THE DAILY MINING JOURNAL.

NUMBER 4687. MARQUETTE, MICH., SATURDAY MORNING, AUGUST 26, 1899. PRICE FIVE CENTS.

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DOWN THEY GO.

OUR STOCK OF GENTLEMEN'S TAN SHOES AT THE FOLLOWING LOW PRICES:

$4.00 Russia Calf Shoes, now	$3.20
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$2.25 Tan Vici-Kid Shoes, now	$1.60
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THEY ARE ALL NEW UP-TO-DATE GOODS.

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If You Want Good Shoes

Call and See Our New Fall Styles from the Following Well-Known Makes:

Hanan & Son. The Regent and Lilly Brackett Co.
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As well as a large assortment of cheaper grades for Men and Boys.

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PIERRE'S BLACKBERRY CORDIAL

CURES

Cramps, Colic, Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Cholera Morbus, Summer Complaints, and all Looseness of the Bowels.

This Wonderful Preparation for Sale at

Pendill's Pharmacies,
Marquette's Leading One-Price Drug Stores.
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Palace Livery Stable,
FAY & BRICKER, Props.

FIRST-CLASS LIVERY SERVICE At all hours

First-Class Boarding Stable.

TEAMS OF ALL KINDS.

SPRING LAMB

that has been nurtured on sweet clover, toothsome, delicate and appetizing when warm days makes the appetite flag and afflicts you with "that tired feeling," we will have fresh and of the real article, and when served with mint sauce will make a morsel fit for the gods, or as a piece de resistanee of a Lucillian feast. Spring delicacies are coming in right along now.

HATHWAY & PETERS.

MARQUETTE OPERA HOUSE.
Edw. Bice, Manager.

Tuesday, August 29.

First presentation in this city of

HOYT'S

Greatest Success and Masterpiece,

A BLACK SHEEP.

Presented by the strongest cast ever organized, headed by

MR. WILLIAM DEVERE,

Produced in this city with all the Elaborate Scenery and extravagant stage accessories precisely the same as given at

HOYT'S THEATRE, NEW YORK,

where it had a prosperous run of

MORE THAN 200 NIGHTS.

Prices: $1, 75c, 50c, 25c.

Sats on sale at Bigelow's Saturday, Aug. 26.

Usual reduction in railroad rates. Duluth train held until after performance to accommodate Ishpeming and Negaunee patrons. (8-23-1w)

F. H. W. BAILEY. **TAXIDERMIST,**
MARQUETTE, MICH.
Birds and Animals mounted to order Deer heads a specialty. (12-7-tf)

BEHIND OUR COUNTERS

is stored ready for the wants of our patrons the choicest stock of fancy groceries and pure food products, teas, coffees, spices and fruits and vegetables, and the best brands of canned goods that the world offers, besides laundry supplies, and we sell at prices that are as low as our goods are high grade.

D. Murray,
114 S. Front St.

FOR THAT PICNIC LUNCH

You will find all the delicacies of the season at KELLAN'S. Napkins furnished free to all picnic and outing parties.

E. L. KELLAN,
110 S. Front St.
Sole agency Chase & Sanborn's coffee

The Celebrated

ALMA GEM

MELONS

At....

DELF'S
Grocery.

50c. Per Basket.

When you consider this fact, don't you think you are mistaken when you say you "don't need a telephone in your home?"

What you have most precious in the world is there, and in the event of accident or danger you would need it even more at your home than at your office. And that is saying a good deal.

LOCAL AND LONG DISTANCE TELEPHONE

Michigan Telephone Co.

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MARQUETTE, MICH.

YOUR SUMMER LUNCHEON

will not be complete without some Charlotte Russe, Ralston Bread, Spice Cakes or Ice Cream or other dainties, at

Heppner's.

CHARTS TO PROVE DREYFUS GUILTY.

M. Bertillon, the Famous Anthropotomist, on the Stand for the General Staff.

HIS FANTASTIC THEORIES RIDICULED BY THE DEFENSE.

THEY FEAR, HOWEVER, THEIR EFFECT ON THE JUDGES.

Witness Consumes Nearly the Entire Day in Demonstrating by His System of Measurements That the Prisoner Wrote the Bordereau.

TECHNICAL TALK CLEARS THE COURT.

Rennes, Aug. 26.—At the opening of today's [Saturday's] session of the Dreyfus trial M. Bertillon resumed his testimony regarding the hand-writing of Dreyfus and his reasons for believing the artillery officer guilty.

DIPLOMATIC MAIL OPENED.

London, Aug. 26.—The Rome correspondent of The Mail says:

"Italy and Germany have obtained proofs that diplomatic correspondence passing between Paris and other places is systematically opened. This has been the case particularly since the campaign against Dreyfus began, the French war office having sought proofs to strengthen the accusation against him."

Rennes, Aug. 25.—The first witness this morning was Rowland Strong, an English newspaperman, who testified that Esterhazy had confessed to him he wrote the bordereau, but that the documents mentioned in it had been betrayed to Germany by Dreyfus.

M. Gobert, a Bank of France expert, then testified positively that from the examination of the documents Esterhazy, and not Dreyfus, wrote the bordereau.

M. Bertillon, the noted anthropotomist, was next called. He took up the remainder of the session and probably will occupy a great part of tomorrow's proceedings. Bertillon is attempting to prove by a large number of charts and documents that, according to his technical system of measurements, Dreyfus is the author of the bordereau. Neither the judges nor counsel evidently could make head or tail of it, and a large part of the auditors left the room.

EFFECT ON JUDGES FEARED.

The Dreyfusards refuse to regard M. Bertillon as anything but the prince of quacks. They cover his remarks with ridicule and protest that the admission of his fantastic theories as evidence before the court-martial is a disgrace to France. Nevertheless, even the Dreyfusards do not deceive themselves as to the effect Bertillon's testimony, or "demonstration," may have upon the judges, who, they fear, will be gulled by what the Dreyfusards consider spurious.

All the judges have passed through the Ecole Polytechnique, the highest school of science in France, and they are thus peculiarly interested in such "evidence" as Bertillon's. The judges accept Bertillon's premises that Dreyfus, as an expert spy, did not write his ordinary handwriting, but in close imitation, even contriving to give the letters the appearance of having been traced in order to be able to repudiate them as forgeries if detected, and that a structure on this groundwork may be scientifically correct.

MAY CALL ON GERMANY.

The remarkable feature of Bertillon's deposition was the heat of excitement he put into what was expected to be a calm, dispassionate exposition of his theory. He thundered, and shouted, and waved his arms as though engaged in some terrible dispute. The military witnesses, all of whom sat on the bench, leaving Colonel Picquart and M. Bertullus seerely isolated, followed Bertillon's statements with a grave, wise expression of countenance, upon which never the suspicion of a smile appeared, as though they understood every word.

The Echo de Paris announced today that the counsel of Dreyfus had obtained the possession of certain documents mentioned in the bordereau, in Esterhazy's hand-writing, which they would produce in court next week as a coup de theatre.

The correspondent of the Associated Press inquired as to this in competent Dreyfusard quarters this afternoon. He was assured the statement was erroneous, but was also told that the defense intended, in the event of Dreyfus being recondemned, to ask the German government to communicate those documents proving his innocence, and that they had reason to believe such request would be granted.

A DENIAL FROM BERLIN.

Berlin, Aug. 25.—The correspondent of the Associated Press was informed at the court-martial office today that the statement made on the witness stand at Rennes yesterday by De Muller, a friend of Beaurepaire, that he had seen a newspaper, the Libre Parole, in the emperor's bedroom at Potsdam, and that on the paper were certain words in German meaning "Dreyfus has been arrested," could not possibly be true.

It was pointed out that his majesty invariably put his desk in order before leaving the room and that nothing is left lying around or open, but if he should fail to do so it is the duty of a valet to put the things away. Besides, it was said, the emperor does not read whole newspapers, but only marked clippings which later are incorporated in a scrap book.

PENCILLED HOAX FOUND.

Paris, Aug. 25.—A Lyons dispatch today says, that a bag has been found in the river Rhone containing a paper with this pencilled inscription: "Labori to Lorimier, Basel. Nothing can be done. Dreyfus innocent. Voluntary suicide. Orders executed." The possibility is the letter is a hoax. Lorimier, who was the late Colonel Henry's secretary, committed suicide at Basel, Switzerland, some time since.

GUNPLAY BY M. GUERIN.

Paris, Aug. 25.—At a late hour this evening a reporter from the Anti-Juif tried to revictual the fortress of M. Guerin, but was prevented by the police. Guerin was greatly incensed and fired two shots at the policemen. Neither of them reached their mark, but the incident will probably precipitate matters.

Paris, Aug. 26.—All was quiet in the vicinity of Guerin's house throughout the night, but at 4 o'clock this [Saturday] morning a black flag appeared at an attic window. Some days ago Guerin stated that in the event of his or the death of any of the party a black flag would be hoisted. It is known that two of the party have been ill, one seriously from congestion of the lungs. Communication with the house is still strictly forbidden, even the bearers of ordinary police passes not being allowed to approach.

Later—M. Guerin resumed his watch on the roof at 5 o'clock.

BOER OFFICIALS CAUTIONED.

COMMANDANT JOUBERT WARNS AGAINST ANY ACT LIKELY TO LEAD TO ACTIVE HOSTILITIES.

Pretoria, Aug. 25.—Commandant Joubert has issued a circular to all field cornets cautioning them against any act tending to bring on a conflict with other powers. He declares that not a single stranger who does not volunteer is to be coerced into bearing arms.

Commandant Viljoen has given notice in the volksraad that he will ask the government if, in case of war, it is prepared to confiscate the property of the inhabitants who take up arms against the government. In the course of an interview after the session Commandant Viljoen said that if war broke out a military government would be established at Johannesburg and all British subjects be compelled to leave.

TRANSVAAL'S REPLY HIDDEN.

London, Aug. 25.—The foreign office this evening issued a Transvaal blue book containing further correspondence between Secretary Chamberlain and Sir Alfred Milner. The principal dispatches deal with the Transvaal's request for arbitration, and Chamberlain's suggestion for a joint inquiry telegraphed Sir Alfred at Cape Town July 31. No information is given, however, as to the views of the Transvaal government regarding the proposition.

ADVICE TO BRITISH FARMERS.

London, Aug. 26.—A dispatch to The Mail from Johannesburg says that the British agent, Conyngham Greene, has advised the British farmers that they will be justified in ignoring the prohibition regarding the export of cattle.

OUTBREAK OF NEGROES FEARED.

MILITIA ON GUARD AT DARIEN, GA., WHERE ONE WHITE MAN ALREADY HAS BEEN KILLED.

Darien, Ga., Aug. 25.—The day has been one of great anxiety and intense excitement among the white people owing to an expected outbreak by negroes. The trouble arose in the killing by John Delagell, a negro, of Joseph Townsend, a prominent citizen and deputy sheriff of this county, who was trying to arrest him. All the negroes took sides against the whites immediately.

Today Sheriff Blount sent the following to Governor Chandler: "Please order Liberty Independent troop to report to me, mounted, at once. The situation is critical. One deputy killed; another wounded." In consequence the militia are now present. Many riotous negroes have been arrested, and their friends are excited.

It is estimated that the negroes outnumber the white people of this part of Georgia five to one, and the whites consequently are apprehensive. A number of negro rioters were taken to Savannah by boat this afternoon for safe-keeping and because the jail here is crowded.

Darien, Ga., Aug. 26.—A conference was held early this [Saturday] morning between the sheriff, militia officials and the citizens' committee. It was decided to take decisive action at daylight against the negroes, who are massed and armed in a swamp twelve miles from the city.

CAPITAL CITY ALONE LOYAL.

PRESENT DOMINICAN GOVERNMENT ON ITS LAST LEGS.

Kingston, Jamaica, Aug. 25.—Advices from Santo Domingo are that the government is paralyzed by the activity and organization of the revolutionists. San Domingo city alone is asserted to be loyal.

BATTLE RUMORED.

Cape Haytien, Hayti, Aug. 25.—Severe fighting took place yesterday and Wednesday night in the neighborhood of Monte Christo, Santo Domingo, between the government forces and revolutinists.

GREAT EXODUS AT OPORTO.

FEARED QUARANTINE WILL BE PRODUCTIVE OF DIRE FAMINE.

Oporto, Aug. 25.—There has been a great exodus of the population since the government announced its intention to establish a sanitary cordon around Oporto with a view of restricting the spread of the plague. The proposal meets with much opposition. It is asserted that the cordon, if established, will produce a famine more injurious than the plague. Both railways are now closed, and the only exit is by the sea.

TURKEY SHY OF CASH.

FINANCIAL CRISIS THREATENS THE OTTOMAN GOVERNMENT.

Berlin, Aug. 26.—The Lokal Anzeiger publishes the following dispatch from Constantinople:

"A financial crisis is imminent. The Ottoman exchequer is empty. The minister for finance has fled from those seeking payments, taking refuge in his private residence, and is now under the protection of the police."

LIABLE TO TAKE YEARS TO WHIP THE FILIPINOS

Exceedingly Pessimistic View That Detailed in Mail Advices to the Associated Press.

SPIRIT AND RESOURCES OF THE NATIVES MUCH IMPROVED.

NO LACK OF MONEY AND PLENTY OF MUNITIONS OF WAR.

Large Forces of Calvary Declared Necessary If Is Hoped to Ever Corral the Swift-Moving Insurgent Armies—Censure for General Otis.

STATE OF ANARCHY SAID TO RULE.

London, Aug. 25.—The Labuan (East Indies) correspondent of Reuter's cables that reliable news direct from Manila is to the effect an indescribable state of anarchy prevails. The Americans, according to these advices, occupy a radius of fifteen miles there; around the town of Iloilo, a radius of nine miles, and around Cebus, a small radius. The rest of the country, it is added, is in the hands of the Filipinos, who have murdered the crew of the coasting steamer Saturnus, beacned under the insurgent trenches at San Fernando Aug. 2.

REBELS IN HIGH SPIRITS.

Manila, July 22, via San Francisco, Aug. 25.—In Manila the talk of ending the war deals no longer with weeks, but with months and even years. The general opinion here is that unless affairs take an unforeseen turn, the Filipinos will resume the war this fall with fresh spirit and a replenished stock of arms and ammunition. Of money the leaders of the insurrection have no lack, while reports brought through the lines to Spaniards and Filipinos in this city are that the spirit of the insurrectionists is improving.

The Americans, like the Spaniards, must defer to nature and rest on their arms most of the time while the country is mud and wallow. The native generals are telling their followers that the American inaction during the past month has been due to discouragement and demoralization. The Filipino soldiers, according to the informants, are tolerably contented. Although the paymaster seldom appears, they are as comfortable as they have been accustomed.

GOLDEN OPPORTUNITY LOST.

There was a time when Aguinaldo's biggest army hung in the balance, when destruction appeared inevitable. That was when McArthur had captured San Fernando and Lawton was marching upon San Isidro with the Filipinos scattering before him. Lawton asked to be allowed to advence with the men and rations he had, but orders came to withdraw the troops and return to Malolos, leaving small garrisons at some of the towns captured. His retirement the Filipinos construed a retreat, and from that day the hopes of the insurrection seemed to rise.

To whip the Filipinos an army will be needed that can move rapidly, to strike day after day and follow up defeat without having to wait for rations. To capture them, most of the generals here think cavalry is necessary. Time after time the Americans have carefully planned movements which seemed sure to result in rounding up two or three thousand rebels in a trap, but the difficulties of the country, the slowness of the wagon trains and the superior agility of the light moving natives have conspired against them, and when the several divisions of the army came together they found a handful of obsequious brown men who announced themselves "amigos" (friends).

WATSON SERIOUSLY ILL.

Washington, Aug. 25.—The Army and Navy Register tomorrow will say:

"Recent letters from Manila mention the illness of Admiral Watson as a source of great anxiety to the officers. His illness is the effect of an accident which occurred to his launch on the 11th of July. A strong river current, aided by the wind, sat against the little boat and she was taken out of her course and thrown against a hawser, which rope carried away the awning and, striking the smokestack, took that also. Watson, who was sitting in the forward part of the launch witnessing the full danger of the accident, showed no conscious appearance of in any way having suffered. Before the return to the flagship, however, serious heart trouble developed, in consequence of which he was regarded extremely ill up to the date of letters of the 17th of July."

DRILL ON FRENCH GROUND.

Nice, Aug. 25.—The Olympia battalion was landed from the cruiser this morning at Villefranche for drill purposes, the entire population of the town viewing the parade from the surrounding heights. The men presented a splendid appearance. Admiral Dewey received a visit shortly before noon from Edward Andre, Belgian consul at Manila. He passed a quiet day on board and seemed in perfect health and greatly benefitted by the rest he is taking.

GOVERNOR UPHOLDS THE WAR.

San Francisco, Aug. 25.—In his address of welcome to the California volunteers today Governor Gage, in part, said: "The present war is not a war for conquest, notwithstanding the treasonable utterances of a few carping critics to the contrary. The acquisition of territory is but an incident, the war itself being in defense of American rights, American commerce and Christian civilization."

MORE AUNTIE SPLEEN.

Mystic, Conn., Aug. 25.—Before the Universal Peace union today, William Lloyd Garrison delivered an address in which he said that the war with Spain had demonstrated that the Spaniard was not a monster, but a brave

(Continued on Page Four)

THE CROWN OF LOVE.

What does love mean and how much happiness does it bring to the average woman? To be a sweetheart, a wife, a mother—this is called the crown of womanhood; yet there are crowns which bring only misery and pain to the wearers.

Can any woman who suffers with constant dragging, wearying, life-sapping ailments be happy? Does not her crown of womanhood become a symbol of martyrdom rather than of happiness?

If ailing women realized how surely Dr. Pierce's wonderful "Favorite Prescription" would restore them to complete health and the perfection of queenliness, there would be more coronets of joy set upon brows now crowned with misery.

"I had female trouble for eight years," writes Mrs. L. J. Dennis, of 828 East College St., Jacksonville, Ill. "For three years I suffered continually. Words cannot express what I suffered. I sought relief among the medical profession and found none, until induced by kind friends to try Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. When I commenced taking this medicine I weighed ninety-five pounds. After taking 'Favorite Prescription' I was built up until now I weigh one hundred and fifty-six pounds—more than I ever weighed before.

"I was so bad I would lie from day to day and long for death to come and relieve my suffering. I had internal inflammation, a disagreeable drain, bearing-down pains in the lower part of my bowels, and such distress every month, but now I never have a pain—do all my own work and am a strong and healthy woman. Thanks to your medicine. I never forget to recommend it to all suffering women. I consider myself a living testimonial of the benefits of your 'Favorite Prescription.'"

Any woman may write to Dr. R. V. Pierce, of Buffalo, N. Y., with the utmost confidence. He will give her case careful consideration and send her a letter of common-sense, professional advice free of charge.

If your head aches, the trouble is pretty sure to be constipation. Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets will cure you.

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Capital $150,000
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SAVINGS BANK,
MARQUETTE, MICH.

Capital Paid in $100,000
Surplus 10,000

Receives Deposits in sums from $1 upward. Loans money on real estate and other approved security. Transacts a general banking business. Three per cent. interest per annum paid on all savings deposits and interest compounded twice yearly. Open daily during banking hours and every Thursday evening from 7 to 8:30 p. m.

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Whooping Cough, Asthma, Bronchitis and Incipient Consumption, is
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The GERMAN REMEDY
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Rates, $2.50 to $3.50
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Specifics act directly upon the disease, without exciting disorder in other parts of the system. They Cure the Sick.

NO.	CURES.	PRICES.
1	Fevers, Congestions, Inflammations.	.25
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4	Diarrhea, of Children or Adults.....	.25
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19	Catarrh, Influenza, Cold in the Head	.25
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77	Grip, Hay Fever.....	.25

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Sold by druggists, or sent on receipt of price. Humphreys' Med. Co., Cor. William & John Sts. New York.

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A Morning Paper Published by the Mining Journal Co. (Limited.)

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MARQUETTE, MICH., AUGUST 26.

Entered as mail matter of the second class in the postoffice at Marquette, Mich.

We are not in any too good a way when men like Thomas B. Reed are driven to voluntary retirement from public life and men like Quay can't be forced out.

A war ship has been loaded with supplies for the Porto Ricans at Philadelphia. The cargo consisted of 800 tons of food, clothing, medicines, etc., contributed by the people of that city, and is valued at $50,000. The "City of Brotherly Love" continues to deserve that honorable designation, obviously.

The world's output of gold in 1886 was $106,163,900; in 1896, $2$2,956,000. This was regarded as a remarkable increase—the output nearly double in ten years. But it was nothing to the marvelous increase that has been scored in the last four years. In 1898 the gold crop was $290,000,000, and this year's yield, as indicated by the reports of the past six months, will reach $350,000,000, while the estimate for next year is no less than $410,000,000.

It is not specially creditable to the Republican party of Pennsylvania to have Quay's grip on it once again shown to be unbreakable. When a Republican majority in the legislature declined to re-elect him last winter it showed itself to be decenter than the party as a whole, but in view of the subsequent developments it is a safe prediction that the party majority in the next legislature of that state will be fairly representative of Pennsylvania Republicanism. The anti-Quay men in the last legislature will be very certain to be left at home next time.

Quartermaster-General White has instituted a damage suit for libel against Editor Reed of the Allegan Gazette, placing his damages at $25,000. The action is based on charges made against White by Reed's paper last winter, imputing to him malfeasance in office. Reed is a bitter anti-Pingree man and when White was under investigation by a legislative committee he lambasted that official unmercifully. The suit was begun in Grand Rapids, where Reed was arrested Thursday while he was there on business. He is under bonds in the sum of $5,000, John Blodgett and C. A. Garfield being his sureties. Editor Reed will now perceive the danger of writing as viciously as he can when he undertakes to "roast" an enemy. In such cases it is often best to "draw it mild."

LAKE CARRIAGE OF ORE.

We take this, relative to the movement of ore by water, from the current number of the Iron Trade Review:

The lake freight situation is similar to that in some lines of iron and steel products—very firm and advancing rates, but comparatively few actual transactions because tonnage cannot be had. So few boats are available for ore that the current rates on wild charters stand for that fact rather than for a great pressure of uncovered ore, as might be judged ordinarily from such steady advances. From $1.15 one week ago the rate from the head of the lake has gone to $1.40, business having been done at that figure on Tuesday, and vesselmen already talk confidently of a $2 rate later in the season. Marquette business has been done at $1.15 and Escanaba charters for Ohio ports are still made at $1, though $1.10 is talked by owners. Offers on grain have gone to the highest rate in years for late September loads—4½ cents on wheat from Duluth—and coal rates are so attractive that vessels are not going up light, with the result that round trips are longer and hence the number of down cargoes is considerably reduced. But even under these high rates every effort will be made to get down the largest possible amount of ore, though the rush of stockpile ore has been such that the diminution of shipments from that source should be pronounced after the middle of September. In the past week, owing to the lack of vessels, steam shovels at certain stockpiles stopped, only the ore raised from the mine going forward. There are predictions that some ore transactions for 1900 will be made before the close of the present season, owing to the desire of some interests to be assured of their supply for a year that already promises to be unprecedented. An advance of $1.50 on the 1899 basis for ore is already talked, but it is manifestly early to attempt to approximate the market. It is known that vessel tonnage will be scarce for 1900, since no considerable additions are promised, and the advance in the season rate on vessels will absorb a round fraction of the increase on ore.

A BLOTCH ON OUR CIVILIZATION.

We went to war with Spain to secure the blessings of good government for the people of Cuba. They are now beginning to enjoy the fruit of our neighborly interference in their behalf, if we may believe the accounts that reach us concerning the improvement wrought in their condition since Spain was forced to relinquish control of their country. But while we are doing all this for the Cubans we seem to be permitting a portion of our own people, who have at least as good claim on us as the Cubans, to be outraged and oppressed without anything being done by the government at Washington to protect them. A report from the Orange lumber district in Texas states that a bloody race war is imminent there, in spite of the presence of state troops ordered to the district by Governor Sayres to preserve peace between the negroes and organizations of white men who are seeking to drive them out.

The report mentioned sets forth these facts: "Whitecap organizations have warned every negro to leave on penalty of being killed. Hundreds of negroes have already gone, and if the exodus continues the whole negro population will soon have departed. The whitecaps have killed one negro and seriously wounded two others. They have sent notices to all of the lumber men warning them that they will be killed if they employ negro labor. Some of the largest mills have already been shut down. Others will attempt to run under the protection of the rangers."

The whites who have banded together for the purpose of preventing colored labor from finding employment in the Orange district are engaged in an attempt to oppress colored citizens of the United States more grievously than the Spaniards oppressed the Cubans. If an obligation rested on us to engage in a "war of humanity" on behalf of the Cubans are we not under a greater obligation to see that Afro-Americans at home are given a chance to labor for a living and enjoy the fruits of their labor in security and peace?

The treatment of the negro in the south by the whites of that section is a disgrace to the nation, and constitutes a blotch on our boasted civilization. In permitting it, we are "sowing the wind" and will reap a bitter harvest some day.

ORIGIN OF THE TRUSTS.

The averment of President Havemeyer of the sugar trust, that "protection is the mother of trusts," continues to do duty as a text for writers in free trade papers, notwithstanding its palpable fallacy. So accustomed have these become to ascribing all the economic ills the country may experience to protection that they found in the statement of the sugar trust magnate an inspiration which promises to keep their nimble pens going while their ink holds out. But the absurdity of the proposition that protection has produced the trusts is well shown in the fact that they have multiplied in free trade England about as rapidly within the past couple of years as in this country, where the protective tariff system is in operation. In proof of which we beg to submit what the London correspondent of the New York Tribune says on the subject in a letter to that paper from which this extract is taken:

English manufacturers are continuing to avail themselves of their legal privilege to sell out their property to themselves, and to substitute a gigantic limited company for many competing rivals. This week there has been talk of an enormous wallpaper syndicate, which will control the bulk of trade. It will follow the lines adopted by the Birmingham combination in the bedstead manufacturing industry. Like many similar schemes of industrial absorption in England, these new projects attract little attention except from investors. The Economist today remarks that it is absurd to keep going a hundred inefficient competing agencies to do badly what one efficient consolidated agency can do well, and adds that, while the dismissal of useless employees is an unfortunate result of this process, it must be accepted as part of the inevitable development of capitalism if it works large economies in production. This is a philosophical method of discussing trusts and aggregations of capital as modern and inevitable phenomena, whether they occur in Europe or America. Certainly, consolidated companies and syndicates are multiplying in England in consequence of cutthroat competition, and, while the chief motive is economy in production and distribution of manufactures, the natural result is the displacement of large bodies of middlemen, agents, brokers, clerks and employees. English trusts are passed over in silence, because there is no political agitation against them, and because purely economic studies are dry and uninteresting, except to a few specialists. When highly colored dispatches about similar consolidations of capital are printed from America, the protectionist tariff casts a long shadow, in which free traders like to disport themselves. The Economist contends that, while trusts have not been created by a high tariff, they have been aided and stimulated by it. The logical answer would be that protection has created industries in America just as free trade has done in England, and that with increased pressure of competition in production and distribution consolidations of capital and business and retrenchment in operating expenses are natural results in one country as in the other.

It is coming to be understood that the trust is an economic evolution springing from business conditions which have been slowly taking form during recent years. Its germ is to be found in the desire of men engaged in business enterprises to manage these so that they will yield the largest profit on the money invested in them. The trust is neither the offspring of protection in this country nor of free trade in England. It owes its existence to a natural law which is constantly working changes in business methods, and while the conditions that called it into being continue it will remain with us, rail at it as we may.

VOLCANIC ERUPTIONS

Are grand, but Skin Eruptions rob life of joy. Bucklen's Arnica Salve cures them, also Old, Running and Fever Sores, Ulcers, Boils, Felons, Corns, Warts, Cuts, Bruises, Burns, Scalds, Chapped Hands, Chilblains. Best Pile cure on earth. Drives out pains and aches. Only 25cts. a box. Cure Guaranteed. Sold by The Stafford Drug company.

Kodol Dyspepsia Cure cures dyspepsia because its ingredients are such that it can't help doing so. "The public can rely upon it as a master remedy for all disorders arising from imperfect digestion."—James M. Thomas, M. D., in American Journal of Health, N. Y.—The Stafford Drug Company.

To Cure Constipation Forever.
Take Cascarets Candy Cathartic. 10c or 25c. If C. C. C. fail to cure, druggists refund money.

UPPER PENINSULA NEWS.

The Delta county fair will be held at Escanaba Oct. 4, 5 and 6. A feature will be the horse races, for which over $1,500 in purses will be offered.

Mrs. A. G. Lindstrom, the wife of a clothing salesman of Menominee, has fallen heir to $50,000 by the death of Mrs. Haines, an aunt, of Waukegan, Ill., who left $150,000 to be divided between three heirs.

The Quinnesec Logging company has already resumed operations at its camps and will give employment to one hundred men during the fall and winter. It is expected to bank in the neighborhood of 15,000,000 feet of logs. From Superintendent Holt it is also learned that the company will build between four and five miles of new track. The work will commence at once.

The freight traffic through the Soo canals for the season of 1899 will undoubtedly show an increase over any previous year, and it is confidently expected that it will reach 24,000,000 tons, nearly 3,000,000 greater than last year. Last month the freight exceeded 4,000,000 tons, breaking all records. August business will exceed this if the present ratio continues until the end of the month.

Michael Young, better known as "Brigham," a well known woodsmen of Manistique, was found dead Tuesday morning in a small store house at the St. James hotel, where he had been placed the night before to sober off. An improvised bed composed of loose excelsior on which he was sleeping caught fire in some manner, and being unable, perhaps, to find the door owing to his condition, he was suffocated from the smoke, and was found by the chore boy the next morning on the opposite side of the room from the place where he had been lying.

Undoubtedly the person in this northern country most interested in the trial of Dreyfus, the once condemned French army officer, is Mrs. J. Ratter, wife of a general merchant at Powers. She was intimately acquainted with Mr. Dreyfus, Sr., and the present French army officer, his son, who is on trial. She was a chambermaid in the household of the elder Dreyfus and worked for him for years. At that time the army officer was a boy at home. The elder Dreyfus is a wealthy cotton manufacturer. She speaks in the highest terms of the family and is a firm believer in the innocence of the younger Dreyfus. Mrs. Ratter is German by parentage but speaks the French language fluently.

Thomas Ryan, treasurer of the Soo A. O. H., Wednesday received a draft for $1,000 which he turned over to Mrs. Annie McNeeley, being the amount of a policy held by Mr. McNeeley in the order. A great deal of delay was occasioned in receiving the money on account of there being no positive evidence of Mr. McNeeley's death, he having met his death in attempting to reach the Klondike by the Edwonton route, and all evidence was of an indirect nature. The officers of the grand lodge finally became convinced of his death and at once forwarded the draft. The money came at an opportune time as it will enable her to pay off the mortgage on her home, which had already been foreclosed but which she will be allowed to redeem.

A Washington dispatch to the Detroit Free Press says: "Late Wednesday afternoon the war department received a communication from the Lake Carriers' association, asking that a hearing be accorded representatives of the association concerning a project which was understood to have received the department's approval and which the officers of the association were convinced would result in lowering the level of the lakes. While the statement made by department officials as to the subject of the association's letter is a little vague, it is understood to refer to the so-called water power canal, which is being constructed at Sault Ste. Marie. In the absence of Secretary Root, no action was taken on the association's request, but it is expected, upon his return, the matter will be taken up for prompt determination. The status of this project in the war department is believed to be unique, and, on this account, some doubt is expressed as to whether the department will grant a hearing. Readers of The Free Press will remember that when Chase Osborn first applied to the war department for a permit to construct the canal, a special board, of which Colonel Lydecker was chairman, in reporting upon the application, disapproved it in the strongest terms on several grounds, the principal reason being that while it was proposed to construct in the bed of the stream certain remedial works intended to recoup the loss by reason of the flow through the canal, such works would have to be built in that part of the river within Canadian territory, and, therefore, would be outside of the jurisdiction of the United States and beyond the control of the war department. Colonel Lydecker's report, however, was pigeonholed in quite a novel manner. Mr. Osborn called upon the attorney general and secured from him a verbal opinion to the effect that no license would be required from the war department, provided the projectors of the canal would certify that the plan would not operate to reduce the level of the water or otherwise interfere with navigation. Naturally this assurance was promptly forthcoming, whereupon the application for a permit was withdrawn and the Lydecker report buried in the files. From these facts it will be seen that the war department has never granted a permit for the construction of the canal and practically has taken no action. The case today has exactly the status as if the parties interested in the canal had gone ahead with the project without consulting the war department, except that the department has tacitly acquiesced in the statement of the projectors of the canal that it will not operate to the detriment of navigation in the least. Should the request of the Lake Carriers' association be granted the question would come up in a form entirely different from that suggested in the association's letter, and the plea would not be for the revocation of the department's permit, but rather for the interference of the secretary of war to prevent the carrying out of the project. It is assumed that the protest of the association is based upon very careful study of the project in all its details, as the war department more than two months ago supplied the association with a copy of Colonel Lydecker's report and all accompanying documents, including the maps furnished by the projectors of the canal."

Educate Your Bowels With Cascarets.
Candy Cathartic, cure constipation forever. 10c, 25c. If C. C. C. fail, druggists refund money.

HOW REINDEER ARE MILKED.

Cows Are First Lassoed and Then Tied to Trees.

The following picturesque account of the milking of reindeer is given in "The People of the Reindeer," the title under which Jonas Stadling in the August Century tells of a trip to a Lapland camp:

"Placing ourselves on both sides of the entrance to the inclosure, at some distance, we stopped to wait for the herd. Looking in the direction from which the barking was heard, we observed on the summit of the nearest mountain ridge, against the horizon, something like a moving thicket, carried, as it were, by a swift current down the mountain side. Soon we distinguished the graceful forms of hundreds of reindeer, as they, with elastic motions, leaping and bounding, came tearing down toward the camp, the dogs stretching like ropes along the ground on each side of the herd to keep it together. We crouched behind stones and bushes so as not to frighten the half-wild animals. With a good deal of running, gesturing, and shouting, the herd was finally brought into the inclosure, only a few of the wildest animals escaping over the fell, past some of the little children. Rushing into the inclosure in an unbroken stream of more than a thousand animals, the herd did not cease running—the reindeer is always on the move, except at its regular resting times—but continued in a circle against the sun. The reindeer in these circular motions always runs against the sun; if it runs with it, it is a sign of disease of the brain. In the midst of the reindeer, leaping, bounding, and butting in a friendly way, while giving out their peculiar grunting sound, the picturesque figures of our Lapponian friends were seen, surrounded by a thicket of horns.

Our hostess, having hung her baby to a birch in the middle of the inclosure, stood like a number of other women, mostly girls, with a wooden scoop in her hand, ready to milk the first of the female reindeer caught; while at the outskirts of the inclosure stood a number of children with large pails to receive the milk from the scoops, the smaller children either running about playing outside the camp, or giving salt and angelica to some of the tamest animals. The most important actors on the scene, however, were the men moving about slowly in the midst of the herd, holding the lasso behind the back in the right hand, and looking sharply at the running animals. As quick as lightning lasso whizzed through the air, the frightened animals recoiling and then increasing their speed. When the lasso hit the mark, the cow was hauled in, and tied to a birch while the milking was done. So they kept on for nearly two hours. The quantity of milk yielded by each animal is very small, at the most about a teacupful, but it is of very high nutritive quality. The milking, which is by no means regular, is done, if possible, once a day. In winter time there is, of course, no milking. To prevent the calves from sucking their mothers, pieces of bone are tied into their mouths, or the udders are besmeared with tar. Some of the Lapps consider it sinful to milk the reindeer and thus deprive the calves of their food."

HELPING MATTERS.

No youth who has not been through the trials and tribulations of courtship has any adequate conception of what they are. Out in the suburbs there is a handsome group of residences and the people occupying them are largely a community unto themselves. They have their own "set," exchange visits instead of calls, and gossip about each other with all the freedom that obtains in a small town.

A young man from down in the city regarded one of the girls out there as his "steady," and was correspondingly attentive. At every visit he ran a gauntlet. In winter there were faces smiling from the window panes, and when weather permitted he had to pass groups that studied every phase of his looks and movements as though he were an imported curiosity.

The climax came during one of the earlier summer evening. It was light, long after the evening meal, and those who were not in their gardens were on the front verandas, so that nothing passed unnoticed. One youngster had broken his bicycle while trying to ride through an old apple tree, and the largest of the groups was at the scene of the accident. As he approached, his girl's brother spied him.

"Say," shouted the irrepressible, "are you goin' to be engaged to my sister?"

The young man hurried on as though he did not hear the question or the laugh that greeted it.

"Don't git uppish now," called the lad in a still higher key; "mother said she'd give $10 to know how the land lay, and I'll go snooks with you."

There was an engagement within a week and the whole neighborhood received immediate notice.—Detroit Free Press.

HOW'S THIS?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

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Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price 75c. per bottle. Sold by all Druggists.

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Scrofula, salt rheum, erysipelas and other distressing eruptive diseases yield quickly and permanently to the cleansing, purifying power of Burdock Blood Bitters.

DENOMINATIONAL NARROWNESS.

The decadence of the hill towns of New England still forms a fruitful topic of discussion. This decadence is material, social, educational and religious. A Boston Transcript correspondent, writing from Dublin, N. H., a little town of 600 people, ascribes its religious decadence to denominationalism. He says that while one of the church edifices of the village would easily accommodate all worshipers, there are three Protestant congregations with a combined attendance of 250. The churches eke out a precarious existence by means of aid from home missionary societies and summer residents; also from fairs and other entertainments. Each pays its minister an absurdly small salary. Only one-fourth of the men of the village are regular church attendants, and this ratio holds good for the whole town.

A small village in Maine where this writer has passed two summer vacations has no regular religious services of any kind, because the three or four denominations of the town cannot agree to act together, while the Methodists and Universalists, who represent the largest numbers, are jealous of each other. The village has a good hall which could be obtained without expense for religious services, but sectarian bias keeps it closed, and neither the town nor village has even a Sunday school.

This evil of sectarianism, which stands out more glaringly in small towns than in cities, is becoming the bane of the remote rural regions of New England. It is even proposed to send missionaries to these towns and to establish in them social settlements like those which are doing so great a work in the slums of the large cities.—Minneapolis Tribune.

THE PLANKINTON HOUSE
MILWAUKEE.

The improvements in the Plankinton house are now complete. We have now the most complete, comfortable and homelike hotel in the state. On the American plan our rates are $2.50 per day and upward, and on the European plan $1 per day and upward. The cafe which we have added to meet the new requirements is open from 6 a. m. to midnight on every day of the year. It has an independent staff, including a first-class chef. By a special arrangement we will spread a special cloth with a fixed menu for four or more people at any hour. There is a separate room in the cafe for ladies. We have also established a lunch room on the West Water street side, which is open from 6 a. m. to 7:30 p. m., where meals will be served quickly at popular prices. Tables are reserved for ladies. There is also a first-class Turkish bath establishment in connection with the house.

W. C. KING, Manager

Consumption Cure—Warner's Wild Wine of Tar Syrup, the best cough remedy on earth, cures a cold in one day if taken in time. 25 and 50cts.

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(5-12-6m)

Copper Country Department

FRANKLIN QUITE A FAVORITE NOW.

LOCAL ORDERS PLACED FOR MUCH OF THE STOCK LATTERLY

Franklin seems to be becoming quite a favorite with local speculators, and the claim is made that during the past week orders were placed at one of Calumet's banks for over 1,500 shares of the stock. The two heads in operation at the mill are furnishing satisfactory results, and it is said that still another is to be started up within thirty days, when it is estimated that between 1,300 and 1,400 tons of rock will be treated daily. The percentage of mineral at the stamp mill has not yet been determined, but it is expected that the result will shortly be announced. Captain Hocking says everything at the mine is progressing as well as could be expected, and that considering the fact the rock being treated is largely unselected and partly an accumulation in the rock houses, the showing of coppers is very good.

COPPER MISCELLANY.

The advantages of the water power at Victoria are attracting the attention of manufacturing concerns who are looking for cheap power, and there is no doubt but that all of it will be utilized in the near future and prove a great boom to Rockland. Applications are already at hand from flour milling concerns, cooperage plants and furniture factories. One flour milling concern has offered to take a twenty-year lease for 100 horsepower just as soon as it could be delivered.

A rumor was circulated yesterday, which seemed to be well based, that the Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic railway had let the contract for the building of its line south of Newtonville to M. J. Peppard of Minneapolis, and that work would be under way within ten days.

Arcadian stock seems to show continued strength since Barron's attack upon it in the Boston News Bureau of a week ago today. If the result would be the same, most people would welcome an attack from him on the entire list.

BOOM IN SOUTH SHORE STOCK.

Owing to its excellent earnings, the attention of Wall street and other speculators seems to be turning to Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic stock. The company's business for the first seven months of this year shows an increase of $282,780 over the same period of a year ago, or more than 25 per cent. The traffic handled this year is the greatest of any during the twelve years' existence of the line. Thursday the rise in D., S. S. & A. was one of the features of the New York stock market, as well as yesterday.

IRA JACKSON DROWNED.

CRYSTAL FALLS MAN MEETS HIS FATE IN LAKE WATERS.

Ira Jackson, aged twenty-seven years, of Crystal Falls lost his life by drowning Thursday evening in one of the small lakes on Paul Kratt's homestead, situated about three miles west of the Winona. Jackson, with his brother Roger, had been engaged as a land-looker but was recently employed on the homestead. The drowned man had followed the lakes for years and was an bank with exhibitions of his ability to this direction entirely failed him. Jackson was out in a very light row boat a short distance from shore and was entertaining two children on the bank with exhibition of his ability to handle the frail craft. His last move was to stand up in the boat, when it capsized, precipitating him in the water. The brother, who was a short distance away, ran to the rescue, but his efforts were of no avail and Ira was drowned in full view of him. Twenty minutes later the body was recovered and every attempt made to resuscitate it, but in vain. The remains arrived at Krellwitz's undertaking parlors yesterday and were prepared for shipment to Crystal Falls this morning.

DIPLOMAS TO TWENTY-SEVEN.

COMMENCEMENT OF THE MINING COLLEGE THURSDAY NEXT.

The twelfth annual commencement exercises of the Michigan College of Mines will be held at the Houghton Opera House Thursday evening, Aug. 31, beginning at 8 o'clock. The graduating class comprises twenty-seven members and includes young men from Michigan, Illinois, Pennsylvania, Wisconsin, New Hampshire, Canada and Japan. The program opens with music, followed by an invocation by Rev. D. Hasler Glass. William E. Parnall will deliver the class address, while benediction will be pronounced by Rev. J. E. Curzon.

Following is the graduating class: Charles Davis, Edmund Dickinson, Robert L. Edwards, Virgil Hillyer, Joseph A. Houle, Lewis A. Jeffs, John Knox, Arthur E. Maas, Walter L. Maas, Harry T. Mercer, Carr B. Neel, Frederick W. O'Neil, Nathan S. Osborne, Huntley B. Randall, Rex R. Seeber, William J. Smith, Henry V. Snell, James A. Thomas, Frank L. Van Orden, Walter Unzecker, Samuel W. Osgood, John C. Brennan, Andre Formis, Emil A. Franke, George S. Goodale, Togo Okubo and John E. Penberthy.

"Our baby was sick for a month with severe cough and catarrhal fever. Although we tried many remedies she kept getting worse until we used One Minute Cough Cure.—It relieved at once and cured her in a few days."—B. L. Nance, Prin. High School, Bluffdale, Texas. The Stafford Drug Company.

BEAUTIFUL BUILDING LOTS FOR SALE CHEAP.

A plat of the prettiest residence lots in Houghton county is now in the hands of Attorney R. T. Looney, and may be seen at his office in the Hartmann block, Houghton. The property is known as "Highland Place—Hubbell's Addition to the Village of Houghton." The streets are graded and Huron spring water is accessible. The location is near the Michigan College of Mines and is the most beautiful spot in the village of Houghton. Lots are selling at $250, $350 and $400 and may be purchased on time. A better investment could not be made than the purchase of a lot.

(7-25-1m)

SURVEYORS NOW AT WORK.

START IS MADE ON THE COUNTY STREET RAILWAY.

F. J. Bawden of Houghton returned Thursday from Boston, where the organization of the Houghton County Street Railway company was perfected. Henceforth it is expected that the business of the company will be rushed so that this county will shortly be furnished with rapid and cheap transit. The surveying forces, which are now at work at the Franklin Junior, will soon have a route staked out taking in the towns of Houghton, Hancock, Arcadian and Quincy. It has been decided to build the road about three feet above the ground level, in order to avoid the winter's snow banks, while for like reason the streets and other thoroughfares are being avoided by the line being surveyed as much as possible. The scarcity of labor is the great problem which the company will encounter, and for this reason it would be difficult to predict when the line or any part of it will be in operation.

CHANCE FOR BOYER.

DOOLEY WANTS A MATCH WITH THE IRONWOOD SPRINTER.

The Mining Journal is in receipt of the following challenge from Dooley, the speedy Calumet runner:

Calumet, Mich., Aug. 25, 1899.

As I could not get another race with Boyer at the tournament on account of hurting his knee, I will run him any time from $50 or upwards for 100 yards.

MARTIN DOOLEY.

COPPERDOM BREVITIES

Nathan T. Leopold of Chicago has become a Houghton property owner, having purchased the Betzler block from J. R. Dee.

At the circuit court an adjournment was taken Thursday until Sept. 29. Mrs. Christ Haller was granted a divorce and $100 alimony.

Calumet lodge, A. O. U. W., will picnic today at Tamarack Park. Music for dancing will be furnished by the Calumet & Hecla band.

Edward Dulong of Osceola died Tuesday at the age of seventy-eight years. The funeral was held Thursday, with services at St. Louis' church at Calumet.

Carroll Bros. of Houghton have purchased the old Hancock fire hall and will move the building to their foundry plant at Houghton, where it will be fitted up as a pattern shop.

John Olson received thirty days at hard labor from Justice Brand Thursday for having been drunk and disorderly. Olson is the first prisoner liable to be tied to a ball and chain.

Excellent progress is being made in the building of the new and handsome Finnish college at Hancock. The structure is under cover and a large force is engaged in the interior work.

J. H. Blandy of Riverside, Cal., arrived at Houghton yesterday morning for a visit with his many friends in this section. Mr. Blandy is enjoying a degree of health better than for some time past.

Edward Demar, of the architectural firm of Charlton, Gilbert & Demar, is about to take up his residence in Hancock. The business of this firm has assumed large proportions in this county of late, and henceforth will occupy the greater part of Mr. Demar's time.

The Sturgeon River Lumber company has all its logs at the mill, excepting 400,000 feet at the Summit, which are to be brought in at once. The company is doing an excellent season's business and may be obliged to operate the mill at night before the summer is over.

Seventeen carloads of dressed meats and packing house products are consumed weekly in the copper country. It is doubtful if this record is excelled by any equal sized community in the country. The increase in the business in canned goods and packing house products since the new mines started up is really remarkable.

The large embankment in front of the Douglass House, the scene of many a Fourth of July oration and band concert, is entirely removed and arrangements were being made yesterday for a side door entrance to the hotel. An excavation eight feet in depth is to be made for the new hotel foundation, the work of which will be commenced this morning.

"Uncle Tom's Cabin" was presented to a Sunday night audience at the Red Jacket Opera House, and some of the clergymen are said to be up in arms, claiming their religious meetings have been annoyed and disturbed. If the preachers would inaugurate a movement to prohibit the performance of this play seven nights in the week, they would be accorded hearty support.

The Blatchford Kavanaugh and Roney's Boys Concert company will entertain at Y. M. C. A. Hall, Hancock, Friday evening, Sept. 1. Mr. Roney, manager; Blatchford Kavanaugh, baritone, and Master Jamie Crippen, aged ten, contralto, are well known to Portage Lake audiences. The other members of the company are: Harriet D. Packard, dramatic soprano; Master Arthur Goff, aged ten, cornetist, and Master Percy Sudborough, aged thirteen, clarinet, saxophone and violin artist. The admission to this entertainment will be $1, and seats will be on sale Tuesday at Nichols' drug store.

Ed Nichols' bartender at Houghton occupied apartments in the jail yesterday morning owing to an over display of friendship to one of the inmates. He had secured permission from Deputy MacNamara to hand a chum who had been corraled a few packages of cigarettes through the bars, but in addition took the privilege of passing a bottle of Kentucky water and was caught in the act, which he probably did not know was a state prison offense. Legal proceedings will hardly be commenced against him, but the affair might serve as a warning to those who believe prisoners are not well enough provided for.

Smoke the "Challenge" cigar, 10 cents. It's the best for the money. Husted & Gessler, makers, represented by J. B. Tibor.

A BLESSING TO ANY HOME

Bound hand and foot to household drudgery, scrubbing and rubbing day in, day out. Women, why do you do it? Break away from the hard old-fashioned way of doing your cleaning with soap.

GOLD DUST Washing Powder has proven the emancipation of hundreds of thousands of other women. Why not yours? Let Gold Dust do more of the work, you do more of the play. You will be happier, healthier, save money and many an hour of worry. For greatest economy buy our large package.

The N. K. Fairbank Company — CHICAGO NEW YORK ST. LOUIS BOSTON

THE DETROIT SCHOOL FOR BOYS, 34 to 40 Putnam Avenue, Detroit, Mich.

A College Preparatory School, with Primary and Intermediate Grades, which gives special attention to Manual and Physical Training, Modern Languages, Music. Home department under supervision of one of the principals. Admission to various colleges on certificate of the school. Tenth year begins Sept. 20th. Write for announcement.

MRS. MARY EKIN WHITTON, FREDERICK DEXTER GREEN, FREDERICK EDWARDS SEARLE, Principals and Proprietors.

(8-25-tf)

ARTHUR AND BLAINE.

Once They Were Long on Greenbacks and Short on Change.

There is a good story of the presidential excursion down to the eastern shore of Maryland. The party embraced Secretaries Blaine and Windom and others. They were fortunate enough to hear an excellent sermon from the venerable Protestant Episcopal bishop of Maryland, who was there to administer the rite of confirmation. President Arthur and the two secretaries sat in quiet satisfaction. But their peace of mind was suddenly dispelled. The offertory was sung. At the familiar words: "Let your light so shine before men, etc.," the president and the secretaries each quietly dropped a hand into a pocket.

"Lay not up for yourselves treasures on earth."

Windom drew forth a crisp $1 note and held it between his thumb and forefinger, ready for the approaching plate. The president and Mr. Blaine went a little deeper into their pockets. One brought up a nickel and the other a dime. Their faces flushed. It would never do to make such a contribution.

"He that soweth little shall reap little, and he that soweth plenteously shall reap plenteously. * * * God loveth a cheerful giver."

The president went to his pocketbook, and the secretary of state explored his vest pocket with nervous fingers.

"Zaccheus stood forth and said unto the Lord: 'Behold, Lord, the half of my goods I give to the poor, and if I have done wrong to any man I restore fourfold.'"

The plate was only four pews away. What the president found in his pocketbook was one $50 note and a $10 greenback—nothing smaller. What Mr. Blaine found was two $10 notes—nothing smaller. To put in a nickel or a dime only was not to be thought of. To give $10 was more than either cared to do. Each looked at Windom sitting there calmly with his dollar note in hand. He shook his head.

"Charge them that are rich in this world that they be ready to give and glad to distribute."

There was no time for further pocket exploration or consideration. With a smile of commisseration at each other, and something like glee on Windom's placid countenance, the president and the secretary of state each planked down his $10 note for "the poor of this congregation." And the worst of it is, said one of the party afterward, that the Lord would probably give them credit only for the dollar or two which they intended to give.—Philadelphia Inquirer.

A LOFTY AMBITION.

"My dear," said the banker to his only daughter, "I have noticed a young man attired in a dress suit in the parlor two or three evenings each week of late. What is his occupation?"

"He is at present unemployed, father," replied the fair girl, a dreamy, far away look in her big, blue eyes, "but he is thinking seriously of accepting a position of life companion to a young lady of means."—Chicago News.

Miss Rathburn of Detroit has a sale of Mexican Drawn Work at Hotel Superior today. Ladies invited. (8-26-1d)

Irritating stings, bites, scratches, wounds and cuts soothed and healed by DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve—a sure and safe application for tortured flesh. Beware of counterfeits. The Stafford Drug Company.

"I had a running, itching sore on my leg. Suffered tortures. Doan's Ointment took away the burning and itching instantly and quickly effected permanent cure." C. W. Lenhart, Bowling Green, O.

WHEN YOU RIDE YOUR WHEEL Always shake into your shoes Allen's Foot-Ease, a powder for the feet. It keeps your feet cool, prevents sweating feet, and makes your endurance ten-fold greater. Over one million wheel people are using Allen's Foot-Ease. They all praise it. It gives rest and comfort to smarting, hot, swollen, aching, feet and is a certain cure for ingrowing nails. At all druggists and shoe stores, 25c. Sample Free by mail. Address, Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y. 3

Don't Tobacco Spit and Smoke Your Life Away.

To quit tobacco easily and forever, be magnetic, full of life, nerve and vigor, take No-To-Bac, the wonder-worker, that makes weak men strong. All druggists, 50c or $1. Cure guaranteed. Booklet and sample free. Address Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago or New York.

A. L. KRELLWITZ, Houghton. Dealer in fine furniture. Undertaker and embalmer.

THE BEER THAT'S MADE FROM MALT AND HOPS,

RHEINGOLD.

Sold Everywhere.

Scheuermann Brewery, Hancock, Mich.

Grafton Hall,

School for Young Ladies, Fon du Lac, Wis.

An Ideal School, Academic and Collegiate. English, Ancient and Modern Classical and Scientific Courses, Music, Art, Elocution and Physical Culture departments. Pianoforte, Violin, Organ, Voice, Harmony and Counterpoint.

New Buildings, Modern Equipment.

REV. B. T. ROGERS, M. A., Warden.

Reference: The RT. REV. G. MOTT WILLIAMS, Bishop of Marquette

(7-1-2m)

BOILER FOR SALE.

A 70-H. P. firebox boiler, as good as new, all complete with water column, gages, grate bars and smoke stack, made by Burt of Hancock, Mich., for sale cheap. Inquire at

Scheuermann Brewery, Hancock, Mich.

(8-25-1w)

USE Roach & Seeber Co.'s Pasteurized Cream.

(7-5-tf)

W. J. Patterson, M.D.V.,

Veterinary Surgeon.

Lameness, dentistry and diseases of the foot a specialty. Office at Wallace's livery stable, Houghton.

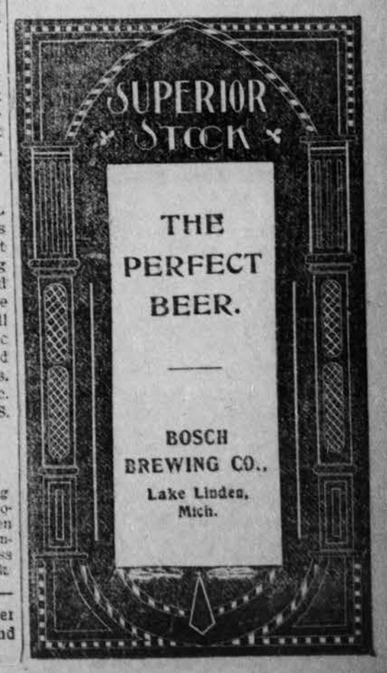
(7-10-tf) TELEPHONE CONNECTIONS.

LAKE VIEW RESTAURANT,

LAKE LINDEN.

W. ROY, Proprietor.

At old post-office stand. Meals served promptly at all hours. Board by the day or week. Special attention given to the traveling public. (7-14-1m)



FURTHER ADVANCES RECORDED THIS WEEK.

Strength in Prices and Steadiness of Demand Still the Salient Trade Features.

NEXT YEAR'S OUTPUT OF MANY IRON WORKS ALREADY SOLD.

WORK OF ALL SORTS MUCH DELAYED THROUGHOUT THE COUNTRY.

Demand Also for Boots and Shoes, Woolen Goods and Lumber Expanding So That the Retail Distribution Now Is Seriously Hampered.

BUSINESS OF 1892 FAR EXCEEDED.

New York, Aug. 25.—R. G. Dun & Co.'s Trade Review tomorrow will say:

"There is nothing more eloquent than facts. The actual payments through the principal clearings houses for the week were 23 per cent. larger than last year and 56 larger than in 1892, and for the month thus far the daily average payments have been 26 per cent. larger than last year and, likewise, 56 larger than in 1892.

"Practically all the industries are some months behind the requirements for actual use, and with many much of the output of next year already is sold.

"The iron works which supply Pittsburg are sold up far into 1900. The enormous demand for more railroads, rails, cars, vessels, warehouses and buildings to handle the extraordinary business cannot be met quickly. Work of all sorts is delayed, from the biggest war vessels to the smallest factory.

"The boot and shoe business likewise is crowded, but not so far ahead of production, by the demand of jobbers, who cannot keep up with the retail distribution. The demand for woolen goods has grown beyond all expectations.

"The reports of injury to wheat in the Northwest have effected the market, but only for a day or two, the price closing three-quarters of a cent lower for the week. Western receipts no longer keep up with the extraordinary movement of a year ago, falling considerably behind for the week.

"The failures for the week have been 163 in the United States, against 179 last year, and 16 in Canada, against 26 last year."

AS SEEN BY BRADSTREET'S.

Bradstreet's tomorrow will say:

"The strength in prices and the steadiness of demand are still the salient features of the trade situation. Iron and steel and the other metals, most of the cereals, leather and cotton goods manifest upward tendencies, and the other staples, with the exception of anthracite coal, retain all their old firmness.

"The fall demand is expanding at most markets, particularly good reports being received from the Northwest and that portion of the corn-growing country, which this year seems likely to be notable for its surplus production.

"Among the cereals, wheat has been quite firm all week, partly owing to the whittling down of the Northwestern estimates, but also due to the steady demand for the cash article, alike on foreign and domestic account. The relative scarcity of cash corn is responsible for the advance shown this week in the face of a concededly large production.

"A sudden cut in prices in refined sugar has led to the impression that the sugar war will be reopened in all its fierceness.

"Additional strong features in the general trade situation are an active demand for lumber at most markets and the firmness in the higher grades of wool, notwithstanding less active buying.

"Conditions of supply and demand seem to be at the bottom of the recent rise in beef prices. This advance has attracted increased receipts of grass-fed cattle and some shading in quotations is noted, but the Chicago prices have only been equalled five times in twenty-two years, and there are fewer cattle in the country now than in any year since 1882.

"The wheat (including flour) shipments for the week aggregate 3,343,000 bushels, against 3,563,000 in 1898. The corn exports for the week aggregate 4,596,000 bushels, against 2,648,973 in 1898.

"The total bank clearings for the principal cities of the United States the past week are $1,522,812,618, an increase of 20 per cent. over the corresponding period of last year."

SILVER BURIED IN IOWA.

DEMOCRATS WILL FIGHT IT OUT ON "ANTI-IMERIALISM."

Des Moines, Ia., Aug. 25.—Chairman George Huffman announces that the Democratic state committee will meet in this city Aug. 30 to plan the campaign. He favors a short campaign, opening Oct. 1. He said: "The campaign will be fought on anti-imperialism. All over the state the people demand that this be put forward as the principal issue. I am confident the Democratic position will be endorsed by great gains at the polls."

ON THE STUMP IN MISSOURI.

Tipton, Mo., Aug. 25.—Bryan today spoke to an audience of over five thousand in behalf of Shackleford, Democratic candidate for election to succeed Bland in congress. He spoke in particular of the importance to the Democratic party of carrying the old Bland district.

Frankford, Ky., Aug. 25.—At a meeting of the Democratic campaign committee today it was announced a letter had been received from Bryan in which he said he would be in Kentucky the latter part of September or the first part of October. The letter was written just before Bryan left for the Pacific coast, where he expects to remain until the middle of September.

Calumet Baking Powder
CONTAINS NOTHING INJURIOUS
NOT MADE BY THE TRUST.
MODERATE IN PRICE

YESTERDAY ON THE DIAMOND.

NATIONAL AND WESTERN BASE-BALL LEAGUE SUMMARIES.

National League.

[City where played given first.]

	Runs.	Hits.	Errors.
Pittsburg	7	10	1
Boston	6	12	3
Batteries: Tannehill and Schriver; Lewis and Bergen.			
Cleveland	4	9	3
New York	2	3	5
Batteries: Knepper and Sugden; Seymour and Wilson.			
St. Louis	7	10	0
Philadelphia	2	4	3
Batteries: Cuppy and Criger; Donahue and Douglass.			
Second game—			
St. Louis	3	10	1
Philadelphia	1	3	1
Batteries: Sudhoff and Criger; Piatt and McFarland.			
Western League.			
St. Paul	5	15	3
Detroit	8	7	0
Batteries: Denzer, Isbell and Spies; Cronin and Buelow.			
Minneapolis	3	3	2
Indianapolis	1	5	2
Batteries: Menefee and Fisher; Newton and Heydon.			
Milwaukee	5	4	2
Grand Rapids	4	5	4
Batteries: Reidy and Speer; Risley and Buckley.			

NEW MARKS FOR THE BIKE.

FIFTEEN MILES MADE IN 27 1-3 MINUTES AT NEW YORK.

New York, Aug. 25.—Two world's records were lowered at the first day's race for the amateur championship of the National Cycling association at Beverley oval today. In the final heat of the one-third-mile event Frank Kramer, of the Harlem Wheelmen, defeated G. H. Collet of New Haven by half a length in the record time of 39 4-5 seconds. In the final heat of the mile tandem event, Hausman and Rutz ran away from Collet and Wahrenberger in the stretch, winning by a length in the record time of 1:52 3-5. These were only the short distance championship finals run today.

More world amateur records fell in the fifteen-mile championship race tonight. Rendell of New York and Everett Bayn of Waltham competed, both being paced by motor tandems. At four miles the records commenced to go down. Rendell's time for the fifteen miles was 27 min. 19 1-5 sec.

CREEDON SCORES A VICTORY.

F. MORRIS, COLORED, SUCCUMBS TO AUSTRALIAN'S PROWESS.

New York, Aug. 25.—Dan Creedon of Australia defeated Fred Morris, colored, of New York at the Broadway Athletic club tonight. Morris was not out, but was hopelessly beaten, and in the sixth the referee stopped the bout.

Chicago, Aug. 25.—Billy Rotchford again met defeat tonight at the hands of Harry Forbes in a bitterly contested six-round fight. It was Forbes' fight nearly every round, and the referee's decision was favorably received.

PRINCETON TENNIS CRACK WINS

Niagara-on-the-Lake, Aug. 25.—In the final round of the international tennis tournament today R. D. Little, the Princeton champion, beat E. P. Fisher. Little will play the holder, W. Scott Bond, for the championship tomorrow.

TWO EXPIATE THEIR CRIMES.

Muscogee, I. T., Aug. 25.—Cyrus A Brown and Matthew Craig were executed today. Brown killed Daniel Culbert, an aged white man who had befriended him when ill. Craig's crime was the murder of Deputy United States Marshal Joe Heilrichs, at Tahlequah, I. T., last March.

DITCHED BY CATTLE.

Akron, O., Aug. 25.—A wild engine on the Valley railroad ran into a drove of cattle near a high trestle at the junction tonight. The locomotive was thrown into a gulf, and Fireman McCrist of Canton was killed and Engineer Sander of Cleveland dangerously injured.

MRS. HEARST NOT TO SELL.

San Francisco, Aug. 25.—Mrs. Hearst when seen today in regard to the special dispatch from Deadwood, S. D., stating that it was her intention to sell her interest in the famous Homestake mine, denied most positively that there was a word of truth in the statement.

TODAY'S WEATHER.

Washington, Aug. 26.—The following is the weather bureau's forecast for Upper Michigan: Fair Saturday, and Sunday fair in eastern and probably showers in the western portion; fresh southerly winds.

BACK FROM THE SOUTH PACIFIC.

San Francisco, Aug. 25.—C. N. E. Eliot, British commissioner on the Samoan conference, came up on the Alameda this evening from New Zealand. He will proceed direct to Washington.

AT DEATH'S DOOR.

Los Angeles, Cal., Aug. 25.—Ex-Governor Samuel Merrill Coma, who has resided here for some time, has suffered a stroke of paralysis and is thought to be dying.

HARRISON OUT OF DANGER.

Washington, Aug. 25—A cabe dispatch from Major General Wood says that Major Russell Harrison, who is ill at Santiago with yellow fever, appears to be out of danger.

OBITUARY.

Milwaukee, Aug. 25.—Colonel Warham Parks, for many years a prominent lawyer, died at Oconomowoc this afternoon. He was born in Milwaukee in 1846.

CHICAGO GRAIN MARKETS.

Chicago, Aug. 25.—Wheat—Quiet, within ½ cent range, closing ⅛ from the bottom and ¼ under yesterday. The market opened unchanged; advanced with corn; declined on short selling, followed by liquidation by longs. Favorable domestic and foreign crop reports were a factor. The trading was mostly professional.

Corn—Active, within ¾ cent range, closing at the bottom and at yesterday's figure. The market opened higher; advanced on rumors of a September squeeze; declined on realizing.

Oats—Active, within ¼ cent range, closing medium and at yesterday's figures. Most of the business was the changing of trades from September to December and May.

The leading grain futures ranged as follows:

	Opened	Highest.	Lowest.	Closed.
Wheat: Dec	73⅜	74	73½	73⅝
Corn: Dec.	28⅞	28¾	28⅝	28⅝

Cash Quotations.

Wheat, easy; No. 2 red, 68c; No. 2 northern, not quoted. Corn, firm; No. 2, 32⅛@32⅜c. Oats, steady; No. 2 white, on track, 23@23½c; No. 3 white, 22¼@22½c.

Movement of Grain.

Receipts—Flour, 14,000 barrels; wheat, 65,000 bushels; corn, 318,000 bushels; oats, 529,000 bushels.

Shipments—Flour, 15,000 barrels; wheat, 1,000 bushels; corn, 277,000 bushels; oats, 198,000 bushels.

WALL STREET STOCKS.

New York, Aug. 25.—There was a marked decline of the activity in the stock market today, the total sales falling to less than half a million shares. Very little evidence was left of the recent upward tendency of securities. The spots of strength were few and far between, for the most part in obscure and usually inactive stocks, which moved under the influence of special causes. Depression from the foreign stock markets reflected here and increasing anxiety over tomorrow's bank statement were the impelling causes of the heaviness. The financial centers in Europe obviously labor under the renewed seriousness of the situation in the Transvaal.

There was an opening spurt in American Tobacco which carried it up 1½ per cent, but this was almost immediately lost, and all the specialties were weak for the rest of the day. Brooklyn Transit and Manhattan succumbed to the prevailing weakness. Occasional strength cropped out here and there, under the influence of which the market made some effort to advance, but without success. There was a notable buying movement in Union Pacific preferred, based on the suggestion of a coming increase in dividend, which carried the price above 80. Also there was continued strength in the group of minor grangers, St. Paul & Duluth leading with a rise of 7 points. Wisconsin Central, Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic is preferred, Minneapolis, St. Paul & Sault Ste. Marie preferred, Des Moines & Fort Dodge and Keokuk & Des Moines preferred were included in this group, the gains running from a fraction to 2 points. The liquidation was not urgent in the general list, the market falling into intense dullness with declining tendencies.

Closing quotations were:

U. S. 2s, reg	100⅛	Lake Shore	201½
U. S. 3s, reg	108½	Mo Pacific	50¼
Do coup	108½	M., K. & T.	14⅝
U.S. new 4s, reg	130	Do pfd	42¼
Do coup	130	N. Y. Cen	138½
U. S. old 4s, reg	112⅜	Northern Pacific	56⅝
Do coup	113	Do pfd	77⅝
U.S. 5s reg	111⅛	St. Paul	133⅞
Do coup	111⅛	Do pfd	174½
Cen. Pac	59⅛	St. P & O	111½
C., B. & Q.	136⅜	U. Pac. pfd.	59⅞
C. & N. W.	163	Wabash	7⅜
Rock Island	119½	Do pfd	23⅜
D., L. & W.	174⅜	W. Union	88½
Ills. Cen	115¾	Sugar	152¾

RANGE OF MONEY RATES.

Money on call, easier, at 2@3 per cent; last loan, 2 per cent. Prime mercantile paper, 4¼@5 per cent. Sterling exchange, firm, with actual business in banker's bills at $4.86½@4.86¾ for demand and at $4.83¼@4.83½ for sixty days; commercial bills, $4.82@4.82½. Bar silver, 59 11-16.

BOSTON COPPER QUOTATIONS.

The course of the Boston stock market yesterday was as follows, A. B. Turner & Bro., brokers, Savings Bank building, Marquette, furnishing the figures:

	Opening	12m.	Closed
Adventure	—	9@9¼	9¼
Ashbed	—	1⅜	1¾@2
Arcadian	75	74	74A
Allouez	—	6⅛@7	6¼@6⅜
Atlantic	—	27@28	27⅛@28
Arnold	—	14⅞	14⅞B
Baltic	—	27	26½@27
B. & M	—	355	355A
B. & B	—	77	77A
C. & H	—	830@840	830@840
Centennial	—	36	35½@36¼
Cop Range	—	43	42@43
Franklin	—	20½	20@21
Humboldt	—	2⅞@3	2⅞@3
Mohawk	—	21	21½A
Mass	—	12	11B
Michigan	—	13@14	13@14
Old Dom	—	35	35@36
Osceola	—	89@90	89¼A
O Colony	—	10	10@10½
Parrott	—	52½	53A
Quincy	—	159@160	158@160
Isle Royale	—	52	51@52
R. Island	—	7¼	7½@8
Tamarack	—	227@228	225@228
Tecumseh	—	5⅛@6	5⅛@6
T. Mountain	—	10@10½	10@10¼
Union Land	—	7½@8	7¾A
Victoria	6⅛	6⅛	6@6⅛
Washington	—	1⅞@2	1⅞@2
Winona	—	11½	11¼@12
Wyandot	—	5@6	6@6¼
Wolverine	—	47	46½@47
C. B. & Q	—	135⅞	136⅛@136¼
Rock Island	120	119⅝	119⅝@119⅞
Sugar	154¼	153	152¾@152¾
St. Paul	134⅛	133⅞	133⅞@134

METAL QUOTATIONS.

New York, Aug. 25—Pig iron warrants today closed, firm, unchanged at $15.50 bid and $16 asked; Lake copper, steady, unchanged at 18.50 cents.

LIABLE TO TAKE YEARS TO WHIP THE FILIPINOS

(Continued from Page One.)

and gallant foe, also that the Cubans, instead of being patriotic statesmen, were a people incapable of governing themselves. The speaker further declared that "it is not the armed savagery of the Philippines that threatens America, but the savagery Theodore Roosevelt represents." Continuing, Garrison asserted that President McKinley should have resigned, rather than carry out the "iniquity of the war forced on Spain," and that Admiral Dewey should have done likewise, "in protest of the Philippines' betrayal."

THIRD CAVALRY SAILS.

Seattle, Wash., Aug. 25.—The Third cavalry, under command of Major Henry W. Essels, Jr., sailed this afternoon on the transport St. Paul.

Plattsburg, N. Y., Aug. 25—The Twenty-sixth regiment will leave here for San Francisco on its way to the Philippines about Sept. 5.

Cincinnati, Aug. 25.—The Thirty-first regiment breaks camp tomorrow morning and leaves for San Francisco.

M'KINLEY DECLARES HIS POLICY.

PEACE FIRST IN THE PHILIPPINES AND THEN ESTABLISHMENT OF STABLE GOVERNMENT UNDER STARS AND STRIPES.

Long Branch, N. J., Aug. 25.—The president and party arrived this morning and drove to Vice President Hobart's cottage. In response to an invitation from the Ocean Grove Summer School of Theology, Mr. McKinley went to Ocean Grove this afternoon. In an address there he said:

"I believe there is more love for our country and more people love the flag than ever before. Wherever that flag is raised it stands, not for despotism and oppression, but for liberty and opportunity of humanity; and what the flag has done for us, we want it to do for all the people of all the lands which by the fortunes of war have come within its jurisdiction. That flag does not mean one thing in the United States and another in Porto Rico or the Philippines.

"There has been some doubt in some quarters respecting the policy of the government in the Philippines. I see no harm in stating it in this presence.

> "Peace first and then, with charity for all, to establish a government of law and order protecting the life, property, occupation and well-being of the people who will participate in it under the stars and stripes."

The president was escorted back to Long Branch from Ocean Grove by Troop C of Brooklyn. The Ocean Grove party bade goodby to the president, and at 5 o'clock Mr. and Mrs. McKinley drove over to the horse show grounds to the tourney. A large crowd tendered the presidential party a Chautauquan salute as they were escorted to the grand stand. The president arrived in time to witness the rough riding, hurdle jumping and mounted gymnastics by members of Troop C. President and Mrs. McKinley spent the evening quietly, the only diversion being a serenade by the Seventh regiment band. The president will leave tomorrow morning for Pittsburg.

COME BACK HUMAN WRECKS.

THIRTY-TWO MORE SURVIVORS OF THE EDMONTON ROUTE.

Wrangel, Alaska, Aug. 23, via Seattle, Aug. 25.—The Stickeen river steamer Strathcona has arrived with thirty-two survivors of the Edmonton route. Among them are: F. Andree, Wisconsin; G. Page, Detroit, and C. Hudson, Lansing. Many are suffering from scurvy and frozen limbs, several are on crutches and all are broken down, physically and financially.

TRAGEDY AT DAWSON.

Seattle, Wash., Aug. 25.—The steamer Cottage City arrived today with about twelve survivors of the Edmonton trail from Wrangel, Alaska. Most of them are destitute and badly crippled from the effects of scurvy and frost. News is brought of a murder and suicide at Dawson. Harry Davis killed Maude Roselle, formerly a well known circus rider, and then killed himself.

RAILROAD NOTES.

Saginaw, Mich., Aug. 25.—It is believed here that the presence of President Crapo at the present time means the early consolidation of the Flint & Pere Marquette and the Chicago, Grand Rapids & Western. It is said that the consolidation would take place in September.

Council Bluffs, Ia., Aug. 25.—Acting under an order from the district court, Receiver Hannan today sold at private sale to J. D. Edmundson, trustee of the First National bank of this city, the property of the Lake Manawa Railway company, comprising a line between the city and the resort. The price paid was $17,500.

Kansas City, Aug. 25.—The attorneys for the Kansas City, Pittsburg & Gulf railroad is quoted as saying that the papers have already been prepared to secure a temporary restraining order against eleven Western roads whose officials have announced that on Tuesday next they will sever freight relations with the Gulf.

Baby sleeps and grows while mamma rests, if Rocky Mountain Tea is given. It's the greatest baby medicine ever offered loving mothers. 35 cents. The Stafford Drug company.

DULUTH IMPERIAL FLOUR. Is the Best In Every Respect. Ask Your Grocer for It.

IN CONVICT CAMPS.

Description of the Penal Colony Along the Brazos in Texas.

"Did you know there was such a thing as a regular penal colony in the United States?" asked a traveled Washingtonian of a Post reporter the other day.

"It is a fact. We are inclined to associate the name 'penal colony' with the mines of Irkutsk or the other prisons of Siberia. We turn backward and recollect the transporting of felons as practiced by the British government when it first came into possession of Australia and New Zealand. Closer to our own times, and occupying the greatest public interest at the present time, is the isolated home of the unfortunate Dreyfus on Devil's island, off the coast of Guiana, where France sends her most dangerous prisoners.

"Of course, we have convict labor in this country. Many of the malefactors are farmed out by the state to contractors, and the state is largely relieved of the expense of their charge, but this system is different from a regular penal colony. In several of the western states, and a good many of the southern states also, the convicts are hired out to the contractors to work in the mines. Some of them hardly see the penitentiary during the whole length of their term. Some of them are let out to railroad contractors, and this feature of convict labor has aroused serious objections from the champions of the sons of toil.

"Of all the states which thus let out the labor of their wards, Texas has the most complete system. Along the banks of the Brazos, in the same locality which was so disturbed by the floods a short time ago, is the best regulated penal colony in the world. It is a penal colony, and yet it is not, for the convicts are distributed in sections or 'camps,' and one has little connection with the other.

"They work on the big farms or plantations on the banks of the river, and they are the healthiest set of convicts in the world. Nearly all of them are negroes, and there are both men and women among them. These camps are located within a short distance from Bryan, Tex., a town made notorious by the burning of a negro some years ago. They are along the banks of the river from Pitt's bridge to Batte's Ferry, mostly on the west side of the Brazos. The camps are designated by the names of the owners of the plantations on which the negroes work. There is the W. J. Moore camp, near Myers, about eighteen miles from Bryan, in Burleson county. Two others, quite well known, are the Koppe camp and the Cother camp, both in Brazos county. There are a number of other plantations which bear the designation of 'camps,' but they are worked by free white labor and by Mexicans.

"In the convict camps the prisoners toil on the land, cultivating the crops of cotton and corn. There are about 400 men and 30 or 40 women. The men are compelled to go to work at sunrise and labor till noon. After an hour's intermission for dinner they toil until sunset. No time is ever kept by the watch. The sun is the chronometer, and the prisoners are kept at their tasks just as hard as it is possible to make such people work. It is more satisfactory than having them toil in the penitentiary. In the first place, such men as these do not make skilled laborers. They are sullen, and they do not care to learn a trade. Few of them have one when they become the wards of the state. If they should be put to handling machinery they would break it as soon as the eye of the guard was turned away. Here, however, there is little opportunity for anything of that kind. They do not work as well as free labor, but they earn all that the state is paid for their services.

"The men are divided into gangs of fifteen, each in charge of a guard paid by the owner of the camp. The state receives a per diem for the use of them. It is not much, it is true, but then convict labor is not up to the standard of the free hand, whether he be white or black. Still, there is a good deal of work disposed of in the course of the day. A few are inclined to dawdle, but the guard has the interests of the camp owner at heart, and gets about all that is possible out of them.

"Their life is robbed of all horrors of the cell. They are under the strictest surveillance, yet they have comparative freedom. They are allowed to do at night as they please. The camps are covered with the great trees of the southwest, and there are many bushes in which they might hide for the time being. As a rule, they know there is no chance of escape for them, and they seldom attempt to run away. They get better food than they would at home in all probability, and there is little object for them to run away, unless it be the desire for freedom. There are no cruelties practiced. By that I mean that if a convict commits an offense in the camp, he is not tortured for it. Whipping is unknown. I don't mean to say that the guards do not retaliate in the more serious cases. The chances are that if a negro attacks a guard he will get filled with buckshot, and there will be a quiet funeral, with the religious part of the obsequies omitted.

"The convicts are let loose at night. They are all supposed to be in their barracks at the camp by a certain hour, when the roll is called. Up to that time they have the utmost freedom. It is not that they are placed on their honor, but they are made to see that such a thing as escape is well night impossible.

"The guards themselves have to be on the lookout after nightfall. They seldom venture out except in companies of three of four. It would be madness to do so. In the first place the men under their charge are the most desperate characters in the state. There are about 100 of them on the place where they are stationed. If three or four convicts should assault a guard and kill him, there would be small chance of finding out who committed the crime among so many men who know how to keep their grim secrets.

"While I was there I was warned not to go out unless I had an escort. The guards never stir about after dusk unless they are armed to the teeth. No harm might come to them, but the character of the felon is always uncertain, and captivity does not improve his disposition. In spite of all this, the life seems to be care-free among the prisoners. So long as they conform to the rules there is all the liberty they could have in ordinary life. At night they play the banjo and dance and sing those songs that the negro alone can sing. They are allowed tobacco, and unless a guard happens to be spiteful, they are fairly well treated.

"One wonders why there are not more escapes from the camps, but both man and nature combine to render their prison almost as secure as stone walls and iron bars. On the east is the Brazos. Its banks are steep, and average about sixty-five feet in height. Yet this summer that turbulent stream rose and overflowed its lateral confines. But suppose that one should take advantage of the apparent laxity of the guards, and get across the river. Brazos county is dotted with small farms, and there is a reward of $10 for the return of any fleeing convict. The fugitives are clad in the stripes which betray their record, and it is very easy to secure the return of those who flee in this direction. Very few have succeeded in making their escape by crossing the river.

"Off to the west there is open country, and, given a few hours' start in the night time, it might seem difficult to catch the prisoner. But I forgot to tell you of the dogs. Great bloodhounds are turned loose at night. The negroes stand in the greatest terror of these animals. They are the largest and most ferocious of their kind. They never molest any one until they are put on the scent; but when their keen noses are put to the ground in pursuit it is rare that their quarry escapes them. I will state, however, that more convicts have obtained freedom by going to the west than by swimming the Brazos.

"There are a number of women in the camps. They are supposed to do the cooking for the men. In the main they are even worse than the male convicts when it comes to lawlessness, but they are treated with all the consideration that it is possible to give them. Some of them have been in the camps for long terms of years, and they seem to have grown hardened to that sort of life.

"I don't pretend to say that this system is the best for all the states, for I know there would be drawbacks in some cases. The white convict is more shrewd, and in many cases more desperate. Few states are so endowed by nature that such a system could be maintained with safety. The negro takes more kindly to agricultural pursuits than the white felon. There can be no objections from labor organizations to employing convicts on the farms. Altogether, the institution will bear close study for its many interesting features."—Washington Post.

ROYAL Baking Powder
Made from pure cream of tartar.
Safeguards the food against alum.
Alum baking powders are the greatest menaces to health of the present day.
ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

NO JURISDICTION.

What Happened in a Rural Court in the South.

A couple applied to a rural justice of the peace for total divorce. The justice called the bailiff aside and asked in a whisper:

"What's the law on that p'int?"

"You can't do it," replied the bailiff, it don't come under yer jurisdiction."

"We're willin' to pay cash fer it," replied the husband, not understanding the nature of the consultation. "I've got the money in this here stockin'."

The justice looked grave. Then, adjusting his spectacles and addressing the man, he said:

"You knowed 'fore you came here that 'twarn't fer me ter separate husband an' wife, an' yet you not only take up the time o' this here valuable court with yer talkin', but akchully perpose ter bribe me with money! Now, how much has you got in that stockin'?"

"'Bout six dollars an' a half, yer honor."

"All right, then, I fine you $5 fer bribery, an' a dollar an' a half fer takin' up my time with a case what my jurisdiction is out of, an' may the Lord have mercy on yer soul!"—Atlanta Constitution.

HORSE ON HIM.

"Got a good joke on myself," said the man who has accumulated a little property by hard work. "I asked my wife what was the difference between me and a horse, intending to say that I was a fore-handed man and the horse was a four-footed beast. What do you suppose she said?"

"Give it up," said the other man.

"Said she guessed it must be the length of my ears."—Indianapolis Journal.

THE ELDER'S INSPIRATION.

At the close of a forenoon session of a ministerial conference, in announcing the opening subject for the afternoon the presiding officer said:

"Elder H. will present a paper on 'The Devil.'" Then he added earnestly: "Please be prompt in attendance, for Brother H. has a carefully prepared paper, and is full of his subject."—Homiletic Review.

The Aetna Insurance company leads all others. 8-22-1w

Stierle takes the best photographs. 301 South Front street, Childs' old stand. (8-16-1m)

The Aetna Life is the oldest, largest and most successful insurance company in America, writing life, accident and health insurance. For full particulars, see our agent, F. H. Vandenboom. (8-25-1w)

TO CLEANSE THE SYSTEM Effectually yet gently, when costive or bilious, to permanently overcome habitual constipation, to awaken the kidneys and liver to a healthy activity, without irritating or weakening them, to dispell headaches, colds, or fevers, use Syrup of Figs, made by the California Fig Syrup Company.

ACTS GENTLY ON THE
KIDNEYS, LIVER AND BOWELS
CLEANSES THE SYSTEM EFFECTUALLY,
DISPELS COLDS HEADACHES & FEVERS
OVERCOMES HABITUAL CONSTIPATION
PERMANENTLY.
TO GET ITS BENEFICIAL EFFECTS.
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FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS. PRICE 50c. PER BOTTLE.

WANTED—FOR RENT OR SALE.

S. M'MILLAN, Collection Agent. All bills and accounts collected on small percentage. (8-22-10d) Address 386 Morton street.

WANTED—A girl for general housework; wages $18 per month. Mrs. E. P. Monteith, 343 E. Hewitt avenue. (8-26-tf)

WANTED—Dining room and kitchen girl, at Pascoe House, Republic. (8-26-1w)

GOVERNMENT POSITIONS—Don't prepare for any civil service or census examination without seeing our catalogue of information. Sent free. Columbian Correspondence College, Washington, D. C. (8-26-1t)

FOR RENT—Boarding house, partly furnished, convenient location, all conveniences, with electric light. Inquire of John Burke, 213 Superior street. (8-26-tf)

HELP WANTED—Reliable men and women wanted to travel and appoint agents; salary $650 to $1,200 a year and all expenses guaranteed and paid weekly. Send stamp for particulars. The Bell Company, Dept. G198, Philadelphia, Pa. (8-26-4t)

TO RENT—A nine room, modern house, at 216 W. Michigan street. Apply to Mrs. J. A. Vannier. (8-24-2w)

WANTED—Five apprentices and two waist makers, at once. Mrs. Wm. McKane, Modiste, 224 W. Ridge street. (8-23-5d)

FOR SALE—Piano and lot of household furniture, all in good condition, at 320 N. Front street. G. W. Shaw. (8-22-1m)

GOOD all-round printer, now foreman daily, desires position after Sept. 10, or would like to lease paper in Northern Michigan. Erle R. Ames, Daily Resorter, Petoskey, Michigan. (8-21-tf)

TO RENT—Suite of front rooms in Opera House building from Sept. 1st. Enquire of E. S. Bice, First National Bank. (8-21-1w)

LOST—A life insurance rate book, pocket size, light brown color, and having printed on side, "Life, Limited Premium." Finder will please leave at Mining Journal office. (8-19-tf)

WANTED—At Summit House, a laundry woman, a dishwasher and two dining room girls. (8-19-tf)

WANTED—A position in office or store; best recommendations; am without experience, will work cheap. Address, "H. U. Q.," care of Mining Journal. (8-18-8d)

TO RENT—The Parker residence on Ohio street, a nine room house, modern in every respect and in thorough repair. For price and conditions, apply to W. S. Hill, Nestor Block. (8-17-tf)

WANTED—Two chambermaids and a yard man, at Clifton House. (8-15-tf)

WANTED—Twenty-five able bodied men Apply at Portage Entry Quarries Co.'s works, South Marquette. (8-9-tf)

WANTED—Large developed copper mines, producers, with engineer's report. Besharian, 3030 Indiana Ave., Chicago. (8-5-tf)

FOR SALE—A number of new milch cows. Wm. Dorais, Meat Market, S. Marquette. (8-3-1m)

LOST—A red and white, low set cow. Report information of whereabouts to N D. Hodgkins. (7-31-tf)

WANTED—Second cook and kitchen girl. Apply New Clifton. (7-17-tf)

WANTED—A good second girl. Apply Mrs. F. B. Spear, 455 E. Ridge street. (7-19-tf)

FOR SALE—A well located residence property on West Ohio street. Will be sold at a bargain. For particulars address "R. J." Mining Journal office. (7-22-tf)

FOR SALE—Exploring outfit, engine, boiler, drum and iron buckets. Also tubular boiler 5x16 ft., iron piping and pulleys. F. B Spear. (7-14-tf)

WANTED—Hemlock logs; cedar ties, 3 to 8 feet; tamarack or pine 10-inch ties; cedar poles. Also lands with soft wood on. J. C. Fowle, Marquette. (6-27-tf)

WANTED—Twenty-five able bodied men. Apply at Portage Entry Quarries Co.'s works, South Marquette. 6-28-tf)

FOR SALE—Choice building lots in Nester addition for sale cheap for cash, or on time at low rate of interest. For particulars enquire at office of Peter White. (8-6-tf)

LEASES GIVEN for Iron on—
NE¼ of NE¼ Sec 6, T 46, R 30, west, Mich,
NE¼ of SW¼ " 32, " 47, " 30, " "
W½ of NE¼ " 32, " 47, " 30, " "
E½ of NE¼ " 36, " 47, " 31, " "
LEASES GIVEN FOR COPPER ON—
SW¼ of SW¼ Sec 6, T 47, R 43, west. Mich.
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Terms liberal. Address, J. Connolly. (8-16-tf)

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TIMES AND THEMES.

Sunday Church Services and Sermon Subjects in Leading Churches.

Methodist—Preaching service, 10:30 a. m.; sermon subject, "Should There Be a Difference Between Sacred and Secular?" Sunday school and bible class, 11:45; Junior league, 4 p. m.; Epworth league, 6:45; preaching service 7:30, sermon subject, "The Resurrection of Truth and Life." Strangers welcome to the services.

Presbyterian—Preaching by the pastor both morning and evening; Sunday school at 12; Young People's meeting at 6:30 p. m.

St. Margaret's mission (Episcopal), South Marquette—Sunday school at 2 p. m.; evening prayer and sermon at 7:30.

Baptist—Services at the usual hours. The pastor, Rev. R. R. Snow, will preach.

LEGAL REPARTEE.

In Ireland It Flourishes as It Does Nowhere Else—Some Witty Exchanges.

Mr. Daniel Ryan Kane, who was at the time of his death recorder or Cork, was celebrated for his bon mots. On one occasion, when a brief had been sent to a young barrister in an insurance case in which his father, a medical man, was an important witness, a gentleman asked Mr. Kane: "Who is this young man? Is he a special counsel?" "Oh, no," was the reply; "he's counsel by prescription."

Mr. Stephen Collins, Q. C., the father of the present lord justice of appeal in England, was an eminent leader at the Irish bar and famed for the subtlety of his mind. On appearing in court as counsel with Mr. Pigot, Q. C., who was afterward lord chief baron of the Irish court of exchequer, a controversy arose as to who should be leader, as Mr. Collins, although senior in standing to Mr. Pigot, was still in stuff, while Mr. Pigot had already taken silk. "I yield," said Mr. Collins; "my friend holds the honors." "Faith, if he does, Stephen," observed a Mr. Herrick, "'tis you have all the tricks." Mr. Jonathan Henn, Q. C., says the Law Times, who was for 30 years the recognized leader of the Munster circuit, once commenced his address to the jury: "Little, gentlemen, can my poor client compete with the galaxy of talent arrayed against him on the other, including, if a theatrical phrase may be indulged in, a star of the first magnitude, or rather, I might say (the ministry had just resigned), a comet which had lost its tail?" Some one in the presence of Henn proposed the riddle, which was new to him: "Why should the captain of a ship never be at a loss for an egg?" "Because," said Henn, immediately solving it, "he can always lay to (two)." He was asked: "How came you, Jonathan, to guess that?" "Who," was the prompt reply, "had a better right to guess it than a hen?"

Mr. M. J. Barry, who was afterward professor of law in Queen's college, Cork, was celebrated for his powers of repartee. He applied on one occasion, on behalf of a man who dealt in horses and sugar sticks, for an interpleader order. The justice remarked: "Your client has a strange medley of trades, Mr. Barry?" "There is a great affinity between horses and sugar sticks, my lord," was the reply. "How so?" inquired the judge. "The more you lick them the faster they go," was the witty reply.

On one occasion Mr. James Scott, Q. C., came into the Queen's bench when a case had been called, very heated, and said: "My lords, I beg to assure your lordships I feel so exhausted I am quite unable to argue this case. I have been speaking for three hours in the court of exchequer, and I am quite tired, my lords, and pray excuse me, I must get some refreshment." The chief justice bowed and said: "Certainly, Mr. Scott," so that gentleman left the court. "Mr. Holmes, you are in this case," said the chief justice, "we'll be happy to hear you." "Really, my lord, I am very tired, too," said Mr. Holmes. "Surely," said the chief justice, "you have not been speaking for three hours in the court of exchequer! What has tired you?" "I have been listening to Mr. Scott," was the sarcastic reply.—Boston Journal.

A "girl's" complexion may be stamped on her lover's heart, but most of the complexion comes off, unless put there by Rocky Mountain Tea. "Powder's a bad thing." The Stafford Drug company.

NOTICE.

The annual meeting of School District No. 1, of the City of Marquette, Mich., for the election of two school trustees, and for the transaction of such other business as may lawfully come before it, will be held at the City Hall, on Washington street, in said City of Marquette, on Monday, the 4th of September, A. D. 1899, at 8 o'clock p. m.

The polls will be open for voting from 9 o'clock a. m. until 8 o'clock p. m.

GEO. BARNES, Director.

Dated Marquette, Mich., Aug. 23, 1899. (8-23-10d)

SPECIAL STOCKHOLDERS' MEETING.

Hancock & Calumet Railroad Company.—Certain stockholders owning more than one-fourth of the capital stock of the Hancock & Calumet Railroad company, having requested the calling of a special stockholders' meeting for the purpose of considering and acting upon a proposition, heretofore made at the last annual stockholders' meeting, to lease or buy the property of said company together with all its assets, a special meeting of the stockholders will be held at the office of the President, 301 Nester block, Marquette, Mich., on Tuesday, the 5th day of September, 1899, at two o'clock in the afternoon, to consider such proposition and such other business as may properly be brought before the meeting.

Marquette, Mich., July 31, 1899.

A. E. MILLER, Secretary.

(8-4 9-4)

THE GRADING OF FURS

Differences Which Lead to a Wide Range in Prices.

A Dealer Gives Some Interesting Particulars of the Business—Mink Now the Most Popular Fur.

In a fur shop there are on sale scarfs of various kinds of sable at prices ranging from five to fifty dollars. The dealer was asked why there should be such a difference in prices.

"In the first place," he replied, "the Alaska sable, which is the cheapest as regards price, is not a sable at all. It is simply the fur of the plebeian skunk made up to represent the genuine article. The pelt is effectually deodorized in the tanning process, and makes really one of the best and most serviceable furs we have. As regards the others, the price is graded according to the country from which they come. The further north the animals are killed the finer the quality of the fur and the greater the price. This stone marten scarf, for instance, which sells for ten dollars, is manufactured from sable killed in Maine or the Adirondacks, or some other moderately temperate region. Sable and marten, as no doubt you are aware, are only two names for the same animal. One is the scientific name and the other the name used by trappers. The furrier borrows from both, and uses the names with no particular reason to distinguish his furs according to locality. After the stone marten the next most expensive is the Hudson bay sable, scarfs of which cost $20 and upward. The Russian sable brings the highest prices and cannot be touched under $50.

"In the case of the sable, the distinction in names helps explain to our customers the range in prices for the principal grades, but with other furs it is different. Take, for example, the otter, and note how locality affects the price. Here are two skins of exactly the same color. The one from northern Canada costs $12, while the other, which came from Florida, is dear at one dollar. If the otter had been taken in central New York the skin would be worth ten dollars, while if it had been trapped in the Hackensack marshes the prices would drop to seven dollars and for a North Carolina skin to three dollars.

"This grading of furs as to locality only applies in a general way to the cheaper varieties. A much more important grading is based upon the beauty of the pelt, and here the range in prices is very much greater. Though there are exceptions to the rule, as a general thing furs increase in value as their color becomes darker. These two mink capes will serve to illustrate the point. Both are 30 inches in length and the fur is similar in quality. One is a shade darker than the other, which adds greatly to the rich appearance of the fur, and this enables me to put a price of $250 on it, while the other only sells for $150. I sold a fine dark mink cape a few days ago for $500. We called the grade mink-sable, because the fur resembled very closely the best quality of sable. In fact it was quite as handsome as a $3,000 Hudson bay sable cape, and few persons could have told the difference."

The furrier was asked if $3,000 was not an exceptional price for a sable cape. He replied that it was by no means exceptional, and that capes of this fur frequently ran up to $5,000 in price. Ermine, he said, was very little in demand just now, and only used in the evening at the opera or some important social function. The price has not, however, been affected. The scarcity of ermine will always make this fur costly. There seems at present little chance that beaver will ever again come into general use.

"The fur," he went on, "which has recently made the greatest strides in popularity is mink. This is daily coming more into use, and dark handsome skins are becoming more rare and increasing in price at the rate of 15 or 20 per cent. each year. The different varieties of sable are also increasing in value and are at the present time perhaps the most sought after of furs, though black, silver-gray and arctic foxes as well as seal, Persian lamb and chinchilla furs are of course in constant demand. The market for furs is practically limited to those standard varieties and a few others, and it is rare that a new skin comes into vogue. A really beautiful fur and one that bids fair to become fashionable at no distant day is that of the European fitch.

"Electric seal, which will no doubt replace the genuine article some day when all the seals are gone, is manufactured from the skins of the European cony, a small animal of the rabbit family, completely metamorphosed by a process of shearing, plucking and dyeing. This is a popular and serviceable fur and will last longer, it is said, than a real sealskin costing two or three times as much. To show how the preparation of such skins increases their value an average sealskin, which when captured in Alaska costs $10, after it has gone through the various processes required to fit it to enter into the construction of a coat is worth $50. Cony skins are smaller, but a bale of 12 costs from $5 to $15 in the finished state, whereas the trapper who sold the raw skins probably only received a few cents for each. While the natural furs are the most valuable, dyed furs have much to recommend them. Stone martens, which are naturally a rather pale brown, are commonly dyed a darker and more fashionable shade, and even the light colored specimens of the Hudson bay sable are frequently so treated. Curiously enough, the dyed skins retain their color longer than the naturally dark skins, which in time are almost certain to fade."—N. Y. Sun.

NOVEL ON WOMAN'S HEAD.

There Are Two Extremes in the Millinery Variations of the Present Season.

Something novel and definite in shape in the department of headgear is found in the new Trelawney hat and the marquise, which is novel enough on a woman's head, even though it does come back from the past. The three-cornered is another variation that came in earlier in the season, but it is still an uncommon style, to say the least, since every other hat you see turns back in a broad expanse from the face. It seems to be either one extreme or the other; either the hats flare away from the face or tip well down over the nose. Six or seven ostrich feathers curl away from the brim and droop over the crown on one of the large black hats, which is looked upon as a masterpiece, and the flaring brim is almost covered with black chiffon ruches.

Some of the large, very picturesque hats are trimmed with medium long white ostrich feathers, which are decorated in some mysterious way with fine applications of black lace. Jeweled ornaments are still a great feature of millinery, including huge buckles of rhinestones or steel set with crystals and colored stones, and long pins with large, irregular-shaped pearl heads.

Impeyan pheasant wings spread out on the brim of one shape, which is flat at the top and broadens out at the sides, just as hats did years ago. All sorts and kinds of rosettes have been inserted by the milliners, the newest of which are oval in shape, made of satin, velvet or tulle, with a diamond ornament in the center. It is not surprising to see one of these directly in front of a flaring brim. Fancy quills, spotted, plain and variegated, are thrust through rosette bows in a very old fashion, so that they stand directly up from the face.

The large toque is the prevailing hat, and if it is made of sable, or sable and velvet, it is nearer perfection from fashion's point of view than any other sort. Velvet in its original form is hardly decorative for the season's modes, so we have velvet crowns run with fine cords, tucked or covered with rows of fine stitching. Another novelty is a crown of velvet covered with white tulle, formed in squares, with a fancy stitch done in white silk, and sometimes the velvet is shirred on the ends, and again the ends are run in plain, with spaces between. Nearly all the toques turn up high on one side, with a rosette bow and a quill, a bunch of ostrich feathers or a bunch of violets with a bow of velvet. The prettiest hats for evening are the shirred tulle toques; wires are used for the shirring and covered with narrow galloon, either black, silver or gold.

The Trelawney hat is in gray felt, with gray feathers and a bow of burnt orange velvet. The Marquise hat is in black, with a narrow white border of braid around the brim and a trimming of black feathers. A white felt, with turn-up brim, shows spotted quillls and a new flat rosette of hussar blue velvet. A tan felt turned up on one side has poppy-red velvet rosettes and brims and white quills.

Among picture hats the size is larger than ever, with feathers spreading out in every direction. The brims turn up after the fashion in other hats, and none but a first-class milliner will attempt one of these confections.—N. Y. Sun.

DANGER OF AGREEABLENESS.

An Incident Which Goes to Show That It May Be Carried to Excess.

"Which way shall we drive?" he asked after he had made a dash to the front of the house, taken her into the buggy and made a band-wagon turn in leaving.

"I have no choice. Anywhere you like. It is enough for me to ride."

"But you surely have some preference."

"None whatever. The island, Grosse Pointe, boulevard, Log Cabin park, down the Canadian shore, anywhere. You can't go amiss."

"I don't care to decide and it will add to my pleasure to drive you where you would find the most enjoyment. Please don't hesitate to make a selection."

"Really, now, I have none. I mean it. Please yourself."

"Pshaw! I like to see a young woman with some mind of her own. If you have any choice, say so."

"I have said and I have mind enough of my own not to change. I'll be best satisfied to go where you like. Fix the route and go ahead."

"I prefer to go where you like, and, it seems to me, we are wasting a good deal of time."

"O, no. The horse is jogging right along. We're riding, and I'm always happy when I'm riding."

"Will you tell me where we shall go?"

"I couldn't think of deciding it."

Then the whole discussion was gone into again, with the result that they drove around the same block for two hours and then awakened to the fact that it was time to go home.—Detroit Free Press.

Friar's Toast.

Cut some slices of bread into neat fingers and fry them in hot fat to a golden brown, then drain and dust them with coralline pepper and minced chives; lay on such a fillet of well-washed and boned anchovy, dust it with pepper, add a morsel of butter, and set the fingers on a tin, under a buttered paper, in the oven to keep hot. Meantime put one yolk of egg in a pan with about a gill of thick cream, one ounce of fresh butter and a good dust of pepper and stir it all together over the fire till the mixture is quite blended and like a creamy custard; then dish the fingers on a very hot dish, pour the sauce over them, sprinkle them with minced parsley, chives (or shallot) and capers, and serve very hot.—Boston Globe.

BEGGING BY LETTER.

American Millionaires Are Annoyed Through the Mails.

Many Such Missives Received Every Day Are Considerately Treated by Their Rich Recipients.

Rated in accordance with the number of begging letters received, Miss Helen Gould would probably be ranked first among the men and women of New York who measure their wealth by millions, though this was not so, perhaps, till after she had begun her remarkable work of relieving the wants of the soldiers.

Miss Gould treats her begging mail with much more respect than do most persons of large wealth, for, unless engaged with other matters, she reads every letter asking for financial aid on the same day it is received, setting aside a certain part of each 24 hours for its perusal in company with her private secretary. Many of these letters, most of them, in fact, are so palpably fakes that no serious attention is paid to them, yet so sincerely courteous and considerate of the feelings of others is Miss Gould that a polite answer is sent by the next post to nearly every letter-writing alms asker.

Miss Gould's begging mail must call for a preposterous annual aggregate of charity nowadays, for it has almost doubled within the last six months, and the total asked for in gifts by letter in the year 1897 as footed up by her private secretary was a little more than $1,000,000 or about $2,740 a day.

How much she actually gives out for charity not even her private secretary knows, many benefactions being extended by Miss Gould in absolute secrecy.

Though richer than she by a goodly number of millions, her brother George does not receive nearly so many begging letters, nor does he open his hand so freely as she, yet his begging mail is something enormous, and the number of favorable responses is greater than is generally supposed.

How the younger of the two immensely rich Rockefeller brothers treats his begging mail has never leaked out, but John D. Rockefeller and his family are known to give it a great deal of their personal attention.

They look after it at breakfast time, when every member of the family present takes his share of the letters asking for favors, scans them, and later reads them aloud to the others. A good proportion of all the Rockefeller letters are inconsequential, as a matter of course, and these receive little discussion. This is true also of the few which add threats to their pleadings, for the Rockefellers have long been case-hardened to this sort of epistle, like most other modern millionaires. Letters full of unconscious humor, and those in which the writers strive to make their point by being purposely humorous are more common than those of sinister import. Fewest of all, as might be imagined, are the letters which seem really worthy.

These always receive the most respectful consideration, often being discussed at length and sometimes almost formally, it being comparatively common, after a good deal has been said pro and con as to the merits of the appeal, for some member of the family to "move the request be granted" or "investigated" or "dropped." In such cases the fate of the petitioner is often decided by a vote, but it not infrequently happens that the asked-for relief is granted in spite of an adverse vote, by some member of the family who believes the case deserving in spite of the burden of opinion the other way.

Notwithstanding his uncharitable reputation, Uncle Russell Sage gets a big begging mail, though it is smaller than that received by Mrs. Sage. She told a friend one day that Mr. Sage receives more requests for favors on western railroads in which he is interested than for any other sort of benefaction, and that he is forever agreeing to haul freight free for some man who has suffered a loss of crops, or sending passes to some one who has made a mess of it in the west and wants to get east again, or helping to buy seed for a farmer who finds the world temporarily against him.

Still, the general impression that Mrs. Sage is more open-handed than her husband is undoubtedly correct, her benefactions, given entirely without ostentation, as a rule, aggregating many thousands of dollars a year. Russell Sage himself has only one serious objection to submitting to a general newspaper interview, and it is that every article detailing such an interview is followed by an enormous increase in his begging mail.—N. Y. Press.

Enteric Fever in India.

Attention is again being directed at the war office to the extraordinary mortality from enteric fever, or typhoid, among young officers in recent years. The number of cases in connection with the Sudan expedition has forced the subject on the notice of the authorities, but the cause in Egypt was obviously the impure water of the Nile, which it was not always practicable to boil and filter according to medical regulations. But the case of India is even more serious, for there the water supplied to messes and garrisons is most carefully looked to, and yet the high death-rate from this cause is becoming a permanent factor. It is believed, indeed, that the mortality from the disease is increasing, and it is therefore all the more desirable that full statistics on the subject should be collected and published, while at the same time stricter precautionary measures should at once be enforced. Cholera used to be the terror of India as far as the army was concerned, but now its place is usurped by enteric fever.—

HIS RETIRING DISPOSITION.

Bashful Burt Was Too Diffident to Prevent a Horrible Catastrophe.

"Yep; Bashful Burt are dead an' four other fellers went th' same road; the Holiness Chapel 'f Panther Hollow is blowed t' th' four winds, an' me an' nearly ev'ry other cit'zen 'f th' town is crippled, all on acount 'f him bein' afeerd t' speak out in meetin'; or, as you call it, bein' 'f a retirin' disposition," remarked Tornado Tom, in answer to a traveling man's query.

"How did it happen? It war this way: Las' Chris'mus Eve we wuz all settin' in th' chapel awaitin' fer th' disterbewtion 'f presunts t' begin, when, all 'f a suddint, Bashful Burt riz up in his seat an' sez: 'Kin I offer a sorter surgestion 'bout th' manner in which them gifts is arranged on that there tree?'

"'No, ye can't,' snaps back Rocky Rube, who were chairman, an' thought he knowed it all.

"With that Bashful Burt sat down in his seat an' never spoke ag'in. Th' surgestion he hed t' offer were thet one 'f th' presents, a 25-pound can 'f blastin' powder, wuz hung on th' Chris'mus tree right whar one 'f them jimcrack candles were flaring on th' bottom 'f it. But he were too bashful t' insist on pintin' out th' mistake, so he heaves a sigh, sets down, as I said afore, an' was blowed through th' roof with th' rest."—Puck.

A Mother's Hope

is that when her little ones are born, they will be vigorous and healthy. Her hopes will be fully realized if she will prepare herself during pregnancy with **MOTHER'S FRIEND**, the widely-known external liniment which so many women use. It not only paves the way for easy delivery, but insures strength and vigor to the new-born.

Sold by Druggists for $1 a bottle. Send for our free illustrated book about MOTHER'S FRIEND. THE BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO., Atlanta, Ga.

A. W. HORNBOGEN, M. D.,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.
413 Savings Bank Bldg Marquette Residence. 324 E. Arch St.
Formerly Resident Physician & Surgeon Cook Co. Hospital, Chicago, Ills. (4-11-6m)

"Our Lady of the Straits."
St. Ignace, Mich.
URSULINE ACADEMY.
Boarding and Day School.
All branches of study suitable for young ladies are thoroughly taught. Literary, Commercial, or Musical Course optional. For prospectus, apply to
(8-26-tf) MOTHER SUPERIOR.

THE CONTENTED WOMAN

is the one that buys her hard coal from our high grade, clean Schuylkill coal. It cannot fail to suit her, no matter how hard she is to please. Our special grades of high class fuel, for range, furnace or open fires, can't be excelled in quality and satisfaction to the consumer. It's the best you can find anywhere.

PICKANDS & CO.,
Wholesale and Retail Dealers.
MARQUETTE. 200 S. Front St.

BAD BREATH
"I have been using CASCARETS and as a mild and effective laxative they are simply wonderful. My daughter and I were bothered with sick stomach and our breath was very bad. After taking a few doses of Cascarets we have improved wonderfully. They are a great help in the family." WILHELMINA NAGEL, 1137 Rittenhouse St., Cincinnati, Ohio.
CANDY CATHARTIC
Cascarets
TRADE MARK REGISTERED
REGULATE THE LIVER
Pleasant, Palatable, Potent, Taste Good. Do Good, Never Sicken, Weaken, or Gripe. 10c. 25c. 50c.
... CURE CONSTIPATION. ...
Sterling Remedy Company, Chicago, Montreal, New York. 315
NO-TO-BAC Sold and guaranteed by all druggists to CURE Tobacco Habit.

WANTED:

Men to Make Us Room!

See Below:

Some few months ago, before the manufacturers boosted their prices because of the increased cost of material, we purchased a large line of fall goods. They are coming now—sooner than we figured on—and we find we must make room for them. To do this, we have inaugurated a grand clearing sale, cutting the prices on all summer-wear goods to just about actual cost; for instance: $4.75 buys a man's all-wool suit that formerly sold at $6.00 and was cheap at that. A call will, we think, convince you that this is a bonafide sale—not an advertising dodge.

F. BRAASTAD & CO.

THREE PER CENT. DISCOUNT ON QUARTERLY SETTLEMENTS.

MILLS.
Eagle Mills, Michigan.
Michigamme, Michigan.

YARDS AND PLANING MILLS
Marquette, Michigan,
Ishpeming Michigan,

F. W. READ & CO.,
(INCORPORATED)

LUMBER,

Bill Timber, Shingles,
Lath, Sash, Doors,
Mouldings, Etc.

INTERIOR FINISH.

I. & L. Polished Maple Flooring. Agents for C. J. L. Myer's Specialties. At our yards at Ishpeming we carry Lime, Fire Brick, Fine Clay Cement, Etc.

General Office, - - - Marquette, Mich.

BEFORE AND AFTER USING

RESTORED MANHOOD

DR. MOTT'S NERVERINE PILLS

The great remedy for nervous prostration and all nervous diseases of the generative organs of either sex, such as Nervous Prostration, Failing or Lost Manhood, Impotency, Nightly Emissions, Youthful Errors, Mental Worry, excessive use of Tobacco or Opium, which lead to Consumption and Insanity. With every $5 order we give a written guarantee to cure or refund the money. Sold at $1.00 per box, 6 boxes for $5.00. DR. MOTT'S CHEMICAL CO., Cleveland, Ohio.

FOR SALE BY THE STAFFORD DRUG COMPANY.

"J. E. K." CIGARS

Always Reliable. The Best that Tobacco can produce. 10c, or 3 for 25c. J. E. Kenning & Co., Mfg's, Grand Rapids Mich.

JUST ISSUED.

First Annual Review of the Copper Mining Industry of Lake Superior, published by

THE MINING JOURNAL.

Contains a history of the copper region, a paper on its geology, copper statistics of general interest, an up-to-date map of the copper-bearing range showing the location of all the mines, illustrations and other valuable matter.

The first book published on the Lake Superior Copper Mines.

PRICE, 50 CTS.

For Sale by All News Dealers.

Sent post paid to any address on receipt of price.

Mining Journal Co., Ltd.

Ishpeming and Vicinity.

AN UNWISE PROCEEDING.

THE LATEST MOVE AGAINST MATTHEW WASLEY IS CONDEMNED BY MANY.

The news that a second proceeding, based on the attempt of the union mine workers' to build up their organization by forcing the men into it a few months ago, had been started against Matthew Wasley, secretary of the Mine Workers' union, was received with no little regret here. Many who hoped that the old trouble was settled for good and all are sorry to see the sore reopened and fear that mischief will come of it.

The latest case is calculated to do as much harm as the meeting which was held by the miners last Sunday afternoon. It will bring about a second discussion of the whole trouble last spring. The same ground which was covered in the proceedings instituted by the Cliffs Shafts men will be gone over. No good can come of the contention. It will have the same tendency as the meeting of last Sunday, to widen the breach between the men and the companies.

People here who strongly disapprove of Wasley's course in connection with certain matters sincerely regret that a second procedure has been instituted against him, not because of the effect that it will have on him but on account of the menace it bears for the general welfare. It is most likely that the complainant will fail to obtain a judgment in which case the proceedings will only have served to provoke rancorous discussion and breed ill feeling.

Besides Mr. Eggen, Messrs. Andrews and Pearce are on Wasley's bond, which is for $3,000.

MOST SUCCESSFUL CONCERT.

The engagement of the Cincinnati Glee club proved a great success here last evening. In spite of the fact that social duties prevented the attendance of many local people a goodly number were present. An excursion from Marquette brought up a large number. The boys gave a program which delighted their auditors. Eery selection both of the Glee and Mandolin clubs won enthusiastic applause and Mr. Ebersole's efforts were very pleasing. Mr. Geier and his Keywestiola made a hit. The music that he obtained from that unique instrument was a surprise to the uninitiated. The boys give a meritorious and entertaining concert and were deserving of a packed house.

RACING ON EASTERN TRACKS.

E. W. Anderson, who is nominally a resident of this city but spends most of his time away, has been racing some good horses on eastern tracks lately. He owns three horses "Hurricane," "First Past" and "Devil." "Devil" has proved a speedy animal and has made quite a little money for Mr. Anderson. The horse won a race at Saratoga last Friday. In eleven entries the nag has won money ten times in all, taking three firsts, five seconds and two thirds. At the conclusion of the Saratoga races Mr. Anderson will race his horses on the Sheepshead and other New Jersey tracks.

MEN STILL OUT AT SECTION 21.

As far as the body of the men is concerned there is no change in the situation at Section 21 mine, but many miners have gone to work or have sought employment at the other properties. Each day some of the men return to work, taking their old places. Much time has been lost by the men, and there is absolutely nothing to show for it. It is expected that the force at the mine will be normal within a few days, as it looks as if a break were coming. It is stated that the men have desired to go to work for the past several days, but that none of them like to take the initiative.

A STANDARD DRAMA.

"A Royal Prisoner" will be the attraction at the opera house Monday night. The company will do business here under the disadvantage of insufficient advertising. Its advance man was delayed in getting here and Manager Butler did not know whether the attraction was coming or not. On this account it is well to state that the production will be one of the best things offered here in some time. Furthemore, the local production will be at an unusually low scale of prices. Reserved seats may be had at Tillson's today.

NO RIGHT TO UGLINESS.

The woman who is lovely in face, form and temper will always have friends, but one who would be attractive must keep her health. If she is weak, sickly and all run down, she will be nervous and irritable. If she has constipation or kidney trouble, her impure blood will cause pimples, blotches, skin eruptions and a wretched complexion. Electric Bitters is the best medicine in the world to regulate stomach, liver and kidneys and to purify the blood. It gives strong nerves, bright eyes, smooth, velvety skin, rich complexion. It will make a good-looking woman of a run-down invalid. Only 50 cents at the Stafford Drug company.

Hamilton Clark of Chauncey, Ga., says he suffered with itching piles twenty years before trying DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve, two boxes of which completely cured him. Beware of worthless and dangerous counterfeits. The Stafford Drug Company.

WANTED—A good all around blacksmith, especially a horse-shoer. Wages $2.50 per day. T. F. Gill. (8-26-tf)

FOR SALE—House and lot, corner of Division and Lake streets, now occupied by E. Cronin. Apply to Cornelius Kennedy. (6-16-tf)

Smoke the "Challenge" cigar, made by Husted & Gessler, Chicago. J. B. Tibor, agent. (5-12-tf)

A yard man can find steady employment by enquiring at The Nelson House, Ishpeming. John P. Outhwaite. (8-3-tf)

WILL HAVE A PARADE.

IT HAS BEEN DECIDED TO ADD THIS FEATURE TO LABOR DAY PROGRAM.

The committee which has the arrangements for the coming celebration of Labor Day in charge has reversed its decision to omit the parade, and one will be held. Herman Magnusson has been chosen marshal of the day. The parade will be formed at the Mine Workers' hall at 9 o'clock. It will be made up as follows: Delegates of the Trades Council; Miners' unions 7 and 8; Cigar Makers' union; Barbers' union; Clerks' union; the Negaunee clerks; Painters and Decorators' union and the Tailors' union. The parade will disband at 10 o'clock, when the people will adjourn to the park to take up the regular program.

The committee has determined to add a fourth prize of $5 for the Cornish wrestling. A wheel-barrow race for union men has also been added to the program, in which the prizes will be $2 and $1.50. The flag race will be open to union men only. This promises to be a spirited event. The Cigar Makers' union vow that its team will do up that representing the Barbers' union, and there is also rivalry between the clerks and the painters and decorators.

ISHPEMING IN BRIEF.

Jack Wilson of Marquette was here yesterday.

Dr. John C. Gates of Ironwood was here yesterday.

Peter Sibernaler of Menominee was here yesterday.

A number of people from here went to Marquette last night.

Dr. H. H. Loveland was down from Michigamme yesterday.

Bert Duchaine, the Negaunee chimney sweep, has been in the city the last few days.

William Garceau, employed at Section 21 mine, sustained slight injuries yesterday.

Miss Rena Challender leaves this morning to spend a couple of days visiting friends at Escanaba.

There will be an ice cream social at the Swedish M. E. church this evening. All are invited to attend.

There will be a meeting of the Ishpeming fire department at the headquarters this evening at 7:30 o'clock.

Yesterday was quite a warm day. It was appreciated after the spell of rather chilly weather which we have been having.

James MacNaughton of Iron Mountain, who is connected with the Chapin mine, was here yesterday. He looked over the Winthrop property.

Miss F. M. Lowes of Muskegon arrived yesterday morning to spend a few weeks with friends. She taught school here last year but will remain at home this season.

J. J. Voelker will receive a car load of the "Maerger" brew of Fred Miller's beer along in the first of September. This brew was made last March and is said to be exceptionally fine.

W. H. Barnett of Fargo, N. D., arrived here yesterday morning on a visit to his brother, Dr. Barnett, for several days. He was accompanied by his mother, who will also spend some time here.

A firm of Finlanders will open a saloon in the Kennedy block on Main street. Business must be good for the saloon keepers, as three new places have been opened here in the last two weeks.

Mr. and Mrs. Ed Girzi entertained a large number of their friends last evening. Cards was the amusement and an enjoyable time was passed by all present. A dainty lunch was served before the party broke up.

A large number went down to Marquette from here Thursday night to participate in the festivities of the Shriners who gathered at that city. Most of the visitors returned on the late train, but some remained over until yesterday.

The Rechabites have postponed their picnic to Presque Isle from today until next Saturday, when they will turn out in numbers. The fare for today over the L. S. & I. line will be as usual, fifty cents for adults and children twenty-five cents. A large number will go to Presque Isle if the weather is fine.

P. Kaspar and Irwin Williams meet at Union park this afternoon in a five-mile professional bicycle race, best two in three heats, for the championship of the northern peninsula. Both men are fine riders and the race will be spirited. It is thought that Williams may meet his master. The attendance promises to be good.

The poundmaster has finally corralled a black steer which is supposed to be responsible for much of the mischief done about the city of late. As its owner has not put in an appearance it will be sold at auction at the pound on Fourth street Monday. The impoundment may be taken to mean that the poundmaster still lives.

The Ishpeming Light Guards are preparing to give a social at the Swedish Home hall on the evening of Labor Day. It will begin at 8 o'clock. A musical and literary program will be rendered by the best talent and refreshments will be served. The Light Guards are a new organization and they hope their entertainment will be well patronized.

The Griffins are going to equip the Section 15 exploration with an outfit which will facilitate the work of exploring. Either a steam hoisting plant will be installed or a diamond drill will be put at work. There has been a temporary supension of operations at the property during the last few days, but work will be resumed immediately. It must be kept up to hold the option.

Half the ills that man is heir to come from indigestion. Burdock Blood Bitters strengthens and tones the stomach; makes indigestion impossible.

If you want solid comfort and satisfaction smoke the "Challenge cigar." Its the very best on the market for 10 cents. (5-12-tf)

THEY GOT THEIR CASH MIXED.

An Unintentional Interchange of Wealth That Had Good Results.

"A man shouldn't judge another by appearances or what he hears," said a printer in the Washington Post the other day. "Several years ago I landed in New York dead broke. I went to the proprietor of a boarding house and asked him to stake me for a room. I knew the man pretty well, and I also knew the kind of a place he ran. It was a rookery where all the crooks of the city congregated. Of course, they were the high class sort. Among them were counterfeiters, confidence men, 'hand shakers' and all those whose tricks were then new, but which the sophisticated public now know as well as the men who work the grafts.

"The fellow who ran the house told me he might give me a bunk with a fellow who was occupying a double room, and that he would fix me out with a single room as soon as one was vacant. I was glad to take anything, and as the other fellow was willing I became his roommate. I soon got work and was able to pay my way, but I still kept the room at this house, because I felt under such obligations.

"I never knew what was the vocation of the man I was rooming with. None of the rest of the boys did, either, not even the smoothest of the 'con' men. He would go away for a few days and come back with a roll as big as the leg of an elephant, but he was so close-mouthed that no one discovered his graft. He was always free with his coin, so no one asked any questions.

"I was a bit leary of him, and so one night when I rolled in a trifle worse for a slight jag, I looked around for a place to put my money. I only had about $15, but I wanted it when I got up in the morning. The other fellow was lying asleep in his bed and I tucked the wad under the edge of the carpet.

"I woke the next morning with the fiercest thirst I ever had in my life. I dressed and went over to the carpet and got my money. The bar was open when I got down stairs and I ordered a brandy and soda. When I pulled out the roll I found a $50 bill wrapped around the outside. I thought I had the D. Ts. until the barkeeper looked up and said:

"'Hey, Bill, been playing bank?'

"'What do you say is the denomination of this bill?' I asked, holding up the roll.

"'It's a fifty,' said the barkeeper. 'Why?'

"'Nothing,' I answered, 'but let me count this money.' I skinned the roll and found there was $700 in it. I nearly dropped dead but I kept my mouth shut. Pretty soon the fellow who had the room with me came in and asked for a drink. He pulled out a wad of $1 bills, and the expression on his face would have made a Chinaman laugh. I went over to him and said:

"'Here, I'll trade you my roll for yours.'

"He looked at me for a moment, and he gave me the only smile I ever saw on his face.

"'Must have hid our rolls pretty close together last night, pard,' he said, as we shook hands.

"After that we weren't so careful, and I never lost a cent by it."

JUDICIAL CRUELTY IN HUNGARY.

A revolting instance of magisterial cruelty in the Hungarian village of Mocsa, in the county of Komorn, has just come to light. Last November the offices of the community were broken into and some money was stolen. Thirteen persons were arrested and on their refusal to confess were abominably tortured. They were bound hand and foot and beaten with boxwood sticks by the magistrate and his assistants, who also lighted methylated spirits under the bare feet of one prisoner, and then poured the burning spirit over them. The unhappy wretch, in order to escape further torture, said that he had taken the money and buried it near a pond. His persecutors, on failing to find it, became more enraged than ever and ran pointed knives under his finger nails. Other prisoners were starved for days, and, with their hands tied behind them, were bound to frames and left there until they fainted. After all these horrors the actual thief, who was still at liberty, gave himself up to the public prosecutor at Komorn. The criminal court is now making a strict inquiry into the affair.—London Standard.

BISMARCK'S IRON NERVE

Was the result of his splendid health. Indomitable will and tremendous energy are not found where Stomach, Liver, Kidneys and Bowels are out of order. If you want these qualities and the success they bring, use Dr. King's New Life Pills. They develop every power of brain and body. Only 25c. at The Stafford Drug company's store.

Bodily pain loses its terror if you've a bottle of Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil in the house. Instant relief in cases of burns, cuts, sprains, accidents of any sort.

A PLAIN LETTER

From a Prominent and Well Known Surgeon in the Upper Peninsula.

Office of
W. H. Dodge, M. D.,
Hancock, Mich.

Hancock, Mich., August 1, 1898.

Crown Distilling Co., Cincinnati, Ohio.:

Gentlemen:—You ask my opinion of your Four Hundred Rye Whisky. Its purity is extraordinary.

I prescribe it, in cases requiring such an agent, because of its purity.

Very respectfully,
W. H. DODGE, M. D.

The purest type of the purest whisky; guaranteed ten years old. Sold at all first-class cafes and at drug stores.

The Best Cough Remedy on Earth.

Warner's White Wine of Tar Syrup, Consumption Cure, cures a cold in 24 hours if taken in time and does not stop a cough in one minute by paralyzing the throat, but it cures the disease and leaves the throat and lungs healthy and strong. 25 and 50 cts.

ROYAL
Baking Powder
Absolutely Pure

Mrs. J. Mainville.

She Wished for Death, but Dr. Coderre's Red Pills Made Her Change Her Mind.

Death is often preferred by women to suffering. They had rather go down to the cruel grave than endure the constant agony of weakness, drains, displacements, pains, headache and nervousness. With them it is a constant story of pains and aches day in and day out. The most astonishing thing is that they should endure all this when it can be avoided. **Dr. Coderre's Red Pills for Pale and Weak Women** go straight to and act upon the weakened and diseased organs. They give invigorating strength. They build up the lost tissues of flesh. They forever banish nervousness, moroseness and despondency. They brighten up the outlook—make the whole household happy by making the mother well. The husband is encouraged—the children get better care. A sick woman can't keep house as she wishes, but when these pills bring back her health, she keeps it as neat as a pin. Mrs. Josephine Mainville, of Ruelle Moret, Montreal, says: "When I tell you I wished for death to relieve me of my sufferings, I tell you the absolute truth. I was sick five years and under the care of six physicians. I had general debility, female weakness, headache, stomach, back and side pains, cold feet, and aches everywhere. I was sick in bed most of the time and never expected to get well. Dr. Coderre's Red Pills seemed to fit my case exactly, for they restored my health and strength, and cured every pain and weakness. All weak women can be cured by them, I am sure."

It will not cost you a cent to write our French specialists for professional advice. Do so today. Send your name and address on a postal card, and get a free copy of our valuable doctor book, entitled **"Pale and Weak Women."**

Dr. Coderre's Red Pills are widely imitated. Beware of all red pills sold by the dozen, the hundred or at 25c. a box. They are worthless imitations. Get the genuine at all honest druggists. They have them—always 50 Red Pills in a box for 50c., or 6 boxes for $2.50. Or you can send the price in stamps, or by registered letter, money order or express order to us. We mail them all over the world; no duty to pay.

Dr. Coderre's Red Pills, at 50c. a box, last longer than liquid medicines costing $1. They are easier to take, more convenient to carry, *and they cure.* Address all letters to

THE FRANCO-AMERICAN CHEMICAL CO.,
Medical Department, Montreal, Canada.

Jesse C. Coogan. Jno. Strothenke.

Coogan & Strothenke,

128 Sycamore St.,
Milwaukee, Wis.

First-Class, Experienced and Reliable

Engineers & Contractors

For all kinds of Steam, Water and Pipe Fitting.

High pressure work and power plant equipments our specialty. First-class mechanics sent to any part of the Country to do heavy piping or Power Plant Equipment about Mines, Mills, Breweries and Factories. Plans, Specifications and Estimates furnished on application for this work, and also for Hot Blast Heating with Fans. Agents for "Star" Safety Water Tube Boilers, the most economical Boiler made for Power or Heating purposes. Our prices are reasonable and correspondence solicited. Best of references furnished. Overhauling of old or poorly constructed Power or Heating plants our specialty. (6-3-2tw)

Something New!

Flat-Opening Blank Books.

Made to Order by

EGGERS,
The Bookbinder,
Marquette, Mich.

THOS. S. SPRAGUE & SON,
PATENTS.
Wayne County Bank Bldg., DETROIT

Mineral Range Railroad

Change of Time in Effect May 28, 1899.

	Leave Calumet.	Arrive Hancock.	Arrive Houghton
No. 2	† 8:10 am	† 8:45 am	† 9:00 am
" 26	§ 8:10 am	§ 8:45 am	§ 9:00 am
" 4	* 2:30 pm	* 3:00 pm	* 3:15 pm
" 12	* 5:30 pm	* 6:05 pm	* 6:20 pm
" 16	‡ 9:45 pm	‡10:20 pm	‡10:35 pm

	Leave Houghton.	Leave Hancock.	Arrive Calumet.
No. 9	† 5:30 am	† 5:45 am	† 6:20 am
" 13	† 8:10 am	† 8:25 am	† 9:00 am
" 19	§ 9:30 am	§ 9:45 am	§10:20 am
" 3	* 1:15 pm	* 1:30 pm	* 2:05 pm
" 1	† 7:00 pm	† 7:15 pm	† 7:50 pm
" 27	§ 7:00 pm	§ 7:15 pm	§ 7:50 pm

*Daily. †Daily, ex. Sunday. §Sunday only ‡Daily, ex. Saturday.

Hancock & Calumet R. R.

Change of Time In Effect.
SUNDAY, MAY 28, 1899.

† PM.	* PM.	* AM.	LV.	ARR.	* AM.	* PM.	† PM.
5:15	12:30	7:50	.. Lake Linden ..		9:25	2:15	8:00
5:37	12:52	8:16	....Dollar Bay. ..		9:03	1:53	7:38
5:55	1:10	8:33	.....Hancock....		8:45	1:35	7:20
PM.	PM.	AM.	ARR.	LV.	AM.	PM.	PM.

Daily. †Daily, ex. Sunday.

L. S. & I. R'Y Co.

Time Table No. 4. In Effect May 7, 1899.

Trains West. *7	***1	*5	*3		Trains East **2	*4	*6
p.m	p.m	p.m.	a.m		a.m	p.m	p.m
7:55	5:25	12:50	8:50	.Pres. I.	10:28	2:22	9:26
8:12	5:42	1:06	9:06	f D. R.	10:11	2:05	9:10
8:19	5:49	1:12	9:12	f E. M.	10:05	1:59	9:04
8:30	6:01	1:23	9:23	..s Neg.	9:55	1:48	8:53
8:37	6:10	1:35	9:35	..Ish..	9:45	1:40	8:40

* Sunday only; ** Daily; *** Daily except Sunday; f flag station; s regular stop.

Saturdays and Sundays—50 cents round trip between Presque Isle and Negaunee or Ishpeming; other days, 50 cents round trip for five or more.

WEAK MEN

No Money in Advance

MEDICAL TREATMENT ON APPROVAL TO ANY RELIABLE MAN

Marvelous appliance and remedies of rare power will be sent on trial, **without any advance payment**, by the foremost Company in the world in the treatment of men weak, broken, discouraged from effects of excesses, worry, overwork, etc. Happy marriage secured, complete restoration or development of all robust conditions.

No C. O. D. fraud; no deception; no exposure. Any man writing in good faith may obtain full account of this astonishing system. You have only to write your name and address in the blank form below, cut out the coupon and mail it to the Erie Medical Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

ERIE MEDICAL CO.,
66 NIAGARA ST., BUFFALO, N. Y.

Sir:—As per statement in The Mining Journal you may mail to me, under plain letter seal, postage paid, full explanation of your new system of furnishing your Appliance and Remedies to reliable men on trial and approval without expense—no payment to be made in advance—no cost of any kind unless treatment proves successful and entirely satisfactory. Also mail sealed, free, your new medical book for men.

(FILL IN NAME AND ADDRESS IN FULL.)

.....

.....

(40) .....

WINE OF CARDUI

Woman Knows Woman.

ZURICH, KAN., Jan. 31.

I used Wine of Cardui for nervousness and weakness in the womb. After taking one bottle I was well again. I am a midwife and always recommend Wine of Cardui to my lady friends during pregnancy and after birth as a tonic. Every lady who takes it finds that it does even more than is claimed for it.

MRS. V. M. BOISVERT.

McELREE'S Wine of Cardui

Nobody knows woman like woman. Men go to medical colleges, study books and listen to lectures. They learn indirectly of the diseases of women, but they are men and can never fully understand the ailments, the sufferings, the agonies of mothers, wives and sisters. A woman **knows.** Mrs. Boisvert **knows.** She has passed through the trials and tribulations of her sex. She has been near by when her sisters suffered. She has seen them relieved and cured with Wine of Cardui. Is it any wonder she recommends it? Is it any wonder that thousands of other women recommend it. **They know.** They have actual experience to prompt them. They spread the tidings from mouth to mouth, telling how Wine of Cardui helps young girls, helps the weak of all ages, helps and cures all womanly ills.

LADIES' ADVISORY DEPARTMENT. For advice in cases requiring special directions, address, giving symptoms, Ladies' Advisory Dep't, The CHATTANOOGA MEDICINE CO., Chattanooga, Tenn.

Druggists Sell Large Bottles for $1.00.

WINE OF CARDUI

HINKLEY'S BONE LINIMENT.

"FORTY YEARS A FAVORITE."

HINKLEY'S BONE LINIMENT FOR INTERNAL AND EXTERNAL USE.

Relieves all pain, internal and external, instantaneously. Has been used and recommended the world over since 1856. An old reliable remedy.

IT NEVER FAILS.

Universally used for Sciatic and Inflammatory Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Lumbago, Chilblains, Malarial Complaints, La Grippe and Influenza. Backed by thousands of testimonials. A family medicine chest in itself. You should always keep a bottle in the house for emergencies. All druggists sell it at 25c, 50c and $1.00.

D. E. PRALL & CO., Saginaw, Mich.,
Distributing Agents.

The Export and Table

BEER

Brewed from the highest grade malt and hops and purest spring water. Result: A beer as it should be—pure.

One bottle of U. P. B. Co.'s beer will make you a connoisseur.

It's the Beer That Makes Marquette Famous.

UPPER PENINSULA BREWING CO.,
MARQUETTE, -:- MICHIGAN

Charlton, Gilbert & Demar,
ARCHITECTS,
MARQUETTE, MICH.,
(1st National Bank Bldg.)
(6-19) MILWAUKEE, WIS

J. T. Whitehead Iron Works,
Detroit, Mich.
Structural and Architectur Iron Work.
Iron Stairs and Fire Escapes.
Heavy and Light Sheet Iron Work.
Write or telephone for estimates.

In and About Negaunee.

BOARD HOLDS ANNUAL MEETING.

SCHOOL AFFAIRS OF THE CITY WOUND UP FOR THE PAST YEAR THURSDAY NIGHT.

The annual meeting of the school board was held Thursday night. The business of the school district for the year just ended was closed up. Preparation for that of the new year was made in a general way, estimates being made of the amount of money that will be required to conduct the schools for the next ten months.

The accounts of the treasurer and secretary of the board were audited and were found to correspond. The various accounts were looked over and wherever allowances were called for they were made. LaCombe brothers reported that the work which they had contracted to do about the Cambria school was finished. On motion the amount due them on their contract was allowed. It was decided to submit a proposition to the taxpayers to refund the bonds which mature this fall. Money is not plentiful with the board and this step is necessary.

There will be an election for the choice of two members of the board on the first Monday of September, which is Labor day. Benjamin Neeley and Christ Johnson are the outgoing members. It is probable that both will be candidates for re-election. It is expected that there will be other candidates in the field and there may be a warm election.

The school system will be in fine condition the coming year, particularly after the opening of the new ward school, when there will be abundant accommodations for all the pupils. The various ward buildings have been put in good order during the past few months. Work on the interior of the Case street building is still in progress. It will be finished next week. That building will then be in excellent trim, as the remodeling of several of the rooms will make it more convenient for pupils and instructors.

N. LAUGHLIN IS BUILDING.

Quite extensive building operations are to be carried on by N. Laughlin at the west end of Iron street. Mr. Laughlin has found it necessary to add to the floor space of his big stores and will build a sixteen-foot addition to the rear of the store room now occupied by the grocery and crockery departments. When the improvement is completed he will have one of the largest salesrooms in the city. Mr. Laughlin has also purchased the lot opposite his Jackson street warehouses from the Jackson Iron company. An old building, which was wrecked by fire some time ago, occupies the ground now. This will be rebuilt and will then be used as a tenement house. The remainder of the ground included in the purchase from the Jackson company will be utilized for the construction of warehouses and sheds to provide storage for delivery wagons and sleighs.

ANECDOTES OF SLATIN PASHA.

The work of organizing the recent campaign in the Soudan told heavily on the intelligence department, of which Wingate was the head and Slatin Pasha one of the most able officers. It is said that one day the long suffering Slatin, who had only recently escaped from his twelve years of captivity in the hands of the mahdi, casually remarked to his chief, in a confidential tone, that he almost wished himself back again among the dervishes as a prisoner, as when he was there, at any rate, he was not worked to death. The remark, strangely enough, was overheard, repeated and eventually published in one of the venomous French papers in Cairo. A copy of the newspaper got into the hands of the khalifa, being conveyed to him by one of his spies. The worthy took a serious view of the incident, and actually summoned a great meeting of his followers and read the paragraph to them, pointing out that Slatin was admittedly happy while a fettered slave, which could scarcely be said of his existence under the rule of the English dogs. The argument in favor of the maintenance of the rule of the mahdi was irresistible to the simple dervish mind.

Slatin, though an Austrian, speaks English well, is very witty in his remarks, and is always voted splendid company. Furthermore, being a good dancer, he is a great favorite among the gentler sex. It was doubtless this popularity that caused a lady sitting beside him at dinner a year or so ago to ask if there was any truth in the rumor that he was thinking of getting married. He set the whole table in a roar by immediately replying: "Married? What, me? No, no, I haf already been prisoner fourteen years—nevare no more."—Golden Penny.

All weak places in your system effectually closed against disease by DeWitt's Little Early Risers. They cleanse the bowels promptly cure chronic constipation, regulate the liver, and fill you with new life and vigor. Small, pleasant, sure; never gripe. The Stafford Drug Company.

WARNING.

We warn the trade that certain unprincipled salesmen try to sell an imitation of our famous FOUR HUNDRED BALTIMORE RYE, holding out as an inducement to the customer large profits for him to deceive the public. Kick these vultures of trade out, as their goods, like themselves, are vile. They only get you into trouble, as we will protect the public from this base fraud and our FAMOUS BRAND AT ANY COST. Crown Distilling company.

Beauty Is Blood Deep.

Clean blood means a clean skin. No beauty without it. Cascarets, Candy Cathartic clean your blood and keep it clean, by stirring up the lazy liver and driving all impurities from the body. Begin to-day to banish pimples, boils, blotches, blackheads, and that sickly bilious complexion by taking Cascarets.—beauty for ten cents. All druggists, satisfaction guaranteed, 10c, 25c, 50c

To Cure a Cold in One Day.

Take Warner's White Wine of Tar Syrup, the best cough remedy on earth. 25 and 50 cents.

LOCAL LACONICS.

Tom Trathen was in Marquette Thursday afternoon.

Henry Nankervis of Ishpeming is at Perkin's pharmacy during the absence of J. M. Perkins.

A number of priests who were at Marquette Thursday spent Friday night here with Rev. Langner.

Henry Heisel has given up his job with Mrs. Johnson and is going to take charge of the Greenwald liquor store and saloon.

The big arch erected by the Sons of St. George for their celebration last week is being stripped of its decorations and will soon be removed.

The Uncle Tom's Cabin company drew a fair number to the opera house last evening. The band and parade attracted considerable attention during the afternoon.

The Negaunee Athletic club, an organization composed of young men of the city skilled in athletic sports, expects to participate in the Labor day games at Calumet.

Mrs. Arland departs today for Detroit, and from there will go to New York, to purchase her fall and winter stock of millinery goods. She will be absent about two weeks.

The telephone construction gang which has been here the last few weeks has completed its work and left yesterday morning for Power, where further construction work will be done.

Auditors Siefert and Ford of the D., S. S. & A. railway, and the Western Express company have looked over the local ticket office, and found that Station Agent Barnes has his office in fine shape. They reported accordingly.

Hans Mattson, a former resident of this city, was killed at Racine recently, where he was employed in an electrical power house. Mattson severed his connection with the Teal Lake power house here about a year ago, and went to Racine where he has since been at work. His friends here received telegraphic notification of his death Thursday.

STILL MORE COUNTERFEITING.

The Secret Service has unearthed another band of counterfeiters and secured a large quantity of bogus bills, which are so cleverly executed that the average person would never suspect them of being spurious. Things of great value are always selected by counterfeiters for imitation, notably the celebrated Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, which has many imitators but no equals for indigestion, dyspepsia, constipation, nervousness and general debility. The Bitters sets things right in the stomach, and when the stomach is in good order it makes good blood and plenty of it. In this manner the Bitters get at the seat of the weak and debilitated. Beware of counterfeiters when buying.

REPUBLIC ETCHINGS.

Louis Levine is in Milwaukee and Chicago this week.

Mrs. M. Suneson is visiting her husband in Houghton.

Miss Milloy of Ishpeming is visiting the family of Tom Shea.

Miss Fannie Haigen, en route to her home in Calumet, stopped off here for a few days.

Republic people are pleased to welcome back Professor and Mrs. John Northmore.

Dr. Louis Hershman, a graduate of the Detroit surgical college, is here visiting his cousin, Joseph Laboldt.

Republic's base ball club will leave today for Quinnesec where it will play that team a hot game of ball.

"A moneyless man wears a loansome look." Have you observed the features of our Atlantic and Mohawk stockholders?

Lloyd & Bell have moved into their new quarters in F. D. Verran's store. They have everything neatly arranged.

After a three week's visit pleasantly with their friends here, James and Miss Gren Owen left for their home in Milwaukee Thursday.

Mrs. A. S. Benjamin, president of the Michigan W. C. T. U., lectured to a large and appreciative audience one evening this week.

Mr. and Mrs. D. T. Morgan, Miss Alice Dodge and Miss Lu Carroll attended the Shriners' dance at Marquette Thursday night.

Miss Lu Carroll, after four weeks' visit with her cousins, Mrs. D. T. Morgan and Miss Alice Dodge, has returned to her home in Escanaba.

It is stated on good and reliable authority that within a short time the Riverside, Magnetic and Erie mining properties will again be worked.

B. Levine is occupying Ericson's large store for furniture, earthenware, glassware, wooden and willow ware, etc., and is advertising that line of goods from 25 to 50 per cent. less than former prices.

Mr. and Mrs. John W. Whinnen and family have returned from Butte City to make Republic once more their home. Mr. Whinnen succeeds M. Suneson in diamond drill work with the Republic Iron company.

Dennis Harrington of Calumet is to be congratulated on having won one of our most charming young ladies, Miss Julia Harrington, for his bride. They were made man and wife Wednesday and departed for their future home in Calumet.

The picnic given by Mr. and Mrs. D. T. Morgan last Wednesday was the most enjoyable of the season. The party left for the Erie camping grounds at 9 o'clock a. m. On arriving there they found an elaborate spread awaiting them. Then came outdoor games, fishing, etc. The fine catch of brook trout by Dr. Moll was prepared in a style to tempt the most exacting taste and was relished exceedingly. The picnickers returned about 8 o'clock. The party consisted of Mrs. D. T. Morgan, the Misses Dodge, Carroll and Whalen, Dr. Moll, Dr. Hirschman, James Owen and Abel and Phil Levine.

MARS AT CLOSE RANGE.

How That Planet Looks When Thirty-five Million Miles Away.

All the monster glasses with which the late rapid advance has been made in knowledge of our celestial neighbors have come into being since the civil war. Until then, in this country, the Harvard telescope of fifteen inches was the largest. About 1860 one of eighteen and a half inches was ordered for the university, in Evanston, Ill. It is only since 1870 that really huge instruments have multiplied and are nightly turned upon the starry skies to ask the questions which seem to our impatience so slowly answered. But many answers have come, after all, and some things are clear which before could only be surmised. For instance, we feel quite sure now that Mars has an atmosphere, though not more than half as dense as our own; but far better than none, as we can tell by looking at our bright, though dead and desolate, moon, from which air and water have long since disappeared. And if Mars has air, the polar caps alone would seem to show that he has also ice and snow; and there appear to be, as well, areas of water or marsh, though less in extent than the land. The northern hemisphere looks brighter through the telescope, even showing tints of red and yellow, which astronomers are inclined to think are chiefly dry land, probably desert; while the southern is dark, the "seas" brown or dull gray, quite as water might appear. These spots were first called seas, like the smooth regions of the moon, and the name continues in both whatever they may be.

In 1877 Mars was at his nearest to us; near, that is, from an astronomer's point of view, though really at the enormous distance of 35,000,000 miles. Yet a great deal was learned about this neighbor in the sky—among other things that he is attended by two tiny satellites or moons never seen before. And the same year an Italian astronomer, Mr. Schiaparelli (pronounced skeea-pa-rel-ly), made careful studies on Mars, completing with the fine telescope at Milan a series of elaborate sketches afterward combined into an accurate detail map.

Again in 1892 and 1894 the earth and Mars came near each other in their flight through space, though somewhat farther than during the year 1877. And within the last few months we have been once more in a good position to observe each other. But we are favorably placed because only under these conditions can we see the north pole of Mars, and so much more is known about his south pole that there is of course a strong attraction in the mysterious north regions. Only at this great distance is the north pole graciously tilted toward us, so he has been constantly watched this spring, and so he will be again in a little over two years. Eight years, however, will pass before the Martian south pole can again be studied to good advantage; in September of 1909, too, all observatories will be on the eager lookout for news from this fascinating planet.—St. Nicholas.

CUSTER'S JOKE ON OSBORN.

Frightened at Indians, the Broker Was Ready for Anything.

The late Charles Osborn, the New York broker, and General Custer were intimate friends, and Osborn annually visited the general at his camp on the plains. During one of the Indian campaigns he invited Osborn and a party of friends out to Kansas, and after giving them a buffalo hunt, arranged a novel experience in the way of an Indian scare. As Osborn was lying in his tent one night firing was heard at the outposts and the rapid riding of the pickets. "Boots and saddles" was the order in the disturbed atmosphere of the night, and Custer appeared to Osborn loaded with rifle, two revolvers, a sabre and a scalping knife.

"Charlie," he said, in his quick nervous way, "you must defend yourself. Sitting Bull and Flea-in-Your-Boots, with Wiggle-Tail-Jim and Scalp-Lock Skowhegan are on us in force. I didn't want to alarm you before, but the safety of my command is my first duty. Things look serious. If we don't meet again, God bless you."

The broker fell on his knees. "My God, Custer," he cried, "only get me out of this! I'll carry 1,000,000 shares of Western Union for you into the firm to get me home. Only save me."

But Custer was gone, and the camp by shrewd arrangement burst into a blaze, and shots, oaths and war-whoops were intermixed, until suddenly a painted object loomed on Osborn's sight, and something was flung into his face—a human scalp. He dropped to the ground, said the Lord's prayer backward, forward and sideways, until the noise died away, and there was exposed a lighted supper table, with this explanation on a transparency: "Osborn's treat!"—Chicago Record.

HIS LIFE WAS SAVED.

Mr. J. E. Lilly, a prominent citizen of Hannibal, Mo., lately had a wonderful deliverance from a frightful death. In telling of it he says: "I was taken with Typhoid Fever, that ran into Pneumonia. My lungs became hardened. I was so weak I couldn't even sit up in bed. Nothing helped me. I expected to soon die of Consumption, when I heard of Dr. King's New Discovery. One bottle gave great relief. I continued to use it, and now am well and strong. I can't say too much in its praise." This marvelous medicine is the surest and quickest cure in the world for all Throat and Lung Trouble. Regular sizes 50 cents and $1.00. Trial bottles free at the Stafford Drug company; every bottle guaranteed.

AUGUST FLOWER.—"It is a surprising fact," says Professor Houton, "that in my travels in all parts of the world, for the last ten years, I have met more people having used GREEN'S AUGUST FLOWER than any other remedy, for dyspepsia, deranged liver and stomach, and for constipation. I find for tourists and salesmen, or for persons filling office positions, where headaches and general bad feelings from irregular habits exist, that GREEN'S AUGUST FLOWER is a grand remedy. It does not injure the system by frequent use, and is excellent for sour stomachs and indigestion." SAMPLE BOTTLES FREE at Stafford's drug store. Sold by dealers in all civilized countries.

The "Challenge" is the best 10-cent cigar sold. Husted & Gessler, makers, Chicago. J. B. Tibor, agent.

How Are Your Kidneys?

Dr. Hobbs' Sparagus Pills cure all kidney ills. Sample free. Add. Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago or N. Y.

What More Do You Wish

for a delicious, wholesome lunch than a plate of Kennedy's Milk Biscuit and a bowl of good milk.

Kennedy's Milk Biscuit

possess a peculiar excellence that the daintiest appetite can't resist. Delicious as an accompaniment to coffee, chocolate, tea, lemonade, fruit or ice cream. Keep them on hand. Sold everywhere in air tight boxes. Made only by

Food For Health

All the goodness of pure Graham flour concentrated in a delicious, appetizing, digestible Biscuit.

KENNEDY'S Graham Biscuit

are most wholesome for children or convalescents. Most delightful for dessert. Most satisfying at any time. Sold everywhere in air tight boxes. Made only by KENNEDY BAKERIES, Chicago, Ill. Cambridgeport, Mass.

The very choicest paper hangings of the swellest New York shapes may be seen here at prices less than you'd pay if you sent to the city for them. The best workmen to hang them.

La Combe Bros.,
Painters and Paper Hangers.
117 Iron St.

It rests with you whether you continue the nerve-killing tobacco habit. NO-TO-BAC removes the desire for tobacco, without nervous distress, expels nicotine, purifies the blood, restores lost manhood, makes you strong in health, nerve and pocket-book. 1,500,000 boxes sold. 400,000 cases cured. Buy NO-TO-BAC from your own druggist, who will vouch for us. Take it with a will, patiently, persistently. One box, $1 usually cures; 3 boxes, $2.50, guaranteed to cure, or we refund money. Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago, Montreal, New York.

STOP SMOKING!

Kodol Dyspepsia Cure.

Digests what you eat.

It artificially digests the food and aids Nature in strengthening and reconstructing the exhausted digestive organs. It is the latest discovered digestant and tonic. No other preparation can approach it in efficiency. It instantly relieves and permanently cures Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Heartburn, Flatulence, Sour Stomach, Nausea, Sick Headache, Gastralgia, Cramps, and all other results of imperfect digestion.

Prepared by E. C. DeWitt & Co., Chicago.

Stafford Drug Co.

D., S. S. & A. R'y

THE Marquette ROUTE

Time - Table.

In Effect May 28, 1899.

-:- TRAINS LEAVE MARQUETTE -:-

For Montreal and the east and Lower Michigan daily ex. Sunday	4:55 a.m
For Houghton and the Copper Country daily, connecting at Nestoria daily, except Sunday, with train for the Gogebic Range, Duluth and all points west	9:05 a m
For Detroit and the east, daily ex. Sunday	1:30 p.m.
For Houghton and the Copper Country, daily ex. Sunday.	3:05 p.m
For Chicago via Negaunee and the C. & N. W. R'y and Republic and Chicago via the C., M. & St. P. R'y, daily	5:00 p.m
For Duluth and the west, also L'Anse, Baraga, Houghton and the copper country, daily ex. Saturday	10:50 p.m

TRAINS ARRIVING MARQUETTE WHICH DO NOT RUN EAST.

From Chicago and Milwaukee via Republic and Negaunee daily	10:40 a.m
From Houghton, the Copper Country, the Gogebic Range, Duluth and western points	7:00 p.m.

MUCH LESS ADULTERATION.

Thirty Per Cent. More Pure Food in Upper Peninsula Than There Was Two Years Ago.

PEOPLE OF THE UPPER PENINSULA DEMAND THE BEST GOODS.

Michigan Dairy and Food Department Inspectors Are Going Over the Upper Part of the State—Labratory at Marquette.

GOOD MERCHANTS FAVOR INSPECTION.

The grocery, meat and bakery stocks of the city are undergoing an inspection at the hands of an inspector of the dairy and food department. One of the department's chemists has taken up temperory quarters in the high school labratory and is analysing all suspicious products which are brought in by the inspector.

Two of the department's inspectors are working in the peninsula and one chemist is making the examinations for both. Inspector Carl Franke is the one who is operating in Marquette and the other cities of the iron country. He entered the peninsula by way of Escanaba, while the deputy started in at the Soo and is coming up this way. He will be here Tuesday.

MANY OFF COLOR BRANDS.

The department has a fine labratory at Lansing for the examination of foods and employs two chemists there, who are kept busy the year around making analyses of suspected articles the inspectors pick up and send in. During the past four years there has been an average of a thousand chemical examinations annually. R. E. Doolittle, one of the analysts is now up here with the inspectors as a matter of convenience so that tests can be made promptly and that if there are any prosecutions to be made he will be on the ground.

The inspector and the analyst have been here about a week and nearly all of the food stocks have been examined as well as those in Ishpeming and Negaunee. Some brands of goods carried by local grocers have been ordered off the shelves but no prosecutions have been begun.

BETTER FOOD IN THE U. P.

"I find about thirty per cent. less adulterated foods than when I was up here two years ago;" said the inspector to a Mining Journal reporter last evening at the New Clifton. "The stocks which are carried by the merchants here compare very favorably with those in the lower part of the state. The trade for the most part demands the best goods and the merchants carry them. Before I came up here I was told down below to just wait till I got into the upper peninsula, that anything the wholesalers sent up here went and that the upper peninsula people just swallowed it.

"We meet with very little opposition from the merchants in our work. We go on the theory that they are all with us and we find that most of them are. The inspection is a good thing for the manufacturer and dealer in good gods as it drives ut of the market cheap adulterated products which come into competition with reputable articles.

"We don't get samples of everything and examine them because experience has taught us that certain lines are all right. We send the chemists nothing but suspected articles to which we have first applied a few preliminary tests.

GROCERIES THE WORST.

"Most of the adulteration is in the grocery line and very little in bread stuffs. I think we have found only one miller in the state who was grinding white corn in with wheat and he was doing it on a special order from outside, Indiana. As soon as we told him that he wouldn't be allowed to manufacture the stuff, even to sell outside the state, he stopped.

"The articles most commonly adulterated are spices, cream of tartar, sugar and extracts. Not long ago I paid thirty-five cents for some cream of tartar which proved to be forty-five per cent. plaster of paris. They adulterate it with plaster of paris, alum and phosophate of lime. Extracts are very commonly adulterated. They will color them up till they have the appearance of being very strong, but in reality they are very weak.

LIKED THE JAM.

"There is a lot of this imitation fruit jelly, too. It is really made of glucose, corn jelly, and colored to imitate the different fruits. The law allows this stuff to be sold for what it is but it must not be colored. I stopped the sale not long ago of some imitation strawberry jam and the people in the town were up in arms against the department; said they had never tasted finer jam in their lives. It was made of this corn jelly flavored with artificial strawberry extract and had a lot of seeds in it. The seeds were hay seeds. Later on the manufacturer shipped some more in without the coloring and without the seeds and the people wouldn't have it at all.

"There is no doubt at all," continued the inspector when questioned about the value of the pure food laws and the work of the department, "about the value of the work. Three years ago seventy-five per cent. of the foods sold in this state were adulterated, and not more than twenty-five per cent. were pure. Today the ratio is reversed. I have had some wholesale grocers in Detroit tell me that three years ago ninety per cent. of the food stuffs in the state were adulterated and that today only ten per cent. are, but I think that estimate is a little liberal and place the ratio at twenty-five and seventy-five."

SEVERE PENALTIES.

Inspector Franke says the penalty for selling adulterated foods in Michigan are quite severe, in most cases fines ranging from $25 to $500, with the option of imprisonment from thirty to ninety days. Prosecutions are directed mainly against the manufacturers, but they can be reached only when the concern is located in the state. If it is outside the traveling representative is held for the firm.

AT A STANDSTILL.

Coppers Quite the Reverse from Active—Wheat Still Falls.

Coppers were very inactive yesterday. Few of them moved outside a point's range and those which did for the most part dropped. Reports from Boston show somewhat increased sales.

Arcadian went off one to 74. Boston & Montana advanced five to 355. Butte & Boston fell one to 77. Mohawk seems to have recovered from its weakness and yesterday rallied a point and a half, closing at 21½. Quincy was hard hit and fell nine points to 150. Tamarack dropped two to 225.

Paine, Webber & Co. said in their yesterday copper letter to the Marquette branch:

"Boston, Aug. 25.—London came unchanged and closed unchanged. Up to 12:30 p. m. 13,814 shares changed hands. The market opened quiet but in the first hour became more active and up to noon had shown more general strength than for some days. During the last hour the market was quiet, prices showing fractional declines from the highest. The market closed quiet. Sales of active coppers yesterday: Anaconda, 50; Arcadian, 2,700; Arnold, 300; Baltic, 150; Bingham, 480; Boston & Montana, 143; Butte & Boston, 190; Centennial, 150; Cochita, 540; Copper Range, 50; Mohawk, 225; Old Colony, 100; Osceola, 175; Parrot, 824; Pioneer, 209; Quincy, 20; Rhode Island, 120; Santa Fe, 1,200; Tamarack, 10; Tecumseh, 25; Tri-mountain, 50; United States, 21,000; Utah, 300; Victoria, 275; Winona, 50; Wolverine, 55."

Wheat fell for the second day yesterday. The September option went off ⅛ to 71⅜ and December dropped ¼ to 73⅝.

F. G. Logan said yesterday in his grain letter to Paine, Webber & Co.:

"Chicago, Aug. 25.—Wheat—Dull at Liverpool, ⅜d. lower; Paris 1¼ lower for August and ¼ lower for the deferred futures. Notwithstanding this advices from France were disappointing, with one cable estimating twenty per cent. below last year. The Modern Miller is slightly bullish on the improvement in the flour trade the decline in wheat receipts and the excessive rainfall in the northwest. Primary receipts were 583,000 bushels compared with 870,00 bushels last year; clearances equal 350,000 bushels of wheat. Duluth and Minneapolis together decrease slightly over 1,000,000 bushels compared with 1,500,000 last week. Based on this predictions of a decrease in the visible on Monday are made. Advices from farther north make the government report of Manitoba and the Northwest Territory 40,000,000. The estimates of Snow on Minnesota and the Dakotas makes the crop there 175,000,000 bushels compared with 225,000,000 bushels last year. The Toledo receipts were 60 per cent. of last week and 50 per cent. of last year. St. Louis received double the quantity she did last year and longs there were free sellers, which not only depressed their market, but ours as well, trade being light. This is a dragging market with liquidation in September beginning to show, which is against the price, temporarily.

MARQUETTE.

Persistent Publicity Will Make Its Resort Merits World Famous.

That Marquette is growing rapidly in favor as a summer resort is evidenced by the increasing crowds of tourists which come with every successive season. It was only a few years ago when the tourist business was next to nothing. Today it has reached such proportions that it is taxing the capacity of the city to handle it, and if the patronage continues to increase, as there is every reason to expect it will, more hotels and boarding houses will have to open or profitable business must be turned away.

The increase of travel is due in large measure to the publicity which has been given the city through the general and resort press in the past two years. Nearly every resort periodical in the central states has given it space this season. The latest is The American Outing Club Review, in which the following appears:

"Marquette is acknowledged by all tourists to be the perfection of a location for a summer outing. It is situated on the shores of Lake Superior, the monarch of the five great lakes of the United States. It has been famous for its historical associations. It is nearly two hundred years since Pere Marquette and his followers explored their way through the wilderness of the north to the rocky shores of the great lakes. Marquette, the gem of the lake, the best built, and the most beautiful city lies on the south shore of Lake Superior, rejoicing in fine hotels and moderate, quiet places wherein to rest the weary body, the tired nerves, and idle away a dreamy vacation. Marquette enjoys a unique position in one respect. It is styled by sufferers who here obtain cure and relief, America's hay-fever sanitarium; no one suffering from this malady was ever known to go there without having been benefitted. One of Marquette's greatest attractions is Preque Isle, a high headland 328 acres in extent, two miles north of the city, which was deeded by the federal government to the municipality, and through the efforts of its enterprising citizens, has become a magnificent public park, for the pleasure of citizens and guests. A smooth, hard road has been built along the beach encircling the point, affording a noble view of land and water. For rowing and sailing expeditions, Presque Isle is an ideal objective point and offers great allurements in the way of a tranquil rest.

"Marquette and its vicinity is the angler's paradise and the spotted trout streams of the lake country are already famous. Round and about Marquette will be found all the creature comforts that the inventive mind of man can conceive, or teh heart of woman desire."

You'll never get tired, fagged out, disappointed, unhappy or make mistakes in marriage, if you use Rocky Mountain Tea. The Stafford Drug company.

For the best life, accident and health insurance on earth see the Aetna agent, F. H. Vandenboom 8-22-1w

BATHS, BATHS, BATHS.

Turkish and Russian, salt and electric, for gentlemen; massage treatments a specialty; also chiropody. Frank Keough, masseur. St. Luke's hospital; hours, 8 a. m. to 9 p. m. (5-25-tf)

NOTICE.

The Light & Power commission has arranged with Mr. Frank Pendill to sell incandescent lamps at his drug store, corner Front and Washington streets, at the following prices: 8 and 16 candlepower, 21 cents; 32 candlepower, 30 cents; 50 candlepower, 50 cents.

6-16-tf)

VESSEL MOVEMENTS.

PASSED THE CANAL.

Sault Ste. Marie, Aug. 25.—(Special.)—Up—Nicol, 8; Wotan, Celtic, Stewart, 8:40; Wright, 9:40; Pathfinder, Stephenson, Krupp, 10:20; Bessemer, Holley, Cort, Russell, Whiteworth, Rosemount, Melrose, Selkirk, 1; America, 2:30; Norwalk, 2:40; Presque Isle, 4:40; China, 8:30; Hudson, Pontiac, 9; Venezuela, Matanzas, 10; Kearsarge, John Eddy, Roman, Business, 12; Manitoba, Empire City, 1:30; St. Louis, Champion, Bronson, 2:30; Mesaba, Maia, Armenia, 3; Majestic, 4; Marquette, 4:40; Langell, Arenac, Morse, Interlaken, John Owen, 7; Adela Shores, 7:30.

PORT LIST.

Up—China.

Down—Peerless.

Arrived — Continental, Magnetic, Wright, Cumberland, Mannattan, Pratt, Athens, Frontenac, Presque Isle, Pontiac.

Cleared—Continental, Magnetic, Cleveland; Presque Isle, Frontenac, Pratt, Athens, Ashtabula; Cumberland; Manhattan, Toledo; Pontiac, Wright, Erie.

LOCAL MARINE NEWS.

Ore boats were more numerous yesterday than they have been for some time.

The liners China and Peerless were both in port yesterday. The China was going up and the Peerless was bound down the lakes.

The revenue cutter Morrill in command of Captain Davis made the port yesterday. The cutter has just come from a cruise over along the north shore and is now working her way back to Milwaukee.

CITY BREVITIES.

Weather forecast: Generally fair; easterly wind.

Yesterday's temperature: 7 a. m., 65 degrees; noon, 74 degrees; 7 p. m., 69 degrees; maximum, 78 degrees; minimum, 65 degrees.

—:—

Mrs. Dymack of Calumet visited here yesterday.

Miles Butler of Ishpeming was down yesterday from up the road.

Rev. R. R. Snow has returned from his vacation visit in the east.

J. A. Macaw of Calumet was down from the copper country yesterday.

The Union band is coming down from Ishpeming today to have an outing at the island.

E. P. Monteith is home on a visit. Mr. Monteith is now traveling for the Heinz Pickle company.

Oscar Monteith and his bride are expected to arrive here today to make a visit at his home.

Dr. Lund, who is now practicing in Baraga, was down from there yesterday to perform an operation.

The University of Cincinnati Summer club went up to Ishpeming and gave a concert there last evening.

A very pleasant dancing reception was given in Fraternity hall last evening by Miss Egan of Savannah, Ga., who is summering here.

Sheriff Carlson is out serving notices on jurors who are summoned to act at the September term of the circuit court which convenes Sept. 12.

The members of the Boys' Brigade are requested to meet at the Presbyterian church this evening at 7:30 sharp. Matters of importance are to be discussed.

A few of the Shriners are staying over in town a day or two, but most of them who were here attending the midsummer meeting left for their homes yesterday.

The house on the southwest corner of Third and Ridge street is being torn down to make room for the new church which the Swede Methodists are raising money to build.

Mrs. Jane Finch has filed a petition in the probate court asking to be appointed special and general administrator of the estate of her husband Loren C. Finch, late of Negaunee.

Late members of the Hay Fever association to arrive here for their summer exile are Charles A. Speaker of Louisville, Ky.; M. L. Record and wife of Chicago, and W. A. Roe of Manchester, Ia.

E. G. Walker, secretary of the Western Hay Fever association, is making his headquarters during a part of the day in the city hall. He can be found in the Citizens' committee room every morning from 10 to 12.

"Denny" Gleason, the ex-South Shore conductor, is now a broker. The Soo Democrat announces that he has reopened the Stock Exchange at 212 Ashmun street, in that city. In addition to being a broker Denny is running a tobacco store and selling cut rate railroad tickets.

Chief Maney has begun to enforce the bicycle ordinance. Thursday was the first day it was in effect and that evening he had occasion to warn four cyclers for appearing after dark without lamps on their wheels. As it was the first day he refrained from making arrests. Notices of the ordinance has been tacked up on poles all over the city and placed in stores in order that every rider may be made acquainted with the provisions of the act and not get caught.

HEADQUARTERS HERE.

Land and Mining Companies Transfer from Saginaw to Marquette.

Statements of organization of six different companies have been received by County Register Primeau for entry in the books of the county. All of the documents were sent from Saginaw, which has been the headquarters of the companies, but from which they are going to move on account of changes in ownership. Marquette is to be the new headquarters city and the main oces of all six companies will be here.

The largest company is the Lake Superior company, limited, in which James J. Hill of St. Paul has a three-quarters interest. It is capitalized at $100,000. The other companies are the New Missabe Land company, limited, capitalized at $50,000 and successor to the Wright Davis company, limited; the Wright Land company, limited, capitalized at $12,500; the Stone Land company, limited, capitalized at $12,500; the Davis Land company, limited, capitalized at $12,500; and the Wells Land company, limited, capitalized at $12,500.

There is no mistake about Stierle's work. He makes the best photographs. 301 South Front street. (8-16-1m)

BIGELOW & CO.'S

Jewelery, Book and Stationery Store

Is the place to pick out a Wedding Present.

Big Variety, Prices Right.

BIGELOW & CO., MARQUETTE. MICH.

S:U:M:M:E:R DRINKS:

CHOICE CLARETS, FINE SCOTCH WHISKIES

.....THE.....

F. Bending Co., 201 Front St.

STEAMER CITY OF MARQUETTE,

Alfred Taylor, Master.

BETWEEN MARQUETTE AND DULUTH

For Freight and Passengers.

INTENDED SAILINGS, Weather Permitting.

GOING WEST

Lv. Marquette on Tuesdays and Sundays at.. ..... 7:00 a.m.
" Yellow Dog River (So-sa-wa-ga-ming Club) Tuesdays about ....1:30 p.m.
" Pine River (Huron Mountain Club) Tuesdays about ....4:00 p.m.
" Skanee Tuesdays about....6:00 p.m.
" Houghton and Hancock... Tuesdays about.... ....midnight.
Ar. Duluth, Wednesday about midnight.

GOING EAST.

Lv. Duluth Thursdays about...6:00 p.m.
" Eagle Harbor Fridays about 3:00 p.m.
" Houghton and Hancock Fridays about.... .....8:00 p.m.
" Pine River (Huron Mountain Club) Saturdays about ....9:00 a.m.
" Yellow Dog River (So-sa-wa-ga-ming Club) Saturdays about ....10:30 a.m.
Ar. Marquette Saturdays about 1:00 p.m.

AND A ROUND TRIP EVERY SUNDAY FROM MARQUETTE TO YELLOW DOG RIVER (SO-SA-WA-GA-MING CLUB), PINE RIVER (HURON MOUNTAIN CLUB) AND INTERMEDIATE SHORE POINTS, AND RETURN, leaving Marquette at 7 a. m., and reaching Marquette on the return trip about 8:00 p. m.

Marquette, Mich., July 10, 1899.
(7-11-tf) Office of J. M. Longyear.

Freight will be received at the Tate warehouse, foot of Eighth avenue, West Duluth, for Eagle Harbor, Hancock, Houghton, Dollar Bay, Chassell, Jacobsville, Baraga, L'Anse, Pequaming, Skanee and Marquette.

ANTON MANTHEI, 157 Washington street, wholesale and retail—Meats, Butter and Eggs.

G. R. WATTS, Piano Tuner. Leave orders at G. N. Conklin's Marquette; County Telephone 15, and E. Girzi's, Ishpeming.

We Keep A COMPLETE LINE OF Household Furniture FROM A KITCHEN CHAIR TO A PARLOR SUIT.

TONELLA & JOHNASON.

25 PER CENT. Reduction on all Summer Suits UNTIL SEPT. 1ST.

F. L. SIMMONS, The Tailor.

We want all our friends and patrons to call and examine our Cotton Felt Mattrasses. For the price they have no equal.

Hager Bros. Co., Ltd. 118 S. Front Street.

THE SUMMER MAN

looks as neat and fresh as his sister if they have their shirts and shirt waists laundered here. Madras, percale and all kinds of fancy shirts and shirt waists keep their color and look like new when laundered by our careful methods. Bring your linen here if you want perfect satisfaction in your laundry work.

Marquette Steam Laundry. (7-12-tf)

A LAWN MOWER AS AN EXERCISER

can't be beat when it is one of our light and easy running mowing machines that cuts your grass evenly and leaves your lawn as smooth and velvety as if it had been shaved. Our new lawn mowers are universally conceded to be the ideal mower by those who have used them. Ball bearing lawn mowers, ball baring sewing machines, for $25. Call and see them.

M. R. Manhard.

SUPERIOR LIVERY, N. D. HODGKINS, Prop.

FIRST-CLASS LIVERY.

Boarding of Horses a Specialty.

ALL KINDS OF TEAM WORK.

Fine crushed stone for roadways, and building rock for sale. : : :

412 Pine St. Resident Portion of City.

NIGHT CALLS PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO (6-3-tf)

COAL! HARD, SOFT CANNEL, SMITHING

HAY, GRAIN, Pillsbury's Best Flour, Portland and Natural CEMENT, Lime, Plaster, Sewer Pipe, Fire Brick and Clay, —SALT.—

Write for prices on car lots or less. Prompt Shipment Given.

F. B. SPEAR & SONS.