consult About Work to Be Done Here.

The Duluth News-Tribune says that Captain D. D. Gaillard, in charge of river and harbor improvements on Lake Superior, has been summoned to Washington to appear before the river and harbor committee.

TO MEET BANKRUPT'S CREDITORS. B. O. Pearl, of Marquette, referee in bankruptcy cases, was in Houghton yesterday.

WILL SKATE FOR \$100. At the palace ice rink tomorrow evening Joseph S. Johnson of Minneapolis and Norvil Daple of North Dakota will race for a purse of \$100.

GOES TO REFORM SCHOOL. Lily Schof, a Youthful Shoplifter, Sentenced to Adrian.

Judge Brand of Houghton sentenced Lily Schof, the twelve-year-old shoplifter, yesterday, to the state reform school at Adrian until she is of age.

A FIREMAN'S CLOSE CALL. 'I stuck to my engine, although every joint ached and every nerve was racked with pain,' writes C. W. Blaney, a locomotive fireman, of Burlington, Iowa.

OUTLOOK FOR THE MICHIGAN.

Appearance of the Lodes Opened Is Quite Favorable and Encouraging.

Many good things are being said of the outlook for the Michigan, and the methods adopted and being followed by the management of this Stanton property in opening up and developing the underground lodes appear very sensible and business like.

The openings running into new ground are said to be showing up a lode well charged with strong, bright copper and at the same time, simply robs the body of the patches of ground that carry the highest grades of copper, and it is as natural for men to select the best parts as it is for water to run down hill.

To develop a mine and furnish a stamp mill with a daily supply of rock at the same time, simply robs the body of the patches of ground that carry the highest grades of copper, and it is as natural for men to select the best parts as it is for water to run down hill.

The plan, if carried out, will transform a tract of land practically valueless in its present form into one of the best resident portions in the country. There is nothing like it in the Lake Superior region.

At the same time, simply robs the body of the patches of ground that carry the highest grades of copper, and it is as natural for men to select the best parts as it is for water to run down hill.

The plan, if carried out, will transform a tract of land practically valueless in its present form into one of the best resident portions in the country. There is nothing like it in the Lake Superior region.

At the same time, simply robs the body of the patches of ground that carry the highest grades of copper, and it is as natural for men to select the best parts as it is for water to run down hill.

At the same time, simply robs the body of the patches of ground that carry the highest grades of copper, and it is as natural for men to select the best parts as it is for water to run down hill.

At the same time, simply robs the body of the patches of ground that carry the highest grades of copper, and it is as natural for men to select the best parts as it is for water to run down hill.

At the same time, simply robs the body of the patches of ground that carry the highest grades of copper, and it is as natural for men to select the best parts as it is for water to run down hill.

At the same time, simply robs the body of the patches of ground that carry the highest grades of copper, and it is as natural for men to select the best parts as it is for water to run down hill.

At the same time, simply robs the body of the patches of ground that carry the highest grades of copper, and it is as natural for men to select the best parts as it is for water to run down hill.

At the same time, simply robs the body of the patches of ground that carry the highest grades of copper, and it is as natural for men to select the best parts as it is for water to run down hill.

At the same time, simply robs the body of the patches of ground that carry the highest grades of copper, and it is as natural for men to select the best parts as it is for water to run down hill.

At the same time, simply robs the body of the patches of ground that carry the highest grades of copper, and it is as natural for men to select the best parts as it is for water to run down hill.

At the same time, simply robs the body of the patches of ground that carry the highest grades of copper, and it is as natural for men to select the best parts as it is for water to run down hill.

At the same time, simply robs the body of the patches of ground that carry the highest grades of copper, and it is as natural for men to select the best parts as it is for water to run down hill.

COPPERDOM BREVITIES.

All of the trains from the south were late again yesterday.

Souza's hand will be the attraction at the Calumet theatre on March 15. J. H. Senger of Houghton will leave today for a Boston business visit.

A regular meeting of the county board of supervisors will be held next Tuesday morning.

James O'Neill will be seen in 'Monte Cristo' at the Calumet theatre on the evening of Feb. 28.

Mrs. John Edwards of East Houghton will entertain a number of lady friends at cards this afternoon.

One-half of the present school year has closed with the end of last week and examinations were the order.

'At the Old Cross Roads' is the attraction to be presented at the Calumet theatre tomorrow night.

Thiel Robinson of Houghton has been released from the county detention hospital entirely cured of small-pox.

Manager James of the Houghton Light Infantry indoor baseball team, heard from the Sox team yesterday to the effect that a game at the Sox could not be arranged.

E. R. Hixson of Houghton, who made the highest individual bowling score, 245, in ten pins for January at the local bowling alleys, received the prize offered for the same.

Offices at Beacon Hill and Greenland on the Copper Range road have been opened by the United States Express company.

The Calumet Light Guard indoor baseball team and the Calumet Rivals will play at the armory this evening.

The Houghton and Hancock clerks have decided to lend all assistance possible to the Calumet clerks in their movement to bring about the early closing of the stores at that place.

The Greenland Volunteer Fire department will give its first annual dance in the Greenland Opera House tomorrow night.

The condition of Henry Richards of Hancock, who fell from the Adventure mill where he was employed and suffered an injury to the spine, is not very encouraging and his recovery will take a long time.

The funeral of John Lindblom, an Arcadian mine carpenter, who died of pneumonia last Monday afternoon, will be held from the residence this afternoon.

The second new switch engine, No. 161, for service on the Mineral Range system, arrived at Hancock Saturday night from Marquette.

A meeting of the Houghton common council will be held this evening. The clerk of Portage Lake will present a petition asking that outside traders who visit Houghton and sell goods without a license be required to pay a license.

We Invite Your Attention

To our greatly improved service, strictly first-class and thoroughly up-to-date.

OUR DINNERS

served a la carte from 12 to 2 p. m., are proving a decided 'hit.' We handle all the delicacies of the season.

BOARD OF TRADE CAFE,

HOUGHTON.

THE CITIZENS' NATIONAL BANK

OF HOUGHTON.

A General Banking Business Transacted. Domestic and Foreign Exchange. Interest paid on Savings Deposits.

I. E. SWIFT CO.,

HOUGHTON, MICH.

Shelf and Heavy Hardware AND MINING SUPPLIES.

We carry the only complete stock in the Upper Peninsula, bought direct from the manufacturers. Trade with us and save the small dealers extra cost in buying from second hands.

RAND DRILL PARTS IN STOCK.

PRIMITIVE BRITISHERS. Foot-Warmers in Use on the English Railways.

That American criticism of the primitive ways of our English cousins is not unwarranted is shown by the great to-do being made in the London Times over the inadequacy of foot-warmers, which eighteenth century device is still used in cold weather on British railways.

The students of the Houghton High school will give their annual skating party at the Hancock rink tonight.

The Hennes' clerks of Houghton defeated the cigarmakers in an interesting game of indoor baseball at St. Patrick's hall, Hancock, Tuesday evening.

The street railway was operating as usual yesterday although schedule time could not be strictly adhered to.

The Twin City Clerk's skating party will be given at the Palace ice rink, Hancock, next Tuesday evening.

A meeting of the Hancock barber's union was held Tuesday night and it was decided to close the shops on Friday nights hereafter at 8 o'clock.

Kaiser Wilhelm's mustache has been a popular subject of discussion ever since he adopted the extraordinary fashion of wearing it turned upward at the ends and running parallel with his nose until it almost reaches his eyelashes.

LAKE SUPERIOR IRON AND METAL CO. Iron, Metals, Belting, Second-Hand Machinery, Cars, Locomotives, Railway Supplies.

DON'T TOBACCO SFW and S M O K E Your Life away! You can be cured of any form of tobacco usage easily by made well, strong, magnetic, full of new life and vigor by taking...

THOS. S. SPRAGUE & SON, PATENTS. Wayne County Bank Bldg., DETROIT

ADVERSE TO SCHLEY

PRESIDENT MAKES UP MIND ON APPEALED VERDICT.

RESPONSE WILL CENSURE ADMIRAL

UNANIMOUS FINDINGS OF COURT WILL BE APPROVED.

Only on One or Two Minor Points Will Roosevelt Differ—Decision to Be Made Public Saturday.

Washington, Thursday, Feb. 6.—The Post today will say:

It was stated last night that the president's response to the appeal of Admiral Schley would be made public next Saturday. It is understood the response will be adverse to Schley.

Sampson Was in Command.

New York, Feb. 5.—President Roosevelt will announce in a few days his decision in the Schley case, and it will be highly unsatisfactory to Rear Admiral Schley, says a Washington dispatch to the Herald.

That Rear Admiral Sampson was technically and actually in command of the American forces which destroyed the Spanish squadron at Santiago de Cuba.

Brooklyn's Famous Loop.

That Rear Admiral Schley and the Brooklyn acted in accordance with the plan until the Brooklyn made her famous loop, which left an opening in the blockade line through which the Spanish fleet steamed.

That both Rear Admiral Sampson and Rear Admiral Schley hoisted signals at the beginning of the battle which were not observed, or if observed, were not obeyed, as the captains of the ships were acting in accordance with the plan determined upon before the battle.

That during the chase of the Colon Rear Admiral Schley was technically in command of the left wing of the American squadron, but hoisted no signal and gave no orders, which in the slightest degree influenced the operation of any ship save the Brooklyn.

Long Is Supported.

That by retaining Rear Admiral Schley as second in command after his arrival at Santiago on June 1 Rear Admiral Sampson condoned the "reprehensible conduct" of that officer.

President Roosevelt will also generally approve the unanimous findings of the court, though he may differ on one or two other minor points.

RULES AGAINST THE LAW.

Cadillac Judge Says Sale of Colored Oleomargarine Is Legal.

Cadillac, Mich., Feb. 5.—Judge Chittenden in the circuit court here today declared the state law prohibiting the sale of colored oleomargarine unconstitutional. State Food Commissioner Snow will carry the case to the supreme court.

SILVER GOING TO MEXICO.

New Market for American Mines May Be Opened.

Denver, Colo., Feb. 5.—American silver will now go to Mexico to be coined, owing to the lack of a market in the United States.

Asthma

The doctors tell us they cannot cure every case of asthma with Ayer's Cherry Pectoral. They say it is the best thing for relief and that it often completely cures.

"After having spent hundreds of dollars trying to be cured of my asthma, I now rely entirely on Ayer's Cherry Pectoral for the relief of the severe paroxysms of coughing. It is the best medicine for this I can find."

Geo. W. Stout, Sacramento, Cal.

J. C. AYER CO., Lowell, Mass.

COLONY OF DUNKARDS.

Fifty Families to Locate on Irrigated Farms in Colorado.

Omaha, Feb. 5.—George L. McDonough, colonization agent for the Union Pacific, has arranged for a Dunkard colony of fifty families to be located on irrigated farms near the Nebraska-Colorado border at Snyder, Colo.

CHARGED WITH BRIBERY.

Grand Jury Returns an Indictment Against Mayor of Staunton, Ill.

Springfield, Ill., Feb. 5.—The grand jury of Macoupin county at Carlinville has returned an indictment against John H. Harding, mayor of Staunton, who is charged with accepting bribes of \$750 from Lewis Dixon, an employee of the Fort Wayne Electric works of Fort Wayne, Ind., in the matter of a dynamo purchased for the city of Staunton.

HEMLOCK LUMBER GOES UP.

Advance of From Fifty Cents to a Dollar Is Made.

Milwaukee, Feb. 5.—At the annual meeting of the Northwestern Hemlock Manufacturers association today an advance of from fifty cents to one dollar a thousand feet in the price of hemlock was made.

PENSION BOARD MEETS.

Complaints and Grievances of G. A. R. Members Will Be Heard.

Washington, Feb. 5.—The pension board of the G. A. R. met here today. The object is to hear and consider the various complaints and grievances of the members of the G. A. R. with respect to pensions, and take action regarding the pending pension legislation.

VAN SANT ON MERGER.

Minnesota Governor Thinks State Can Accomplish End Sought.

St. Paul, Feb. 5.—The extra session of the legislature, called to receive the report of the tax commission and the measures presented by that body for enactment, assembled this morning.

PUZZLING LEGAL TANGLE.

Court Asked to Decide Whether Railroad Is a Citizen of a State.

Springfield, Ill., Feb. 5.—In the United States circuit court today Judge Humphrey was called upon to decide whether the Wabash railroad is a citizen of Illinois, and whether the state courts of that state have jurisdiction in trying cases brought against that railroad.

DO NOT FEAR THE OCEAN TRUST.

German Steamship Authorities Say Combine Will Not Succeed.

Paris, Feb. 5.—Herr Wiegand, director of the North German Lloyd company, who is at present in Paris, whence he is about to proceed to New York to receive Prince Henry on behalf of the company, denies that his visit has any connection with a conference with the organizers of the ocean trust.

TOWBOAT EXPLOSION FATAL.

Pittsburg, Feb. 5.—By the explosion of the boilers on the towboat John W. Ailes early this morning, William Perry, a deck hand, was killed. Four others of the crew are seriously injured and five are missing.

MACHINERY PLANT BURNS.

Chicago, Feb. 5.—The plant of the Wireton Heating Company at Wireton, thirty miles from Chicago, was completely destroyed by fire this morning, causing a loss of \$300,000.

NOYES IS DEFENDED

M'CUMBER PAYS HIGH TRIBUTE TO ALASKA JUDGE.

M'KENZIE IS ALSO FAYORED

SAN FRANCISCO CIRCUIT COURT OF APPEALS CRITICISED.

Senator Stewart Takes Opposite Side and Speaks Strongly Against Judge Noyes and His Actions in Alaska.

Washington, Feb. 5.—Throughout today's session the senate had under consideration the urgent deficiency bill, and just before adjournment passed it substantially in the shape in which it was reported by the committee.

During the early part of the session the case of Judge Noyes, of the district of Alaska, and Alexander McKenzie and others was discussed.

Senator M'Cumber of North Dakota delivered an elaborate speech in defense of Noyes and McKenzie. He paid a high personal tribute to both men, characterizing them as men of fine character, eminent ability and sterling integrity.

Incidentally he criticized the circuit court of appeals of San Francisco for permitting itself to be influenced by prejudice and bias.

Tillman Joins in Debate.

He became involved in a colloquy with Senator Tillman of Missouri, who said he appeared in the novel attitude of a defender of the United States judiciary.

The South Carolina senator intimated that he would deliver a speech on the Noyes case, but at the conclusion of Senator M'Cumber's speech he contented himself practically with putting into the congressional record the decision of the circuit court of appeals of San Francisco in the case of contempt against Noyes and McKenzie.

In a brief speech Senator Stewart reviewed the case, speaking strongly against Judge Noyes and his actions in Alaska.

The senate committee on foreign relations today ordered a favorable report on the treaty to acquire the Danish West Indies. No amendment was made to the treaty.

Proceedings in the House.

An agreement was reached in the house today whereby the oleomargarine bill will be brought to a vote after two more days of consideration.

The debate today continued in a desultory fashion without special incident, the speakers being Representatives Kluttie of North Carolina, McGeary of Minnesota, Eddy and Crowley of Illinois, and Allen of Kentucky.

Feature of Anti-Anarchy Bill.

The anti-anarchy bill, which will be reported to the house in a day or two, contains one feature not heretofore alluded to. This is a provision giving grace ambassadors and ministers.

The section providing severe penalties for conspiracies in this country against foreign rulers does not, however, embrace ambassadors and ministers.

Representative Pugsley of New York introduced a bill on the general lines of Secretary Shaw's letter, favoring the deposit of surplus government funds under certain conditions with the national banks.

YOUNG "TEDDY" DISCARDS HATS.

President's Son Organizes Bareheaded Brigade at Groton School.

Groton, Mass., Feb. 5.—Theodore Roosevelt, Jr., has organized a hatless walking brigade at the Groton school. He decided about a week ago that hats and caps were useless articles of raiment, and accordingly discarded his own, an example which was promptly followed by every one of the 150 boys who attend the school.

MOTHERS CAN SAFELY GIVE FOLEY'S HONEY AND TAR.

Mothers can safely give Foley's Honey and Tar to their children for coughs and colds, for it contains no opiates or other poisons.

SURPRISED BOER COMMANDO.

Major Leader's Force Kills Seven and Captures 131 Prisoners.

TO OBSERVE FOUNDER'S DAY.

Celebration at Eureka College, Illinois, to Take Place Today.

Peoria, Ill., Feb. 5.—Founder's day at Eureka college will be celebrated tomorrow. Dr. Hewitt, president of the Illinois State Normal school; President Charles A. Blanchard of Wheaton college; Hon. Alfred Baylis, state superintendent of public instruction, and A. McLean, president of the Foreign Christian Missionary society of Cincinnati, O., will be the speakers.

BULL BRINGS \$9,100.

Prince Itto Sold at the Chicago Stock Yards for a Record Price.

Chicago, Feb. 5.—An Aberdeen-Angus bull, Prince Itto, was sold at auction at the stock yards today to P. P. Pierce, Anson of Creston, Ill., for a record price, \$9,100.

TO SHUT OUT IMPORTED CATTLE.

Claim Is Made That Tuberculosis Is Spread by Foreign Animals.

Kansas City, Feb. 5.—In a paper read before the Central Short Horn Breeders association today, Secretary of Agriculture Wilson stated it has been found that tuberculosis is being spread by pure bred imported animals, purchased to improve the common cattle in this country, and suggests the propriety of shutting down on the importation of cattle and sheep, following the example of Great Britain.

JOE LEITER'S LATES.

He Is About to Build a New Town in Illinois.

Benton, Ill., Feb. 5.—Joseph Leiter has been for a couple of weeks completing his plans for building a new town in Franklin county, and has left for Chicago to take the further necessary steps to put them in execution.

The output of these mines will be burned into coke with 1,000 coke ovens, which Mr. Leiter says he will have in operation inside of a year.

Range of Money Rates.

Money on call, steady, at 2 1/2% per cent. Prime mercantile paper, 4@4 1/2% per cent. Exchange, steady, demand at 4 1/2% and sixty days at 4 3/4%.

CHICAGO GRAIN MARKETS.

Features of the Day in the Wheat, Corn and Oats Pits.

Chicago, Feb. 5.—In wheat today losses of 1/4@1/2 were established, yet the market showed reactions of 1/4 from bottom prices.

MISS ROOSEVELT TO GO.

President Said to Have Consented to Allow Her to Visit London.

Washington, Feb. 5.—It was semi-officially admitted at the White House this afternoon that Alice Roosevelt had received her father's consent to her fondly cherished plan of attending the coronation of King Edward VII. at London next June.

YOUNG "TEDDY" DISCARDS HATS.

President's Son Organizes Bareheaded Brigade at Groton School.

Groton, Mass., Feb. 5.—Theodore Roosevelt, Jr., has organized a hatless walking brigade at the Groton school.

MOTHERS CAN SAFELY GIVE FOLEY'S HONEY AND TAR.

Mothers can safely give Foley's Honey and Tar to their children for coughs and colds, for it contains no opiates or other poisons.

THIRTEEN ARE DEAD

(Continued from Page One)

Direct Cause Not Known.

The direct cause of the explosion is not known, but all indications show it was due to escaping gas in the basement of the Trostel house.

Hospital Patients Escape.

In the ruins of the buildings occupied by Trostel and McLeod, the flames burned so fiercely that even though the inmates were not killed by the force of the explosion they must have met death by fire.

Ten Bodies Recovered.

Chicago, Thursday, Feb. 6.—At 2 o'clock this morning ten bodies had been recovered from the ruins.

WALL STREET STOCKS.

Market Is Dull in Spite of Efforts to Awaken a General Movement.

New York, Feb. 5.—Today's market was dull again in spite of the spasmodic efforts of the professional traders and speculative pool to awaken a general movement in the market.

Closing prices of stocks are reported by Paine, Webber & Co. as follows:

Wabash Pfd. 47 1/2, Union Pac. 89 1/2, N. Y. Central 102 1/2, etc.

Range of Money Rates.

Money on call, steady, at 2 1/2% per cent. Prime mercantile paper, 4@4 1/2% per cent.

CHICAGO GRAIN MARKETS.

Features of the Day in the Wheat, Corn and Oats Pits.

Chicago, Feb. 5.—In wheat today losses of 1/4@1/2 were established, yet the market showed reactions of 1/4 from bottom prices.

MISS ROOSEVELT TO GO.

President Said to Have Consented to Allow Her to Visit London.

Washington, Feb. 5.—It was semi-officially admitted at the White House this afternoon that Alice Roosevelt had received her father's consent to her fondly cherished plan of attending the coronation of King Edward VII. at London next June.

YOUNG "TEDDY" DISCARDS HATS.

President's Son Organizes Bareheaded Brigade at Groton School.

Groton, Mass., Feb. 5.—Theodore Roosevelt, Jr., has organized a hatless walking brigade at the Groton school.

MOTHERS CAN SAFELY GIVE FOLEY'S HONEY AND TAR.

Mothers can safely give Foley's Honey and Tar to their children for coughs and colds, for it contains no opiates or other poisons.

MISS BONNIE DELANO

A Chicago Society Lady, in a Letter to Mrs. Pinkham says:

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—Of all the grateful daughters to whom you have given health and life, none are more glad than I.

"My home and my life was happy until illness came upon me three years ago. I first noticed it by being irregular and having very painful and scanty menstruation; gradually my general health failed; I could not enjoy my meals; I became languid and nervous, with gripping pains frequently in the groins.

"I advised with our family physician who prescribed without any improvement. One day he said, 'Try Lydia Pinkham's Remedies.' I did, thank God; the next month I was better, and it gradually built me up until in four months I was cured. This is nearly a year ago and I have not had a pain or ache since."

Trustworthy proof is abundant that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound saves thousands of young women from dangers resulting from organic irregularity, suppression or retention of the menses, ovarian or womb troubles. Refuse substitutes.

TODAY'S WEATHER.

Washington, Feb. 5.—The following is the weather bureau's forecast for Upper Michigan: Generally fair Thursday and probably Friday, except snow along the north lake shore; colder Friday; variable winds, becoming northerly.

IN THE PRIZE RING.

Chicago, Feb. 5.—"Tim" Sullivan of Cambridge, Mass., and Mike Srecki, of Cincinnati, fought six rounds to a draw tonight. Sullivan appeared to have the advantage and the decision was unsatisfactory.

Aches and Pains of rheumatism are not permanently, but only temporarily, relieved by external remedies. Why not use an internal remedy—Hood's Sarsaparilla, which corrects the acidity of the blood in which rheumatism develops and cures the disease?

DETROIT TRUST CO.

Capital and Surplus, \$1,000,000.

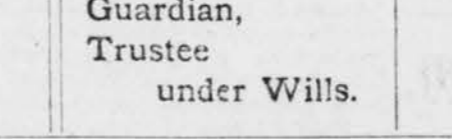
AGTS AS MANAGES

Executer, Administrator, Guardian, Trustee under Wills.

Real Estate, Mortgages, and Other Investments for Individuals.

Correspondence as to charges and methods of doing business invited.

Butler Building, 82-84 Griswold St., Detroit, Mich.



SOAP DIGNITY.

IT IS easy to find a pure soap; it is easy to find a cheap one. The problem is to find both combined; a soap that is pure yet inexpensive.

Ivory Soap is the best solution of that problem. It is an original product, evolved after years of experiment and research. It is the most of pure soap for the least money.

It stands approved to-day by a second generation of Ivory Soap users.

The soap stocks dealt in on the Boston exchange closed as follows Saturday:

Foley's Honey and Tar is best for croup and whooping cough, contains no opiates, and cures quickly.

Foley's Honey and Tar is best for croup and whooping cough, contains no opiates, and cures quickly.

Foley's Honey and Tar is best for croup and whooping cough, contains no opiates, and cures quickly.

Foley's Honey and Tar is best for croup and whooping cough, contains no opiates, and cures quickly.

Foley's Honey and Tar is best for croup and whooping cough, contains no opiates, and cures quickly.

Foley's Honey and Tar is best for croup and whooping cough, contains no opiates, and cures quickly.

Foley's Honey and Tar is best for croup and whooping cough, contains no opiates, and cures quickly.

ADAM KANGAS, GROCERIES.

THE NEW STORE OPPOSITE THE CITY HALL, WASHINGTON ST.

CANNED FRUITS, CANNED MEATS, CANNED FISH

Phone orders have prompt attention. WASHINGTON ST. MARQUETTE.

A full Stock of.....

CUTTERS, SLEIGHS, Delivery Sleighs,

And all our Winter Stock has been received.

The largest and best assortment on the U. P.

Mail orders receive..... prompt attention.

H. E. BITTNER, THE GROCER

J. F. ZERBEL, Cor. Third and Bluff Sts.

GROCERIES.

WANTED—FOR RENT OF SALE

WANTED—Competent girl for general housework.

WANTED—A kitchen wood stove and sewing machine.

WANTED—A woman cook, also a dining room girl.

WANTED—Bell boy at New Clifton.

WANTED—The makers at once. Best of terms to right parties.

FOR SALE—Book case, side board, bed room set.

WANTED—We desire responsible parties at different points in Michigan.

FOR SALE—Brick store building 125 Superior St.

FOR SALE—Residence on East Michigan street.

FOR SALE—Exploring outfit, engine, boiler, drum and iron buckets.

FOR SALE—Choice building lots in N. E. addition for sale cheap for cash.

MARSHAL'S NOTICE

In the District Court of the United States for the Western District of Michigan.

Whereas a libel has been filed in said court against the dredge, Pan American, her boats, tackle, machinery, etc.

Whereas, by virtue of a writ of attachment issued out of said court the seal of said court, said dredge, Pan American, has been seized and is in the city of Marquette.

Whereas, the first Tuesday in March, 1902, has been fixed as the return day of the attachment, and for the hearing of the said libel.

Now, therefore, the master, owners and claimants of said dredge, Pan American, and all persons interested therein, are hereby cited and advised to be and appear in the district court of the United States for the western district of Michigan, at the district court rooms in the city of Marquette, in said district on Tuesday the fourth day of March, 1902, at 10 o'clock, a. m.

A. O. WHEELER, Deputy U. S. Marshal.

HENRY F. METZGER, Proctor for Libellant, Sault St. Marie, Mich.

QUANER, SPENCER & QUALLS, of Counsel, Milwaukee, Wis.

NOTICE!

Comfort and pleasure, time and money saved for contractors and masons.

Both Phones. Marquette, Mich.

OSTEOPATHY

JOSEPH L. SHOREY, Osteopathic Physician.

Graduate of American School of Osteopathy, under A. T. Still, the founder.

COR FRONT AND BLUFF STS. Hours: 9 a. m. to 5 p. m.

CHARLTON & GILBERT, ARCHITECTS,

MARQUETTE, MICH. MILWAUKEE, WIS.

PILES

Dr. Williams' Indian Pile Ointment will cure Hemorrhoids and itching Piles.

STAFFORD DRUG CO., Marquette.

MARQUETTE DOWN FOR \$63,000.

Capt. Gaillard Called to Consult Concerning Harbor Funds.

Captain D. D. Gaillard, engineer in charge of the district of Duluth, which includes practically all of Lake Superior west of Sault Ste. Marie, has, in answer to a telegraphic summons from the chief of engineers to appear at Washington as soon as possible, left for the capital to consult with the rivers and harbors committee.

The amounts recommended in Captain Gaillard's last annual report are as follows:

Table with 2 columns: Item, Amount. Grand Marais, Minn., for maintenance \$ 2,000.00. Agate bay, for maintenance 2,000.00. Duluth-Superior harbor 599,727.50. Ashland 65,000.00. Ontonagon 8,000.00. Portage Lake canal 10,000.00. Marquette, Mich. 65,000.00. Grand Marais, Mich. 105,000.00. Total \$814,727.50.

COPPERS A LITTLE TIRED.

Look a Bit, However, Like Getting Ready for a Rally.

Concerning the Boston stock market, Paine, Webber & Co. yesterday said: "There appears to be a resumption of the good feeling in the coppers.

The buying has been much better this afternoon and the market acts as if it were getting ready for a rally.

Amalgamated was made to appear very weak this morning and this encouraged bear selling of coppers in this market.

There is still a considerable short interest in the coppers. Some of it has held over from the last rally, but more has accumulated on the reaction.

We think coppers a buy at the present level."

Hayden, Stone & Co. yesterday wired the Laidley Commission company: "The coppers were a little tired today.

The offering of the next dividend at five-eighths of one per cent has caused some selling of Amalgamated, and with Amalgamated weak you cannot expect the other coppers to be strong.

Lots of bearish news is being circulated on Amalgamated. Trimountain has steadied down, and while manipulation may put it up again, we think all these South Range mines have been boomed on expectations.

It is not the first mill returns, but the eventual steady mill returns that will tell. You should hold off a bit before buying."

Grain Markets Weaker.

W. H. Laidley & Co. shud of the grain markets: "Wheat opened down upon weak cables and rather large selling orders.

It remained dull and dragging all through the session. The receipts here and in the Northwest have been very light.

The export business is light and wheat reports mills closing down on account of lack of business.

The market is extremely narrow and dull, with no outside business, and we do not see much chance for improvement.

"Corn opened down on lower cables. The receipts continued light. The primary receipts were about one-fourth of last year, and the shipments one-half.

There was some fairly good buying on the breaks. The market looks dull, but we would buy on good breaks."

New York Stocks.

Dick Bros. in a dispatch to Paine, Webber & Co. said of the New York stocks: "The market was inactive and irregular.

There were no important new developments. The tone was generally strong and some specialties made good advances.

Support was given mainly leading stocks. After an early advance, copper was well bought and advanced sharply.

Sugar was fairly strong and United States Steel showed new life. St. Paul and Union Pacific were strong and Southern Pacific was aggressively bought.

The market closed strong and promising well for tomorrow."

Bachue & Co. wired: "If Amalgamated sells off any today, buy it. I am told it will sell higher this time than 79."

Copper prices were yesterday quoted on the metal exchange as follows: Lake, 12 1/2 @ 13; electro, 12 3/4 @; castings, 12 3/4 @.

RABBIT WHIPS SNAKES.

A story of a remarkable fight comes from the jack rabbit corners of West Virginia, says the Baltimore Sun.

It is a well known fact that the black snake, when hungry, will prey upon birds or any animal which it can overpower in its deadly coils.

A jack rabbit is, however, considered a tough proposition, and for a pair of snakes to develop an ambition to conquer one in the full vigor of health is rather an exhibition of valor.

G. Henry Hosack of Keyser, W. Va., now staying at 743 West Lexington street, in describing an encounter of this kind, which he says was witnessed by himself and several friends a few years ago, said:

"I live near New Creek, a branch of the Potomac river. One day I and several friends were sitting on the banks of the river, fishing, when we were startled by the noise of breaking branches behind us and up the wooded inside. Suddenly there came into view a rapidly revolving ball of gray and black, which was springing high into the air.

"As the thing reached the base of the hill it paused a minute, and we saw a large jack rabbit completely encircled about the body by two rattlesnakes, which must have measured five feet at least. The rabbit was tearing at the snakes with his teeth with a frantic effort to free himself. The three rolled over and over upon the ground until they were within a few feet of the water's edge. Suddenly the jack must have got a lucky tooth jab into some tender part of the snakes' anatomy, for one of the reptiles sprang through the air and landed out into the water. The other, realizing that he had to battle all alone with the ferocious jack, after holding on a moment, quickly uncoiled itself and went up the hillside with the rabbit in hot pursuit. They were soon lost to view. The snake which had been thrown into the river swam to the opposite bank and also disappeared."

Don't waste your money on worthless imitations of Rocky Mountain Tea. Get the genuine made only by the Madison Medicine Co. A great family remedy. 35 cts. Stafford Drug Co.

STORY OF SOUTHERN LIFE.

"At the Old Cross Roads" Here Next Monday Night.

Captions critics carp upon the decadence of the popular taste of the drama, but a careful analysis will find that only the good survive.

Farce comedy and vaudeville and burlesque may have their patrons, but the good wholesome story of possible life will be found to earn the more enduring affections in the heart of the major portion of that large class of theatre patrons who frequent the special house for amusement as well as instruction.

Such a play is "At the Old Cross Roads," which will be given its second presentation at the local opera house next Monday evening.

Hal Reid is the author. "At the Old Cross Roads" is a story of Southern life and the romance was written around an actual occurrence. Comedy is happily blended with the tragic story of the play and from all accounts it will prove a very interesting evening's entertainment.

Arthur C. Aiston's company presents "At the Old Cross Roads" and the scenery and properties are carried by the company.

CITY BREVITIES.

Today's weather: Threatening with probably snow flurries, warmer; variable winds.

Yesterday's temperature, 7 a. m., 6; noon, 6; 7 p. m., 9. Maximum, 9; minimum, 6.

A meeting of the Busy Queen hive will be held this afternoon.

Mrs. Henry Thompson of Ishpeming is the guest of Mrs. S. S. Orvis, on J. H. Eckstein of Jackson is here in the interest of the Royal Arcanum.

Mrs. McCrea, the landscape artist, greeted friends in the city yesterday.

A meeting of the Morse Hose company will be held this evening at 8 o'clock.

D. A. Johnston of Detroit has arrived here to take a position with the Peter White insurance agency.

Henry McDermott, who has had charge of a mining property at Michipicoten, Ont., is in the city.

Mrs. George B. Coles, Ohio street, yesterday afternoon entertained the ladies of the Missionary society of the Baptist church.

The Misses Minnie and Louise Schwartz of Negaunee have been the guests of Mrs. Thomas Broderick for several days.

Bert Richardson very pleasantly entertained a number of his friends Tuesday evening at the family residence. Music and cards were the diversions.

To assure action on them at next week's meeting of the supervisors, all bills against the county must be handed in at the county clerk's office by the close of office hours today.

John McFee, father of the Big Bay lumberman, is here from Lake View, Mich., on a visit to his son. The old gentleman is about ninety years of age, but so spry and lively that "he doesn't look it."

An enjoyable time is promised all those who attend the A. O. U. W. orchestra's dance at the hall this evening. The admission is twenty-five cents. The proceeds are to be applied to the purchase of new music.

Others than members of the class are this week tooting the high school seniors' horn. At any rate, it has mysteriously disappeared and certain of the young gentlemen attending the school are wearing broad smiles.

The Chinese new year begins tomorrow and will be appropriately observed by the local Celestials. The occasion is always made a great holiday with the Orientals and practically no work is done by them from sunrise to dawn.

The indoor baseball boys announce that the rink will be warm and comfortable tomorrow evening, when the Beavers cross bats with the strong Houghton Light Infantry team. The stoves and heating plant will be in commission for several hours before the doors are opened.

Miss Edith Williams entertained a few of her friends at a birthday party yesterday afternoon at the home of Mrs. Houck's. Various games were played and a dainty luncheon was served. Those present were Misses Lottie Folks, Mabel Denny, Annie McDonald, Avis Ellstrom, Loretta Green and Jessie McIntosh.

The train from the east, due here at 2:50 o'clock, yesterday experienced a mishap near Trout Lake and did not arrive until about 7 o'clock this evening. It was not sent on to Calumet, a special train made up here and leaving for the copper country about 3:30 having taken its place. The St. Paul morning train also was very late in arriving, not getting in until nearly 1 o'clock in the afternoon, while the night train from the east was a couple of hours late.

Yesterday afternoon the ladies of the "Mystery club" were the guests of Mrs. F. W. Read. Cards were the order. It is from the mysterious menu served at these gatherings that the organization derives its title. The names of the different entrees provided are so transposed and otherwise disguised that it requires some sharp guessing to obtain an adequate repast from the five items each of the ladies is privileged to call for. The plan furnishes much amusement.

SOMETHING THAT WILL DO YOU GOOD.

We know of no way in which we can be of more service to our readers than to tell them of something that will be of real good to them. For this reason we want to acquaint them with what we consider one of the very best remedies on the market for coughs, colds and that alarming complaint, croup. We refer to Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. We have used it with such good results in our family so long that it has become a household necessity. By its prompt use we haven't any doubt but that it has time and again prevented croup. The testimony is given upon our own experience, and we suggest that our readers, especially those who have small children, always keep it in their homes as a safeguard against croup—Camden (S. C.) Messenger. For sale by The Stafford Drug Co.



AFTER SHAVING, POND'S EXTRACT. Cools, Comforts and Heals the Skin, Enabling the Most Tender Face to Enjoy a Close Shave Without Unpleasant Results. Avoid dangerous, irritating Witch Hazel preparations, represented to be "the same as" POND'S EXTRACT, which easily sour and generally contain "wood alcohol," a deadly poison.

"HE THAT WORKS EASILY, WORKS SUCCESSFULLY." CLEAN HOUSE WITH SAPOLIO

MARQUETTE OPERA HOUSE.

MONDAY, FEB. 10, 1902.

ONLY ONE PERFORMANCE. Arthur C. Aiston's Co. Presenting the New Drama in Five Acts, by Hal Reid, entitled

AT THE OLD CROSS ROADS

No play with greater heart interest was ever written.

THE SWEETEST SOUTHERN STORY EVER TOLD.

Interpreted by a cast of uniform excellence.

SPECIAL SCENERY EFFECTS.

PRICES: Parquet, \$1.00 and 75c; Balcony, 50 and 35c; Gallery, 25c.

NOTICE

To the Insuring Public and more particularly to OUR CUSTOMERS.

Head the following extract from print conditions on your policy: "This entire policy, unless otherwise provided by agreement indorsed hereon or added hereto, shall be void if illuminating gas or vapor or generated in the described building (or adjacent thereto) for use therein; or if (any usage or custom of trade or manufacture to the contrary notwithstanding) there be kept, used, or allowed on the above described premises, benzine, benzole, dynamite, ether, fireworks, gasoline, greek fire, gunpowder exceeding twenty-five pounds in quantity, naphtha, nitroglycerine or other explosives, phosphorus, or petroleum or any of its products of greater inflammability than kerosene oil of the United States standard (which last may be used for lights and kept for sale according to law but in quantities not exceeding five barrels, provided it be drawn and lamps filled by daylight or at a distance not less than ten feet from artificial light); or if a building herein described, whether intended for occupancy by owner or tenant, be or become vacant or unoccupied and so remain for ten days. Provided, a loss shall occur on the property insured while such breach of condition continues or such breach of condition is the primary or contributory cause of the loss."

These conditions appear in every policy issued by companies authorized to do business in Michigan.

If you are using gasoline or acetylene gas for illuminating you should have permission for same indorsed on your policy. It is not sufficient that a certain device or lamp has been approved by the underwriters. Permission to use the lamp must be endorsed on your policy.

PETER WHITE & CO., General Insurance Agents, MARQUETTE, MICH.

BLANK BOOKS

MADE TO.... ANY STYLE.

SATISFACTION GUARANTEED

PRICES THE LOWEST

C. A. Eggers, The Book Binder, Marquette.

Superior Gasoline Engines.

If you are going to have an Engine for 1902, place your order now, so you will have your Engine when the spring rush comes. We have two 6 H. P. Truscott Engines, that we replaced with "Superiors," that we will sell cheap.

HAVE YOUR SKATES SHARPENED AT THE

Lake Shore Engine Works, Marquette, Mich.

HAGER BROS. CO., LTD., FUNERAL DIRECTORS and PRACTICAL EMBALMERS,

118 South Front Street, MARQUETTE, MICH.

NIGHT CALLS: G. W. HAGER'S RESIDENCE; BOTH PHONES.

Kaskola Tablets Make White Teeth

WALNUT LAKE, ARK., June 3, 1900. I thank you for the benefit I received from your advice and the Wine of Cardui I took in my terrible condition. My life was no pleasure to me as all I was of no use to anybody. After receiving your advice and medicine I commenced taking it and began immediately to improve. The pains left me and the meninges, which came at the correct time, continued three days. I have gained strength and my weight has increased. My husband says the medicine has made me better looking than ever before. Mrs. LIZZIE MANNELL.

Womanly health means bright eyes, rosy cheeks, clear complexion and elasticity of form. This is the youth unmeasured by years—the beauty of perfect womanhood. Beautiful women are happier and get more out of life than their sisters whose faces indicate suffering. Wine of Cardui made Mrs. Mannell "better looking" and infinitely happier because it cured her of those terrible pains. But she is no exception.

Beauty is Health.



Wine of Cardui is giving thousands of women health, beauty and freedom from the dragging pains which made their lives so miserable. Wan faces, haggard eyes and emaciated forms are the results of suffering. What suffering can compare with the torture of irregular menstruation, leucorrhoea and falling of the womb? Beauty lies quickly before the ravages of such disease. The sharp pains of falling of the womb deepen the crow tracks in the face. Menstrual irregularities rob the eye of its fire and the complexion of its transparency. Leucorrhoea drains the body of its strength, but Wine of Cardui restores the natural beauty, brightens the eye, clears the complexion, rounds out the figure and brings back the vigor of health. Every druggist in this city handles \$1.00 bottles of Wine of Cardui.

For advice and literature, address, giving symptoms, "The Ladies' Advisory Department," The Chattanooga Medicine Company, Chattanooga, Tenn.

WINE OF CARDUI

It is giving thousands of women health, beauty and freedom from the dragging pains which made their lives so miserable. Wan faces, haggard eyes and emaciated forms are the results of suffering. What suffering can compare with the torture of irregular menstruation, leucorrhoea and falling of the womb? Beauty lies quickly before the ravages of such disease. The sharp pains of falling of the womb deepen the crow tracks in the face. Menstrual irregularities rob the eye of its fire and the complexion of its transparency. Leucorrhoea drains the body of its strength, but Wine of Cardui restores the natural beauty, brightens the eye, clears the complexion, rounds out the figure and brings back the vigor of health. Every druggist in this city handles \$1.00 bottles of Wine of Cardui.

For advice and literature, address, giving symptoms, "The Ladies' Advisory Department," The Chattanooga Medicine Company, Chattanooga, Tenn.

It Takes the Place of the Doctor.

It Takes only a little in milk to make baby fat.

We'll send you a little to try, if you like. SCOTT & BOWNE, 409 Pearl Street, New York.

A STOMACH

that will stand mince pie just before going to bed is a rare treasure. But almost any stomach can stand almost anything if it is toned up and helped by

Kaskola Tablets

the complete digester of all starchy, albuminous and flesh foods. If you are a sufferer from any form of dyspepsia, no matter how severe, Kaskola is guaranteed to cure you.

15 and 50 cents at Druggists. Sample and illustrated booklet free by addressing THE P. L. ABBEY CO., Kalamazoo, Mich.

DOMINION LINE

SPECIAL ANNUAL MEETING. New Service to Mediterranean.

The new gigantic steam-ship steamer "Commonwealth," 12,000 tons, 800 feet long, to Alexandria, Egypt, via Naples, February 12, 1902, or information address Company at 210, 20 Northern St., Chicago.

Hinkley's Bone Liniment

often saves lives and doctor's bills.

In many cases of illness, where the doctor is not needed, cannot be reached, or must be waited for, Hinkley's Bone Liniment is invaluable. It is prompt, sure and safe. It relieves pain of every kind, soothes and quiets.

Sold everywhere in 25c, 50c, and \$1.00 bottles. HINKLEY BONE LINIMENT CO., Saginaw, Mich.

HINKLEY'S BONE LINIMENT

FOR INTERNAL AND EXTERNAL USE

The Bargain Stores **Winter Goods** We Sell Everything **Going at Cost**

.....ALL.....
.....AT.....

F. BRAASTAD & CO'S
CAST DEPARTMENT STORES.

Clothing Department.
Men's Overcoats and Ulsters at actual cost. See our Basket Bargains. A fine line of Men's Colored Shirts, Caps, Gloves, Mittens and Hosiery. If you need anything in this line it will pay to call and examine our goods and cash prices. Duck Coats, Blankets, Underwear and Overalls. We are the leaders for low prices.

Men's Furnishing Department.
We are closing out all our Winter Underwear way below our regular prices. See our Basket Bargains. A fine line of Men's Colored Shirts, Caps, Gloves, Mittens and Hosiery. If you need anything in this line it will pay to call and examine our goods and cash prices. Duck Coats, Blankets, Underwear and Overalls. We are the leaders for low prices.

Our Shoe Department.
We carry reliable makes. The most complete line of Women's Shoes in the city, at prices that are trade winners. Our Misses' and Children's Shoes are sold at 20 per cent. less than our competitors' prices. We guarantee our Shoes to wear. We do strictly cash business and sell goods cheap.

The Best Goods **F. BRAASTAD & CO.** One Price Only

Ishpeming and its Environs.

A NEW OPERA HOUSE.

The Elks May Be Instrumental in Providing the City With One.

That Ishpeming will soon be provided with a modern play house is among the possibilities. During the past fifteen or twenty years the opera house proposition has been up at different times in various forms. Plans have been prepared, but that has thus far marked the end of the effort put forth.

It would seem from the fact that the local lodge of Elks is about to take the matter up that a theatre may be provided before the close of this year. A number of the audience here are manifesting no little interest in the project and certain matters relative to the enterprise have been placed in the hands of a committee of prominent members of the order.

At the regular meeting held Tuesday evening the opera question was discussed. Plans of different theatres, including the one to go up at Hancock, were presented. A committee was named to ascertain what financial assistance can be obtained from the people of the city and also what a desirable site for the proposed building will cost. The committee is composed of A. B. Miner, Fred Braastad, George A. Newell, John P. Orthwaite, M. M. Duncan, George B. Sedgwick, H. O. Young, A. J. Yungbluth and James Clancy.

It will be generally conceded that no better committee could have been named. All of these gentlemen are more or less interested in art promptly. The committee will have its report ready to submit to the lodge at the next regular meeting.

Will Organize Stock Company.
In case a favorable report is received from the committee a stock company will be organized. All who wish stock will be given a chance to subscribe for shares in the enterprise. It is quite certain that the stock will be taken readily, as the sentiment in favor of a new opera house was never stronger than it is at this time. With new play houses going up in all the important cities on the peninsula the people of Ishpeming feel that they will show themselves lacking in enterprise if the city is not provided with a modern theatre.

There is quite a difference of opinion as to what kind of a building should be constructed. Some seem to favor one with store rooms in connection. So far as can now be judged, this plan is the least favored, as to put up a block of that description would call for a large amount of money. The Elks favor confining the building to an opera house and lodge hall. The latter could be provided in the upper story.

One day last week a Chicago man who represents a firm of opera house promoters spent a few hours in Ishpeming. He came here for the purpose of looking the field over with a view to building a house. His plan is to sell tickets to the extent of \$100,000 for the opening performance and then take a mortgage on the property for the balance due. This proposition is not looked on with much favor, as it is the opinion of nearly all concerned that a much better house would be provided through a stock company. A number of theatres have been built by the promoters referred to in Wisconsin and Illinois cities. They are hustlers and will put up a house in short order if given the encouragement sought.

INSURE WITH THE BEST.

IF YOU WANT **FIRE INSURANCE**

..... PURCHASE IT FROM ...

HALL & MOSS,

who represent the STRONGEST COMPANIES in this country and the old world. Call and see us at our new office in the ROBBINS BLOCK, Main Street. (1-29-17)

The Miners' National Bank,

ISHPEMING, MICHIGAN.

CAPITAL, \$100,000.

TRANSACTS A GENERAL BANKING BUSINESS.

OFFICERS: D. McVIEHIE, Vice-President. H. S. THOMPSON, Asst. Cashier. F. BRAASTAD, President. A. B. MINER, Cashier.

DIRECTORS: M. M. DUNCAN, W. H. JOHNSON, Walter Fitch, F. Braastad, Alexander Matilda, D. McViechie, David Morgan A. B. Miner, H. O. Young. (1-28-17)

Old People

Omega Oil

After men and women are 50 years of age, they begin to decline. Nature meant it that way. If they have not abused their health those 50 years, no kind of medicine is needed. But nearly every one of us works too hard, eats or drinks too much, or abuses the body some way. Then aches and pains come. In all cases of pain in Old Age, the body should be thoroughly rubbed with Omega Oil. The Oil not only stops the pain, but invigorates the whole system, and gives old people a youthful feeling by loosening the joints, softening the skin and soothing the nerves. It is particularly recommended for Rheumatism, Gout, Lumbago, Crick in the Back and Stitch in the Side. 50c. a bottle.



CLERKS WILL ENTERTAIN.

The clerks of this city will doubtless be out in force tomorrow evening in response to an invitation from Manager W. M. Boaz of the Carpenter-Cook Co. About one hundred store employees will be over from Negaunee, arriving here about 8:30 o'clock. The visitors will go direct to the Anderson hall, where a musical and literary program will be rendered. Later in the evening there will be dancing. The invited ones will be supplied with tickets and persons not having them will not be admitted.

At the Anderson Hall the musical program to be rendered is as follows:
Piano solo—Miss Florence Mildon.
Vocal solo—Miss Farm.
Quartet—Madame Delbridge and Watson and Messrs. Delbridge and Rule.
Vocal solo—Fred Bennett.
Piano duet—The Misses Jacobs and Kennedy.

NATURALIZATION PAPERS.

County Clerk William A. Ross has caused the following notice relative to the issuance of naturalization papers to be posted in Ishpeming:

I will be in the city of Ishpeming on Thursday, the 13th day of February, 1902, for the purpose of issuing first papers to all who desire them and will be found at the Nelson House from 9 o'clock a. m. until 9 o'clock p. m.

Note—No one is permitted to vote until they are full citizens; if you get your first papers now, you can get your second papers two years from this date (provided you have not five years already in the United States) when you will be entitled to all rights and privileges as a citizen of the United States. The fee for first papers is \$1; so come prepared to pay for them.

HARRY BEER SURPRISED.

He Was Presented With a Silver Smoking Set Yesterday Afternoon.

The employees of the Chicago & Northwestern Railway company's station here gave Harry S. Beer, the retiring cashier, a surprise last evening about 5 o'clock. It occurred just as Mr. Beer had balanced up his cash and had turned over the keys to his successor.

The boys had congregated, though Harry was so busy winding up his affairs that he did not observe that anything unusual was about to happen. Agent James H. Malloy was designated to address Mr. Beer and present him with a silver smoking set. Harry was very much surprised, but he responded to the presentation in a few well chosen words, thanking his associates for their token, also assuring them that he regretted to leave the office, where he has spent the past twelve years. This is the first time in the history of the local office that the employees ever gave a fellow worker a surprise of this kind. Agents and others have left from time to time, but none were ever remembered, as was Mr. Beer.

Ernest O. Bengry succeeds Mr. Beer. He has been in the office here a number of years past and he will make a competent cashier. T. C. Cowin, the day operator, takes Mr. Bengry's place. Another operator is expected along at any time to fill the vacancy left by the advancement of Cowin. Mr. Beer leaves this morning for Houghton, where he will assume the duties of his new position at Needham Bros. drug store.

WORKING OVERTIME.

Eight hour laws are ignored by those tireless, little workers—Dr. King's New Life Pills. Millions are always at work, night and day, curing indigestion, biliousness, Constipation, Sick Headache and all Stomach, Liver and Bowel troubles. Easy, pleasant, safe, sure. Only 25c at Stafford's drug store.

DON'T LIVE TOGETHER.

Constipation and health never go together. DeWitt's Little Early Risers promote easy action of the bowels without gripping or distress. Are safe, sure, gentle, thorough. Purely vegetable. The Stafford Drug Co. H. N. Meloche Co., Ishpeming.

Health for 10 Cents.

A lively liver, pure blood, clean skin, bright eyes, perfect health—Cascarets Candy Cathartic will obtain and secure them for you. Genuine tablets stamped C. C. C. Never sold in bulk. All druggists, 10c.

THE PLAY TONIGHT.

There promises to be a large attendance at the opera house this evening when the military drama, "The Confederate Spy," will be produced under direction of the Ishpeming Light Guards. Many who witnessed the play one evening last week will be present again tonight. The players made a decided hit at the initial performance and with the new specialties that will be given this evening the entertainment should please all. The complete City Band orchestra will furnish music between the acts and will also assist with the specialties.

WANTED—Pupils in music, including piano and organ. Classes wanted in Ishpeming, Negaunee, Champion, Michigan and Republic. Miss McGrath, graduate Chicago Musical college. Address Ishpeming, care Wasby house. (2-6-17)

Do you want overalls? We have the best. They are the Oshkosh union brand. Selling at rock bottom prices. Finnish Mercantile association.

ISHPEMING IN BRIEF.

C. H. Moss was down from the copper country yesterday.

D. T. Morgan of Republic was an Ishpeming visitor yesterday.

A. B. Eldredge of Marquette did business in Ishpeming yesterday.

The Midwinter club will give its second card party Saturday evening at the Anderson hall.

Miss Teckla Farm has returned from Detroit. She will spend a month or so at her home here.

Mrs. J. H. Quinn entertained a few of her lady friends at her home on High street Tuesday evening.

Miss Rose O'Brien was tendered a birthday surprise by some of her young friends at her home on Tuesday evening.

Otto Leonardson, an employe of the Superior Posten office, is minus the top of one of his fingers. He had it taken off Tuesday in a press.

The eight-year-old son of Charles Samuelson fell while skiing on Saturday last and sustained a fracture of his right leg below the knee.

The four-year-old son of Xilda Pepin of 115 Barnum street, died Tuesday afternoon. The funeral will take place this afternoon at 2 o'clock from St. Joseph's church.

Mrs. J. W. Johnson and her mother, Mrs. J. Dahlstrom, left Monday for Rhinelander, the former's home. Mrs. Dahlstrom will spend a few weeks in the Wisconsin town.

The officers of the French tent of the Maccabees will be pleased to see a large attendance of the members present at the regular meeting this evening. A matter of particular interest will come up and all should attend.

William Sedgwick and wife left Tuesday evening for Viloxi, Miss., where they will spend the remainder of the winter. Mr. Sedgwick has not been well this winter and the visit south is made in the hope that the change and rest will benefit him.

Andrew Hill, an employe of the Lake Superior Hard Ore mine, sustained a fracture of the skull Tuesday night. A piece of ore fell from above, striking him on the head. Hill will come around all right, though he will be unable to work for a few weeks at least.

The young ladies holding membership in the Bee Hive society of the Norwegian Lutheran church have made extensive preparations for the bazaar they will conduct tomorrow and Saturday at the Swedish Home society's hall. The bazaar will be open for visitors tomorrow afternoon at 2 o'clock. A large collection of useful and fancy articles will be offered for sale at very reasonable prices. A musical and literary program will be rendered each evening. All will be made welcome.

Michigamme.

Charles Jacobson, the meat dealer, is now nicely located in the Plumback building.

The ice being taken from Lake Michigamme is about eighteen inches thick, this not counting the incrustation of snow ice.

Archie Lacross, who has been confined to a Marquette hospital for the past few weeks, has returned to the village. He is feeling very much improved and will soon be as well as ever.

C. F. Sundstrom has taken the local agency for an improved gasoline lamp. A number of them should be sold here, as they are a big improvement over the lamps in use in most of the business places of the village.

Township Treasurer John Dower gives notice that owners of dogs must pay taxes on them. There are a number of worthless canines in the village and it will be just as well if some of them are put out of existence.

Nels Moline received very sad news one day recently. A letter from his native place across the water brought the intelligence that his parents had died. There was but a few days between the time of their deaths.

G. J. Murray is displaying the latest patterns in wall paper. He represents the well known firm of Albert Peats & Co. Mr. Murray does quite a business in that line. His assortment of samples is quite large and very complete.

Frank Sogardneck of Mass City and Miss Annie Campbell of Michigamme were married here last Saturday. Rev. Father Hasenberg, pastor of the Catholic church, performed the ceremony. The young couple will reside at Mass City.

The masquerade ball to be given at Odd Fellows' hall here on Friday evening of this week promises to be a big social event. A number of young people are expected from the adjoining towns and a large number of home people are certain to attend it. There will be in

Hotel Property for Sale!

The Garfield House, Ishpeming, is offered for sale. The property is a very desirable one and is in first class condition. For particulars apply to HANS GUNDERSON, (2-1-1mo) Ishpeming.

Rare bargains in winter goods of all kinds, including skirts, jackets, shirt waists, blankets, comforters, etc. Closing them out. Finnish Mercantile association.

SANDY CATHARTIC

Cascarets

BEST FOR THE BOWELS

Genuine stamped C. C. C. Never sold in bulk. Beware of the dealer who tries to sell "something just as good."

Great Sale On Venetian Enameled Ware

AT JOHN W. JOCHIM HARDWARE CO., LTD.

We have just received a large consignment of these goods direct from the importers and have decided to advertise our business by putting the entire consignment on the market at cost, during the month of February only.

Come early and make selections before the stock is broken up. This is positively the greatest bargain in Cooking Utensils ever offered in Ishpeming.

WE RESUME REGULAR PRICES ON THESE GOODS MARCH 1.

John W. Jochim Hardware Co., Ltd.


WE SELL ALL GOOD THINGS

CHASE & SANBORN'S FAMOUS BOSTON COFFEES

COME TO THOSE WHO WAIT. . . .

IT'S UP TO YOU TO TRY Chase & Sanborn's Coffee IF YOU WANT THE BEST!

J. Sellwood & Co., AGENTS.



Cloaks, Capes, Skirts, Blankets, Comforters at cost.

YOURS FOR BARGAINS, FINNISH MERCANTILE ASSOCIATION.

MANHOOD RESTORED "CUPIDENE"

How many after years of weakness, loss of vigor, etc., and still no result? Address to Detroit, Mich. Free receipt man may see is certainly followed by show what "Dear Sir" thanks for your treatment benefit has

FOR RENT—Furnished rooms, well heated, at 27 East Division street. 2-6-17

NEW GOODS JUST IN.

Fred Hriebnig, THE TAILOR,

113 South First street, Ishpeming, Mich. 1-3-17

This is the Time You should have your Water Pipes Looked After.

In case they NEED OVERHAULING CONSULT

JAMES A. BLACKNEY, THE PLUMBER,

211 E. Euclid Street, Ishpeming.

MY DIVIDEND PLAN

Is to Divide the Profit With the Customers.

My experience is worth money to the buyers. A long and successful career in the dry goods and clothing lines enables me to do my own buying and I don't have to expend money for experienced help. Money talks and that is the reason why I can buy goods as cheap as any one in the city. I buy large quantities for cash, and sell for cash in all departments. I am looking out for your trade and make lower prices than any other merchant in Ishpeming to get it, which I am bound to do as my prices will some day bring you in my store. Am positive my goods will satisfy anyone. Remember, I can save you a big dividend on the goods you buy of me.

ED. CLARK.

Great Sale On Venetian Enameled Ware

AT JOHN W. JOCHIM HARDWARE CO., LTD.

We have just received a large consignment of these goods direct from the importers and have decided to advertise our business by putting the entire consignment on the market at cost, during the month of February only.

Come early and make selections before the stock is broken up. This is positively the greatest bargain in Cooking Utensils ever offered in Ishpeming.

WE RESUME REGULAR PRICES ON THESE GOODS MARCH 1.

John W. Jochim Hardware Co., Ltd.

IT SOLVES PROBLEM

HEALTH OFFICER OFFERS A PLAN OF GARBAGE COLLECTION.

PROVIDES FOR LICENSED SCAVENGERS

FIVE-YEAR CONTRACT IS TO BE MADE WITH HIM.

He Is to Furnish Cans, Wagons and Other Equipment, and the Cost to Householders Is Figured at Much Less Than Now.

After some time spent in the study of the problem, and after extensive correspondence with the health officers in other cities and investigation of the ordinances in effect there, Dr. R. C. Markham believes he has solved the question of the disposal of garbage. His plan has been presented to the council and by it referred to the appropriate committee for consideration and recommendation.

In brief, the scheme provides for the collection and disposal of garbage by a licensed scavenger, with whom a five-year contract is to be entered into. The contractor is to furnish the cans, vehicles and all other necessary equipment, and is to be responsible, with bonds as surety, for the faithful performance of the work. It is provided that each family in the garbage district shall be supplied with two metallic cans of ten gallons capacity each, one to be used at a time, into which the refuse is to be deposited and collected, and all, at least twice per week from May 1 to Nov. 1 and once a week during the other months.

For this work, the contractor is permitted to charge not to exceed ten cents per can from private residences (it may be materially less, as the contract is to be entered into with fifty cents per week from hotels, boarding houses, and the like. Special wagons from which no odor will be emitted are to be provided for the transportation of the garbage to the dump ground beyond the poor house or to a city crematory or such other place as may be designated. Each wagon is to hold sixty cans.

It should be stated that, although the various features of the proposed ordinance are in successful operation at other cities and have been tested in the courts, it is here not proposed to make it an irrevocable proposition. Where the health officer gives such permission the refuse or garbage may be burned or disposed of in other ways not dangerous to the public health. The plan of collection by a licensed scavenger, however, does away with the fly and germ-breeding barrels now in common use, and in a way it eliminates the necessity of inspection of the various premises, since the scavenger is held responsible for the removal of the garbage, while financially it is to his interest to see there are no violations.

As far as the cost to the householder is concerned, under the proposed plan it would certainly not be more than now and probably materially less, and as it does away with all the annoyance at present experienced it is the opinion of the health officer that the citizens generally would welcome the adoption of the ordinance, which, by the way, also provides for the cleaning of open closets once a year. For the purpose of laying the plan before the public, The Mining Journal herewith publishes the proposed regulations in full. It is the wish of health officer, mayor and councilmen that the plan be given careful consideration by the people, whose interests it is sought to serve. The draft of the ordinance follows:

Section 1. The health officer of the city of Marquette shall have charge, management and control of the garbage burner or crematory owned by the city of Marquette and the regulation of the cremation of garbage and other refuse matter; and for that purpose shall have power to employ such persons as may be required to do the work connected therewith, at such salaries as may be fixed by the common council of the said city of Marquette, and the number of such employees shall be sanctioned and determined by said common council.

Sec. 2. It shall be unlawful for any person residing within the limits of the city of Marquette or elsewhere, to throw, deposit, or place any garbage, offal, or dead animals in any lane, alley, street or other public place within the city of Marquette; nor shall any person place any garbage, offal, dead animals or other refuse matter, upon any private property, whether owned by such person or not, unless the same shall be enclosed in proper vessels or tanks; such vessels or tanks to be perfectly water tight and so kept, with tightly fitting covers, which covers shall not be removed except when absolutely necessary; and such tanks or vessels shall be kept in the rear of the house or in the basement, area or passage way, so as to be readily accessible for collection and never upon the street, alley, sidewalk or other public place; and all such tanks or vessels shall be promptly delivered to the collector when called for, and shall be returned by him to said place or places without unnecessary delay; and no person, except for such purpose, shall in any manner interfere with said vessels or tanks, or with the contents thereof.

Provided, however, that this section shall not apply to any person who immediately destroys by cremation or otherwise, satisfactory to the said health officer, such garbage, offal and refuse matter.

Sec. 3. The words "garbage" and "offal," as used in this ordinance, shall be held to include every refuse accumulation of animal, fruit or vegetable matter, liquid or otherwise, that attends the preparation, use, cooking, dealing in or storing of meat, fish, fowl, fruit or vegetables. And it shall be unlawful for any person to place in said vessels or tanks any ashes or soil.

Sec. 4. No person or persons other than such garbage collector who hold a license from the board of health, signed by the mayor, or person in the employ of such licensed garbage collector, shall haul any garbage through or over any streets, alley or avenue in the city of Marquette; and each cart or other vehicle used for such purpose shall have the word "GARBAGE" and the number of the permit in white letters not less than two inches high on a black background plainly painted or attached to each side of the wagon bed. No cart or other vehicle shall be used for the collection of garbage except such as have been approved by the health officer.

Sec. 5. The health officer, subject to the approval thereof by the common council, is hereby authorized and empowered to enter into a contract with any suitable person or persons, as scavenger, for the purpose of furnishing proper receptacles for the reception of garbage, and for furnishing the necessary vehicles for collecting and removing the same, also the cleaning of vaults, privies or drains, the removal of manure and of any and all nuisances, in the manner directed by said health officer. Said health officer, subject to such approval of the common council shall have power to make such rules, regulations and requirements, to be contained in said contract, as said health officer may from time to time deem fit to prescribe for the city. And said health officer, by and with the approval of the common council, may also divide said city into convenient and practicable garbage collection districts, and shall have power to regulate the gathering of night soil, and the collecting and conveying of dead animals, garbage, offal and slops to the city crematory or such other place as the board of health may direct. The person or persons thus entering into a contract for the collection and removal of such garbage, offal, night soil, dead animals and other refuse matter, as hereinbefore stated, shall upon the recommendation of the said health officer, receive a license for that purpose, issued by the board of health and signed by the mayor of said city, and no license shall be issued to any other person, persons, firm or corporation for the purpose of gathering such garbage, offal, night soil, dead animals and other refuse matter, aforesaid. And such person so licensed shall give a bond to the city of Marquette, with sufficient sureties and in such amount as may be required by said board of health. The conditions of such bond shall be that said person or persons shall in all things carry out the provisions of such contract (thus entered into between himself or themselves and the health officer, acting for the said city), and such rules and regulations concerning the disposal of garbage as may from time to time be made by said health officer. And said licensed scavenger shall gather said garbage herein provided to be conveyed to the city crematory or such other place as the board of health may direct, as often as the health officer shall direct, which shall not be less than twice a week from the first day of May to the first day of November, and not less than once a week at all other times during the year. He shall remove the contents of all privy vaults at least once each year, and the contents of all box privies at least once each month from the first day of May to the first day of November, and every two months at all other times during the year.

Sec. 6. The person or persons so licensed and authorized, as hereinbefore stated, in collecting and removing garbage and all other refuse matter as aforesaid, shall not where said vessels or tanks, hereinafter mentioned, are not capable of holding such refuse matter, shall provide a proper vehicle which shall be water-tight and kept so, and covered on top so as to prevent the contents or any odor escaping therefrom, and after unloading said vehicle it shall be thoroughly washed and disinfected; and when conveying said matter shall be so loaded and removed that none of the contents shall spill or fall upon the ground.

Sec. 7. No person shall, in said city, deposit any human fecal matter in any place except in some properly constructed privy or water-closet, nor shall any person having removed the contents, or any part thereof, of any privy in the city of Marquette, deposit the same in any place other than such as may be approved by the health officer of said city.

Sec. 8. It shall be unlawful for any person other than such as shall be authorized by the health officer, and licensed as aforesaid, to clean for pay any privy in the city of Marquette. Provided, that this section shall not prevent the owner or occupant of any premises filling up an old privy vault and removing its privy to a new vault on the same premises, if permission to do so is first obtained from the health officer in writing.

Sec. 9. Such garbage collector under the direction of the health officer, shall have the power to enter upon any premises, between the hours of sunrise and sunset, and examine any vault, cesspool, sink, privy, barn or private drain or other source of nuisance.

Sec. 10. It shall be unlawful to allow manure to accumulate on any premises in the city of Marquette in larger quantities than three cubic yards, and it shall be kept in a tightly closing box or other tightly closed place free from exposure to rain and sun.

Sec. 11. When requested to do so, said scavenger shall clean or empty any vault, drain or privy, and remove any and all nuisances. In cleaning sinks, private drains, privies or vaults, removing manure or any other nuisance, authority is hereby conferred upon said scavenger to go upon said property where the same may be situated, for that purpose, and when necessary for that purpose said scavenger may open the walls of said vault, privy or drain, and remove the floor or seats of said vault, privy, or both floor and seats when necessary, but in such case he shall replace the said floor, seats and the walls of said vaults, private drains or privies, in as good condition, as near as practicable, as before the same were disturbed. He shall remove the contents of privies and privy vaults only in the night time, between the hours of ten p. m. and three a. m., unless the same, under the directions of the health officer of said city, can be removed at other hours of the day or night, and be rendered innocuous by using odorless excrementing apparatus, or any apparatus that will remove the same so as not to produce or stir up any odors whatever.

Sec. 12. For all work done by said scavenger, by order of the health officer, excepting the collecting and removal of garbage, he shall be paid, upon written orders of said health officer, out of the general fund, not to exceed the amount agreed upon in the aforesaid contract with him for doing the work enumerated with the health department as provided for in this ordinance.

Sec. 13. The scavenger thus licensed, shall receive no compensation from the city of Marquette for collection of garbage, but shall be permitted to make such arrangements with the citizens of said city in the various districts that may be established by said health officer, for the furnishing of proper metallic receptacles, at the expense of said health officer, for the reception of garbage and the removal thereof from the premises of the owner, or occupant of the property, to the city crematory or such other place as the board of health may direct. Provided, however, that the patron so furnishing garbage as aforesaid shall not be subjected to a charge of more than ten cents per can and not more than 50 cents per week for each hotel, restaurant, boarding house, commission warehouse or other place where garbage is accumulated in large quantities.

Sec. 14. When the health officer shall have knowledge that a privy, cesspool, or drain pipe is in an unsanitary or foul condition, or manure is being retained in violation of the terms of Sec. 10 of this ordinance, and the owner or occupant of the premises on which said nuisance exists neglects or refuses to abate the same within the time specified in a written notice served upon him to do so, signed by the health officer by his order, it shall be the duty of the scavenger aforesaid, upon an order from said health officer, to abate the same said nuisance, in such manner as the health officer shall direct, and in such manner as shall be provided in this ordinance. Whenever said scavenger shall so, as aforesaid, remove or dispose of such manure, put privy, vault or premises in a sanitary condition, not including the removal of garbage, upon the order of the health officer, it shall be the duty of said health officer to cause the city controller a statement showing the work done, the cost thereof, and a description of the premises from which said removal was made or upon which said work was done. From the time of filing such statement, the amount of the cost of such work shall be a lien in such premises, to the extent of said work, with the interest thereon, and the same proceedings shall be had in every respect for the enforcement and collection thereof, as are provided for the enforcement and collection of expenses incurred in the construction or repair of sidewalks in said city of Marquette.

Sec. 15. Any person or persons who shall violate any of the provisions or requirements of this ordinance, on conviction thereof, shall be punished by a fine of not less than one dollar or more than one hundred dollars and costs of prosecution, or by imprisonment in the common jail of the county of Marquette, in the discretion of the court or magistrate before whom the conviction may be had, for a period of not less than two days, nor more than sixty days; or by both such fine and imprisonment; and in case such court or magistrate shall impose a fine and costs, the offender may be sentenced to be imprisoned in the common jail of the county of Marquette, until the payment of such fine and costs, nor more than ninety days.

Sec. 16. Any person or persons who shall violate any of the provisions or requirements of this ordinance, on conviction thereof, shall be punished by a fine of not less than one dollar or more than one hundred dollars and costs of prosecution, or by imprisonment in the common jail of the county of Marquette, in the discretion of the court or magistrate before whom the conviction may be had, for a period of not less than two days, nor more than sixty days; or by both such fine and imprisonment; and in case such court or magistrate shall impose a fine and costs, the offender may be sentenced to be imprisoned in the common jail of the county of Marquette, until the payment of such fine and costs, nor more than ninety days.

Sec. 17. Any person or persons who shall violate any of the provisions or requirements of this ordinance, on conviction thereof, shall be punished by a fine of not less than one dollar or more than one hundred dollars and costs of prosecution, or by imprisonment in the common jail of the county of Marquette, in the discretion of the court or magistrate before whom the conviction may be had, for a period of not less than two days, nor more than sixty days; or by both such fine and imprisonment; and in case such court or magistrate shall impose a fine and costs, the offender may be sentenced to be imprisoned in the common jail of the county of Marquette, until the payment of such fine and costs, nor more than ninety days.

Sec. 18. Any person or persons who shall violate any of the provisions or requirements of this ordinance, on conviction thereof, shall be punished by a fine of not less than one dollar or more than one hundred dollars and costs of prosecution, or by imprisonment in the common jail of the county of Marquette, in the discretion of the court or magistrate before whom the conviction may be had, for a period of not less than two days, nor more than sixty days; or by both such fine and imprisonment; and in case such court or magistrate shall impose a fine and costs, the offender may be sentenced to be imprisoned in the common jail of the county of Marquette, until the payment of such fine and costs, nor more than ninety days.

Sec. 19. Any person or persons who shall violate any of the provisions or requirements of this ordinance, on conviction thereof, shall be punished by a fine of not less than one dollar or more than one hundred dollars and costs of prosecution, or by imprisonment in the common jail of the county of Marquette, in the discretion of the court or magistrate before whom the conviction may be had, for a period of not less than two days, nor more than sixty days; or by both such fine and imprisonment; and in case such court or magistrate shall impose a fine and costs, the offender may be sentenced to be imprisoned in the common jail of the county of Marquette, until the payment of such fine and costs, nor more than ninety days.

Sec. 20. Any person or persons who shall violate any of the provisions or requirements of this ordinance, on conviction thereof, shall be punished by a fine of not less than one dollar or more than one hundred dollars and costs of prosecution, or by imprisonment in the common jail of the county of Marquette, in the discretion of the court or magistrate before whom the conviction may be had, for a period of not less than two days, nor more than sixty days; or by both such fine and imprisonment; and in case such court or magistrate shall impose a fine and costs, the offender may be sentenced to be imprisoned in the common jail of the county of Marquette, until the payment of such fine and costs, nor more than ninety days.

Sec. 21. Any person or persons who shall violate any of the provisions or requirements of this ordinance, on conviction thereof, shall be punished by a fine of not less than one dollar or more than one hundred dollars and costs of prosecution, or by imprisonment in the common jail of the county of Marquette, in the discretion of the court or magistrate before whom the conviction may be had, for a period of not less than two days, nor more than sixty days; or by both such fine and imprisonment; and in case such court or magistrate shall impose a fine and costs, the offender may be sentenced to be imprisoned in the common jail of the county of Marquette, until the payment of such fine and costs, nor more than ninety days.

Sec. 22. Any person or persons who shall violate any of the provisions or requirements of this ordinance, on conviction thereof, shall be punished by a fine of not less than one dollar or more than one hundred dollars and costs of prosecution, or by imprisonment in the common jail of the county of Marquette, in the discretion of the court or magistrate before whom the conviction may be had, for a period of not less than two days, nor more than sixty days; or by both such fine and imprisonment; and in case such court or magistrate shall impose a fine and costs, the offender may be sentenced to be imprisoned in the common jail of the county of Marquette, until the payment of such fine and costs, nor more than ninety days.

Sec. 23. Any person or persons who shall violate any of the provisions or requirements of this ordinance, on conviction thereof, shall be punished by a fine of not less than one dollar or more than one hundred dollars and costs of prosecution, or by imprisonment in the common jail of the county of Marquette, in the discretion of the court or magistrate before whom the conviction may be had, for a period of not less than two days, nor more than sixty days; or by both such fine and imprisonment; and in case such court or magistrate shall impose a fine and costs, the offender may be sentenced to be imprisoned in the common jail of the county of Marquette, until the payment of such fine and costs, nor more than ninety days.

Sec. 24. Any person or persons who shall violate any of the provisions or requirements of this ordinance, on conviction thereof, shall be punished by a fine of not less than one dollar or more than one hundred dollars and costs of prosecution, or by imprisonment in the common jail of the county of Marquette, in the discretion of the court or magistrate before whom the conviction may be had, for a period of not less than two days, nor more than sixty days; or by both such fine and imprisonment; and in case such court or magistrate shall impose a fine and costs, the offender may be sentenced to be imprisoned in the common jail of the county of Marquette, until the payment of such fine and costs, nor more than ninety days.

Sec. 25. Any person or persons who shall violate any of the provisions or requirements of this ordinance, on conviction thereof, shall be punished by a fine of not less than one dollar or more than one hundred dollars and costs of prosecution, or by imprisonment in the common jail of the county of Marquette, in the discretion of the court or magistrate before whom the conviction may be had, for a period of not less than two days, nor more than sixty days; or by both such fine and imprisonment; and in case such court or magistrate shall impose a fine and costs, the offender may be sentenced to be imprisoned in the common jail of the county of Marquette, until the payment of such fine and costs, nor more than ninety days.

Sec. 26. Any person or persons who shall violate any of the provisions or requirements of this ordinance, on conviction thereof, shall be punished by a fine of not less than one dollar or more than one hundred dollars and costs of prosecution, or by imprisonment in the common jail of the county of Marquette, in the discretion of the court or magistrate before whom the conviction may be had, for a period of not less than two days, nor more than sixty days; or by both such fine and imprisonment; and in case such court or magistrate shall impose a fine and costs, the offender may be sentenced to be imprisoned in the common jail of the county of Marquette, until the payment of such fine and costs, nor more than ninety days.

Sec. 27. Any person or persons who shall violate any of the provisions or requirements of this ordinance, on conviction thereof, shall be punished by a fine of not less than one dollar or more than one hundred dollars and costs of prosecution, or by imprisonment in the common jail of the county of Marquette, in the discretion of the court or magistrate before whom the conviction may be had, for a period of not less than two days, nor more than sixty days; or by both such fine and imprisonment; and in case such court or magistrate shall impose a fine and costs, the offender may be sentenced to be imprisoned in the common jail of the county of Marquette, until the payment of such fine and costs, nor more than ninety days.

Sec. 28. Any person or persons who shall violate any of the provisions or requirements of this ordinance, on conviction thereof, shall be punished by a fine of not less than one dollar or more than one hundred dollars and costs of prosecution, or by imprisonment in the common jail of the county of Marquette, in the discretion of the court or magistrate before whom the conviction may be had, for a period of not less than two days, nor more than sixty days; or by both such fine and imprisonment; and in case such court or magistrate shall impose a fine and costs, the offender may be sentenced to be imprisoned in the common jail of the county of Marquette, until the payment of such fine and costs, nor more than ninety days.

Sec. 29. Any person or persons who shall violate any of the provisions or requirements of this ordinance, on conviction thereof, shall be punished by a fine of not less than one dollar or more than one hundred dollars and costs of prosecution, or by imprisonment in the common jail of the county of Marquette, in the discretion of the court or magistrate before whom the conviction may be had, for a period of not less than two days, nor more than sixty days; or by both such fine and imprisonment; and in case such court or magistrate shall impose a fine and costs, the offender may be sentenced to be imprisoned in the common jail of the county of Marquette, until the payment of such fine and costs, nor more than ninety days.

Sec. 30. Any person or persons who shall violate any of the provisions or requirements of this ordinance, on conviction thereof, shall be punished by a fine of not less than one dollar or more than one hundred dollars and costs of prosecution, or by imprisonment in the common jail of the county of Marquette, in the discretion of the court or magistrate before whom the conviction may be had, for a period of not less than two days, nor more than sixty days; or by both such fine and imprisonment; and in case such court or magistrate shall impose a fine and costs, the offender may be sentenced to be imprisoned in the common jail of the county of Marquette, until the payment of such fine and costs, nor more than ninety days.

Sec. 31. Any person or persons who shall violate any of the provisions or requirements of this ordinance, on conviction thereof, shall be punished by a fine of not less than one dollar or more than one hundred dollars and costs of prosecution, or by imprisonment in the common jail of the county of Marquette, in the discretion of the court or magistrate before whom the conviction may be had, for a period of not less than two days, nor more than sixty days; or by both such fine and imprisonment; and in case such court or magistrate shall impose a fine and costs, the offender may be sentenced to be imprisoned in the common jail of the county of Marquette, until the payment of such fine and costs, nor more than ninety days.

Sec. 32. Any person or persons who shall violate any of the provisions or requirements of this ordinance, on conviction thereof, shall be punished by a fine of not less than one dollar or more than one hundred dollars and costs of prosecution, or by imprisonment in the common jail of the county of Marquette, in the discretion of the court or magistrate before whom the conviction may be had, for a period of not less than two days, nor more than sixty days; or by both such fine and imprisonment; and in case such court or magistrate shall impose a fine and costs, the offender may be sentenced to be imprisoned in the common jail of the county of Marquette, until the payment of such fine and costs, nor more than ninety days.

Sec. 33. Any person or persons who shall violate any of the provisions or requirements of this ordinance, on conviction thereof, shall be punished by a fine of not less than one dollar or more than one hundred dollars and costs of prosecution, or by imprisonment in the common jail of the county of Marquette, in the discretion of the court or magistrate before whom the conviction may be had, for a period of not less than two days, nor more than sixty days; or by both such fine and imprisonment; and in case such court or magistrate shall impose a fine and costs, the offender may be sentenced to be imprisoned in the common jail of the county of Marquette, until the payment of such fine and costs, nor more than ninety days.

Sec. 34. Any person or persons who shall violate any of the provisions or requirements of this ordinance, on conviction thereof, shall be punished by a fine of not less than one dollar or more than one hundred dollars and costs of prosecution, or by imprisonment in the common jail of the county of Marquette, in the discretion of the court or magistrate before whom the conviction may be had, for a period of not less than two days, nor more than sixty days; or by both such fine and imprisonment; and in case such court or magistrate shall impose a fine and costs, the offender may be sentenced to be imprisoned in the common jail of the county of Marquette, until the payment of such fine and costs, nor more than ninety days.

Sec. 35. Any person or persons who shall violate any of the provisions or requirements of this ordinance, on conviction thereof, shall be punished by a fine of not less than one dollar or more than one hundred dollars and costs of prosecution, or by imprisonment in the common jail of the county of Marquette, in the discretion of the court or magistrate before whom the conviction may be had, for a period of not less than two days, nor more than sixty days; or by both such fine and imprisonment; and in case such court or magistrate shall impose a fine and costs, the offender may be sentenced to be imprisoned in the common jail of the county of Marquette, until the payment of such fine and costs, nor more than ninety days.

Sec. 36. Any person or persons who shall violate any of the provisions or requirements of this ordinance, on conviction thereof, shall be punished by a fine of not less than one dollar or more than one hundred dollars and costs of prosecution, or by imprisonment in the common jail of the county of Marquette, in the discretion of the court or magistrate before whom the conviction may be had, for a period of not less than two days, nor more than sixty days; or by both such fine and imprisonment; and in case such court or magistrate shall impose a fine and costs, the offender may be sentenced to be imprisoned in the common jail of the county of Marquette, until the payment of such fine and costs, nor more than ninety days.

Sec. 37. Any person or persons who shall violate any of the provisions or requirements of this ordinance, on conviction thereof, shall be punished by a fine of not less than one dollar or more than one hundred dollars and costs of prosecution, or by imprisonment in the common jail of the county of Marquette, in the discretion of the court or magistrate before whom the conviction may be had, for a period of not less than two days, nor more than sixty days; or by both such fine and imprisonment; and in case such court or magistrate shall impose a fine and costs, the offender may be sentenced to be imprisoned in the common jail of the county of Marquette, until the payment of such fine and costs, nor more than ninety days.

Sec. 38. Any person or persons who shall violate any of the provisions or requirements of this ordinance, on conviction thereof, shall be punished by a fine of not less than one dollar or more than one hundred dollars and costs of prosecution, or by imprisonment in the common jail of the county of Marquette, in the discretion of the court or magistrate before whom the conviction may be had, for a period of not less than two days, nor more than sixty days; or by both such fine and imprisonment; and in case such court or magistrate shall impose a fine and costs, the offender may be sentenced to be imprisoned in the common jail of the county of Marquette, until the payment of such fine and costs, nor more than ninety days.

Sec. 39. Any person or persons who shall violate any of the provisions or requirements of this ordinance, on conviction thereof, shall be punished by a fine of not less than one dollar or more than one hundred dollars and costs of prosecution, or by imprisonment in the common jail of the county of Marquette, in the discretion of the court or magistrate before whom the conviction may be had, for a period of not less than two days, nor more than sixty days; or by both such fine and imprisonment; and in case such court or magistrate shall impose a fine and costs, the offender may be sentenced to be imprisoned in the common jail of the county of Marquette, until the payment of such fine and costs, nor more than ninety days.

Sec. 40. Any person or persons who shall violate any of the provisions or requirements of this ordinance, on conviction thereof, shall be punished by a fine of not less than one dollar or more than one hundred dollars and costs of prosecution, or by imprisonment in the common jail of the county of Marquette, in the discretion of the court or magistrate before whom the conviction may be had, for a period of not less than two days, nor more than sixty days; or by both such fine and imprisonment; and in case such court or magistrate shall impose a fine and costs, the offender may be sentenced to be imprisoned in the common jail of the county of Marquette, until the payment of such fine and costs, nor more than ninety days.

Sec. 41. Any person or persons who shall violate any of the provisions or requirements of this ordinance, on conviction thereof, shall be punished by a fine of not less than one dollar or more than one hundred dollars and costs of prosecution, or by imprisonment in the common jail of the county of Marquette, in the discretion of the court or magistrate before whom the conviction may be had, for a period of not less than two days, nor more than sixty days; or by both such fine and imprisonment; and in case such court or magistrate shall impose a fine and costs, the offender may be sentenced to be imprisoned in the common jail of the county of Marquette, until the payment of such fine and costs, nor more than ninety days.

Sec. 42. Any person or persons who shall violate any of the provisions or requirements of this ordinance, on conviction thereof, shall be punished by a fine of not less than one dollar or more than one hundred dollars and costs of prosecution, or by imprisonment in the common jail of the county of Marquette, in the discretion of the court or magistrate before whom the conviction may be had, for a period of not less than two days, nor more than sixty days; or by both such fine and imprisonment; and in case such court or magistrate shall impose a fine and costs, the offender may be sentenced to be imprisoned in the common jail of the county of Marquette, until the payment of such fine and costs, nor more than ninety days.

Sec. 43. Any person or persons who shall violate any of the provisions or requirements of this ordinance, on conviction thereof, shall be punished by a fine of not less than one dollar or more than one hundred dollars and costs of prosecution, or by imprisonment in the common jail of the county of Marquette, in the discretion of the court or magistrate before whom the conviction may be had, for a period of not less than two days, nor more than sixty days; or by both such fine and imprisonment; and in case such court or magistrate shall impose a fine and costs, the offender may be sentenced to be imprisoned in the common jail of the county of Marquette, until the payment of such fine and costs, nor more than ninety days.

Sec. 44. Any person or persons who shall violate any of the provisions or requirements of this ordinance, on conviction thereof, shall be punished by a fine of not less than one dollar or more than one hundred dollars and costs of prosecution, or by imprisonment in the common jail of the county of Marquette, in the discretion of the court or magistrate before whom the conviction may be had, for a period of not less than two days, nor more than sixty days; or by both such fine and imprisonment; and in case such court or magistrate shall impose a fine and costs, the offender may be sentenced to be imprisoned in the common jail of the county of Marquette, until the payment of such fine and costs, nor more than ninety days.

Sec. 45. Any person or persons who shall violate any of the provisions or requirements of this ordinance, on conviction thereof, shall be punished by a fine of not less than one dollar or more than one hundred dollars and costs of prosecution, or by imprisonment in the common jail of the county of Marquette, in the discretion of the court or magistrate before whom the conviction may be had, for a period of not less than two days, nor more than sixty days; or by both such fine and imprisonment; and in case such court or magistrate shall impose a fine and costs, the offender may be sentenced to be imprisoned in the common jail of the county of Marquette, until the payment of such fine and costs, nor more than ninety days.

Sec. 46. Any person or persons who shall violate any of the provisions or requirements of this ordinance, on conviction thereof, shall be punished by a fine of not less than one dollar or more than one hundred dollars and costs of prosecution, or by imprisonment in the common jail of the county of Marquette, in the discretion of the court or magistrate before whom the conviction may be had, for a period of not less than two days, nor more than sixty days; or by both such fine and imprisonment; and in case such court or magistrate shall impose a fine and costs, the offender may be sentenced to be imprisoned in the common jail of the county of Marquette, until the payment of such fine and costs, nor more than ninety days.

Sec. 47. Any person or persons who shall violate any of the provisions or requirements of this ordinance, on conviction thereof, shall be punished by a fine of not less than one dollar or more than one hundred dollars and costs of prosecution, or by imprisonment in the common jail of the county of Marquette, in the discretion of the court or magistrate before whom the conviction may be had, for a period of not less than two days, nor more than sixty days; or by both such fine and imprisonment; and in case such court or magistrate shall impose a fine and costs, the offender may be sentenced to be imprisoned in the common jail of the county of Marquette, until the payment of such fine and costs, nor more than ninety days.

Sec. 48. Any person or persons who shall violate any of the provisions or requirements of this ordinance, on conviction thereof, shall be punished by a fine of not less than one dollar or more than one hundred dollars and costs of prosecution, or by imprisonment in the common jail of the county of Marquette, in the discretion of the court or magistrate before whom the conviction may be had, for a period of not less than two days, nor more than sixty days; or by both such fine and imprisonment; and in case such court or magistrate shall impose a fine and costs, the offender may be sentenced to be imprisoned in the common jail of the county of Marquette, until the payment of such fine and costs, nor more than ninety days.

Sec. 49. Any person or persons who shall violate any of the provisions or requirements of this ordinance, on conviction thereof, shall be punished by a fine of not less than one dollar or more than one hundred dollars and costs of prosecution, or by imprisonment in the common jail of the county of Marquette, in the discretion of the court or magistrate before whom the conviction may be had, for a period of not less than two days, nor more than sixty days; or by both such fine and imprisonment; and in case such court or magistrate shall impose a fine and costs, the offender may be sentenced to be imprisoned in the common jail of the county of Marquette, until the payment of such fine and costs, nor more than ninety days.

Sec. 50. Any person or persons who shall violate any of the provisions or requirements of this ordinance, on conviction thereof, shall be punished by a fine of not less than one dollar or more than one hundred dollars and costs of prosecution, or by imprisonment in the common jail of the county of Marquette, in the discretion of the court or magistrate before whom the conviction may be had, for a period of not less than two days, nor more than sixty days; or by both such fine and imprisonment; and in case such court or magistrate shall impose a fine and costs, the offender may be sentenced to be imprisoned in the common jail of the county of Marquette, until the payment of such fine and costs, nor more than ninety days.

Sec. 51. Any person or persons who shall violate any of the provisions or requirements of this ordinance, on conviction thereof, shall be punished by a fine of not less than one dollar or more than one hundred dollars and costs of prosecution, or by imprisonment in the common jail of the county of Marquette, in the discretion of the court or magistrate before whom the conviction may be had, for a period of not less than two days, nor more than sixty days; or by both such fine and imprisonment; and in case such court or magistrate shall impose a fine and costs, the offender may be sentenced to be imprisoned in the common jail of the county of Marquette, until the payment of such fine and costs, nor more than ninety days.

Sec. 52. Any person or persons who shall violate any of the provisions or requirements of this ordinance, on conviction thereof, shall be punished by a fine of not less than one dollar or more than one hundred dollars and costs of prosecution, or by imprisonment in the common jail of the county of Marquette, in the discretion of the court or magistrate before whom the conviction may be had, for a period of not less than two days, nor more than sixty days; or by both such fine and imprisonment; and in case such court or magistrate shall impose a fine and costs, the offender may be sentenced to be imprisoned in the common jail of the county of Marquette, until the payment of such fine and costs, nor more than ninety days.

Sec. 53. Any person or persons who shall violate any of the provisions or requirements of this ordinance, on conviction thereof, shall be punished by a fine of not less than one dollar or more than one hundred dollars and costs of prosecution, or by imprisonment in the common jail of the county of Marquette, in the discretion of the court or magistrate before whom the conviction may be had, for a period of not less than two days, nor more than sixty days; or by both such fine and imprisonment; and in case such court or magistrate shall impose a fine and costs, the offender may be sentenced to be imprisoned in the common jail of the county of Marquette, until the payment of such fine and costs, nor more than ninety days.

Sec. 54. Any person or persons who shall violate any of the provisions or requirements of this ordinance, on conviction thereof, shall be punished by a fine of not less than one dollar or more than one hundred dollars and costs of prosecution, or by imprisonment in the common jail of the county of Marquette, in the discretion of the court or magistrate before whom the conviction may be had, for a period of not less than two days, nor more than sixty days; or by both such fine and imprisonment; and in case such court or magistrate shall impose a fine and costs, the offender may be sentenced to be imprisoned in the common jail of the county of Marquette, until the payment of such fine and costs, nor more than ninety days.

Sec. 55. Any person or persons who shall violate any of the provisions or requirements of this ordinance, on conviction thereof, shall be punished by a fine of not less than one dollar or more than one hundred dollars and costs of prosecution, or by imprisonment in the common jail of the county of Marquette, in the discretion of the court or magistrate before whom the conviction may be had, for a period of not less than two days, nor more than sixty days; or by both such fine and imprisonment; and in case such court or magistrate shall impose a fine and costs, the offender may be sentenced to be imprisoned in the common jail of the county of Marquette, until the payment of such fine and costs, nor more than ninety days.

Sec. 56. Any person or persons who shall violate any of the provisions or requirements of this ordinance, on conviction thereof, shall be punished by a fine of not less than one dollar or more than one hundred dollars and costs of prosecution, or by imprisonment in the common jail of the county of Marquette, in the discretion of the court or magistrate before whom the conviction may be had, for a period of not less than two days, nor more than sixty days; or by both such fine and imprisonment; and in case such court or magistrate shall impose a fine and costs, the offender may be sentenced to be imprisoned in the common jail of the county of Marquette, until the payment of such fine and costs, nor more than ninety days.

Sec. 57. Any person or persons who shall violate any of the provisions or requirements of this ordinance, on conviction thereof, shall be punished by a fine of not less than one dollar or more than one hundred dollars and costs of prosecution, or by imprisonment in the common jail of the county of Marquette, in the discretion of the court or magistrate before whom the conviction may be had, for a period of not less than two days, nor more than sixty days; or by both such fine and imprisonment; and in case such court or magistrate shall impose a fine and costs, the offender may be sentenced to be imprisoned in the common jail of the county of Marquette, until the payment of such fine and costs, nor more than ninety days.

Sec. 58. Any person or persons who shall violate any of the provisions or requirements of this ordinance, on conviction thereof, shall be punished by a fine of not less than one dollar or more than one hundred dollars and costs of prosecution, or by imprisonment in the common jail of the county of Marquette, in the discretion of the court or magistrate before whom the conviction may be had, for a period of not less than two days, nor more than sixty days; or by both such fine and imprisonment; and in case such court or magistrate shall impose a fine and costs, the offender may be sentenced to be imprisoned in the common jail of the county of Marquette, until the payment of such fine and costs, nor more than ninety days.

Sec. 59. Any person or persons who shall violate any of the provisions or requirements of this ordinance, on conviction thereof, shall be punished by a fine of not less than one dollar or more than one hundred dollars and costs of prosecution, or by imprisonment in the common jail of the county of Marquette, in the discretion of the court or magistrate before whom the conviction may be had, for a period of not less than two days, nor more than sixty days; or by both such fine and imprisonment;