

# THE DAILY MINING JOURNAL.

NUMBER 3632.

MARQUETTE, MICH., MONDAY MORNING, MARCH 9, 1896.

PRICE FIVE CENTS.

## A Rubber Water Bottle

is either good or bad; if the latter it is dear at any price. We keep only the best and warrant every bag sold, same with other rubber goods.

## THE STAFFORD DRUG CO.

222 South Front St., Marquette.

## MORGAN'S SHOES

ARE GOOD SHOES.

A LITTLE MONEY BUYS THEM AND INVESTED NOW WILL PAY BETTER THAN MONEY IN THE BANK.

## GOODSPEED & SON,

THE LEADING TAILORS, HATTERS AND FURNISHERS OF ANN ARBOR.

AN ELEGANT LINE OF NEW

## GLASSWARE

JUST RECEIVED AT

## A. H. PALMER'S BAZAAR.

## MANHARD-JOPLING CO., Ltd.

JOBBER OF HARDWARE.

## MINE, MILL and LUMBERMEN'S SUPPLIES.

111 to 115 FRONT ST., 120 to 132 W. MAIN ST.,

AGENTS FOR:

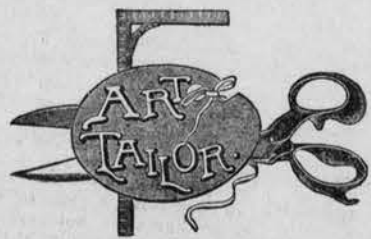
Roebing's Wire Rope, Knowels Steam Pumps, Cameron Steam Pumps, Smith Valle Steam Pumps, Crescent Steel Co., E. C. Atkins & Co's Saws.

MARQUETTE, MICH.

## A. E. ZIEHLSDORF,

15 Years Experience in Cutting and Fitting.

We want the confidence of our customers, and propose to keep it by giving good work and honest values.



We will open on Monday, February 24, with a selection of the latest fabrics of Foreign and Domestic woolsens. Come and see us.

108 N. THIRD STREET. \* OPPOSITE POST OFFICE.

## GOODING & ORMSBEE

BUY SHOES OF GOODING & ORMSBEE  
BUY CLOTHING AND MEN'S FURNISHING GOODS OF

## GOODING & ORMSBEE

YOU WILL ALWAYS GET THE BEST TO BE HAD FOR YOUR MONEY.

BUY HATS OF

GOODING & ORMSBEE.



## Marquette Lettuce

received daily.

## Baltimore Oysters.

Everything in the line of

## GROCERIES

## D. MURRAY'S,

114 S. FRONT STREET.

## Vegetables.

Parsnips, Carrots, Beats, Rutabagas, Cabbage, Sweet Potatoes, Lettuce.

## CHEESE.

New Cream, Old Cream, Roquefort, Edam, Pineapple, Imperial, Brick, Limburger,

## E. L. Kellan.

## IN THE LEAD

AS USUAL.

## ARTHUR DELF,

133 Washington St.

Fresh Tomatoes, Spinach, Lettuce, Radishes, Parsley, Green Onions and California Celery.

## FRESH FRUITS.

## Johns & Hirdping.

COR. THIRD AND MICHIGAN STS., (Next to McDonald's Grocery.)

## \* MEATS, \* FISH, BUTTER AND EGGS.

You will save money by giving us your trade. Telephone orders receive prompt attention. Both telephones. (2-28-17)

## \* QUEEN \*

## CITY RESTAURANT.

HIGGINS & BARGREN, Props.

321 South Front St.

Meals served during meal hours for 25 cents. Short orders Day and Night. (5-2-17)

## Vermont Maple

## Wax

## New Orleans

## Mollasses Candy.

We have a large assortment of 10 and 20 cent mixed and a fine line of Chocolates.

## F. HEPPNER.

### GHASTLY FIND AT CHICAGO.

A Barrel Containing the Dead Bodies of an Old Man and a Babe.

### EVERY EVIDENCE THAT FOUL PLAY WAS DONE.

A Mysterious Telephone Message from a Woman Predicting the Discovery and Describing the Victims the Only Clue.

### ANOTHER DOUBLE MURDER.

Chicago, March 8.—Carefully concealed in a barrel covered with a mass of rags and cotton the dead bodies of a gray-haired man and a new born babe were found in an alley in Hyde Park today. In consequence, the police are working on what they consider a double murder. Only one clue is in their possession and on the discovery or identity of a woman, as yet unknown to the police, depends the solution of the mystery.

Early this forenoon the office in Boston's Hyde Park morgue was rung up on the telephone and a woman, who declined to give either her name or address, asked if the body of a man had been found in Hyde Park. The office attendant replied in the negative and then questioned the woman, but his best efforts failed to get any information of the decided character, although she told the clerk she was looking for a man who was missing. She was finally prevailed upon to give his description, which she did in minute detail. She astonished the morgue attendant by saying, in conclusion, that he would certainly learn more about the case later on.

Four hours later the barrel, with its ghastly contents, was discovered in the rear of the house at 4829 Indiana avenue. The body of the man tallied in almost every respect with the description furnished by the mysterious woman over the telephone wire, and the police unhesitatingly connected her with the case. In the barrel, also, was the body of a boy not over ten days old.

J. A. Morse, residing on Prairie avenue, in an alley at the rear of his home discovered a barrel which aroused his curiosity. Breaking open the head of the receptacle he was horrified on seeing the hacked body of an old man inside. It was entirely nude and frightfully mutilated. Covering the corpse was a thick layer of cotton. The police were at once notified and the barrel removed to the morgue. The head and trunk gave every evidence of foul play, the skull showing several deep wounds. There were two marks on the side of the head, apparently made by a blunt instrument. The body of the older male was that of a man between sixty-five and seventy years of age. The police laugh at the theory that it was the work of medical students, and are positive in their statement that the man and child were murdered.

### THE CONGRESSIONAL PROGRAM.

A Forecast of the Doings in the Senate and House This Week.

WASHINGTON, March 8.—The Cuban question will be revived in the senate tomorrow on the proposition to accept the report of the conference committee agreeing to the house resolutions. It is believed that under no circumstances will the question be prolonged beyond Monday, and there is little doubt but that the house resolutions will be agreed to. The Dupont Delaware election case will also continue to receive attention during the week. If the committee on public lands gets in its report on the Arizona land bill, recommending its passage over the president's veto, it may be taken up, and it will probably arouse considerable discussion.

The house this week will continue its work on appropriation bills and will dispose of one, possibly two, of the pending contested election cases. The postoffice bill, it is thought, will be passed tomorrow. The naval bill is next in order.

### CUBANS LOSE A BATTLE.

Forced to Retreat With a Loss of Seventy-One Killed.

HAYANA, March 8.—Colonel Vicuna reports that he met a force of insurgents, numbering seven thousand and led by Gomez, Maceo and prominent leaders, in the district of Corral Falso. They were dislodged from their position by the troops and retreated. The insurgent loss was seventy-one killed and forty-two wounded. The troops had three killed and nineteen wounded.

### WEYLER ISSUES PROCLAMATION.

General Weyler has issued a proclamation, in which he says: "The time has arrived to pursue with the greatest activity and rigor the little bands, more of outlaws than insurgents, who remain in the provinces of Pinar del Rio and Havana, and to adopt the measures necessary for the prompt and immediate carrying out of that intention. The authorities of villages who will show themselves friendly within the term of ten days, and those in the vicinity of the same and all those within its limits, must surrender themselves within the space of fifteen days from the publication of this proclamation, otherwise they will be subject to arrest."

"If, in the case of insurgent parties who have robbed, sacked, burned or committed other outrages during the rebellion, any one will give information as to the participation that such persons may have had in them, not only those who may have been in the rebel ranks, but also those who have succeeded them or would not remain in

### their homes, they will be stringently punished.

"Rebels who may not be responsible for any other crime who, within a term of fifteen days, shall present themselves to the nearest military authority and who will assist in the apprehension of any one guilty of the foregoing offenses will not be molested, but will be placed at my disposal. Those who have presented themselves at an earlier time will be pardoned; thus who may have committed any other crimes or who have obstructed any public cargo proceeding to its destination will be judged according to the antecedents and their cases be withheld for final determination. He who presents himself and surrenders his arms, and, in a greater degree, if there is a collective presentation, will have his case determined by me. All who present themselves after the time mentioned in this warning will be placed at my disposal."

### WOMEN AS SOLDIERS.

Found in Nearly All Cuban Camps and Increasing in Numbers.

HAYANA, March 8.—Cuban amazons have recently been playing a prominent part in the fights between insurgents and Spanish troops. These women, many of whom have husbands in the ranks of the army of Cuba, exhibited upon frequent occasions courage, endurance and fighting skill to a greater extent than many of the men. As a rule, they are colored and not young, strong of limb and able to use a machete, rifle, revolver or knife with the best of men. They are to be found in nearly all insurgent camps and are increasing in numbers. When not otherwise engaged, they tend the sick and wounded men, wash clothes or cook meals. If fighting is to be done, they go into the thick of it with energy and dash.

### HER LIFE FOR HER COUNTRY.

There is one woman who deserves more than a passing notice. She came to the front in a recent engagement between Spanish troops and a number of insurgents at Oajita. Although the insurgents went to cover the woman stood her ground bravely. With her back against a tree she steadily loaded and fired her carbine, taking the cartridges from the bosom of her dress, almost the only garment she wore. So long as the gun worked she pumped lead at the Spaniards, keeping them at bay. The old carbine finally got out of order and she drew a revolver. The Cuban woman calmly awaited the approach of the enemies of her country, and when within range of her pistol the amazon gave a cheer for Cuba and again opened fire until she fell, pierced by four Mauser bullets.

### THERE ACHING FOR TROUBLE.

Spaniards at Valencia Again Show Their Anti-American Sentiment.

VALENCIA, March 8.—This city was again in a turbulent state today. A mob gathered and proceeded towards the American consulate, with the intention of causing a disturbance there, but a force of police and gendarmes opposed their passage through the streets. A desperate struggle ensued and several persons were wounded, including a policeman. The mob succeeded in entering the Plaza de Toros by destroying the gates leading to the bull ring. They then held a meeting in the arena. A state of siege was proclaimed.

MADRID, March 8.—Several foreign military officers, including some Englishmen, have offered their services to Spain in the event of a war with the United States. Official belief, however, is expressed that no conflict will occur.

Patriotic demonstrations have occurred throughout the country since the action of the United States congress on the Cuban question, and many wealthy Spaniards are offering money to the government. Several towns have also sent messages offering goods and the lives of their citizens in the defense of the country.

Generous dispersed a crowd who were cheering in front of the French consulate in Barcelona today as an expression of hope for a Franco-Spanish alliance.

United States Minister Taylor has refused the resignation of the Spaniards acting as United States consuls when they were written in Spanish on the ground that language is not the official language of the United States.

### ACTORS FIGHT A DUEL.

Settle Dispute With Revolvers—One Now at Death's Door.

MARION, Ind., March 8.—Actors Will Lang and John West fought a duel on the stage of White's Opera House after the close of the performance there tonight, and Lang received wounds which may prove fatal. The men were members of O'Hooligan's Masquerade company and after a rough and tumble fight in West's dressing room secured revolvers and met on the stage. Lang received two bullet wounds, West escaping unhurt. The whole company was arrested.

### Obituary Mention.

YANKTON, S. D., March 8.—W. A. Burleigh, one of the best known of the pioneer politicians, died here last night of paralysis, aged seventy-six. Burleigh came to Dakota thirty-six years ago as an appointee of President Lincoln. He was the father of Andrew W. Burleigh, receiver for the Northern Pacific.

MILWAUKEE, March 8.—George Hiltz, a pioneer of Wisconsin, died today, aged seventy, of paralysis. He owned 100,000 acres of Wisconsin pine lands and leaves an estate worth \$3,000,000.

BROOKLYN, March 8.—Rear Admiral Henry Walke, aged eighty-eight, and who had a brilliant war record, died at his residence in this city this afternoon.

ST. PAUL, March 8.—Dr. David Day, closely identified with the history of St. Paul and the northwest, died here today, aged seventy.

### TROLLEY CARS COLLIDE.

Crash Together at a Curve on a St. Louis Suburban Railway.

### MORE THAN FIFTY PASSENGERS WERE INJURED.

Violation of Rule, Providing That Car Should Keep Siding Until Next One in Opposite Direction Had Passed, Accident's Cause.

### FOUR DEATHS MAY RESULT.

ST. LOUIS, March 8.—A disastrous collision occurred this evening on the Kirkwood electric railroad, which connects the suburban town of Kirkwood with this city. It is a single track road, the cars passing one another on switches. While one car, heavily laden, was waiting for another to pass, the switch became turned in some manner, throwing both together. Both cars were badly smashed and many passengers received injuries more or less serious. Four of these are thought to be fatally hurt. The are: J. O. AIKEN, motorman; SAM SMITH, motorman; J. L. JONES, claim agent, Missouri, Kansas, & Texas Ry.; RICHARD LONAGAN, insurance agent.

Twenty-nine others were seriously injured and between twenty and thirty others less seriously hurt. It was the disobedience of the rule providing that a car going in a certain direction should keep the siding until the next car in the other direction passed that caused the accident. The eastbound car stopped at the siding, but the westbound car not appearing the car men decided to try and make the town in a flying trip. They had almost reached the end of their journey when the other car came around a curve and both crashed together. The eastbound car was running at the rate of at least thirty-five miles an hour, while the other had attained a speed equalling about fifteen miles an hour. The passengers were thrown in a pile by the impact, which was terrible. Many of those seriously injured were taken from the wreck with limbs broken and bodies bruised.

### ANOTHER DISASTER AT SEA?

Steamship Rio de Janeiro Was Due at Yokohama Feb. 23.

ST. FRANCISCO, March 8.—The Pacific Mail Steamship company's big liner, the City of Rio de Janeiro, which left this port for the Orient heavily laden to the sixth of last month, should have arrived at Yokohama on the twenty-third of February, yet not a word has been heard of her. The Rio left here with 156 people on board all told. Of these, four were cabin passengers and the rest were in the steerage ten Europeans, ten Japanese and twenty-two Chinese. The crew consisted of thirty white people and seventy-nine Chinese.

One theory, upon which the companies agree in basing their greatest hopes, is that the Rio, by force of bad weather or other circumstances, was compelled to pass Yokohama without making its usual stop there. This has happened several times in the past twelve years to other steamers in the service of the company. Should this be the case there will be still a longer period of anxiety for nothing can possibly be heard from her in that event until she reached Hong Kong. Many shipping men feel however she will be reported from some Chinese port. The cargo carried by the Rio, which consisted of general merchandise and bullion, was valued at \$1,000,000.

### WHITE MURDER CASE VERDICT.

Dix Held Responsible—Other Detectives Convicted of Manslaughter.

CHICAGO, March 8.—The jury in the White murder case late last night found William J. Dix, the principal defendant, guilty and fixed his punishment at life imprisonment. Jacob Fischel, Charles A. Thompson, John Frew, Charles J. Poole and William F. Mayo were found guilty of manslaughter, but their sentences were not fixed. All the convicted men were employed as detectives by the Berry Detective agency of this city. The crime for which the men were convicted was the killing, on the night of Nov. 14, 1895, of Frank White, a brother of a notorious crook, with whom he was riding at the time. All the detectives admitted having fired at the buggy, and it was proved that Dix was responsible for the actual killing. The murdered boy bore an excellent reputation.

### CHILD EATEN BY HOGS.

Mother, Terribly Burned, Forced to Witness Child's Awful Death.

GENEVA, Ala., March 8.—Mrs. J. Ioden, a farmer's wife, was burning some rubbish when a spark ignited her dress and burned her so that she died. While she lay suffering terrible agonies she was forced to witness three large hogs devouring her two-months old child, who she had laid on the ground while she worked.

### Southern Pacific Train Wrecked.

LOS ANGELES, Cal., March 8.—The southbound Sunset limited, the Southern Pacific trans-continental flyer, was wrecked last night near Paente. The train was running at high speed on the down grade when it struck a horse. The engine and five cars were derailed. Strange to say, no one was hurt.

### Remains Lie in State.

ST. LOUIS, March 8.—The remains of Archbishop Kenrick were this afternoon removed from the residence to the cathedral, where they will lie in state until Wednesday, when the funeral will be held.



**COMPANY G MUSTERED OUT.**

Disbanded by the State Because of Dissatisfaction With Its Present Condition.

**CAPT. BALL NOTIFIED TO RETURN PROPERTY OF COMPANY.**

A Marquette Woman Dies at an Advanced Age, at Duluth—The Funeral to Take Place in This City.

**MILITIAMEN IN DISGRACE.**

The following dispatch from Lansing, in reference to the local militia company, appeared in a Detroit paper yesterday:

"Co. G, Fifth Infantry, located at Marquette, has been mustered out of the military service of the state, to date from March 4, and Captain J. E. Ball has been directed to ship all stores in his possession to Quartermaster General Kidd at once. The muster-out order is the result of an inspection made Feb. 19, by Inspector General Walsh, who recommended the disbandment of the company because of a want of care of state property, total disregard of orders governing the drills and meetings of the company, internal dissensions, subversive of all discipline and a total ignoring of the recommendations and orders of the inspector general, made at a former inspection."

The muster-out of the company had been apprehended for some time. Yesterday Captain Ball went to Calumet to confer with Colonel Lyon and make arrangements, if possible, for the retention of the company in the national guard. He will return today. During Captain Ball's absence two letters, addressed to him, arrived from headquarters at Lansing. Presumably they contain notice of the company's disbandment.

**Sympathize with Ballington.**

Capt. and Mrs. Dinwoodie, who are the only commissioned officers of the Salvation Army in this city, are yet undecided whether or not to join the new army to be formed by Gen. Ballington Booth, on American lines, but both intimated in a talk with a MINING JOURNAL representative last night that their sympathies were with the deposed commander and that, if his stand against his father should prove to have been right, the whole of the Salvation Army in the United States would join him in the new movement.

Capt. Dinwoodie was inclined to be non-committal. He said Salvationists generally expected the breach to be healed before it should grow wider and before it should become necessary to throw off the allegiance to England. However, he said, if a second army should be formed, most of the American soldiers and officers would be likely to join it. Capt. Dinwoodie is himself an Englishman by birth but has lived in this country nearly all his life.

Mrs. Dinwoodie, who has been in Salvation Army work for nine years, was more outspoken. "I think the American army goes," she said. "Of course, we are waiting to hear from Gen. William Booth, the commander-in-chief. He is now on the ocean and we all hope he will see fit to reconsider his action, removing Ballington. If he does not, and investigation shows Ballington to have been in the right, as it looks now, we will all go with him, although nothing will be done until we hear the general's side of the story. I have no hesitation in condemning the actions of Col. Eddie since he has been in this country, and he should be recalled. I think he has caused most of the trouble. There is no doubt that the Salvation Army cause in this country has been injured by the disgrace of a quarrel among the members of the Booth family, the English members of which seem to be jealous because the army is gaining more converts in the United States, than anywhere else. Still we hope the general will settle the dispute without disrupting the army."

**Another Old Resident Dead.**

Mrs. George Wilks of Marquette died yesterday at the home of her daughter, Mrs. Theodore Macy, at Duluth, Minn. Her age was eighty years and one day. The remains will arrive here on the 3 o'clock train Sunday morning. The funeral, the time to be announced later, will be held from the residence of E. R. French, 225 East Michigan street, interment to be in Park cemetery. Mrs. Wilks came to Marquette in 1854 and lived here for more than forty years. She was widely known and highly respected. The deceased lady leaves one son, George Wilks, Jr., of Camanche, Iowa, and two daughters, Mrs. Theodore Macy of Duluth and Mrs. E. R. French of Marquette.

**Too Much Athletics.**

The high school debating club met in executive session at the high school last night. The program consisted of a piano solo by A. B. Holley; an essay, by Leo Rose; paper, "Events of the Week," by John Hanley; clarinet solo, by W. A. Anger. A debate, on the subject "Resolved, that athletics are carried to extremes in our schools and colleges," was won by the affirmative. The debaters were: Affirmative, Arthur Hallam, John Hogan; negative, Joseph Beau, W. E. Long. The general debate was participated in by nearly everyone present. The regular order of business was then taken up and a large budget of business transacted. Before adjourning the members listened to a few impartial remarks by the critic, Raoul W. Vannier.

**Will F. Mitchell Promoted.**

The many friends of Will F. Mitchell, formerly of this city, will be pleased to learn of his promotion to the management of P. M. Church & Co.'s hardware store at the Soo. The following clipping, in reference to Mr. Mitchell, is from the Soo Democrat: "W. F. Mitchell, manager of P. M. Church & Co.'s hardware business, made a trip to Sundbury a week or so ago and took orders from American lumbermen oper-

ating on the other side for their supply of peevies, pike poles and cant hooks. He sold 170 dozen of them, which arrived Monday. This is probably the largest order for these goods ever sent out by a Soo firm and speaks well for Mr. Mitchell's abilities as a salesman."

**Church Services.**

The services at the Baptist church Sunday will be conducted by the pastor. The theme for the morning will be "The Cure of Trouble." In the evening the first of a series on "Some Modern Delusions," will be presented. The sub-subject for the evening will be "Spiritualism." All who attend these services will be cordially welcomed.

Services at the M. E. church Sunday will be as follows: Morning subject "The Grand Possibilities of a Prayerful Frame of Mind." Evening subject "Steadfastness of Faith, a Great Requisite to True Manhood and Womanhood." Excellent music, and a cordial welcome.

St. Paul's Pro-Cathedral, Rev. Frank J. Mallett, rector. Third Sunday in Lent. Holy communion 8 a. m. Martins, with sermon 10:30 a. m. Evensong and sermon by the rector on "Popular Objections to the Episcopal Church," 7:30 p. m. All persons having no church engagements are invited to the services. Lenten services daily throughout the week.

At the Presbyterian church Sunday there will be the usual services. In the morning the subject will be "The Function of the Christian." In the evening the address will be upon "Cheap Men." All are cordially welcomed.

**Singing Brigade at Salvation Army.**

Mrs. Stillwell, assisted by a corps of lady singers, consisting of Lieutenant May Martin, Lieutenant Anna Nelson, Cadet Pratt, Mrs. Wheeler and daughter Blanche and Miss T. Narraway, will conduct the services at the Salvation Army barracks tomorrow and Monday night. Lieutenant May Martin will no doubt be remembered by many Marquette people as she was stationed here about six months ago, when she became well known as a singer. Monday night there will be a service of song conducted by Mrs. Stillwell, entitled: "Life and Death of Mrs. General Booth." This song service has drawn large audiences wherever it has been given. Tickets for Monday night are being sold at ten cents.

**CITY BREVITIES.**

Weather Forecast: Snow and much colder today.

Yesterday's temperature: 7 a. m., 28 degrees; 12 m., 37 degrees; 7 p. m., 32 degrees.

Peter W. Pascoe of Republic is in the city.

Frank A. Bell of Negaunee, one of the court commissioners, was in Marquette yesterday.

The funeral of Mrs. Henry Geroux will take place at 2:30 this afternoon at the French Catholic church.

In the circuit court yesterday a jury was empaneled in the case of Sullivan vs. the Ross estate. It will be tried today.

James Reed, ex-mayor of St. Ignace, but now of Bay City, is here as a witness in the case of Sullivan vs. the Ross estate.

A Deif advertises a large variety of fresh vegetables. The array is very tempting and will help to make the Sunday dinner in keeping with the day. The first annual report of the electric light commission is now being prepared. It will be completed today and submitted to the council Monday evening.

Mr. and Mrs. P. W. McNulty and Miss Bernadetta Butler of Ispemung, who had been visiting Mrs. James McNulty the past few days, left for home last evening.

The funeral of Mrs. Ann Hubbard was held from St. Peter's cathedral yesterday morning at 9 o'clock. There was a very large attendance of the friends of the deceased.

The relatives of the late Mrs. Ann Hubbard wish to express their thanks to the friends who gave their assistance and particularly to the sisters of the hospital who nursed her during her last illness.

The Marquette polo team goes to Ishpeming this evening on the 5:30 train to play a game at the Bancroft ice rink with the team of the Hematite City. A fifty-cent return trip rate has been secured, and it is expected many from the Queen City will take in the game, which promises to be an exciting one.

The "mum" social at the Methodist church last night was a very jolly affair, there being many laughable occurrences caused by the desire of everyone (particularly those of the gentler sex) to talk even when it cost a penny to do so. Five dollars in fines was collected. The musical program was well carried out and received favorable comment.

Sam J. Beahan, agent of the Lake Superior Soap company of Houghton, the manufacturer of Ingot soap, arrived in Marquette last night and will begin canvassing the city today in the interest of his company. The sales of Ingot soap are increasing rapidly, due to its excellent cleansing qualities, and the fact that it is put upon the market by a home concern, makes it doubly popular.

**Awarded Highest Honors—World's Fair, 'DR.'**

**PRICE'S CREAM BAKING POWDER MOST PERFECT MADE.**

A pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder, Free from Ammonia, Alum or any other adulterant. 40 YEARS THE STANDARD.

FRESH CANDY AT BIGELOW'S.

**GRABOWER**

**LADIES, TAKE NOTICE!**

We will give a sale of Embroideries this week at

**GRABOWER'S.**

We have purchased a lot of Cambric Embroideries and wish to dispose of them in as short a time as possible. We have decided to make the lowest prices on the goods ever made by a Dry Goods House anywhere in the country. These Embroideries are all of an extra good quality and wide and every yard is worth more than double the price we ask for them.

NOTE THE PRICE:—2,000 yards, of Embroideries worked on Cambric, worth from 20 to 25 cents a yard your choice for 10 cents a yard. Come early and get choice of quality and designs.

We sell all kinds of wash goods. India Linens, Swiss Mulls, Dotted Mull Challies at lower prices than same goods can be bought in Chicago or elsewhere.

**LOUIS GRABOWER,**  
Leading Dry Goods, Carpet, Millinery and Shoe House.

Mail orders filled promptly.

**GRABOWER**

**Don't Be a Ready Made Man.**

We desire to announce to the people of Marquette and vicinity that we have opened Merchant Tailoring Parlors in the Mining Journal Building. We have received a fine line of the latest novelties in Suitings and ask you to call and inspect the same. We want the support of the people and will give, in return, strictly first-class Stylish Garments in every particular.

**SIMMONS & CO.,**  
MERCHANT TAILORS.

[2-20-1f]

**UPPER PENINSULA BREWING COMPANY.**  
MARQUETTE AND NEGAUNEE, MICHIGAN.

**EXPORT AND TABLE BEER.**

For family use. Brewed absolutely from pure malt and hops. Mail or telephone order will receive prompt attention.

**TONELLA & JOHNSON,**  
Funeral Directors and Embalmers.

Telephone 194. Night Call. Telephone 175.

307 Front St. Marquette, Mich. (2-23-1f)

**B.S. KAUFMAN, REAL ESTATE, INSURANCE BROKER, GENERAL COMMISSION AGENT.**

**Dr. C. Kettner, Physician and Surgeon.**

Graduate of the University of Berlin, (Germany.)

OFFICE HOURS:—10 to 12 a. m. and 2 to 4 and 7 to 9 p. m.

Office and Residence, Mining Journal Building, Third Floor. (2-1-1f)

**Dunlap Hat Agency FOR MARQUETTE.**

New Styles in Black or Brown

**SOFT AND STIFF HATS** are now in.

**JACOB ROSE,**  
CLOTHIER AND FURNISHER,  
FRONT STREET, MARQUETTE.

The new styles of the Burt & Packard fire footwear will be ready for inspection within the next few days.

(2-28-1f)

HAVE YOU TRIED THE NEW

**MARQUETTE FLOUR?**

Wedding Cake, XXXX Best, Choice Straight, "Ask for It" Star and Fancy.

FOR SALE BY ALL GROCERS 5-13-1f

**MARQUETTE HARDWARE CO., Ltd.**

Is now ready for business with a complete line of

**\* HARDWARE \***

and hope to be favored with a share of your patronage.

**305 FRONT STREET,** Opposite First National Bank. (2-20-1f)

**J. E. TRETHERWEY,**  
303 FRONT STREET.

Let me know what you want done in the way of

**\* INTERIOR DECORATIONS \***

for the coming Spring. My Wall Paper, Stock is Choice, Artistic and Complete. Largest and Finest Line of Picture and Room Moulding in the Upper Peninsula. (2-14-1f)

**Kassel Oshinsky,**

Seeing that people are still flocking to our store for those great bargains in shoes, we have, to justify the demand of our customers, concluded to prolong our shoe sale for another week, thereto to add a sale of the following articles at just half-price. People of Marquette and vicinity are promptly responding to our sales. No wonder, they find everything as advertised.

**The Century Corset,**

We have 400 of them in all sizes. For Comfort and as a Health Corset it is unequalled. There is no \$1 Corset better, nor only 35c. 200 "Victor" Corsets, a high grade article, to go at 50c. A \$1.25 M. C. Nursing Corset, finest quality, for only 75c. The very best M. C. corset made, \$2 value, for \$1.

200 yds Satine Duchess, 27 in. wide, worth \$2 per yard, will for this sale be sold at 98c per yard.

25 pieces of Apron Lawns, tucked and figured, checks and stripes, cheap at 15c, will go at 10c per yard.

A lot of high grade imported Kid Gloves in Drab, Tan, Brown and Black, real value \$2 for this sale only 98c (every pair guaranteed).

Aprons at less than retail cost of material—100 doz Gingham Aprons, full size, good quality, value 25c, only 15c.

25c Taped Lace, Curtain Goods at only 9c per yard.

50 pair 3 1/4 yds long, extra wide, a \$2 quality, for 95c per pair.

A handsome lot of Brocade fancy suitings, special at 10c per yard.

**SPRING STOCK**

of Men's, Youth's and Children's

**\* CLOTHING \***

in every description has arrived. Also a large assortment of Hats and Caps, in latest styles. Prices always the lowest.

**KASSEL OSHINSKY,**  
The Only Leader of Low Prices. Wholesale and Retail. All Mail Orders Promptly Attended to.



# THE DAILY MINING JOURNAL.

NUMBER 3632.

MARQUETTE, MICH., MONDAY MORNING, MARCH 9, 1896.

PRICE FIVE CENTS.

## A Rubber Water Bottle

is either good or bad; if the latter it is dear at any price. We keep only the best and warrant every bag sold, same with other rubber goods.

THE STAFFORD DRUG CO.

222 South Front St., Marquette.

## MORGAN'S SHOES

ARE GOOD SHOES.

A LITTLE MONEY BUYS THEM AND INVESTED NOW WILL PAY BETTER THAN MONEY IN THE BANK.

## GOODSPEED & SON,

THE LEADING TAILORS, HATTERS AND FURNISHERS OF ANN ARBOR.

AN ELEGANT LINE OF NEW

## GLASSWARE

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MANHARD-JOPLING CO., Ltd.

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111 to 115 FRONT ST., 120 to 132 W. MAIN ST.,

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Roebbling's Wire Rope, Knowels Steam Pumps, Cameron Steam Pumps, Smith Valle Steam Pumps, Crescent Steel Co., E. C. Atkins & Co's Saws.

MARQUETTE, MICH.

## A. E. ZIEHLSDORF,

15 Years Experience in Cutting and Fitting.

We want the confidence of our customers, and propose to keep it by giving good work and honest values.



We will open on Monday, February 24, with a selection of the latest fabrics of Foreign and Domestic woolsens. Come and see us.

108 N. THIRD STREET. \* OPPOSITE POST OFFICE.



BUY SHOES OF GOODING & ORMSBEE

BUY CLOTHING AND MEN'S FURNISHING GOODS OF

## GOODING & ORMSBEE

YOU WILL ALWAYS GET THE BEST TO BE HAD FOR YOUR MONEY.

BUY HATS OF

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## Marquette Lettuce

received daily.

## Baltimore Opsters.

Everything in the line of

## GROCERIES

## D. MURRAY'S,

114 S. FRONT STREET.

## Vegetables.

Parsnips, Carrots, Beats, Rutabagas, Cabbage, Sweet Potatoes, Lettuce.

## CHEESE.

New Cream, Old Cream, Roquefort, Edam, Pineapple, Imperial, Brick, Limburger,

## E. L. Kellan.

## IN THE LEAD

AS USUAL.

## ARTHUR DELF,

133 Washington St.

HAS:

Fresh Tomatoes, Spinach, Lettuce, Radishes, Parsley, Green Onions and California Celery.

## FRESH FRUITS.

## Johns & Hirding,

COR. THIRD AND MICHIGAN STS., (Next to McDonald's Grocery.)

Always have the very best!

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You will save money by giving us your trade. Telephone orders receive prompt attention. Both telephones. (2-28-14)

## \* QUEEN \*

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321 South Front St.

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## Vermont Maple Wax

## New Orleans Mollasses Candy.

We have a large assortment of 10 and 20 cent mixed and a fine line of Chocolates.

## F. HEPPNER.

## GHASTLY FIND AT CHICAGO.

A Barrel Containing the Dead Bodies of an Old Man and a Babe.

EVERY EVIDENCE THAT FOUL PLAY WAS DONE.

A Mysterious Telephone Message from a Woman Predicting the Discovery and Describing the Victims the Only Clue.

## ANOTHER DOUBLE MURDER.

CHICAGO, March 8.—Carefully concealed in a barrel and covered with a mass of rags and cotton the dead bodies of a gray-haired man and a new born babe were found in an alley in Hyde Park today. In consequence, the police are working on what they consider a double murder. Only one clue is in their possession and on the discovery or identity of a woman, as yet unknown to the police, depends the solution of the mystery.

Early this forenoon the office in Eolston's Hyde Park morgue was rung up on the telephone and a woman, who declined to give either her name or address, asked if the body of a man had been found in Hyde Park. The office attendant replied in the negative and then questioned the woman, but his best efforts failed to get any information of the decided character, although she told the clerk she was looking for a man who was missing. She was finally prevailed upon to give his description, which she did in minute detail. She astonished the morgue attendant by saying, in conclusion, that he would certainly learn more about the case later on.

Four hours later the barrel, with its ghastly contents, was discovered in the rear of the house at 4299 Indiana avenue. The body of the man tallied in almost every respect with the description furnished by the mysterious woman over the telephone wire, and the police unhesitatingly connected her with the case. In the barrel, also, was the body of a boy not over ten days old.

J. A. Morse, residing on Prairie avenue, in an alley at the rear of his home discovered a barrel which aroused his curiosity. Breaking open the head of the receptacle he was horrified on seeing the hacked body of an old man inside. It was entirely nude and frightfully mutilated. Covering the corpse was a thick layer of cotton. The police were at once notified and the barrel removed to the morgue. The head and trunk gave every evidence of foul play, the skull showing several deep wounds. When the body of the man was taken from the barrel the babe was found. There were two marks on the side of the head, apparently made by a blunt instrument. The body of the older male was that of a man between sixty-five and seventy years of age. The police laugh at the theory that it was the work of medical students, and are positive in their statement that the man and child were murdered.

## THE CONGRESSIONAL PROGRAM.

A Forecast of the Doings in the Senate and House This Week.

WASHINGTON, March 8.—The Cuban question will be revived in the senate tomorrow on the proposition to accept the report of the conference committee agreeing to the house resolutions. It is believed that under no circumstances will the question be prolonged beyond Monday, and there is little doubt but that the house resolutions will be agreed to. The Dupont Delaware election case will also continue to receive attention during the week. If the committee on public lands gets in its report on the Arizona land bill, recommending its passage over the president's veto, it may be taken up, and it will probably arouse considerable discussion. The house this week will continue its work on appropriation bills and will dispose of one, possibly two, of the pending contested election cases. The postoffice bill, it is thought, will be passed tomorrow. The naval bill is next in order.

## CUBANS LOSE A BATTLE.

Forced to Retreat With a Loss of Seventy-One Killed.

HAVANA, March 8.—Colonel Vicuna reports that he met a force of insurgents, numbering seven thousand and led by Gomez, Maceo and prominent leaders, in the district of Corral Falso. They were dislodged from their position by the troops and retreated. The insurgent loss was seventy-one killed and forty-two wounded. The troops had three killed and nineteen wounded.

## WEYLER ISSUES PROCLAMATION.

General Weyler has issued a proclamation, in which he says: "The time has arrived to pursue with the greatest activity and rigor the little bands, more of outlaws than insurgents, who remain in the provinces of Pinar del Rio and Havana, and to adopt the measures necessary for the proper and immediate carrying out of the intention. The authorities of villages who will show themselves friendly within the term of ten days, and those in the vicinity of the same and all those within its limits, must surrender themselves within the space of fifteen days from the publication of this proclamation, otherwise they will be subject to arrest."

"If, in the case of insurgent parties who have robbed, sacked, burned or committed other outrages during the rebellion, any one will give information as to the participation that such persons may have had in them, not only those who may have been in the rebel ranks, but also those who have succeeded them or would not remain in

their homes, they will be fittingly punished.

"Rebels who may not be responsible for any other crime who, within a term of fifteen days, shall present themselves to the nearest military authority and who will assist in the apprehension of any one guilty of the foregoing offenses will not be molested, but will be placed at my disposal. Those who have presented themselves at an earlier time will be pardoned; thus who may have committed any other crimes or who have obstructed any public cargo proceeding to its destination will be judged according to the antecedents and their cases be withheld for final determination. He who presents himself and surrenders his arms, and, in a greater degree, if there is a collective presentation, will have his case determined by me. All who present themselves after the time mentioned in this warning will be placed at my disposal."

## WOMEN AS SOLDIERS.

Found in Nearly All Cuban Camps and Increasing in Numbers.

HAVANA, March 8.—Cuban amazons have recently been playing a prominent part in the fights between insurgents and Spanish troops. These women, many of whom have husbands in the ranks of the army of Cuba, exhibited upon frequent occasions courage, endurance and fighting skill to a greater extent than many of the men. As a rule, they are colored and not young, strong of limb and able to use a machette, rifle, revolver or knife with the best of men. They are to be found in nearly all insurgent camps and are increasing in numbers. When not otherwise engaged, they tend the sick and wounded men, wash clothes or cook meals. If fighting is to be done, they go into the thick of it with energy and dash.

## HER LIFE FOR HER COUNTRY.

There is one woman who deserves more than a passing notice. She came to the front in a recent engagement between Spanish troops and a number of insurgents at Olayita. Although the insurgents went to cover the woman stood her ground bravely. With her back against a tree she steadily loaded and fired her carbine, taking the cartridges from the bosom of her dress, almost the only garment she wore. So long as the gun worked she pumped lead at the Spaniards, keeping them at bay. The old carbine finally got out of order and she drew a revolver. The Cuban woman calmly awaited the approach of the enemies of her country, and when within range of her pistol the amazon gave a cheer for Cuba and again opened fire until she fell, pierced by four Mauser bullets.

## THEY'RE ACHING FOR TROUBLE.

Spaniards at Valencia Again Show Their Anti-American Sentiment.

VALENCIA, March 8.—This city was again in a turbulent state today. A mob gathered and proceeded towards the American consulate with the intention of causing a disturbance there, but a force of police and gendarmes opposed their passage through the streets. A desperate struggle ensued and several persons were wounded, including a policeman. The mob succeeded in entering the Plaza de Toros by destroying the gates leading to the bull ring. They then held a meeting in the arena. A state of seige was proclaimed.

MADRID, March 8.—Several foreign military officers, including some Englishmen, have offered their services to Spain in the event of a war with the United States. Official belief, however, is expressed that no conflict will occur. Patriotic demonstrations have occurred throughout the country since the action of the United States congress on the Cuban question, and many wealthy Spaniards are offering money to the government. Several towns have also sent messages offering goods and the lives of their citizens in the defense of the country.

Gendarmes dispersed a crowd who were cheering in front of the French consulate in Barcelona today as an expression of hope for a Franco-Spanish alliance.

United States Minister Taylor has refused the resignation of the Spaniards acting as United States consuls when they were written in Spanish on the ground that language is not the official language of the United States.

## ACTORS FIGHT A DUEL.

Settle Dispute With Revolvers—One New at Death's Door.

MARION, Ind., March 8.—Actors Will Lang and John West fought a duel on the stage of White's Opera House after the close of the performance there tonight, and Lang received wounds which may prove fatal. The men were members of O'Hooligan's Masquerade company and after a rough and tumble fight in West's dressing room secured revolvers and met on the stage. Lang received two bullet wounds, West escaping unhurt. The whole company was arrested.

## Obituary Mention.

YANKTON, S. D., March 8.—W. A. Burleigh, one of the best known of the pioneer politicians, died here last night of paralysis, aged seventy-six. Burleigh came to Dakota thirty-six years ago as an appointee of President Lincoln. He was the father of Andrew W. Burleigh, receiver for the Northern Pacific.

MILWAUKEE, March 8.—George Hiltz, a pioneer of Wisconsin, died today, aged seventy, of paralysis. He owned 100,000 acres of Wisconsin pine lands and leaves an estate worth \$3,000,000.

BROOKLYN, March 8.—Rear Admiral Henry Walke, aged eighty-eight, and who had a brilliant war record, died at his residence in this city this afternoon.

St. PAUL, March 8.—Dr. David Day, closely identified with the history of St. Paul and the northwest, died here today, aged seventy.

## TROLLEY CARS COLLIDE.

Crash Together at a Curve on a St. Louis Suburban Railway.

MORE THAN FIFTY PASSENGERS WERE INJURED.

Violation of Rule, Providing That Car Should Keep Siding Until Next One in Opposite Direction Had Passed, Accident's Cause

## FOUR DEATHS MAY RESULT.

St. LOUIS, March 8.—A disastrous collision occurred this evening on the Kirkwood electric railroad, which connects the suburban town of Kirkwood with this city. It is a single track road, the cars passing one another on switches. While one car, heavily laden, was waiting for another to pass, the switch became turned in some manner, throwing both together. Both cars were badly smashed and many passengers received injuries more or less serious. Four of these are thought to be fatally hurt. The are:

J. O. AIKEN, motorman.  
SAM SMITH, motorman.  
J. L. JONES, claim agent, Missouri, Kansas, & Texas Ry.  
RICHARD LONGAN, insurance agent.

Twenty-nine others were seriously injured and between twenty and thirty others less seriously hurt.

It was the disobedience of the rule providing that a car going in a certain direction should keep the siding until the next car in the other direction passed that caused the accident. The eastbound car stopped at the siding, but the westbound car not appearing the car men decided to try and make the town in a flying trip. They had almost reached the end of their journey when the other car came around a curve and both crashed together. The eastbound car was running at the rate of at least thirty-five miles an hour, while the other had attained a speed equalling about fifteen miles an hour. The passengers were thrown in a pile by the impact, which was terrible. Many of those seriously injured were taken from the wreck with limbs broken and bodies bruised.

## ANOTHER DISASTER AT SEA?

Steamship Rio de Janeiro Was Due at Yokohama Feb. 23.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 8.—The Pacific Mail Steamship company's big liner, the City of Rio de Janeiro, which left this port for the Orient heavily laden with cargo, should have arrived at Yokohama on the twenty-third of February, yet not a word has been heard of her. The Rio left here with 156 people on board all told. Of these, four were cabin passengers and there were in the steerage ten Europeans, ten Japanese and twenty-two Chinese. The crew consisted of thirty white people and seventy-nine Chinese.

One theory, upon which the companies agree in basing their greatest hopes, is that the Rio, by force of bad weather or other circumstances, was compelled to pass Yokohama without making its usual stop there. This has happened several times in the past twelve years to other steamers in the service of the company. Should this be the case there will be still a longer period of anxiety, for nothing can possibly be heard from her in that event until she reached Hong Kong. Many shipping men feel hopeful she will be reported from some Chinese port. The cargo carried by the Rio, which consisted of general merchandise and bullion, was valued at \$1,000,000.

## WHITE MURDER CASE VERDICT.

Dix Held Responsible—Other Detectives Convicted of Manslaughter.

CHICAGO, March 8.—The jury in the White murder case late last night found William J. Dix, the principal defendant, guilty and fixed his punishment at life imprisonment. Jacob Fischel, Charles A. Thompson, John Frew, Charles J. Poole and William F. Mayo were found guilty of manslaughter, but their sentences were not fixed. All the convicted men were employed as detectives by the Berry Detective agency of this city. The crime for which the men were convicted was the killing, on the night of Nov. 14, 1895, of Frank White, a brother of a notorious crook, with whom he was riding at the time. All the detectives admitted having fired at the buggy, and it was proved that Dix was responsible for the actual killing. The murdered boy bore an excellent reputation.

## CHILD EATEN BY HOGS.

Mother, Terribly Burned, Forced to Witness Child's Awful Death.

GENEVA, Ala., March 8.—Mrs. J. Ioden, a farmer's wife, was burning some rubbish when a spark ignited her dress and burned her so that she died. While she lay suffering terrible agonies she was forced to witness three large hogs devouring her two-months old child, who she had laid on the ground while she worked.

## Southern Pacific Train Wrecked.

LOS ANGELES, Cal., March 8.—The southbound Sunset limited, the Southern Pacific trans-continental flyer, was wrecked last night near Paente. The train was running at high speed on the down grade when it struck a horse. The engine and five cars were derailed. Strange to say, no one was hurt.

## Remains Lie in State.

St. LOUIS, March 8.—The remains of Archbishop Kenrick were this afternoon removed from the residence to the cathedral, where they will lie in state until Wednesday, when the funeral will be held.



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Capital.....\$150,000 Surplus Fund..... 50,000

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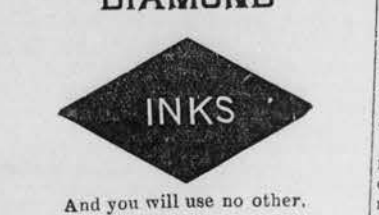
The Marquette County SAVINGS BANK MARQUETTE, MICH.

Capital Paid in.....\$100,000 Surplus.....\$10,000

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DAILY MINING JOURNAL,

A MORNING PAPER PUBLISHED BY THE MINING JOURNAL CO. (LIMITED).

Issued daily except on Sundays. Contains Associated Press dispatches and is especially devoted to Upper Peninsula interests.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES: Per year, by carrier.....\$9.00 Per month, by carrier.....\$0.75 Per year, by mail.....\$8.00 Advertising rates reasonable, and furnished on application

MARQUETTE, MICH., MARCH 9.

Entered as mailmatter of the second class in the postoffice at Marquette, Mich.

IT IS INDEFENSIBLE.

Mr. Chadbourne makes this reply to THE MINING JOURNAL'S answer to his article, published in a late number, on the currency question:

EDITOR MINING JOURNAL:—Replying to the questions of THE MINING JOURNAL, I am not aware that any one is in favor of the continuance of the present currency system of the government, and, so far as I know, it is only a certain number of politicians who cannot afford to appear to have opinions on the subject who say they are in favor of it.

The government is in the banking business. It falls short of being a bank solely in the fact that it makes no profit in the business, and can make none, but is, on the contrary, a heavy loser.

Successive congresses, too timid to deal openly and honestly with the money question, have suffered the greenbacks to remain outstanding. Congress still more timid and subservient, in the avowed attempt to sustain and enhance the price of a falling article of merchandise, silver, have authorized the purchase of vast quantities of it, paying out therefor other promissory notes of the government. All these promissory notes must be maintained at par, and all that part of the mass of silver which the government has coined and certified to be "dollars," and paid out as such, must also be maintained at par, or the government and people put to shame as cheats and repudiators, and this can only be done by instant readiness to redeem any and all kinds of "tokens" dollars, both of paper and of coin, in real and honest dollars.

Therefore it is that we are constantly forced to borrow gold to sustain the credit of this great mass of government fiat money, and shall be forced to do so while it remains current.

We are paying the penalty of yielding to the clamor of inflationists who have been of the paper variety but are now of the silver kind.

There is, of course, but one way out of it, and that is to get out.

The greenbacks and treasury notes must be retired by funding or otherwise, so that, as to these, the government can no longer be treated as a bank.

The banks of the country, under proper restraints and safeguards, must be allowed to issue bills up to the needs of the country for paper currency from time to time.

Eventually, too, all that part of the mass of coined silver which cannot be kept in circulation for change and for small payments will doubtless be sold, together with the silver in bullion, which the government has always held, and will continue to hold, at an expense to the people inadequately measured by the interest on its cost.

Thus I have the pleasure, it would seem, of agreeing with THE MINING JOURNAL, which said in commenting on my last letter,—"If the government—will drop its admittedly dangerous policy of trying to hold silver up by a lame expedient after having deprived it of its ancient standing as a money metal, and will honestly place our entire monetary system on a gold basis THE MINING JOURNAL will have no fault to find. We would then very quickly discover where our true interest lay."

Mr. Chadbourne willing to see that plan of settling the currency question adopted? If so, he can out THE MINING JOURNAL with him."

THE MINING JOURNAL is hereby given full assurance of my willingness and desire for the adoption of that plan.

Yet it must be the case, I fear, that THE MINING JOURNAL is not in favor of doing away with the present system of inflation, for in the same article this statement is made:

"THE MINING JOURNAL believes that the re-remonetization of silver would cure the defect in our monetary system by bringing the bullion value of silver up to the point where it formerly stood in relation to gold, and thus making our silver available equally with gold as a money of ultimate redemption."

Now, if the "remonetization" of silver would accomplish this astonishing result and would do so at once, then the proposal of free coinage of silver dollars, of unlimited legal tender, at the ratio of 16 to 1, would not be a dishonest proposal, and not being a dishonest proposal there would perhaps be little or no opposition to it, and THE MINING JOURNAL might have its way.

Yet THE MINING JOURNAL does not care "to pursue the argument on this point further at this time, for it would be merely a 'thrashing over of old straw.'"

Has it then been shown by somebody to the satisfaction of all reasonable men, or of even one reasonable man, that for this government to permit the men employed in its mints to stamp with the legend "one dollar" as many pieces containing 371.25 grains of silver as people may choose to carry to the mints for that purpose, will at once double the value of all the silver in the world?

The real fact is that there is a widespread and vague belief that the government can and does somehow put value into gold and silver and paper by stamping and printing it, and it is upon this belief that greenbackism and the silver delusion, in so far as these are or have been embraced by honest people, have counted.

It is the existence of that belief which makes greenbackism and silverism and other forms of inflation possible among honest people. Banish that belief from the mind

of an honest inflationist and he ceases to be an inflationist because he then perceives inflation to be dishonest.

My letters to THE MINING JOURNAL have been based upon the fact that its adherence to the silver contention is due to its belief that the free coinage of silver would bring about the vast change of value just mentioned, and to its admission that without this vast change of value, the proposal of the free coinage would be dishonest and therefore be no part of THE JOURNAL'S creed.

Whereupon the JOURNAL'S assumption of the comparative unimportance of giving reasons for believing that a government stamp upon as many pieces of silver of the fineness and weight of the present silver dollars as may be carried, publishes in that purpose fills me with surprise.

That is the silver issue, made by my letters, with THE MINING JOURNAL and with all other honest silver advocates.

As I write, a copy of THE MINING JOURNAL comes to my table, containing an article from the "Financial News" of New York. This article undertakes to point out how the free coinage will accomplish the marvel in question. The article is mere foolish drivel. It is wholly without reason or sense. It is imbecility "sans phrase."

THE MINING JOURNAL is too sensible to believe in it, and doubtless publishes it in a spirit of mischief, to show what worthless matter may be written upon this subject.

I cannot expect to occupy more space in THE MINING JOURNAL, yet I should not close without thanking the editor for his liberality in according so much space to one with whom he cannot agree.

T. L. CHADBOURNE.

March 6, 1896.

Evidently the difference between THE MINING JOURNAL and Mr. Chadbourne on the question discussed in the communications of the latter is mainly one of beliefs as to the effect the remonetization of silver would have on the commercial value of that metal. THE MINING JOURNAL holds that this would be to bring the relative value of silver up to the coinage ratio; Mr. Chadbourne scoffs at this idea and insists that it would in no manner affect its bullion value. He admits that if it would have effect as THE MINING JOURNAL maintains there would be no valid objection to the restoration of silver coinage, but has, apparently, set his face determinedly against that assumption.

Now, it was to the uselessness of again offering arguments that Mr. Chadbourne has repeatedly declined to consider entitled to weight that THE MINING JOURNAL had referred when it stated that it did not care "to pursue the argument on this point further at this time," etc. It does not regard the arguments in favor of its proposition as having been successfully refuted, and while men like Mr. Chadbourne refuse to accept them as conclusive it cannot be claimed that their soundness is fully established. But the propositions on both sides and the reasoning in their support are now quite generally understood, and it is not necessary to go over them in detail in every discussion of the currency question.

It is believed by a majority of the present senate of the United States that the remonetization of silver would have that effect on its bullion value. A very large number of the members of the house believe it. A majority of the people in many states of the union believe it, and in all the other states a large and steadily growing number of the people believe it. Scores—aye, hundreds and thousands—of the brightest business and professional men in the country believe it, and think they have excellent warrant for the belief. A most singular circumstance, too, is the fact that the believers in that effect of silver's restoration to its former status as a coinage metal are very largely persons who believed as Mr. Chadbourne does until they had carefully studied the question for themselves, while the great bulk of those who still believe as he does have never given it any study whatever, merely accepting views which they regard as orthodox without question or inquiry. THE MINING JOURNAL does not wish to be understood as intimating that Mr. Chadbourne holds to the position championed by him because he has not sufficiently investigated the subject, for it knows him to be a gentleman of rare discernment and high attainments, and, withal, thoroughly honest and sincere in his convictions. But even the best of men are frequently wrong on questions of public policy, and set in the opinions they have formed or adopted on such questions, and Mr. Chadbourne is not a man to form his opinions lightly or be easily persuaded to abandon those which he has once formed.

The belief which he declines to consider as deserving of respectful consideration is entertained by more than one "reasonable man," and cannot be disposed of by even Mr. Chadbourne with a sneer or a contemptuous phrase.

THE MINING JOURNAL agrees with him as to the utter futility and absurdity of attempting to maintain the silver dollar and paper notes based on silver at a parity with gold while the ban put on silver as a money metal stands against it. It holds, therefore, that the government should either altogether cease using silver as money, (save as subsidiary coins), or remove the ban and put it on an equal plane with gold as a money metal. As between the monetary system now in operation and one which shall recognize gold as the sole basis of our paper circulation it favors the latter, for adoption of the latter would either establish its inadequacy for our needs or prove it to be the true one.

On that point, at least, THE MINING JOURNAL and Mr. Chadbourne are in agreement. Both hold that the present system is absurd and indefensible. There is but one way to remedy it, and that is to do away with it and substitute

for it some honest system. Mr. Chadbourne favors the gold standard, with no use of silver except as fractional money. THE MINING JOURNAL is entirely willing to see that tried. Its adoption would at least relieve the nation from the necessity, which is now embarrassing it immeasurably, of providing gold to maintain a debased silver currency and a paper circulation based thereon at a parity with gold, selling interest-bearing bonds to obtain the gold needed for that purpose.

BURNING THE WHITE DOG.

A Superstitious Indian Ceremony Still Practiced in New York.

The stranger to the Onondaga Indian reservation would have been mystified one night recently could he have seen the strange spectacle of weird lights flickering about the hillsides of the red men and heard the odd incantations of half a dozen big bucks, who made the echoes repeat themselves. All these strange events were accomplished by the sounds of the tom-tom. To the person up to date in Indian customs it was known that the medicine men of the Six Nations were observing the annual ceremony of chasing out the witches and devils. All the hullahaloo was with that in prospect. Most of the ceremonies were performed with the medicine men in full panoply of the tribes they represented. In olden times this was the ceremony to which so much objection was taken, as it was said to be accompanied by the wildest revelries and practices of the most obscene nature. So strenuous has been this opposition that the pagans have been obliged to abridge their former habits and customs.

To this day the Bears, the Beavers, the Wolves, the Snipes and the half a dozen other clans of the Iroquois nation gather at the council house, where the annual ceremony of burning the white dog is held. It is followed by a big jollification pow-wow. The custom seems not to have lost any of its flavor, and the council house is scarcely big enough to hold those who wish to take part. In former times the dog was burned alive, but now the dog is killed by one of the sachems and highly decorated with daubs of red paint and ribbons. He is put in hiding in a near-by claus, and at the proper time all the clans gather and proceed to the house, where the sacrificial dog lays. Pipes and tobacco are strewn about him, and the Indians dance and sing strange songs. The medicine man makes a brief speech, and then the procession, headed by two brawny bucks carrying the dog depending from a long pole moves to the council house, where there are further ceremonies, and the white dog is thrust into a modern box stove and incinerated amid the yelling, dancing, singing and quaint music of these rude people. On another stove in another end of the council house are big seething kettles of maize, peas, pork and beans. After the dancing is over each member of the party is given a pail of the strange mixture and this is taken to their homes, to be eaten at their leisure. This is their annual feast, or white dog meat. In former times the dog was eaten, but that custom fell into disuse long ago.

It seems that there must be a second effort to banish the witches and devils, and ten nights hence the same ceremony is gone through with, in even greater detail. A house-to-house visit is made, and the medicine men crawl about the floor under the beds and in every conceivable out-of-the-way place in their efforts to chase out witches and devils. When this is done another big jollification dance is held, and the witches and devils are supposed to be banished for the year.—Syracuse Herald.

A new safety cartridge for mines where the flame of the explosive is dangerous is in use at the collieries at Polish Ostrau, in Austria. A quicklime and a dynamite cartridge are connected, so that the slaked lime heats a primer sufficiently to fire off the dynamite. The compound cartridge is inclosed in a bag of loose cotton, woven like a wick. The experimenters were made in a gallery containing seven per cent of methane and a great deal of coal dust that was kept in motion, and in no case did the cartridge fire the gases or the dust. The flame is confined to the interior of the cartridge, and is stopped both by the slaked lime and the water in the bore hole at its upper end.

There is more Catarrh in this section of the country than all other diseases put together, and until the last few years was supposed to be incurable. For a great many years doctors pronounced it a local disease, and prescribed local remedies, and by constantly failing to cure with local treatment, pronounced it incurable. Science has proven catarrh to be a constitutional disease, and therefore requires constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio is the only constitutional cure on the market. It is taken internally in doses from 10 drops to a teaspoonful. It acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. They offer one hundred dollars for any case it fails to cure. Send for circulars and testimonials. Address, F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O. Sold by all Druggists, 75c.

SPECIAL SUNDAY RATES TO MARQUETTE.

Commencing Saturday September 28th, the D. S. S. & A. Ry will sell Sunday and after tickets to Marquette and return from the stations named below at the following low fare: Sand River.....\$ 50 AuTrain..... 75 Wetmore..... 1.25 Wetmore..... 1.50 Tickets will be sold for the night express Saturdays and the day express Sundays and will be good for return until the east bound express scheduled to leave Marquette 8:15 the following Monday morning. (9-24-95)

The World's Fair Tests showed no baking powder so pure or so great in leavening power as the Royal.

THE SUGAR-LOAF HEADS.

Northwestern Indians Have Cranial Development That Is Odd.

The sugar-loaf head is always that of the degenerate, and may be that of a genius. There is a certain branch of Indians not allied to any other Indians in the country that presents more sugar-loaf heads than any other community. They are the most interesting of the aboriginal races on this continent, and live at Fort Rupert on the extreme northern point of Vancouver island.

The Kwakiutls, as they are called, have a most peculiar language, difficult to understand. White men are rarely seen in this settlement, though a sealing schooner may now and then hire a couple of these Indians to accompany them on a fishing expedition, as they are extremely dexterous in the handling of the spear.

In point of character these Indians are very conservative, adhering to the old traditions and religious beliefs they have possessed for thousands of years. Missionaries have never succeeded in making any impression upon them, and they have been given up as a lost cause long ago. One of the old traditions in regard to their origin is that they emigrated to their continent when it was still joined to Asia at a point where the Behring straits are now located. The Kwakiutls have no money, but use blankets as a means of currency. All the money that seal spears are paid by the captains of the schooners is immediately exchanged for blankets at the nearest supply station.

Marriages between them are arranged on the purchase system, and a certain number of blankets is paid for a woman, varying according to the station her father occupies in the tribe. At the annual festivities the headman, or chief of the village, impersonates the Supreme Spirit, and the other leading tribesmen are gods. All the men aspire to be gods, but they can come into that enviable position only by marrying the eldest daughter of a man who holds the office which he desires to fill. A squaw whose father occupies a high religious position in the tribe is a great catch according to the views of all the other men.

While the sugar-loaf head is one of the characteristics of the tribe of the Kwakiutls, it is generally artificially acquired. Soon after a child is born its head is tightly wrapped in bandages and compressed toward the top. When the bones of the skull are permanently shaped the bandage is removed and the sugar-loaf head exposed to view. The most pointed and elongated heads are considered the most fashionable. One strange circumstance is that this artificial deformity does not impair their mentally or physically, so far as that doctrine holds good for semi-savages.

The American Museum of Natural History in New York has devoted a section to an exhibition of artificial figures of Pacific coast Indians, and among these will be shown a group of Kwakiut Indians. Dr. Franz Boas, who has had charge of this work, has spent some time among these Indians, and the plaster cast groups have been prepared under his direction. The figures will be shown working at various industries common among them, and completed specimens of their handiwork will be exhibited in connection with them.—St. Louis Republic.

THE PNEU IN PARIS.

An Aggregate of 670,000 Bicycles in France.

If you want to see a real bicycling craze you must go to Paris. A correspondent says that nearly everybody in the city is now a rider of the "pneu," pronounced "new," the French slang name for the wheel, being an abbreviation of the word pneumatic. Parcels are delivered from stores and shops by messengers on two-wheel machines; all the morning and the evening newspapers are carried from the printing presses to the stands and libraries by wheelmen; people make visits on bicycles; they go to the horse races on them; at the theaters, the Palais de l'Industrie, the horse show, the agricultural fair, the dog show, in the Tuilleries garden, at the circuses, the cafe concerts and the clubhouses, etc., there are special sheds or platforms wherein "pneus" are guarded while the riders are enjoying the "show," taking their refreshments or attending to business matters.

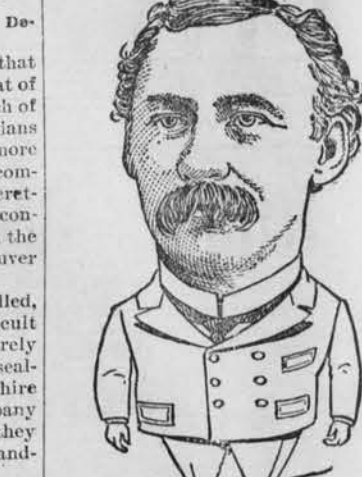
There are actually over 670,000 bicycles owned and ridden in the French republic. Last year the number of "cartes de circulation" issued to amateurs and professionals by the chief of police in Paris was just under 47,000 for that city alone, and these permits to ride through the streets by no means included all persons who own machines, as a great many keep their "pneus" out in the bois, or near the fortifications, where they go in carriages when they want to get their wheels out for a ride.

But everywhere in France, in town or in country, there are three positive rules which bicyclists must obey, and these are: There must be a signal bell or whistle on every machine; at night they must carry a lighted lamp or lantern, and every person on a bicycle must keep out of the way of horses and carriages.—Meriden Journal.

She Played in High-Toned Dramas. The mother of a rising local actress who lately essayed a starring tour was boasting of her daughter's achievements to a friend the other day. "Yes, my Mary Ellen is a big actress now," she said. "She plays 'How Do You Like It' and 'Hamlet, and all those high-toned dramas.'"

"Has there been a play written about Mr. Hamlin?" asked the gossip. "Which one is it?"

"I don't know whether it's C. J. or Harry," returned the proud parent, "but I know my Mary Ellen plays in it and that she's a big actress now." Sad to relate, however, Mary Ellen's starring tour ended at Batavia.—Buffalo Express.



W. G. Skinner is one of the best known men in Wakefield, Mass. He is a war veteran and everybody's friend. He says: "I had rheumatism and was in poor health a long time. Indications pointed towards the accumulation of impurities in the blood and germs of disease. I was constipated and had no appetite. I evidently needed a good blood purifier and decided to take Hood's Sarsaparilla. It made a change all through my system, gave me an appetite and worked effectively on my blood. I am now perfectly well, my blood has been put in good order, thanks to Hood's." W. G. SKINNER.

Hood's Sarsaparilla Is the Only True Blood Purifier

Prominently in the Public Eye Today. Hood's Pills easy to buy, easy to take, easy in effect. 25 cents.

Established in 1875 Successor to Hager & Johnson

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AND PRACTICAL EMBALMER.

118 South Front St.

Night Call—Telephone G. W. Hager's residence

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE

First National Bank OF MARQUETTE.

At Marquette, in the State of Michigan, at the close of business, FEBRUARY 28th, 1896.

RESOURCES.

Table with 2 columns: Resource Name and Amount. Includes Loans and discounts, Overdrafts, U. S. bonds, Stocks, Bank's house, Other real estate, Other Bonds, Due from National banks, Due from state banks and bankers, Due from approved reserve agents, Checks, other cash items, Notes of other Ntl banks, Fractional paper currency, Gold and silver coin, LAWFUL MONEY RESERVE IN BANK VIZ: Specie, Legal-tender notes, Redemption fund with U. S. Treasury, Total.

LIABILITIES.

Table with 2 columns: Liability Name and Amount. Includes Capital stock paid in, Surplus funds, Undivided profits, Taxes paid, National Bank notes outstanding, Due to other National banks and bankers, Individual deposits subject to check, Demand certificates of deposit, Certified checks, Cashier's checks outstanding, Total.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, COUNTY OF MARQUETTE, ss.

I, Frank J. Jenkinson, cashier of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

FRANK J. JENKINSON, Cashier. Subscribed and sworn to before me this 2nd day of March, 1896.

LEONARD P. CRABY, Notary Public.

CORRECT—Attest: F. W. READ, PETER WHITE, E. H. TOWAR, Directors

Illinois Central R. R.

In connection with the Southern Pacific Co., will, on and after the night of October 20, 1895, run from Chicago a Pullman

BUFFET EVERY Tuesday and SLEEPER EVERY Saturday

nights to connect direct at New Orleans with the Southern Pacific's fast, solid vestibule train, the "Sunset Limited" for Los Angeles and San Francisco. On these cars for

CALIFORNIA VIA NEW ORLEANS

THROUGH RESERVATIONS Chicago to the Pacific Coast can be made. In addition, on and after the night of Wednesday, October 20, 1895, there will be run a Pullman

Tourist Sleeper EVERY Wednesday Night

THROUGH WITHOUT CHANGE, from Chicago to San Francisco, via New Orleans, by the same route. Through double-berth route to California, owing to low altitudes and the absence of snow and severe cold weather. Also good connection to the

CITY OF MEXICO

Via New Orleans, by the Illinois Central and the Southern Pacific Railroads. Ticket

RATES AS LOW AS BY ANY OTHER ROUTE. Ask for Special California Folder of J. C. R. E. They, as well as tickets and full information as to rates and special train time can be had of agents of the Central Route and connecting lines, or by addressing A. H. HANSON, Gen'l Pass'r Agent, Chicago (11-5-95m)



REFRESHING - PURE - NOURISHING.

Our Beer is brewed of the best hops and malts, without adulterants of any nature by a graduate of the Chicago Brewing Academy.

The Best Technical and Practical Skill.

Long Experience as Brewers.

PHIL. SCHEUERMAN BREWING CO. Hancock, Mich.

Use INGOT Soap. Highest Grade. The best is the Cheapest.

Spring Goods Have Arrived.

I am well prepared to show my customers and others some of the finest cloths for Spring and Summer Suits and Overcoats.

AUGUST PELTO, MERCHANT TAILOR. Hancock, Mich.

Theo. Lange, Houghton, Mich. Dealer in Furniture and Undertaker.

F. W. READ & CO. \* LUMBER. Mills at Eagle Mills and Michigamme.

ROUGH and DRESSED PINE. Agents for C. J. L. Meyer's Specialties.

28TH. ANNUAL STATEMENT OF THE MICHIGAN MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE CO.

Table with columns for Revenue Account, Assets, Liabilities, and Policy Account. Includes figures for premiums, income, and assets.

O. R. LOOKER, President. JAMES H. CUMMINS, Secretary. C. A. KENT, 1st Vice-President.

Copper Country Department

Communications for this Department should be addressed to C. A. FOSS, Houghton, Mich.

TESTED FREE OF CHARGE. New Departure at Mining School That Promises Much Public Benefit.

The Mining Journal acknowledges the receipt of the following letter (a sample of some sent throughout the upper peninsula) from Professor Edgar Kidwell, of the Mining school, which fully explains itself.

"Practical work in testing begins Monday, June 1, 1896, and continues five weeks. All samples of material received by that time will be tested by the students, as a part of their regular work, and a report of the test will be rendered, free of charge.

The annual convention of the Michigan Christian Endeavor union will be held at Ionia, Mich., from April 11 to 15. A special rate of one fare for the round trip has been made by the South Shore road.

Today is election day throughout the villages of Houghton county. Since the caucuses everything political has dropped back into its usual quiet tenor and the balloting today will probably pass off with but little excitement.

A PROMISING INDUSTRY. New Brick-Yard at L'Anse That Will Make Itself Heard From.

L'Anse has an industry which bids fair to soon become one of the most remunerative and helpful businesses in the upper peninsula. Last summer, during the course of an exploration through the surrounding country, John Campbell, for many years past with Ruppe's store at L'Anse, discovered a quarry of fine clay for brickmaking near the O'Brien stone quarry.

IT RESTS WITH MR. DUBE. Business Men Generally in Favor of Closing Postoffice on Sunday.

Rev. W. C. Hicks of Grace M. E. church, Houghton, spoke on "Purity of the Ballot Box" last evening. It was intended for an ante-election sermon and dwelt chiefly upon the honor of American franchise; adherence to principle, even though facing defeat; the corruptness of bribery, especially free beer, in securing votes; the deteriorating tendencies of party politics, and closed with a strong appeal to local voters not to place party before conscience.

The Masquerade Carnival. The masquerade carnival given at the Atlantic rink Saturday night turned out to be a huge affair—over four hundred spectators and participants being present, many from Houghton, Hancock, Calumet and other places. The

A CHINESE LOVER'S GIFTS.

They May Be Sausages or Even Vegetables, But Never Candy.

Ah Leen is a good little girl who lives in the Presbyterian mission, away from the pomp and vanities of all this wicked world. Every Sunday, however, she goes religiously to church along with the other girls who have been rescued by the kind-hearted ladies of the occidental board.

One gay and sprightly bachelor was particularly struck a couple of months ago by the beauty of Ah Leen. He watched the procession pass with eyes only for her, and when she had entered the sacred edifice, instead of resigning himself to go home, he made a mighty effort to overcome the prejudices of early education and followed her into church.

Sausages are a gift that are highly appreciated, and Chinese vegetables are also much esteemed. Fruit is frequently brought to the engaged ladies, both in the Presbyterian and Methodist missions, but it would outrage Mongolian etiquette to bestow candy.

How Cats Are Caught and Made to Pose for Painters. The celebrated artist, Henrietta Roumer of Paris, who is the foremost animal painter in the feline department at present, has been the subject of much journalistic attention concerning her methods of work among the lowly or the aristocratic, for she paints cats of both high and low degree.

WINTER TOURS TO THE BERMUDAS. The Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic Ry., have made arrangements whereby they can book winter tourists from any of their stations to the Bermudas at the very low rate of \$80 for the round trip.

SUNDAY TRIPS. TO THE QUEEN CITY OF THE UPPER PENINSULA. The D., S. S. & A. Ry. have on sale Sunday excursion tickets to Marquette and return at the following very low fares:

From Eagle Mills..... \$ 30 " Ispey..... " 35 " Humboldt..... " 45 " Republic..... " 75 " Champion..... " 75 " Michigamme..... " 75 " Nestoria..... " 75

THE U. S. GOV'T REPORTS show Royal Baking Powder superior to all others.

HOTELS.

Summit House, MARQUETTE, MICH. One block from the South Shore railway depot.

GOOD ROOMS AND FIRST CLASS MEALS. Every attention given our guests. Most conveniently located hotel in town.

DAN CURRIE, Proprietor. (2-14-1f)

CHAPPELL HOUSE, BARAGA, MICH. John J. McWilliams, Prop.

New Lloyd House, JOHN R. THOMAS, PROP. L'ANSE, MICH.

THE CASINO. A high-class pleasure resort. Special accommodations for public or private dancing parties.

E. LE BOEUF, Prop. (8-31-1f) Dollar Bay, Mich.

"Hotel Munising." MUNISING, MICH. I have opened the first hotel at the new town of Munising and am prepared to accommodate the general public.

E. W. P. WEISS, Prop. (1-21-3m)

MICHIGAN MINING SCHOOL. A HIGH GRADE STATE TECHNICAL school. Elective System. Greek, Latin, instruction in Civil, Mechanical, Electrical and Mining Engineering.

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Webster's International Dictionary. Invaluable in Office, School, and Home.

Standard of the U. S. Gov't Printing Office, the U. S. Supreme Court, and of nearly all the Schools.

It is easy to find the word wanted. Webster's International Dictionary is the best for everybody.

It is easy to ascertain the pronunciation. The pronunciation is shown by the ordinary dictionary method.

It is easy to trace the growth of a word. The etymologies are full, and the different meanings are given in the order of their development.

It is easy to learn what a word means. The definitions are clear, explicit, and full, and each is contained in a separate paragraph.

G. & C. MERRIAM CO., Publishers, Springfield, Mass., U. S. A.

Specimen pages, etc., sent on application.



ITALY LEFT OUT OF IT.

Defeat in Africa May Result in the Formation of a New Triple Alliance.

GREAT BRITAIN SAID TO BE SCHEDULED FOR PLACE.

Wiesner Sees Much in the Visit to Berlin This Week of Austria's Minister for Foreign Affairs—Old-World Gossip.

DREIBUND PRACTICALLY AT END. BERLIN, March 8.—The defeat of the Italians at Adowa is being warmly discussed in political circles here, and the opinion prevails that it will lead to a practical, if not formal, dissolution of the dreibund. That Emperor William has telegraphed sympathy to King Humbert does not alter the fact that international politics will take on a new shape. Count Goluchowski, the Austrian minister for foreign affairs, who is coming to Berlin next week, is undoubtedly visiting this capital on an important political mission, which may include a re-adjustment or a modification of Austria's wish for a reapproachment with Great Britain.

A certain Conservative leader of the reichstag, who is in touch with the foreign office, informed a correspondent of the Associated Press today that the withdrawal of Italy from the dreibund was inevitable, as national bankruptcy stares her in the face. He added: "In the event of a great war Italy would be financially impotent. Besides, her disasters in Africa have shaken German confidence in the usefulness of her army. The fall of Crispi will also bring the strong anti-dreibund sentiment of Italy on top."

The dreibund, however, may nominally continue until the expiration of its present term, but it will then lapse. The Spanish-American dispute has been somewhat driven into the background by the Italian imbroglio. Some papers still comment upon it, however.

DE RUDINI ON TOP AGAIN.

New Italian Cabinet is Formed With the Marquis as Premier.

ROME, March 8.—It was announced tonight that the Marquis de Rudini had succeeded in forming a cabinet with himself as premier and minister for the interior.

"It developed later that the formation of the cabinet was undertaken by General Ricotti. King Humbert conferred with General Ricotti this evening, and charged him with the formation of the cabinet. The result was the formation of the cabinet. General Ricotti yielded to the Marquis de Rudini the premiership and he himself assumed the portfolio of war."

MASSOAWAH, March 8.—The commandant at Adigrat telegraphs under date of March 2 that the rebels were then within a few kilometers. "We have plenty of ammunition and provisions for a month," the commandant continues, "which we hope to extend by going on short rations. We will do our duty till death."

RUSSIANS LIKE ITALIAN DEFEAT.

LONDON, March 8.—The Daily News' Rome correspondent telegraphs: "The choice of General Ricotti (as minister for war) shows the king's ideas prevailed in favor of reopening an offensive campaign next autumn, after the rainy season."

A dispatch to The Times from St. Petersburg describes the Russian situation over the defeat of the Italians. The Novoye Vremya has opened subscriptions to a fund to send the Red Cross to the assistance of the Abyssinians. The correspondent suggests that this must be with the government's approval, as public subscriptions require official sanction.

A NEW DREIBUND ALREADY.

Russia, France and Germany Said to Have an Understanding.

LONDON, March 8.—The possibility of a rearrangement of the dreibund, hinted at from St. Petersburg, as one of the results of the terrible disaster to Italian arms in Abyssinia is attracting more attention, it is claimed, than the matter really deserves under the circumstances. It is asserted in support of this statement that to all intents and purposes, Russia, France and Germany already have an understanding which really amounts to a setting aside of the old triple alliance.

In any case there is no doubt that Italy has been hard hit in the defeat of General Baratier, financially probably more than in the number of men killed. Much more treasure must be poured into the sands of Africa if the dreams of brilliant colonial achievements are to become realities, and in no country, probably not even in Spain, is there a crowned head resting more uneasily than that of King Humbert at present. It is not astonishing that the friends of Italy seem unable in the emergency to suggest a way out of her difficulties which is likely to reflect credit on that country. If the war is pushed the financial strain will be dangerously severe; if the African colonies are abandoned the effect will be almost dangerous. A middle course—the conclusion of peace with Abyssinia—may not be possible, if it is true that France and Russia have armed the Shoans. A great responsibility, therefore, will rest upon the new Italian ministry.

PRINCESS MAUD'S MARRIAGE.

The marriage of the Princess Maud of Wales to Prince Charles of Denmark, an officer of the Danish army, will, it is expected, take place at the end of July, and thus prolong the London season for a month. In the meantime, the Princess of Wales and her daughter have planned to go to Copenhagen, where they will perfect the furniture and decorations for the new home of "Princess Harry," as she is popularly termed. Vanity Fair this week denies the ac-

curacy of the story which it is responsible for circulating, that the engagement of Mr. William Waldorf Astor to Lady Randolph Churchill (formerly Miss Jennie Jerome of New York) will shortly be announced.

The Duke of York will be gazetted an admiral shortly, probably among this year's queen's birthday honors. His progress in the royal navy has been one of the quickest on record, as he only entered the navy in 1889. Mr. J. B. Bartlett, president of the Nicaragua Canal Construction company, confirms the report that negotiations are in progress for a fusion of the Panama and Nicaragua Canal companies. The scheme, however, has not yet received the consideration of their respective boards. The consolidation of their interests is regarded with great favor in the banking circles of Europe, and it is understood in America also as tending to remove the rivalry of their interests, and the governments are also believed to be friendly to the proposed combination. It is not denied that an Anglo-French-American syndicate for canal building is being formed, but the details are withheld.

LORD DENHAVEN'S EXPULSION.

There is some talk among the members of the Royal Yacht Squadron of drawing up a resolution in answer to the New York Yacht club's expulsion of Lord Denhaven. Nearly all the yachting men defend the managing owner of Valkyrie III on the ground that his charge of excessive submersion is frequently made, and many yachtsmen claim that the Royal Yacht Squadron backed Lord Denhaven's challenge. The Yachting World declares that the Royal Yacht Squadron cannot afford to have a leading member dealt with in such a summary manner without either endorsing the action or loudly protesting. "We await the official pronouncement with much interest." In spite of this The Associated Press learns that it is not likely that the Royal Yacht Squadron will officially endorse the action. A great deal of interest has been aroused here among yachtsmen by the statement that the Defender will certainly race in English waters during the coming season.

FAMILY MURDER.

New York, March 8.—Stephen Powell, a well-known merchant of Hempstead, L. I., was struck down and killed within a few feet of his own door late last night. Powell was in the habit of carrying a large sum of money and it is thought robbery was the object of the murder. The murderers were scared away before securing anything.

FOREIGN GOSSIP.

Freidrich Haase has just bidden farewell to the stage of Berlin, on the 50th anniversary of his first appearance. He acted in New York in 1881 at the Germania theater, now the Star, when Neundorff tried to make German plays pay on upper Broadway.

Divorce has been legal in France now for eight years. In the first year the number was 1,700; in the second, 4,000; in 1894 it was 8,000, the total for the eight years being 40,000. The working classes supply the largest proportion, 47 per cent.; the peasants the smallest, 7 per cent.

Robert Burns' great grandson and namesake, his last descendant in the direct male line, has just died at Blackhall, near Edinburgh, aged 52 years. He had served as a soldier and as a gardener in the Edinburgh public gardens, but for 14 years past had been keeper of the powder magazine at Blackhall. He left no children.

A Paris advertising agent, who recently painted the front of his establishment a brilliant red, has been sued for damages by a milliner, a jeweler and a silk merchant, having stores opposite, on the ground that the reflection of color makes it impossible for their customers to distinguish the colors of the goods they wish to buy.

Cycling is one of the amusements at the National Institute for the Blind in France. A species of home trainer is used, the wheels of which are so arranged that the actual speed is indicated in a dial, so that races are held and some of the inmates have established records. The machines also give audible signals at various speeds.

It has often been published that the largest tax payer in the world is Herr Krupp, the famous cannon founder of Essen. But it appears that he is eclipsed as a contributor to the revenue of the state by a Roumanian brewer, M. Marinisco Bragadir, whose monster brewery at Bucharest yields in various taxes and imposes the enormous annual value to the Roumanian government of \$440,000.

Easily Explained. Forrester—You live in a quiet part of the city, do you not? Lancaster—Not now. "Moved?" "No. Twins."—Town Topics.

CHICAGO MARKETS.

Grain and Produce.

CHICAGO, March 7.—The leading grain futures ranged as follows:

Table with columns: Wheat, Corn, May, High, Low, Closed.

METAL PRICES.

New York, March 7.—Pig iron, easy; Southern, \$11.35@13.50; Northern, \$11.50@13.50.

COPPER STOCKS.

Table with columns: Boston, March 7, Closing prices of copper mining stocks.

THE FIRST GUN IS FIRED.

Ballington Booth's Inaugural Step in the New Salvation Army Movement.

COOPER UNION CROWDED ALMOST TO SUFFOCATION.

Over Five Thousand Soldiers of Old Organization There and Great Enthusiasm Manifested—The ex-Commander's Address.

IT WAS A GREAT SUCCESS. NEW YORK, March 8.—The inaugural step made by Ballington Booth, the deposed commander of the Salvation Army, in a rival organization on lines similar to the one from whose command he has been relieved met with success tonight. Cooper Union was the scene where the first gun was fired, the echo of which thrilled the hearts of five thousand soldiers, who, since the commencement of the international strife, have remained loyal to the deposed commander and wife. Every seat in the big auditorium was occupied, the aisles were crowded and the streets outside thronged. The women wore the regular Salvation emblem, but the police bonnets were absent. The men, too, had their badges, but wore no red jackets.

Major Peter Glen, one of the first officers to resign after Eva Booth had taken command, appeared on the platform waving an American flag and placed a life-size crayon painting of George Washington on an easel in front of the speaker's table. This was the signal for outbursts of applause. When Ballington Booth and wife came on the platform the enthusiasm was such as never before witnessed in Cooper Union. There was some music and considerable singing and the customary religious invocations, after which Ballington Booth said:

"Mrs. Booth and myself have not come here tonight to allude to the recent sad trouble. It is quite true we have, after mature deliberation, decided to inaugurate a new movement. Could we have avoided it, it would most assuredly have been done on our part; but, recognizing that the great American people believed we have done work nine years for which they are gratified and would not listen to our protest that we would retire into private life, and recognizing as we did the largest field in the world, and still further recognizing that there is room in America for one, two, yea a hundred Salvation Armies, we have resolved to the best of our ability to win over the middle classes or artisan community of this country. We wish no strife with the Salvation Army, no strife either literal or verbal.

I want to assure Mrs. Booth and those officers who have stood by me that I see in the distance the success of the movement which tonight received its impetus in this great gathering. I do not want anything that exists in air, but the divine consecration of our soldiers to the faith of Christ. Whatever be the mission we undertake it will bear the right stamp and will be directed in the right direction."

MONEY QUESTION THE ISSUE.

The Kentucky Senatorial Contest Between Blackburn and Carlisle.

FRANKFORT, Ky., March 8.—The senatorial contest yesterday resulted in a stampede on one ballot and a panic on another and bordered on a riot in both. The friends of Senator Blackburn thought he was elected at the end of the first ballot and began celebrating. Before the confusion subsided for the announcement word was sent everywhere that Blackburn had been elected. It was a mistake that was easily made during such a stampede. But it is the general opinion that it required great efforts to prevent the election of Secretary Carlisle on the next ballot. The key to the contest was a pair between Weissinger, a hard money Democrat, and Chambers, Republican. Weissinger, from a sick bed in his hotel, released Chambers if the latter would vote for Carlisle. This act defeated Weissinger, as the stampede had reached its climax "sound money" Democrats had gone to Blackburn, while the Republicans rushed to Carlisle. The vote of Chambers for Carlisle did more than all gavel, presiding officers and sergeants-at-arms for order. There was a panic when Representative Lyons (Pop.) said he would vote for Blackburn if the Republicans went to Carlisle. Last night both sides held conferences for the contest on Monday.

MAY CHANGE STANDARDS.

Salvation Army in St. Louis Will Follow Lead of Brigadier French.

ST. LOUIS, March 8.—There seems to be a growing impression that the Salvation Army in St. Louis will desert the standard of General Booth, and rally round the flag of his son, Ballington Booth, the deposed leader of the army in America. Nothing will be done, however, until the return of Brigadier French, who is expected from New York tomorrow. In the absence of the brigadier Adjutant Thomas Glassey is in command of the forces in this district, which comprises the states of Missouri, Iowa, Colorado, Nebraska and South Dakota.

"Brigadier French has always been a warm friend of Ballington Booth," he said, "and would go a long way to serve him, but, on the other hand, he is also a personal friend of General Booth, and one of his staunchest supporters in this country. There are probably four thousand members in this division. They love and respect Brigadier French and will be guided to a great extent by whatever action he may advise."

Forecast of the Weather.

WASHINGTON, March 8.—10 p. m. The weather bureau reports the following as its forecast for the next twenty-four hours: For upper Michigan: Fair; warmer; southerly winds.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U.S. Gov't Report

Royal Baking Powder ABSOLUTELY PURE

HIS FIRST EXPEDITION. TOO FAT TO SINK.

The Persecutions of the Boers First Started Livingstone to the Wilderness. Between Livingstone and his Boer neighbors, however, there was little love. He accused the Boer farmers of cruelty to the natives, and they resented his interference, and threatened to drive him out of the country. He published their misdeeds in the Cape newspapers, and in revenge for his strictures they finally set fire to his house and burned him out.

This it was which first induced Livingstone to travel to the north, in hopes of finding a land where he could follow in peace his vocation as missionary, and where the Boer farmers could no longer molest him. In his search for the ideal territory he had in view he entered regions utterly unknown to the best-informed geographer, and made many discoveries of importance. It was then that he discovered Lake Ngami and the southern feeders of the Zambesi. It was from this motive that he was led to continue his journey across the Zambesi, to follow its course to its head waters, and to make his way to San Paul de Loanda in Angola; and this was why he retraced his steps and followed the Zambesi to the eastern ocean, where his first series of remarkable adventures terminated after 16 years of travel.

Just as the Boer persecution had started him on his explorations and diverted him from his cherished missionary work, so the great reputation he obtained by these brilliant feats of travel and valuable discoveries of great lakes and rivers tended to separate him still further from his true role. He had revealed the existence of a tropical world, of luxuriant savannas and extensive forests, where animal life was prolific and the vegetation was of marvelous variety and growth. The Zambesi river was 2,000 miles long, the lakes were full of sweet water, the soil was fertile and well repaid cultivation, the native products were varied and useful, and as for the natives, when let alone by the roving Arab and unmolested by the Portuguese half-caste, the account of his long residence among them and his many adventures with them proved that they were a good deal better than English people had any notion of. However, the slave trade was rampant in the interior, whole districts were being devastated and thousands of human beings were annually perishing through the bloody violence adopted by the Arabs. The sights in the slave ship's hold were not to be compared in horror to what he had seen in African kraal and camp.

Livingstone was much occupied with delivering addresses in the principal British cities, and after warming his audiences with his glowing pictures of African lands, he would make their flesh creep by telling them of the wholesale murders perpetrated by the Arab and Portuguese marauders, and then close with an appeal for the help of Christian England to stop these horrid inhumanities.—Henry M. Stanley, in Century.

THE HAT TRICK.

How the Members of a Board of Trade Amused Themselves.

A large, good-looking and evidently good-natured man walked into the exchange room in the board of trade building the other day, and was soon an interested, not to say anxious, spectator of what is known as change as "the hat trick." The large man wore a glossy new Derby hat. A member of the exchange walked up to him, neatly lifted his hat off his head, and in a moment the newcomer saw what he supposed was his hat flying across the room. It had been propelled by a kick. Several others made a rush at it, and it was sent hither and thither like a football. The man looked on in amazement. Presently the hat came his way and he seized it. He gave the now diaphanous headgear a brush or two with his elbow, looked it over dubiously, then put it on and started hurriedly for the exit. Before he could make his escape the hat was again seized and again became the center of a rush.

Once more the man got the hat, clapped it on his head, and was rushing away when he was intercepted by the man who had originally taken it from the visitor's head. With great politeness the joker handed over the visitor's own hat, as glossy and perfect as if it had just come from the hatter's block, and took the old hat in return.

The visitor's surprise increased. He scrutinized the new hat. It was certainly his. Then he joined in the general laugh. He had simply been initiated into the mysteries of the board of trade hat trick, the first point in which is a bit of sleight-of-hand work by which hats are changed and the stock hat, kept for the purpose, is introduced into the ring of jokers.—Buffalo Commercial.

Hard to Please.

Mr. Snaggs was accosted on the street the other day by a beggar who was covered with a very remarkable mass of patched and ragged garments, and who said: "Mister, haven't you some old clothes you could give a fellow?" Snaggs surveyed the beggar from head to foot and then asked: "Are not the clothes you have on old enough for you?"—Pittsburgh Chronicle-Telegraph.

\* WETMORE \*

MERCANTILE CO.,

Sole Agents Chase and Sanborn's

COFFEE,

StAPLE and FANCY

GROCERIES

is complete and fresh.

WETMORE MERCANTILE CO.,

125 SUPERIOR ST. 119 WASHINGTON ST. (1-15-17)

Stanton & Lowe's

Patent

Log

Scale

Book

For Sale at

Mining Journal

Office.

CALL AND LOOK AT IT.

RICHARD BLAKE

—BROKER IN—

Real estate and pine, mineral lands,

stocks and city property.

For sale, residence lots in the Longyear addition on monthly payments. Streets macadamized and sidewalks made. Abstract of title furnished with each lot.

New Model. Merchants are

Gives authorized

Cor- to

rect Refund

Form. the

24 Styles. money

Medium. after

Long. four

Short. weeks'

Lengths. trial if not

Best Ma- Satisfac-

terials. tory.

Featherbone Corset Co.

Sole Manufacturers, KALAMAZOO, MICHIGAN.

FOR SALE BY ALL BEST RETAILERS

FOR SALE,

White Pine & Norway

Timber.

—ALSO—

Hardwood, Farming and Mineral Lands.

J. CONNOLLY, Marquette, Mich; (7-24-tr) Administrator

HUMPHREYS'

SPECIFICS are scientifically prepared Remedies; have been used for half a century with entire success.

1—Fever, Congestion, Inflammation. 2—Worms, Worm Fever, Worm Colic. 3—Teething Colic, Crying, Wakefulness. 4—Diarrhoea, of Children or Adults. 5—Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis. 6—Headaches, Sick Headache, Vertigo. 7—Dyspepsia, Biliousness, Constipation. 8—Suppressed or Painful Periods. 9—Whites, Too Profuse Periods. 10—Rheumatism, Rheumatic Pains. 11—Gripes, Laryngitis, Hoarseness. 12—Salt Rheum, Erysipelas, Eruptions. 13—Rheumatism, Rheumatic Pains. 14—Malaria, Chills, Fever and Ague. 15—Catarrh, Influenza, Cold in the Head. 16—Whooping Cough. 17—Kidney Diseases. 18—Nervous Debility. 19—Urinary Weakness. 20—Sore Throat, Quinsy, Diphtheria.

"77" for GRIP.

Sold by Druggists, or sent prepaid on receipt of price. The cost for 50 cents. (May be assorted, except No. 18, also only in the original boxes.) (Prepared and Bottled by HUMPHREYS' MED. CO., 111 & 113 William St., New York.)

Chicago, Milwaukee & ST. PAUL RY

Lake Superior Division

MAP OF:

Chicago, Milwaukee & ST. PAUL RY

Lake Superior Division

Map showing routes between Chicago, Milwaukee, and St. Paul.

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Tooth Brushes.

What do you know about Tooth Brushes? The best on earth are made in "La Belle," France. We have just received a large invoice and will sell you a fine imported article at 25 cents. Special sale at

FARNHAM'S.

WANTED-FOR RENT OR SALE.

WANTED-A situation as machinist by capable person; can produce excellent testimonials. Address C. H., care Mining Journal office.

WANTED-Competent girl for general housework. 414 E. Hewitt avenue. (3-7-1f)

TO RENT-The center store in the Mack block, and the rooms above are for rent. Apply on the premises. F. B. SPEAR, 518.

WANTED-Young men to learn barber trade. Splendid chance; only eight weeks regular constant practice furnished. Steady situation secured when competent; wages Saturdays while learning. Pools donated. More experience in two months than in shops in '90 years. Illustrated catalogue mailed free. Chicago Barber School, 54 Wabash Ave., Chicago. (3-9-3d)

WANTED-District manager (headquarters Marquette). Man who can produce business himself and manage agents; easy to write; large commissions; not necessary to be Mason. Agency department, Masonic Life Assn., Grand Rapids, Mich. (3-6-1f)

WANTED-Girl for general housework. Enquire 517 Pine street. (3-4-1f)

HOTEL TO RENT-Wishing to remove from here I will rent or sell the Michigan House. Terms reasonable. Price cheap. Apply at once. J. G. D'ONNELLY, (3-3-10)

FOR SALE-SPECIAL BARGAINS-Lots with and without dwellings; desirable location; suitable for business; any reasonable offer accepted; easy terms. Apply A. J. A. Wallen, 217 W. Michigan St. (3-28-1f)

FOR SALE OR TO RENT-New house, 329 E. Michigan street. Eight rooms; bath room; good barn. Apply B. S. Kaufman's Real Estate office. (2-25-1f)

FOR RENT-A house on West Bluff Street. Enquire of JOHN BURKE, Superior St. (3-22-1f)

WANTED-30 cords dry 4 foot maple wood. F. B. SPEAR, Marquette. (12-12-1f)

FOR SALE-Exploring outfit complete. F. B. SPEAR, Marquette. (12-12-1f)

COAL-Cross Creek Lehigh coal, Lackawanna coal, Pittsburg bright flame cannel for grates. Call and examine the above. (3-11-1f) F. B. SPEAR.

ANY ONE-in need of hay, grain or feed will save money by getting prices from F. B. Spear before buying. (9-14-1f)

FOR SALE-Choice building lots in Nester addition for sale cheap for cash, or on time at low rate of interest. For particulars enquire at office of Peter White. (8-6-1f)

FOR RENT-Farm land near the city improved and unimproved. Call at office of J. M. LONGYEAR, Marquette, April 1, 1895. (4-18-1f)

COAL AND WOOD-Will be sold at the following prices for cash: Ton 1/2 ton 1/4 ton. Hard coal..... \$9 00 \$3 15 \$1 75

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LIGHT AND POWER COMMISSION.

OFFICIAL PROCEEDINGS.

At a meeting held Oct. 4th, 1895, there were present John F. Mack, D. W. Powell, Jas. Pendill and Sidney Adams.

The minutes of the preceding meeting were read and approved.

The bills were read and approved as follows:

F. W. Read.....\$17 22
J. S. Hodgkins..... 19 50
Standard Carbon Co..... 61 50
F. B. Spear..... 3 50
Robertson Bros..... 2 97
Geo. W. Reed..... 3 00
Manhard-Jopling Co. Ltd..... 2 17
E. A. Willson..... 28 59
Electrical Eng. Co..... 32 50

On motion the chairman was instructed to consult Mr. Odell on the matter of salary and water wheel.

The matter of purchasing wheel was laid on the table till next meeting.

A communication from J. M. Longyear referring to purchase of overflowage of land was read and Mr. Pendill was instructed to go before the common council and get permission to purchase said land.

The board then on motion adjourned. R. A. WILLSON, Secretary.

At a meeting held Oct. 17th 1895, there were present the whole commission.

On motion the reading of the minutes of the proceeding meeting was dispensed with.

On motion, it was decided to not employ Mr. U. H. Odell as superintendent of construction and to request him to present bill for services rendered. Mr. Jacobs voting Nay to the above motion.

The secretary was instructed to write the Dayton Globe Iron works in regard to purchase of water wheel and request them to send engineer to decide question of kind of wheel best suited to our purpose.

On motion, the board then adjourned. R. A. WILLSON, Secretary.

At a meeting held Oct. 29, 1895, there were present the full commission and Mr. Ethell, representing the Dayton Globe Iron Works of Dayton, Ohio, presenting proposition to furnish water wheels and necessary apparatus for the transmission of power from said wheel to present line shaft.

On motion Mr. Ethell's proposition No. 1 covering 22 inch Bronge water wheel and attachments for the sum of two thousand ninety seven 27-100 dollars (\$2,097.27) was accepted. On motion the remainder of Mr. Ethell's proposition was laid on the table for further consideration.

On motion the commission then adjourned. R. A. WILLSON, Secretary.

At a meeting held Nov. 5th, 1895, there were present the following persons: Jno. F. Mack, D. W. Powell, J. H. Jacobs and Jas. Pendill.

The minutes of the proceeding meeting were read and approved.

The bills were read and on motion approved as follows, with the exception of bill of U. H. Odell, which was ordered returned and timized bill presented.

August Machts, city treasurer, pay roll.....\$1,146 99
Lake Superior Powder Co..... 16 75
Michigan Telephone and Tele. Co..... 6 00
Cous. Co..... 112 54
Manhard-Jopling Hdw. Co., Ltd..... 65 75
Lake Superior Powder Co..... 3 00
F. W. Read..... 2,426 25
Mining Journal Co..... 8 50
India Alkali works..... 9 17
J. Mills Campbell..... 8 84
Hanley Electric & Mfg. Co..... 123 53
Williams Mfg. Co..... 167 94
Cleveland Iron Mining Co..... 3 23
A. Bertrand..... 22 05
J. S. Hodgkins..... 88 00
R. A. Willson..... 21 53

On motion the proposition of the Hill Clutch Co. was laid on the table for further consideration.

On a motion offered by Mr. Powell and seconded by Mr. Jacobs it was decided to put saddles made from 6x12 white pine cut to circle under trunk pipe.

On motion the board then adjourned. R. A. WILLSON, Secretary.

At a meeting held Nov. 13, 1895, there were present the following persons: John F. Mack, James Pendill, Sidney Adams, J. W. Jacobs and D. W. Powell.

Moved by Mr. Adams and seconded by Mr. Jacobs, carried, that the bid of the Dayton Globe Iron Works be accepted for machinery, quill bearings, flume gate, ball complete, ready to run and that the Dayton Globe Iron Works send a man to superintend putting in machinery without expense, other than actual expense while here, to the city and said machinery to cost the city nothing extra over the amount of bid.

On motion the board then adjourned. R. A. WILLSON, Secretary.

At a meeting held Dec. 5th, 1895, there were present John F. Mack and Jas. Pendill.

A quorum not being present adjourned till Friday, Dec. 6th, 1895, at 10 a. m.

At a meeting held Dec. 6th, 1895, there were present the following persons: Jas. Pendill, Sidney Adams and John F. Mack, Sr.

On motion the reading of the minutes of the preceding meeting was dispensed with.

On motion the regular order of business was dispensed with and the bills were read and on motion were allowed as follows:

Wm. Stewart.....\$ 13 00
Manhard-Jopling Hdw. Co. Ltd..... 99 31
R. A. Willson..... 12 02
Pendill's Pharmacy..... 5 45
Manhard-Jopling Hdw. Co. Ltd..... 1,431 20
G. W. Reed..... 49 00
L. M. Spencer..... 6 30
F. B. Spear..... 65 75
Ft. Wayne Electric Corporation..... 16 45
L. S. Iron works..... 46 76
Electrical Eng. Co..... 13 98
F. W. Read..... 982 53
J. E. Hanford..... 36 48
Mining Journal Co..... 11 90
Bertrand and Anderson..... 159 01

The board then, on motion, adjourned. R. A. WILLSON, Secretary.

At a meeting held Dec. 28, 1895, there were present John F. Mack, J. H. Jacobs, D. W. Powell and James Pendill.

On motion the reading of the minutes of the preceding meeting was dispensed with.

A communication from the Farmers in

stute was read asking for an illumination over the door of the City Hall. On motion the superintendent was instructed to arrange the matter satisfactorily.

On motion it was decided to splice fill in center of river.

The board then on motion adjourned. R. A. WILLSON, Secretary.

BIRDLIKE BEASTS.

Freakish Quadrupeds with Beak, Spur and Claws.

There is a family in the animal kingdom to which naturalists have given the name Ornithodelphia, a long Greek name which means brothers-of-the-birds. As far as looks go the two members of this family are more alike than the Covington twins, one of whom was a blond, the other a pure brunette. Both species, the duck-mole and the porcupine anteater, live in Australia, and are never found beyond the adjacent islands.

The duck-mole owes its popular name to its habit of diving and swimming like a duck and digging long tunnels like a mole. Its snout terminates in an odd spoon-bill like a duck. Adult males measure about 18 inches from tip of tail to end of bill. The general color of the soft fur is deep brown on back and head, lighter on the under parts of body. Long hairs flattened at their tips and bent at an angle grow through the soft, thick fur which lies close to the body, and these flattened hairs seem almost like the last remnants of feathers. The bill and webbed forefeet are naked, but the tail, five inches long, is covered with coarse hair.

The bill is formed by the extended jaws, which are covered with a sensitive, naked, grayish skin which is closely attached to the underlying bones except at the hip-like border and at the folds or frill at the base of the bill. When the animal is burrowing in the mud for its food this fold of skin is turned back to protect the eyes and keep the fur from being soiled.

Two small holes near the front of the upper bill are the nostrils, and this arrangement is what enables the platypus (another of the duck-mole's names), to lie hidden under the water for hours if need be. He comes near enough to the surface so that the very tip of his bill is above water and he can breathe without being seen by any but a very observant eye.

This brother of the birds is quick to hear, although, like them, he has no external ear. The eyes are small, but bright as jet. Their position, like those of a black-and-tan terrier, is clearly indicated by a bright, tawny spot over each eye.

The bird likeness of this beast is shown as much in his claws as in his bill. Each foot has five toes provided with strong claws, which are blunt on the forefoot but sharp on the hind ones. On the front feet the web reaches beyond the claws, and when extended makes a paddle four inches wide.

The males have a spur on the hind legs. This spur has a small canal through it which allows a poison from a gland in the loin to flow into any wound made by the spur.

The house of the duck-mole is a burrowed chamber, excavated by the mother with very little help from the father, who is busy at the time using his spurs. The entrances are just a little above or below water mark in the steep banks of ponds or quiet streams, these leading into long, winding passages. As the duck-mole constructs her burrow she makes several chambers for temporary resting places, but the house or nesting place is fully 20 feet above water level. This nursery is only large enough for mamma and the babies, so Papa Platypus is never invited to come and see his family.

It will not be many years before these strange, birdlike beasts will become extinct. Natives and white men, wild dogs and tame ones, are all combining to drive these ancient links between the birds and the beasts from the face of the earth.—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

SIZE OF THE UNIVERSE.

An Imaginary Journey to the Earth's Nearest Neighbor.

It has been estimated that a cannon ball moving with a velocity of 500 miles an hour, and leaving our earth at a certain time and traveling in the direction of the nearest fixed star, would not reach it in less than 4,500,000 years, and yet there are stars in the heavens visible through telescopes that would require a cannon ball moving with the same velocity at least 500,000,000 years to reach them. It was said by the elder Herschell that it would require light traveling at the rate of 185,000 miles a second 2,000,000 years to come to the earth from the remotest luminous vapors within reach of his 40-foot telescope, and yet, whatever may have been the efforts of astronomers to bring the starry heavens as a whole into view, even with the most powerful reflectors, they have so far proved to be futile. Hence, to the minds of men, the universe must seem forever to be and to remain immeasurable, incalculable and incomprehensible. And while we may be able to weigh and measure suns and systems within range of our telescopes, there are others so far away and so far beyond our powers of vision and our power of calculation that even our present supposed great knowledge of the sidereal heavens would dwindle into the thinnest of mental vapors.—Popular Astronomy.

A HOUSEHOLD TREASURE.

D. W. Fuller, of Canajoharie, N. Y., says that he always keeps Dr. King's New Discovery in the house and his family has always found the very best results follow its use; that he would not be without it, if procurable. G. A. Dyesman, Druggist, Catskill, N. Y., says that Dr. King's New Discovery is undoubtedly the best Cough remedy; that he has used it in his family for eight years, and it has never failed to do all that is claimed for it. Why not try a remedy so long tried and tested. Trial bottles free at E. Farnham's Drug Store. Regular size 50c. and \$1.00.



IT'S A WINNER EVERYTIME
BATTLE AX PLUG IN THE LEAD
BATTLE AX PLUG
HAS JUMPED INTO PUBLIC FAVOR ON ACCOUNT OF ITS SIZE AND QUALITY. ITS A GREAT BIG PIECE OF HIGH GRADE TOBACCO FOR 10 CENTS



John G. Woolley, BAPTIST CHURCH, Wednesday Evening, March 11th. Subject: "CHRISTIAN CITIZENSHIP." ADMISSION 25 CENTS. (3-2-1f-0)



A FOUNTAIN PEN that will NOT LEAK, nor SOIL THE FINGERS, and will ALWAYS WRITE without coaking. See them at CONKLIN'S.

Don't forget EVERY DOLLAR received on ACCOUNT or for CASH SALES, entitles customer to COMPLIMENTARY CHANCE ON BICYCLE GIVEN AWAY

MAY 1ST AT CONKLIN'S.

Marquette Nov. 15-1895
Samuel Kaufman
My Dear Sir
I deem it my duty and pleasure to state to you the benefit I have received from your wonderful Rheumatic medicine for over four months I suffered everything from acute Rheumatism and had the services of two doctors without getting the least relief when I was advised to try your medicine and after using four bottles I am now able to go about my usual duties and am free from all pain I would strongly advise all that may be troubled with Rheumatic complaint to give Kaufmans Rheumatic Kidney Powder a trial for I know what it has done for me it will do for them.
Thanking you for what I am to say I am
yours very truly
Mrs Louis Geiler



"UP-TO-DATE" '96 Bicycles!

VICTOR, CLEVELAND, EAGLE, WINTON, WARWICK, CRESCENT, CALUMET, SPARK,

and other HIGH GRADE wheels of KNOWN REPUTATION, at CONKLIN'S. Prices to suit all, viz:

\$40, \$45, \$50, \$55, \$60, \$75, \$80, \$85, \$90, \$95, \$100.

Sold on EASY MONTHLY PAYMENTS if desired. EVERY DOLLAR INVESTED, or ON ACCOUNT entitles customer to COMPLIMENTARY CHANCE ON WHEEL GIVEN AWAY

May 1st at CONKLIN'S.

MARQUETTE OPERA HOUSE

THREE NIGHTS ONLY,

March 16, 17 and 18



The Great McEwen, The Scottish Wonder.

Mesmerist, Mind Reader, Hypnotist.

McEwen, the Wonder of the Age.

Highly recommended by the press and public wherever he has given performances.

Don't Fail to See Him.

PRICES: PARQUETTE, 35 CTS. BALCONY, 25 CTS. GALLERY, 10 CTS. (3-7-1f)

G. W. REED'S NEW HEARSE

Is the finest and most improved funeral car ever seen in this city. It is drawn by a team of beautiful white horses. Leave orders at the

Palace Livery Stable. HORSES FOR SALE.

Split Shingle Wood \$1.50 PER LOAD. GREEN AND DRY Block Wood for Sale.

G. W. REED. (7-30-1f)

JENNESS & McCURDY, Crockery, China, Glassware and Lamp Goods,

73 and 75 Jefferson Ave., DETROIT, MICH.

DID YOU EVER

stop to think that the medicine you take to restore your health should be of the highest grade and mixed with accurate No? of course. Your physician tries his best to cure you and your druggist must co-operate with him by giving you the best drugs the market affords and by exercising the greatest care in compounding them. Honesty, Accuracy and Dispatch is our Motto.

T. Coderre Pharmacal Co. (12-18-1f)

FARM LANDS FOR SALE

BY: Michigan Land and Iron CO., LTD. (1-27-1f) MARQUETTE, MICH.



ITA Defe GRE Wisc Be: DRE It Itali cuss opin prac the has Hur inte new Aus whi und imp incl. tion of of Austria with Great A certain Co. reichstag, who is eign office, informe The Associated Pr withdrawal of Italy was inevitable, as it states her in the face of the event of a great financially impotent disasters in Africa hav man confidence in the army. The fall of bring the strong ant ment of Italy on top. The dreibund, howe ally continue until the present term, but it The Spanish-Ameri been somewhat dr ground by the papers still ever.

# IN LOOKING FOR Spring or Summer Clothing, Gents' Furnishings, Hats, Caps, Boots or Shoes

don't fail to visit our store and inspect our mammoth stock. We are offering rare bargains. Special sale of Children's Suits now on.

## F. BRAASTAD & CO.

# Reasons Why The Gem Treatment for Piles

Is the BEST remedy for  
**HEMORRHOIDS, OR PILES.**

It is a vegetable preparation  
It is entirely harmless.  
It is an internal remedy.  
It is easy to take.  
It does not interfere with your employment.  
It gives you more than temporary relief.  
It is a sure cure.  
It is a permanent cure.  
It has cured thousands.  
It will cure you.  
It will cost you less to get cured by the Gem Treatment than to get even temporary relief from other so-called pile cures  
It is sold on an absolute guaranty.

# Don't Suffer With Piles

a single day, but get a package of Gem Treatment and start on your way to recovery. For sale at all drug stores. Ask your druggist for it. Manufactured by the

## Gem Treatment Co.

MARQUETTE, MICH.

### If You Are Going Anywhere South This Winter

You should write and get correct information in regard to the facilities offered by the

#### Louisville & Nashville R. R.

THIS CAN BE OBTAINED OF  
J. K. RIDGELY, N. W. Pass. Agent, Chicago, Ill.  
C. P. ATMORE, Gen'l Pass. Agt., Louisville, Ky.

#### HOMES IN THE SOUTH

Can be secured on most liberal terms and at low rates. Write for County Map of the South to either of the above named gentlemen, or to

**P. SID JONES, PASS. AGENT,**  
In charge of Immigration,  
BIRMINGHAM, ALA.

### Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic Railway

#### THE MARQUETTE ROUTE.

## TIME TABLE.

IN EFFECT DECEMBER 15, 1895.

---Trains Leave Marquette---

For Duluth and the west daily	12:05 a.m.
For Montreal and the east daily, ex. Sunday	3:15 a.m.
For Houghton, copper country and Ewen daily, ex. Sunday	9:10 a.m.
For Detroit and the east daily	1:30 p.m.
For Houghton, the copper country and Chicago via Champion and the C. M. & St. P. R. R. daily	3:15 p.m.
For Republic, intermediate stations and Chicago via Neegaunee and the C. M. & St. P. R. R. daily	5:30 p.m.
TRAINS ARRIVING MARQUETTE WHICH DO NOT RUN EAST.	
From Chicago and Milwaukee via Republic and Neegaunee daily	11:30 a.m.
From Ewen, Houghton and the copper country daily, ex. Sunday	6:35 p.m.

For tickets, time tables and other information apply to

**J. H. O'MEARA,**  
Ticket Agent,  
Marquette, Mich.

# Ishpeming and Vicinity.

### ORGANIZING ON THE MESABA.

Mine Workers' Union has Already Secured a Foothold on That Range.

Robert Askew, president and organizer of the Mine Workers' Protective union is meeting with good success on the Mesaba range, as will be observed from the following, which appeared in last Friday's issue of the Virginian:

Robert Askew, who is president of the Northern Mine Workers' Protective union, was in the city yesterday and made this office a friendly call. During the short time Mr. Askew has been on the range he has succeeded in organizing two branches of the organization he represents, one in this city and the other in Eveleth. Both start out with a membership of over 100.

At the meeting held last Sunday in Eveleth at the Finnish Temperance hall a large number of the laboring men turned out; in fact the hall was not large enough to accommodate all and many had to tuck away. Mr. Askew talked to his audience for some time and in a manner which they certainly approved of; after his address it was but the work of a few moments to organize, with over 100 names on the list.

Mr. Askew brings out many good points and there is no reason why he cannot make an excellent showing on this range. It is the intention of the union to use all honorable means to maintain peace between themselves and their employers, adjusting all differences, as far as possible, by arbitration and conciliation, that strikes may be a thing of the past. This will be hailed with delight, as strikes do a community no good. Among the many objects of the union are the following:

To keep wages up to the standard necessary for so dangerous a calling; to compel the use of the safest appliances in the mines; to have working places rendered free from water and impure air; to establish an eight-hour work-day; to demand a bi-weekly pay-day; to secure the passage of an employers' liability bill; to choose their own physician, although continuing the scheme of paying \$1 a month per miner for medical services; to obtain the establishment of a state mine inspectorship, with an inspector for each county.

Another good feature which the union has adopted is the clause in its constitution which compels each miner to give his children a common school education. In the state of Michigan they are compelled to remain in school until the age of 14.

Mr. Askew left yesterday for Hibbing, where he will organize a branch, and from there he goes to Biwabik, Tower and Ely, and to his home to be in attendance at the union convention to be held there April 6.

### SPIRITED GAME OF POLO.

In Which the Ishpeming Team Secured the Victory.

Although the polo game between the Ishpeming and Marquette teams, played Saturday evening at the Baneroff rink, was entirely one-sided some good work was done by the players of both teams and the contest was interesting throughout. The Ishpeming team out-played the visitors at every point and won the game by a score of 5 to 0. The local team made three goals in the first half and two in the last. The first goal was made in three minutes; the second in ten minutes; the third in four minutes; the fourth in five minutes and the fifth in eleven minutes.

The Ishpeming players all did well, but the work of Jerry Harrington and "Sib" Larson was especially good. Price, of the Marquette team, fell and received a slight injury early in the game, so that he had to quit the field and take the goal. He did wonderful work in the latter position but his playing was contrary to the rules of the game. It was difficult to tell whether he was playing baseball or polo, as he stopped the greater part of the balls directed toward the cage with his hands. The Ishpeming goal tend also ignored the rules in this respect and was on his knees the greater part of the time.

The attendance was reasonably large, there being almost 250 persons present. About twenty came up from Marquette to witness the game.

**Will Meet Tonight.**

The several ward committees and also the city committee appointed recently at the meeting of the laboring men to canvass the situation with reference to the municipal election will meet tonight to consider the selection of candidates for the different city and ward offices. The result of the meeting will be made known at the general session to be held tomorrow evening. There are eleven aldermen to be elected this year. Those remaining over are N. J. Robbins, of the First ward; J. C. W. Chipman, Second ward; John S. Olson, Third ward; J. Hendrickson, Fifth ward; E. A. Doty, Sixth ward; George R. Persons, Seventh ward; George Haslam, Eighth ward; John Nolan, Ninth ward, and J. Storey of the Tenth. The Fourth is the only ward where there are two aldermen to be elected.

**Will Have Good Music.**

The Twin City orchestra will furnish music at the opera house this evening, when Professor McEwen, the world renowned mpid reader and mesmerist, will open his weeks engagement here.

Mr. McEwen will be greeted by a large audience as a number of reserved seat tickets have already been disposed of. Ladies will be admitted free this evening. Reserved seats can be procured at Sinclair's drug store.

**Held a Public Meeting.**

A society known as the Young Men's Band of Willing Workers of the Division street Method at church held a public meeting at the church yesterday afternoon. An interesting program, made up of vocal selections by members of the organization, and a sermon by Rev. S. G. Anderson, pastor of Calvary Baptist church, was rendered. The attendance was large and the meeting was a profitable one.

### PROTECTION FROM THE GRIP.

pneumonia, diphtheria, fever and epidemics is given by Hood's Sarsaparilla. It makes **PURE BLOOD.**

**Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder**  
World's Fair Highest Medal and Diploma.

### DR. PRICE'S CREAM BAKING POWDER.

World's Fair Highest Medal and Diploma.

**Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder**  
Awarded Gold Medal Midwinter Fair, San Francisco.

### RIVER TRAFFIC IN OLD TIMES.

Steamboat Captain Laments the Decline of the Floating Palace.

"It looks something like it used to look, but it isn't the old public landing, nor a fact," was the remark of an old steamboat man, who years ago was a clerk on an Ohio river steamboat. But for many years Capt. Davidson had been on the upper Mississippi, and his recollections had a mournful tinge. "Why, I remember when the steamboats were two and three deep to wait a day or two for room to unload. And it was a common case for a boat to bring in 500 passengers, and on the levee trucks were thicker than street cars on Fountain square. I reckon the railroads have played the mischief with boating interests here just as they have done everywhere.

"And look up there at the Spencer house. Why, that was a fashionable hotel before the war, and prices were four and five dollars a day. I put up there when I came to this town on my wedding trip on the old Seloto. Why, they had dances there that all the best people attended, and a good many of them didn't get invited either. Now look at the house. Why, you couldn't rent a room for one dollar a week, I reckon, and might be mighty sorry afterward that you paid that much. And right over the street stands a part of the old Broadway hotel. It was older than the Spencer house, and old Capt. Cromwell knew how to keep a hotel. He was one of the old-time gentlemen, always anxious to see his guests have a good time. And now half the hotel is gone to make room for the bridge; and the other half is not a reminder of what that house was like in its best days. Why, my father told me that he was in Cincinnati at one time when Henry Clay spoke from a balcony of a hotel, and thought Cincinnati was only a small city then. Broadway was crowded from the landing to Columbia street.

"All the old stores are gone, too, and the old merchants, too. There was a big iron store run by the Shoeburgers, of Pittsburgh, and Traber & Aubrey had a big grocery right next to them. And the big boat stores were thick all along the river front, and they did a big business, for it took lots of supplies to run boats that were carrying hundreds of passengers. But times have changed, and it looks kind of quiet-like around here now."—Cincinnati Tribune.

### FASHIONS IN PATENT MEDICINES.

A Druggist Tells of Some of the Tricks of the Trade.

"A new patent medicine," said a druggist, "like a new paper, is hard to get on the market, and the tricks resorted to by the promoters would fill a volume. As a general thing it does not pay us to handle a new article, no matter how favorable the inducements offered, for there are already enough in the market with a certain sale to stock, the average drug store.

"There is a druggist in Newark who makes a specialty of patent medicines. He claims to keep in stock everything that is put up, and his cellar contains \$3,000 worth of stuff much of which will never be called for by his customers. Still, on account of the immense profits he finds it pays, and many other druggists would follow him if they had the capital and room to spare.

"At present the craze runs to proprietary medicines. These differ from patent medicines, as they profess to be a specific for one certain disease, and have the formula on the wrapper.

"The owners of these proprietary medicines look to the medical profession for customers. As soon as a new one is brought out sample bottles are sent to even the most obscure doctors, and a glib talker goes around to expatiate upon its virtues. I fancy money often talks in this business quite as effectively as the agent, and many patients have been recommended by their physicians which never has been put to the test. By this method of introduction many medicines get to have a profitable sale that are little known and the names of which are never seen upon the roofs or along the highways.

"As for the tricks resorted to to induce a druggist to lay in a stock of a new preparation, the one most generally employed is to have agents in the guise of customers visit the drug stores. These agents, who are of both sexes, pretend to be surprised when you haven't what they ask for in stock. Sometimes a dozen of them will visit you in the course of a single day, and the unsuspecting druggist is apt to think that he is not up to date and will lay in a lot of unsalable stuff. I have been caught that way myself, and now I never fill an order for a new preparation unless I am sure it is for a legitimate customer."—N. Y. World.

### Curious Fact About the Eye.

A very curious fact is the impossibility of moving your eye while examining the reflection of that organ in a mirror. It is really the most movable part of the face; yet, if you hold your head fixed and try to move your eye while watching it you cannot do it—even the 1,000th of an inch.

Of course, if you look at the reflection of the nose, or any other part of your face, your eye must move to see it. But the strange thing is that the moment you endeavor to perceive the motion the eye is fixed. This is one of the reasons why a person's expression as seen by himself in a glass is quite different from what it is when seen by others.—N. Y. Herald.

### Misplaced Sympathy.

Citizen—Why are you in this condition?

Tramp—It is not long to tell, sir. I can't live with my wife.

Citizen (filled with sympathy, because he had just had a quarrel with his own)—Poor man! I deeply feel for you. Here's a quarter. Tell me why you can't live with your wife.

"Because she won't support me. Tell me!"—N. Y. Weekly.

### "HELP!"

A WOMAN'S DESPAIRING CRY. It is Heard, A Prominent Actress Escapes Great Danger.

(SPECIAL TO OUR LADY READERS.)

How startling is a woman's cry for help!

"What can I do? Where shall I go?" She cries every day from some town, city, town, and hamlet in this country.

It comes from women who are suffering tortures of body and mind from some form of female complaint. Many, through natural modesty, do not consult physicians, for many dread their examinations. They know not where to seek for help.

This alarming condition of things is peculiarly wrong. The plain ailments of women are curable, and in most cases very speedily. Lydia E. Pinkham's gentle and liberal remedy has a sure and consistent means of relief.

No woman should suffer when she can obtain free advice. She can state her case fully to Mrs. Pinkham, woman to woman, without reserve, and the answer will come from one of her own sex. Be one of the vast army of women who write to Mrs. Pinkham, at Lynn, Mass., and preserve your health. "Only a woman can understand a woman's ills." A prominent actress, in a letter to Mrs. Pinkham, says:—

"... You cannot imagine the fearful condition I was in when I first wrote to you. I was simply of no use to myself or any one else. I had worked hard, and my nervous system was shattered from overwork and traveling. I was unable to do anything, and I was in a state of despair. I had tried every remedy, but nothing would do me any good. I followed your advice faithfully in everything. Thank you ten thousand times for what your knowledge and Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound have done for me."



### Boston's Big Fire.

Destruction a Blessing in Disguise, But Hard to Realize.

Twenty-three years have passed since "the great Boston fire," which occurred on Saturday, November 9, 1872. Who can forget the amazement and the dismay which seized upon all classes of Bostonians when street after street of stores and warehouses, whose granite substantiality of appearance was looked upon as an emblem of incomcombustibility, melted like butter before the advancing flames; when the stone which has been called the "child of the fire" crumbled before its sire?

Who can forget the feeling of discouragement, of despair, which for the moment took possession of the people when this sudden disaster not only of their property, but of the faith which had hitherto been their dependence and their glory?

But the surprise was only momentary. Our people were quick to see the force of the costly demonstration, and their despair was but a passing emotion. The city lost no time in vain regrets, but it pulled itself together with true New England energy, and, while thankful for proffered aid, it insisted upon working out its own regeneration. It was a dreary winter that followed the fire, and although the work of rebuilding began immediately, it was a long time that Boston's mercantile center lay a desert waste of ashes.

It has acknowledged a "conflagration section" ever since, but from these ashes of 23 years ago there has arisen a handsomer, a more artistic and imposing city; one which furnishes accommodations which its predecessors never could have supplied. From the present point of view it was a blessing rather than a disaster, materially speaking, that the old structures were swept away to give place to buildings that the changed conditions of things rendered necessary.—Boston Transcript.

### USE IT IN TIME.

Catarh starts in the nasal passages, affecting eyes, ears and throat, and is in fact, the great enemy of the mucous membrane. Neglected colds in the head almost invariably precede catarh, causing an excessive flow of mucus, and if the mucus discharge becomes interrupted the disagreeable results of catarh will follow, head and about the eyes, a ringing and buzzing sound in the ears and oftentimes a very offensive discharge. Ely's Cream Balm is the acknowledged cure for these troubles.

### HAMPTON & CO.

Wish to call the attention of the public to their stock of dry goods, which cannot be beat. Also their stock of hard and soft coal, which is dry, clean, and of the best quality. Our warehouses are well stocked with flour, hay, grain and feed, which we are selling at bottom prices. If you are in need of anything in the way of lime, cements or plaster paris you will find our stock fresh and of the best brands. We do not want the earth, but would like your trade.

(2-29-96)

### Detroit City Glass Works.

LOUIS BLITZ & CO., Proprietors. Manufacturers and Importers of Window and Polished Plate Glass, Art Glass and Mirrors. Established 1875. Factories at Delray. Estimates and Designs cheerfully furnished.



HELP! DESPAIRING CRY. A Prominent Actress Great Danger.

OUR LADY READERS: Is a woman's cry for help?



I do? Where shall I go? I know not. This today from every...

...of her own sex. Be it of women who write at Lynn, Mass., and...

...not imagine the fear in when I first wrote...

...I had worked hard, and my nervous system was shattered...

...I follow your advice cheerfully. Thank you for what you know of...

...I ever tried...

...aked Beans...

...o Sauce? GREAT.

...Turkeys, quality of meats at low prices.

...Olives at twenty per quart.

...goods "at cost" customer calls "we sell high grade goods...

...BOR.

...AL!

...Pickands prepared for the best...

...Hard and at lowest price.

...THE PEARLESS...

...THE PEARLESS...

...Glass Works, Proprietors, and Importers of Sheet Plate Glass, and Mirrors.

...Factories at Delroy, cheerfully furnished.



You Needn't Look immediately for the damage that dangerous washing compounds do. It's there, and it's going on all the time...

Beware Peddlers and some unscrupulous grocers will tell you, "this is as good as" or "the same as Pearlina."

THE: Trout Creek Lumber Co., TROUT CREEK, MICH., Manufacturers of:

LUMBER, LATH and SHINGLE. A specialty made of:

Short Length, Quarter Sawed Bevel Siding or Clapboards. This siding has the commendation of all users.

IT DOES NOT WARP AND IS CHEAPER than ordinary bevel siding, and is just what a farmer or mechanic requires for an economical building.

Military Road Lands Belonging to the Estate of James C. Ayer 174,000 Acres for Sale or Lease

Open for Options to Explorers for Mines. Liberal terms to responsible parties. 200,000,000 Feet of Pine

Tributary to the Ontonagon and Sturgeon River and the D., S. S. & A. Milwaukee & Northern Railroads.

Hemlock, Cedar, Poplar, Hard and Soft Wood for Charcoal and Woodwork. Agricultural Lands equal to the best in the Northwest.

NEW YORK OFFICE—F. F. AYER, Mills Bldg. LOWELL OFFICE—JACOB ROGERS, Savings Bank Bldg., Shattuck St. For further particulars apply to W. W. MANNING, Agent, Marquette

Munising R'y Time Table No. 2. Trains will run as follows, subject to change without notice, to take effect March 9th, 1896.

Table with 4 columns: No., Leave, Arrive, and Time. Lists train schedules for Munising Junction.

Mineral Range R. R. Hancock & Calumet R. R. Change of time in effect SUNDAY, DECEMBER 29, 1895.

Table with 4 columns: Lv, Ar, Time, and Station. Lists train schedules for Hancock and Calumet R.R.

Manistique Railway. Grand Marais, Seney, Germfask. Trains will run as follows. Subject to change without notice, to take effect May 9, 1895.

Table with 4 columns: Mile, Time, Stations, and Mile. Lists train schedules for Manistique Railway.

CONNECTIONS. Connections made at Seney with Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic trains for Marquette, Houghton, Duluth, Chicago and all points west and north-west.

W. GREEN, Asst. Supt. JOHNS MILLEN, Gen. Supt. F. J. CHISHOLM, Gen. P. & F. Agent.

In and About Negaunee.

ENTERTAINED THE CONVICTS. A Negaunee Church Choir Pays a Visit to the Branch State Prison.

The members of the Methodist church choir of Negaunee drove to Marquette Friday and spent the afternoon at the branch state prison. They were taken in hand by Warden Van Evera and shown through the prison, after which they gave an entertainment in the chapel.

LOCAL LACONICS. John G. Whitney, the Veteran shoe man, called on his Negaunee patrons Saturday.

ENGLISH CORMORANTS. Birds with Regular Habits and Laws Relating to Strangers.

Cormorant colonies are scarce on our eastern and southeastern coast. They need high and inaccessible cliffs in which to nest and roost together.

SHERMAN'S LITTLE TRAMP. How the Figure Came to be Placed Upon the Statue of the General.

The design for the Sherman statue submitted by J. Massey Rhind, of New York, is very ornate. Besides having several groups of warlike and allegorical figures, about the pedestal, it has quite an inclosure on one side.

MINING. The members of the choir desire THE MINING JOURNAL to express their appreciation of Mr. Van Evera's kindness and to say that a more pleasant time than they had at the prison and at the home of the warden they could not desire.

DITCHED TWO CARS. A Northwest train Did It Saturday Morning. A refrigerator and a box car were derailed and the latter was overturned on the South Shore siding near the Negaunee green house by the fast freight train on the Chicago & Northwestern line Saturday morning about 6 o'clock.

It Was a Treat. The illustrated lecture on "The Emerald Isle" given by J. E. Riley at McDonald's Opera House Friday evening was the best attraction of the course of entertainments given here this winter.

After the Boys. Marshal Rough paid a visit to the several departments of the public schools Friday last and talked to the boys about the practice of snowballing on the streets.

HOOD'S PILLS are purely vegetable and do not purge, pain or gripe. All druggists, 25c.

RHEUMATISM CURED IN A DAY. "Mystic Cure" for Rheumatism and Neuralgia radically cures in 1 to 3 days. Its action upon the system is remarkable and mysterious.

A Mitigating Circumstance. "Miss Jennie, I love you." "Leave the house. You told my sister that yesterday."

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder World's Fair Highest Award.

HOUSEHOLD BREVITIES. —Ginger Cakes—Mix one cupful each of molasses and brown sugar, half a cupful of lard, three cupfuls of flour, a teaspoonful of ginger and three eggs.

—Damp spoils the tone of a piano and turns the keys yellow sooner than anything else. Therefore it should always be kept shut up on damp days and at night.

—Beef Patty.—Remove the tender fiber from lean beefsteak by scraping it with a dull knife. Press the fiber closely into a thin flat cake and broil it on a toasting fork.

—Grape Sauce.—This is a nice sauce for any dark pudding with fruit or spice in it. One cup of grape juice, one cup of boiling water, a teaspoonful of butter, boil and thicken a little with cornstarch and half a cup of sugar wet with water.—Farm and Home.

—Orange Sauce.—Squeeze a cupful of juice from well flavored sour oranges. Heat a pint of water and when boiling, thicken with a table-spoonful of cornstarch. Add the orange juice, strain and sweeten to taste with sugar that has been flavored by rubbing over the yellow rind of an orange until mixed with the oil of the rind.—Good Health.

—A cement for mending broken glass or china is made by dissolving half an ounce of gum arabic in a wineglassful of boiling water and adding enough plaster of paris to make a thick paste.

—If the article to be mended is broken in several pieces, do not attempt to cement a second piece before the first has thoroughly hardened.

—The business of the day is as carefully regulated as their times of departure and return. The roosting places on the "Main Beach" cliff at Bembridge is invisible from the crest above, for at that point the brow of the cliff overhangs the face.

—No strange cormorant is allowed to sit on these buoys. If one should appear, the local bird rises from the deeps, flying low and straight, charges the intruder and hurls him into the sea.

—Among the anchored sea marks are one or two "caged buoys," inside which hangs a bell. At times a cormorant squeezes through the bars, which are set so as to make it possible to enter from without, but difficult to emerge.

—An ingenious Bembridge fisherman recently undertook to release one of these caged cormorants. He opened the cage and approached to catch the bird. The cormorant's beak cuts like a pair of shears, and his aim was as swift and unerring as that with which he seizes the fish below water.

—The town of Deseronto, in Canada, where there are several large lumber mills, is partially lighted by gas made from sawdust. The sawdust is charged in retorts which are heated by a wood fire, the gas from the retorts passing into a series of coils and thence into the purifiers, which are similar to those used for coal gas.

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